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[54] **SYSTEM AND A METHOD FOR OBTAINING A MASK PROGRAMMABLE DEVICE USING A LOGIC DESCRIPTION AND A FIELD PROGRAMMABLE DEVICE IMPLEMENTING THE LOGIC DESCRIPTION**

[75] Inventors: **Michel J. Campmas**, Palo Alto;
William A. Johnston, San Jose;
Gai-Bing Chen, Cupertino, all of Calif.

[73] Assignee: **Matra Hachette SA**, Paris, France

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[51] Int. Cl.⁶ **G06F 15/60**

[52] U.S. Cl. **395/701; 395/500; 395/185.06; 395/183.13**

[58] Field of Search **395/500, 600, 395/700; 364/578, 488, 451, 452**

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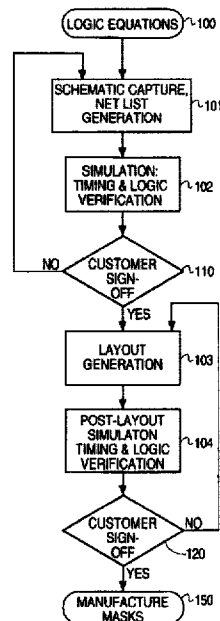
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Primary Examiner—Meng-Ai T. An
Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Skjerven, Morrill, MacPherson, Franklin & Friel; Edward C. Kwok

[57] ABSTRACT

In accordance with the present invention, a system and method for converting an implementation of a logic description describing a field programmable device into an implementation of the same logic in a factory-programmed device are provided. In one embodiment of the present invention, an expert system synthesizes a logic circuit model based on the logic description. An automatic test pattern generator provides test vectors including expected response signals for the logic circuit model generated by the expert system. The automatically generated test vectors are provided to a tester which applies the test vectors as input stimuli to the field programmable device. The output signals of the field programmable device are verified against the expected response signals. If the output signals of the field programmable device match the expected response signals, the computer model is considered correct, and mask layout may begin for the building a mask-programmable circuit which performs the functions described in the logic description.

8 Claims, 8 Drawing Sheets



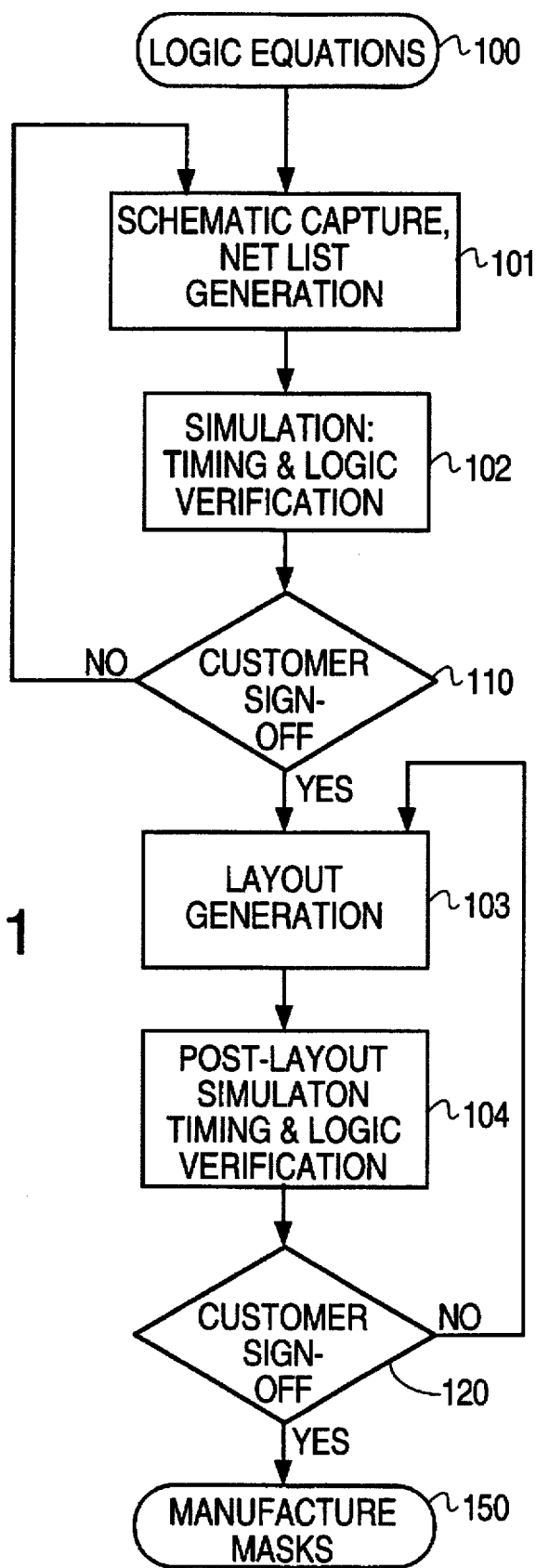


FIG. 1

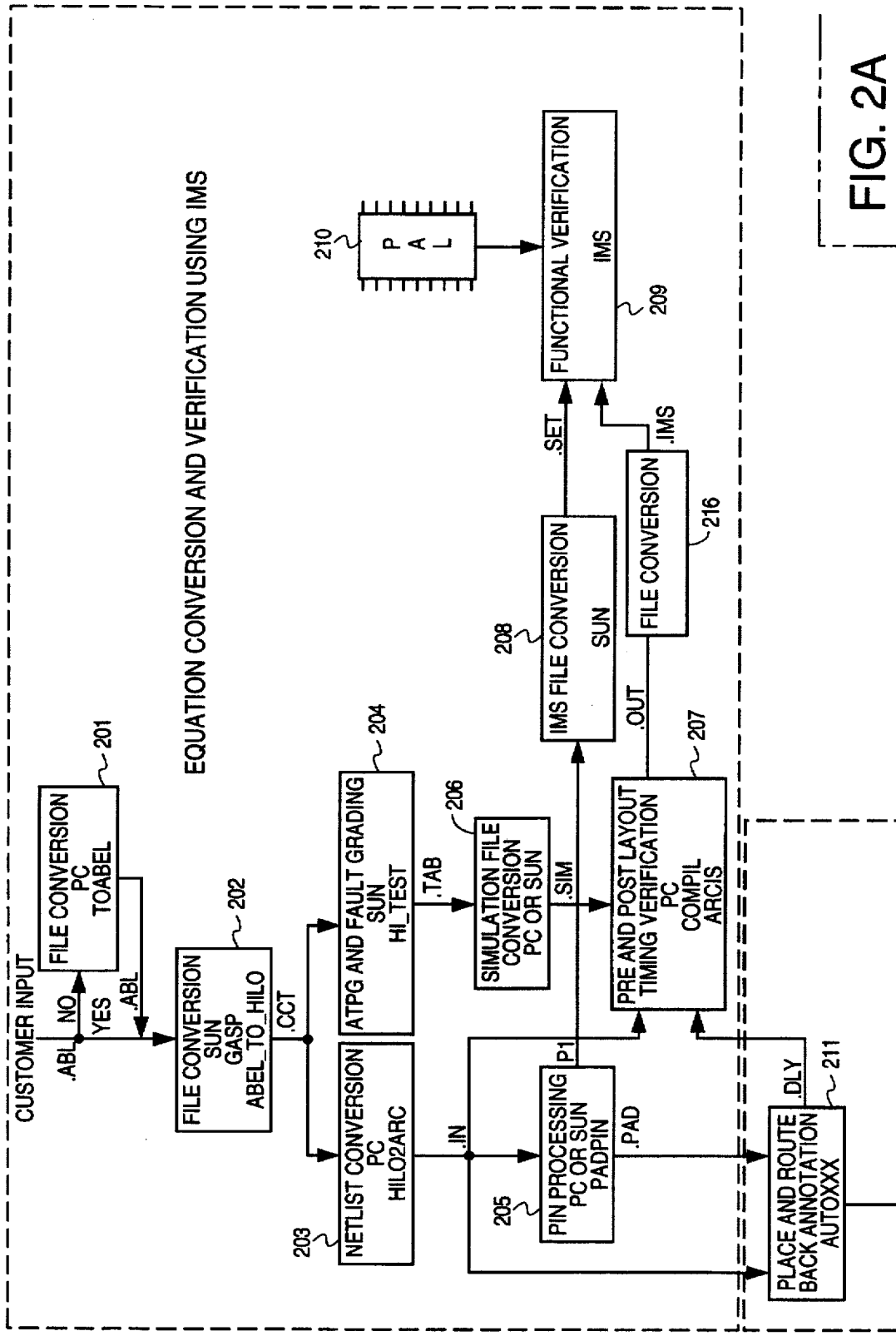


FIG. 2A



FIG. 2B

KEY TO
FIG. 2

FIG. 2A
FIG. 2B

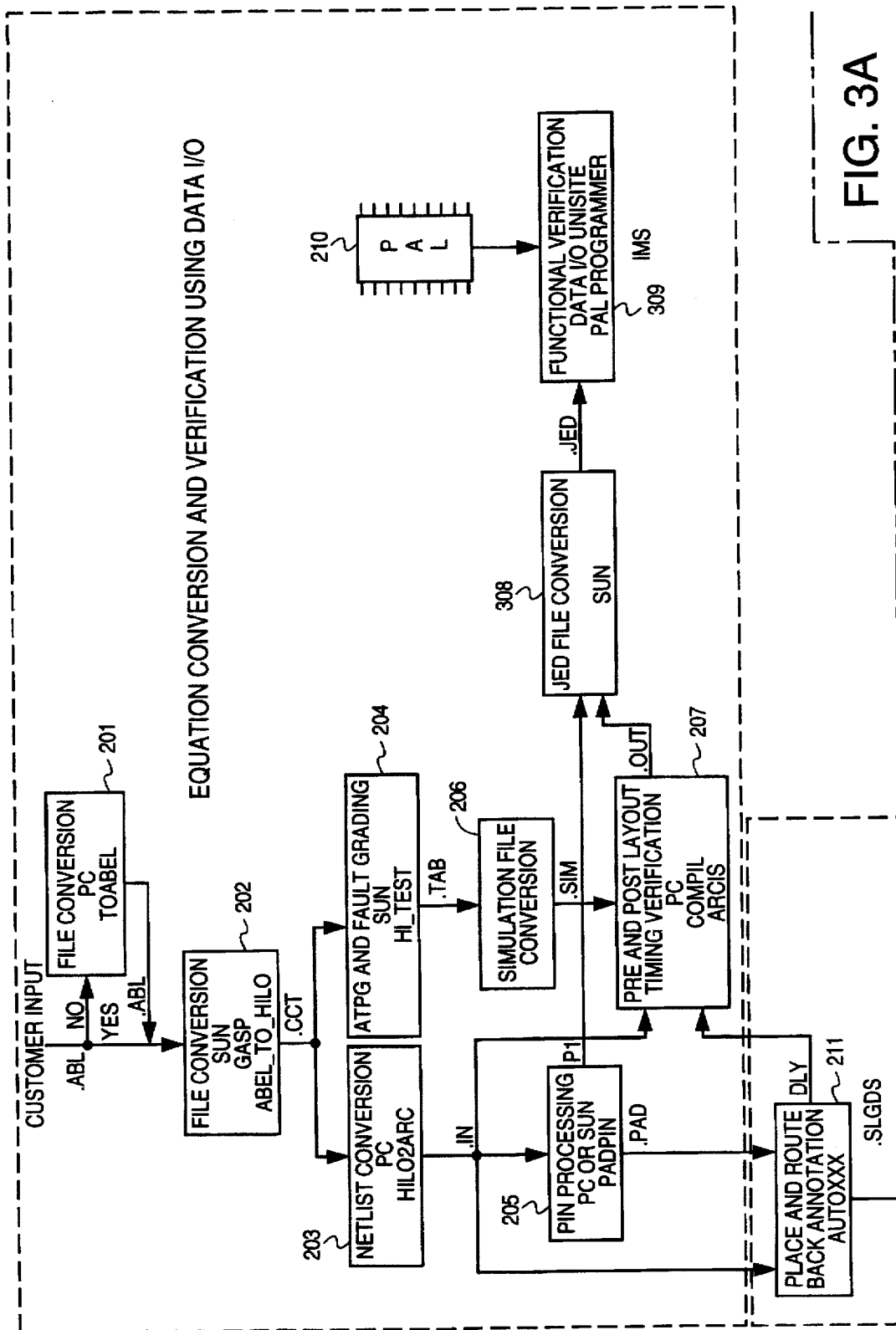


FIG. 3A

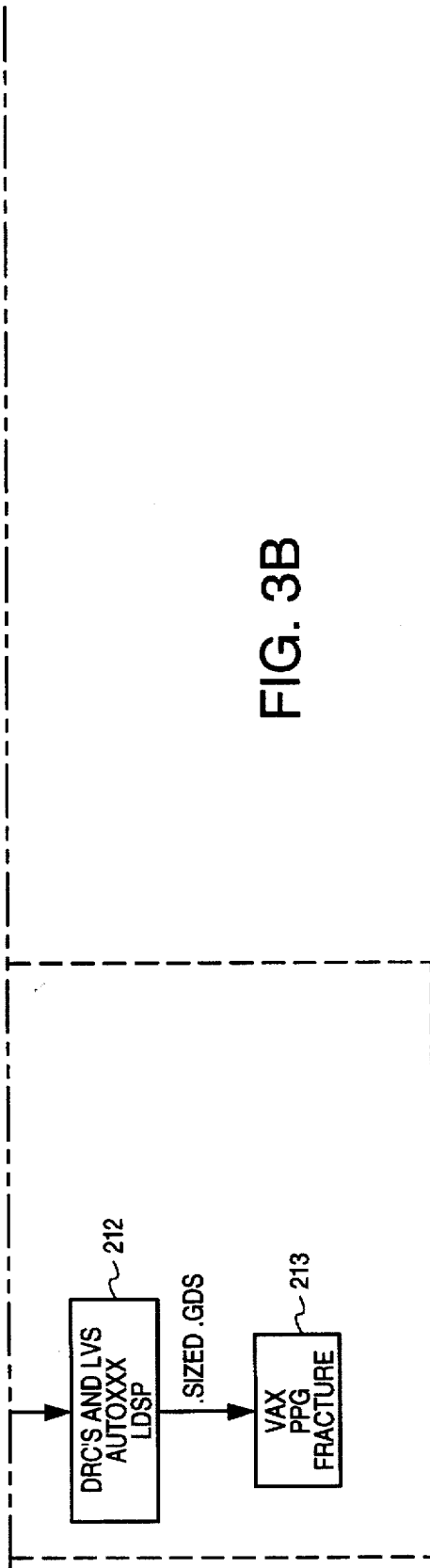


FIG. 3B

KEY TO
FIG. 3

FIG. 3A
FIG. 3B

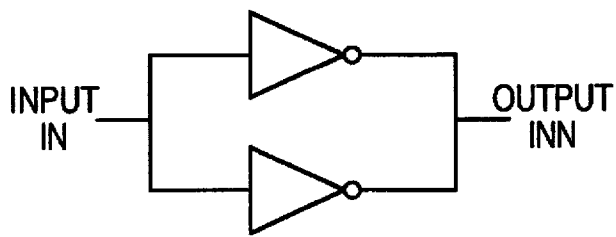


FIG. 4

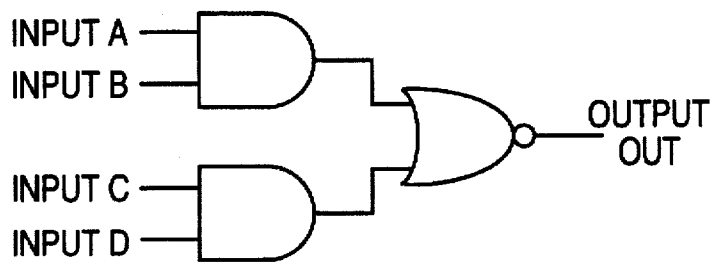


FIG. 5

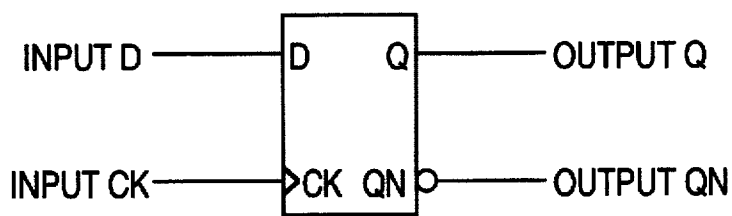


FIG. 6

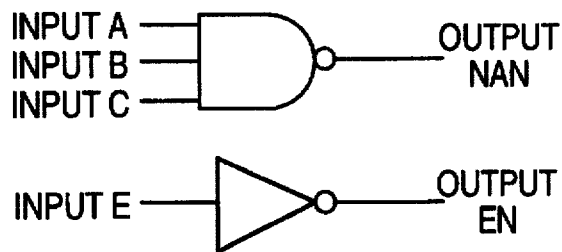


FIG. 7

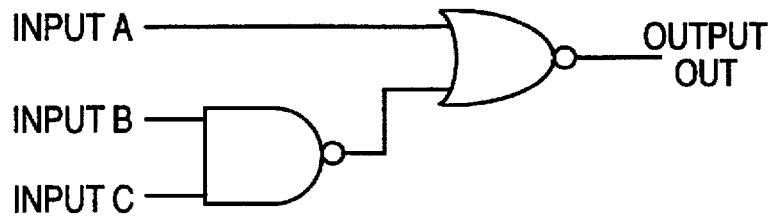


FIG. 8

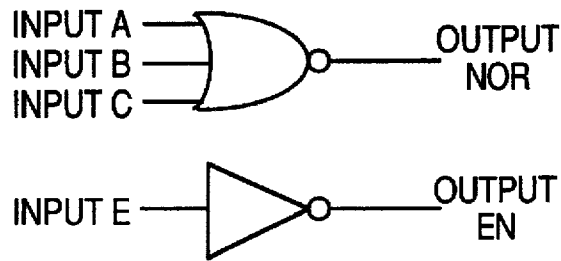


FIG. 9

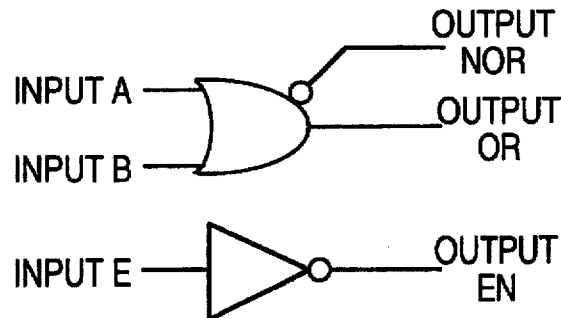


FIG. 10

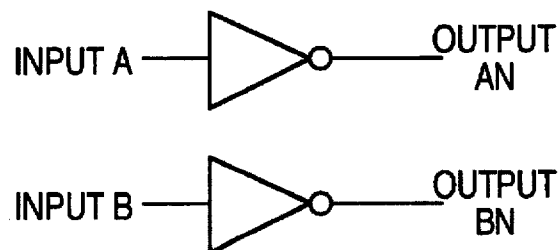


FIG. 11

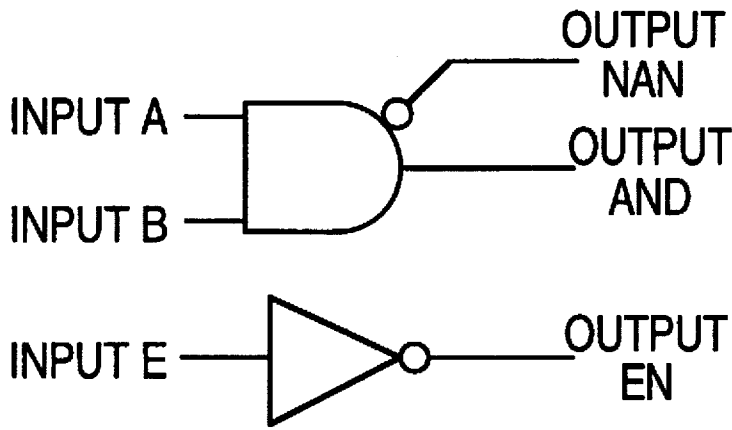


FIG. 12

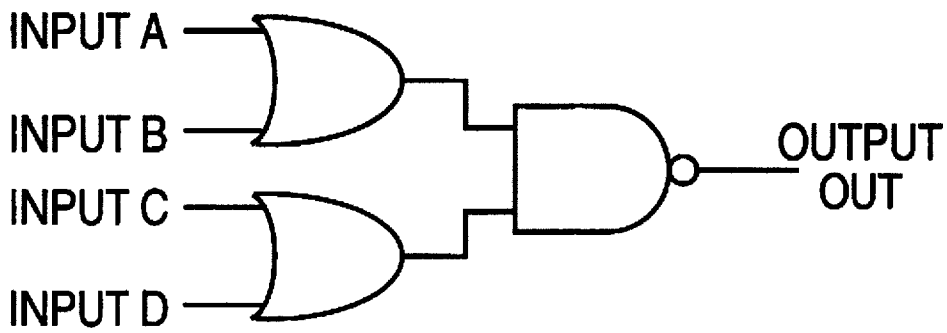


FIG. 13

**SYSTEM AND A METHOD FOR OBTAINING
A MASK PROGRAMMABLE DEVICE USING
A LOGIC DESCRIPTION AND A FIELD
PROGRAMMABLE DEVICE
IMPLEMENTING THE LOGIC
DESCRIPTION**

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to the field of integrated circuits. In particular, this invention relates to the field of programmable logic devices.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field programmable logic devices, also commonly known as programmable logic devices (PLDs), are programmable integrated circuits sold to the user unprogrammed. The user then programs the device to provide logic functions required by his/her application. Examples of PLDs are discussed in the "PAL Device Data Book," third edition (1988), published by Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. of Sunnyvale, Calif., incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. (PALs and FPLAs are types of PLDs.)

Because a PLD can be conveniently programmed using commercially available programming equipment, PLDs provide design flexibility and quick turn-around, which are important advantages for certain applications. For example, in the development of a product prototype, debugging in the field environment can be accomplished by simply replacing a faulty PLD by one implementing the correct logic. However, because each PLD must be individually programmed, PLDs are more expensive than factory-programmed devices, which are mask programmed in large batches during the fabrication process without additional cost. It is therefore cost effective, when a product is in high volume production, to replace a PLD with a pin-for-pin compatible factory-programmed device, after product development is stabilized.

A gate array circuit is a popular factory-programmed substitute for a PLD. A gate array circuit is typically programmed by providing during fabrication a customized pattern of interconnect metallization, to interconnect the underlying generic array of transistors. The pattern of interconnect metallization is provided using customized photo-masks. The gate array circuit emerging from the fabrication process implements application-specific logic functions. Presently, the conversion from a PLD circuit to a factory-programmed circuit involves close cooperation between the supplier of the factory-programmed circuit (hereinafter, the "ASIC vendor") and the user of the PLD (hereinafter, the "customer"). FIG. 1 shows the steps required to accomplish the conversion.

Referring to FIG. 1, the customer provides to the ASIC vendor at step 100 the logic description implemented in the PLD. As illustrated by step 101, this logic description is then translated into a schematic representation of a logic circuit. This step is often accomplished using a software schematic capture program. From this schematic representation, a netlist is generated for use with simulators and verifiers at step 102. These simulators and verifiers are software programs which simulate the operation of the circuit represented by the netlist to ensure that the intended logic functions are correctly provided. Often at this step, propagation delays exhibited by the logic circuit represented by the netlist are estimated to determine if timing performance targets are met.

The process of generating an acceptable schematic representation from logic descriptions as illustrated by the

model shown in FIG. 1, is not always straight forward. For example, it is common for a schematic representation to be corrected and resimulated multiple times before arriving at an acceptable final representation. At this point, as illustrated by decision point 110, the customer typically provides a "sign-off" to the ASIC vendor, indicating permission to go ahead to the next step 103, during which the layout of the customized mask is generated ("layout generation"). The customer bases his/her go-ahead decision upon careful perusal of the simulation and verification results.

Layout generation step 103 requires taking the netlist of the schematic representation to create patterns of geometric shapes on the customized "mask" layers. The customized masks created from these patterns are used in some of the photolithographic steps in the circuit fabrication process. These masks are generated according to the design rules of the ASIC vendor's fabrication process and circuit technology. The layout generation step 103 is also typically achieved using a variety of design software programs and databases. Some examples of these software programs and databases are place and route programs and "cell" (component) libraries.

