



### **E.Z.N.A.<sup>®</sup> M13 DNA Mini Kit**

D6900-00	5 preps
D6900-01	50 preps

### **EZ-96 M13 DNA Kit**

D1900-00	2 preps
D1900-01	6 preps

**June 2013**

*For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic testing.*

# **E.Z.N.A.® M13 DNA Mini Kit**

## **E-Z 96 M13 DNA Kit**

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# Introduction and Overview

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## Introduction

The E.Z.N.A.® family of products is an innovative system that radically simplifies the extraction and purification of nucleic acids from a variety of sources. The key to this system is Omega Bio-tek's HiBind® matrix that specifically, but reversibly, binds DNA or RNA under optimal conditions, while allowing proteins and other contaminants to be removed. The nucleic acids bound to the HiBind® matrix are easily eluted with deionized water or a low salt buffer. DNA and RNA are suitable for many downstream applications.

Omega Bio-tek's E.Z.N.A.® M13 DNA Kits are designed to purify up to 10 µg of single-stranded DNA from up to 3 mL of phage supernatant. Yields of single-stranded DNA obtained using E.Z.N.A.® M13 DNA Kits are around 3-10 µg and reproducible when the isolations are performed from the same culture.

## Overview

The E.Z.N.A.® M13 DNA Kit isolation procedures first call for the infected bacterial culture to be centrifuged to pellet the bacterial cells. MPG buffer is added to the supernatant to precipitate the phage particles. The samples are loaded on HiBind® M13 DNA Mini Columns or on to E-Z 96 DNA Plates. The specially designed HiBind® matrix will retain intact phage particles. These phage particles are lysed and bound to the HiBind® matrix after the addition of MPX Buffer. Contaminants such as protein are efficiently washed away with SPW Wash Buffer and pure ssDNA is eluted with Elution Buffer.

**New in this Edition:** This manual has been edited for content and redesigned to enhance user readability.

## Kit Contents

Product	D6900-00	D6900-01
Purifications	5 preps	50 preps
HiBind® M13 DNA Mini Column	5	50
2 mL Collection Tubes	5	50
MPG Buffer	2 mL	20 mL
MPX Buffer	8 mL	80 mL
SPW Wash Buffer	5 mL	20 mL
Elution Buffer	3 mL	10 mL
User Manual	✓	✓

Product	D1900-00	D1900-01
Purifications	1 x 96 preps	4 x 96 preps
E-Z 96 DNA Plate	1	4
Caps for Racked Microtubes	12 x 8	48 x 8
96-well Racked Microtubes (1.2 mL)	1	4
96-well Square-well Plates (2.2 mL)	1	4
MPG Buffer	40 mL	180 mL
MPX Buffer	200 mL	900 mL
SPW Wash Buffer	50 mL	200 mL
Elution Buffer	20 mL	80 mL
User Manual	✓	✓

## Storage and Stability

All E.Z.N.A.® or E-Z 96 M13 DNA Kit components are guaranteed for at least 12 months from the date of purchase when stored at room temperature.

## Preparing Reagents

1. Dilute SPW Wash Buffer with 100% ethanol as follows and store at room temperature.

Kit	100% Ethanol to be Added
D6900-00	20 mL
D6900-01	80 mL

Kit	100% Ethanol to be Added
D1900-00	200 mL
D1900-01	800 mL

# E.Z.N.A.<sup>®</sup> M13 Mini Protocol

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## E.Z.N.A.<sup>®</sup> M13 Miniprep Kit Protocol

### Materials and Equipment to be Supplied by User:

- 100% Ethanol
- Microcentrifuge capable of at least 12,000 x *g*
- Water bath or incubator capable of 65°C
- Nuclease-free 1.5 mL or 2.0 mL microcentrifuge tubes

### Before Starting:

- Prepare SPW Wash Buffer according to the instructions on Page 4.
- Heat the Elution Buffer to 65°C.

