AudioCodes
CPE & Access Analog Gateways

SIP   MediaPack™

Installation Manual

Version 5.8

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Notice

This Installation Manual describes the hardware installation and quick configuration setup for AudioCodes MediaPack series Voice-over-IP (VoIP) SIP media gateways.

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Abbreviations and Terminology

Each abbreviation, unless widely used, is spelled out in full when first used. Only industry-standard terms are used throughout this manual. Hexadecimal notation is indicated by 0x preceding the number.

Related Documentation

Document #	Manual Name
LTRT-52304	Product Reference Manual
LTRT-65614	MP-11x & MP-124 SIP Release Notes
LTRT-65412	MP-11x & MP-124 SIP User's Manual
LTRT-66510	CPE Configuration Guide for IP Voice Mail

Notes: Throughout this manual and unless otherwise specified, the following terms are used:

- *Device* refers to the MediaPack series gateways.
- *MediaPack* refers to the MP-124, MP-118, MP-114, and MP-112 VoIP devices.
- *MP-11x* refers to MP-118, MP-114, and MP-112 devices.

Note: The MP-11x and MP-124 devices are indoor units and therefore, must be installed only indoors. However, the MP-124 FXS telephony cables are outdoor-compliant and therefore, can be routed outdoors.

Warning: The device is supplied as a sealed unit and must only be serviced by qualified service personnel.

Warning: Disconnect the device from the mains and Telephone Network Voltage (TNV) before servicing.

Warning: FXO and FXS ports are considered to be TNV-3.

Notes:

- FXO (Foreign Exchange Office) is the interface replacing the analog telephone and connects to a Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) line from the Central Office (CO) or to a Private Branch Exchange (PBX). The FXO is designed to receive line voltage and ringing current, supplied from the CO or the PBX (just like an analog telephone). An FXO VoIP device interfaces between the CO/PBX line and the Internet.
- FXS (Foreign Exchange Station) is the interface replacing the Exchange (i.e., the CO or the PBX) and connects to analog telephones, dial-up modems, and fax machines. The FXS is designed to supply line voltage and ringing current to these telephone devices. An FXS VoIP device interfaces between the analog telephone devices and the Internet.

1 Introduction

This manual provides you with step-by-step procedures for quickly setting up (hardware and software configuration) the device for the first time. The flowchart below summarizes these required steps. (Prior knowledge of IP networking is recommended.)

Figure 1-1: Required Steps to Install the Device
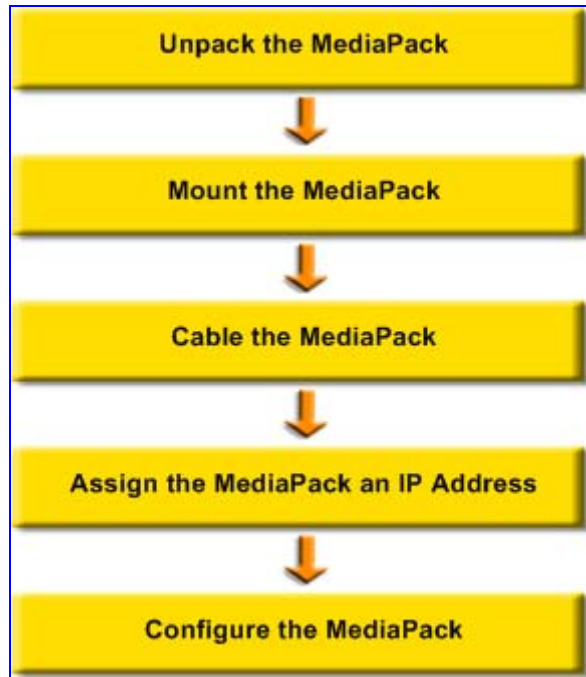
Note: For detailed information on how to fully configure the device, refer to the device's *User's Manual*.

Reader's Notes

2   Installing the Device

This section describes the MP-11x (refer to 'Installing the MP-11x Series' on page 11) and MP-124 (refer to 'Installing MP-124' on page 19) hardware installation. This includes physical description, unpacking the shipped package, and mounting and cabling procedures.

> ## Caution Electrical Shock
>
> The equipment must be installed or serviced only by qualified service personnel.

2.1   Installing the MP-11x Series

This subsection describes the MP-11x hardware installation.

2.1.1   Physical Description

The subsections below provide a physical description of the front and rear panels of the MP-11x.

2.1.1.1   MP-11x Front Panel

The device's front panel provides LEDs for indicating various operating statuses. The figure below displays the front panel of the MP-118. This is similar to the MP-114 and MP-112 models, differing only in the number of **Channel Status** LEDs (corresponding to the number of channels). For a description of the device's LEDs, refer to 'Monitoring Front-Panel LEDs' on page 51.

Figure 2-1: MP-11x (e.g., MP-118) Front Panel

2.1.1.2 MP-11x Rear Panel

The device's rear panel provides the ports for cabling the device to the various interfaces. The figure below displays the rear panel of the MP-118 device (as an example).

Figure 2-2: MP-11x (e.g., MP-118) Rear Panel Connectors
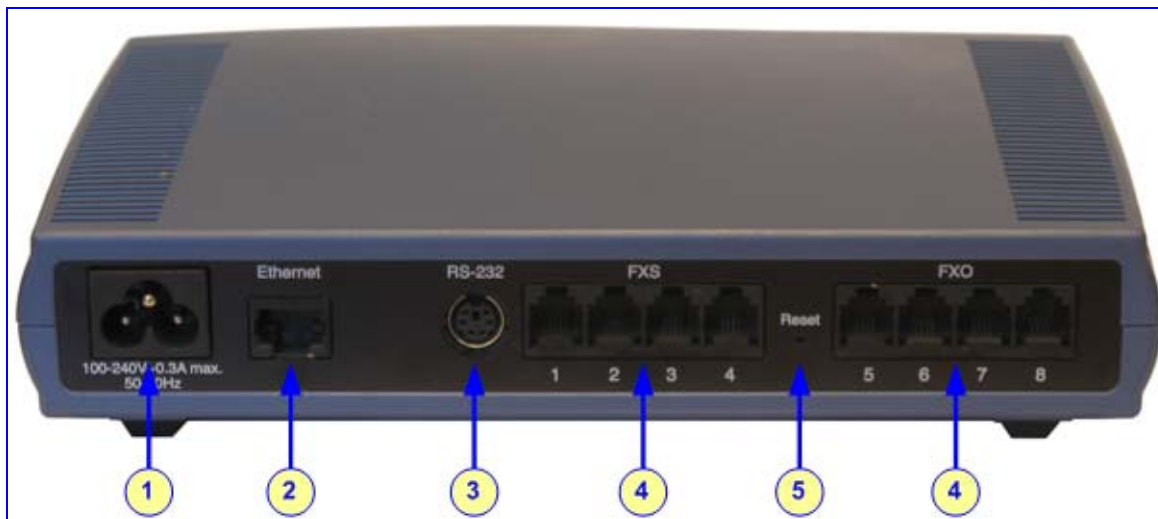
The following table describes the MP-11x rear panel ports:

Table 2-1: MP-11x Rear Panel Component Descriptions

Item #	Label	Component Description
1	**100-240~0.3A max.**	AC power supply socket.
2	**Ethernet**	10/100Base-TX Uplink port.
3	**RS-232**	RS-232 status port (requires a DB-9 to PS/2 adaptor). **Note:** MP-112 does not provide a serial port.
4	**FXS** and/or **FXO**	Provides two, four, or eight FXS/FXO ports (depending on MediaPack model). **Note:** MP-112 does not support FXO interfaces.
5	**Reset**	Reset button for resetting the device.

