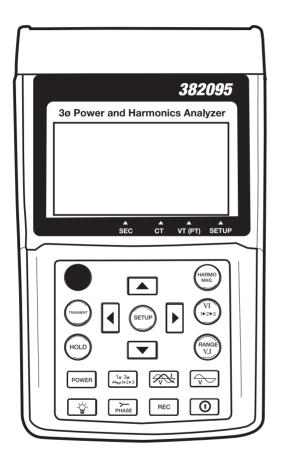
# **User Manual**



# Power and Harmonics Analyzer Model 382095





### Definition of Symbols:



Caution: Refer to Accompanying Documents



Caution: Risk of Electric Shock



Double Insulation

Over-voltage category III (CAT III): equipment in fixed installations.

WARNING: If the power analyzer is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the clamp meter may be impaired.



Please read the following instructions before use

- 1. Do not operate this instrument in wet or dusty environments.
- 2. Do not operate this instrument in the presence of combustible or explosive gas
- 3. Do not touch exposed metal parts or unused terminals.
- 4. Consider the use of rubber gloves in operation.
- 5. Do not operate in excess of AC 500V (Phase to Neutral), or AC 600V (Phase to Phase)
- 6. Do not operate this instrument if it appears to be malfunctioning

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3

### Warranty

EXTECH INSTRUMENTS CORPORATION warrants this instrument to be free of defects in parts and workmanship for **one year** from date of shipment (a six month limited warranty applies to sensors and cables). If it should become necessary to return the instrument for service during or beyond the warranty period, contact the Customer Service Department at (781) 890-7440 ext. 210 for authorization or visit our website www.extech.com for contact information. A Return Authorization (RA) number must be issued before any product is returned to Extech. The sender is responsible for shipping charges, freight, insurance and proper packaging to prevent damage in transit. This warranty does not apply to defects resulting from action of the user such as misuse, improper wiring, operation outside of specification, improper maintenance or repair, or unauthorized modification. Extech specifically disclaims any implied warranties or merchantability or fitness for a specific purpose and will not be liable for any direct, indirect, incidental or consequential damages. Extech's total liability is limited to repair or replacement of the product. The warranty set forth above is inclusive and no other warranty, whether written or oral, is expressed or implied.

### Calibration and Repair Services

Extech offers repair and calibration services for the products we sell. Extech also provides NIST certification for most products. Call the Customer Service Department for information on calibration services available for this product. Extech recommends that annual calibrations be performed to verify meter performance and accuracy.

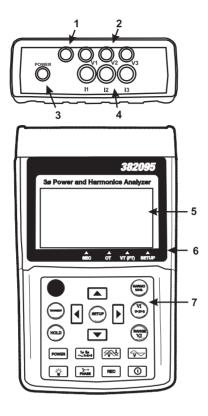


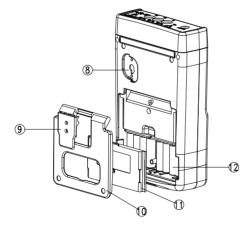
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# **FEATURES**

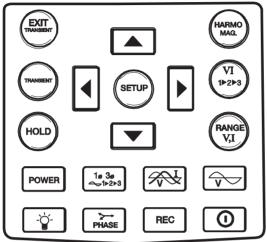
- Analysis for 3P4W, 3P3W, 1P2W, 1P3W
- True RMS value (V<sub>123</sub> and I<sub>123</sub>)
- Active Power (W, KW, MW, GW)
- Apparent and Reactive Power (KVA, KVAR)
- Power Factor (PF), Phase Angle ( $\Phi$ )
- Energy (WH, KWH, KVARH, PFH)
- Current measurement from 0.1mA to 1000A, capable of analyzing IT standby power consumption to the maximum demand of a factory
- Display of 35 Parameters in One Screen (3P4W)
- Programmable CT (1 to 600) and PT (1 to 3000) Ratios
- Display of Overlapped Voltage and Current Waveform
- Maximum Demand (MD KW, MW, KVA, MVA) with Programmable Period
- Harmonic Analysis (V<sub>123</sub> and I<sub>123</sub>) to the 99<sup>th</sup> Order
- Display of 50 Harmonics in one Screen with Waveform
- Display of Waveform with Peak Values (1024 Samples / Period)
- Analysis of Total Harmonic Distortion (THD-F)
- Graphic Phase Diagram with 3 Phase System Parameters
- Capture 28 Transient Events (Time + Cycles) with Programmable Threshold (%)
- DIP, SWELL, and OUTAGE are included in transient events.
- 3 Phase Voltage or Current Unbalanced Ratio (VUR, IUR)
- 3 Phase Voltage or Current Unbalanced Factor (d0%, d2%)
- Calculated Unbalanced Current through Neutral Line (In)
- 512K Memory with Programmable Interval (Sampling time from 2 to 6000 seconds, data logging time from 4.7 hours to 1180 days for 3P4W system)
- Output of Waveform, Power Parameters and Harmonics on Command
- Large Dot Matrix LCD Display with Backlight
- Optical Isolated RS-232C Interface





### **Panel Description**

- 1. Input Terminal for Neutral Line (Voltage)
- 2. Voltage Input Terminals for Each Phase (V1, V2, V3)
- 3. External DC Input (The AC adaptor must be 600V isolated)
- 4. Current Input Terminals for Each Phase (I1, I2, I3)
- 5. LCD Display
- 6. Indication of locations where SEC., CT, VT, and SETUP are displayed in LCD.
- 7. Buttons
- 8. RS-232C Window
- 9. Stand Holder
- 10. Stand
- 11. Battery Cover
- 12. Battery Compartment



Press this button to exit transient detection mode. Also used to exit the SETUP menu

Press this button to perform transient detection



EXIT

Press this button to hold the data displayed in LCD, press again to continue operation.

Press this button to begin the measurement of harmonics in magnitude.



Press this button to select V1, I1, V2, I2, V3, or I3 for harmonics analysis

RANGE VI SETUP

Press this button for the voltage or current input range

Press to enter the Main Menu (also used to navigate menu items).

Press this button to increment value by one. Hold the button for two seconds or more to speed up the increment.



Press this button to decrement value by one.



In harmonic analysis mode, use these buttons to move the cursor left or right.



Press this button to start data logging. Press it again to stop data logging. The sampling interval is displayed in the LCD via the SEC indicator.



In the power mode, press this button to display the phase. In the harmonic analysis mode, press this button to display phase angle instead of magnitude.



Press this button to turn the back light on. Press it again to turn the back light off.



Press this button to begin measuring power.



Press this button to display the waveforms for voltage and current.



Press this button to display the waveform for voltage only



In the power mode, press this button to select the appropriate system (3P4W, 3P3W, 1P2W or 1P3W). In the waveform mode, press to select (V1, I1), (V2, I2), or (V3, I3).

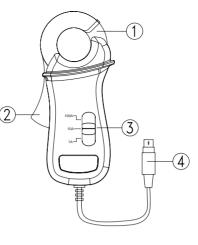


Press this button to turn the power on or off.

