

Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer

User's Guide



Document # 62-400260101 Rev. D February, 2007



TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS2	<u>)</u>
SAFETY3	}
INTRODUCTION5	-
UNPACKING6)
ACTIVE PAIR SETUP7	,
DESCRIPTION9)
CONFIGURATION11	•
MODE DESCRIPTION11	
MODE DESCRIPTION12)
COLLAPSED RINGS13	}
CONNECTIONS14	ŀ
INSTALLATION18	}
GLOSSARY21	
PROBLEM SOLVING22	<u>)</u>
SPECIFICATIONS28	}
WARRANTY STATEMENT 30	١

SAFETY

NOTE: READ THIS FIRST

- 1) Do not look into any fiber optic connection or fiber optic cable.
- 2) Do not connect Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer to any type of public network.
- 3) Do not connect any outdoor cabling to the Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer without proper lightning protection.
- 4) Do not use unauthorized power supplies or cables.
- 5) Do not connect to non-5250 protocol devices.
- 6) Do not disassemble or modify the power supply and its cables.
- 7) Disconnect all cables prior to configuration.
- 8) Devices attached to the UTP network must comply with the voltage and current limits for Class 2 Power-Limited Signal Circuits as defined by article 725 of the National Electrical Code and Section 16 of the Canadian Electrical Code.
- 9) For your safety, receptacles must be properly wired and grounded.
- 10) Never attempt to service equipment connected to the data cable network or the grounded receptacle during an electrical storm. Exposure to lethal voltages may occur when lightning is present.

The following FCC statement applies to the NLynx Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer.

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which the user will be required to correct the interference at your own expense. Unauthorized changes or modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Classification of LED Transmitter Device Important:

The optical transmitter contains an LED system and is classified "CLASS 1 LED PRODUCT" per EN60825-1 (+A11), Safety of Laser Products. Contact Ringdale for repair if your Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer ever requires maintenance.

INTRODUCTION

This user's manual is for the Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer for use with the IBM 5250 protocol. The 5250 family of products consists of the IBM's System 34, 36, 38, and the AS/400 along with many supporting devices manufactured by IBM and other companies. The Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer works with all devices that are designed within the 5250 specifications.

Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer

Gemini Eight-Port Express Fiber Ringdale's Optic Multiplexer, part number 00-31-2313-0001, offers the unique ability to allow multiple AS/400 controller polling groups to be transmitted over a single fiber optic pair. This feature allows all new AS/400e controllers to provide their maximum throughput potential, in either 1Mbps Optimized or 2Mbps Express mode, by transparently multiplexing the "split-polling" feature without requiring performance robbing All new IBM controllers support the "split-polling" feature as a means of achieving higher throughput rates, even when connected to standard legacy devices. Gemini Express Multiplexer allows the "split-polling" feature to remain "enabled" with performance of up to 4 times greater than standard legacy 1Mbps 5250 protocols.

The Gemini Express Multiplexer has 8 Shielded RJ45 port connections as well as a DB25 "direct-connection" eliminating the need for the twinax "brick" and associated twinaxial cabling. Link connectivity is via ST fiber optic multi-mode connection with ability to operate in both point-to-point and multi-point "ring" topologies, reducing hardware requirements by up to 50%.

Other features include Advanced Noise Filtering, LED Port Diagnostics, Configurable UTP Pin Assignments, and a Field Replaceable wide-ranging Power Supply.

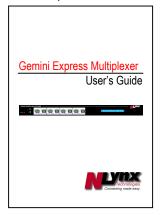
UNPACKING

Remove the packing material and check for the items below:



Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer

A (100-240 VAC) input external power supply is attached on the rear panel.





USER'S MANUAL

AC POWER CORD (North American units only)

Visually inspect all items for damage. If any component is damaged, contact Ringdale for a replacement.

DO NOT APPLY POWER TO ANY DAMAGED COMPONENT!

ACTIVE PAIR SETUP

All Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexers can be factory configured per customer request. The factory default

MODEL GXM8-45 PINS 4/5 3/6 1/2 S/N xxxxxxxxxx

setting is Pins 4 & 5. Different configurations will be indicated on the label on the bottom of the unit.