2.1.2 Unpacking and Checking Package Contents

Follow the procedure below for unpacking the carton in which the MP-11x is shipped.

➢ **To unpack the MP-11x, take these 6 steps:**

1. Open the carton and remove the packing materials.

2. Remove the MP-11x unit from the carton.

3. Check that there is no equipment damage.

4. Ensure that in addition to the MP-11x unit, the package contains the following items:

- AC power cable.

- Small plastic bag containing four anti-slide bumpers for desktop installation.

- Regulatory Information document.

5. Check, retain, and process any documents.

6. Notify AudioCodes or your local supplier of any damage or discrepancies.

2.1.3   Mounting the MP-11x

The device can be mounted in one of the following ways:

■   Desktop mounting (refer to 'Desktop Mounting' on page 13).

■   Wall mounting (refer to 'Wall Mounting' on page 14).

■   Standard 19-inch rack mounting (refer to '19-inch Rack Mounting' on page 14).

The figure below shows the mounting components on the underside of the MP-11x:

Figure 2-3: View of MP-11x Underside
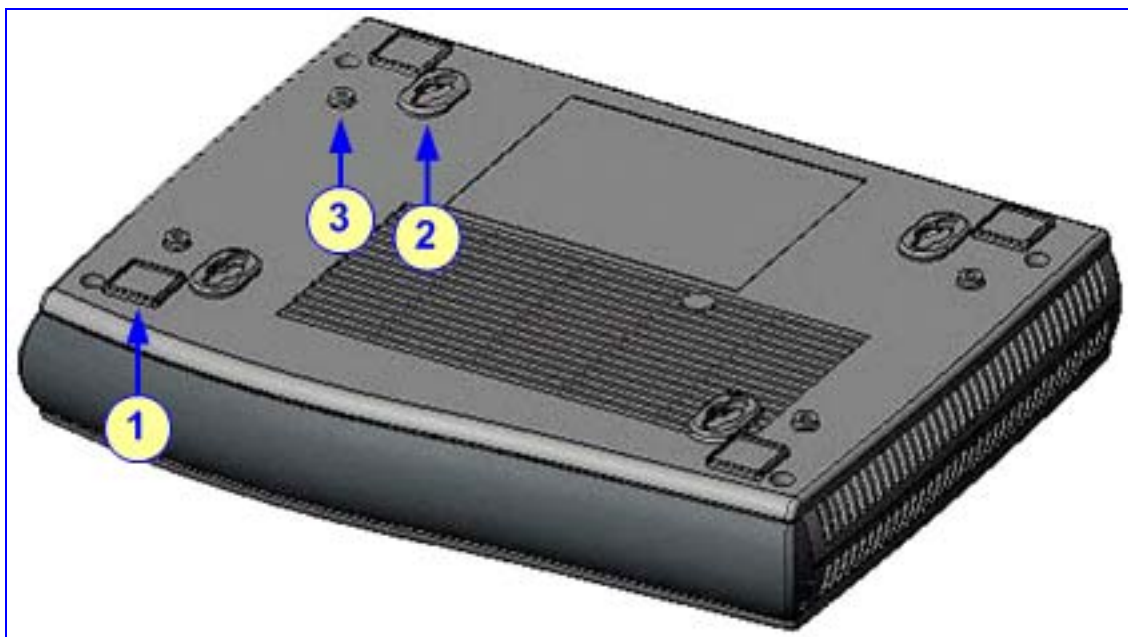
Table 2-2: Mounting Components on MP-11x Underside

Item #	Functionality
1	Square slot used to attach anti-slide bumpers (for desktop mounting).
2	Oval notch used to attach the MP-11x to a wall.
3	Screw opening used to attach the MP-11x to a 19-inch shelf rack.

2.1.3.1 Desktop Mounting

Attach the four (supplied) anti-slide bumpers to the base of the MP-11x and place it on a desktop in the desired position.

2.1.3.2 Wall Mounting

Follow the procedure below for mounting the MP-11x on a wall.

➢ **To mount the MP-11x on a wall:**

1. Drill four holes according to the following dimensions:

   - Horizontal distance between holes: 140 mm (5.51 inches)

   - Vertical distance between: 101.4 mm (4 inches)

2. Insert a wall anchor of the appropriate size into each hole.

3. Fasten a DIN 96 3.5X20 wood screw (not supplied) into each of the wall anchors.

4. Position the four oval notches, located on the underside of the MP-11x (refer to Item #2 in 'Mounting the MP-11x' on page 13), over the four screws and hang the MP-11x on them.

2.1.3.3 19-inch Rack Mounting

The MP-11x can be installed in a standard 19-inch rack by placing it on an AudioCodes' 19-inch rack-mounting shelf (special customer order) that must be pre-installed in a rack. The shelf can hold up to two MP-11x devices. The rack-mounting shelf can be ordered separately from AudioCodes. The 19-inch rack installation package contains a single shelf (shown in the figure below), and eight shelf-to-device screws.

Figure 2-4: AudioCodes 19-inch Rack Shelf for MP-11x
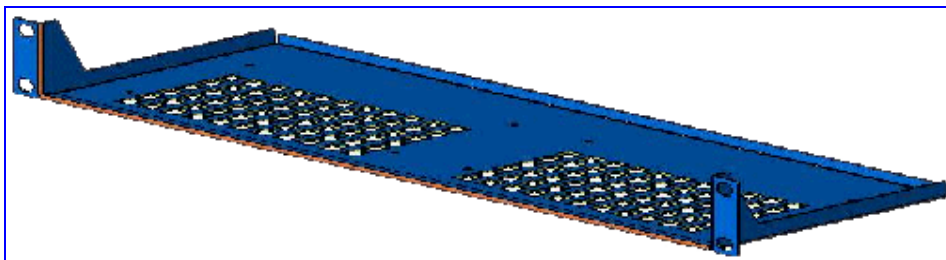
> **Note:** The 19-inch rack shelf is not supplied in the standard package kit, but can be ordered separately: Bulk Pack package (MCMK00015) containing 10 rack mounting shelves for MP-11x. For ordering and pricing, please contact your AudioCodes' sales representative.