1. Prepare a 4 mL culture of infected M13.
2. Incubate at 37°C for 6-7 hours with vigorous shaking.
3. Centrifuge at 5,000 rpm for 15 minutes at room temperature.
4. Transfer 1.4 mL of the supernatant obtained containing the M13 bacteriophage, into a fresh reaction tube.

**Note:** Be careful not to disturb the bacterial pellet during the transfer. If the supernatant is not clear, repeat the centrifugation step.

5. Add 280 µL MPG Buffer to the M13 supernatant and mix by vortexing.
6. Let sit at room temperature for 10-15 minutes.
7. Add 700 µL sample to a HiBind<sup>®</sup> M13 DNA Mini Column inserted into a 2 mL Collection Tube.

## E.Z.N.A.<sup>®</sup> M13 Mini Protocol

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8. Centrifuge at 10,000 rpm for 30 seconds. Discard the filtrate and reuse the collection tube.
9. Repeat Steps 7 and 8 until all of the sample has been passed through the HiBind<sup>®</sup> M13 DNA Mini Column.
10. Add 700  $\mu$ L MPX Buffer.
11. Centrifuge for 30 seconds at 10,000 rpm.
12. Discard the filtrate and reuse the collection tube.
13. Add 700 $\mu$ L MPX Buffer.
14. Let sit for 1 minute at room temperature.
15. Centrifuge at 10,000 rpm for 30 seconds.
16. Discard the filtrate and reuse the collection tube.
17. Add 700  $\mu$ L SPW Wash Buffer.  
**Note:** SPW Wash Buffer must be diluted with ethanol before use. Please see Page 4 for instructions.
18. Centrifuge at 10,000 rpm for 30 seconds.
19. Discard the filtrate and reuse the Collection Tube.
20. Repeat Steps 17-19 for a second SPW Wash Buffer wash step.
21. Centrifuge the empty column at maximum speed for 1 minute.

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22. Insert the HiBind<sup>®</sup> M13 DNA Mini Column into a clean 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube (not provided).
  
23. Add 50-100  $\mu$ L Elution Buffer heated to 65°C.  
  
**Note:** Make sure to add Elution Buffer directly onto the HiBind<sup>®</sup> M13 DNA Mini Column matrix.
  
24. Let sit at room temperature for 10 minutes.
  
25. Centrifuge at maximum speed for 1 minute.
  
26. Store eluted DNA at -20°C.



# E-Z 96<sup>®</sup> DNA Kit Protocols

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## E-Z 96<sup>®</sup> M13 DNA Kit Protocol - Spin Protocol

### Materials and Equipment to be Supplied by User:

- 100% Ethanol
- Centrifuge capable of at least 3,000 x *g*
- Centrifuge adaptor for 96-well plates
- Water bath or incubator capable of 65°C
- Sealing film

### Before Starting:

- Prepare SPW Wash Buffer according to the instructions on Page 4.
- Heat the Elution Buffer to 65°C.

1. Prepare an infected M13 culture grown in a 2.2 mL 96-well culture plate (not supplied).
2. Centrifuge at 5,000 rpm for 15 minutes at room temperature.
3. Transfer 1-2 mL supernatant to a 2 mL Collection Plate.

**Note:** Be careful not to disturb the bacterial pellet during the transfer. If the supernatant is not clear, repeat the centrifugation step.

4. Add 1/5 volume MPG Buffer (200  $\mu$ L MPG per 1 mL culture) to the M13 supernatant. Vortex to mix thoroughly.
5. Let sit for 15 minutes at room temperature.
6. Place the E-Z 96 DNA Plate on top of a 96-well Square-well Plate (2.2 mL).
7. Transfer 1 mL supernatant to the E-Z 96 DNA Plate.