# Current Probe (100A)

- 1. Jaw Assembly
- 2. Trigger
- 3. Range Selector
- 4. 6 pin mini DIN connector

		load Hi			
	REC DA	ATE: 5−	7-22	10:14:50	
	HZ:	50			
	ŲΤ:	1			
	CT 2	1			
	SEC:	2			
	CLAMP	100			
	MD TIP	1F: 1	5		
		REF:11	ด.ดบ		
	SOUP				
Term.	Month	D.at.e	Hour	Minute	Second
-06E	7	22	13	22	42

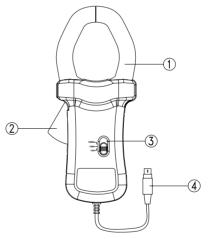


NOTE: To choose the 100A current probe, press the SETUP button to select CLAMP. When the CLAMP is reverse video, press the ▲ or ▼ button to select 100.

# Current Probe (1000A)

- 1. Jaw Assembly
- 2. Trigger
- 3. Range Selector
- 4. 6 pin mini DIN connector



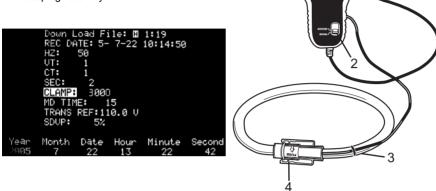


NOTE: To select the 1000A current probe, press the SETUP button to select CLAMP. When the CLAMP is reverse video, press the ▲ or ▼ button to select 1000.

# Flexible Current Probe (3000A)

NOTE: The flexible current probe has a maximum input of 3000A however the maximum input current of the 382095 Power and Harmonics Analyzer is 1000A.

- 1. Control Box
- 2. Output Range Select Switch
- 3. Flexible Loop
- 4. Coupling Assembly



NOTE: To select the 3000A flexible current probe, press the SETUP button to select CLAMP. When the CLAMP is reverse video, press the 🔺 or 🔻 button to select 3000.

382095 V4.1 7/06

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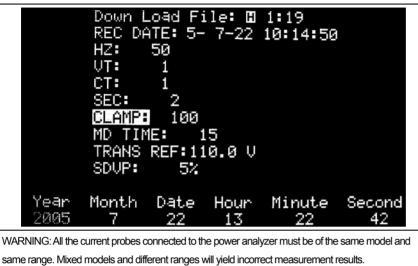
EXTECH

# **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

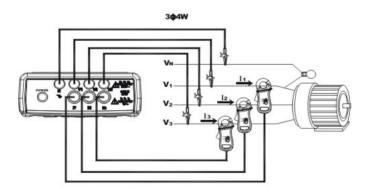
NOTE: Select the correct CLAMP in the SETUP menu. When the current probe is connected to the

power analyzer, the power analyzer will automatically detect the range selected.

NOTE: Select the correct frequency (Hz) in the SETUP menu.



Power Quality of a 3 Phase 4 Wire (3P4W) System



- a. Turn the power on. Press the POWER and the 1030 buttons to select the 3P4W system. The type of system will be displayed at the left bottom corner in the LCD.
- b. Connect the four test leads to the voltage terminals V1, V2, V3 and the  $V_{\text{N}}$  (Neutral) of the system.

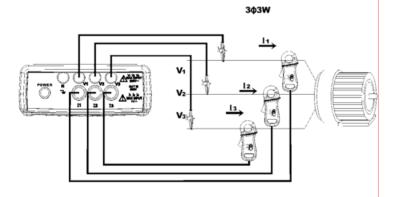
11

- c. Connect the test leads to L1, L2, and L3 of the 3P4W system.
- d. Connect the three current probes to the power analyzer input terminal I1, I2, and I3.
- e. Clamp on to the L1, L2, and L3 of the 3P4W system. Make sure the current flows from the front of the current probe to the back.
- f. All of the system parameters will be shown in the LCD

UL2H381.6 V U23H381.1 V U31H379.1 V	W18219.9 V V28219.9 V V38219.5 V	11:799.1mA 12:800.1mA 13:800.7mA
P1: 156.5 W P2: 154.0 W P3: 153.8 W	S1: 175.7 VA S2: 175.9 VA S3: 175.7 VA	<b>Q2:</b> - 84.9 VAR
PFΣ: 0.88 PF	SZE 527.1 VA 1: 0.89 PF2: 0 :- 26.9°∳2:- 2	.87 PF3: 0.87
HZ: 50.0 E	SHE144.8 VAH MDE436.5 VA I SEC: 2 CT:	4D⊠385.1 W ~15∣

For a description of each parameter, refer to section XIV. NOMENCLATURE.

# Power Quality of a 3 Phase 3 Wire (3P3W) System

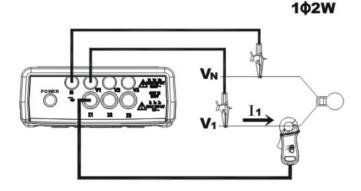


- a. Turn the power on. Press the POWER and the  $1\Phi 3\Phi$  buttons to select the 3P3W system. The type of system will be displayed at the bottom right of the LCD.
- b. Connect the four test leads to the voltage terminals L1, L2, and L3 of the system.
- c. Connect the three current probes to the power analyzer input terminal I1, I2, and I3.
- d. Clamp on to the L1, L2, and L3. Make sure the current flows from the front of the current probe to the back.
- e. All parameters of the system will be shown in the LCD

V12:881.1	U V	I	799.	2mA
<mark>V23:</mark> 381.4	ŧŲ	I	800.	6mA
<mark>031:</mark> 379.6	5 U	I	3 <b>:</b> 801.	ØmA
<b>ΡΣ:</b> 464.6 W ΡFΣ: 0.88 PFH: 0.88	SΣL	527.4 V/	A QZ:-	-249.7 VAR
WH: 9.8 WH	SH:	11.1 VA	H QH:	5.2 VARH

For a description of each parameter, refer to XIV. NOMENCLATURE.

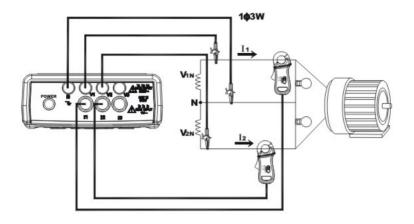
# Power Quality of a Single Phase (1P2W) System



- a. Press POWER and then 1434 to select the 1P2W system. The type of system will be displayed at the bottom right of the LCD
- b. Connect the test leads to the voltage terminals L1 and  $V_N$  (Neutral) of the system.
- c. Connect one current probe to the power analyzer input terminal I1.
- Clamp on to the L1. Make sure the current flows from the front of the current probe to the back (see arrow labeled on clamp probe).
- e. All of the parameters of the system will be shown in the LCD



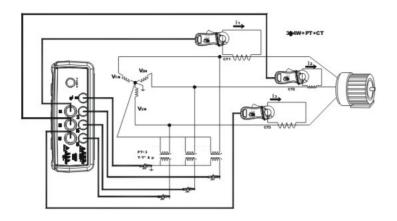
For a description of each parameter, refer to XIV. NOMENCLATURE.