➢ **To install the MP-11x in a 19-inch rack:**

1. Attach one or two MP-11x devices to the shelf using the shelf-to-device screws (supplied).

2. Position the shelf in the rack and align its side holes with the rack frame holes.

3. Attach the shelf to the rack using four standard rack screws (not supplied).

Figure 2-5: MP-11x Rack Mount
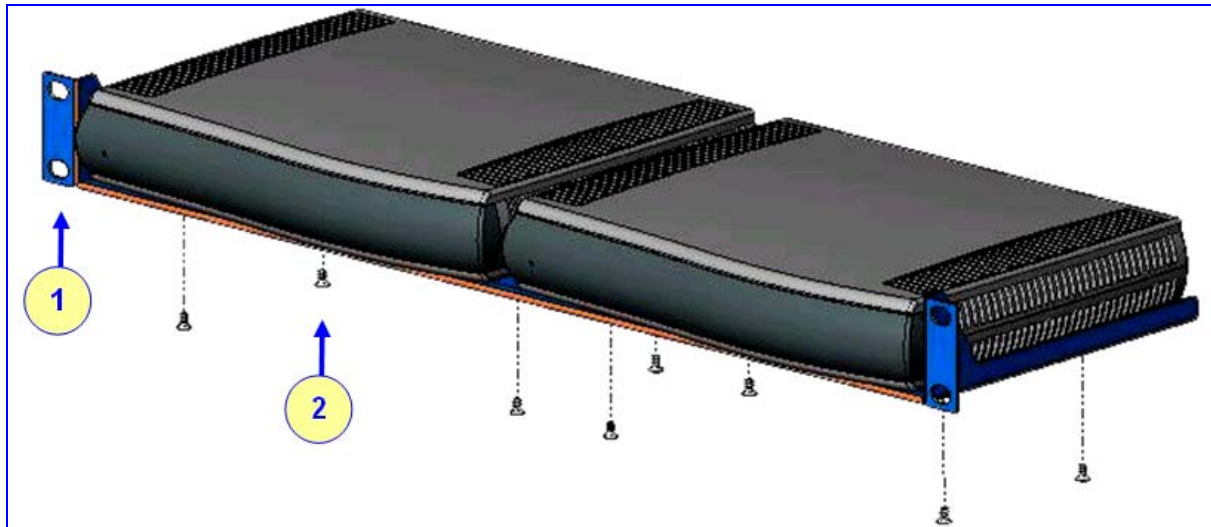
Table 2-3: MP-11x Rack Mount

Item #	Functionality
1	Standard rack holes used to attach the shelf to the rack.
2	Eight shelf-to-device screws.

2.1.4 Cabling the MP-11x

This section describes the cabling of MP-11x.

➢ **To cable the MP-11x:**

1. Connect MP-11x to the Ethernet network (refer to 'Connecting MP-11x to the Network' on page 16).

2. Connect MP-11x to FXS/FXO devices (refer to 'Connecting MP-11x to FXS /FXO Devices' on page 16).

3. Cable the MP-11x/FXS Lifeline (refer to 'Cabling the MP-11x/FXS Lifeline' on page 17).

4. Connect MP-11x RS-232 port to a computer (refer to 'Connecting MP-11x RS-232 Port to a PC' on page 18).

5. Connect MP-11x to the power supply (refer to 'Connecting MP-11x to Power' on page 19).

Once you have completed the above hardware installation steps and after powering-up the MP-11x, the **Ready** and **Power** LEDs on the front panel light up green (after a self-testing period of about two minutes). Any malfunction in the startup procedure changes the **Fail** LED to red and the **Ready** LED is turned off (for details on the MP-11x LEDs, refer to 'Monitoring Front-Panel LEDs' on page 51). Once you have cabled the device, you can begin configuring the device (refer to 'Configuring the Device' on page 31).

2.1.4.1 Connecting MP-11x to the Network

Follow the procedure below for connecting MP-11x directly to the Ethernet network.

➢ **To connect MP-11x directly to the Ethernet network:**

■ Using a crossover Ethernet cable with RJ-45 connectors on either end, connect the MP-11x Ethernet port (labeled **Ethernet**), directly to the network. For RJ-45 connector pinouts, refer to the figure below:

Figure 2-6: RJ-45 Connector Pinouts
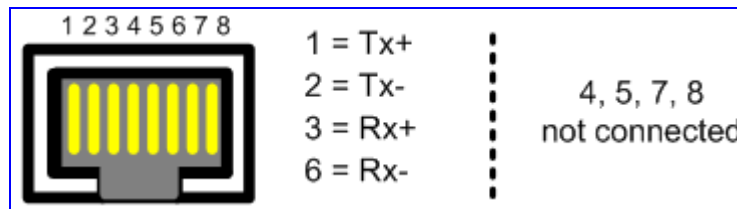
> **Note:** When assigning an IP address to MP-11x using HTTP (refer to 'Assigning an IP Address Using HTTP' on page 32), you may be required to disconnect the Ethernet cable and re-cable it differently.

2.1.4.2 Connecting MP-11x to FXS /FXO Devices

Follow the procedure below for connecting MP-11x to FXO or FXS devices.

> **Warnings:**
>
> - Ensure that you connect FXS ports only to analog telephones or PBX trunk lines, and FXO ports only to CO/PBX lines; otherwise, damage to MP-11x may occur.
>
> - To protect against electrical shock and fire, use a 26 AWG minimum wire to connect FXO ports to the PSTN.

➢ **To connect MP-11x to FXO or FXS devices:**

■ Using an RJ-11 two-wire telephone cords (refer to figure below for connector pinouts), connect the MP-11x to the required telephone interfaces:

- **FXS:** connect the MP-11x FXS ports (grouped under the label **FXS**) to fax machines, modems, or telephones.

- **FXO:** connect the MP-11x FXO ports (grouped under the label **FXO**) to telephone exchange analog lines or PBX extensions.

Figure 2-7: RJ-11 Phone Connector Pinouts
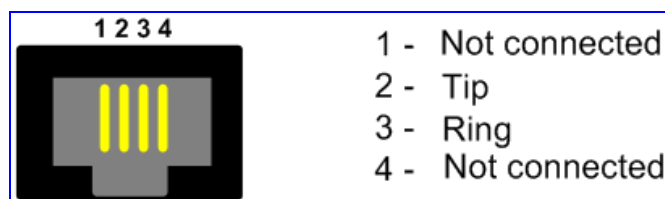
2.1.4.3   Cabling the MP-11x/FXS Lifeline

The Lifeline provides a wired analog POTS phone connection to any PSTN or PBX FXS port when there is no power or when the network connection fails. Therefore, you can use the Lifeline phone even when MP-11x is not powered or not connected to the network.

The Lifeline feature is implemented as follows, depending on FXO/FXS support:

■   **For devices providing only FXS ports:** A single Lifeline connected to Port #1 using a splitter (not supplied) is available.

■   **For devices providing FXS and FXO ports:** A splitter is not required - all FXS ports are automatically connected to corresponding FXO ports (i.e., FXS Port #1 to FXO Port #5, FXS Port #2 to FXO Port #6, and so on).

■   **For devices providing only FXO ports:** A Lifeline is not available.

> **Note:**   The use of the Lifeline upon network failure can be disabled using the LifeLineType *ini* file parameter (described in the *User's Manual*).

