

AA4000 AIR-ASSISTED AIRLESS SPRAY GUN

MAX FLUID 4000 PSI/275 BAR MAX AIR 100 PSI/7 BAR WARNING

SKIN INJECTION & FIRE EXPLOSION HAZARD. READ MANUAL.

BINKS

AA 4006

HVLP

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The following instructions provide the necessary information for the proper operation and preventive maintenance of the Binks AA4000 Air-Assisted Airless Spray Gun. Please read and understand all information in this document in order to get the maximum performance from your new AA4000 spray gun.

In the AA4000 spray gun, the paint or other material to be sprayed is preatomized and forced through the carbide tip by the typical 1,500-3,800 psi fluid pressure (with capabilities up to 4,000 psi/275 bar). As a result of the preatomizing, the final shaping air supplied by the air cap produces an exceptionally fine and even spray pattern. The result of this spray pattern is an even finish that lends itself to products that need an exceptionally fine finish with reduced overspray and VOC emissions.

SPECIFICATIONS:

Maximum Fluid Pressure:	4000 psi/275 bar
Maximum	
Air Pressure:	100 psi/6.8 bar
Gun Body:	Forged Aluminum
Fluid Path:	Stainless Steel
Fluid	
Shut Off Type:	Tungsten Carbide Seat standard (UHMW Seat optional)
Fluid Inlet Size:	1/4" NPS(m) Thread
Air Inlet Size:	1/8" NPT(m) x 1/4" NPS(m)
	D.M. Nipple
Gun Weight:	16-oz.

Product shown is covered by U.S. patent No. 6,276,616. Foreign patents are issued or pending.

Replaces	Part
Part Sheet	Sheet
77-2776R-8	77-2776R-9



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FLAMMABLE, EXPLOSIVE AND TOXIC VAPORS



HIGH PRESSURE SPRAY AND HOSE LEAKS

HIGH PRESSURE CAN CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY IF EQUIPMENT IS INSTALLED OR USED INCOR-RECTLY-

READ, UNDERSTAND, AND OBSERVE ALL WARNINGS AND INSTRUCTIONS IN THIS MANUAL.

OPERATE EQUIPMENT ONLY AFTER ALL INSTRUCTIONS ARE CLEARLY UNDERSTOOD.

In this part sheet, the words **WARNING**, **CAUTION** and **NOTE** are used to emphasize important safety information as follows:

WARNING

Hazards or unsafe practices which could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

A CAUTION

Hazards or unsafe practices which could result in minor personal injury, product or property damage.

NOTE

Important installation, operation or maintenance information.

• Use the equipment only for its intended purpose. If you are unsure about its

Do not alter or modify this equipment. Use only genuine Binks parts.
 Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the lowest rated system component. THE MAXIMUM RATING OF THE AA4000 IS 4000 PSI (275 BAR)

Route all hoses away from all sharp edges, moving parts, hot surfaces and

· Use only Binks approved hoses. Do not remove spring guards from hoses,

these are on the hoses to prevent rupture from kinking at the connectors. • Use only solvents compatible with hoses and wetted parts of the equipment

Comply with all applicable local state and national fire, electrical, and other

Improper grounding, poor air ventilation, open flames, or sparks can cause a

· Provide fresh air ventilation to avoid the build up of flammable fumes from

• The A-weighted sound level of spray guns may exceed 85 dB(A) depending on the setup being used. It is recommended that ear protection is worn at all

hazardous condition and result in fire or explosion and cause serious injury.

FLUID PRESSURE. DO NOT EXCEED THE FLUID PRESSURE RATING.

purpose call your local Binks distributor.

• Do not use hoses to pull the equipment.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

• Ground the equipment and object being sprayed.

Extinguish all open flames or pilot lights in spray area.

• Electrically disconnect all equipment in the spray area.

 Keep the spray area free from all debris, including solvent rags. • If there is any static sparking while using the equipment, STOP SPRAYING

the material being sprayed or from solvent.

IMMEDIATELY. Identify and correct problem.

high traffic areas.

safety regulations.