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8. Centrifuge at 3,000 x *g* for 5 minutes.
9. Discard the filtrate and reuse the 96-well Square-well Plate.
10. Repeat Steps 7-9 until all of the cleared supernatant has been transfer to the E-Z 96 DNA Plate.
11. Add 1 mL MPX Buffer.
12. Centrifuge at 3,000 x *g* for 5 minutes.
13. Discard the filtrate and reuse the 96-well Square-well Plate.
14. Add 1 mL MPX Buffer.
15. Let sit for 1 minute at room temperature.
16. Centrifuge at 3,000 x *g* for 5 minutes.
17. Discard the filtrate and reuse the 96-well Square-well Plate.
18. Place the E-Z 96 DNA Plate on top of the 96-well Square-well Plate.
19. Add 1 mL SPW Wash Buffer.  
  
**Note:** SPW Wash Buffer must be diluted with ethanol before use. Please see Page 4 for instructions.
20. Centrifuge at 3,000 x *g* for 15 minutes.
21. Discard the filtrate and reuse the 96-well Square-well Plate.

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**Optional:** Place the E-Z 96 DNA Plate into a vacuum oven preset at 65°C and incubate for 10 minutes to completely dry the plate.

22. Place the E-Z 96 DNA Plate on top of a set of 96-well Racked Microtubes (1.2 mL).

23. Add 75-150 µL Elution Buffer heated to 65°C.

**Note:** Make sure to add the Elution Buffer directly onto the E-Z 96 DNA Plate matrix.

24. Let sit for 10 minutes at room temperature.

25. Centrifuge at 3,000 x g for 5 minutes.

26. Discard the E-Z 96 DNA Plate.

27. Seal the 96-well Racked Microtubes with the Caps for Racked Microtubes.

28. Store eluted DNA at -20°C.

# E-Z 96<sup>®</sup> DNA Kit Protocols

## E-Z 96<sup>®</sup> M13 DNA Kit Protocol - Vacuum Protocol

### Materials and Equipment to be Supplied by User:

- 100% Ethanol
- Vacuum manifold for 96-well plates (Cat# VAC-03)
- Vacuum source capable of generating a vacuum pressure of -900 mbar
- Centrifuge with rotor for 96-well plates capable of at least 3,000 x *g*
- Water bath or incubator capable of 65°C
- 96-well culture plates
- Sealing film
- Optional: Vacuum oven

### Before Starting:

- Prepare SPW Wash Buffer according to the instructions on Page 4.
- Heat the Elution Buffer to 65°C.

1. Prepare an infected M13 culture grown in a 2.2 mL 96-well culture plate (not supplied).
2. Centrifuge at 5,000 rpm for 15 minutes at room temperature.
3. Transfer 1-2 mL supernatant to a 2 mL Collection Plate.

**Note:** Be careful not to disturb the bacterial pellet during the transfer. If the supernatant is not clear, repeat the centrifugation step.

4. Add 1/5 volume MPG Buffer (200  $\mu$ L MPG per 1 mL culture) to the M13 supernatant. Vortex to mix thoroughly.
5. Let sit for 15 minutes at room temperature.
6. Assemble the vacuum manifold according to the manufacturer's instructions.

**Note:** If using the VAC-03 vacuum manifold, place the waste collection tray inside the manifold and place the E-Z 96 DNA Plate on top of the manifold.

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7. Transfer 1 mL cleared supernatant to the E-Z 96 DNA Plate. Seal the unused wells with sealing film (not provided).
8. Apply the vacuum until all the cleared supernatant pass through the well membranes.
9. Turn off the vacuum source and vent the manifold.
10. Repeat Steps 7-9 until all of the cleared supernatant has been transfer to the E-Z 96 DNA Plate.
11. Add 1 mL MPX Buffer.
12. Immediately apply the vacuum until all the buffer passes through the well membranes.
13. Turn off the vacuum source and vent the manifold.
14. Add 1 mL MPX Buffer.
15. Let sit for 2 minutes at room temperature.
16. Apply the vacuum until all the buffer passes through the well membranes.
17. Turn off the vacuum source and vent the manifold.
18. Add 1 mL SPW Wash Buffer.  
  