The Lifeline's splitter connects pins #1 and #4 to another source of an FXS port, and pins #2 and #3 to the POTS (FXS) phone. Refer to the Lifeline splitter pinouts in the figure below:

Figure 2-8: RJ-11 Lifeline Splitter Connector Pinouts
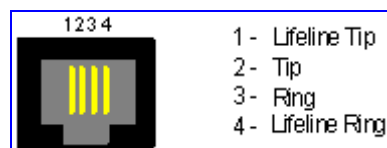
To cable the MP-11x/FXS Lifeline:

1.   Connect the Lifeline splitter to Port #1 on MP-11x (the Lifeline splitter is a special order option).

2.   Connect the Lifeline phone to Port A on the Lifeline splitter.

3.   Connect an analog PSTN line to Port B on the Lifeline splitter.

Figure 2-9: Lifeline Cabling (Using Splitter Cable) for FXS-Only Devices
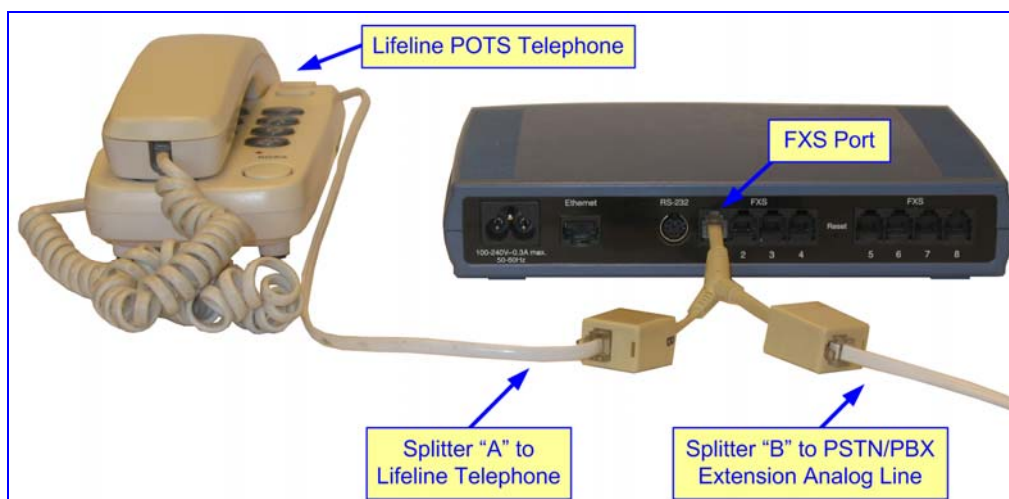
➢ **To cable the combined MP-11x FXS/FXO Lifeline:**

1. Connect a fax machine, modem, or phone to each of the FXS ports.

2. Connect an analog PSTN line to each of the FXO ports.

Figure 2-10: Lifeline Cabling for FXS and FXO Devices
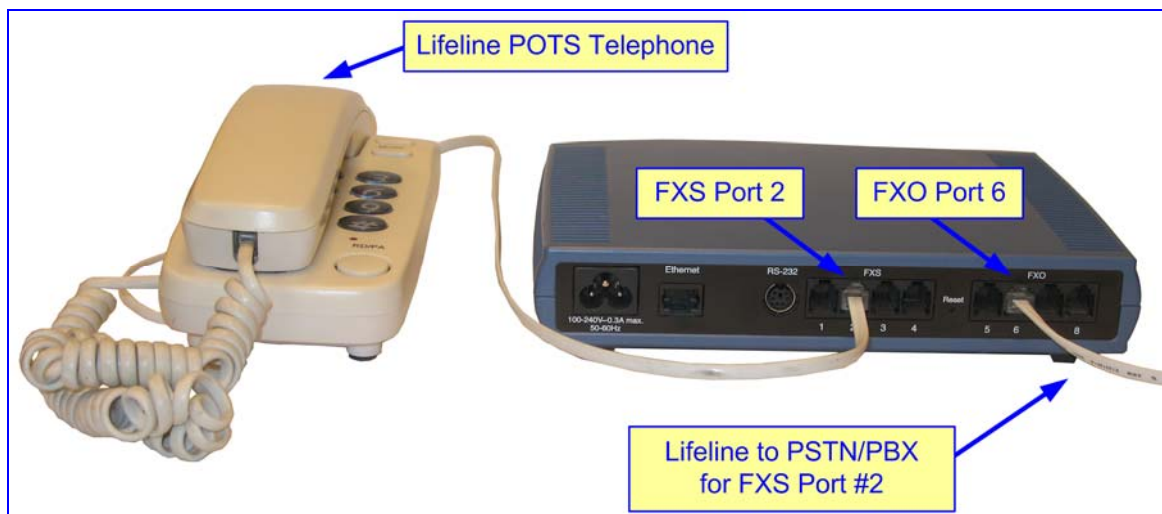
2.1.4.4 Connecting MP-11x RS-232 Port to a PC

Follow the procedure below to connect the MP-11x serial (RS-232) interface to a PC using a straight-through, PS/2 to DB-9 cable adaptor.

Notes:

- This procedure is not applicable to MP-112 as this model does not provide an RS-232 serial interface port.

- The PS/2 to DB-9 cable adaptor is not included in the MP-11x package.

➢ **To connect MP-11x to a PC:**

1. Connect the PS/2 connector (refer to the figure below for connector pinouts) on one end of the cable to the MP-11x RS-232 port (labeled **RS-232**).

2. Connect the DB-9 connector at the other end of the cable to either the COM1 or COM2 RS-232 communication port on your PC.

Figure 2-11: PS/2 to DB-9 Adaptor Connector Pinouts
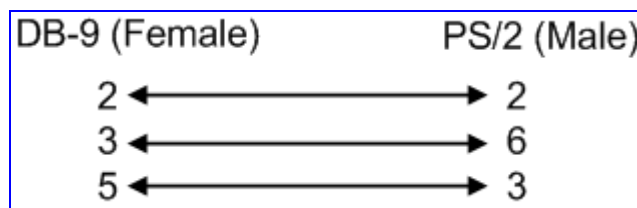
Figure 2-12: PS/2 Connector Pinouts
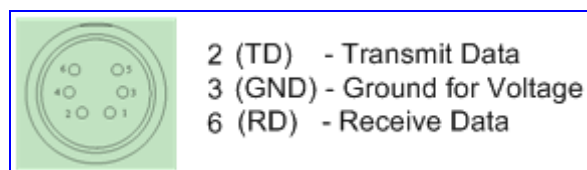
For information on establishing a serial communications link with MP-11x, refer to 'Assigning an IP Address Using the CLI' on page 37.

2.1.4.5 Connecting MP-11x to Power

The MP-11x is powered from a standard AC electrical outlet.

> **Warnings:**
>
> • The device must be connected only by professional service personnel.
>
> • Ensure that the device connects to an electrical socket outlet that provides protective earthing (grounding). Prior to connecting power, refer to the Regulatory Information document supplied with the device.
>
> • Use only the AC power cord supplied with the device.

➢ **To connect MP-11x to the power supply:**

■ Connect the MP-11x power socket to a standard electrical outlet using the supplied AC power cord.

2.2 Installing MP-124

This subsection describes the MP-124 hardware installation.

2.2.1 Physical Description

The subsections below provide a physical description of the MP-124 front and rear panels.

2.2.1.1 MP-124 Front Panel

The MP-124 front panel (shown in the figure below) provides LEDs for indicating various operating statuses. In addition, the front panel provides a reset button, described in the table below. For a description of the device's LEDs, refer to 'Monitoring Front-Panel LEDs' on page 51.