NOISE LEVELS

times when spraying.

used.

INJECTION HAZARD

Spray from the gun, hose leaks, or ruptured components can inject fluid into your body and cause extremely serious injury, including poisoning or the need for amputation. Splashing fluid in eyes or on skin can also cause a serious injury.

- Fluid injected into the skin might look like just a cut, but is a serious injury and should be treated as such. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. INFORM THE PHYSICIAN WHAT TYPE OF MATERIAL WAS INJECTED.
- Do not point the spray gun at anyone or any part of the body.
- Do not put fingers or hand over the spray tip.
- Do not stop or detect fluid leaks with a rag, hand, body or glove.
 Do not use a rag to blow back fluid. THIS IS NOT AN AIR SPRAY GUN.
- Engage the gun safety when not spraying.
 ALWAYS RELIEVE THE PRESSURE WHENEVER WORKING ON THE SPRAY GUN.
- Tighten all fluid connections before operating equipment.
- Check all hoses, tubes, and couplings daily. Replace all worn, damaged, or loose parts immediately.

Hazardous fluids or toxic fumes can cause serious injury or death if splashed on skin or in the eyes, swallowed or inhaled.

TOXIC FLUID HAZARD

- Know the specific hazards of the fluid you are using. This information is on the MSDS for the material being used. Read all fluid manufacturer's warnings
- Store hazardous fluids in approved containers only. Dispose of all hazardous fluids in accordance with all state, local and national guidelines
- Wear the appropriate protective clothing, gloves, eyewear and respirator.

Equipment misuse can cause the equipment to fail, malfunction, or start unexpectedly and result in serious injury.

EQUIPMENT MISUSE HAZARD

- This equipment is for professional use only.
- Read and understand all instructional manuals, tags, and labels before operating equipment.

The Spray Gun models listed in the following declaration of conformity may be used in some potentially explosive atmospheres ONLY when the special conditions for safe installation and operation have been followed as expressed in this user manual (Part Sheet). These models are approved to ATEX regulations 94/9/EC, protection level: II 2 G X: Suitable for use in Zones 1 and 2.

EC Declaration	of Conformity			
Manuf. By:	Industrial Finishing 195 Internationale Blvd. Glendale Heights, IL 60139	CE	(EX)	
Type/Series:	pe/Series: Manifold Mounted Automatic Spray Guns			
Model: AA1500,	AA4000			
The equipment to	which this document relates is in conformance with the following standards or other norm	native ref	erences:	
	:2003 and BS EN 1953:1999 and thereby conform to the protection requirements of Counci to Machinery Safety Directive, and;	l Directive	3	
	Council Directive 94/9/EC relating to Equipment and Protective Systems for use in Potentia tection level II 2 G X.	lly Explo	sive	
Approved By:	La Malla Date: <u>11/19/07</u> Jack McCulloch, Industrial Finishing			

SPRAY GUN SET-UP

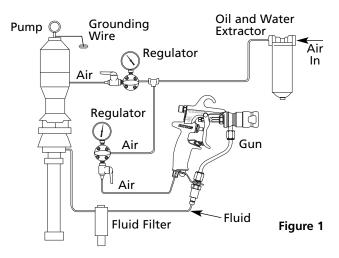
1. Connect your high-pressure airless fluid hose to the gun fluid inlet and tighten securely.

RINK5

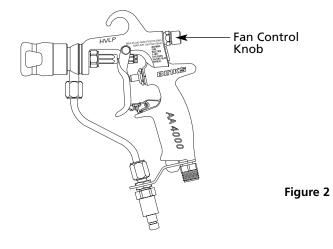
- Connect your air hose to the gun air connection and tighten securely.
- 3. Set the fluid pressure at the gun's lower end of the pressure range. A typical starting fluid pressure is 1600 psi. Actual starting pressure points may be higher or lower than 1600 psi and depend on the setup—including the type of pump used, the type of material sprayed, and the spray gun itself.
- 4. Using the control knob on the gun air regulator, set the air pressure at zero.
- 5. To test the spraying pattern, spray a piece of wood or cardboard with a fast pass about one foot away from the piece. The results of the test will allow you to determine the uniformity of the particle size and spraying pattern.
- 6. If the spraying pattern develops tails or is not uniform, gradually increase the air pressure as necessary to develop a uniform spraying pattern. Typically, 10 psi air pressure is adequate, since the air is used to shape the patterns rather than for atomization of the coating.
- 7. If the quality of spray is acceptable, begin spraying. If the spraying rate is too slow to keep up with the production line speed, or if the quantity of material sprayed is inadequate for acceptable coverage, gradually increase the fluid pressure in 50 psi increments using the fluid regulator control knob. However, note that as the fluid pressure increases, more air is needed to eliminate the tails.