IDENTIFICATION LABEL

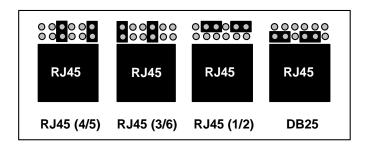
The active pair may be re-configured by performing the following procedure:

- Disconnect all power to the unit.
- Remove the two top cover screws located on the rear panel.
- Gently slide the top cover back one inch.
- Hold the top cover and tilt it up.

Reconfigure the jumpers located behind the RJ45 connectors as required. Settings for polarity and active pair assignment are shown below:

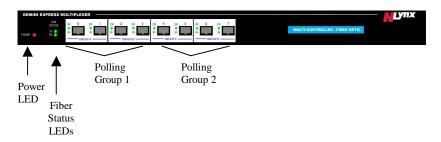
ACTIVE PAIR JUMPER SETTINGS

It should be noted that connections to the DB25 and the RJ45s are mutually exclusive. If any of the three pairs of the RJ45 are selected, the DB25 is disconnected. If the DB25 is selected, the RJ45s are disconnected. All jumper settings must be identical. To reinstall the top cover, tilt the top cover down, and slide the top cover forward until it mates completely with the bottom cover. Install the 2 top cover screws.



DESCRIPTION

The Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer's indicators and connections are described below.



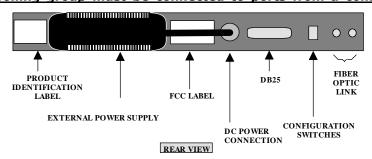
Power LED Amber LED activates when the Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer is powered up.

TX Activity LED Green LED activates when a signal is transmitted to the fiber optic aggregate link.

RX Activity LED Green LED activates when a signal is received from the fiber optic aggregate link and the MULTIPLEXER synchronizes to it.

Polling Group Status LEDs The upper green LEDs are express mode indicators. These LEDs activate when an express signal is detected and remain on until a 1MBPS signal is detected or a system reset occurs. The lower green LEDs are data activity indicators. These LEDs activate when a signal is present.

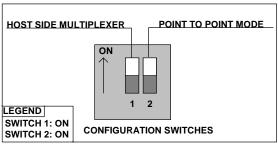
Polling Group Connectors There are two polling groups. Each polling group has been divided into two port groups. Polling group #1 consists of ports 0 - 3 (port groups A & B) and Polling group #2 consists of ports 4 - 7 (port groups C & D). Ports within a polling group must be connected to ports from a common

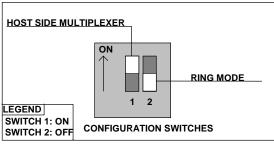


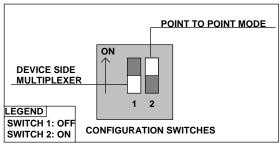
controller.

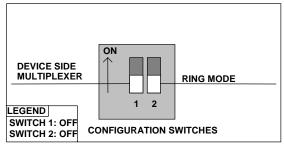
CONFIGURATION

The configuration switch settings are shown below.





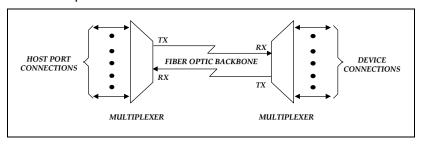




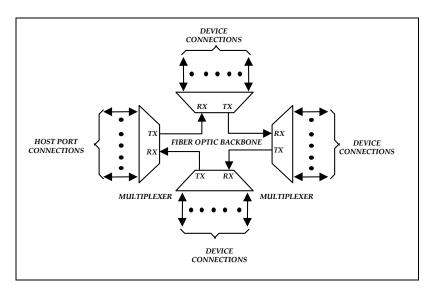
11

MODE DESCRIPTION

A "POINT TO POINT" link is comprised of two Multiplexers connected by a single backbone. A diagram of a "POINT TO POINT" link is provided below.



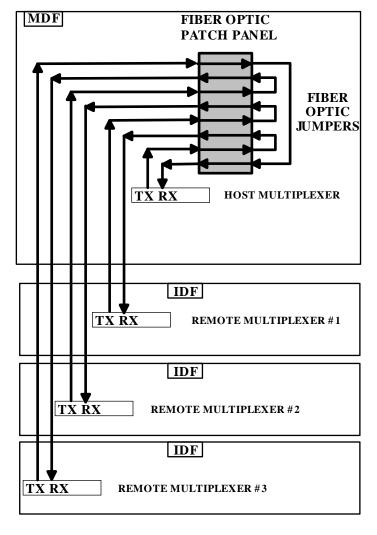
Multiple Multiplexers which are connected in series with fiber optic transmit to fiber optic receive constitute a "RING" topology. A diagram of a "RING" application is provided below.