Figure 2-13: MP-124 Front Panel
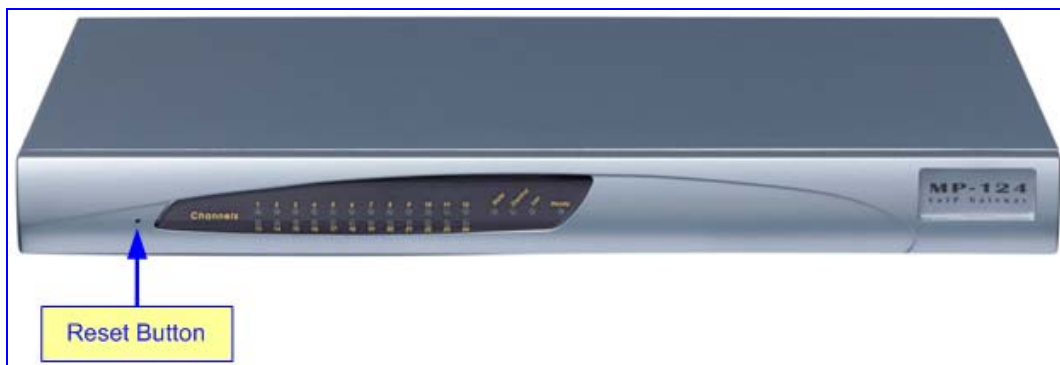
Table 2-4: Reset Button Description on MP-124 Front Panel

Type	Function	Comment
Reset button	Resets MP-124.	Press the reset button with a paper clip or any other similar pointed object, until the device resets.
	Restores MP-124 to factory default values.	Refer to 'Restoring Factory Default Settings' on page 44.

2.2.1.2 MP-124 Rear Panel

The device's rear panel (shown in the figure below) provides the ports for cabling the device to the various interfaces.

Figure 2-14: MP-124 Rear Panel - AC Power Model
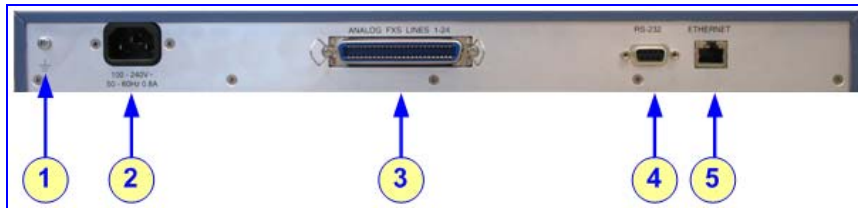
Figure 2-15: MP-124 Rear Panel - DC Power Model
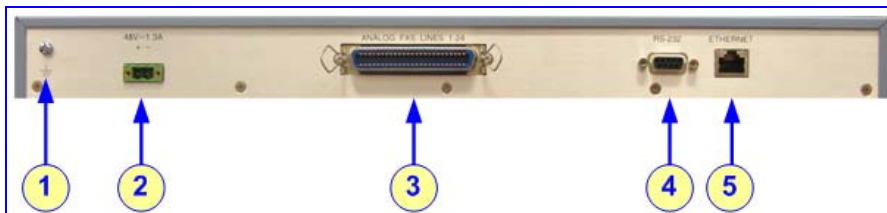
The table below describes the MP-124 rear panel components.

Table 2-5: MP-124 Rear Panel Component Descriptions

Item #	Label	Component Description
1	⏚	Protective earthing screw (mandatory for all installations). Accepts a 6-32 UNC screw.
2	**100-250 V~ 50 - 60 Hz 2A** - or - **48V 1.3A**	The MP-124 can be ordered with one of the following power configurations: ▪ **AC power:** provides an AC power supply socket ▪ **DC power:** provides a DC inlet for a DC terminal block
3	**ANALOG FXS LINES 1–24**	50-pin Telco connector for 1-24 analog lines.
4	**RS-232**	9-pin RS-232 port.
5	**ETHERNET**	10/100Base-TX Ethernet RJ-45 port.

The Ethernet LEDs are located within the RJ-45 socket. The table below describes these LEDs.

Table 2-6: MP-124 Rear Panel Ethernet LEDs Description

Label	Type	Color	State	Function
ETHERNET	Ethernet Status	Green	On	Valid 10/100Base-TX Ethernet connection.
		Red	On	Malfunction.

2.2.2 Unpacking and Checking Package Contents

Follow the procedure below for unpacking the carton in which the MP-124 is shipped.

➢ **To unpack the MP-124:**

1. Open the carton and remove packing materials.

2. Remove the MP-124 unit from the carton.

3. Check that there is no equipment damage.

4. Ensure that in addition to the MP-124 unit, the package contains the following items:

   - AC power cable or an unwired DC terminal block with two crimping screws (depending on ordered model).

   - Two short equal-length brackets and bracket-to-device screws for 19-inch rack installation.

   - Regulatory Information document.

5. Check, retain and process any documents.

6. Notify AudioCodes or your local supplier of any damage or discrepancies.

2.2.3 Mounting the MP-124

The MP-124 can be mounted in one of the following ways:

- Desktop mounting (refer to 'Desktop Mounting' on page 22).

- Installed in a standard 19-inch rack (refer to '19-inch Rack Mounting' on page 23).

2.2.3.1 Desktop Mounting

For MP-124 desktop mounting, no brackets are required. Simply place MP-124 on a desktop in the required position.

Figure 2-16: MP-124 Desktop Mounting

2.2.3.2   19-inch Rack Mounting

The MP-124 can be installed in a standard 19-inch rack, by using two short, equal-length brackets (supplied). The MP-124 with attached brackets for rack installation is shown in the figure below:

Figure 2-17: MP-124 with Brackets for Rack Installation

Rack Mount Safety Instructions

When installing the chassis in a rack, implement the following safety instructions:

- **Elevated Operating Ambient** - If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the operating ambient temperature of the rack environment may be greater than room ambient. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the maximum ambient temperature (Tma) of 40°C (104°F).

- **Reduced Air Flow** - Installation of the equipment in a rack should be such that the amount of air flow required for safe operation on the equipment is not compromised.

- **Mechanical Loading** - Mounting of the equipment in the rack should be such that a hazardous condition is not **achieved** due to uneven mechanical loading.

- **Circuit Overloading** - Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit **and** the effect that overloading of the circuits might have on overcurrent protection and supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.

- **Reliable Earthing** - Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained. Particular attention should be given to supply connections other than direct connections to the branch circuit (e.g., use of power strips.)

➢ **To install the MP-124 in a 19-inch rack:**

1. Remove the two screws located on one side of the MP-124 (nearest the front panel).

2. Insert the peg on one of the brackets into the third air vent down on the column of air vents nearest the front panel.

3. Swivel the bracket until the holes in the bracket align with the two empty screw holes on the MP-124.

4. Use the supplied screws to attach the bracket to the side of the MP-124.

5. Repeat steps 1 through 4 to attach the second bracket to the other side of the MP-124.

6. Position the MP-124 in the rack and line up the bracket holes with the rack frame holes.

7. Use four standard rack screws (not supplied) to attach the MP-124 to the rack.

2.2.4   Cabling the MP-124

This section describes MP-124 cabling.