The layout generated by step 103, is provided to a simulation and verification program at step 104 to ensure that logic functions and timing parameters are accurately preserved during the translation from the netlist representation to the layout representation. These simulation and verification programs may be the same as those used in step 102 discussed above. At this point, many parameters specific to the physical implementation of the circuit, such as timing, may be more accurately estimated. Once again, the layout generation process is not always straight forward. Several iterations of the layout generation and post-layout simulation and verification steps (103 and 104) are often necessary. After the customer is satisfied with the layout generated, another "sign-off" represented in FIG. 1 as decision step 120, is provided to the ASIC vendor to indicate permission to begin manufacturing the device. Again, the customer bases his/her decision upon careful perusal of the simulation and verification results.

The generated layout of step 104 is then used to build photolithographic masks, which are used to manufacture the gate array (step 106).

As can be readily seen, to achieve the conversion from a PLD implementation to a factory-programmed circuit implementation, expensive engineering time is often expended by the customer. Throughput time of the conversion process is also prolonged by the time necessary for the customer to verify that the simulation results are acceptable. Such engineering and verification costs add to the cost and time required to build the final device. Hence, it is highly desirable to have an automated mechanism by which the customer's involvement, i.e. expensive engineering time as well as simulation verification, is minimized if not eliminated.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In accordance with the present invention, a system and a method for converting a PLD device to a factory-programmed circuit are provided, wherein a logic description of a PLD is used to generate a netlist. This netlist, in turn, is used to generate a test program, including test vectors, for testing the PLD. The test program is then used to test a PLD provided by the customer, and if the PLD successfully passes the test, it is known that the netlist accurately describes the PLD. Thus, the netlist can be used

to construct masks, and it is not necessary to involve the customer in simulation verification.

The present invention is better understood in light of the following detailed description and accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 illustrates the steps necessary to achieve a conversion from a PLD device to a factory-programmed device in the prior art.

FIG. 2 is a block diagram showing a first embodiment of a system for converting a PLD device to a factory-programmed device in accordance with the present invention.

FIG. 3 is a block diagram showing a second embodiment of a system for converting a PLD device to a factory-programmed device in accordance with the present invention.

FIGS. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 schematically illustrate logic devices used in an example of a programmable logic device being converted to a mask-programmable device.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

In accordance with the present invention, a system and a method of designing a factory-programmed circuit to replace a PLD are provided, using the logic description of the PLD circuit and a functioning PLD device.

FIG. 2 is a block diagram of a first embodiment of the system in accordance with the present invention. In accordance with the present invention, the customer needs only provide the ASIC vendor with a logic description and a functioning PLD device in which the logic description is implemented. With substantially no further involvement by the customer, the ASIC vendor provides the customer a factory-programmed circuit suitable for mass production, and which is pin-for-pin compatible with the PLD device.

In the embodiment shown in FIG. 2, block nos. 201 to 208, 211 to 213 and 216 represent execution of programs on data input files (described below). These programs can be executed on an IBM Personal Computer or a machine compatible with an IBM Personal Computer (hereinafter, "IBM PC"), or a Sun Microsystems Model Sun-3 workstation (hereinafter, "Sun-3"). However, other computers or workstations may also be used.

As shown in FIG. 2, a method in accordance with our invention commences when the customer provides a logic description representing the logic functions implemented in a PLD. The logic description can be expressed in a logic equation description language such as ABEL. Details concerning ABEL can be found in "ABEL 3.0", published by Data I/O Corporation, Redmond, Wash., incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. In other embodiments, other logic description languages may be used. Also, in other embodiments, other methods are used to provide a logic description, such as truth tables, or schematic representations of logic circuits.

An example of an input file containing ABEL logic equations is included in Appendix A.1 attached hereto. These equations describe logic to be implemented in an AMD 22V10 logic array, available from Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. of Sunnyvale, Calif. However, in other embodiments, other logic equations are used, which describe PLDs other than the 22V10.

If the customer's logic description is not in the ABEL format, an optional conversion program can be provided, such as shown in block 201 of FIG. 2. For example, in one embodiment, a program TOABEL (represented by block 201) translates PALASM format equations obtained from a file having file name extension .PAL to ABEL format and place the output ABEL logic equations in a file having file name extension .ABL. (PALASM is well known in the art, and is described in "PAL Device Data Book," incorporated herein by reference in its entirety above.) The program TOABEL is well known in the art, and is available also from DATA I/O Corporation, mentioned above. TOABEL runs on IBM PC machines and Sun workstations.

Block 202 shows the .ABL file (i.e. ABEL file) being provided to an expert system known as GASP for generating a netlist of a logic circuit. A script or command file ABEL__TO_HILO is used to execute the various components of GASP. GASP, also called GASP-LUCAS, is a rule-based expert system available from Genrad Limited, Fareham, U.K. The GASP program takes as input files: 1) a file .ABL containing the logic description in the ABEL format (Appendix A.1); 2) a file .MPL which models the PLD device type (Appendix A.2); 3) a "methods library file" .MET (Appendix A.3), which describes how logic devices are constructed in the ASIC vendor's circuit technology; 4) a MD.CEL library (Appendix A.4) which lists logic functions that are available in the ASIC vendor's circuit technology; and 5) a rule base file .RCP, compiled from a set of .BAS files (Appendix A.5), which describe for GASP rules for efficiently converting the logic description into a netlist describing interconnected logic cells of the types listed in the MD.CEL library. In response to these input files, GASP provides therefrom a netlist of a logic circuit which performs the functions described in the .ABL file. Information concerning the operation and use of GASP can be obtained from GenRad Incorporated, Fareham, U.K. As is known in the art, a "netlist" is a type of circuit description which lists all circuit components, for example, the gates, buffers and flip-flops in a circuit. The netlist identifies the input and output leads of each circuit component and its connections to other circuit components.

As mentioned above, the .MPL file models the generic PLD type. For example, to model an AMD 22V10, one would provide a file such as provided in Appendix A.2 attached hereto. If one were to use the present invention to convert a device implemented in a different PAL type into a mask programmable device, one would modify the .MPL file appropriately.

Attached as Appendix A.6 is a netlist file (the .NET file) which GASP prepares from the .ABL, .MPL, MD.CEL, MET and .RCP files discussed above. In the .NET file of Appendix A.7, after the line which states "BEGIN" is the listing describing the logic performed by the circuit. The first term on each line in the listing is a label associated with the logic gate being described, the second item (enclosed in parentheses) is the name or names of the output signal or signals provided by the gate, the third item, after the "==" punctuation, is the type of logic device represented by the line, and the fourth item is the name or names of the input signal or signals. Thus, for the device described in the first line following "BEGIN", the gate is labeled GN13PD, its output signal is N13PD, it is of device type BUFINTTL (a TTL input buffer), which receives input signal PIN13. Table I below lists the device types and abbreviations used in the .NET file of Appendix A.6.

TABLE I

Device Type	Symbol
BUFINTTL	TTL compatible input buffer.
INVP	Two parallel inverters (see Figure 4).
BO3N4	Tristate output buffer with 24 mA output drive.
NAND2	2-input NAND gate.
AOI2W22	2 wide 2-2 input AND OR INVERT (see Figure 5).
DFFRN1	D-Flip Flop (See Figure 6).
NANDI3	3-input NAND Gate with an inverter (see Figure 7).
AOI2W21	2 wide 2-1 input AND OR INVERT (see Figure 8).
NORI3	3 input NOR gate with an inverter (see Figure 9).
ORI2	2 input OR gate with an inverter (see Figure 10).
INV2	Two inverters (see Figure 11).
ANDI2	2 input AND gate with an inverter (see Figure 12).
NAND3	3 input NAND gate.
POR	Power on reset.
AOI2W22	2 wide 2 input OR AND OR INVERT (see Figure 13).

The library of logic devices used with GASP may contain other logic devices. However, the circuit specified by the .ABL file of Appendix A.1 requires only devices listed in Table I. Additional logic devices are described in "GATELIB Macrocell and Macro Function Libraries" published by Matra Design Semiconductor, Inc., of Santa Clara, Calif. in 1987.

As can be seen, the .NET file includes a circuit element POR, used for a power on reset of output register flip flops in the output circuitry of the 22V10. For simulation purpose, POR can be modeled as a delay line. As implemented in this embodiment, POR is a circuit with a large capacitance.

Part of the software represented by block 202 includes a conversion program which receives the .NET file and generates therefrom a file .CCT (Appendix A.7). As can be seen from a cursory examination of the .NET and CCT files from Appendices A.6 and A.7, respectively, this conversion software merely rearranges, in a manner readily apparent, the positions of the gate names, types, and signal names on each line.

After the .CCT file has been prepared, it is necessary to generate test vectors which can be used to test a sample PLD provided by the customer. As is well known in the art, test vectors, which are often expressed in table form, are stimulus input signals provided to a circuit and the expected circuit output signals responding to the input signals. A program known as SYSTEM HILO (block 204) is used to generate test vectors from the netlist. SYSTEM HILO is available from Genrad, Limited of Fareham, U.K.

A test pattern generation module HITEST and a fault simulator HIFAULT are separately purchased parts of SYSTEM HILO. The operation of the HITEST module is described in "SYSTEM HILO HITEST-Plus Reference Manual", which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, obtainable from GenRad Incorporated, Fareham, U.K. The HIFAULT fault simulator, which is described in the "HIFAULT Reference Manual", hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, is also obtainable from GenRad Incorporated, Fareham, U.K. Of course, other automatic test pattern generation systems and fault simulators may also be used. Appropriate format conversion programs may be needed when another automatic test pattern generation sys-

tem or fault simulator is used. The SYSTEM HILO program runs on the Sun-3.

The HITEST program takes as inputs the .CCT netlist file described above, a .KDB file containing a "knowledge base" description used in test vector generation, and a .DWL file containing parameters of input and output waveforms. The definition and use of the .KDB file is provided in the "HITEST Test Generator Reference Manual", which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, is obtainable from GenRad Fareham Limited, Fareham, U.K. The definition and use of the .DWL file is described in the "HITEST DWL Reference Manual", which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, is obtainable also from GenRad Fareham Limited. An example each of the .KDB and the .DWL files are attached hereto as Appendices A.8 and A.9 respectively. The examples of the .KDB and DWL files are appropriate when converting a device implemented in an AMD 22V10 to a gate array implementation. If one were to convert from other generic device types (e.g. a PAL20RA10, also available from AMD), one would have to modify the .KDB and .DWL files appropriately.

The above described input files allow the HITEST program to provide an output file .TAB including a set of test vectors. This .TAB file (Appendix A.10) is intended for use as stimuli in testing the logic circuit described in the .CCT file. Fault detection analysis is used at this step illustrated by block 204, to ensure proper fault coverage by the test vectors. HITEST provides a log file, identified by file name extension .LOG (Appendix A.11), which summarizes any exception condition encountered during fault simulation and test vector generation. The LOG file is merely a user report, which is not used as an input file for any programs.

Optionally, the HITEST module may also receive a set of "seed" test vectors, e.g. generated by the customer. HITEST learns from and builds upon these seed vectors to more rapidly generate a set of test vectors (which include the seed vectors) to test the customer-provided PLD.

In one embodiment, the .CCT and .TAB files are input to a program ARCIS (block 207), which estimates the propagation delays of signals through a circuit having the logic elements described in the .CCT file, when the stimulus signals provided in the .TAB file are applied to the circuit. The operation and use of ARCIS as discussed in "GATEAID PLUS/PC 2.0 User's Manual", second edition (1988), published by Matra Design Semiconductor, hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

Prior to running ARCIS, it is necessary to convert the .CCT and .TAB files into a format that ARCIS can accept. Thus, block 206 represents a conversion program that receives file .TAB and generates therefrom a file SIM (Appendix A.12). As can be seen, the conversion program represented by block 206 deletes the expected output signals from file .TAB because ARCIS will recalculate these signals. The conversion program also causes the columns of the .SIM file to be in an order different from that in the .TAB file. Further, as shown in Appendix A.12, the .SIM file includes the following commands to the ARCIS program.

1. \$CYCLE1 is a multiplier (in this case, 1.0) for the times listed in the .SIM file.
2. \$LOAD 50 indicates that 50 pF loads are present on pins 14 to 23.
3. VCC CLK0 100 describes the power input waveform necessary to correctly simulate the POR function. Specifically, the VCC input signal is initially low for 10 ns, then goes high and remains high, thereby providing a signal transition to the POR function.

4. \$PRINT lists the output signals to be printed by ARCIS.
5. \$PATTERN is a truth table format for the input signals. The lines immediately following \$PATTERN list the order in which input signals are provided in the .SIM file. The \$PATTERN information terminates at the line marked \$EOP (end of pattern).
6. \$TIME 87000, 2000 instructs ARCIS to simulate, and print at intervals of 200 ns, until 8700 ns have elapsed. (Times listed in the .SIM file are expressed in tenths of nanoseconds).

As mentioned above, it is also necessary to put the CCT file into a format that can be accepted by ARCIS. Block 203 represents a program which converts file .CCT to file .IN (Appendix A.13). As can readily be seen, the .IN file contains all the information of .CCT, but the input/output order is re-arranged slightly. ARCIS also receives information from a built-in library which contains all of the gate, buffer and flip flop propagation delays, and calculates therefrom signal changes at various nodes and output leads throughout the device, taking into account the number of input leads each device must drive (i.e. fan-out). Thus, if the input file SIM instructs ARCIS that at time T=1000 ns, a signal applied to an input buffer goes high, ARCIS looks up in a library parameters regarding the buffer delay and drive capabilities and determines the propagation delay exhibited by the buffer, based on buffer characteristics and the number of input leads the buffer drives. If, based on the buffer fan-out, that buffer has a delay time of 5 ns, ARCIS then calculates that the output signal of that buffer will change state at a time T=1005 ns.

ARCIS makes similar calculations concerning the propagation of signals throughout the circuit.

ARCIS can provide output files in various formats. For example, ARCIS can provide an output file which indicates the time of every signal transition in the circuit. This may be used to determine if the device being simulated meets device timing targets.

ARCIS may also be used to provide an output file indicating the state of the output signals at regular intervals (e.g., every 200 ns). Attached as Appendix A.14 is ARCIS output file .OUT indicating the states of each input and output pin at 200 ns intervals. The .OUT file is used to generate the test vectors to test the customer-provided PLD.

It is noted that because .OUT merely contains the state of the device every 200 ns, it contains essentially no information concerning the timing performance of the device provided in the netlist file .IN described above. Thus, the .OUT file provided by ARCIS does not reflect timing tests on the PLD. This is because, at this point, only functional testing is performed.

While ARCIS is used to generate functional vectors to test the PLD, it is noted that HITEST also provides test vectors that can be used to test the PLD. Thus, one can practice the present invention using either the HITEST-generated test vectors or the ARCIS-generated vectors. In addition to ARCIS, other gate level simulator may be used, e.g., HILO, VIEWSIM (available from ViewLogic, Inc. of Santa Clara, Calif.), etc.

The next step in the method is to generate the actual test program used to test the PLD. To accomplish this, the .OUT test vectors are converted to a format used by IMS tester 209 using a format conversion program (block 216). In this embodiment, the tester used is an IMS tester. IMS testers are available from IMS, Inc., located in Beaverton, Oreg. However, other testers, such as Sentry testers, obtainable from Schlumberger Corporation, may also be used. Of course, format conversion may need to be provided for each tester type used.

A conversion program represented by block 203 receives file .CCT, and in response thereto generates a .IN file, which contain the same netlist information as the .CCT file. Of importance, the .IN file is in a format which is received by a conversion program PADPIN (block 205). The PADPIN program extracts from a data base MD.PAD and netlist file .IN pin and pad (layout) information to provide an output file .NP1 (Appendix A.16), which provides test set-up information. (PADPIN also generates a file .PAD, such as the one listed in Appendix A.17, which is used during the device layout process described below.) As shown in the listing of Appendix A.16, the information provided in the .NP1 file includes, for each pin number, whether the pin is an input or output pin, the type of output buffer provided, the type of input or output buffer provided (e.g. if the pin is an input pin, TTL or CMOS compatible and/or including a pullup or pulldown), the IIL/IIH or IOL/IOH current limits (i.e., if the pin is an input pin, the input current limits when the input signal is low and high, respectively, or if the pin is an output pin, output current limits when the output signal is low and high, respectively), and which timing generator (TG) of the tester is assigned. Of importance, since the .IN file indicates which buffer type is connected to each input pin, PADPIN merely retrieves the DC parameter information from a library MD.PAD (Appendix A.18) which contains parameter information for each type of buffer. (The abbreviations PU, PD, and ON in the MD.PAD stand for "pullup", "pulldown", and "open drain", respectively. "O/Z" is a tristate output. "I/O" is a bidirectional pin.)

The .NP1 output file of the PADPIN is provided to a program NPITASET (block 208) to provide NPITASET output files (identified by file extensions .SET and .PIN) for tester set up. The .SET file is the IMS tester program, and defines in the tester's supported format the tester resource allocation and each pin's attribute. An example of a .SET file is attached hereto as Appendix A.19. NPITASET is provided for interfacing the .NP1 file with the IMS tester of this embodiment. If another tester is to be used, a similar software program may be needed to provide the tester interface. The techniques used to convert the information contained in the .NP1 file to the accepted format of each tester is known in the art.

The IMS tester requires a second file .IMS which contains test vectors. This is provided by the translation software of block 216 which receives the input and output waveforms from the ARCIS simulation and the .PIN file from NPITASET and generates therefrom an output file, identified by the file name extension .SIM, which is acceptable as an input file by the IMS tester. An example of .IMS file is attached hereto as Appendix A.15. This IMS file will provide to the tester the input waveforms to apply to the PLD under test, and the expected output waveforms which the tester uses to verify the functional correctness of the GASP generated logic circuit by comparing the expected output waveforms with the actual output waveforms of the PLD device.

Based on the input stimulus waveforms provided in the .IMS file, and configuration information from the .SET and .PIN files, the tester applies the stimulus waveforms to the pins of the PLD provided by the customer. The response of the PLD is compared against the expected output waveforms in the .IMS file. This step is known as functional verification. If the logic circuit provided by GASP is an acceptable replacement for the PLD device using a set of test vectors with a high level of fault coverage (96-100%), the PLD output waveforms and the expected output waveforms provided by the circuit simulator ARCIS (or equivalent circuit

simulator) will be the same. Otherwise, the netlist must be debugged and resimulated.

Because the synthesized circuit is compared against the actual PLD device using a set of test vectors with a high level of fault coverage (96–100%), the accepted synthesized circuit is necessarily an accurate model of the PLD device. It can then be inferred that the implementation of this model in the factory-programmed device will be a correct substitute for the PLD device, provided the characteristics of this model is preserved through the layout generation process.

The layout generation process is illustrated by block 211. In this embodiment, the layout of the customized mask layer is synthesized by GARDS, which is a program commercially available from Silvar-Lisco Corporation, Menlo Park, Calif. Of course, other layout generation tools suitable for application specific integrated circuit technologies (such as gate arrays), may also be used. The GARDS system is described in "Silvar-Lisco/GARDS™ Command Reference Manual", Vol. 1, Document No. M-GDS-6.0-C1A, Jul. 1988, is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

A software program ARCTOSDL translates the logic netlist provided in the .IN file to the SDL format accepted by the GARDS system. The SDL Format file is identified by the file extension .SDL. An example of the SDL file is attached hereto as Appendix A.20. The SDL format is described in "SDL-The Structured Design Language Reference Manual", published in Jul., 1984 (Document No. M-037-2), available from Silvar-Lisco, is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. Of course, if another vendor's layout generation software is used in place of GARDS, a conversion program to convert the .IN file to the layout generation software's accepted format may be needed. GARDS also uses the .PAD file (Appendix A.17), which contains pin-out information.

The GARDS system is provided with the design rules and the designations of the mask layers. The design rules and mask layer designations are specific to the ASIC vendor's intended manufacturing process. The GARDS system also allows manual intervention in the place and route process to allow the layout designer to manually provide placement and routing to suit specific needs. The output of the placement and routing process is provided in a file identified by file extension .SLGDS, which is in the CALMA stream format, well-known in the art. The .SLGDS file contains only cell placement and routing information. As described below, in order to generate the actual mask data, the physical layouts of the cells and array will be merged after timing verification according to the placement and routing information.

A software program is provided to extract parasitic impedances from the layout generated for "back annotation" purpose. This program provides an output file .DLY (Appendix A.21) which describes parasitic impedances from the layout generated. As shown in the listing of Appendix A.21, each path of an electrical node is provided with a delay. For example, on the first line of file .DLY is shown, "LOAD N10PD", indicating that the delay path or paths of node N10PD is to follow, and that the total capacitive load on node N10PD is 156fF. In this instance, N10PD has only one path, which is indicated on the next line preceded by "DELAY N10PD". As shown therein, the electrical path between the "OUT" output of cell "GN10PD" and the "A" input of cell "GZ1231" is estimated to have a delay of 20 ps. If an electrical node has multiple paths, such as node "Z1021" shown on lines 36–42, each path is shown separately. The parasitic impedances are used to perform post-layout simulation. Such a post-layout simulation is desirable because parasitic impedances estimated from the actual

geometry of the circuit provides more accurate estimates of circuit performance than are attainable from the previous pre-layout simulation performed by ARCIS. If another simulator other than ARCIS is used, it will be necessary to use the back-annotation technique for that simulator. Such conversion techniques are also known in the art.

The post-layout simulation is carried out in the same manner as the pre-layout simulation described above. The results of the post-layout simulation are analyzed against the timing specified in the PLD manufacturer's data sheet, (in the present embodiment, the 22V10 data sheet available from Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. of Sunnyvale, Calif.). Again, if the simulation yields results which do not match those provided by the PLD data sheet, the ASIC vendor modifies the layout generated, and resimulates the circuit, without the customer's intervention, until an acceptable layout is obtained.

When the ASIC vendor is satisfied with the functional and timing verifications, a final design rule check is performed to provide confidence that the final design complies with the design rules of the intended fabrication process. At this point, the physical layout is completed by merging the placement and routing information obtained above with the physical layout libraries specific to the ASIC vendor's circuit technology. Although this step is normally done manually on a layout workstation, an automated program can be used. Whether the mask data implements the logic circuit netlist provided to generate the layout may also be checked at this point. These verifications are accomplished respectively, in block 212 this embodiment, by DRC (design rule checker) and LVS (logic verification system), both obtainable from Cadence Design Systems, Inc., San Jose, Calif. DRC and LVS systems take as inputs the netlist and the complete physical circuit layout discussed above, and provide error reports for any design rule violations or circuit mismatch, as the case may be.

For comparing the netlist with the mask data, in this embodiment, it is necessary to convert the .IN netlist file into the LOGIS netlist format acceptable by the LVS system. The LOGIS format is obtainable from Cadence Design Systems. The technique for such conversion is well-known.

The DRC system also provides resized mask layers adjusted for the intended fabrication process in an output file identified by the file extension .SIZED.GDS, which are expressed in the popular GDS II format. It should be noted that the DRC and LVS systems may also be substituted by any other systems providing comparable functionalities. Both DRC and LVS systems require libraries which are specific to the circuit technology of the ASIC vendor. Techniques for providing such libraries are known in the art.

Finally, the .SIZED.GDS format is "fractured" to the input specifications of the mask manufacturing equipment and provided in "MEBES" output files readable by such equipment (block 213). The fracturing techniques are well-known in the art, and many commercially available packages are suitable for this purpose. The output files are provided to the mask vendor over a suitable medium. Masks are then produced and used to build integrated circuits for delivery to the customer.

In summary, the present invention provides a process for accurately converting a PLD to a factory-programmed device suitable for mass production. Furthermore, since the process is highly automated, the throughput time from the customer's providing a functional PLD and the logic description thereof to the point when mask layers are synthesized is shortened from a matter of weeks in the prior art, to a few days, or even a few hours, in accordance with

the present invention, depending upon the complexity of the PLD device. The advantages of such savings in time and cost are self-evident.