COLLAPSED RINGS

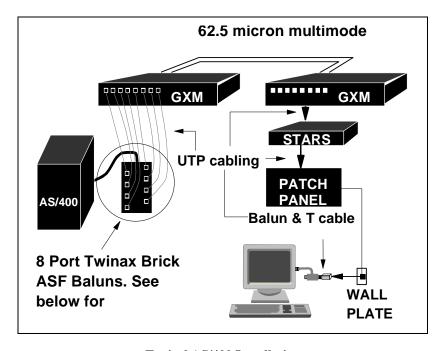
The Ring mode is seldom implemented as depicted in the previous section.

Typically, fiber optic cables star out from a central location. Therefore, interconnecting the fiber optic star segments at the central location creates a ring. This technique is known as a collapsed ring.

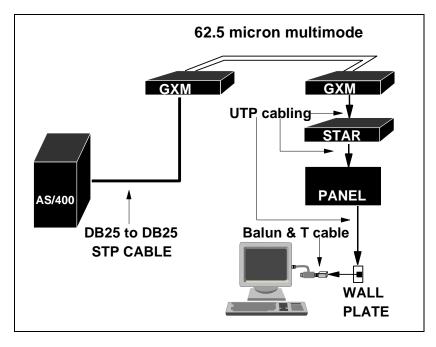


COLLAPSED RING

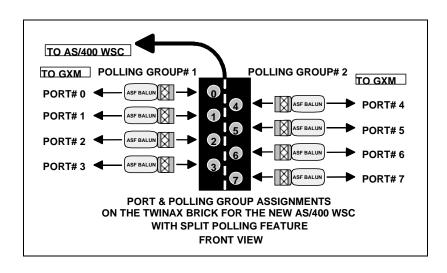
CONNECTIONS



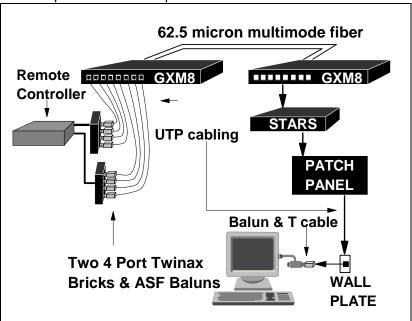
Typical AS/400 Installation



AS/400 TWINAX Brick Detail

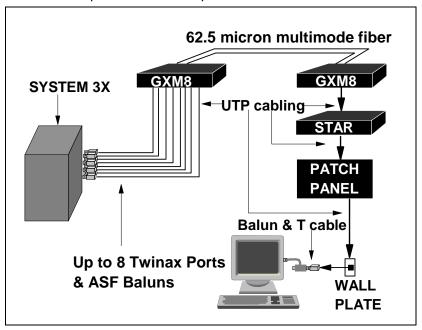


Typical AS/400 Direct Connect Installation



Typical Remote Controller Installation

A major difference between the newer AS/400 workstation controllers (WSC) and the older WSCs is the number of polling groups. The older WSCs had one polling group for all eight ports. The newer WSCs have two polling groups. Divide the TWINAX brick in two. Ports 0-3 comprise one polling group and ports 4-7 make up the other polling group. The TWINAX Brick Detail illustrates a proper connection.



Typical System 3X Installation

INSTALLATION

Host side multiplexer installation

 Set the configuration switches on the rear panel of the host side Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer as follows:

SWITCH 1 ON SWITCH 2 ON for point-to-point. or SWITCH 1 ON SWITCH 2 OFF for a ring application.

- 2. The Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer is designed for a 19" rack. The unit should be properly installed using all four mounting holes. Rack hardware is not provided. It is recommended that plastic or nylon washers be used under mounting screws to protect the chassis's finish.
- 3. A polling group is a group of ports that have one port active at a time. The new AS/400 workstation controllers (WSC) have two polling groups. Ports 0-3 and ports 4-7 constitute the two groups. The Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer can accommodate two polling in the same fashion. The Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer polling group #1 consists of ports 0-3 and Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer polling group #2 consists of ports 4-7. **Do not connect more than one host-polling group to a** Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer **polling group.** Connect the host ports to the Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer ports.