➢ **To cable the MP-124:**

1. Ground the MP-124 (refer to 'Grounding the MP-124' on page 24).

2. Connect MP-124 to the Ethernet network (refer to 'Connecting MP-124 to the Ethernet Network' on page 26).

3. Connect MP-124 to FXS analog lines using a Telco cable (refer to 'Connecting MP-124 to FXS Interface' on page 26).

4. Connect MP-124 RS-232 port to a computer (refer to 'Connecting MP-124 RS-232 Port to a PC' on page 28).

5. Connect MP-124 to the power supply (refer to 'Connecting MP-124 to Power' on page 29).

Once you have completed the above hardware installation steps and after powering-up the MP-124, the **Ready** and **LAN** LEDs on the front panel light up green (after a self-testing period of about a minute). Any malfunction in the startup procedure changes the **Ready** LED to red (for details on the MP-124 LEDs, refer to 'Monitoring Front-Panel LEDs' on page 51). Once you have cabled the device, you can begin configuring the device (refer to 'Configuring the Device' on page 31).

2.2.4.1   Power Surge Protection and Grounding of MP-124

This section discusses grounding issues related to MP-124.

> **Notes:**
>
> - The MP-124 is designed to meet IEC 61000-4-5 1 Kilovolts (KV) power surge levels as required by EN 55024 and EN 300386.
>
> - For installations where wires are routed outside the building, the Telecommunication site must comply with ETS 300-253 "Earthing and Bonding of Telecommunication Equipment in Telecommunication Centers".
>
> - Deployments where the FXS telephone lines of the MP-124 are routed outside the building, or cases in which the lines are exposed to extra-building environmental conditions are known to exhibit surges well above the protection required by the EN 55024 and EN 300386 standards. Therefore, in such cases, the MP-124 provides only secondary protection and primary surge protectors (specifically the Circa primary surge protector) must be used externally to the MP-124. Failing to install the Circa primary surge protector, failing to comply with the grounding instructions, or any other of the installation details below may cause permanent damage to the MP-124.
>   In any event, and as most of the installation details are the responsibility of the customer, AudioCodes can assume responsibility for damage only if the customer can establish that the MP124 does not comply to the standards specified above (and the MP-124 unit is within the hardware warranty period).

Lightning is the transient passage of electrical current between a cloud and either the surface of the earth, or another cloud, etc. Part of the lightning current can be carried inside a building by electric power, telephone, analog or digital data lines. This direct injection of lightning current inside a building can cause significant damage to electronic circuits and equipment.

To prevent lightning damages, a CIRCA 4B1FS-240 primary surge protector from CircaTelecom (http://www.circatelecom.com) must be connected externally to the MP-124 and at the entry wiring point to the building, utilizing the building entrance terminal fixture (CIRCA 2625QC/QC) installed on the Main Distribution Frame (MDF). Use 26-AWG wires to connect the MP-124 FXS ports (female 50-pin Telco connector) to the surge protector.

A proper grounding is crucial to ensure the effectiveness of these primary protection devices. Hence, the external primary protection must be well grounded to the earth electrode and foundation reinforcement conductor (refer to Figure 2-18), using a 6-AWG cable with maximum length of 3 meters.

Loop-testing grounding measurement should be done by a certified electrician to verify that the ground impedance does not exceed 0.5 ohm.

An earth point must be created as close as possible to the surge protectors, and the electrical building earth is connected to this point (refer to Figure 2-18).

At all times, connect an earthed strap to the chassis' protective earthing screw (6-32 UNC screw) located on the device's rear panel, and fasten it securely according to safety standards.

Figure 2-18: Grounding MP-124 and Surge Protection
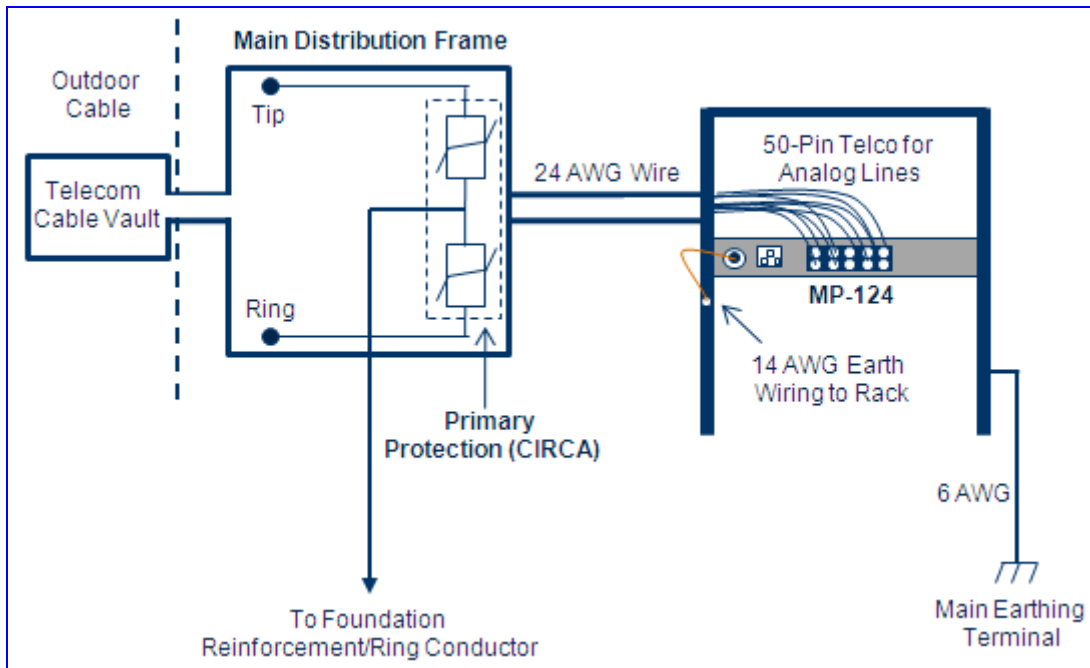
2.2.4.2 Connecting MP-124 to the Ethernet Network

Follow the procedure below for connecting MP-124 directly to the Ethernet network.

➢ **To connect MP-124 directly to the Ethernet network:**

■ Using a crossover Ethernet cable with RJ-45 connectors on either end, connect the MP-124 Ethernet port (labeled **ETHERNET**), directly to the network. For RJ-45 connector pinouts, refer to the figure below:

Figure 2-19: RJ-45 Connector Pinouts
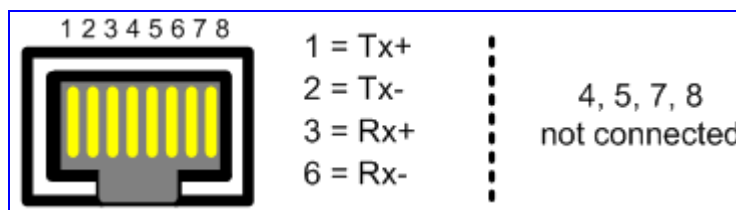
	Note:	When assigning an IP address to the MP-124 using HTTP (refer to 'Assigning an IP Address Using HTTP' on page 32), you may be required to disconnect the Ethernet cable and re-cable it differently.

2.2.4.3   Connecting MP-124 to FXS Interface

The MP-124 interfaces with the analog telephone interfaces by connecting to a main distribution frame (MDF), using a 50-pin Telco cable.

> # MP-124 Safety Notice
>
> To protect against electrical shock and fire, use a 26 AWG min wire to connect analog FXS lines to the 50-pin Telco connector.

> **Warning:** To reduce noise interference, use a twisted pair Octopus cable that is terminated on a metal 50-pin Telco connector.