- a. Turn the power on. Press the POWER and the 1434 buttons to select the 1P3W system. The type of system will be displayed at the bottom right of the LCD.
- b. Connect the test leads to the voltage terminals L1, L2 and  $V_N$  (Neutral) of the system.
- c. Connect the two current probes to the power analyzer input terminal I1 and I2.
- d. Clamp on to the L1 and L2. Make sure the current flows from the front of the current probe to the back.
- e. All of the system parameters will be shown in the LCD

U18220.0 V	M18797.7má
U2:220.0 V	121800.7má
₽11 156.4 W	S1: 175.4 VA 018- 79.3 VAR
₽2: 154.2 W	823 176.1 VA 028- 85.0 VAR
	828 351.3 VA 028 −164.3 VAR 1: 0.89 PF2: 0.87 :- 27.1°¢2:- 29.0°
WH: 4.3 WH	SH: 4.8 VAH QH: 2.2 VARH
HZ: 50.0 ወ	MD: VA MD: W −15
1ቀ30	SEC: 2 CT: 1 VT: 1

For a description of each parameter, refer to XIV. NOMENCLATURE.



- a. Turn the power on. Press the POWER and the  $1\overline{434}$  buttons to select the 3P4W system. The type of system will be displayed at the bottom right of the LCD.
- b. Connect the four test leads to the secondary voltage terminals L1, L2, L3 and the  $V_N$  (Neutral) of the system.
- c. Clamp on to the secondary coils of L1, L2, and L3. Make sure the current flows from the front of the current probe to the back (see the arrow label on the clamp probe).

	REC DA HZ: VT: CT: SEC: CLAMP: MD TIM	ATE: 5- 50 1 1 2 100	15	1:19 10:14:50	
	TRANS SDVP:	REF: 11 5%	10.0 V		
Year 2005	Month 7	Date 22	Hour 13	Minute 22	Second 20

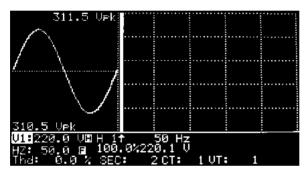
- d. Press SETUP to enter the SETUP menu.
- e. Press SETUP several times until the CT symbol is highlighted.
- f. Press the A or V button to increment or decrement the RATIO specified by the CT.

	REC DA HZ: CT: SEC: CLAMP: MD TIM TRANS	TE: 5- 50 1 2 100 1E: 1 REF:11	.5	1:19 10:14:50	
	SDVP:	5%			
Year 2005	Month 7	Date 22	Hour 13	Minute 22	Second 9

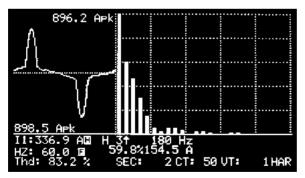
- g. Press the SETUP button several times until the VT symbol is highlighted.
- h. Press the A or V button to increment or decrement the RATIO specified by the VT.
- i. All 35 system parameters will be shown in the LCD

For a description of each parameter, refer to XIV. NOMENCLATURE.

## Harmonic Analysis of Voltage or Current



(Normal Voltage without Distortion and Harmonics)



(Distorted Current with Harmonics)

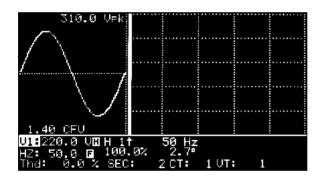
a. Setup the analyzer for measurement of any power system (3P4W, 3P3W, 1P2W, or 1P3W). To view

the harmonic analysis of voltage or current, press the HARMO button.

- b. Once the HARMO button is pressed, the waveform will be shown in the left-hand portion of the LCD, and the 1<sup>st</sup> to 50<sup>th</sup> order harmonics will be shown in the right-hand portion of the LCD.
- c. The positive and negative peak values will be shown in the waveform (Vpk).
- d. The true RMS value & total harmonic distortion of voltage or current is shown under the waveform.
- e. The cursor (↑ arrow) will point to the current order of harmonics. The frequency (HZ) will be displayed next to the cursor. The percentage of harmonics (%) will be displayed below the cursor. The magnitude of the harmonics (V or A) or phase angle will be displayed next to the %.
- f. Press the SETUP button several times until HAR is highlighted.
- g. To move the cursor to the next harmonic, use the *◄*or *▶* button.
- h. To see the next page (51<sup>st</sup> to 99<sup>th</sup> order) press the ► button to pass the 50<sup>th</sup> order or press the 
  button to pass the 1<sup>st</sup> order.

NOTE: If the waveform is clipped at the peak or too small in the LCD, press the RANGE button to select HIGH or LOW range for a better display. The range indicator is the symbol after the unit of RMS value, L or H.

# **Display the Phase Angle of Harmonics**



When the HARMO button is pressed the magnitude of each harmonic is displayed. To review the phase angle of each harmonic, press the PHASE button. The phase angle will be displayed next to the % display icon. V1 does not trigger at exactly 0 degrees; it may be a few degrees after '0'. The remaining signals (V2, V3, I1, I2, I3) are sampled when V1 is triggered. In other words, the phase angles for V2, V3, I1, I2, and I3 are sampled with respect to V1. For example, if V1, I1 have a phase difference of 30 degrees, they are displayed as V1 (2 degrees), I1 (32 degrees) in the harmonics analysis.

NOTE: If the waveform is clipped at the peak or too small in the LCD, press the RANGE button to select HIGH or LOW range for a better display. The range indicator is the symbol after the unit of RMS value, L or H.

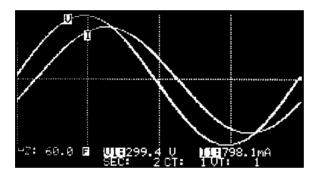
### Measurement of Maximum Demand

- 1. Set the time interval for maximum demand (refer to section V)
- 2. The analyzer will integrate the KW and KVA over the specified interval.
- 3. The maximum demand (MD) updates if new demand is greater than the previous value.

In the following example, the maximum demand is 527.4VA and 527.4W. The time interval for maximum demand is 2 minutes.

U121381.8 V	<b>V18</b> 220.0 V	11.798.5mA
U233380.8 V	V28220.0 V	12.800.7mA
U311379.7 V	V38219.6 V	13.801.7mA
P1: 175.4 W	S1: 175.6 VA	01: 8.3 VAR
P2: 176.1 W	S2: 176.1 VA	02: 0.0 VAR
P3: 176.0 W	S3: 176.0 VA	03: 0.0 VAR
	SE: 527.5 VA 1: 0.99 PF2: 1 : 2.9°¢2:	.00 PF3: 1.00 1.0°∳3: 0.8°
WH: 60.7 WH HZ: 50.0 M 1449	MD:527.4 UA	0H: 3.9 VARH MD:527.4 W - 2 1 VT: 1

# Waveform of Voltage and Current





Press this button to display the waveforms for voltage and current simultaneously.