FIG. 3 illustrates a second embodiment of the present invention using a PLD Programmer, obtainable from Data I/O Corporation. This PLD PROGRAMMER is described in "USUSERMAN" (Document No. 98100 14008), published Apr. 1, 1990 by Data I/O, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. The difference between the first and second embodiments in FIGS. 2 and 3 is in the tester used (i.e. IMS vs. Data I/O). For ease of comparison, blocks in FIG. 3 identical to those in FIG. 2 are given the same reference numerals as their counterparts in FIG. 2. For the same reason, the descriptions of these corresponding blocks are not provided below to avoid repetition. Only blocks 208, 216 and 209 of FIG. 2 are described.

As shown in FIG. 3, a conversion program (block 308) operates on the ARCIS output file .OUT and the PADPIN output file .NP1 for assembling the tester input file JED, which contains not only configuration directives to the tester, but also the input stimulus waveforms to be applied to the PLD device, and the output waveforms with which to compare the output of the PLD device.

Block 309 is the Data I/O PLD programmer, obtainable from Data I/O Corp. of Beaverton, Oreg.

Other than the differences specifically provided above, the operation of the embodiment illustrated in FIG. 3 is identical to the embodiment illustrated by FIG. 2.

The above-detailed description is intended to illustrate the specific embodiments of the present invention described above. Numerous modifications and variations within the scope of the present invention are possible. Some examples

within the scope of the present invention are (i) the automatic layout generation software can be any other automatically layout generation software commercially available; (ii) the tester used in verifying the previously programmed PLD device against the software model can also be any commercially available tester; and (iii) the various file conversion programs can be any commercially available or other file conversion programs, as discussed above.

The PLD can be a fuse-programmable device, an antifuse programmable device, or a floating gate programmable device. The circuit to be a mask-programmed substitute for the PLD may be NMOS, PMOS, CMOS, BICMOS, bipolar, or any other technology. The personalization of the mask programmed device may be accomplished by mask-patterning interconnect metallization, providing vias in mask-programmed locations, providing contacts at mask-programmed locations, providing transistor gates at mask-programmed locations or any combination of the above mask programming techniques. The mask programmable device may be a gate array, mask programmable PAL, a custom cell logic circuit, or a full custom logic circuit. Also, the present invention may be used to construct a mask-programmed device to be substituted for another mask-programmed device (instead of a PLD).

Although in the above-described embodiment, the ASIC vendor receives logic equations from the customer, in other embodiments, the ASIC vendor receives other types of logic circuit descriptions, e.g. a truth table or a schematic description. It should also be noted that the invention may also be practiced such that the user of the PLD is not a customer from another company, but within the same company as the ASIC design group.

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Appendix A.1 the .ABL File
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```

module m1712_01
flag '-r3','-t2'
title '
U203:MFB
U303:CFB: (Hwregs) Frame buffer CONTROL/STATUS register
Rev. A (11/30/87)
C22V10 {Cypress:28/28}
=====

"this pal implements the Control and Status registers and generates interrupts.
"
"Revision History
"
"Rev. 0.01          (06/16/87) P. Treen:
"  Original Creation.
"Rev. 0.02          (09/23/87) P. Treen:
"  Modified to adhere to naming standard.
"Rev. A             (11/30/87) P. Treen
"  Formal Release

"Device Type:
"-----
eval          device 'P22V10';

"Input Pins:
"-----

clk25_        pin 1;  "inverted 25MHZ clock
db00_         pin 2;  "buffered data bit 0
db01_         pin 3;  "buffered data bit 1
db02_         pin 4;  "buffered data bit 2
vsync         pin 5;  "vertical sync bit
sccint_       pin 6;  "SCC chip interrupt
hwycyc_       pin 7;  "decode of CS register
ba02_         pin 8;  "buffered address bit 2 selects stat or cntl reg
rd_           pin 9;  "read low active
res_          pin 10; "system reset
ate_          pin 11; "tristate enable/disable for ate
ba04         pin 13;  "buffered address bit 4 lo to select hwycyc

```

```

"Output Pins:
"-----

```

```

vidon      pin 23 = 'pos.reg,feed_reg'; "video enable
sien       pin 22 = 'pos.reg,feed_reg'; "sccint mask
vien       pin 21 = 'pos.reg,feed_reg'; "vsync int mask
vi         pin 20 = 'pos.reg,feed_reg'; "latched vsync
vihld_     pin 19 = 'neg.reg,feed_reg'; "int sig, holds vi
cycntl_    pin 16 = 'neg.reg,feed_reg'; "int sig to gen done
csdone_    pin 15 = 'neg.reg'; "done to gen ready
rdstat_    pin 18 = 'neg.com'; "status reg buff enable
rdcntl_    pin 17 = 'neg.com'; "control reg buff enable
intenb_    pin 14 = 'neg.com'; "interrupt buff enable

```

"Internal Nodes:

```

"-----
ASYNC_RESET      node 25;

```

"Constant Declarations:

```

"-----
data              = [db02,db01,db00];
H,L,X,C,Z        = 1,0,.X.,.C.,.Z.;
out              = [rdstat_,rdcntl_,intenb_,vihld_,vidon,cycntl_];
"

```

EQUATIONS

"-----

```
ASYNC_RESET      = !res_;
```

```
!rdstat_ = (!hwcyc_ & !ba04) & ba02 & !rd_;"enable stat reg buffs.
```

```
!rdcntl_ = (!hwcyc_ & !ba04) & !ba02 & !rd_;"enable cntl reg buffs.
```

```
!intenb_ = (sien & !sccint_) # (vien & vi);"enable int buff.
```

```
vi      := (vsync) # (!vihld_) # ((!hwcyc_ & !ba04) & !ba02 & !rd_);"latch vsync
```

```
!vihld_ := vsync # (!vihld_ & !((!hwcyc_ & !ba04) & !ba02 & !rd_));"hold vi.
```

```
vidon   := (db00 & (!hwcyc_ & !ba04) & !csdone_ & !ba02 & rd_) # (vidon & !((!hwcyc_
& !ba04) & !csdone_ & !ba02 & rd_));"enable vid
```

```
!sien   := (!db01 & (!hwcyc_ & !ba04) & !csdone_ & !ba02 & rd_) # (!sien & !((!hwcyc_
& !ba04) & !csdone_ & !ba02 & rd_));"disable sccints
```

```
!vien   := (!db02 & (!hwcyc_ & !ba04) & !csdone_ & !ba02 & rd_) # (!vien & !((!hwcyc_
& !ba04) & !csdone_ & !ba02 & rd_));"disable vsync ints
```

```
!cycntl_ := (!hwcyc_ & !ba04);"control done
```

```
!csdone_ := (!hwcyc_ & !ba04 & cyncntl_;"assert done*
```

```
enable sien = (!hwcyc_ & !ba04) & !rd_ & !ba02;"enable on control reg read
```

```
enable vien = (!hwcyc_ & !ba04) & !rd_ & !ba02;"enable on control reg read
```

```
enable vi = (!hwcyc_ & !ba04) & !rd_ & !ba02;"enable on control reg read
```

```
enable csdone_ = (!hwcyc_ & !ba04);"enable done when cycle valid
```

```
enable out = ate_;"enable outputs unless low
```

```
TEST_VECTORS "CONTROL REG write/read
```

```
([clk25_data,hwcyc_,ba04,ba02,rd_res_ate_] -> [vidon,sien,vien])
```

```
[ C , X , 1 , X , X , X , 0 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];
[ C , 1 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , Z , Z ];
[ C , 1 , 1 , X , X , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , Z , Z ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , 0 , 0 ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , 0 , 0 ];
[ C , X , 1 , X , X , X , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , Z , Z ];

[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , Z , Z ];
[ C , 2 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];
[ C , 2 , 1 , X , X , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , 1 , 0 ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , 1 , 0 ];
[ C , X , 1 , X , X , X , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];

[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];
[ C , 3 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , Z , Z ];
[ C , 3 , 1 , X , X , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , Z , Z ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , 1 , 0 ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , 1 , 0 ];
[ C , X , 1 , X , X , X , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , Z , Z ];

[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , Z , Z ];
[ C , 4 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];
[ C , 4 , 1 , X , X , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , 0 , 1 ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , 0 , 1 ];
[ C , X , 1 , X , X , X , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];

[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];
[ C , 5 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , Z , Z ];
[ C , 5 , 1 , X , X , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , Z , Z ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , 0 , 1 ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , 0 , 1 ];
[ C , X , 1 , X , X , X , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , Z , Z ];
```

```

[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , Z , Z ];
[ C , 6 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];
[ C , 6 , 1 , X , X , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , 1 , 1 ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , 1 , 1 ];
[ C , X , 1 , X , X , X , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];

[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];
[ C , 7 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , Z , Z ];
[ C , 7 , 1 , X , X , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , Z , Z ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , 1 , 1 ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , 1 , 1 ];
[ C , X , 1 , X , X , X , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , Z , Z ];

[ C , X , 1 , X , X , X , 0 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];

[ C , 1 , 1 , X , X , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , 0 , 0 ];
[ C , X , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , 0 , 0 ];
[ C , X , 1 , X , X , X , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , Z , Z ];

```

TEST_VECTORS "VERTICAL SYNC HOLD"

```
([clk25_vsync,hwcyc_ba02_rd_res_ate_] -> [vihld_])
```

```

[ C , 1 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 ];
[ C , 1 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 ];
[ C , 0 , 1 , X , X , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 ];
[ C , 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 ];
[ C , X , X , X , X , 0 , 1 ] -> [ 1 ];
[ C , X , X , X , X , X , 0 ] -> [ Z ];

```

```
;
```

;TEST_VECTORS "CONTROL/STATUS REG BUFFER ENABLES"

```
(:[hwcyc_ba02_rd_res_ate_] -> [rdcntl_rdstat_])
```

```

[ 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 , 1 ];
[ 0 , 1 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , 0 ];
[ 1 , X , X , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , 1 ];
[ X , X , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 , 1 ];
[ X , X , X , X , 0 ] -> [ Z , Z ];

```

TEST_VECTORS "INTERUPTS"

```
([clk25_data,hwcyc_ba02_rd_res_sccint_vsync_ate_] -> [intenb_])
```

```

[ C , 0 , X , X , X , 1 , X , X , 1 ] -> [ 1 ];
[ C , 2 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 0 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 ];
[ C , 2 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 0 , 0 , 1 ] -> [ 0 ];
[ C , 2 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 1 ];

```

```
[ C , 2 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 0 , 1 ] -> [ 1 ] ;  
[ C , 4 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , X , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 ] ;  
[ C , 6 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , X , 1 , 1 ] -> [ 0 ] ;  
[ C , 6 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 1 , 0 , X , 1 ] -> [ 0 ] ;  
[ C , X , X , X , X , X , X , X , 0 ] -> [ Z ] ;
```

end m1712_01

Appendix A.2 the .MPL File
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WITH PLDMethods;

PLD TI22V10 IS

"inputs, 1 is clock

```
1 : (Pin : (In; Feed = Eqn = PD); Attributes = (Pos = Fixed));
    SR, Eqn = (25.MX); RE, Eqn = (25.MX);
    AP, Eqn = (26.MX); PR, Eqn = (26.MX);
    Netlist : (POR (NPWR, 1);
              INV (PWR, NPWR);
              OR (PWRRE, PWR, RE);
              BUFINTTL (IN, PD))
);
```

```
2..11 : (Pin : (In; Feed = Eqn = (PD); Attributes = (Pos = Fixed));
        " Notice the Feed definition. Feed is make equivalent to PD to
        " override the default behavior of Abel_To_Gasp which, in that case,
        " would lead to Feed = In (e.g some assoicated name)
        Netlist : (BUFINTTL (In, PD))
);
```

```
12 : (GND);
```

"input

```
13 : (Pin : (In; Feed = Eqn = (PD); Attributes = (Pos = Fixed));
      Netlist : (BUFINTTL (In, PD))
);
```

"registered outputs

```
14..23 : (Pin : (In; Out; Feed = (Feed_Pin, Feed_Reg);
              "Attributes = (Neg, Pos = Default, Com, Reg, Reg_d = Default));
              Attributes = (Neg, Pos = Default, Com = Default, Reg, Reg_d));
          MX, Default = '0'; " 0 Default is not mandatory, for clarity reason
          SR, Eqn = (25.MX); RE, Eqn = (25.MX);
          AP, Eqn = (26.MX); PR, Eqn = (26.MX);
          " Preset and Reset signals are redirectioned to Node 25 and 26
          " each pin contribution (e.g an equation) is logicallhy Ored with
          " the 'Eqn' Node
          OE; " No default is set to OE, it will be done automatically by the
              " linker using the following rules:
          " If Mode (pin) = In Then OE = 0
          " If Mode (Pin) = Out Then OE = 1
          " If Mode IN [Tri_In, Tri_Out, Tri_In_Out] Then OE = User Defined
          " If Mode Not defined Then OE = 1
          " Notice that Feed connection is defined in a way that is consistent
          " with output polarity when mode is Feeda_Reg, e.g Output and Feed
          " signals have the same polarity. It has to be done even if the
          " wiring is slightly different from those one of the data bood
          " because Feed_Reg is a buried signal, those it's not directly
          " controlable by the user
```

```

);
24 : (VCC);

"Preset and reset signals
25..26 : (Node : (Attributes = Pos = Fixed));
        MX, Default = '0
        );

27..36 : (Node : ());

100 : (PIN : (Name = SCANIN;
            In; Feed = Eqn = (PD); Attributes = Pos = FIXED));
        Netlist : (BUFINTTL (IN, PD))
        );

101 : (PIN : (Name = SCANMODE;
            In; Feed = Eqn = (PD); Attributes = (Pos = FIXED));
        Netlist : (BUFINTTL (IN, PD))
        );

102 : (PIN : (Name = SCANOUT;
            Out; Attributes = (Pos = FIXED));
        MX, Default = '0
        Netlist : (BUFOUT (OUT, MX))
        )
END PLD;

```


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Appendix A.3 the .MET File
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```
METHOD FOR IS
  IN POWER;
  OUT POR;
  ASK POR, POWER;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD INV IS
  IN E;
  OUT NE;
  ASK NE, E;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD MUX IS
  IN I1, I2, CTRL;
  OUT O;
  ASK O, I1, I2, CTRL;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD MUX4 IS
  IN I1, I2, I3, I4, CTRL1, CTRL2;
  OUT O;
  ASK O, I1, I2, I3, I4, CTRL1, CTRL2;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD AND IS
  IN I1, I2;
  OUT O;
  ASK O, I1, I2;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD NAND IS
  IN I1, I2;
  OUT O;
  ASK O, I1, I2;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD OR IS
  IN I1, I2;
  OUT O;
  ASK O, I1, I2;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD NOR IS
  IN I1, I2;
  OUT O;
  ASK O, I1, I2;
END METHOD;
```

```

METHOD EXOR IS
  IN I1, I2;
  OUT O;
  ASK O, I1, I2;
END METHOD;

```

```

METHOD DFF IS
  IN D, CLK;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, D, CLK;
END METHOD;

```

```

METHOD SCANDFF IS
  IN D, CLK, SCAN, MODE;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, D, CLK, SCAN, MODE;
END METHOD;

```

```

METHOD DFFR IS
  IN D, CLK, RAZ;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, D, CLK, RAZ;
END METHOD;

```

```

METHOD SCANDFFR IS
  IN D, CLK, RAZ, SCAN, MODE;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, D, CLK, RAZ, SCAN, MODE;
END METHOD;

```

```

METHOD DFFNR IS
  IN D, CLK, NRAZ;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, D, CLK, NRAZ;
END METHOD;

```

```

METHOD DFFS IS
  IN D, CLK, SET;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, D, CLK, SET;
END METHOD;

```

```

METHOD SCANDFFS IS
  IN D, CLK, SET, SCAN, MODE;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, D, CLK, SET, SCAN, MODE;
END METHOD;

```

```

METHOD DFFNS IS
    IN D, CLK, NSET;
    OUT Q, NQ;
    ASK Q, NQ, D, CLK, NSET;
END METHOD;

METHOD DFFRS IS
    IN D, CLK, SET, RAZ;
    OUT Q, NQ;
    ASK Q, NQ, D, CLK, SET, RAZ;
END METHOD;

METHOD SCANDFFRS IS
    IN D, CLK, SET, RAZ, SCAN, MODE;
    OUT Q, NQ;
    ASK Q, NQ, D, CLK, SET, RAZ, SCAN, MODE;
END METHOD;

METHOD DFFNRNS IS
    IN D, CLK, NSET, NRAZ;
    OUT Q, NQ;
    ASK Q, NQ, D, CLK, NSET, NRAZ;
END METHOD;

METHOD TRIINV IS
    IN I, CTRL;
    OUT O;
    ASK O, CTRL, I;
END METHOD;

METHOD TRI IS
    IN I, CTRL;
    OUT O;
    ASK O, CTRL, I;
END METHOD;

METHOD TFF IS
    IN T, CLK, PE, PIN;
    OUT Q, NQ;
    ASK Q, NQ, T, CLK, PE, PIN;
END METHOD;

METHOD JKFF IS
    IN J, K, CLK;
    OUT QK, NQ;
    ASK Q, NQ, J, K, CLK;
END METHOD;

```

```
METHOD SCANJKFF IS
  IN J, K, CLK, SCAN, MODE;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, J, K, CLK, SCAN, MODE;
END METHOD;

METHOD JKFFNR IS
  IN J, K, CLK, NRAZ;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, J, K, CLK, NRAZ;
END METHOD;

METHOD JKFFNRNS IS
  IN J, K, CLK, NRAZ, NSET;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, J, K, CLK, NRAZ, NSET;
END METHOD;

METHOD JKFFNS IS
  IN J, K, CLK, NSET;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, J, K, CLK, NSET;
END METHOD;

METHOD JKFFR IS
  IN J, K, CLK, RAZ;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, J, K, CLK, RAZ;
END METHOD;

METHOD SCANJKFFR IS
  IN J, K, CLK, RAZ, SCAN, MODE;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, J, K, CLK, RAZ, SCAN, MODE;
END METHOD;

METHOD JKFFRS IS
  IN J, K, CLK, RAZ, SET;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, J, K, CLK, RAZ, SET;
END METHOD;

METHOD SCANJKFFRS IS
  IN J, K, CLK, RAZ, SET, SCAN, MODE;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, J, K, CLK, RAZ, SET, SCAN, MODE;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD JKFFS IS
  IN J, K, CLK, SET;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, J, K, CLK, SET;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD SCANJKFFS IS
  IN J, K, CLK, SET, SCAN, MODE;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, J, K, CLK, SET, SCAN MODE;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD RSNAND IS
  IN RN, SN;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, RN, SN;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD RSNOR IS
  IN R, S;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, R, S;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD LATCH IS
  IN D, ENA;
  OUT Q, NQ;
  ASK Q, NQ, D, ENA;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD BUF3STA IS
  IN IN1, ENA;
  OUT XXX;
  ASK XXX, IN1, ENA;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD BUFIOTTL IS
  IN IN1, ENA;
  OUT OUT1, XXX;
  ASK OUT1, XXX, IN1, ENA;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD BUFOUT IS
  IN IN1;
  OUT XXX;
  ASK XXX, IN1;
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD BUFINTTL IS  
  IN XXX;  
  OUT OUT1;  
  ASK XXX, OUT1;  
END METHOD;
```

```
METHOD BUFINDIR IS  
  IN XXX;  
  OUT OUT 1;  
  ASK XXX, OUT1;  
END METHOD;
```

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Appendix A.4 the MD.CEL File
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```

*****
***
** special cells for implementing virtual components not mapped by regular cells
*****
***
** method MUX 4      -> not implemented
** method GASPDDFR   -> GASPDDFR           ~DFFRN1
** method GASPDDFS   -> GASPDDFS           ~DFFSN1
** method DFFRS      -> GASPDDFRS         ~DFFRNSN1

** method SCANDFF    -> SCANDFF           ~expanded
** method SCANDFFR   -> SCANDFFR          ~expanded
** method SCANDDFS   -> SCANDDFS          ~expanded
** method SCANDFFRS  -> SCANDFFRS        ~expanded

** method SCANJKFF   -> SCANJKFF          ~expanded
** method SCANJKFFR  -> SCANJKFFR         ~expanded
** method SCANJKFFRS -> SCANJKFFRS        ~expanded
** method SCANJKFFS  -> SCANJKFFS        ~expanded

** method BUF3STA    -> GASPBUF3STA       ~BFU3STA
** method BUFIOTTL   -> GASPBUFIOTTL      ~BUFIOTTL
** special cell to implement GASPDDFR method, must be removed by
** the expert system, and replaced by a DFFRN1 with inverter on RAZ
cell GASPDDFR is record
  in      := [D,CK,R];
  out     := [Q,QN];
  class   := seq;
** put same area than DFFRN1 (used for synthesis)
  area    := 6;
  fan_in  := [1,1,1];
  delay   := [0,0];
  fan_out_factor := [0,0];
  max_fan_out := 8;
  function := [D,CK,R,^(D.CK. ^R)];
  hilo_order := [D,CK,R,Q,QN];
  method  := [GASPDDFR [Q,D,CK,R],DFFR[Q,QN,D,CK,R]];
end record;
** special cell to implement GASPDDFS method, must be removed by
** the expert system, and replace by a DFFSN1 with inverter on SET
cell GASPDDFS is record
  in      := [D,CK,S];
  out     := [Q,QN];
  class   := seq;
** put same area than DFFSN1 (used for synthesis)
  area    := 6;
  fan_in  := [1,1,1];
  delay   := [0,0];

```

```

fan_out_factor := [0,0];
max_fan_out    := 8;
function       := [D,CK+S,^(D.CK+S)];
hilo_order     := [D,CK,S,Q,QN];
method        := [GASPDFFS[Q,D,CK,S],DFFS[Q,QN,D,CK,S]];
end record;
cell SCANDFF is record
in             := [D,CK,SC,MO];
out           := [Q,QN];
class         := seq;
area          := 4;
fan_in        := [1,2,1,1];
delay         := [5,5];
fan_out_factor := [1,1];
max_fan_out   := 8;
function      := [(MO.SC+^MO.D).CK,^(MO.SC+^MO.D).CK];
hilo_order    := [D,CK,Q,QN,SC,MO];
method        := SCANDFF(Q,QN,D,CK,SC,MO);
end record;
cell SCANDFFR is record
in             := [D,CK,R,SC,MO];
out           := [Q,QN];
class         := seq;
area          := 5;
fan_in        := [1,2,2,1,1];
delay         := [6,8];
fan_out_factor := [2,1];
max_fan_out   := 8;
function      := [MO.SC+^MO.D).CK.^R,^(MO.SC+^MO.D).CK.^R];
hilo_order    := [D,CK,R,Q,QN,SC,MO];
method        := SCANDFFR[Q,QN,D,CK,R,SC,MO];
end record;
cell SCANDFFS is record
in             := [D,CK,S,SC,MO];
out           := [Q,QN];
class         := seq;
area          := 5;
fan_in        := [1,2,2,1,1];
delay         := [10,6];
fan_out_factor := [1,2];
max_fan_out   := 8;
function      := [MO.SC+^MO.D).CK+S,^(MO.SC+^MO.D).CK+S];
hilo_order    := [D,CK,S,Q,QN,SC,MO];
method        := SCANDFFS[Q,QN,D,CK,S,SC,MO];
end record;
** special cell to implement GASPDFFRS method, must be removed by
** the expert system, and replaced by a DFFRNSN1 with inverter on RAZ & SET
cell GASPDFFRS is record

```