Consistency in spraying can be increased across spray gun operators and similar spraying jobs by developing pressure standardization charts. Repeat step 6 until the required material coverage and spraying speed are achieved. If the maximum fluid pressure is reached before the required material coverage and spraying speed are achieved, you may need to switch to a larger fluid tip.

TYPICAL HOOK-UP



Fan pattern adjustment: turn knob counterclockwise to increase pattern; clockwise to decrease pattern (Fig. 2).



FLUID TIP SELECTION

Factors to consider in selecting a fluid tip for an airassisted airless spray gun include (1) the size of the parts being sprayed; (2) the production line speed; (3) the material flow rate and film thickness; (4) the viscosity of the material applied; (5) the type of material applied; and (6) the quality of atomization of the coating required. The selection of a fluid tip necessary to perform a specific spraying job is best determined through a combination of experimentation and expert advice from your material and equipment suppliers.

FLUID HOSES

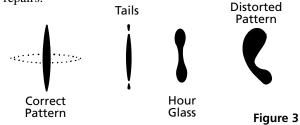
Air-assisted airless spray guns operate at fluid pressures higher than operating pressures of air spray guns. As a result, when operating an air-assisted airless spray gun, it is critical to select the appropriate fluid hose that is rated for the pressure range at which the airless gun is operated.

TROUBLESHOOTING DEFECTIVE SPRAY PATTERNS

The following procedure summarizes the steps that an operator must immediately take when the first signs of a defective spray pattern emerge.

- 1. Check the external portion of the fluid tip for material buildup. If buildup has occurred, secure the gun trigger safety switch and clean the gun fluid tip with a non-metal soft brush.
- 2. If the spray pattern exhibits signs of tails at the top or bottom ends of the pattern, increase the air pressure gradually until the tails disappear.
- 3. If increasing air pressure does not dissipate the tails, the fluid tip may be worn and may need to be replaced. Another sign of the need to replace a worn tip is a gradual decline in spraying pattern width.

- 4. If cleaning or replacing the fluid tip does not dissipate the tails; the spraying defect is most likely due to the material temperature and/or viscosity.
- 5. If pattern pulsation or blinking occurs, check the pressure regulators, all downstream regulators, and the pump. These may require further adjustment or even repairs.



PROBLEM	CAUSE	ACTION		
Fluid leaking from the back of seal cartridge assembly (8)	Worn seal or needle shaft.	Replace needle packing cartridge (8).		
Fluid leaking from the front of the gun	Needle ball worn or damaged.	Replace needle packing cartridge (8).		
-	Worn seat assembly.	Replace fluid seat (4).		
Fluid in air passages	Spray tip seal leaking.	Tighten retaining ring (1) Replace carbide tip assembly (3).		
	Leaking around fluid seat.	Tighten or replace fluid seat (4).		
Slow fluid shut off Fluid buildup on cartridge asse		Clean or replace cartridge assembly (8).		
No fluid output when triggered	Tip orifice plugged. Collet on needle has slipped.	Turn off fluid supply. Relieve pressure into a closed-grounded container.Engage trigger safety.Remove tip guard assembly (1) and air cap (2) and the carbide tip (3).Clean or replace carbide tip assembly (3).Turn off fluid supply. Relieve pressure into a closed-grounded container.Remove trigger (20). Remove needle packing cartridge (8). Loosen collet and move until the needle is flush with the rear of the collet.Tighten collet.		
	Fluid filter or fluid hose plugged.	Turn off fluid supply. Relieve pressure into a closed-grounded container. Turn off air supply to pump and relieve fluid pressure with bypass valve. Engage trigger safety. Very slowly loosen the hose connection at the gun to relieve any pressure in hose. Remove hose and clear obstruction.		