1ø 3ø ∼1⊳2⊳3

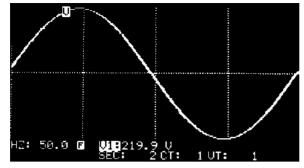
Press this to select different inputs (V1, I1), (V2, I2), or (V3, I3).

NOTE: The triggering point is the zero crossing point of V1 for V2, V3, I2, and I3. The triggering point for I1 is its own zero crossing point in case V1 is not present.

NOTE: In the waveform display mode, one period/cycle of 1024 data points is displayed.

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# Waveform for Voltage Only





Press this button to display the voltage waveform only. The true RMS value of voltage will be displayed at the bottom of the LCD.

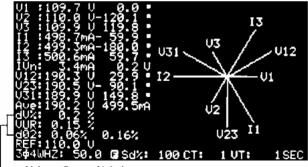


Press this button to select V1, V2, or V3.

NOTE: The triggering point is the zero crossing point of V1 for V2 and V3.

NOTE: In the waveform mode, one period/cycle of 1024 data points is displayed.

# **Graphic Phase Diagram**





Press this button to display the phase diagram.

The voltage and current signals are displayed in phase format (magnitude, angle).

V1 is the reference. The V1 angle is always 0 degrees.

The phase angles of V2, V3, I1, I2, and I3 are displayed with respect to V1.

V1, V2, V3, I1, I2, I3, V12, V23, and V31 are displayed in vector form graphically.

V1, V2, V3: Phase voltages in phase format with respect to V1

I1, I2, I3: Line currents in phase format with respect to V1.

IVn: Calculated voltage and current of the neutral with respect to ground.

V12, V23, V31: Line voltage in phase format with respect to V1.

Ave: Average of line voltage V12, V23, and V31 and line current I1, I2, and I3

dV%: Historical maximum % value of (Max (V1, V2, V3) – Min (V1, V2, V3)) / Min (V1, V2, V3) \* 100%

VUR: Voltage (Unbalanced Ratio)

d02: The first number is Zero Sequence Unbalanced Ratio in % (d0) of voltage; the second number is the

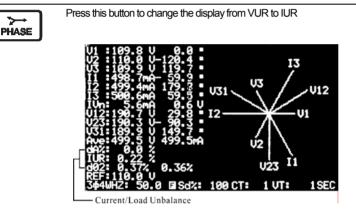
Negative Sequence Unbalanced Ratio in % (d2) of voltage. When VUR is displayed before d02, d02

represents the Zero and Negative Sequence Unbalanced Ratios for voltage.

REF: nominal voltage for transient detection reference

Sd%: threshold in % for transient detection with respect to nominal voltage (REF).

NOTE: The phase is drawn only when the reading exceeds 200 counts. If V is zero, the phase of the current will not be drawn.



dA%: Historical max % value of (Max (I1, I2, I3) – Min (I1, I2, I3) ) / Min (I1, I2, I3) \* 100%

IUR: Current Unbalance Ratio

d02: The first number is Zero Sequence Unbalanced Ratio in % (d0) for current; the second number is the

Negative Sequence Unbalanced Ratio in % (d2) for current. When IUR is displayed before d02, d02

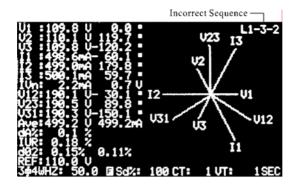
represents the Zero (d0) and Negative (d2) Sequence Unbalanced Ratios for current.

REF: Nominal voltage for transient detection reference

Sd%: Threshold in % for transient detection with respect to nominal voltage (REF).

NOTE: If the voltage of L1, L2, and L3 is not connected in the correct sequence, the analyzer will show L1-3-2 in the right top corner, and it will beep to warn of an incorrect phase sequence.

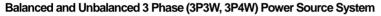
### Phase Sequence of a 3 Phase System

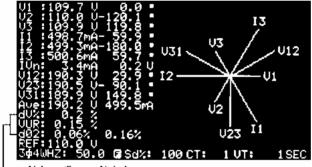




Press this button to display the phase diagram.

In this mode, the analyzer also detects the phase sequence. If the voltage of L1, L2, and L3 is not connected in the correct sequence, the analyzer will show L1-3-2 in the right top corner, and it will beep to warn of an incorrect phase sequence.





- Voltage/Source Unbalance



In order to check if a system is balanced, press this button to display the phase diagram

along with the VUR.

### Balanced System

If a 3 phase power source system is balanced, the parameters should be as follows:

V1 = V2 = V3

V12 = V23 = V31

The phase angle of V2 = -120; the phase angle of V3 = 120

Vn (voltage of neutral with respect to ground) = 0V

VUR = 0%

d0% = 0%

d2% = 0%

### Unbalanced Systems

If the values differ from the numbers above, an unbalanced power source system may be the reason. The magnitude of the differences can be used as an indication of an unbalanced power source system. The larger the difference, the further unbalanced the system will be.

# Balanced and Unbalanced 3 Phase (3P3W or 3P4W) Load System







In order to check if current of a system is balanced, press the button twice to display the phase diagram with the IUR displayed.

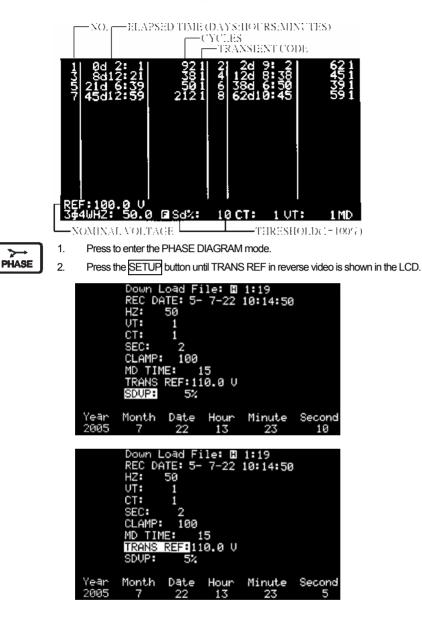
### Balanced System

If a 3 phase load system is balanced, the parameters should be as follows:

I1 = I2 = I3 The phase angle for I2 and I1 (I2  $\pm$  I1) =  $\pm$ 120 The phase angles of I3 and I2 (I3  $\pm$  I2) =  $\pm$ 120 In (current of neutral) = 0A IUR = 0% d0% = 0% d2% = 0% Unbalanced Systems

If the values differ from the numbers above, an unbalanced load system may be the reason. The magnitude of the difference can be used as an indication of an unbalanced power source system. The larger the difference, the more unbalanced the load will be.

# Transient Capture (Dips, Swells, Outage)



- 3. Press the ▲ or ▼ button to increment or decrement the nominal voltage for a reference. To exit, press the EXIT button.
- 4. Press the SETUP button several times until SDVP is shown in the right bottom corner of the LCD.

5. Press the A or V button to increment or decrement the threshold in % (SDVP). To exit, press the

EXIT button.