```

in          := [D,CK,R,S];
out         := [Q,QN];
class      := seq;
** put same area than DFFRNSNI (used for synthesis)
area       := 7;
fan_in     := [1,1,1,1];
delay      := [0,0];
fan_out_factor := [0,0];
max_fan_out := 8;
function   := [D.CK.^R+S,^(D.CK.^R+S)];
hilo_order := [D,CK,R,S,Q,QN];
method     := DFFRS[Q,QN,D,CK,S,R];
end record;
cell SCANDFFRS is record
in          := [D,CK,R,S,SC,MO];
out         := [Q,QN];
class      := seq;
area       := 6;
fan_in     := [1,2,2,2,1,1];
delay      := [10,11];
fan_out_factor := [1,1];
max_fan_out := 8;
function   := [(MO.SC+^MO.D).CK.^R+S,^(MO.SC+^MO.D).CK.^R+S];
hilo_order := [D,CK,R,S,Q,QN,SC,MO];
** be careful: R and S reverted with method
method     := [SCANDFFS[Q,QN,D,CK,S,R,SC,MO];
end record;
cell SCANJKFF is record
in          := [J,K,CK,SC,MO];
out         := [Q,QN];
class      := seq;
area       := 7;
fan_in     := [1,1,3,1,1];
delay      := [6,7];
fan_out_factor := [1,1];
max_fan_out := 8;
function   := [(MO.SC+^MO.(J$K)).CK,^(MO.SC+^MO.(J$K)).CK];
hilo_order := [J,K,CK,Q,QN,SC,MO];
method     := SCANJKFF[Q,QN,J,K,CK,SC,MO];
end record;
cell SCANJKFFR is record
in          := [J,K,CK,R,SC,MO];
out         := [Q,QN];
class      := seq;
area       := 8;
fan_in     := [1,1,3,2,1,1];
delay      := [8,10];
fan_out_factor := [2,1];

```

```

    max_fan_out      := 8;
    function         := [MO,SC+^MO.(J&K)).CK.^R,^(MO.SC+^MO.(J&K)).CK.^R];
    hilo_order      := [J,K,CK,R,Q,QN,SC,MO];
    method          := SCANJKFFR[Q,QN,J,K,CK,R,SC,MO];
end record;
cell SCANJKFFRS is record
    in              := [J,K,CK,R,S,SC,MO];
    out             := [Q,QN];
    class          := seq;
    area           := 9;
    fan_in         := [1,1,3,2,2,1,1];
    delay          := [8,10];
    fan_out_factor := [2,1];
    max_fan_out    := 8;
    function       :=
[(MO.SC+^MO.(J&K)).CK.^R+S,^(MO.SC+^MO.(J&K)).CK.^R+S];
    hilo_order    := [J,K,CK,R,S,Q,QN,SC,MO];
    method       := SCANJKFFRS[Q,QN,J,K,CK,R,S,SC,MO];
end record;
cell SCANJKFFS is record
    in              := [J,K,CK,S,SC,MO];
    out             := [Q,QN];
    class          := seq;
    area           := 8;
    fan_in         := [1,1,3,2,1,1];
    delay          := [9,12];
    fan_out_factor := [1,1];
    max_fan_out    := 8;
    function       := [(MO.SC+^MO.(J&K)).CK+S,^(MO.SC+^MO.(J&K)).CK+S];
    hilo_order    := [J,K,CK,S,Q,QN,SC,MO];
    method       := SCANJKFFS[Q,QN,J,K,CK,S,SC,MO];
end record;
** special cell to implement BUF3STA method, must be removed by
** the expert system, and replaced by a BUF3STA with inverter on ENA
cell GASPBUF3STA is record
    in              := [IN,ENA];
    out             := [XXX];
    class          := buff;
    area           := 0;
    fan_in         := [1,1];
    delay          := [15];
    fan_out_factor := [17];
    max_fan_out    := 8;
    function       := [IN,ENA];
    hilo_order    := [IN,ENA,XXX];
    method       := BUF3STA[XXX,IN,ENA];
end record;
** special cell to implement BUFIOTTL method, must be removed by

```

** the expert system, and replaced by a BUFIO TTL with inverter on ENA

```

cell GASBUFIOTTL is record
  in      := [IN,ENA];
  out     := [XXX,OUT];
  class   := buff;
  area    := 0;
  fan_in  := [1,1];
  delay   := [15,8];
  fan_out_factor := [17,1];
  max_fan_out := 8;
  function := [IN,ENA,IN.ENA];
  hilo_order := [IN,ENA,XXX,OUT];
  method  := BUFIO TTL{OUT,XXX,IN,ENA};
end record;
*****
***
cell POR is record
  class   := unknown;
  in      := [POWER];
  out     := [POR];
  area    := 0;
  fan_in  := [1];
  delay   := [0];
  fan_out_factor := [0];
  max_fan_out := 8;
  function := [POWER];
  hilo_order := [POWER,POR];
  method  := POR{POR,POWR};
end record;
cell NAND2 is record
  class   := combi;
  in      := [A,B];
  out     := [NAN];
  area    := 1;
  fan_in  := [1,1];
  delay   := [3];
  fan_out_factor := [1];
  max_fan_out := [8];
  function := [^A+^B];
  hilo_order := [A,B,NAN];
  method  := NAND{NAN,A,B};
end record;
cell NAND3 is record
  class   := combi;
  in      := [A,B,C];
  out     := [NAN];
  area    := 2;
  fan_in  := [1,1,1];

```

```

    delay           := [5];
    fan_out_factor  := [1];
    max_fan_out     := 8;
    function        := [^A+^B+^C];
    hilo_order      := [A,B,C,NAN];
end record;
cell NAND4 is record
    class           := combi;
    in              := [A,B,C,D];
    out             := [NAN];
    area           := 2;
    fan_in          := [1,1,1,1];
    delay          := [6];
    fan_out_factor  := [1];
    max_fan_out     := 8;
    function        := [^A+^B+^C+^D];
    hilo_order      := [A<B,C,D,NAN];
end record;
cell NAND5 is record
    class           := combi;
    in              := [A,B,C,D,E];
    out             := [NAN];
    area           := 3;
    fan_in          := [1,1,1,1,1];
    delay          := [6];
    fan_out_factor  := [2];
    max_fan_out     := 8;
    function        := [^A+^B+^C+^D+^E];
    hilo_order      := [A,B,C,D,E,NAN];
end record;
cell NAND8 is record
    class           := combi;
    in              := [A,B<C,D,E,F,G,H];
    out             := [NAN];
    area           := 6;
    fan_in          := [1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1];
    delay          := [9];
    fan_out_factor  := [1];
    max_fan_out     := 8;
    function        := [^A+^B+^C+^D+^E+^F+^G+^H];
    hilo_order      := [A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H,NAN];
end record;
cell NANDI3 is record
** replaced combi by unknown, to avoid use at lucas synthesis level,
** because it is used when only three inputs connected
    **class           := combi;
    class             := unknown;
    in                := [A,B,C,E];

```

```

    out           := [NAN,EN];
    area          := 2;
    fan_in        := [1,1,1,1];
    delay         := [5,3];
    fan_out_factor := [1,1];
    max_fan_out   := 8;
    function      := [^A+^B+^C+^E];
    hilo_order    := [A,B,C,NAN,E,EN];
end record;
cell NOR2 is record
    class        := combi;
    in           := [A,B];
    out          := [NOR];
    area         := 1;
    fan_in       := [1,1];
    delay        := [3];
    fan_out_factor := [2];
    max_fan_out  := [8];
    function     := [^A.^B];
    hilo_order   := [A,B,NOR];
    method      := NOR[NOR,A,B];
end record;
cell NOR3 is record
    class        := combi;
    in           := [A,B,C];
    out          := [NOR];
    area         := 2;
    fan_in       := [1,1,1];
    delay        := [4];
    fan_out_factor := [3];
    max_fan_out  := 8;
    function     := [^A.^B.^C];
    hilo_order   := [A,B,C,NOR];
end record;
cell NOR4 is record
    class        := combi;
    in           := [A,B,C,D];
    out          := [NOR];
    area         := 2;
    fan_in       := [1,1,1,1];
    delay        := [11];
    fan_out_factor := [3];
    max_fan_out  := 8;
    function     := [^A.^B.^C.^D];
    hilo_order   := [A,B,C,D,NOR];
end record;
cell NOR5 is record
    class        := combi;

```

```

in           := [A,B,C,D,E];
out          := [OR,NOR];
area        := 4;
fan_in      := [1,1,1,1,1];
delay       := [14,14];
fan_out_factor := [1,1];
max_fan_out := 8;
function    := [A+B+C+D+E,^A.^B.^C.^D.^E];
hilo_order  := [A,B,C,D,E,];
end record;
cell NOR8 is record
class       := combi;
in          := [A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H];
out         := [NOR];
area        := 6;
fan_in      := [1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1];
delay       := [15];
fan_out_factor := [1];
max_fan_out := 8;
function    := [^A.^B.^C.^D.^E.^F.^G.^H];
hilo_order  := [A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H,NOR];
end record;
cell NORI3 is record
** replaced combi by unknown, to avoid use at lucas synthesis level,
** because it is used when only three inputs connected
**class       := combi;
class          := unknown;
in             := [A,B,C,E];
out            := [NOR,EN];
area           := 2;
fan_in         := [1,1,1,1];
delay          := [4,3];
fan_out_factor := [3,1];
max_fan_out    := 8;
function       := [^A.^B.^C.^E];
hilo_order     := [A,B,C,NOR,E,EN];
end record;
cell AND2 is record
class          := combi;
in             := [A,B];
out            := [AND,NAN];
area           := 2;
fan_in         := [1,1];
delay          := [5,5];
fan_out_factor := [1,1];
max_fan_out    := 8;
function       := [A.B,^(A.B)];
hilo_order     := [A,B,AND,NAN];

```



```

    method      := AND[AND,A,B];
end record;
cell AND3 is record
  class        := combi;
  in           := [A,B,C];
  out          := [AND,NAN];
  area        := 2;
  fan_in       := [1,1,1];
  delay        := [6,6];
  fan_out_factor := [1,1];
  max_fan_out  := 8;
  function     := [A.B.C,^(A.B.C)];
  hilo_order  := [A,B,C,AND,NAN];
end record;
cell AND4 is record
  class        :=combi;
  in           := [A,B,C,D];
  out          := [AND,NAN];
  area        := 3;
  fan_in       := [1,1,1,1];
  delay        := [7,7];
  fan_out_factor := [1,1];
  max_fan_out  := 8;
  function     := [A.B.C.D,^(A.B.C.D)];
  hilo_order  := [A,B,C,D,AND,NAN];
end record;
cell ANDI2 is record
** replaced combi by unknown, to avoid use at lucas synthesis level,
** because it is used when only two inputs conected
  **class      := combi;
  class        := unknown;
  in           := [A,B,E];
  out          := [AND,NAN,EN];
  area        := 2;
  fan_in       := [1,1,1];
  delay        := [5,5,3];
  fan_out_factor := [1,1,1];
  max_fan_out  := 8;
  function     := [A.B,^(A.B),^E];
  hilo_order  := [A,B,AND,NAN,E,EN];
  method      := AND[AND,A,B];
end record;
cell ANDI4 is record
** replaced combi by unkonwn, to avoid use at lucas synthesis level.
** because it is used when only four inputs connected
  **class      := combi;
  class        := unknown;
  in           := [A,B,C,D,E];

```

```

    out           := [AND,NAN,EN];
    area          := 3;
    fan_in        := [1,1,1,1,1];
    delay         := [7,7,3];
    fan_out_factor := [1,1,1];
    max_fan_out   := 8;
    function      := [A.B.C.D,^A.B.C.D.^E];
    hilo_order    := [A,B,C,D,AND,NAN,E,EN];
end record;
cell OR2 is record
  class          := combi;
  in             := [A,B];
  out            := [OR,NOR];
  area          := 2;
  fan_in        := [1,1];
  delay         := [5,5];
  fan_out_factor := [1,1];
  max_fan_out   := 8;
  function      := [A+B,^(A+B)];
  hilo_order    := [A,B,OR,NOR];
  method       := OR[OR,A,B];
end record;
cell OR3 is record
  class          := combi;
  in             := [A,B,C];
  out            := [OR,NOR];
  area          := 2;
  fan_in        := [1,1,1];
  delay         := [6,6];
  fan_out_factor := [1,1];
  max_fan_out   := 8;
  function      := [A+B+C,^(A+B+C)];
  hilo_order    := [A,B,C,OR,NOR];
end record;
cell OR4 is record
  class          := combi;
  in             := [A,B,C,D];
  out            := [OR,NOR];
  area          := 3;
  fan_in        := [1,1,1,1];
  delay         := [9,9];
  fan_out_factor := [1,1];
  max_fan_out   := 8;
  function      := [A=B=C=D,^(A+B+C+D)];
  hilo_order    := [A,B,C,D,OR,NOR];
end record;
cell ORI2 is record
** replaced combi by unknown, to avoid use at lucas synthesis level.

```

```

...

** because it is used when only two inputs connected
**class      := combi;
class        := unkonwn
in           := [A,B,E];
out          := [OR,NOR,EN];
area        := 2;
fan_in       := [1,1,1];
delay       := [5,5,3];
fan_out_factor := [1,1,1];
max_fan_out  := 8;
function     := [A+B,^(A+B),^E];
hilo_order   := [A,B,OR,NOR,E,EN];
method       := OR[OR,A,B];
end record;
cell ORI4 is record
** replaced combi by unknown, to avoid use at lucas synthesis level.
** because it is used when only four inputs connected
**class      := combi;
class        := unknown
in           := [A,B,C,D,E];
out          := [OR,NOR,EN];
area        := 3;
fan_in       := [1,1,1,1,1];
delay       := [9,9,3];
fan_out_factor := [1,1,1];
max_fan_out  := 8;
function     := [A+B=C+D,^(A+B+C+D),^E];
hilo_order   := [A,B,C,D,OR,NOR,E,EN];
end record;
cell EXOR is record
class        := combi;
in           := [A,B];
out          := [XOR,NOR];
area        := 3;
fan_in       := [1,1];
delay       := [2,2];
fan_out_factor := [2,2];
max_fan_out  := 8;
function     := [A.^B+^A.B,^A.^B];
hilo_order   := [A,B,XOR,NOR];
method       := [EXOR [XOR,A,B];
end record;
cell EXNOR is record
class        := combi;
in           := [A,B];
out          := [XNO,NAN];
area        := 3;
fan_in       := [4];

```

```

    delay          := [4,4];
    fan_out_factor := [1,1];
    max_fan_out    := 8;
    function       := [A.B+^A.^B,^A+^B];
    hilo_order     := [A,B,XNO,NAN];
end record;
cell INV2 is record
** replaced combi by unkonwn, to avoid use of lucas synthesis level,
** because it is used when only one input connected
  **class        := combi;
  class          := unknown;
  in             := [A,B];
  out            := [AN,BN];
  area          := 1;
  fan_in        := [1,1];
  delay         := [3,3];
  fan_out-factor := [1,1];
  max_fan_out   := 8;
  function      := [^A,^B];
  hilo_order    := [A,AN,B,BN];
end record;
cell INVS is record
** replaced combi by unknown, to avoid use at lucas synthesis level,
** because it is used when only one input connected
  **class        := cimbi;
  class          := unknown;
  in             := [AIN];
  out            := [AN,OUT];
  area          := 1;
  fan_in        := [1];
  delay         := [4,5];
  fan_out_factor := [1,1];
  max_fan_out   := 8;
  function      := [^AIN,AIN];
  hilo_order    := [AIN,AN,OUT];
end record;
cell INVP is record
** replaced combi by unknown, to avoid use at lucas synthesis level,
** because it is used at the place of INV1
  **class        := combi;
  class          := unknown;
  in             := [IN];
  out            := [INN];
  area          := 1;
  fan_in        := [2];
  delay         := [1];
  fan_out_factor := [1];
  max_fan_out   := 8;

```

```

function      := [^IN];
hilo_order   := [IN,INN];
end record;
class        := combi;
in           := [A];
out          := [AN];
area         := 1;
fan_in       := [1];
delay        := [3];
fan_out_factor := [1];
max_fan_out  := 8;
function     := [^A];
hilo_order   := [A,AN];
method       := INV[AN,A];
end record;
cell AOI2W44 is record
class        := combi;
in           := [A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H];
out          := [OUT];
area         := 4;
fan_in       := [1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1];
delay        := [16];
fan_out_factor := [2];
max_fan_out  := 8;
function     := [^(A.B.C.D+E.F.G.H)];
hilo_order   := [A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H,OUT];
end record;
cell AOI2W33 is record
class        := combi;
in           := [A,B,C,D,E,F];
out          := [OUT];
area         := 3;
fan_in       := [1,1,1,1,1,1];
delay        := [12];
fan_out_factor := [2];
max_fan_out  := 8;
function     := [^(A.B.C+D.E.F)];
hilo_order   := [A,B,C,D,E,F,OUT];
end record;
cell OAI2W33 is record
class        := combi;
in           := [A,B,C,D,E,F];
out          := [OUT];
area         := 3;
fan_in       := [1,1,1,1,1,1];
delay        := [13];
fan_out_factor := [3];
max_fan_out  := 8;

```

```

    function      := [^(A+B+C) . (D+E+F)];
    hilo_order    := [A,B,C,D,E,F,OUT];
end record;
cell AOI2W22 is record
    class         := combi;
    in            := [A,B,C,D];
    out          := [OUT];
    area         := 2;
    fan_in       := [1,1,1,1];
    delay        := [8];
    fan_out_factor := [2];
    max_fan_out   := 8;
    function      := [^(A.B+C.D)];
    hilo_order    := [A,B,C,D,OUT];
end record;
cell OAOI2W2 is record
    class         := combi;
    in            := [A,B,C,D];
    out          := [OUT];
    area         := 2;
    fan_in       := [1,1,1,1];
    delay        := [12];
    fan_out_factor := [2];
    max_fan_out   := 8;
    function      := [^(A+B).C)+D)];
    hilo_order    := [A,B,C,D,OUT];
end record;
cell AOI2W21 is record
    class         := combi;
    in            := [A,B,C];
    out          := [OUT];
    area         := 2;
    fan_in       := [1,1,1];
    delay        := [6];
    fan_out_factor := [2];
    max_fan_out   := 8;
    function      := [^(A+B.C)];
    hilo_order    := [A,B,C,OUT];
end record;
cell OG0 is record
    class         := combi;
    in            := [A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I,J];
    out          := [OUT];
    area         := 5;
    fan_in       := [1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1];
    delay        := [6];
    fan_out_factor := [4];
    max_fan_out   := 8;

```

```

function      := [^A.(B+C).(D+E+F).(G+H+I+J)];
hilo_order   := [A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I,J,OUT];
end record;
cell CG1 is record
class        := combi;
in           := [A,B,C,D,E];
out          := [OUT];
area         := 3;
fan_in       := [1,1,1,1,1];
delay        := [9];
fan_out_factor := [2];
max_fan_out  := 8;
function     := [^((A.B)+C).(E+E)];
hilo_order   := [A,B,C,D,e,OUT];
end record;
cell OAIW22
class        := combi;
in           := [A,B,C,D];
out          := [OUT];
area         := 2;
fan_in       := [1,1,1,1];
delay        := [5];
fan_out_factor := [2];
max_fan_out  := 8;
function     := [^((A+B).(C+D))];
hilo_order   := [A,B,C,D,OUT];
end record;
cell AOOIW22 is record
class        := combi;
in           := [A,B,C,D];
out          := [OUT];
area         := 2;
fan_in       := [1,1,1,1];
delay        := [5];
fan_out_factor := [2];
max_fan_out  := 8;
function     := [^((A.B)+(C+D))];
hilo_order   := [A,B,C,D,OUT];
end record;
cell OAI2W21 is record
class        := combi;
in           := [A,B,C];
out          := [OUT];
area         := 2;
fan_in       := [1,1,1];
delay        := [3];
fan_out_factor := [2];
max_fan_out  := 8;

```

```

function      := [^(A.(B+C))];
hilo_order   := [A,B,C,OUT];
end record;
cell AOAI2W2 is record
class        := combi;
in           := [A,B,C,D];
out         := [OUT];
area        := 2;
fan_in      := [1,1,1,1];
delay       := [6];
fan_out_factor := [2];
max_fan_out := 8;
function    := [^(A.B)+C.D]);
hilo_order  := [A,B,C,D,OUT];
end record;
cell AOAI2W22 is record
class        := combi;
in           := [A,B,C,D];
out         := [OUT];
area        := 2;
fan_in      := [1,1,1,1];
delay       := [7];
fan_out_factor := [2];
max_fan_out := 8;
function    := [^(A.B).(C+D))];
hilo_order  := [A,B,C,D,OUT];
end record;

cell LATCH is record
in           := [D,E,EN];
out         := [Q,QN];
class       := seq;
area        := 2;
fan_in      := [1,1,1];
delay       := [6,5];
fan_out_factor := [1,1];
max_fan_out := [D.E,^(CD.E)];
hilo_order  := [D,E,EN,Q,QN];
end record;
cell LATCHR is record
in           := [D,E,EN,R];
out         := [Q,QN];
class       := seq;
area        := 3;
fan_in      := [1,1,1,1];
delay       := [6,9];
fan_out_factor := [2,1];
max_fan_out := 8;

```



```

function      := [(D.E).^,^((D.E).^R)];
hilo_order    := [D,E,EN,R,Q,QN];
end record;
cell LATCHS is record
in            := [D,E,EN,S];
out          := [Q,QN];
class        := seq;
area         := 3;
fan_in       := [1,1,1,1];
delay        := [5,5];
fan_out_factor := [1,2];
max_fan_out  := 8;
function     := [(D.E)+S,^((D.E)+S)];
hilo_order   := [D,E,EN,S,Q,QN];
end record;
cell LATCHRN is record
in           := [D,E,EN,RN];
out         := [Q,QN];
class       := seq;
area        := 3;
fan_in      := [1,1,1,1];
delay       := [5,6];
fan_out_factor := [1,1];
max_fan_out := 8;
function    := [(D.E).RN,^((D.E).RN)];
hilo_order  := [D,E,EN,RN,Q,QN];

```

5,717,928

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Appendix A.5 - The .BAS file

Matra Design Semiconductor, Inc. 1989.

.AB/^E_MAC2
 .AB/^E_MAC2_GEN
 .AB/^E_MAC3
 .AB/^E_MAC3_GEN
 AND3_EXPAND1
 AND3_EXPAND2
 AND3_OUT2
 GASPBUF3STA_REMOVE
 BUF3STA_BO3N4
 GASPDDFRS_REMOVE1
 GASPDDFRS_REMOVE3
 DFFRNSN1_NQ_SUPP1
 DFFRNSN1_QNQ_SUPP1
 FORK_INV1_OUT_GEN_NOR
 FORK_INV1_OUT
 FORK_INV1_OUT_GEN
 FORK_INV1_IN_OUT_GEN
 FIN_DFFRN1_CK_QNQ
 FIN_DFFRN1_CK_Q
 FIN_DFFRN1_CK_NQ
 FIN_DFFRN1_RN_QNQ
 FIN_DFFRN1_RN_NQ
 NOFAN_SUPP1
 F3F3F3_ID13_MRG_GEN
 IDI3_F8
 IDI4_F8
 F2F2_F4_MRG_GEN
 F2F2F2_F6_MRG_GEN
 F3F3_F6_MRG_GEN
 F8_REM1
 F8_REM2
 ID11_REM
 F2_REM
 F3_REM
 F6_REM
 F8_REM
 NOFAN_REM
 ASS_DFFRN1_Q_GEN
 ASS_DFFRN1_Q_QN
 ASS_DFFRN1_QN_GEN
 ASS_DFFRN1_QN_Q
 ASS_DFFRN1_QN_Q_GEN
 ASS_DFFRSN1_QN_GEN
 INV1_INV1_NOR
 INV1_SUPP2_GEN
 INV1_INV2
 INV1_INV1
 NAND22_NAND2_GEN3

NAND2_NOR2_GEN
 NANDI3_MACRO1
 NAND3_INV1_IN3
 NOR2_INV1_I1
 NOR2_NAND2_GEN
 NORI3_MACRO1
 MUX1_REM
 OR2_EXPAND2
 OR2_INV1
 OR3_EXPAND2

```

rule ".AB/,^E_MAC2" <6> is
  in      : A,B,E;
  out     : AND,EN;
begin
  if
    (Z6$1) := NAND2 (A, B);
    (AND, EN) := INV2 (Z6$1, E);
  then
    (AND, , EN) := ANDI2 (A, B, E);
  end if;
end;
rule ".AB/,^E_MAC2_GEN" <6> is
  in      : A,B,E;
  out     : AND,EN;
  generic_out : NAN;
begin
  if
    (NAN) := NAND2 (A, B);
    (AND, EN) := INV2 (NAN, E);
  then
    (AND, NAN, EN) := ANDI2 (A, B, E);
  end if;
end;
rule ".AB/,^E_MAC3" <6> is
  in      : A,B,E;
  out     : AND,EN;
begin
  if
    (Z6$1) := NAND2 (A, B);
    (EN, AND) := INV2 (E, Z6$1);
  then
    (AND, , EN) := ANDI2 (A, B, E);
  end if;
end;
rule ".AB/,^E_MAC3_GEN" <6> is
  
```