WARNING DO NOT LOOK INTO ANY FIBER OPTIC CONNECTOR OR FIBER OPTIC CABLE!

4. The Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer has ST style fiber optic connectors. Connect the multimode fiber optic cables to the optical link connectors located on the rear panel of the MULTIPLEXER. Note the fiber color or number on the "TX' & "RX" to ensure proper connection at the remote multiplexer location. Strain relieve and label all cables.

- 5. The external power supply is mounted on the rear panel of the Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer. The AC power cord must be firmly inserted into the external power supply and strained relieved.
- 6. Insert the male end of the AC power cord into a properly wired receptacle. All data & mode LED's on the Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer will activate for two seconds and fade off. The amber power LED on the front panel, the green power led on the top of the external power supply, and the TX LED will activate and remain on. At this time the data activity LEDs will flash at the host's polling rate. The RX LED will be off until the remote Multiplexer is installed.

Device side Multiplexer installation.

1. Set the configuration switches on the rear panel of the device side Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer as follows:

SWITCH 1 OFF SWITCH 2 ON for a point-to-point application

or

SWITCH 1 OFF SWITCH 2 OFF for a ring application

2. The Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer is designed for a 19" rack. The unit should be properly installed using all four mounting holes. Rack hardware is not provided. It is recommended that plastic or nylon washers be used under mounting screws to protect the star's finish.

<u>WARNING</u>: DO NOT LOOK INTO ANY FIBER OPTIC CONNECTOR OR FIBER OPTIC CABLE!

- 3. The Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer has ST style fiber optic connectors. For point to point applications, connect the multimode fiber optic cable attached to the host side Multiplexer 's "TX" to the device side multiplexer 's "RX" optical link connector located on the rear panel of the Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer, and connect the multimode fiber optic cable attached to the host side Multiplexer 's "RX" to the device side Multiplexer 's "TX" optical link connector located on the rear panel of the Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer. For ring applications, connect the fiber optic TX of a Multiplexer to the fiber optic RX of the next multiplexer down stream in the ring until the ring is complete. Ensure that the cables are properly strained relieved and labeled.
- 4. Connect the Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer ports to the host ports of the GEMINI active or passive star and follow the installation procedure for the star.
- The external power supply is mounted on the rear panel of the Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer. The AC power cord must be firmly inserted into the external power supply and strained relieved.
- 6. Insert the male end of the AC power cord into a properly wired receptacle. All data & mode LED's on the Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer will activate for two seconds and fade off. The amber power LED on the front panel, the green power LED on the top of the external power supply, and the "TX & RX" LEDs will activate and remain on. If any terminals are on, the data activity LEDs will activate. If express devices and an express host, are attached, the port status LEDs (upper green LEDs) will activate. Devices in a ring application will not show a sign on screen until the ring is complete.

GLOSSARY

ASF - Advanced System Filtered Terminated.

Balun – A balun converts from a balanced to an un-balanced cable. Twinaxial wiring is balanced. UTP is not.

Twinaxial – Cabling used by IBM. It has two wires and a shield. It provides known impedance.

UTP – Unshielded Twisted Pair cabling is the most common cable used in computer networking. It is a variant of twisted pair cabling. UTP cables are often called Ethernet cables after Ethernet, the most common data-networking standard that utilizes UTP cables, however in this use it is not Ethernet. In contrast to STP cabling, UTP cable is not surrounded by any shielding. It is the primary wire type for telephone usage and is very common for computer networking, especially in patch cables or temporary network connections due to the high flexibility of the cables.

PROBLEM SOLVING

If problems are encountered with the Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer, the following guideline is intended to provide a quick resolution.

- 1. Collect all information relevant to this application.
 - Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer serial numbers
 - Host type and operating system software level.
 - Quantity, and type of peripheral devices.
 - Interconnecting cable types and distances.
 - Equipment environment.
 - Interconnection diagrams.
- 2. Setup the application with all Multiplexers in one room interconnected with fiber optic jumpers. Verify the application with a host port and a terminal.
- 3. Search through the common problems and possible causes provided below.

The Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer front panel power LED is off!

- Verify that the AC & DC connections are proper.
- Verify that the AC outlet is functioning correctly.

If the problem persists, observe the status of the external power supply's LED and contact Ringdale's technical support.

The Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer RX LED is off or flashing!

- Verify that the fiber optic connectors are properly connected.
- Verify that the fiber optic budget and distance has not been exceeded.

The Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer TX LED is off!

• Contact Ringdale technical support.

A device is down or unstable!

- Verify that there is one host-polling group per Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer polling group.
- Verify that the host's device type matches the device.
- Verify that the host workstation controller's (WSC) capacity has not been exceeded.
- Verify that the device is properly terminated. A
 peripheral is terminated when its twinaxial port has two
 54.9-ohm resistors located between the "A" phase pin &
 earth ground and the "B" phase pin & earth ground.
 Termination is provided by a "Y" or "T" cable assembly
 or by a terminating balun (i.e. ASFT series).
- Verify that there are no polarity reversals in the cable.
- Verify that the cable distance does not exceed the Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer specification.
- Verify that the cable is data grade.
- Verify that the wiring uses natural pairs.
- Verify that the wiring avoids sources of environmental noise.
- Verify that the balun's pinout matches the Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer 's pinout.
- Verify that the host side balun's pinout/polarity match the device side balun's pinout/polarity.

Devices interfere with each other!

- Verify that there is one host-polling group per Gemini Express Fiber Multiplexer polling group.
- Verify that devices on star segments have unique addresses.
- Verify that all devices are properly terminated.

Devices cannot operate in Express mode!

- Verify that the host and the device are capable of Express mode.
- Verify that all interconnecting components support the Express mode.
- Verify that all devices on the port are Express ready.
- Verify that all cable distances are within the Express specification.

 The controller may have down shifted to 1MBPS due to errors during installation. The controller will retry the Express mode in approximately one hour.

Flashing Express LEDs!

 Determine the number of Express devices on the port. If there are less than seven devices, the flashing Express LED is normal.

Express LED on without data activity!

• If the host is disconnected during an express connection, the express LED remains on.

PROBLEM:

Some terminals come up, and then go back down. The cursor jumps from the upper left, to the upper right.

CAUSE:

This is typical of a station address conflict. A common misunderstanding with hubs is that you do not have to observe station address conflicts.

SOLUTION:

You cannot duplicate station addresses on the same hub.

PROBLEM:

The first terminal comes up, but then drops.

CAUSE:

If you move off of a balanced network (twinax) to an UNbalanced network (balUN) what you are UNbalancing is the impedance.

SOLUTION:

You can make it up on one of RJ45 ends at the cost of decreasing the maximum cable distance, or you can add a bit of cable, OR you can use baluns that have a short piece of twinax tail. Some balun manufacturers recommend a minimum cable length of 15 feet.

PROBLEM:

It does not work at all.

CAUSE:

You could have a polarity mismatch. Twinax has two conductors, (so that means 2 Tips, and Zero rings), so you cannot truly say that any balun is Tip or Ring. The two conductors on Twinax cable are called Phase A and Phase B. All that you can say is which pins are active, and which pins of the RJ connector connects to A or B of the Twinax connector.

SOLUTION:

Our Gemini hubs use auto-sensing and don't care what baluns are on the hinter ends, but you must match the polarity of the host connection to the ports. If you use passive hubs, or connect the baluns back to back, the baluns must be in pairs.

Flip the connector by snipping the cable, flipping and putting a new connector on. If most devices are working you will change the devices that do not work. If none work, then you should change the host end.

PROBLEM:

The first terminal works, the last terminal works, but the ones in between, do not.

CAUSE:

This is typical of an impedance balance mismatch. IBM's Twinax cabling connections use balanced signal. With Twinax it is required that there is 100 ohms of impedance. Twinax cable itself provides impedance as well. This combined with the other components provides the correct impedance. When you use RJ wiring, the direct connection between the devices is lost. Therefore the balun needs to provide that same impedance. The resistor in the balun provides 45 ohms.

Because the problem with impedance balancing you are not supposed to configure in a daisy chain.

SOLUTION:

If you are configured with a daisy chain, carefully resolve your impedance balancing.

If not, do not use flat (silver satin) cable. Only UTP. If using STP, it must have nominal impedance very close to 100 ohms.

Allow a 10-foot service loop at each end.

To estimate differences of existing wire, perform a DC resistance measurement. Must match balun specification.

PROBLEM:

When he is able to get a connection, the terminals come up, but the screen is not completely displayed, they are slow and then finally drop out.

CAUSE:

There are two polling groups. Each polling group has been divided into two port groups.