- 6. Press the TRANSIENT button to start the "Transient Capture"
- 7. The backlight will switch off when the TRANSIENT button is pressed.
- 8. If the analyzer captures any transient events (DIP, SWELL, or OUTAGE), the backlight will switch on. Press the TRANSIENT button to review the recorded TRANSIENT events.
- 9. To exit TRANSIENT CAPTURE, press the EXIT TRANSIENT button.

### Definition of SWELL, DIP, and OUTAGE:

SWELL:

 $V_{RMS} > [V_{REF} + (V_{REF} * SD\%)]$ 

Code for SWELL:

1

If the true RMS value of either phase (V1, V2, or V3) rises above the nominal value plus the threshold (REF

+ SD%), it is regarded as SWELL. Code for SWELL is 1.

DIP:

 $V_{RMS} < [V_{REF} - (V_{REF} * SD\%)]$ 

Code for DIP:

2

If the true RMS value of either phase (V1, V2, or V3) falls below the nominal value plus the threshold, it is

regarded as DIP. The code for DIP is 2.

OUTAGE: V<sub>RMS</sub> < 30 to 40V

Λ

Code for OUTAGE:

If the true RMS value of either phase is less than 30 to 40V, it is regarded as OUTAGE. The code for

OUTAGE is 4.

Code Table:

	SWELL	DIP	OUTAGE	COMMENT
CODE	1	2	4	Codes can be added together

### DISPLAY FORMAT:

First column: Sequential number of events.

Second column: Elapsed time (the elapsed time format is DAYS, HOURS, MINUTES) 99 days 24 hours 60 minutes max

The third column: Number of cycles.

The fourth column: Code of transient events. There can be more than one transient condition occurring in one event.

NOTE: In the TRANSIENT CAPTURE mode, the analyzer takes 128 samples of each cycle for each phase continuously.

NOTE: When the user presses the TRANSIENT button to review the recorded events, the capture operation is paused until TRANSIENT is pressed again. The timer is also stopped when TRANSIENT is pressed. Therefore, the time stamp is not correct when the user presses the TRANSIENT button to resume operation.

NOTE: The analyzer can record up to 28 events. When the analyzer has recorded 28 events, it stops the capture operation, turns the backlight on, and displays the 28 transient events.

NOTE: The codes can be summed to indicate two or three conditions. For example, if the code is 6, DIP and OUTAGE (2+4) have been added.

NOTE: The longest duration for a capture operation is 99 days. Use the external 12V DC power adaptor for long capture operation.

WARNING: Select 50 or 60 Hz for transient capture. If AUTO is selected for frequency, the unit will not allow entrance to the TRANSIENT capture mode (an audible beep will sound).

### Down Load Transient Data

When the TRANSIENT button is pressed to display CAPTURED EVENTS, the data is also output through

the RS-232 interface simultaneously.

The data output is in the same format as the LCD display format (ASCII)

YEAR MONTH DAY HOUR MINUTE SECOND CT REF CODE

01 ELAPSED\_TIME CYCLES CODE

02 ELAPSED\_TIME CYCLES CODE

03 ELAPSED\_TIME CYCLES CODE

04 ELAPSED\_TIME CYCLES CODE

### Datalogging Power Data (3P4W, 3P3W, 1P2W, 1P3W)

- 1. Set the datalogger sampling time (rate)
- 2. Press the POWER button to enter the power measurement mode.
- 3. Press the 1030 button to select the appropriate system (3P4W, 3P3W, 1P3W, or 1P2W).
- 4. Press the REC button to start logging. A REC symbol will display.
- 5. To stop logging, press the REC button again.

NOTE: To download data, send a CTRL+D command to the analyzer through RS-232C interface. WARNING: The sampling time could be longer than the set value if there is no input at V1.

### Down Load Power Data



- 1. Press the SETUP button.
- 2. "Down Load File" will be shown in reverse video.
- 3. Press the ▲ or ▼ button to select the file number.
- 4. If the data stored in a selected file is power data, a leading symbol "P" will precede the file name
- 5. Press the EXIT button.
- 6. When a CTRL D command is received through the RS-232C port, it downloads stored power data.

NOTE: In the setup mode, the unit will not accept commands through the RS-232C port. To down load data, press the EXIT button to return to normal measurement mode.

# Data Logging Harmonics Data

- 1. Set the sampling time (rate) for data logging
- 2. Press the HARMO button to enter the harmonics measurement mode.
- 3. Press the  $\boxed{V}$  button to select the desired input (V1, I1, V2, I2, V3, or I3).
- 4. Press the REC button to start data logging. A REC symbol will be displayed at the bottom of the LCD.
- 5. To stop data logging, press the REC button again.

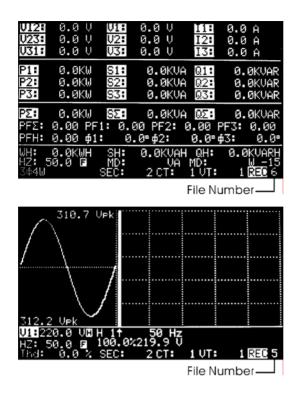
WARNING: If there is no input at V1, the sampling rate could be longer than the programmed value.

# **Down Load Harmonics Data**

				File Nur	nics Data mber tal File Nur	nbe
	REC DA HZ: UT: CT: SEC: CLAMP: MD TIM	TE: 5- 50 1 1 2 1000	.5	5: 6 11:53:17		
Year 2005	Month 7	Date 22	Hour 13	Minute 4	Second 57	

- 1. Press the SETUP button.
- 2. "Down Load File" will be shown in reverse video.
- 3. Press the ▲ or ▼ button to select the file number.
- 4. If the data stored in a selected file is harmonics data, a leading symbol "H" will precede the file name.
- 5. Press the EXIT button.
- When the unit receives a CTRL D command through the RS-232C port, it will down load previously saved harmonic data.

NOTE: In the setup mode, the unit will not accept any commands through the RS-232C port. To down load data, press the EXIT button to return to normal measurement mode.



- 1. Press the HOLD button.
- Press the REC button. It takes a few seconds to hardcopy the screen, and store the screen in an internal file. The LCD will show REC in reverse video when in operation. The number following REC is the file number.
- 3. Users can store up to 85 screens (if no power or harmonics data is stored).

## **READ the SAVED SCREEN**

				File Nur		nber
	REC DA	50 1 2 1000 1E: 1	7-22	1: 6 10:14:50		
Year 2005	Month 7	Date 22	Hour 13	Minute 4	Second 1	

- 1. Press the SETUP button. 'DOWN LOAD FILE' is displayed in reverse video. If the data in the selected file is a hardcopy of the screen, a leading symbol of H is displayed in reverse video.
- 2. Press the ▲ or ▼ to select the saved screen.
- 3. Press the HOLD/READ button to restore the saved screen.

NOTE: If the data saved in a specific file is a HARDCOPY of a screen, a leading symbol of H is displayed in reverse video.

NOTE: Hardcopy data can not be downloaded.