```

in          : A,B,E;
out         : AND,EN;
generic_out : NAN;
begin
  if
    (NAN)      := NAND2 (A, B);
    (EN, AND)  := INV2 (E, NAN);
  then
    (AND, NAN, EN) := ANDI2 (A, B, E);
  end if;
end;

rule AND3_EXPAND1 <1> is
  IN          : A, B, E;
  OUT         : C, D;
begin
  if
    (D, C)      := AND3 (A, B, E);
  then
    (C)         := NAND3 (A, B, E); (D) := INVI (C);
  end if;
end;

rule AND3_EXPAND2 <1> is
  IN          : A, B, E;
  OUT         : D;
begin
  if
    (D,)       := AND3 (A, B, E);
  then
    (C)        := NAND3 (A, B, E); (D) := INVI (C);
  end if;
end;

rule AND3_OUT2 <1> is
  IN          : A, B, E;
  OUT         : C;
begin
  if
    (, C)      := AND3 (A, B, E);
  then
    (C)        := NAND3 (A, B, E);
  end if;
end;

rule GASPBUF3STA_REMOVE <1> is
  in          : in1, ena;
  out         : xxx;

```

```

begin
  if
    (xxx)          := GASPBUF3STA (inl, ena);
  then
    (nena)         := INVI (ena);
    (xxx)          := BUF3STA      (inl, nena);
  end if;
end;

rule BUF3STA_BO3N4 <2> is
  in              : inl, ena;
  out             : outl;
begin
  if
    (out1)        := BUF3STA (in1, ena);
  then
    (outl)        := BO3N4    (inl, ena);
  end if;
end;

rule GASPDFFRS_REMOVE1 <1> is
  in              : d, ck, r, s;
  out             : q, nq;
begin
  if
    (q, nq)       := GASPDFFRS (d, ck, r, s);
  then
    (rn)          := INVI (r); (sn)          := INVI (s);
    (q, nq)       := DFFRNSN1 (d, ck, m, sn);
  end if;
end;

rule GASPDFFRS_REMOVE3 <1> is
  in              : d, ck, r, s;
  out             : nq;
begin
  if
    (, nq)        := GASPDFFRS (d, ck, r, s);
  then
    (rn)          := INVI (r); (sn)          := INVI (s);
    (, nq)        := DFFRNSN1 (d, ck, m, sn);
  end if;
end;

rule DFFRNSN1_NQ_SUPP1 <3> is
  in              : d, ck, m;
  supply1        : sn;
  out            : nq;

```

```

generic_out      : sn;
begin
  if
    ( , nq)      := DFFRNSN1 (d, ck, rn, sn);
  then
    ( , nq)      := DFFRN1 (d, ck, m);
  end if;
end;

```

```

rule DFFRNSN1_QNQ_SUPP1 <3> is
  in              : d, ck, rn;
  supply1        : sn;
  out            : q, nq;
  generic_out    : sn;
begin
  if
    (q, nq)      := DFFRNSN1 (d, ck, rn, sn);
  then
    (g, nq)      := DFFRN1 (d, ck, m);
  end if;
end;

```

```

RULE FORK_INV1_OUT_GEN_NOR <1> IS
  IN              : A;
  OUT            : B, C;
  GENERIC_OUT    : GEN;
BEGIN
  IF
    (B)          := INV1 (A); (C)      := INV1 (A);
    (GEN)        := (A);
  THEN
    (Z)          := INV1 (A);
    (B)          := (Z); (C)          := (Z);
    (GEN)        := (A);
  END IF;
END;

```

```

RULE FORK_INV1_OUT <8> IS
  IN      :      A;
  OUT     :      B, C;
BEGIN
  IF
    (B)          := INV1 (A); (C)      := INV1 (A);
  THEN
    (Z)          := INV1 (A); (B)      := (Z); (C)      := (Z);
  END IF;
END;

```

```

RULE FORK_INV1_OUT_GEN <8> IS
  IN          : A;
  OUT         : B, C;
  GENERIC OUT : GEN;
BEGIN
  IF
    (B)          := INV1 (A); (C)          := INV1 (A);
    (GEN)        := (A);
  THEN
    (Z)          := INV1 (A);
    (B)          := (Z); (C)          := (Z);
    (GEN)        := (A);
  END IF;
END;

RULE FORK_INV1_IN_OUT_GEN <8> IS
  IN          : A;
  OUT         : B;
  GENERIC_OUT : GEN;
BEGIN
  IF
    (GEN)        := INV1 (A); (B)          := INV1 (GEN);
  THEN
    (GEN)        := INV1 (A); (B)          := (A);
  END IF;
END;

rule FIN_DFFRN1_CK_QNQ <11> is
  in          : D, CK, RN;
  out         : Q, QN;
  generic_out : CK;
begin
  if
    (Q, QN)      := DFFRN1 (D, CK, RN);
  then
    (FANIN)      := FAN3(CK);
    (Q, QN)      := DFFRN1 (D, FANIN, RN);
  end if;
end;

rule FIN_DFFRN1_CK_Q <11> is
  in          : D, CK, RN;
  out         : Q;
  generic_out : CK;
begin
  if
    (Q,)         := DFFRN1 (D, CK, RN);
  then

```



```

    (FANIN)      := FAN3(CK);
    (Q,)         := DFFRN1 (D, FANIN, RN);
end if;
end;

rule FIN_DFFRN1_CK_NQ <11> is
in          : D, CK, RN;
out         : QN;
generic_out : CK;
begin
if
    (, QN)      := DFFRN1 (D, CK, RN);

then
    (FANIN)     := FAN3(CK);
    (, QN)      := DFFRN1 (D, FANIN, RN);
end if;
end;

rule FIN_DFFRN1_RN_QNQ <11> is
in          : D, CK, RN;
out         : Q, QN;
generic_out : RN;
begin
if
    (Q, QN)     := DFFRN1 (D, CK, RN);
then
    (FANIN)     := FAN2(RN);
    (Q, QN)     := DFFRN1 (D, CK, FANIN);
end if;
end;

rule FIN_DFFRN1_RN_NQ <11> is
in          : D, CK, RN;
out         : QN;
generic_out : RN;
begin
if
    (, QN)      := DFFRN1 (D, CK, RN);
then
    (FANIN)     := FAN2(RN);
    (, QN)      := DFFRN1 (D, CK, FANIN);
end if;
end;

rule "NOFAN_SUPP1" <11> is
supply1    : ONEIN;
out        : ONEOUT;

```

```

    generic_out      : GEN;
begin
  if
    (ONEOUT)        := (ONEIN);
    (GEN)            := (ONEIN);
  then
    (ONEOUT, GEN)   := NOFAN (ONEIN);
  end if;
end;

```

```

rule "F3F3F3_ID13_MRG_GEN" <11> is
  in      : A;
  out     : B,C,D;
  generic_out : A;
begin
  if
    (D) :      = FAN3 (A);
    (C)      := FAN3 (A);
    (B)      := FAN3 (A);
  then
    (B, C, D) := ID13 (A);
  end if;
end;

```

```

rule "ID13_F8" <4> is
  in      : A;
  out     : B,C,D;
begin
  if
    (B, C, D) := ID13 (A);
  then
    (D)      := FAN8 (A);
    (B)      := (D);
    (C)      := (D);
  end if;
end;

```

```

rule "ID14_F8" <4> is
  in      : A;
  out     : B,C,D,E;
begin
  if
    (B, C, D, E) := ID14 (A);
  then
    (E)      := FAN8 (A);
    (B)      := (E);
    (C)      := (E);
    (D)      := (E);
  end if;
end;

```

```

end if;
end;

rule "F2F2_F4_MRG_GEN" <4> is
in      : A;
out     : B,C;
generic_out : A;
begin
if
(C)     := FAN2 (A);
(B)     := FAN2 (A);
then
(C)     := FAN4 (A);
(B)     := (C);
end if;
end;

rule "F2F2F2_F6_MRG_GEN" <4> is
in      : A;
out     : B,C,D;
generic_out : A;
begin
if
(D)     := FAN2 (A);
(C)     := FAN2 (A);
(B)     := FAN2 (A);
then
(D)     := FAN6 (A);
(B)     := (D);
(C)     := (D);
end if;
end;

rule "F3F3_F6_MRG_GEN" <4> is
in      : A;
out     : B,C;
generic_out : A;

begin
if
(C)     := FAN3 (A);
(B)     := FAN3 (A);
then
(C)     := FAN6 (A);
(B)     := (C);
end if;
end;

```

```

rule "F8_REM1" <4> is
  in      : A;
  out     : FAN;
  generic_out : GEN;
begin
  if
    (FAN)      := FAN8 (A);
    (GEN)      := (A);
  then
    (Z4$1)     := ID11 (A);
    (GEN)      := ID11 (Z4$1);
    (FAN)      := ID11 (Z4$1);
  end if;
end;

rule "F8_REM2" <4> is
  in      : A;
  out     : FAN;
  generic_out : NA,GEN;
begin
  if
    (NA)       := ID11 (A);
    (GEN)      := ID11 (NA);
    (FAN)      := FAN8 (GEN);
  then
    (NA)       := ID11 (A);
    (FAN)      := ID11 (NA);
    (GEN)      := ID11 (NA);
  end if;
end;

rule "ID11_REM" <14> is
  in      : A;
  out     : FAN;
begin
  if
    (FAN)      := ID11 (A);
  then
    (FAN)      := INV (A);
  end if;
end;

rule "F2_REM" <14> is
  in      : A;
  out     : FAN;
begin
  if
    (FAN)      := FAN2 (A);

```

```

        then
            (FAN)      := (A);
        end if;
    end;

rule "F3_REM" <14> is
    in      : A;
    out     : FAN;
begin
    if
        (FAN)      := FAN3 (A);
    then
        (FAN)      := (A);
    end if;
end;

rule "F6_REM" <14> is
    in      : A;
    out     : FAN;
begin
    if
        (FAN)      := FAN6 (A);
    then
        (FAN)      := (A);
    end if;
end;

rule "F8_REM" <14> is
    in      : A;
    out     : FAN;
begin
    if
        (FAN)      := FAN8 (A);
    then
        (FAN)      := (A);
    end if;
end;

rule "NOFAN_REM" <14> is
    in      : A;
    out     : NF1,NF2;
begin
    if
        (NF1, NF2) := NOFAN (A);
    then
        (NF1)      := (A);
        (NF2)      := (A);
    end if;
end;

```

```

    end if;
end;

rule ASS_DFFRN1_Q_GEN <8> is
  in      : D, CK, RN;
  out     : QN;
  generic_out : Q;
begin
  if
    (Q,)      := DFFRN1 (D, CK, RN);
    (QN)      := INV1 (Q);
  then
    (Q, QN)   := DFFRN1 (D, CK, RN);
  end if;
end;

rule ASS_DFFRN1_Q_QN <8> is
  in      : D, CK, RN;
  out     : QN, NOTQ;
begin
  if
    (Q, QN)   := DFFRN1 (D, CK, RN);
    (NOTQ)    := INV1 (Q);
  then
    (, QN)    := DFFRN1 (D, CK, RN);
    (NOTQ)    := (QN);
  end if;
end;

rule ASS_DFFRN1_QN_GEN <8> is
  in      : D, CK, RN;
  out     : Q;
  generic_out : QN;
begin
  if
    (, QN)    := DFFRN1 (D, CK, RN);
    (Q)       := INV1 (QN);
  then
    (Q, QN)   := DFFRN1 (D, CK, RN);
  end if;
end;

rule ASS_DFFRN1_QN_Q <8> is
  in      : D, CK, RN;
  out     : Q, NOTQN;
begin
  if
    (Q, QN)   := DFFRN1 (D, CK, RN);

```

```

    (NOTQN)      := INVI (QN);
  then
    (Q, )        := DFFRN1 (D, CK, RN);
    (NOTQN)      := (Q);
  end if;
end;

rule ASS_DFFRN1_QN_Q_GEN <8> is
  in              : D, CK, RN;
  out             : Q, NOTQN;
  generic_out     : QN;
begin
  if
    (Q, QN)       := DFFRN1 (D, CK, RN);
    (NOTQN)       := INVI (QN);
  then
    (Q, QN)       := DFFRN1 (D, CK, RN);
    (NOTQN)       := (Q);
  end if;
end;

rule ASS_DFFRNSN1_QN_GEN <8> is
  in              : D, CK, RN, SN;
  out             : Q;
  generic_out     : QN;
begin
  if
    (, QN)        := DFFRNSN1 (D, CK, RN, SN);
    (Q)           := INVI (QN);
  then
    (Q, QN)       := DFFRNSN1 (D, CK, RN, SN);
  end if;
end;

RULE INV1_INV1_NOR <1> IS
  IN              : A;
  OUT             : B;
BEGIN
  IF
    (Z)           := INV1 (A); (B) := INV1 (Z);
  THEN
    (B)           := (A);
  END IF;
END;

RULE INV1_SUPP2_GEN <3> IS

```

```

SUPPLY1      : One;
SUPPLY0      : Zero;
OUT          : A, One;
GENERIC_OUT  : Zero;
BEGIN
  IF
    (A)          := INV1 (Zero);
  THEN
    (A)          := (One);
  END IF;
END;

RULE INV1_INV2 <6> IS
  IN          : A, B;
  OUT         : NA, NB;
BEGIN
  IF
    (NA)        := INV1 (A); (NB)          := INV1 (B);
  THEN
    (NA, NB)    := INV2 (A, B);
  END IF;
END;

RULE INV1_INV1 <8> IS
  IN          : A;
  OUT         : B;
BEGIN
  IF
    (Z)         := INV1 (A); (B)          := INV1 (Z);
  THEN
    (B)         := (A);
  END IF;
END;

RULE NAND22_NAND2_GEN3 <8> IS
  IN          : A, B;
  OUT         : C, D;
  GENERIC_OUT : A, B;
BEGIN
  IF
    (C)         := NAND2 (A, B);
    (D)         := NAND2 (A, B);
  THEN
    (Z)         := NAND2 (A, B);
    (C)         := (Z); (D) := (Z);
  END IF;
END;

```



```

RULE NAND2_NOR2_GEN <8> IS
  IN          : A, B;
  OUT         : C;
  GENERIC_OUT : GEN;
BEGIN
  IF
    (Z)      := INV1 (A); (GEN)      := NAND2 (Z, B);
    (C)      := INV1 (GEN);
  THEN
    (Z)      := INV1 (B); (C)      := NOR2 (A, Z);
    (GEN)    := INV1 (C);
  END IF;
END;

RULE NANDI3_MACRO1 <6> IS
  IN          : A, B, C, E;
  OUT         : NAN, EN;
BEGIN
  IF
    (NAN)    := NAND3 (A, B, C);
    (EN)     := INV1 (E);
  THEN
    (NAN, EN) := NANDI3 (A, B, C, E);
  END IF;
END;

RULE NAND3_INV1_IN3 <8> IS
  IN          : A, B, C;
  OUT         : D;
BEGIN
  IF
    (NA)     := INV1 (A); (NB)     := INV1 (B); (NC)     := INV1
    (D)      := NAND3 (NA, NB, NC);
  THEN
    (Z)      := NOR3 (A, B, C);
    (D)      := INV1 (Z);
  END IF;
END;

RULE NOR2_INV1_11 <8> IS
  IN          : A, B;
  OUT         : Out1;
BEGIN
  IF
    (Z1)     := INV1 (A);
    (Z2)     := INV1 (B);
    (Out1)   := NOR2 (Z1, Z2);
  THEN

```

```

        (Z1)          := NAND2 (A, B);
        (Out1)       := INV1 (Z1);
    END IF;
END;

RULE NOR2_NAND2_GEN <8> IS
    IN          : A, B;
    OUT         : C;
    GENERIC_OUT : GEN;
BEGIN
    IF
        (Z)          := INV1 (A); (GEN)          := NOR2 (Z, B);
        (C)          := INV1 (GEN);
    THEN
        (Z)          := INV1 (B); (C)          := NAND2 (A, Z);
        (GEN)        := INV1 (C);
    END IF;
END;

RULE NORI3_MACRO1 <6> IS
    IN          : A, B, C, E;
    OUT         : NOR, EN;
BEGIN
    IF
        (NOR)       := NOR3 (A, B, C);
        (EN)        := INV1 (E);
    THEN
        (NOR, EN)   := NORI3 (A, B, C, E);
    END IF;
END;

rule MUX1_REM <1> is
    in          : A, B, E;
    out         : OUT1;
begin
    if
        (OUT1)      := MUX1 (A, B, E);
    then
        (NE)        := INV1 (E);
        (NOUT1)     := AOI2W22 (A, E, B, NE);
        (OUT1)      := INV1 (NOUT1);
    end if;
end;

rule OR2_EXPAND2 <1> is
    IN          : A, B;
    OUT         : D;
begin

```

```

if
  (D,)      := OR2 (A, B);
then
  (C)      := NOR2 (A, B); (D)      := INV1 (C);
end if;
end;

rule OR2_INV1 <8> is
  IN       : A, B;
  OUT      : C;
begin
  if
    (E)      := INV1 (B);
    (Z)      := NOR2 (A, E);
    (C)      := INV1 (Z);
  then
    (Z)      := INV1 (A);
    (C)      := NAND2 (Z, B);
  end if;
end;

rule OR3_EXPAND2 <1> is
  IN       : A, B, E;
  OUT      : D;
begin
  if
    (D,)      := OR3 (A, B, E);
  then
    (C)      := NOR3 (A, B, E); (D)      := INV1 (C);
  end if;
end;

```

Appendix A.6 the .NET File

Matra Design Semiconductor, Inc. 1989

```

*****
**
** Date           :    Wed Oct 10 12:32:22 PDT 1990
** Device         :    p22v10
** Technology     :    md
** Path           :    /usr/desdisk2/design/bfl1-
** From Abel(R)  :    eval.abl
** To Hilo(R)    :    eval.cct
*****
*
** PIN 1 -> clk25_      PIN 2      -> db00
** PIN 3 -> db01       PIN 4      -> db02
** PIN 5 -> vsync      PIN 6      -> sccint_
** PIN 7 -> hwyc_     PIN 8      -> ba02
** PIN 9 -> rd_       PIN 10     -> res_
** PIN 11-> ate_      PIN 13     -> ba04
** PIN 14-> intenb_   PIN 15     -> csdone_
** PIN 16-> cyctl_    PIN 17     -> rdctl_
** PIN 18-> rdstat_   PIN 19     -> vihdl_
** PIN 20-> vi        PIN 21     -> vien
** PIN 22-> sien      PIN 23     -> vidon
*****
WITH $LIB/MD;
CIRCUIT EVAL IS

IN      : PIN1, PIN2, PIN3, PIN4, PIN5, PIN6, PIN7, PIN8, PIN9, PIN10, PIN11,
        PIN1
SUPPLY0 :SZERO;
SUPPLY1 : SONE;
OUT     : SZERO, SONE, PIN18, PIN19, PIN16, PIN20, PIN15, PIN21, PIN17,
        PIN22, PIN23, PIN14;

BEGIN
GN13PD (N13PD) := BUFINTTL (PIN13);
GN11PD (N11PD) := BUFINTTL (PIN11);
GN10PD (N10PD) := BUFINTTL (PIN10);
GN9PD (N9PD)  := BUFINTTL (PIN9);
GN8PD (N8PD)  := BUFINTTL (PIN8);
GN7PD (N7PD)  := BUFINTTL (PIN7);
GN6PD (N6PD)  := BUFINTTL (PIN6);
GN5PD (N5PD)  := BUFINTTL (PIN5);
GN4PD (N4PD)  := BUFINTTL (PIN4);
GN3PD (N3PD)  := BUFINTTL (PIN3);
GN2PD (N2PD)  := BUFINTTL (PIN2);
GZ1271 (Z1271) := INVP (Z1301);
GZ1281 (Z1281) := INVP (Z1301);
GZ1291 (Z1291) := INVP (Z1301);
GZ1301 (Z1301) := INVP (N1PD);

```