➢ **To connect MP-124 to the FXS telephone interface:**

1.   Wire the 50-pin Telco connectors according to the pinouts in the table below:

Table 2-7: Pin Allocations of the 50-pin Telco Connector

Phone Channel	Connector Pins	Phone Channel	Connector Pins
1	1/26	13	13/38
2	2/27	14	14/39
3	3/28	15	15/40
4	4/29	16	16/41
5	5/30	17	17/42
6	6/31	18	18/43
7	7/32	19	19/44
8	8/33	20	20/45
9	9/34	21	21/46
10	10/35	22	22/47
11	11/36	23	23/48
12	12/37	24	24/49

Figure 2-20: 50-pin Telco Connector (MP-124/FXS only)
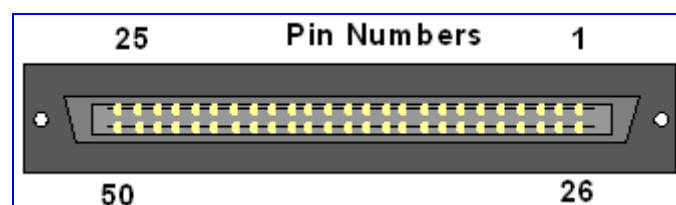
2. Attach each pair of wires from a 25-pair Octopus cable (not supplied) to its corresponding socket on the MDF adaptor block's rear panel.

3. Connect the wire-pairs at the other end of the cable to a male 50-pin Telco connector (not supplied).

4. Insert and fasten the male connector to the female 50-pin Telco connector on the MP-124 rear panel (labeled **Analog FXS Lines 1-24**).

5. Connect the telephone lines from the MDF adaptor block to a fax machine, modem, or telephones by inserting each RJ-11 connector on the 2-wire line cords of the POTS phones into the RJ-11 sockets on the front of an MDF adaptor block, as shown in the figure below.

Figure 2-21: MP-124 in a 19-inch Rack with MDF Adaptor
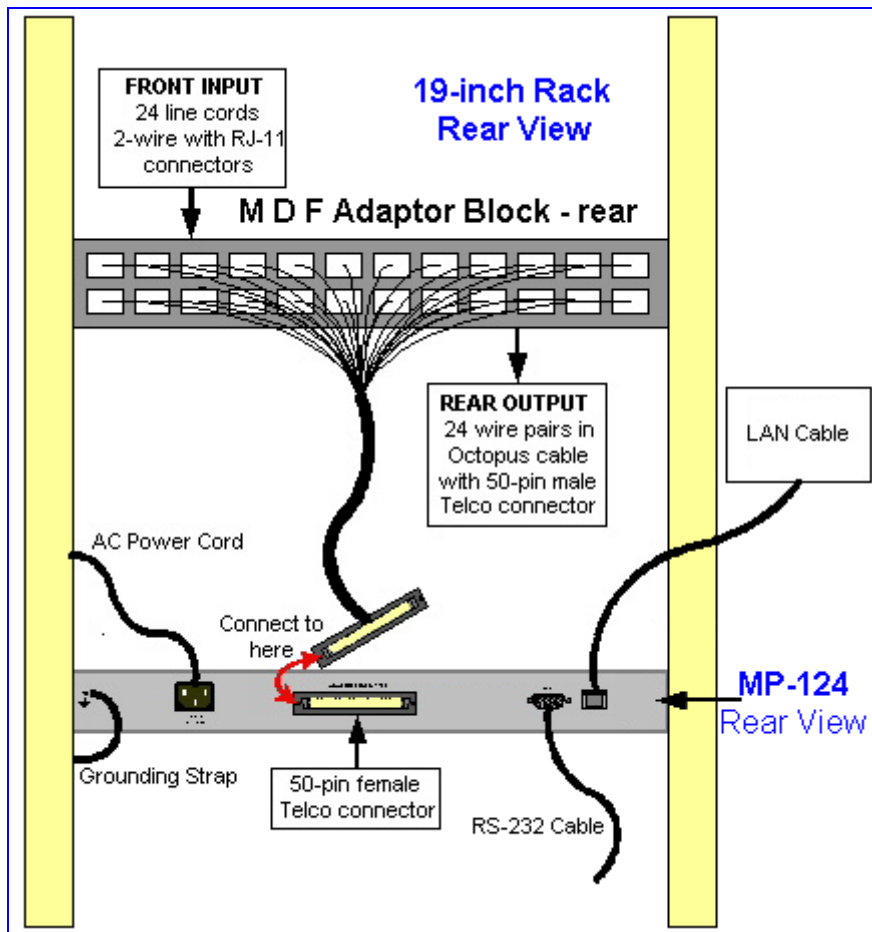
2.2.4.4   Connecting MP-124 RS-232 Port to a PC

Follow the procedure below to connect the MP-124 serial (RS-232) interface to a PC using a standard, straight-through cable with DB-9 connectors on either end.

➢ **To connect MP-124 to a PC:**

1. Connect the DB-9 connector (refer to the figure below for connector pinouts) on one end of the cable to the MP-124 RS-232 port (labeled **RS-232**).

2. Connect the DB-9 connector (refer to the figure below for connector pinouts) at the other end of the cable to either the COM1 or COM2 RS-232 communication port on your PC.

Figure 2-22: MP-124 RS-232 Connector Pinouts
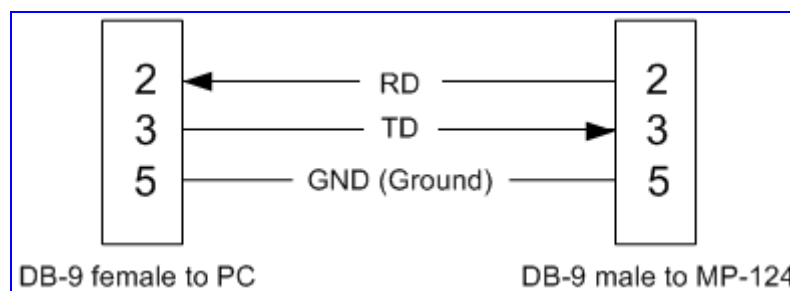
For information on establishing a serial communications link with the MP-124, refer to 'Assigning an IP Address Using the CLI' on page 37.

2.2.4.5   Connecting MP-124 to Power

The MP-124 can be powered either from a standard AC electrical outlet or a 48-VDC power supply. The power configuration depends on the ordered MP-124 model.

2.2.4.5.1 AC Power Supply

This section describes cabling of the MP-124 model for AC power.

> **Warnings:**
>
> - The device must be connected only by professional service personnel.
>
> - Ensure that the device connects to an electrical socket outlet that provides protective earthing (grounding). Prior to connecting power, refer to the Regulatory Information document supplied with the device.
>
> - Use only the AC power cord supplied with the device.

➢ **To connect MP-124 to the AC power supply:**

■ Connect the MP-124 AC power socket (located on the rear panel) to a standard electrical wall outlet, using the supplied AC power cord.

2.2.4.5.2 DC Power Supply

This section describes cabling of the MP-124 model for 48-VDC power supply.

MP-124 DC Safety Notice

When connecting MP-124 to a DC power supply, ensure that you adhere to the following safety guidelines:

- Connect the device to a safety extra-low voltage (SELV) source that is sufficiently isolated from the mains.