# SET THE CT AND VT (PT) RATIO

		TE: 5- 50 1 1 2 100	5	1:19 10:14:50	
Year	Month	Date	Hour	Minute	Second
2005	7	22	13	22	20
		TE: 5- 50 1 1 2 100 1E: 1	.5	1:19 10:14:50	
Year	Month	Date	Hour	Minute	Second
2005	7	22	13	22	9

Press the SETUP button several times until CT or VT is shown in reverse video.

Press the ▲ or ▼ button to increment or decrement the value by 1. Holding the ▲ or ▼ button will

speed up the process of incrementing or decrementing. To exit, press the EXIT button.

The CT ratio range is 1 to 600. The VT ratio range is 1 to 3000. Once the CT or VT (PT) is set, the voltage and current readings are as follows:

CURRENT (displayed) = CURRENT (measured) x CT Ratio

VOLTAGE (displayed) = VOLTAGE (measured) x VT Ratio

# SET THE TIME INTERVAL FOR MAXIMUM DEMAND

			ile: 🛙		
		41E: 5-	(-22	10:14:50	
	HZ:	50			
	VT:	1			
	CT:	1			
	SEC:	2			
	CLAMP:	100			
	MD TIM	1E <b>:</b>	15		
	TRANS	REF:11	0.0 V		
	SDUP:	5%			
Year	Month	Date	Hour	Minute	Second
	7				
2005	7	22	13	22	55

Press the SETUP button until MD TIME is displayed in reverse video.

Press the ▲ or ▼ button to increment or decrement the value by 1.

Holding the ▲ or ▼ button will speed up the process of incrementing or decrementing. To exit, press the EXIT button.

The MD (max. demand) time interval range is 1 to 60 minutes. Once the time interval is set, the unit will calculate the maximum demand and average demand in watts (W) or VA. To toggle between W and VA, press the POWER button.

# SET THE SAMPLING TIME FOR DATA LOGGING

			ile: 🛙		
			7-22	10:14:50	
	HZ:	50			
	UT:	1			
	CT:	1			
	SEC: CLAMP:	2 100			
	MD TIM		E		
		REF:11	15 19 9 11		
	SDUP:	5%	.0.0 0		
	JUVF -	34			
Year	Month	Date	Hour	Minute	Second
2005	7	22	13	22	25

Press the SETUP button several times until SEC is displayed in reverse video.

Press the ▲ or ▼ button to increment or decrement the value by 2.

Holding the ▲ or ▼ button will speed up the process of incrementing or decrementing.

To exit, press the EXIT button.

# SET THE CALENDER CLOCK

	REC DA HZ: UT: CT: SEC: CLAMP: MD TIM	50 1 2 100	7-22	1:19 10:14:50			REC DA HZ: VT: CT: SEC: CLAMP: MD TIN	50 1 1 2 100	· 7-22	1:19 10:14:50	
Year 2005	Month 7	Date 22	Hour 13	Minute 23	Second 20	Year 2005	Month 7	Date 22	Hour 13	Minute 23	Second 33
	REC DA	50 1 2 100 E: 1	7-22	1:19 10:14:50			REC D HZ: UT: CT: SEC: CLAMP: MD TIN	50 1 1 2 : 100	7-22	1:19 10:14:50	
Year 2005	Month 7	Date 22	Hour 13	Minute 23	Second 40	Year 2005	Month 7	Date 22	Hour 13	Minute 23	Second 52
	REC DA HZ: UT: CT: SEC: CLAMP: MD TIM	50 1 2 100	7-22	1:19 10:14:50							

- 1. Press the SETUP button to select (Year, Month, Date, Hour, and Minute).
- 2. Press the or to increment or decrement the number.

Month Date Hour Minute Second 7 22 13 24 0

Note: The 'seconds' field cannot be adjusted.

Year 2005

# PROTOCOL (RS-232C INTERFACE)

RS-232C Interface:

Baud Rate 19200 Data bits 8 Stop bit 1 No Parity

# SPECIFICATIONS (23°C±5°C)

### AC Watts (50 or 60 Hz, PF 0.5 to 1. CT = 1, Voltage > AC 20V, Current > AC 4A for 100A range,

### Current > AC 40A for 1000A range and continuous waveform)

Model 382095 + 1000A clamp

Range (0 to 1000A)	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings <sup>1</sup>
5.0 – 999.9 W	0.1W	±1% ± 0.8W
1.000 – 9.999 KW	0.001 KW	±1% ± 8W
10.00 – 99.99 KW	0.01 KW	±1% ± 80W
100.0 – 999.9 KW	0.1 KW	±1% ± 0.8kW
1000 – 9999 KW	1 KW	±1% ± 8kW
0.000 - 9.999MW	0.001MW	±1% ± 80kW

AC Watt (50 or 60 Hz, PF 0.5 to 1. CT = 1, Voltage > AC 20V, Current > AC 40mA for 1A range, and

Current > AC 0.4A for 10A range, Current > AC 04A for 100A range and continuous waveform)

Model 382095 + 100A clamp

Range (0 to 100A)	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings <sup>2</sup>
5.0-999.9 W	0.1W	±1% ± 0.8W
1.000 – 9.999 KW	0.001 KW	±1% ± 8W
10.00 – 99.99 KW	0.01 KW	±1% ± 80W
100.0 – 999.9 KW	0.1 KW	±1% ± 0.8kW
1000 – 9999 KW	1 KW	±1% ± 8kW

<sup>1,2</sup>For CT  $\neq$  1, the accuracy in percentage is the same (±1%). The additional digits should be

multiplied by the CT ratio. For example, ±8dgts becomes ±8dgts \* CT ratio

### Range of CT (Current Transformer) Ratio: 1 to 600

Model 382095 + 3000A flexible clamp

Range (0 to 3000A)	Resolution	Accuracy of	Readings <sup>1</sup>
		>20V & >30A	<20V or <30A
10.0 – 999.9 W	0.1W	±1% of range	±2% of range
1.000 – 9.999 KW	0.001 KW	±1% of range	±2% of range
10.00 – 99.99 KW	0.01 KW	±1% of range	±2% of range
100.0 – 999.9 KW	0.1 KW	±1% of range	±2% of range
1000 – 9999 KW	1 KW	±1% of range	±2% of range

<sup>1</sup>For VT  $\neq$  1, the accuracy in percentage is the same (±1%). The additional wattage should be

#### multiplied by the VT ratio. For example, ±0.2W becomes ±0.2W \* VT ratio

AC Apparent Power (VA, from 0.000VA to 9999 KVA)

VA = V r.m.s. x A r.m.s

AC Reactive Power (VAR, from 0.000 VAR to 9999 KVAR)

$$VAR = \sqrt{(VA^2 - W^2)}$$

Range of VT (Voltage Transformer) Ratio: 1 to 3000

#### AC Active Energy (WH, or KWH, from 0 WH to 999,999 KWH)

#### WH = W \* Time (in hours)

AC Current (50 or 60 Hz, Auto Range, True RMS, Crest Factor < 4, CT=1)

1000A Clamp (Overload Protection AC 2000A)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings <sup>3</sup>
10.00A	0.001A/0.01A	-
100.0A	0.01A/0.1A	±0.5% ± 0.5A
40A to 1000.A	0.1A/1A	±0.5% ± 5A