```

GN1PD (N1PD)      := BUFINTTL (PIN1);
GZ1311 (Z1311)   := INV2 (Z1401);
GZ1011 (PIN21)   := BO3N4 (Z1381, Z1021);
GZ1021 (Z1021)   := NAND2 (Z1233, Z1031);
GZ1321 (Z1321, Z1322) := DFFRN1 (Z1112, Z1291, Z1311);
GZ1001 (PIN22)   := BO3N4 (Z1331, Z1021);
GZ951 (Z951)     := AOI2W22 (Z1331, Z1211, N3PD, Z1113);
GZ1331 (Z1331, Z1332) := DFFRN1 (Z972, Z1271, Z1391);
GZ971 (Z971, Z972) := NAND3 (N8PD, Z1233, Z1112, Z951);
GZ1341 (Z1341, Z1342) := DFFRN1 (Z1091, Z1271, Z1311);
GZ1091 (Z1091, Z1092, Z1093) := ANDI2 (Z1322, Z1112, Z1021);
GZ1101 (PIN15)   := BO3N4 (Z1342, Z1111);
GZ1111 (Z1111, Z1112, Z1113) := ORI2 (N7PD, N13PD, Z1211);
GZ1121 (PIN14)   := BO3N4 (Z1032, Z1192);
GZ1131 (PIN17)   := BO3N4 (Z1021, Z1192);
GZ1141 (PIN16)   := BO3N4 (Z1322, Z1192);
GZ1161 (PIN18)   := BO3N4 (Z971, Z1192);
GZ1171 (PIN23)   := BO3N4 (Z1351, Z1192);
GZ1351 (Z1351, Z1352) := DFFRN1 (Z1191, Z1281, Z1391);
GZ1191 (Z1191, Z1192) := INV2 (Z1201, N11PD);
GZ1201 (Z1201)   := AOI2W22 (Z1351, Z1211, N2PD, Z1113);
GZ1211 (Z1211)   := NAND3 (Z1341, N9PD, Z1031);
GZ1031 (Z1031, Z1032) := NORI3 (N13PD, N7PD, N8PD, N14MX);
GN14MX (N14MX)   := AOI2W22 (N6PD, Z1332, Z1382, Z1362);
GZ1041 (PIN20)   := BO3N4 (Z1361, Z1021);
GZ1361 (Z1361, Z1362) := DFFRN1 (Z1072, Z1291, Z1391);
GZ1151 (PIN19)   := BO3N4 (Z1372, Z1192);
GNN19MX (NN19MX) := AOI2W21 (N5PD, Z1371, Z1021);
GZ1371 (Z1371, Z1372) := DFFRN1 (Z1071, Z1291, Z1311);
GZ1071 (Z1071, Z1072) := INV2 (NN19MX, Z1081);
GZ1081 (Z1081, Z1082) := NORI3 (Z1371, Z1093, N5PD, Z981);
GZ981 (Z981)     := AOI2W22 (Z1381, Z1211, N4PD, Z1113);
GZ1381 (Z1381, Z1382) := DFFRN1 (Z1082, Z1271, Z1391);
GZ1391 (Z1391)   := INV2 (Z1401);
GZ1401 (Z1401)   := INV2 (Z1231);
GZ1231 (Z1231, Z1232, Z1233) := ANDI2 (N10PD, N11PD, N9PD);
GN11PD (N11PD)   := POR (SONE);
END;

```

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Appendix A.7 the .CCT File

Matra Design Semiconductor, Inc. 1989

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*** FIRST PAGE OF SCAN ***

 ** Date : Wed Oct 10 12:32:22 PDT1990

** Device : p22v10

** Technology : md

** Path : /usr/desdisk2/design/bill

** From Abel(R) : eval.abl

** To Hilo(R) : eval.cct

** PIN 1 -> clk25 PIN 2 -> db00
 ** PIN 3 -> db01 PIN 4 -> db02
 ** PIN 5 -> vsync PIN 6 -> sccint
 ** PIN 7 -> hwycyc_ PIN 8 -> ba02
 ** PIN 9 -> rd_ PIN 10 -> res_
 ** PIN 11 -> ate_ PIN 13 -> ba04
 ** PIN 14 -> intenb_ PIN 15 -> csdone_
 ** PIN 16 -> cycnt_ PIN 17 -> rdcnt_
 ** PIN 18 -> rdstat_ PIN 19 -> vihld_
 ** PIN 20 -> vi PIN 21 -> vien
 ** PIN 22 -> sien PIN 23 -> vidon

CCT CMOS PS 100 EVAL (PIN1, PIN2, PIN3, PIN4, PINS, PIN6, PIN7, PIN8, PIN9
 , PIN10, PIN11, PIN13, PIN14, PIN15, PIN16, PIN17, PIN18
 , PIN19, PIN20, PIN21, PIN22, PIN23)

BUFINTTL GN13PD (PIN13, N13PD);
 BUFINTTL GN11PD (PIN11, N11PD);
 BUFINTTL GN10PD (PIN10, N10PD);
 BUFINTTL GN9PD (PIN9, N9PD);
 BUFINTTL GN8PD (PIN8, N8PD);
 BUFINTTL GN7PD (PIN7, N7PD);
 BUFINTTL GN6PD (PIN6, N6PD);
 BUFINTTL GN5PD (PIN5, N5PD);
 BUFINTTL GN4PD (PIN4, N4PD);
 BUFINTTL GN3PD (PIN3, N3PD);
 BUFINTTL GN2PD (PIN2, N2PD);
 INVP GZ1271 (Z1301, Z1271);
 INVP GZ1281 (Z1301, Z1281);
 INVP GZ1291 (Z1301, Z1291);
 INVP GZ1301 (N1PD, Z1301);
 BUFINTTL GN1PD (PIN1, N1PD);
 INVP GZ1311 (Z1401, Z1311);
 BO3N4 GZ1011 (Z1381, Z1021, PIN21);
 NAND2 GZ1021 (Z1233, Z1031, Z1021);
 DFFRN1 GZ1321 (Z1112, Z1291, Z1311, , Z1322);
 BO3N4 GZ1001 (Z1331, Z1021, PIN22);
 AOI2W22 GZ951 Z1331, Z1211, N3PD, Z1113, Z951);

DFFRN1	GZ1331	(Z972, Z1271, Z1391, Z1331, Z1332);
NANDI3	GZ971	(N8PD, Z1233, Z1112, Z971, Z951, Z972);
DFFRN1	GZ1341	(Z1091, Z1271, Z1311, Z1341, Z1342);
ANDI2	GZ1091	(Z1322, Z1112, Z1091, , Z1021, Z1093);
BO3N4	GZ1101	(Z1342, Z1111, PIN15);
ORI2	GZ1111	(N7PD, N13PD, Z1111, Z1112, Z1211, Z1113);
BO3N4	GZ1121	(Z1032, Z1192, PIN14);
BO3N4	GZ1131	(Z1021, Z1192, PIN17);
BO3N4	GZ141	(Z1322, Z1192, PIN16);
BO3N4	GZ1161	(Z971, Z1192, PIN18);
BO3N4	GZ1171	(Z1351, Z1192, PIN23);
DFFRN1	GZ1351	(Z1191, Z1281, Z1391, Z1351,);
INV2	GZ1191	(Z1201, Z1191, N11PD, Z1192);
AOI2W22	GZ1201	(Z1351, Z1211, N2PD, Z1113, Z1201);
NAND3	GZ1211	(Z1341, N9PD, Z1031, Z1211);
NORI3	GZ1031	(N13PD, N7PD, N8PD, Z1031, N14MX, Z1032);
OAI2W22	GNI4MX	(N6PD, Z1332, Z1382, Z1362, N14MX);
BO3N4	GZ1041	(Z1361, Z1021, PIN20);
DFFRN1	GZ1361	(Z1072, Z1291, Z13191, Z1361, Z1362);
BO3N4	GZ1151	(Z1372, Z1192, PIN19);
AOI2W21	GNN19MX	(N5PD, Z1371, Z1021, NN19MX);
DFFRN1	GZ1371	(Z1071, Z1291, Z1311, Z1371, Z1372);
INV2	GZ1071	(NN19MX, Z1071, Z1081, Z1072);
NORI3	GZ1081	(Z1371, Z1093, N5PD, Z1081, Z981, Z1082);
AOI2W22	GZ981	(Z1381, Z1211, N4PD, Z1113, Z981);
DFFRN1	GZ1381	(Z1082, Z1271, Z1391, Z1381, Z1382);
INVP	GZ1391	(Z1401, Z1391);
INVP	GZ1401	(Z1231, Z1401);
ANDI2	GZ1231	(N10PD, N1NPWR, Z1231, , N9PD, Z1233);
POR	GN1NPWR	(SONE, N1NPWR);
SUPPLY1	SONE;	
WIRE N13PD N11PD N10PD N9PD N8PD N7PD N6PD N5PD N4PD N3PD N2PD Z1271		
Z1281 Z1291 Z1301 N1PD Z1311 Z1021 Z1322 Z951 Z1331 Z1332 Z971 Z972		
Z1341 Z1342 Z1091 Z1093 Z1111 Z1112 Z1113 Z1351 Z1191 Z1192 Z1201 Z1211		
Z1031 Z1032 N14MX Z1361 Z1362 NN19MX Z1371 Z1372 Z1071 Z1072 Z1081		
Z1082 Z981 Z1381 Z1382 Z1391 Z1401 Z1231 Z1233 N1NPWR;		
INPUT PIN13 PIN11 PIN10 PIN9 PIN8 PIN7 PIN6 PIN5 PIN4 PIN3 PIN2 PIN1 ; WIRE		
PIN23 PIN22 PIN21 PIN20 PIN19 PIN18 PIN17 PIN16 PIN15 PIN14 ;		

Appendix A.8 the .KDB File

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```
pld: pal;
type: DFFRNSN;
data_out_term: q;
data_bar_out_term: nq;
data_in_term: d;
clock_waveform:
{
PIN1 :=0; PIN1 :=1; learn;
}
incremental: yes;
display: yes
store_all_edges: yes
constraint_1: { PIN1 } := x;
constraint_2: { PIN13 } := x;
end:pal;
```

Appendix A.9 the .DWL File

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WAVEFORM EVAL;

INPUT PIN13 PIN11 PIN10 PIN9 PIN8 PIN7 PIN6 PIN5 PIN4 PIN3
PIN2 PIN1 ;

OUTPUT PIN23 PIN22 PIN21 PIN20 PIN19 PIN18 PIN17 PIN16 PIN15 PIN14 ;

BASE BIN;

INTERVAL 100;

STROBEOFFSET 70;

BEGIN

PIN13 := 0

PIN11 := 0

PIN10 := 0

PIN9 := 0

PIN8 := 0

PIN7 := 0

PIN6 := 0

PIN5 := 0

PIN4 := 0

PIN3 := 0

PIN2 := 0

PIN1 := 0;

learn ();

testgen (pal);

PIN13 := 1;

testgen (pal);

learn ();

.END

ENDWAVEFORM

Appendix A.10 the .TAB File

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29041 ZZZZZZZZ0Z001100011111101
32000 Z111ZZZZ0Z001000001111001
33000 Z111ZZZZ0Z001000001110001
34000 Z111ZZZZ0Z001000001111001
34041 Z111ZZZZ1Z001000001111001
37000 1111110010011000001111000
38000 1111110010011000001110000
39000 1111110010011000001111000
42000 1ZZZ111010011100001111100
43000 1ZZZ111010011100001110100
44000 1ZZZ111010011100001111100
48000 1ZZZ111010011100001110100
49000 1ZZZ111010011100001111100
53000 1ZZZ111010011100001110100
54000 1ZZZ111010011100001111100
57000 1ZZZ1110Z0111100001111110
58000 1ZZZ1110Z111111110111110
59000 1ZZZ1110Z1111111101110110
60000 1ZZZ1110Z111111110111110
60041 1ZZZ1111Z111111110111110
63000 1ZZZ1111Z111111111111110
64000 1ZZZ1111Z1111111111110110
65000 1ZZZ1111Z111111111111110
65041 1ZZZ0111Z011111111111110
68000 1ZZZ0111Z011111110111110
69000 1ZZZ0111Z0111111101110110

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70000 1ZZZ0111Z0111111101111110

74000 1ZZZ0111Z0111111101110110

75000 1ZZZ0111Z0111111101111110

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Appendix A.11 the .LOG file

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Log of simulation run on 10-OCT-90 at time 12:36:48

Running the HITEST test generator
 Running the HIFAULT simulator
 Loading the default version of circuit 'EVAL' time: 0.50 secs
 WARNING delay cell evaluated to ZERO on REGISTER GZ1321.Q1.Q1.Q1
 from rise - fall delays 0:0:0(0) - 0:0:0(0)
 its delay cell will be defaulted to UNIT
 WARNING delay cell evaluated to ZERO on REGISTER GZ1331.Q1.Q1.Q1
 from rise - fall delays 0:0:0(0) - 0:0:0(0)
 its delay cell will be defaulted to UNIT
 WARNING delay cell evaluated to ZERO on REGISTER GZ1341.Q1.Q1.Q1
 from rise - fall delays 0:0:0(0) - 0:0:0(0)
 its delay cell will be defaulted to UNIT
 WARNING delay cell evaluated to ZERO on REGISTER GZ1351.Q1.Q1.Q1
 from rise - fall delays 0:0:0(0) - 0:0:0(0)
 its delay cell will be defaulted to UNIT
 WARNING delay cell evaluated to ZERO on REGISTER GZ1361.Q1.Q1.Q1
 from rise - fall delays 0:0:0(0) - 0:0:0(0)
 its delay cell will be defaulted to UNIT
 WARNING delay cell evaluated to ZERO on REGISTER GZ1371.Q1.Q1.Q1
 from rise - fall delays 0:0:0(0) - 0:0:0(0)
 its delay cell will be defaulted to UNIT
 WARNING delay cell evaluated to ZERO on REGISTER GZ1381.Q1.Q1.Q1
 from rise - fall delays 0:0:0(0) - 0:0:0(0)
 its delay cell will be defaulted to UNIT
 Circuit Loading Complete took: 1.33 secs time: 1.83 secs
 Circuit EVAL has 100 picosecs scaling
 Number of subcircuit elements loaded = 69 (size= 8784 bytes)
 Number of primitive gates loaded = 92 (size= 3912 bytes)
 14 declaration expressions; 14 event statements; total size 3112 bytes
 Memory used for symbols and objects by loader = 23666 bytes
 Memory used for simulator structures by loader = 38344 bytes
 DWL Compiler
 Waveform EVAL compiled successfully
 DWL to Circuit Linker
 Reading circuit specific knowledge
 Compiling PLD frame PAL
 Blocking-off PAL element GZ1321.Q1.Q1
 Blocking-off PAL element GZ1331.Q1.Q1
 Blocking-off PAL element GZ1341.Q1.Q1
 Blocking-off PAL element GZ1351.Q1.Q1
 Blocking-off PAL element GZ1361.Q1.Q1
 Blocking-off PAL element GZ1371.Q1.Q1
 Blocking-off PAL element GZ1381.Q1.Q1
 Writing Q-Qbar signal relationships to knowledge data base
 Initialising simulator: time: 3.46 secs

Default set of faults contains:
156 top level stuck faults

Fault dictionary statistics:
156 entries

Loading of faults completed : took 0.17 secs (total 3.63 secs)
Full analysis of faults completed : took 0.05 secs (total 3.68 secs)
DWL Execution
111 faults to be simulated
Simulator initialised: took 0.20 secs (total 3.88 secs)
Trying to find stuck gates to block off
Dropping 0 undetectable stuck gate faults
Dropping 0 undetectable fuse faults
No stuck gates found
There are 12 real PIs and 12 Pseudo PIs
There are 10 real POs and 19 Pseudo POs
Decompiling knowledge data base to eval.kbo
Tabular (2.3) PRINTCHNGE with eval.tnm at time: 4.16 secs
Start simulation: took 0.35 secs (total 4.23 secs)

SIMULATOR START, number of faults 111
At time 1700 number of active faults is 78
Running PLD PAL with 78 active faults

** TG =====
** TG PLD PAL
** TG =====

Dynamic problem inserted:

Name: Spot_Faults; Use_Current_State: Yes; Raps: YES; Max_backtracks: 5
Overwriting value of USE_CURRENT_STATE in frame SPOT_FAULTS
Overwriting value of RAPT in frame SPOT_FAULTS
Overwriting value of MAX_BACKTRACKS in frame SPOT_FAULTS

** TG Problem SPOT_FAULTS
** TG Constraint PIN1 := X;
** TG Constraint PIN13 := X;
** TG Working in Combinational Area (Default)
** TG Trying to catch stuck-at-0 on NIIPD
** TG Trying to catch stuck-at-0 on Z1071
** TG Trying to catch 2 faults
** TG Applying RAPS to combinational area (Default)
** TG End_problem SPOT_FAULTS
At time 2700 number of active faults is 63
At time 5700 number of active faults is 47

** TG =====
** TG Task PAL repeated
** TG =====

Dynamic problem inserted:

Name: Spot_Faults; Use_Current_State: YES; Raps: YES; Max_backtracks: 5
Overwriting value of USE_CURRENT_STATE in frame SPOT_FAULTS

```

Overwriting value of RAPS in frame SPOT_FAULTS
Overwriting value of MAX_BACKTRACKS in frame SPOT_FAULTS
** TG Problem SPOT_FAULTS
** TG Constraint PIN1 := X;
** TG Constraint PIN13 := X;
Spot_faults was specified for problem SPOT_FAULTS but no faults were found that could be
detected in the current state of the circuit.
** TG No faults spotted
** TG Applying RAPS to combinational area (Default)
** TG End_problem SPOT_FAULTS
** TG =====
** TG Task PAL repeated
** TG =====
Dynamic problem inserted:
Name: Spot_Faults; Use_Current_State: NO; Raps: NO; Max_backtracks: 5
Overwriting value of USE_CURRENT_STATE in frame SPOT_FAULTS
Overwriting value of RAPS in frame SPOT_FAULTS
Overwriting value of MAX_BACKTRACKS in frame SPOT_FAULTS
** TG Problem SPOT_FAULTS
** TG Constraint PIN1 := X;
** TG Constraint PIN13 := X;
** TG Working in Combinational Area (Default)
** TG Trying to catch stuck-at-0 on Z1381
** TG Trying to catch stuck-at-0 on Z1331
** TG Trying to catch stuck-at-0 on N14MX
** TG Trying to catch stuck-at-1 on Z1322
** TG Trying to catch stuck-at-0 on Z1351
** TG Trying to catch stuck-at-0 on NN19MX
** TG Trying to catch 6 faults
** TG Using state-machine knowledge
** TG To change PAL
** TG From 0000110
** TG To 11X1101
Trying to move from state 0000110 to 11X1101
Searching state machine PAL
    
```

Input Wires	Old State	New State
PPPPPPPPPPP	ZZZZZZZ	ZZZZZZZ
IIIIIIIII	1111111	1911111
NNNNNNNNNNN	3333333	1701000
111987654321	2345678	1299778
310	2111111	2 11212
0XX000X0XXXX	X111XX1	01X1101
0XX0X0XXXXXX	1111XX1	0111XX1
0XXXX0XXXXXX	1101XX1	0111XX1
0XXI00XX111X	101XXXX	0111XX1
1XXXXXXXXXXXX	X1X1XX1	1101XX1

```

0XX100XX111X   X11XXXXX   01X1XX1
0XX100XX111X   X01XXXXX   01X1XX1
XXXXXXXXXXXXXX  X101XX1    X1X1XX1
0XX100XXX1XX   111XXXXX   011XXXXX
0XX100XXX1XX   101XXXXX   011XXXXX
0XXXX0XXXXXX   110XXXXX   011XXXXX
0XXXX0XXXXXX   1000110    00101X0
** TG          transition from State 0000110 to State X01XXXX
** TG          transition from State X01XXXX to State X1X1XX1
** TG          transition from State X1X1XX1 to State 0101XX1
** TG          transition from State 0101XX1 to State X111XX1
** TG          transition from State X111XX1 to State 11X1101
At time 12700 number of active faults is 46
At time 15700 number of active faults is 42
At time 17700 number of active faults is 40
At time 20700 number of active faults is 39
At time 22700 number of active faults is 38
At time 32700 number of active faults is 24
** TG End_problem SPOT_FAULTS
At time 37700 number of active faults is 16
At time 40700 number of active faults is 15
** TG =====
** TG Task PAL repeated
** TG =====
Dynamic problem inserted:
Name: Spot_Faults; Use_Current_State: NO; Raps: NO; Max_backtracks: 5
Overwriting value of USE_CURRENT_STATE in frame SPOT_FAULTS
Overwriting value of RAPS in frame SPOT_FAULTS
Overwriting value of MAX_BACKTRACKS in frame SPOT_FAULTS
** TG Problem SPOT_FAULTS
** TG          Constraint PIN1 := X;
** TG          Constraint PIN13 := X;
** TG          Working in Combinational Area (Default)
** TG          Trying to catch stuck-at-0 on N6PD
** TG          Trying to catch stuck-at-0 on Z1371
** TG          Trying to catch 2 faults
** TG          Using state-machine knowledge
** TG          To change PAL
** TG          From 1101101
** TG          To X1XX01X
Trying to move from state 1101101 to X1XX01X
Searching state machine PAL
Search failed
Trying to resolve problem
** TG End_problem SPOT_FAULTS
** TG Problem SPOT_FAULTS
** TG          Constraint PIN1 := X;
** TG          Constraint PIN13 := X;

```

```

** TG      Working in Combinational Area (Default)
** TG      Trying to catch stuck-at-1 on N6PD
** TG      Trying to catch stuck-at-1 on Z1371
** TG      Trying to catch 2 faults
** TG      Using state-machine knowledge
** TG      To      change PAL
** TG      From 1101101
** TG      To      X1XX00X

```

Trying to move from state 1101101 to X1XX00X
Searching state machine PAL

Input Wires	Old State	New State
PPPPPPPPPPPP	ZZZZZZZ	ZZZZZZZ
IIIIIIIIII	1111111	1911111
NNNNNNNNNNNN	3333333	1701000
111987654321	2345678	1299778
310	2111111	2 11212

```

XXX1XXX0XXXX 0101101      X101001
** TG      transition from State 1101101 to State X1XX00X

```

At time 45700 number of active faults is 13

```

** TG End_problem SPOT_FAULTS

```

```

** TG =====
** TG Task PAL repeated
** TG =====

```

Dynamic problem inserted:

Name: Spot_Faults; Use_Current_State: NO; Raps: NO; Max_backtracks: 5

Overwriting value of USE_CURRENT_STATE in frame SPOT_FAULTS

Overwriting value of RAPS in frame SPOT_FAULTS

Overwriting value of MAX_BACKTRACKS in frame SPOT_FAULTS

```

** TG Problem SPOT_FAULTS

```

```

** TG      Constraint PIN1 := X;

```

```

** TG      Constraint PIN13 := X;

```

```

** TG      Working in Combinational Area (Default)

```

```

** TG      Trying to catch stuck-at-0 on Z1081

```

```

** TG      Trying to catch 1 fault

```

```

** TG      End_problem SPOT_FAULTS

```

Failed to reach my fault-limit of 1

```

** TG =====
** TG End_PLD PAL
** TG =====

```

Test Generator: Fault analysis starting: time: 7.33 secs

Using a value of 50 for Max_backtracks

There are 13 active faults

10 faults left - 3 undetectable faults dropped

Fault Analysis Summary:

Detectable Faults	10
Possibly Detectable	0
Asynchronous Loops	0
Undetectable Faults	3

Test Generator: Fault analysis ended: took 0.40 secs (total 7.73 secs)

Running PLD PAL with 10 active faults

Exposing fault N6PD stuck-at-0

Exposing fault Z1371 stuck-at-0

Exposing fault Z1081 stuck-at-0

** TG =====

** TG PLD PAL

** TG =====

Dynamic problem inserted:

Name: Spot_Faults; Use_Current_State: Yes; Raps: YES; Max_backtracks: 5

Overwriting value of USE_CURRENT_STATE in frame SPOT_FAULTS

Overwriting value of RAPS in frame SPOT_FAULTS

Overwriting value of MAX_BACKTRACKS in frame SPOT_FAULTS

** TG Problem SPOT_FAULTS

** TG Constraint PIN1 := X;

** TG Constraint PIN13 := X;

** TG Working in Combinational Area (Default)

** TG Trying to catch stuck-at-0 on N6PD

** TG Trying to catch stuck-at-0 on Z1081

** TG Trying to catch 2 faults

** TG Applying RAPS to combinational area (Default)

** TG End_problem SPOT_FAULTS

At time 58700 number of active faults is 8

** TG =====

** TG Task PAL repeated

** TG =====

Dynamic problem inserted:

Name: Spot_Faults; Use_Current_State: YES; Raps: YES; Max_backtracks: 5

Overwriting value of USE_CURRENT_STATE in frame SPOT_FAULTS

Overwriting value of RAPS in frame SPOT_FAULTS

Overwriting value of MAX_BACKTRACKS in frame SPOT_FAULTS

** TG Problem SPOT_FAULTS

** TG Constraint PIN1 := X;

** TG Constraint PIN13 := X;

Spot_faults was specified for problem SPOT_FAULTS but no faults were found that could be detected in the current state of the circuit.

** TG NO faults spotted

** TG Applying RAPS to combinational area (Default)

** TG End_problem SPOT_FAULTS

** TG =====

** TG Task PAL repeated

** TG =====

Dynamic problem inserted:

Name: Spot_Faults; Use_Current_State: NO; Raps: NO; Max_backtracks: 5
 Overwriting value of USE_CURRENT_STATE in frame SPOT_FAULTS
 Overwriting value of RAPS in frame SPOT_FAULTS
 Overwriting value of MAX_BACKTRACKS in frame SPOT_FAULTS

** TG Problem SPOT_FAULTS

** TG Constraint PIN1 := X;
 ** TG Constraint PIN13 := X;
 ** TG Working in Combinational Area (Default)
 ** TG Trying to catch stuck-at-0 on Z1371
 ** TG Trying to catch 1 fault
 ** TG End_problem SPOT_FAULTS

At time 71700 number of active faults is 7

** TG =====
 ** TG Task PAL repeated
 ** TG =====

Dynamic problem inserted:

Name: Spot_Faults; Use_Current_State: NO; Raps: NO; Max_backtracks: 5
 Overwriting value of USE_CURRENT_STATE in frame SPOT_FAULTS
 Overwriting value of RAPS in frame SPOT_FAULTS
 Overwriting value of MAX_BACKTRACKS in frame SPOT_FAULTS

** TG Problem SPOT_FAULTS

** TG Constraint PIN1 := X;
 ** TG Constraint PIN13 := X;

Spot_faults was specified for problem SPOT_FAULTS but no faults were
 found that could be detected in the current state of the circuit.

** TG No faults spotted
 ** TG End_problem SPOT_FAULTS
 Failed to reach my fault-limit of 1

** TG =====
 ** TG End PLD PAL
 ** TG =====

Test Generator: Fault analysis starting: time: 8.45 secs
 Using a value of 50 for Max_backtracks
 There are 7 active faults
 7 faults left - 0 undetectable faults dropped

Fault Analysis Summary:

Detectable Faults	17
Possibly Detectable	0
Asynchronous Loops	0
Undetectable Faults	3

Test Generator: Fault analysis ended: took 0.35 secs (total 8.80 secs)
 Finish simulation: took 4.57 secs (total 8.80 secs)

Simulator finished: took 0.01 secs (total 8.81 secs)
 Written Fault Dictionary: took 0.05 secs (total 8.86 secs)

Fault Dictionary Summary:

fault	all faults					simulated faults				
	total	dropd	det'd	pdetd	catas	total	dropd	det'd	pdetd	catas
Stuck0	78	76	75	1	0	65	64	63	1	0
Stuck1	78	65	63	3	0	46	37	36	2	0
All	156	141	138	4	0	111	101	99	3	0
%s		92.8	90.8	2.6	0.0		93.5	91.7	2.8	0.0

%s are of detectable faults only.