GENERAL TROUBLESHOOTING

IMPORTANT REGULATORY NOTE

The AA-4000 Air-Assisted H.V.L.P. hand spray gun combines the proven efficiency of the Binks compliant spray guns with air-assisted atomization to yield a reliable, carefully engineered compliant spray gun. With 25' of 5/16" I.D. air hose and regulator set at only 20 p.s.i. the compliant air cap registers 10 p.s.i. of atomization air to shape and soften the spray pattern. The AA-4000 air-assisted H.V.L.P. gun operates at high transfer efficiencies and fully complies with all government regulations for H.V.L.P. spray guns.

Max. Fluid Input: 4000 p.s.i. Max. static air pressure at regulator with 25' of hose to inlet: 20 p.s.i. Max. Dynamic Gun Inlet Air Pressure: 15 p.s.i. Gun Body: Forged Aluminum Alloy Fluid Path: Stainless Steel and Tungsten Carbide

PROBLEM	CAUSE	ACTION	
Fluttering Spray Pattern	Insufficient fluid supply.	Adjust fluid regulator or fill fluid supply tanks.	
	Air in paint supply line.	Check and tighten pump siphon hose connections, bleed air from paint line.	
	Attempting to "feather" (Partially trigger gun).	Cannot feather with an AA4000 gun.	
Striping Spray – Fingers	Carbide tip partially plugged.	Clean or replace carbide tip assembly.	
Irregular Pattern	Fluid builds up on carbide tip, or tip partially plugged.	Clean carbide tip.	
A LOUGH AND A	On defective side of pattern, air horn holes are plugged.	Clean air horn holes with solvent and a soft brush.	
Pattern pushed to one side, same side of air cap gets dirty	On defective side of pattern, air horn holes are plugged.	Clean air horn holes with solvent and a soft brush or toothpick.	
and the second second			

SPRAY PATTERN TROUBLESHOOTING

AIR-ASSISTED AIRLESS SPRAY GUN MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING

Maintenance of air-assisted airless spray guns includes (1) fluid tip wear and replacement; (2) lubrication; and (3) cleaning of the gun.

FLUID TIP

Operating an air-assisted airless spray gun with a worn fluid tip will result in increased usage of spraying material and therefore, HAP emissions. For example, an increase in the diameter of a tip from 0.015 inch to 0.021 inch due to wear can result in up to a 100 percent increase in material consumption and cost. To prevent waste in spraying material and non-value-adding costs, a maintenance schedule that includes fluid tip inspection and replacement must be established.

LUBRICATION

Proper lubrication is essential for optimum spray gun performance. Lubrication allows the equipment to operate easily and correctly. The spray gun should be lubricated after each cleaning. The points that need lubrication during the maintenance of air-assisted airless spray guns include (1) the fluid needle packing; (2) trigger pivot point. Gun lube is used to lubricate the fluid needle packing and trigger pivot point.

A CAUTION

Never immerse the entire gun in solvent or thinners. Some gun parts will lose their lubricative film and wear more quickly. Additionally, solvents may carry impurities throughout the gun body and allow them to clog small air and fluid passages.

CLEANING

The following steps summarize the procedure for cleaning air-assisted airless spray guns:

- 1. Turn off the atomizing air supply to the gun.
- 2. Turn off air supply to the pump and relieve fluid pressure. This may be accomplished by opening the bypass/priming valve, if so equipped.
- 3. Place the siphon (suction) tube into a solvent container. If pump is directly immersed in material, remove the pump and immerse it in a solvent container.

NOTE

Use only compatible solvents that are identified as approved for cleaning and wash-off use.