**Note:** SPW Wash Buffer must be diluted with ethanol before use. Please see Page 4 for instructions.
19. Apply the vacuum until all the buffer passes through the well membranes.

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20. Turn off the vacuum source and vent the manifold.
  21. Repeat Steps 18-20 for a second SPW Wash Buffer wash step.
  22. Remove the E-Z 96 DNA Plate from the vacuum manifold.
  23. Strike the bottom of the E-Z 96 DNA Plate on a stack of paper towels. Repeat a few times until there is no liquid released onto the paper towels.
  24. Place the E-Z 96 DNA Plate back to the top plate of the manifold.
  25. Apply the vacuum for 5 minutes.
  26. Turn off the vacuum source and vent the manifold.
  27. Remove the E-Z 96 DNA Plate from the vacuum manifold.
  28. Strike the bottom of the E-Z 96 DNA Plate on a stack of paper towels. Repeat a few times until there is no liquid released onto the paper towels.
- Optional:** Place the E-Z 96 DNA Plate into a vacuum oven preset at 65°C and incubate for 10 minutes to completely dry the plate.

29. Replace the waste collection tray with a set of 96-well Racked Microtubes (1.2 mL).
30. Reassemble the manifold with the E-Z 96 DNA Plate on top of the manifold.
31. Add 75-150  $\mu$ L Elution Buffer heated to 65°C.

**Note:** Make sure to add the Elution Buffer directly onto the E-Z 96 DNA Plate matrix.

32. Let sit for 10 minutes at room temperature.

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33. Apply the vacuum for 5 minutes.
34. Turn off the vacuum and vent the manifold.
35. Disassemble the vacuum manifold.
36. Seal the 96-well Racked Microtubes with the Caps for Racked Microtubes.
37. Store eluted DNA at -20°C.

## Troubleshooting Guide

Please use this guide to troubleshoot any problems that may arise. For further assistance, please contact the technical support staff, toll free, at **1-800-832-8896**.

Problem	Cause	Solution
Low DNA yields	Incorrect host stain.	Make sure that host strain carries the F'-episome, which is essential for M13 infection.
	Bacterial culture overgrown or not fresh.	Do not incubate cultures for more than 8 hr at 37°C.
	Lower pH on the elution buffer.	Make sure the pH of the elution solution is between 7.5-8.0.
	Elution buffer did not cover the membrane completely.	Make sure that elution buffer is dispensed directly onto the center of the membrane.
	Column clogged.	Use less than 3 mL M13 phage supernatant per column. Avoid the bacterial pellet during transfer.
Problem	Cause	Solution
No DNA eluted	SPW Wash Buffer not diluted with ethanol.	Prepare SPW Wash Buffer as instructed on Page 4.
High-molecular weight DNA contamination of product	Carryover of the bacterial cell during transfer.	Make sure not to carry any bacteria during the transfer of the supernatant. An extra centrifugation step may be necessary.
Optical densities do not agree with DNA yield on agarose gel	Trace contaminants eluted from column increase A260.	Make sure to wash column as instructed, and rely on agarose gel/ethidium bromide electrophoresis for quantitation.
DNA floats out of well while loading agarose gel	Ethanol not completely removed from column following wash steps.	Centrifuge column as instructed in Step 19 to dry.



## Ordering Information

The following components are available for purchase separately.  
(Call Toll Free at 1-800-832-8896)

Product	Part Number
DNase/RNase-free Microcentrifuge Tubes, 1.5 mL, 500/pk, 10 pk/cs	SSI-1210-00
DNase/RNase-free Microcentrifuge Tubes, 2.0 mL, 500/pk, 10 pk/cs	SSI-1310-00
E-Z 96 Vacuum Manifold	VAC-03
SPW Wash Buffer, 25 mL	PDR045
Elution Buffer, 100 mL	PDR048

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PCR is a patented process of Hoffman-La Roche. Use of the PCR process requires a license.