100A Clamp (Overload Protection AC 200A)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings <sup>4</sup>
0.04A to 1A	0.001 A	±0.5% ± 0.05A
0.4A to 10A	0.01 A	±0.5% ± 0.5A
4A to 100A	0.1 A	±1.0% ± 0.5A

<sup>34</sup> For CT  $\neq$  1, the accuracy in percentage is the same (±0.5%). The additional digits should be

multiplied by the CT ratio. For example, ±5 digits becomes ±5 digits \* CT ratio

3000A Flexible Clamp

Range	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings <sup>4</sup>
0 to 300.0 A	0.1 A	±1% of range
300.0 to 999.9 A	0.1 A	±1% of range
1000 to 3000 A	1A	±1% of range

### <sup>4</sup>For CT $\neq$ 1, the accuracy in percentage is the same (±1.0%).

AC Voltage (50 or 60 Hz, Auto Range, True RMS, Crest Factor < 4, Input Impedance 10 MΩ, VT (PT) = 1,

Overload Protection AC 800V)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings <sup>6</sup>
20.0 V to 500.0 V (Phase to Neutral)	0.1 V	±0.5% ± 5dgts
20.0 V to 600.0 V (Phase to Phase)	0.1 V	±0.5% ± 5dgts

### <sup>6</sup>For VT (PT) ≠ 1, the accuracy in percentage is the same (±0.5%). The additional digits should be

### multiplied by the CT ratio. For example, ±5 digits becomes ±5 digits \* VT (PT) ratio

# Harmonics of AC Voltage in Percentage (1 to 99<sup>th</sup> order, minimum voltage at 50 or 60 Hz > AC 80V. If

the voltage is 0 at 50 or 60 Hz, all the percentage displays will be 0.)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 to 20 <sup>th</sup>	0.1%	±2%
20 to 49 <sup>th</sup>	0.1%	4% of reading ±2.0%
50 to 99 <sup>th</sup>	0.1%	6% of reading ±2.0%

Harmonics of AC Voltage in Magnitude (1 to  $99^{\text{th}}$  order, minimum voltage at the 50 or 60 Hz > AC 80V,

VT=1)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 to 20 <sup>th</sup>		±2% ± 0.5V
20 to 49 <sup>th</sup>	0.1V	4% of reading ±0.5V
50 to 99 <sup>th</sup>		6% of reading ±0.5V

Harmonics of AC Current in Percentage (1 to  $99^{th}$  order, minimum current at the 50 or 60 Hz > 20 A. If the

current is 0 at 50 or 60 Hz, all the percentage (%) display is 0.)

1000A Clamp

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 to 20 <sup>th</sup>	0.1%	±2%
20 to 49 <sup>th</sup>	0.1%	4% of reading ±2.0%
50 to 99 <sup>th</sup>	0.1%	6% of reading ±2.0%

Harmonics of AC Current in Magnitude (1 to  $99^{th}$  order, minimum current at the 50 or 60 Hz > 20A, CT=1)

1000A Clamp

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 to 20 <sup>th</sup>		±2% of reading ±0.4A
20 to 49 <sup>th</sup>	0.1A	±4% of reading ±0.4A
50 to 99 <sup>th</sup>		±6% of reading ±0.4A

Harmonic of AC Current in Percentage (1 to  $99^{th}$  order, minimum current at the 50 or 60 Hz > 20 A. If the current is 0 at 50 or 60 Hz, all the percentage (%) display is 0.)

100A Clamp

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 to 10 <sup>th</sup>	0.1 %	±0.2% of reading ±1%
11 to 20 <sup>th</sup>	0.1 %	±2% of reading ±1%
21 to 50 <sup>th</sup> (A range)	0.1 %	±5% of reading ±1%
21 to 50 <sup>th</sup> (mA range)	0.1 %	±10% of reading ±1%
51 to 99 <sup>th</sup>	0.1 %	±35% of reading ±1%

# Harmonics of AC Current in Magnitude (1 to 99<sup>th</sup> order, minimum current at the 50 or 60 Hz > 20A,

CT=1)

100A Clamp

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 to 10 <sup>th</sup>		±0.2% of reading ±7dgts
11 to 20 <sup>th</sup>		±2% of reading ±7dgts
21 to 50 <sup>th</sup> (A range)	0.1mA/0.1A	±5% of reading ±7dgts
21 to 50 <sup>th</sup> (mA range)		±10% of reading ±7dgts
51 to 99 <sup>th</sup>		±35% of reading ±7dgts

Harmonic of AC Current in Percentage (1 to 99<sup>th</sup> order, minimum current at 50 or 60 Hz is greater than

20A. If the current is 0 at 50 or 60 Hz, all the percentage (%) display is 0)

3000A Flexible Clamp

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 to 20 <sup>th</sup>	0.1 %	±2%
21 to 50 <sup>th</sup>	0.1 %	±6%
51 to 99 <sup>th</sup>	0.1 %	±10%

Harmonics of AC Current in Magnitude (1 to  $99^{th}$  order, minimum current at the 50 or 60 Hz > 20A,

CT=1)

3000A Flexible Clamp

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 to 20 <sup>th</sup>	0.1A	±2% of range ±0.4A
21 to 50 <sup>th</sup>		±4% of range ±0.4A
51 to 99 <sup>th</sup>		±6% of range ±0.4A

Harmonics of AC Current in Magnitude (1 to 99<sup>th</sup> order, minimum current at 50 or 60 Hz is greater than 300A)

3000A Flexible Clamp

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 to 20 <sup>th</sup>	0.1A	±2% of range ±40A
21 to 50 <sup>th</sup>		±4% of range ±40A
51 to 99 <sup>th</sup>		±6% of range ±40A

### Power Factor (PF)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.00 to 1.00	0.01	± 0.04 (>20V and >30A)
Phase Angle $(\Phi)$		
Range	Resolution	Accuracy
-180° to 180°	0.1°	± 1°

**Total Harmonic Distortion** (THD-F with respect to the 50 or 60 Hz, min. value at the 50 or 60 Hz > 80V and > 20 A, 1 to  $50^{\text{th}}$  Harmonics. If the voltage or current is 0 at 50 or 60 Hz, all of the percentage (%) displays are 0)

1000A Clamp

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.0 to 20%	0.1%	±2%
20 to 100%	01%	$\pm 6\%$ of reading $\pm 1\%$
100 to 999.9 %	0.1%	$\pm$ 10% of reading $\pm$ 1%

**Total Harmonic Distortion** (THD-F with respect to the fundamental frequency, min. value at 50 or 60 Hz is greater than AC 80V, greater than 10% of the range. Calculation is done over 1 to 50<sup>th</sup> Harmonics. If the voltage or current is 0 at 50 or 60 Hz, all the percentage (%) displays are 0).