- 4. Place the gun trigger safety switch in the locked position.
- 5. Remove the fluid tip and place it in a closed solvent container.
- 6. Adjust the pump air supply regulator to its lowest level (counter-clockwise).
- 7. Place the gun trigger safety switch in the unlocked position.
- 8. Turn on the air supply to the pump and close the bypass/priming valve, if so equipped.
- 9. Slowly adjust the pump air supply regulator until the pump begins to cycle.
- 10. Trigger the gun into a closed container until the fluid runs clear. *(continued)*

Failure to reduce pump air supply pressure or to use a closed container can result in material "bounce-back". Material "bounce back" can cause injury and damage.

NOTE

During cleaning, the gun may only be sprayed into a closed container, never flush the gun into the air or spray booth.

CLEANING (Continued)

11. Using a rag dampened with solvent, wipe the exterior surface of the gun. Additionally, some solvents are prohibited from being used for cleaning. The operator must take care to use only approved cleaning solvents for equipment cleaning. These materials are clearly labeled as approved for cleaning and wash off operations. If the operator has any question on selecting appropriate cleaning solvents, the operator should consult a supervisor or plant environmental staff.

WIRE AND BALL ASSEMBLY AND SEAT REPLACEMENT

Refer to assembly drawing on page 7 to locate numbered items.

- 1. Engage the trigger safety.
- 2. Shut off fluid pump and disconnect its air or power supply.
- 3. Release pressure from the entire fluid system, from the pump to the spray gun.
- 4. Remove tip guard assembly (1), air cap (2) and spray tip (3). Remove trigger (20) by removing the trigger stud (13) and the trigger screw (12).
- 5. Remove the AA4000 needle packing cartridge (8).
- 6. Carefully install new AA4000 needle packing cartridge (8).
- 7. Remove fluid seat (4) and o-ring.
- 8. Install new fluid seat (4) and o-ring.
- 9. Reinstall trigger (20), trigger stud (13) and trigger screw (12).
- 10. Reinstall air cap (2), spray tip (3) and tip guard assembly (1).

AIR VALVE REPLACEMENT

- 1. Engage the trigger safety.
- 2. Shut off fluid pump and disconnect its air or power supply.
- 3. Release pressure from the entire fluid system, from the pump to the spray gun.
- 4. Remove trigger (20) by removing the trigger stud (13) and the trigger screw (12).
- 5. Remove air valve assembly (21).
- 6. Replace air valve assembly (21).
- 7. Reinstall trigger (20), trigger stud (13) and trigger screw (12).

PARTS LIST

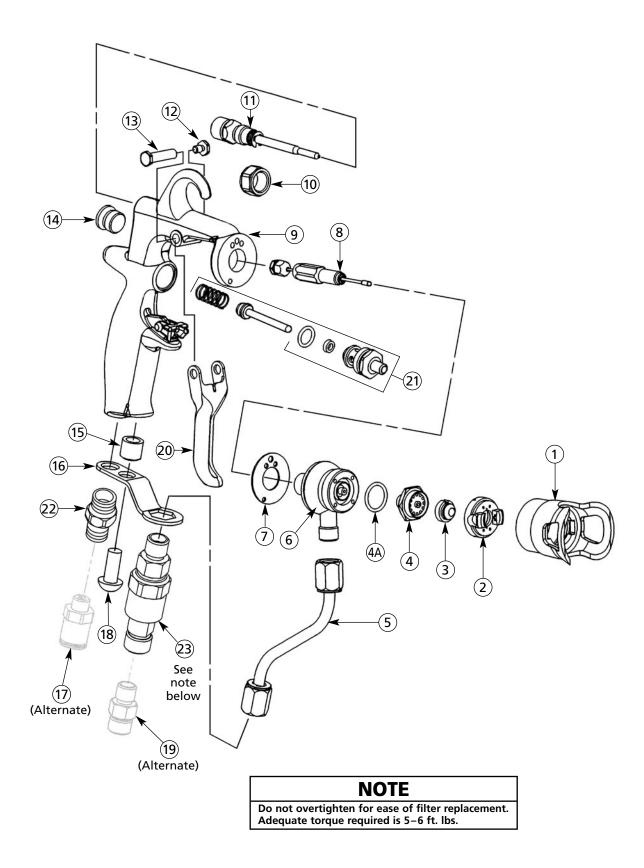
When ordering, please specify Part No.