Decompiling waveform produced into eval.tgo

DWL Decompiler

Decompiling knowledge data base to eval.kbo

***** Command 'EXIT' on 'SIMULATOR' page selected

Appendix A.12 the .SIM File

© Matra Design Semiconductor, Inc. 1989

```

$ Vector interval 200 ns.
$ TABTOARC REV 0.02 conversion for-
$CYCLE1
$NOSPIKE
$ACTIVITY
$LOAD 50  PIN23 PIN22 PIN21 PIN20 PIN19 PIN18 PIN17 PIN16
+          PIN15 PIN14
$
VCC CLK0 100
SPRINT    PIN9 PIN10 PIN11 PIN13 PIN1 PIN2 PIN3 PIN4 PIN5
+          PIN6 PIN7 PIN8
+          PIN14 PIN15 PIN16 PIN17 PIN18 PIN19 PIN20 PIN21
+          PIN22 PIN23
+          Z1192 Z1111 Z1021
$ $POC    PIN9 PIN10 PIN11 PIN13 PIN1 PIN2 PIN3 PIN4
$ +       PIN5 PIN6 PIN7 PIN8
$ +       PIN14 PIN15 PIN16 PIN17 PIN18 PIN19 PIN20
$ +       PIN21 PIN22 PIN23
$ +       Z1192 Z1111 Z1021
SPATTERN  PIN13 PIN11 PIN10 PIN9 PIN8 PIN7 PIN6 PIN5 PIN4 PIN3 PIN2
+          PIN1
2001  000000000000
2, 4001  011111011110
6001  011111011111
8001  001111011111
10001 001111011110
12001 001111011111
14001 001110011111
16001 001110011110
18001 001110011111
20001 001100011111
22001 001100011110
24001 001100011111
26001 101100011111
28001 101100011110
30001 101100011111
32001 001100011111
34001 001100011110
36001 001100011111
38001 001000001111
40001 001000001110
42001 001000001111
44001 011000001111
46001 011000001110
48001 011000001111
50001 011100001111
52001 011100001110
54001 011100001111
    
```

56001	011100001110
58001	011100001111
60001	011100001110
62001	011100001111
64001	111100001111
66001	111111011111
68001	111111011110
70001	111111011111
72001	111111111111
74001	111111111110
76001	111111111111
78001	111111011111
80001	111111011110
82001	111111011111
84001	111111011110

SEOP
\$TIME 87000 ,2000
SEND

Appendix A.13 the .IN File
Matra Design Semiconductor, Inc. 1989

```

$ Hilo2Arcis vl.01 Sept '89
$ Revised Date: 12:57 10/10/1990
$
$ARRAY MD
$VERIFY
$
$*****
$ Date           : Wed Oct 10 12:32:22 PDT 1990
$ Device         : p22v10
$ Technology     : md
$ Path           : /usr/desdisk2/design/bill
$ From Abel(R)  : eval.abl
$ To Hilo(R)    : eval.cct
$*****
$ PIN 1   -> clk25_          PIN 2   -> db00
$ PIN 3   -> db01           PIN 4   -> db02
$ PIN 5   -> vsync_         PIN 6   -> sccint_
$ PIN 7   -> hwcyc_         PIN 8   -> ba02
$ PIN 9   -> rd_            PIN 10  -> res
$ PIN 11  -> ate_           PIN 13  -> ba04
$ PIN 14  -> intenb_        PIN 15  -> csdone_
$ PIN 16  -> cycntl_        PIN 17  -> rdcntl_
$ PIN 18  -> rdstat_        PIN 19  -> vihld_
$ PIN 20  -> vi             PIN 21  -> vien
$ PIN 22  -> sien           PIN 23  -> vidon
$*****
*GN13PD    BUFINTTL  PIN13 N13PD
*GN11PD    BUFINTTL  PIN11 N11PD
*GN10PD    BUFINTTL  PIN10 N10PD
*GN9PD     BUFINTTL  PIN9 N9PD
*GN8PD     BUFINTTL  PIN8 N8PD
*GN7PD     BUFINTTL  PIN7 N7PD
*GN6PD     BUFINTTL  PIN6 N6PD
*GN5PD     BUFINTTL  PIN5 N5PD
*GN4PD     BUFINTTL  PIN4 N4PD
*GN3PD     BUFINTTL  PIN3 N3PD
*GN2PD     BUFINTTL  PIN2 N2PD
*GZ1271    INVP      Z1301 Z1271
*GZ1281    INVP      Z1301 Z1281
*GZ1291    INVP      Z1301 Z1291
*GZ1301    INVP      N1PD Z1301
*GN1PD     BUFINTTL  PIN1 N1PD
*GZ1311    INVP      Z1401 Z1311
*GZ1011    BO3N4     Z1381 Z1021 PIN21
*GZ1021    NAND2     Z1233 Z1031 Z1021
*GZ1321    DFFRN1    Z1112 Z1291 Z1311 N(0 Z1322
*GZ1001    BO3N4     Z1331 Z1021 PIN22
~GZ951     AOI2W22   Z1331 Z1211 N3PD Z1113 Z951

```

*GZ1331	DFFRN1	Z972 Z1271 Z1391 Z1331 Z1332
*GZ971	NANDI3	N8PD Z1233 Z1112 Z971 Z951 Z972
*GZ1341	DFFRN1	Z1091 Z1271 Z1311 Z1341 Z1342
*GZ1091	ANDI2	Z1322 Z1112 Z1091 N(1 Z1021 Z1093
*GZ1101	BO3N4	Z1342 Z1111 PIN15
*GZ1111	ORI2	N7PD N13PD Z1111 Z1112 Z1211 Z1113
*GZ1121	BO3N4	Z1032 Z1192 PIN14
*GZ1131	BO3N4	Z1021 Z1192 PIN17
*GZ1141	BO3N4	Z1322 Z1192 PIN16
*GZ1161	BO3N4	Z971 Z1192 PIN18
*GZ1171	BO3N4	Z1351 Z1192 PIN23
*GZ1351	DFFRN1	Z1191 Z1281 Z1391 Z1351 N(2
*GZ1191	INV2	Z1201 Z1191 N11PD Z1192
*GZ1201	AOI2W22	Z1351 Z1211 N2PD Z1113 Z1201
*GZ1211	NAND3	Z1341 N9PD Z1031 Z1211
*GZ1031	NORI3	N13PD N7PD N8PD Z1031 N14MX Z1032
*GN14MX	OAI2W22	N6PD Z1332 Z1382 Z1362 N14MX
*GSZ1361	DFFRN1	z1072 Z1291 Z1391 Z1361 Z136Z
*GZ1151	BO3N4	Z1372 Z1192 PIN19
*GNN19MX	AOI2W21	N5PD Z1371 Z1021 NN19MX
*GZ1371	DFFRN1	Z1071 Z1291 Z1311 Z1371 Z1372
*GZ1071	INV2	NN19MX Z1071 z1081 Z1072
*GZ1081	NORI3	Z1371 Z1093 N5PD z1081 z981 Z1082
*GZ981	AOI2W22	Z1381 Z1211 N4PD Z1113 Z981
*GZ1381	DFFRN1	Z1082 Z1271 Z1391 Z1381 Z1382
*GZ1391	IlqVP	Z1401 Z1391
*GZ1401	INVP	Z1231 Z1401
*GZ1231	ANDI2	N10PD N1NPWR Z1231 N(3 N9PD Z1233
*GN1NPWR	POR	VCC N1NPWR

\$INPUT PIN1 PIN10 PIN11 PIN13 PIN2 ?IN3 PIN4 PIN5 PIN6 PIN7 PIN8 PIN9
 \$OUTPUT PIN14 PIN15 PIN16 PIN17 PIN18 PIN19 PIN20 PIN21 PIN22 PIN23
 \$
 \$SEND

Appendix A.14 the .OUT File
Matra Design Semiconductor

ARCIS - timing simulation -
input : EVAL.sim

, Inc. 1989
version SUN 4B.0 Sept 89
Wed Oct 10 13:14:36 1990

-----WORST CASE-----

----VDD = 4.50 ---TEMP = 70.00----

\$ Vector interval 200 ns.
\$ TABTOARC REV 0.02 conversion for-
\$ CYCLE1
\$ NOSPIKE
\$ ACTIVITY
\$ LOAD 50 PIN23 PIN22 PIN21 PIN20 PIN19 PIN18 PIN17 PIN16
+ PIN15 PIN14
\$
VCC CLK0 100
SPRINT PIN9 PIN10 PIN11 PIN13 PIN1 PIN2 PIN3 PIN4 PIN5
+ PIN6 PIN7 PIN8
+ PIN14 PIN15 PIN16 PIN17 PIN18 PIN19 PIN20 PIN21
+ PIN22 PIN23
+ Z1192 Z1111 Z1021
\$ \$POC PIN9 PIN10 PIN11 PIN13 PIN1 PIN2 PIN3 PIN4
\$ + PIN5 PIN6 PIN7 PIN8
\$ + PIN14 PIN15 PIN16 PIN17 PIN18 PIN19 PIN20
\$ + PIN21 PIN22 PIN23
\$ + Z1192 Z1111 Z1021
SPATTERN PIN13 PIN11 PIN10 PIN9 PIN8 PIN7 PIN6 PIN5 PIN4 PIN3 PIN2
+ PIN1
2001 000000000000
4001 011111011110
6001 011111011111
8001 001111011111
10001 001111011110
12001 001111011111
14001 001110011111
16001 001110011110
18001 001110011111
20001 001100011111
22001 001100011110
24001 001100011111
26001 101100011111
28001 101100011110
30001 101100011111
32001 001100011111
34001 001100011110
36001 001100011111
38001 001000011111

```

40001 001000001110
42001 001000001111
44001 011000001111
46001 011000001110
48001 011000001111
50001 011100001111
52001 011100001110
54001 011100001111
56001 011100001110
58001 011100001111
60001 011100001110
62001 011100001111
64001 111100001111
66001 111111011111
68001 111111011110
70001 111111011111
72001 111111111111
74001 111111111110
78001 111111011111
80001 111111011110
82001 111111011111
84001 111111011110

```

```

$EOP
$TIME 87000 ,2000
SEND

```

- Simulation using MD library.

```

1
..... PRINT .....

```

\$Listing of selected signal outputs as a function of time

```

PPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPZZZ
IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII
NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN110
911112345678111112222912
013 4567890123211

TIME
0 000000000000Z1ZZZ000Z100
2000 000000000000Z1ZZZ000Z100
4000 000000000000Z1ZZZ000Z100
6000 1110011110111Z111ZZZ0011
8000 111011110111Z111ZZZ0011
10000 11001111011ZZZZZZZZZ111
12000 110001111011ZZZZZZZZZ111
14000 11001111011ZZZZZZZZZ111
16000 11001111001Z1ZZZZZZZZ101

```

```

18000  110001111001Z1ZZZZZZZZ101
20000  110011111001Z1ZZZZZZZZ101
22000  110011111000Z1ZZZZZZZZ101
24000  110001111000Z1ZZZZZZZZ101
26000  110011111000Z1ZZZZZZZZ101
28000  110111111000Z1ZZZZZZZZ111
30000  110101111000Z1ZZZZZZZZ111
32000  110111111000Z1ZZZZZZZZ111
34000  110011111000Z1ZZZZZZZZ101
36000  110001111000Z1ZZZZZZZZ101
38000  110011111000Z1ZZZZZZZZ101
40000  010011110000Z1ZZZZ000Z100
42000  010001110000Z1ZZZZ000Z100
44000  010011110000Z1ZZZZ000Z100
46000  0110111100001110110000000
48000  0110011100001110110000000
50000  0110111100001110110000000
52000  111011110000111111ZZZ0001
54000  111001110000111111ZZZ0001
56000  111011110000111111ZZZ0001
58000  111001110000111111ZZZ0001
60000  111011110000111111ZZZ0001
62000  111001110000111111ZZZ0001
64000  111011110000111111ZZZ0001
66000  1111111100001Z1111ZZZ0011
68000  1111111101111Z1111ZZZ0011
70000  1111011101111Z1111ZZZ0011
72000  1111111101111Z1111ZZZ0011
74000  111111111111Z1111ZZZ0011
76000  1111011111111Z1111ZZZ0011
78000  1111111111111Z1111ZZZ0011
80000  1111111101111Z1111ZZZ0011
82000  1111011101111Z1111ZZZ0011
84000  1111111101111Z1111ZZZ0011
86000  1111011101111Z1111ZZZ0011

```

***** TOGGLE STATISTICS *****

**** Maximum simulation time = 87000 ****

```

End of simulation time      : 87000
Total number of internal signals : 204
Toggled signals during sequence : 95 (46 PERCENT)

```

Appendix A.15 the .IMS File
Matra Design Semiconductor, Inc. 1989

7400 :111111111111ZZZZZZ1Z1ZZ0111Z
7600 :011111111111ZZZZZZ1Z1ZZ0111Z
7800 :111111111111ZZZZZZ1Z1ZZ0111Z
8000 :111101111111ZZZZZZ1Z1ZZ0111Z
8200 :011101111111ZZZZZZ1Z1ZZ0111Z
8400 :111101111111ZZZZZZ1Z1ZZ0111Z
8600 :011101111111ZZZZZZ1Z1ZZ0111Z
8600 :011101111111ZZZZZZ1Z1ZZ0111Z
CVT END

Appendix A. 16 the .NPI File
Matra Design Semiconductor, Inc..1989


```

EVAL                10/10/1990  12:58
.ARRAY              MD250
.PROBE_CARD        30
.POR                N
.MASK_NO           0Mxx
.IDD_STATIC(ua)    8
.IDD_DYNAMIC(ma)   20
.REVISION          A
.PACKAGE           SD24
    
```

```

.TG_LIST
TG1      10    10
TG2      12    10
TG3
TG4
TH5
TG6
TG7      20    10
TG8
TR        100
    
```

```

.PINLIST
#Signal  Pad  Pin  Test  BUF  Type  Type  IIL  IIH  IOL  IOH  TG  Control
#Name   No  No  Pad   fun  Input Pin  (ua) (ua) (ma) (ma) *** Signal
*****  ***  ***  ***   ***  ****  ****  ***  ***  ***  ***  ***  *****
PIN9     1   9   1    -    TTL   I    4.5  4.5  -    -    1   -
PIN10    2  10  2    -    TTL   I    4.5  4.5  -    -    1   -
PIN11    3  11  3    -    TTL   I    4.5  4.5  -    -    1   -
VSS      4  12  4    -    -     VSS  -    -    -    -    -   -
VSS      5  12  5    -    -     VSS  -    -    -    -    -   -
PIN13    6  13  6    -    TTL   I    4.5  4.5  -    -    1   -
PIN14    7  14  7    -    -     O/Z  4.5  4.5  24   24   7   Z1192
PIN15    8  15  8    -    -     O/Z  4.5  4.5  24   24   7   Z1111
PIN16    9  16  9    -    -     O/Z  4.5  4.5  24   24   7   Z1192
PIN17   10  17  10   -    -     O/Z  4.5  4.5  24   24   7   Z1192
PIN18   11  18  11   -    -     O/Z  4.5  4.5  24   24   7   Z1192
PIN19   15  19  15   -    -     O/Z  4.5  4.5  24   24   7   Z1192
PIN20   16  20  16   -    -     O/Z  4.5  4.5  24   24   7   Z1021
PIN21   17  21  17   -    -     O/Z  4.5  4.5  24   24   7   Z1021
PIN22   18  22  18   -    -     O/Z  4.5  4.5  24   24   7   A1021
PIN23   19  23  19   -    -     O/Z  4.5  4.5  24   24   7   Z1192
VDD     20  24  20   -    -     VDD  -    -    -    -    -   -
VDD     21  24  21   -    -     VDD  -    -    -    -    -   -
PIN1    22   1  22   -    TTL   I    4.5  4.5  -    -    2   -
PIN2    23   2  23   -    TTL   I    4.5  4.5  -    -    1   -
PIN3    24   3  24   -    TTL   I    4.5  4.5  -    -    1   -
PIN4    25   4  25   -    TTL   I    4.5  4.5  -    -    1   -
PIN5    26   5  26   -    TTL   I    4.5  4.5  -    -    1   -
PIN6    27   6  27   -    TTL   I    4.5  4.5  -    -    1   -
PIN7    30   7  30   -    TTL   I    4.5  4.5  -    -    1   -
    
```

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PIN8	31	8	31	-	TTL	I	4.5	4.5	-	-	1	-
Z1192	0	0	0	-	-	C	-	-	-	-	-	-
Z1111	0	0	0	-	-	C	-	-	-	-	-	-
Z1021	0	0	0	-	-	C	-	-	-	-	-	-

Appendix A.17 the .PAD File
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- 1 PIN9
- 2 PIN10
- 3 PIN11
- 4 VSS
- 5 VSS
- 6 PIN13
- 7 PIN14
- 8 PIN15
- 9 PIN16
- 10 PIN17
- 11 PIN18
- 15 PIN19
- 16 PIN20
- 17 PIN21
- 18 PIN22
- 19 PIN23
- 20 VDD
- 21 VDD
- 22 PIN1
- 23 PIN2
- 24 PIN3
- 25 PIN4
- 26 PIN5
- 27 PIN6
- 30 PIN7
- 31 PIN8

Appendix A.18 the MD.PAD File

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```

.MASK_NO          0Mxx
.IDD_STATIC (ua)  8
.IDD_DYNAMIC (ma) 20
.REVISION         A
.PACKAGE          xxxx
.TG LIST
TG1              10   10
TG2              12   10   {This is 10 + (In→Out - Clk→Out), with a width of 10}
TG3
TG4
TG5
TG6
TG7              20   10   {This is 10 + (In→Out spec), with a width of 10}
TG8
TR               100
.PIN_LIST
#Signal  Pad  Pin  Test  BUF  Type  Type  IIL  IIH  IOL  IOH  TG  Control
#Name    No  No  Pad  fun  Input Pin  (ua) (ua) (ma) (ma) *** Signal
#***** *** *** *** *** **** ***** *** *** *** *** *** *****
$
$
$component      BUF  Type  Type  IIL  IIH  IOL  IOH  TG
$Name           fun  input Pin  (ua) (ua) (ma) (ma)
$*****
$
BUFINDDN        PD  -    I    4.5  9    -    -    1
BUFINDUP        PU  -    I    9    4.5  -    -    1
BUFINDIR        -  -    I    4.5  4.5  -    -    1
BUF3STA         -  -    O/Z  4.5  4.5  6    6    7
BO3N2           -  -    O/Z  4.5  4.5  12   12   7
BO3N3           -  -    O/Z  4.5  4.5  18   18   7
BO3N4           -  -    O/Z  4.5  4.5  24   24   7
BUFINTTL        -  TTL  I    4.5  4.5  -    -    1
BUFINTDN        PD  TTL  I    4.5  9    -    -    1
BUFINTUP        PU  TTL  I    9    4.5  -    -    1
BUFIONT         ON  TTL  I/O  9    9    6    6    1/7
BIONTN2         ON  TTL  I/O  9    9    12   12   1/7
BIONTN3         ON  TTL  I/O  9    9    18   18   1/7
BIONTN4         ON  TTL  I/O  9    9    24   24   1/7
BUFIOTTL        -  TTL  I/O  9    9    6    6    1/7
BIOTN2          -  TTL  I/O  9    9    12   12   1/7
BIOTN3          -  TTL  I/O  9    9    18   18   1/7
BIOTN4          -  TTL  I/O  9    9    24   24   1/7
BUFOUT          -  -    O    -    -    6    6    7
BON2            -  -    O    -    -    12   12   7
BON3            -  -    O    -    -    18   18   7
BON4            -  -    O    -    -    24   24   7
BUFINCUP        PU  -    I    9    4.5  -    -    1
    
```

BUFINCDN	PD	-	I	4.5	9	-	-	1
BUFINMOS	-	-	I	4.5	4.5	-	-	1
BUFIOTUP	PU	TTL	I/O	9	9	6	6	1/7
BIOTUPN2	PU	TTL	I/O	9	9	12	12	1/7
BIOTUPN3	PU	TTL	I/O	9	9	18	18	1/7
BIOTUPN4	PU	TTL	I/O	9	9	24	24	1/7
BUFPOR	-	-	O					7
BUFIOCUP	PU	-	I/O	9	9	6	6	1/7
BIOCUPN2	PU	-	I/O	9	9	12	12	1/7
BIOCUPN3	PU	-	I/O	9	9	18	18	1/7
BIOCUPN4	PU	-	I/O	9	9	24	24	1/7
BUFIODIR	-	-	I/O	4.5	4.5	6	6	1/7
BIODN2	PD	-	I/O	9	9	12	12	1/7
BIODN3	PD	-	I/O	9	9	18	18	1/7
BIODN4	PD	-	I/O	9	9	24	24	1/7
BUFIODUP	PU	-	I/O	9	9	6	6	1/7
BIODUPN2	PU	-	I/O	9	9	12	12	1/7
BIODUPN3	PU	-	I/O	9	9	18	18	1/7
BIODUPN4	PU	-	I/O	9	9	24	24	1/7
BUFIOMOS	-	-	I/O	9	9	6	6	1/7
BIOMN2	-	-	I/O	9	9	12	12	1/7
BIOMN3	-	-	I/O	9	9	18	18	1/7
BIOMN4	-	-	I/O	9	9	24	24	1/7
BUFIONC	ON	-	I/O	9	9	6	6	1/7
BIONCN2	ON	-	I/O	9	9	12	12	1/7
BIONCN3	ON	-	I/O	9	9	18	18	1/7
BIONCN4	ON	-	I/O	9	9	24	24	1/7
BUFIOND	ON	-	I/O	9	9	6	6	1/7
BIONDN2	ON	-	I/O	9	9	12	12	1/7
BIONDN3	ON	-	I/O	9	9	18	18	1/7
BIONDN4	ON	-	I/O	9	9	24	24	1/7
BUFOUTN	ON	-	O	-	-	6	6	7
BONN2	ON	-	O	-	-	12	12	7
BONN3	ON	-	O	-	-	18	18	7
BONN4	ON	-	O	-	-	24	24	7
BIT	-	TTL	I	4.5	4.5	-	-	1
BOC24	-	-	O	-	-	24	24	7

Appendix A.19 the .SET File

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```

Rem ID Logic Master HS V2.1a          Options: Standard
Rem IMS BOARD = 20R
Init
SRQ 7
FAST verify disable, sample disable
Clk Internal,IOns
Event 0=Off, Off
Event 1=User-1.Off
Event 2=BeginTest,Off
Event 3=Error, On
Config 1,"STM"      16/ 8K  Force","PGM","PGM:1A","PGM:1C"
Config 2,"STM"      16/ 8K  Force","PGM","PGM:1D","PGM:1F"
Config 3,"STM"      16/ 8K  Force","PGM","PGM:1I","PGM:1J"
Config 4,"STM"      16/ 8K  Force","PGM","PGM:1G","PGM:1L"
Config 5,"STM"      16/ 8K  Compare (Expect)"
Config 6,"ACQ"      16/ 8K  Compare (Acquire) ","INP","PGM:1B","PGM:1B"
Config 7,"STM"      16/ 8K  Compare (Expect)"
Config 8,"ACQ"      16/ 8K  Compare (Acquire)","INP","PGM:1E","PGM:1E"
Config 9,"STM"      16/ 8K  Compare (Expect)"
Config 10,"ACQ"     16/ 8K  Compare (Acquire)","INP","PGM:1H","PGM:1H"
Config 11,"STM"     16/ 8K  Compare (Expect)"
Config 12,"ACQ"     16/ 8K  Compare (Acquire)","INP","PGM","PGM"
Resource ingroup1=Force #TXT
1 A7 PIN1 1
1 A6 PIN2 2
1 A5 PIN3 3
1 A4 PIN4 4
1 A3 PIN5 5
1 A2 PIN6 6
1 A1 PIN7 7
1 A0 PIN8 8
Resource End
Radix ingroup1=Bin
Polarity ingroup1=Pos
Hidrive ingroup1=5.00V
Lodrive ingroup1=0V
Format ingroup1=NRZ
Resource ingroup2=Force #TXT
1 B7 PIN9 9
1 B6 PIN10 10
1 B5 PIN11 11
1 B4 PIN13 13
Resource End
Radix ingroup2=Bin
Polarity ingroup2=Pos
Hidrive ingroup2=5.00V
Lodrive ingroup2=0V
Format ingroup2=NRZ