Polling group #1 consists of ports 0 - 3 (port groups A & B) and polling group #2 consists of ports 4 - 7 (port groups C & D).

Ports within a polling group must be connected to ports from a common controller.

The reason for this is to support the new AS/400 Split Controller function used in the 5250 Express Data Stream.

It splits the addresses 0-3 and 4-7 logically

SOLUTION:

When plugging the CAT5 connections in, make certain that the workstation addresses are grouped such that the devices in addresses 0-3 are in the same group and 4-7 are in a different group from the 0-3 group.

SPECIFICATIONS

Protocol	5250
Data rate	1 & 2Mbps (transparent)
Number of ports	8
Port connector types	Shielded RJ45 or DB25

Cable Distances

Cable Type	Data Rate	<u>Location</u>	<u>Distance</u>
Category 3	1X	Host to GXM	up to 2000 ft
Category 3	1X	GXM to Device	up to 1800 ft
Category 3	1X	GXM to GEMINI HUB	up to 1000 ft
Category 3	2X	Host to GXM	up to 1000 ft
Category 3	2X	GXM to Device	up to 900 ft
Category 3	2X	GXM to GEMINI HUB	up to 500 ft
Category 5	1X	Host to GXM	up to 2000 ft
Category 5	1X	GXM to Device	up to 2200 ft
Category 5	1X	GXM to GEMINI HUB	up to 1200 ft
Category 5	2X	Host to GXM	up to 1500 ft
Category 5	2X	GXM to Device	up to 1650 ft
Category 5	2X	GXM to GEMINI HUB	up to 900 ft

Note: Distances must be de-rated as follows:

- 62 ft per category 3 interconnect for 1X.
- 38 ft per category 3 interconnect for 2X.
- 16 ft per category 5 interconnect for 1X.
- 11 ft per category 5 interconnect for 2X.

Cable distances over 1000' must be de-rated by 25% for ring applications.

Distance

(fiber optic backbone)	up to 2 Kilometers	
62.5 micron multimode fiber	up to 1.5 Kilometers between units and up to 4.5 Kilometers overall.	
Point to Point	up to 1 Kilometers between units and	
Ring (3 Units)	up to 4 Kilometers overall.	
Ring (4 Units)		
Active data pins	Configurable per customer	

Configurable per customer requirement

Optical Specifications

Fiber-optic budget (point-to-point) 12 dB (typical)

Fiber optic budget (ring)
3 unit ring
4 unit ring
Peak power wavelength
Fiber optic connectors

10 dB (typical)
8 dB (typical)
820 nanometers
two ST style

Power requirements 90 to 250 VAC at 50 to 60 Hz Power supply type External Dimensions 1.75" x 19" (1U) Warranty Three years

WARRANTY STATEMENT

This Ringdale product is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of three years from the date of purchase. Ringdale's liability under this warranty is limited to cure, repair, or replacement of the product. Ringdale shall not be liable for injury, property damage or other direct, or direct consequential damage, including but not limited to loss of profits or other damage or expenses arising directly or indirectly from the installation, removal, maintenance, use or non-use of the product used separately or in combination with other equipment.

These warranties shall become void where it is determined, at the sole discretion of Ringdale, that the product has been exposed to excessive physical or operational abuse, acts of God, or theft. Repairs performed by someone other than by Ringdale will void this warranty. This warranty is in lieu of any and all other warranties, expressed or implied, by Ringdale representatives or distribution, including fitness for particular purpose and merchantability.

The customer may, at their option, purchase an Assist Service Agreement that would provide same day overnight shipping response for field replacement of faulty equipment to maintain your data communication system while equipment repairs are completed. Contact our Sales department for further details.

RETURN MERCHANDISE PROCEDURE

In the event that the product is not as warranted, the customer must contact Ringdale for a return merchandise authorization number (RMA#) before returning the product to the Ringdale facility in Georgetown, Texas, USA. Out of warranty repairs are available on a time and materials basis. The customer must contact Ringdale for a return merchant number (RMA#) prior to shipping the malfunctioning unit to Ringdale. The customer is responsible for all shipping and insurance charges to and from Ringdale facility in Georgetown, Texas, USA.

Ringdale, Inc. 101 Halmar Cove Georgetown, Texas USA 78628 Toll-free: (888)-288-9080

Tel.: (512) 288-9080 Fax: (512) 869-2621 www.nlvnx.com

www.ringdale.com