(Not all part numbers are available for purchasing.)

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	54-4983	TIP GUARD ASSEMBLY	. 1	13	54-4938	TRIGGER STUD	. 1
2	54-4978♦	AA4 AIR CAP (Standard)	1	14		FLAT PLUG (Not Sold Separately)	
	54-4980	AA2 AIR CAP (Optional)	1	15	54-4947	FLUID TUBE BRACKET SPACER	. 1
3	113-0XXXX	CARBIDE TIP ASSEMBLY	1	16	54-4943	FLUID TUBE BRACKET	. 1
4	54-4960*	(See Tip Selection Chart, pg. 8) FLUID SEAT (Tungsten Carbide		17	54-4975▲	PUSH IN TUBE FITTING 1/8" NPT(m) x 3/8" O.D.	. 1
4.4	20 0027-	Standard or UHMW Optional, 54-492		18	20-6718	BUTTON HEAD CAP SCREW	. 1
4A	20-6037	O-RING		19	54-4944●	FLUID INLET FITTING	. 1
5	54-4906	FLUID TUBE ASSEMBLY		20	54-4937	TRIGGER	. 1
6	54-4986	GUN HEAD		21	54-4909*	AIR VALVE ASSEMBLY	. 1
7 8	54-4923* 54-4963*	FRONT HEAD GASKET NEEDLE PACKING CARTRIDGE		22	71-28	D.M. NIPPLE 1/8" NPT(m) x 1/4" NPS(m)	. 1
9	_	(4,000 PSI Maximum) GUN BODY (Not Sold Separately)		23	54-4725	FILTER ASSEMBLY (100 Mesh)	. 1
10 11 12	54-4925 54-4977 54-4939	FLUID INLET NUT FAN CONTROL ASSEMBLY TRIGGER SCREW	. 1	* Availa ∎ Also a	ble as part of Re available: 20-603	0-K10 (Kit of 10 O-rings for AA-4 Air Cap epair Kit 54-4993. 7-K10 (Kit of 10 O-rings). pe Fitting (17) is included in gun package.).

• Alternate Fluid Inlet Fitting (19)—order separately.

AA4000 AIR-ASSISTED AIRLESS SPRAY GUN



SPRAY TIP SELECTION CHARTS

HOW TO ORDER THE AA 4000 AIR- ASSISTED AIRLESS SPRAY GUN		PART NO.	SIZE	FAN WIDTH	PART NO.	SIZE	FAN WIDTH	
4000-0000-4 (Standard AA4 A (Optional AA2 A			113-01110 113-01112 113-01114	.011 .011 .011	8"-10" 10"-12" 12"-14"	113-01806 113-01808	.018 .018	4"-6" 6"-8"
(Optional AA2 Air Cap order separately) Spray Tip must be ordered separately. Use this chart to determine orifice size and fan size required*. *Note: Listed Fan Widths based on 1000 PSI with water. Actual results may vary, depending on material viscosity.		113-01304 113-01306 113-01308 113-01310 113-01310 113-01314 113-01316	.013 .013 .013 .013 .013 .013 .013 .013	2"-4" 4"-6" 6"-8" 8"-10" 10"-12" 12"-14" 14"-16"	113-01906 113-01908 113-01910 113-01912 113-01914 113-01916 113-01918	.019 .019 .019 .019 .019 .019 .019	4"-6" 6"-8" 8"-10" 10"-12" 12"-14" 14"-16" 16"-18"	
PART NO. 113-00702 113-00704 113-00706	SIZE .007 .007 .007	FAN WIDTH 1"-2" 2"-4" 4"-6"	113-01506 113-01508 113-01508 113-01510 113-01512 113-01514	.015 .015 .015 .015 .015 .015	4"-6" 6"-8" 8"-10" 10"-12" 12"-14"	113-02110 113-02112 113-02114 113-02116 113-02118	.021 .021 .021 .021 .021 .021	8"-10" 10"-12" 12"-14" 14"-16" 16"-18"
113-00708 113-00902 113-00904 113-00906 113-00908	.007 .009 .009 .009 .009	6"-8" 1"-2" 2"-4" 4"-6" 6"-8"	113-01516 113-01518 113-01706 113-01708 113-01708 113-01710	.015 .015 .017 .017 .017 .017	14"-16" 16"-18" 4"-6" 6"-8" 8"-10"	113-02410 113-02412 113-02414 113-02416 113-02418	.024 .024 .024 .024 .024	8"-10" 10"-12" 12"-14" 14"-16" 16"-18"
113-00910 113-00912 113-01104 113-01106 113-01108	.009 .009 .011 .011 .011	8"-10" 10"-12" 2"-4" 4"-6" 6"-8"	113-01710 113-01712 113-01714 113-01716 113-01718	.017 .017 .017 .017 .017	8 -10" 10"-12" 12"-14" 14"-16" 16"-18"	113-02710 113-02712 113-02714 113-02716 113-02718	.027 .027 .027 .027 .027 .027	8"-10" 10"-12" 12"-14" 14"-16" 16"-18"