```

Resource ingroup3=Force #TXT
 2 /3 PIN14 14
 Resource End
 Radix ingroup3=Bin
 Polarity ingroup3=Pos
 Hidrive ingroup3=5.00V
 Lodrive ingroup3=0V
 Format ingroup3=NRZ
 Resource ingroup4=Force #TXT
 2 B3 PIN15 15
 Resource End
 Radix ingroup4=Bin
 Polarity ingroup4=Pos
 Hidrive ingroup4=5.00V
 Lodrive ingroup4=0V
 Format ingroup4=NRZ
 Resource ingroup5=Force #TXT
 3 A3 PIN16 16
 Resource End
 Radix ingroup5=Bin
 Polarity zngroup5=Pos
 Hidrive ingroup5=5.00V
 Lodrive ingroup5=0V
 Format ingroup5=NRZ
 Resource ingroup6=Force #TXT
 3 B3 PIN21 21
 Resource End
 Radix ingroup6=Bin
 Polarity zngroup6=Pos
 Hidrive ingroup6=5.00V
 Lodrive ingroup6=0V
 Format ingroup6=NRZ
 Resource ingroup7=Force #TXT
 4 A3 PIN22 22
 Resource End
 Radix ingroup7=Bin
 Polarity ingroup7=Pos
 Hidrive ingroup7=5.00V
 Lodrive ingroup7=0V
 Format ingroup7=NRZ
 Resource Ingroup8=Force #TXT
 4 B3 PIN23 23
 Resource End
 Radix ingroup8=Bin
 Polarity Ingroup8=Pos
 Hidrive ingroup8=5.00V
 Lodrive ingroup8=0V
 Format ingroup8=NRZ

Resource outgroup8=Compare #TXT
 6 A3 PIN14 14
 Resource End
 Radix outgroup1=Bin
 Polarity outgroup1=Pos
 Threshold outgroup1=1.50V
 Sample outgroup1=35.00ns
 Resource outgroup2=Compare #TXT
 6 B3 PIN15 15
 Resource End
 Radix outgroup2=Bin
 Polarity outgroup2=Pos
 Threshold outgroup2=1.50V
 Sample outgroup2=35.00ns
 Resource outgroup3=Compare #TXT
 8 A3 PIN16 16
 Resource End
 Radix outgroup3=Bin
 Polarity outgroup3=Pos
 Threshold outgroup3=1.50V
 Sample outgroup3=35.00ns
 Resource outgroup4=Compare #TXT
 8 B3 PIN21 21
 Resource End
 Radix outgroup4=Bin
 Polarity outgroup4=Pos
 Threshold outgroup4=1.50V
 Sample outgroup4=35.00ns
 Resource outgroup5=Compare #TXT
 10 A3 PIN22 22
 Resource End
 Radix outgroup5=Bin
 Polarity outgroup5=Pos
 Threshold outgroup5=1.50V
 Sample outgroup5=35.00ns
 Resource outgroup6=Compare #TXT
 10 B3 PIN23 23
 Resource End
 Radix outgroup6=Bin
 Polarity outgroup6=Pos
 Threshold outgroup6=1.50V
 Sample outgroup6=35.00ns
 Resource outgroup7=Compare #TXT
 12 A3 PIN17 17
 12 A2 PIN18 18
 12 A1 PIN19 19
 12 A0 PIN20 20
 Resource End

```
Radix outgroup7=Bin
Polarity outgroup7=Pos
Threshold outgroup7=1.50V
Sample outgroup7=35.00ns
Resource veedeede=Power #TXT
1 V0 vdd 24
Resource End
Power veedeede=5.00V, 250mA, 0s,HIZ
Aclk System
Fail 0
Mask "1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 "
End
```

Appendix A.20 the .SDL File

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USER: "MATRA_DESIGN";
 NAME: SDL;
 PURPOSE: SL2000_LAYOUT;
 LEVEL: CIRCUIT;
 TYPES: NAND2,NANDI3,NAND3,NORI3,ANDI2,ORI2,INV1,INTV2,INVP,AOI2W22,
 AOI2W21,OAI2W22,TGATE,DFFRN1,BUFINTTL,BO3N4,
 VDD,GND,CHIP;

NAND2 :GZ1021;
 NANDI3 :GZ971;
 NAND3 :GZ1211;
 NORI3 :GZ1031,GZ1081;
 ANDI2 :GZ1091,GZ1231;
 ORI2 :GZ1111;
 INV1 :POR1,POR9;
 INV2 :GZ1191,GZ1071;
 INVP :GZ1271,GZ1281,GZ1291,GZ1301,GZ1311,GZ1391,GZ1401;
 AOI2W22 :GZ951,GZ1201,GZ981;
 AOI2W21 :GNN19MX;
 OAI2W22 :GN14MX;
 TGATE :PORIN,POR2,POR3,POR4,POR5,POR6,POR7,POR8,POR11,
 POR12,POR13,POR14,POR15,POR16,POR17,POR18,POR19,
 POR20,POR21,POR22,POR23,POR24,POR25,POR26,POR27,
 POR28,POR29,POR30,POR31,POR32,POR33,POR34;
 DFFRN1 :GZ1321,GZ1331,GZ1341,GZ1351,GZ1361,GZ1371,GZ1381;
 BUFINTTL :GN13PD,GN11PD,GN10PD,GN9PD,GN8PD,GN7PD,GN6PD,
 GN5PD,GN4PD,GN3PD,GN2PD,GN1PD;
 BO3N4 :GZ1011,GZ1001,GZ1101,GZ1121,GZ1131,GZ1141,GZ1161,
 GZ1171,GZ1041,GZ1151;
 CHIP :CHIP1;
 VDD :
 VDD1,
 VDD2;
 GND :
 GND1,
 GND2;

END;

COMPSEGMENT;

CHIP1 =VDDPIN*VDD,GNDPIN*GND;
 VDD1 = VDDPIN*VDDNUL1;
 VDD2 = VDDPIN*VDDNUL2;
 GND1 = GNDPIN*GNDNUL1;
 GND2 = GNDPIN*GNDNUL2;
 POR1 =A*VDD,AN*PORS;
 GN13PD =OUT*N13PD;
 GN11PD =OUT*N11PD;

GN10PD =OUT*N10PD;
 GN9PD =OUT*N9PD;
 GN8PD =OUT*N8PD;
 GN7PD =OUT*N7PD;
 GN6PD =OUT*N6PD;
 GN5PD =OUT*N5PD;
 GN4PD =OUT*N4PD;
 GN3PD =OUT*N3PD;
 GN2PD =OUT*N2PD;
 GZ1271 =IN*Z1301,INN*Z1271;
 GZ1281 =IN*Z1301,INN*Z1281;
 GZ1291 =IN*Z1301,INN*Z1291;
 GZ1301 =IN*N1PD,INN*Z1301;
 GN1PD =OUT*N1PD;
 GZ1311 =IN*Z1401,INN*Z1311;
 GZ1011 =IN*Z1381,ENA*Z1021;
 GZ1021 =A*Z1233,B*Z1031,NAN*Z1021;
 GZ1321 =D*Z1112,CK*Z1291,RN*Z1311,QN*Z1322;
 GZ1001 =IN*Z1331,ENA*Z1021;
 GZ951 =A*Z1331,B*Z1211,C*N3PD,D*Z1113,OUT*Z951;
 GZ1331 =D*Z972,CK*Z1271,RN*Z1391,Q*Z1331,QN*Z1332;
 GZ971 =A*N8PD,B*Z1233,C*Z1112,NAN*Z971,E*Z951,EN*Z972;
 GZ1341 =D*Z1091,CK*Z1271,RN*Z1311,Q*Z1341,QN*Z1342;
 GZ1091 =A*Z1322,B*Z1112,AND*Z1091,E*Z1021,EN*Z1093;
 GZ1101 =IN*Z1342,ENA*Z1111;
 GZ1111 =A*N7PD,B*N13PD,OR*Z1111,NOR*Z1112,E*Z1211,EN*Z1113;
 GZ1121 =IN*Z1032,ENA*Z1192;
 GZ1131 =IN*Z1021,ENA*Z1192;
 GZ1141 =IN*Z1322,ENA*Z1192;
 GZ1161 =IN*Z971,ENA*Z1192;
 GZ1171 =IN*Z1351,ENA*Z1192;
 GZ1351 =D*Z1191,CK*Z1281,RN*Z1391,Q*Z1351;
 GZ1191 =A*Z1201,AN*Z1191,B*N11PD,BN*Z1192;
 GZ1201 =A*Z1351,B*Z1211,C*N2PD,D*Z1113,OUT*Z1201;
 GZ1211 =A*Z1341,B*N9PD,C*Z1031,NAN*Z1211;
 GZ1031 =A*N13PD,B*N7PD,C*N8PD,NOR*Z1031,E*N14MX,EN*Z1032;
 GN14MX =A*N6PD,B*Z1332,C*Z1382,D*Z1362,OUT*N14MX;
 GZ1041 =IN*Z1361,ENA*Z1021;
 GZ1361 =D*Z1072,CK*Z1291,RN*Z1391,Q*Z1361,QN*Z1362;
 GZ1151 =IN*Z1372,ENA*Z1192;
 GNN19MX =A*N5PD,B*Z1371,C*Z1021,OUT*NN19MX;
 GZ1371 =D*Z1071,CK*Z1291,RN*Z1311,Q*Z1371,QN*Z1372;
 GZ1071 =A*NN19MX,AN*Z1071,B*Z1081,BN*Z1072;
 GZ1081 =A*Z1371,B*Z1093,C*N5PD,NOR*Z1081,E*Z981,EN*Z1082;
 GZ981 =A*Z1381,B*Z1211,C*N4PD,D*Z1113,OUT*Z981;
 GZ1381 =D*Z1082,CK*Z1271,RN*Z1391,Q*Z1381,QN*Z1382;
 GZ1391 =IN*Z1401,INN*Z1391;
 GZ1401 =IN*Z1231,INN*Z1401;

```

GZ1231      =A*N10PD,B*N1NPWR,AND*Z1231,E*N9PD,EN*Z1233;
POR9        =A*ZPORNOD2,AN*N1NPWR;
POR1N       =IN*ZPORNOD1,E*VDD,EN*VDD,OUT*VDD;
POR2        =IN*ZPORNODCAP,E*ZPORNOD1,EN*VDD,OUT*ZPORNOD1;
POR3        =IN*ZPORNOD2,E*GND,EN*ZPORNODCAP,OUT*VDD;
POR4        =IN*ZPORNOD3,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*VDD,OUT*ZPORNOD2;
POR5        =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*VDD,OUT*ZPORNOD3;
POR6        =IN*ZPORNOD4,E*ZPORNOD2,EN*VDD,OUT*ZPORNOD3;
POR7        =IN*VDD,E*ZPORNOD2,EN*VDD,OUT*ZPORNOD4;
POR8        =IN*GND,E*GND,EN*VDD,OUT*ZPORNODCAP
POR11       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR12       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR13       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR14       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR15       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR16       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR17       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR18       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR19       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR20       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR21       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR22       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR23       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR24       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR25       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR26       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR27       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR28       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR29       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR30       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR31       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR32       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR33       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND,
POR34       =IN*GND,E*ZPORNODCAP,EN*GND,OUT*GND
ENDC;
END_OF_FILE;

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Appendix A.21 the .DLY File

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*LOAD	N10PD					156	ff
*DELAY	N10PD	GN10PD	OUT	GZ1231	A	20	PS
*LOAD	N11PD					192	ff
*DELAY	N11PD	GN11PD	OUT	GZ1191	B	54	PS
*LOAD	N13PD					295	ff
*DELAY	N13PD	GN13PD	OUT	GZ1031	A	29	PS
*DELAY	N13PD	GN13PD	OUT	GZ1111	B	29	PS
*LOAD	N14MX					199	ff
*DELAY	N14MX	GN14MX	OUT	GZ1031	E	55	PS
*LOAD	N1NPWR					157	ff
*DELAY	N1NPWR	POR9	AN	GZ1231	B	6	PS
*LOAD	N1PD					184	ff
*DELAY	N1PD	GN1PD	OUT	GZ1301	IN	59	PS
*LOAD	N2PD					218	ff
*DELAY	N2PD	GN2PD	OUT	GZ1201	C	65	PS
*LOAD	N3PD					232	ff
*DELAY	N3PD	GN3PD	OUT	GZ951	C	71	PS
*LOAD	N4PD					294	ff
*DELAY	N4PD	GN4PD	OUT	GZ981	C	266	PS
*LOAD	N5PD					344	ff
*DELAY	N5PD	GN5PD	OUT	GZ1081	C	345	PS
*DELAY	N5PD	GN5PD	OUT	GNN19MX	A	352	PS
*LOAD	N6PD					257	ff
*DELAY	N6PD	GN6PD	OUT	GN14MX	A	101	PS
*LOAD	N7PD					349	ff
*DELAY	N7PD	GN7PD	OUT	GZ1031	B	37	PS
*DELAY	N7PD	GN7PD	OUT	GZ1111	A	37	PS
*LOAD	N8PD					320	ff
*DELAY	N8PD	GN8PD	OUT	GZ1031	C	82	PS
*DELAY	N8PD	GN8PD	OUT	GZ971	A	82	PS
*LOAD	N9PD					298	ff
*DELAY	N9PD	GN9PD	OUT	GZ1231	E	41	PS
*DELAY	N9PD	GN9PD	OUT	GZ1211	B	39	PS
*LOAD	NN19MX					126	ff
*DELAY	NN19MX	GNN19MX	OUT	GZ1071	A	7	PS
*LOAD	Z1021					881	ff
*DELAY	Z1021	GZ1021	NAN	GZ1011	ENA	571	PS
*DELAY	Z1021	GZ1021	NAN	GZ1001	ENA	563	PS
*DELAY	Z1021	GZ1021	NAN	GZ1131	IN	281	PS
*DELAY	Z1021	GZ1021	NAN	GZ1041	ENA	654	PS
*DELAY	Z1021	GZ1021	NAN	GNN19MX	C	174	PS
*DELAY	Z1021	GZ1021	NAN	GZ1091	E	211	PS
*LOAD	Z1031					198	ff
*DELAY	Z1031	GZ1031	NOR	GZ1211	C	0	PS
*DELAY	Z1031	GZ1031	NOR	GZ1021	B	0	PS
*LOAD	Z1032					199	ff
*DELAY	Z1032	GZ1031	EN	GZ1121	IN	38	PS
*LOAD	Z1071					34	ff

*DELAY	Z1071	GZ1071 AN	GZ1371	D	0	PS
*LOAD	Z1072				75	FF
*DELAY	Z1072	GZ1071 BN	GZ1361	D	6	PS
*LOAD	Z1081				147	FF
*DELAY	Z1081	GZ1081 NOR	GZ1071	B	0	PS
*LOAD	Z1082				109	FF
*DELAY	Z1082	GZ1081 EN	GZ1381	D	6	PS
*LOAD	Z1091				107	FF
*DELAY	Z1091	GZ1091 AND	GZ1341	D	7	PS
*LOAD	Z1093				185	FF
*DELAY	Z1093	GZ1091 EN	GZ1081	B	27	PS
*LOAD	Z1111				196	FF
*DELAY	Z1111	GZ1111 OR	GZ1101	ENA	34	PS
LOAD	Z1112				308	FF
*DELAY	Z1112	GZ1111 NOR	GZ1321	D	9	PS
*DELAY	Z1112	GZ1111 NOR	GZ1091	B	12	PS
*DELAY	Z1112	GZ1111 NOR	GZ971	C	5	PS
*LOAD	Z1113				361	FF
*DELAY	Z1113	GZ1111 EN	GZ981	D	98	PS
*DELAY	Z1113	GZ1111 EN	GZ1201	D	98	PS
*DELAY	Z1113	GZ1111	GZ951		98	PS
*LOAD	Z1191				105	FF
*DELAY	Z1191	GZ1191 AN	GZ1351	D	8	PS
*LOAD	Z1192				637	FF
*DELAY	Z1192	GZ1191 BN	GZ1171	ENA	760	PS
*DELAY	Z1192	GZ1191 BN	GZ1121	ENA	1080	PS
*DELAY	Z1192	GZ1191 BN	GZ1141	ENA	1172	PS
*DELAY	Z1192	GZ1191 BN	GZ1131	ENA	1105	PS
*DELAY	Z1192	GZ1191 BN	GZ1161	ENA	1077	PS
*DELAY	Z1192	GZ1191 BN	GZ1151	ENA	793	PS
*LOAD	Z1201				164	FF
*DELAY	Z1201	GZ1201 OUT	GZ1191	A	23	PS
*LOAD	Z1211				440	FF
*DELAY	Z1211	GZ1211 NAN	GZ1111	E	0	PS
*DELAY	Z1211	GZ1211 NAN	GZ981	B	114	PS
*DELAY	Z1211	GZ1211 NAN	GZ1201	B	114	PS
*DELAY	Z1211	GZ1211 NAN	GZ951	B	114	PS
*LOAD	Z1231				127	FF
*DELAY	Z1231	GZ1231 AND	GZ1401	IN	4	PS
*LOAD	Z1233				273	FF
*DELAY	Z1233	GZ1231 EN	GZ1021	A	9	PS
*DELAY	Z1233	GZ1231 EN	GZ971	B	1	PS
*LOAD	Z1271				464	FF
*DELAY	Z1271	GZ1271 INN	GZ1331	CK	12	PS
*DELAY	Z1271	GZ1271 INN	GZ1341	CK	72	PS
*DELAY	Z1271	GZ1271 INN	GZ1381	CK	25	PS
*LOAD	Z1281				124	FF
*DELAY	Z1281	GZ1281 INN	GZ1351	CK	8	PS

*LOAD	Z1291				437	ff
*DELAY	Z1291	GZ1291 INN	GZ1361	CK	61	PS
*DELAY	Z1291	GZ1291 INN	GZ132i	CK	127	PS
*DELAY	Z1291	GZ1291 INN	GZ1371	CK	108	PS
*LOAD	Z1301				353	ff
*DELAY	Z1301	GZ1301 INN	GZ1281	IN	42	PS
*DELAY	Z1301	GZ1301 INN	GZ1271	IN	48	PS
*DELAY	Z1301	GZ1301 INN	GZ1291	IN	48	PS
*LOAD	Z1311				445	ff
*DELAY	Z1311	GZ1311 INN	GZ1341	RN	8	PS
*DELAY	Z1311	GZ1311 INN	GZ1321	RN	44	PS
*DELAY	Z1311	GZ1311 INN	GZ1371	RN	41	PS
*LOAD	Z1322				395	ff
*DELAY	Z1322	GZ1321 QN	GZ1141	IN	152	PS
*DELAY	Z1322	GZ1321 QN	GZ1091	A	17	PS
*LOAD	Z1331				365	ff
*DELAY	Z1331	GZ1331 Q	GZ1001	IN	114	PS
*DELAY	Z1331	GZ1331 Q	GZ951	A	31	PS
*LOAD	Z1332				120	ff
*DELAY	Z1332	GZ1331 QN	GN14MX	B	11	PS
*LOAD	Z1341				139	ff
*DELAY	Z1341	GZ1341 Q	GZ1211	A	11	PS
*LOAD	Z1342				151	ff
*DELAY	Z1342	GZ1341 QN	GZ1101	IN	16	PS
*LOAD	Z1351				321	ff
*DELAY	Z1351	GZ1351 Q	GZ1171	IN	66	PS
*DELAY	Z1351	GZ1351 Q	GZ1201	A	7	PS
*LOAD	Z1361				262	ff
*DELAY	Z1361	GZ1361 Q	GZ1041	IN	128	PS
*LOAD	Z1362				141	ff
*DELAY	Z1362	GZ1361 QN	GN14MX	D	8	PS
*LOAD	Z1371				238	ff
*DELAY	Z1371	GZ1371 Q	GZ1081	A	16	PS
*DELAY	Z1371	GZ1371 Q	GNN19MX	B	16	PS
*LOAD	Z1372				286	ff
*DELAY	Z1372	GZ1371 QN	GZ1151		107	PS
*LOAD	Z1381				320	ff
*DELAY	Z1381	GZ1381 Q	QZ1011	IN	45	PS
*DELAY	Z1381	GZ1381 Q	GZ981	A	1	PS
*LOAD	Z1382				142	ff
*DELAY	Z1382	GZ1381 QN	GN14MX	C	11	PS
*LOAD	Z1391				569	ff
*DELAY	Z1391	GZ1391 INN	GZ1351	RN	9	PS
*DELAY	Z1391	GZ1391 INN	GZ1331	RN	58	PS
*DELAY	Z1391	GZ1391 INN	GZ1381	RN	107	PS
*DELAY	Z1391	GZ1391 INN	GZ1361	RN	108	PS
*LOAD	Z1401				298	ff
*DELAY	Z1401	GZ1401 INN	GZ1311	IN	47	PS

*DELAY	Z1401	GZI401	INN	GZI1391	IN	37	PS
*LOAD	Z951					198	ff
*DELAY	Z951	GZ951	OUT	GZ971	E	50	PS
*LOAD	Z971					283	ff
*DELAY	Z971	GZ971	NAN	GZI161	IN	68	PS
*LOAD	Z972					118	ff
*DELAY	Z972	GZ971	EN	GZI1331	D	6	PS
*LOAD	Z981					198	ff
*DELAY	Z981	GZ981	OUT	GZI1081	E	35	PS
*LOAD	ZPORNOD1					131	ff
*DELAY	ZPORNOD1	POR2	OUT	POR1N	IN	0	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNOD1	POR2	OUT	POR2	E	0	PS
*LOAD	ZPORNOD2					383	ff
*DELAY	ZPORNOD2	POR4	OUT	POR9	A	42	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNOD2	POR4	OUT	POR7	E	42	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNOD2	POR4	OUT	POR6	E	42	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNOD2	POR4	OUT	POR3	IN	1	PS
*LOAD	ZPORNOD3					0	ff
*DELAY	ZPORNOD3	POR6	OUT	POR4	IN	58	PS
*LOAD	ZPORNOD4					34	ff
*DELAY	ZPORNOD4	POR7	OUT	POR6	IN	0	PS
*LOAD	ZPORNODCAP					2960	ff
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR2	IN	59	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR4	E	47	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR5	E	50	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR3	EN	47	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR28	E	25	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR11	E	0	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR12	E	0	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR15	E	0	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR16	E	0	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR17	E	0	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR20	E	193	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR18	E	0	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR13	E	184	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR19	E	0	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR14	E	0	PS
~DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR21	E	0	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR22	E	0	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR34	E	184	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR23	E	0	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR33	E	184	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR24	E	0	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR32	E	184	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR25	E	0	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR31	E	184	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR26	E	0	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR30	E	198	PS

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*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR27	E	0	PS
*DELAY	ZPORNODCAP	POR8	OUT	POR29	E	198	PS

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We claim:

1. A system for creating a factory-programmed device using a sample device and a logic description of said sample device, comprising:

means, receiving said logic description, for generating a computer model of a logic circuit therefrom;

means, coupled to said means for generating a computer model, for generating a test program from said computer model, said test program including data representing stimulus signals to said sample device and expected output signals of said sample device when said stimulus signals are applied to said sample device; and

means, coupled to said means for generating a test program, for testing said sample device, wherein said means for testing (i) applies said stimulus signals in accordance with said test program; (ii) obtains output signals from said sample device, and (iii) compares said expected output signals with said output signals from said sample device.

2. A system as in claim 1, further comprising means, coupled to said means for generating a computer model and said means for testing said sample device, for generating a physical circuit layout from said computer model when said expected output signals and said output signals from said sample device are compared to be substantially equal in said means for testing.

3. A system as in claim 1, wherein said means for generating a computer model comprises an expert system.

4. A system as in claim 1, wherein said means for generating a test program further comprises means for simulating faults.

5. A process for creating a factory-programmed device using a sample device and a logic description of said sample device, comprising the steps of:

generating from said logic description a computer model of a logic circuit;

generating a test program from said computer model, said test program including data representing stimulus signals for testing said sample device and expected output signals of said sample device when said stimulus signals are applied to said sample device;

applying said stimulus signals to said sample device in accordance with said test program to obtain output signals of said sample device; and

comparing said output signals with said expected output signals.

6. A process as in claim 5, further comprising the step of generating a physical circuit layout of said logic circuit from said computer model when said step of comparing indicates that said output signals and said expected output signals are substantially equal.

7. A process as in claim 5, wherein said step of generating a computer model comprises the step of using an expert system.

8. A process as in claim 5, wherein said step of generating a test program further comprises the step of simulating faults.

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