100A Clamp

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.0 to 20.0 %	0.1%	± 1%
20.0 to 100%	0.1%	$\pm 3\%$ of reading $\pm 5\%$
100 to 999.9%	0.1%	±10% of reading ±10%

3000A Flexible Clamp

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.0 to 20%	0.1%	± 2% of range
20 to 100%	0.1%	$\pm 6\%$ of range $\pm 1\%$
100 to 999.9%	0.1%	±10% of range ±1%

### Peak Value of AC Voltage (peak value > 5V) or AC Current (peak value > 20A), VT=1

### Model 382095 + 1000A Clamp

Range	Sampling Time	Accuracy of Reading
50 Hz	39 µs	$\pm 5\% \pm 30$ digits
60 Hz	33 µs	$\pm 5\% \pm 30$ digits

### Peak Value of AC Voltage (peak value > 5V) or AC Current (peak value > 10% of the range), VT=1

### Model 382095 + 100A Clamp

Range	Sampling Time	Accuracy of Reading
50 Hz	19µs	$\pm 5\% \pm 30$ digits
60 Hz	16µs	$\pm 5\% \pm 30$ digits

### Peak Value of AC Voltage (peak value > 5V) or AC Current (peak value > 20A), VT=1

### Model 382095 + 3000A Flexible Clamp

Range	Sampling Time	Accuracy of Reading
50 Hz	39 µs	± 5% ± 30 digits
60 Hz	33 µs	$\pm 5\% \pm 30$ digits

### Crest Factor (C.F.) of ACV (peak value > 5V) or ACA (peak value > 20A), VT=1

#### Model 382095 + 1000A Clamp

Range	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings
1.00 to 99.99	0.01	$\pm 5\% \pm 30$ digits

Crest Factor (C.F.) of AC Voltage (peak value > 5V) or AC Current (peak value > 10% of the range),

# VT=1

### Model 382095 + 100A Clamp

Range	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings
1.00 to 99.99	0.01	$\pm 5\% \pm 30$ digits

### Crest Factor (C.F.) of AC Current (RMS value > 30A)

### Model 382095 + 3000A Flexible Clamp

Range	Resolution	Accuracy of Readings
1.00 to 99.99	0.01	$\pm 5\% \pm 30$ digits

### Frequency in AUTO mode

Range	Resolution	Accuracy of Reading
45 – 65 Hz	0.1Hz	0.1Hz
		0.2Hz (3000A flex clamp)

## Model 382095

For indoor use only Battery Type: Display: LCD Update Rate: Power Consumption: No. of Samples: Data Logging Capacity:

Sampling Time: Low battery Indication: Overload Indication: Dimensions:

Weight: Accessories:

### **1000A Current Probe**

Conductor Size: Range Selection: Manual (10A, 100A, 1000A) Dimensions: 9.6" (L) x 3.8" (W) x 1.8" (H) Weight: 1.3 lbs. (600g) Operating Temperature: 14 to 122°F (-10°C to 50°C) Operating Humidity: < 85% relative humidity Altitude: < 2000 meters Storage Temperature: -4 to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C) Storage Humidity: <75% relative

Dot Matrix LCD (240x128) with backlight once per second 140mA (approx.) 1024 samples / period 17474 records (3P4W, 3P3W) 26210 records (1P3W) 52420 records (1P2W) 4096 records (50 Harmonics / record) 2 to 3000 seconds for data logging Bb OL 257 (L) x 155 (W) x 57 (H) mm 10.1" (L) x 6.1" (W) x 2.3" (H) 2.5 lbs. (1160g) Batteries included Four (4) test leads 9.8' (3m) in length Alligator clips x 4 Carrying bag x 1 Users manual x 1

Eight (8) 1.5V 'AA' batteries

2.2" (55mm), 2.5" x 1.0" (64 x 24mm) bus bar 244mm (L) x 97mm (W) x 46mm (H)

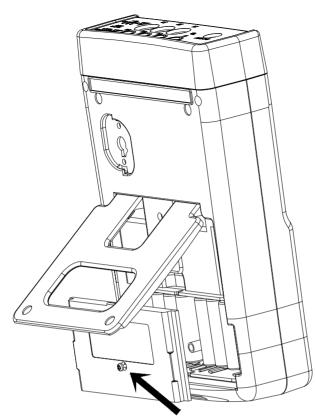
Batteries 'AA' 1.5V x 8

# **100A Current Probe**

Conductor Size:	1.2" (30mm) approx.
Range Selection:	Manual (1A, 10A, 100A)
Dimensions:	210mm (L) x 62mm (W) x 36mm (H)
	8.3" (L) x 2.5" (W) x 1.4" (H)
Weight:	7 oz. (200g)
Operating Temperature:	14 to 122°F (-10°C to 50°C)
Operating Humidity:	< 85% relative humidity
Altitude:	< 2000 meters
Storage Temperature:	-4 to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C)
Storage Humidity:	< 75% relative

# **3000A Flexible Current Probe**

24" (610mm)
Manual (300A, 3000A)
1.37" (35mm)
0.9" (23mm)
0.55" (14mm)
6.7"/170mm (probe to box)
6.7"/170mm (box to output)
5.1" (L) x 3.1" (W) x 1.7" (H)
130mm (L) x 80mm (W) x 43mm (H)
14.4 oz. (410g)
14 to 185°F (-10°C to 85°C)
< 85% relative humidity
< 2000 meters
-4 to 185°F (-20°C to 85°C)
< 85% relative



When the low battery symbol is displayed on the LCD, replace the batteries.

- 1. Turn power off and remove all of the test leads and current probes from the unit.
- 2. Remove the screw on the battery cover.
- 3. Lift and remove the battery cover.
- 4. Remove the old batteries.
- 5. Insert eight (8) new 1.5V 'AA' batteries.
- 6. Replace the battery cover and secure the screw.

## **MAINTENANCE & CLEANING**

Service not covered in this manual should only be performed by qualified personnel. Repairs should only be performed by qualified personnel. Periodically wipe the case with a damp cloth and detergent; do not use abrasives or solvents.

### NOMENCLATURE

- V12, V23, V31: Line Voltage V1, V2, V3: Phase Voltage 11, 12, 13: Line Current P1. P2. P3: True Power (W) of Each Phase S1, S2, S3: Apparent (VA) Power of Each Phase Q1, Q2, Q3: Reactive Power (VAR) of Each Phase PΣ: Total System Power (W) SΣ: Total System Apparent Power (VA) QS: Total Reactive Power (VAR) PFΣ: Total System Power Factor (PF) PF1, PF2, PF3: Power Factor of Each Phase PFH: Long Term Average Power Factor (WH / SH) Φ1. Φ2. Φ3: Phase Angle of Each Phase WH: Watt Hours SH: VA hours QH: VAR hours HZ: Selected Frequency 50, 60 or Auto. MD: Maximum Demand in W and VA over Specified Interval 3P4W: 3 Phase 4 Wire System 3P3W: 3 Phase 3 Wire System 1P2W: Single Phase 2 Wire System 1P3W: Single Phase 3 Wire System
- SEC: sampling interval (0 to 3000 seconds) for data logging
- CT: Current Transformer Ratio from 1 to 600
- VT: Voltage Transformer Ratio from 1 to 3000