FLUID SEAT APPLICATION CHART

APPLICATION CHART

Carbide (Standard)54-4960 UHMW (Optional)54-4926

ACCESSORIES

HOSES	
71-4990	15' Polyurethane Air Tubing ASM w/fittings, 3/8" O.D., 1/4" I.D.
71-4991	25' Polyurethane Air Tubing ASM w/fittings, 3/8" O.D., 1/4" I.D.
71-8087	15' 3/16" High Pressure Fluid Hose Assembly
71-8088	25' 3/16" High Pressure Fluid Hose Assembly
FITTINGS	
54-4975	1/8" NPT Male x 3/8" O.D. Push-In Tube Fitting (optional)
54-4976	1/4" NPT Female x 3/8" O.D. Push-In Tube Fitting (optional)
FLUID FIL	TERS
103-1241 54-3655 54-5010 54-4725	100 Mesh Inline Filter, 4000 PSI working pressure 100 Mesh (Element) Gun Mounted Filter, 5800 PSI w.p. 100 Mesh (Screen) Gun Mounted Filter, 4000 PSI w.p. 100 Mesh (Element) Gun Mounted Filter, 4000 PSI w.p.
REPLACE	MENT FILTERS
54-1835 54-5012-K10	Replacement filters for 54-3655 and 54-4725 D Replacement filter for 54-5010

Industrial Finishing

Binks has authorized distributors throughout the world. For technical assistance or the distributor nearest you, see listing below.

U.S./Canada Technical Service Office:

195 Internationale Blvd., Glendale Heights, IL 60139 Toll-Free Telephone: 1-888-992-4657 (U.S.A. and Canada only) Toll-Free Fax: 1-888-246-5732



AIR CAP APPLICATION CHART

APPLICATION CHART

AA2 (Optional)	54-4980	Thin to Medium Materials
AA4 (Standard)	54-4978	Medium to Hvy. Materials

ACCESSORIES (Cont.)

FLUID REGULATORS

845011	Less Gauge, 1000 to 3000 PSI regulated range
845013	Less Gauge, 2000 to 5000 PSI regulated range

CLEANING KIT

54-4994 Cleaning Kit: Includes one standard stiff nylon pipe cleaning brush, full-size nylon brush, tip cleaner and Binks *Gunners Mate* lubricant.

REPAIR KIT

54-4993 Replacement Parts Kit Items (Includes Items 4, 4A, 7, 8, 10 and 21)

TEST GAUGES

54-4997H.V.L.P. Test Gauge AA254-5022H.V.L.P. Test Gauge AA4

Binks Worldwide Sales and Service Listing: www.binks.com

WARRANTY

This product is covered by Binks' 1 Year Limited Warranty.

77-2776R-9 Revisions: (P2) Replaced warnings.