- Connect the device permanently to earth (ground) using the earthing (grounding) stud located on its' rear panel (refer to 'Grounding the MP-124' on page 24).

➢ **To connect MP-124 to a DC power supply:**

1. Insert two 18 AWG wires into the supplied DC terminal block (ensure correct polarity), and then fasten the two screws located directly above each wire block.

2. Insert the DC terminal block into the DC inlet on the MP-124 rear panel, and then secure it to the device by fastening the two adaptor-to-panel screws located on the terminal block.

Figure 2-23: Wired DC Power Terminal Block Connected to MP-124
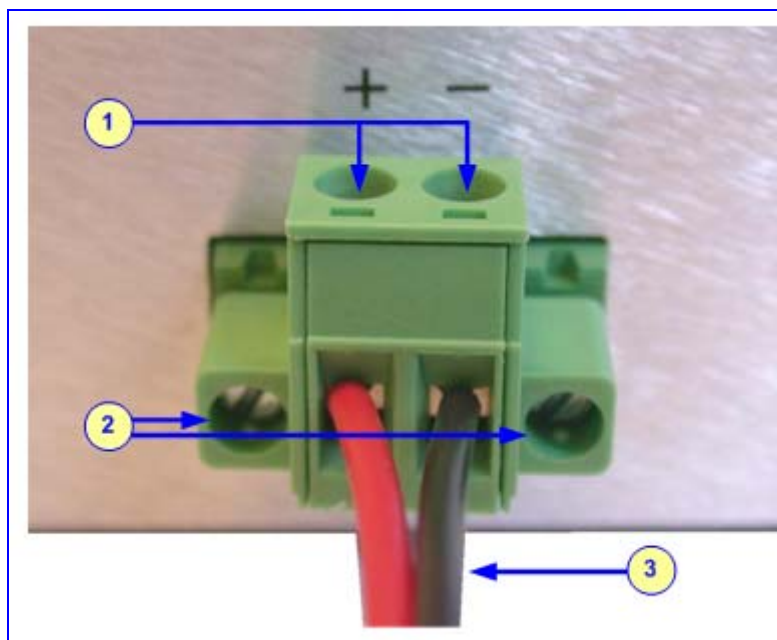
Legend:

1. Two integral screws for wire connection to the DC terminal block.

2. Two integral screws for connecting the DC terminal block to the MP-124 DC inlet.

3. Two 18 AWG wires (positive and negative polarity).

3. Connect the other end of the DC cable to a 48-VDC power supply.

---

3   Configuring the Device

This section describes initial, basic setup configuration for the device, using the device's embedded Web server (*Web interface*).

	Notes:
	• The device is supplied with application software (cmp file) already residing on its flash memory. This software is set to factory defaults.
	• If necessary, you can restore the device to factory defaults (refer to 'Restoring Factory Default Settings' on page 44).

3.1   Assigning an IP Address

This section describes how to change the device's default IP address so that it corresponds with your network environment. The table below lists the device's default IP address.

Table 3-1: Default IP Addresses

Parameter	Default Value
IP Address	▪ FXS and FXS / FXO devices: 10.1.10.10 ▪ FXO device: 10.1.10.11 Note: FXO interfaces are applicable only to MP-11x series devices.
Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0
Default Gateway IP Address	0.0.0.0

To assign an IP address to the device, use one of the following methods:

■ Device's HTTP-based embedded Web server `accessed using a Web browser (refer to 'Assigning an IP Address Using HTTP' on page 32).

■ BootP (refer to 'Assigning an IP Address Using BootP' on page 33).

■ Voice Menu using a standard touch-tone telephone connected to one of the FXS analog ports (refer to 'Assigning an IP Address Using the Voice Menu Guidance' on page 34).

■ Embedded Command Line Interface (CLI), accessed using RS-232 or Telnet (refer to 'Assigning an IP Address Using the CLI' on page 36).

■ Dynamic Host Control Protocol (DHCP) - refer to the *User's Manual*.

	Tip:	If at a later stage after re-defining the IP address, your IP address is unknown (e.g., forgotten), use the BootP/TFTP utility to access the device (refer to the *Product Reference Manual*).

3.1.1   Assigning an IP Address Using HTTP

You can assign an IP address to the device, using the device's Web interface.

➢ **To assign an IP address using HTTP:**

1. Disconnect the device from the network and reconnect it to a PC using one of the following methods:

   • **Using a hub or switch between a PC and the device:** Connect the network interface on your PC to a port on a network hub / switch, using a standard Ethernet cable. Connect the device to another port on the same network hub / switch, using another standard Ethernet cable.

   • **Direct connection between a PC and the device:** Connect the network interface on your PC directly to the device, using an Ethernet crossover cable.

2. Change your PC's IP address and subnet mask to correspond with the device's factory default IP address and subnet mask (for default IP addresses, refer to Assigning an IP Address on page 31).

3. Access the device's Web interface:

   a. Open a standard Web browser application and in the Uniform Resource Locator (URL) field, enter the device's default IP address (e.g., http://10.1.10.10); the Web interface's 'Enter Network Password' dialog box appears, as shown in the figure below:

Figure 3-1: Enter Network Password Screen
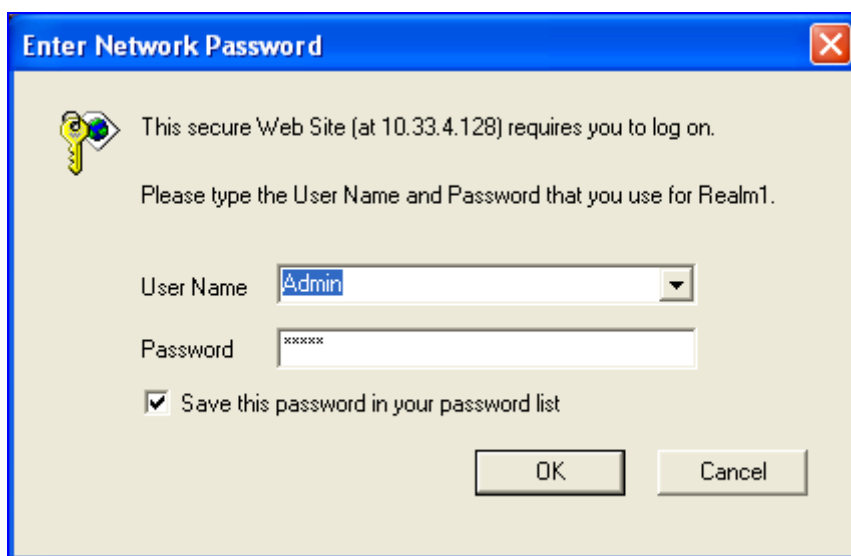
   b. Enter the device's default login, case-sensitive user name ('Admin') and password ('Admin'), and then click **OK**; the Web interface is accessed, displaying the Web interface's 'Home' page.

> **Note:** To prevent unauthorized access to the device, it's recommended that after you initially access the Web interface to change the default login user name and password (refer to Changing the Login User Name and Password on page 41).

4. Change the device's IP address, by performing the following:

a. Open the 'IP Settings' page, (**Configuration** tab > **Network Settings** menu > **IP Settings**).

b. Define the device's IP address, subnet mask, and default Gateway IP address so that they correspond to your network IP scheme.

c. Click **Submit**.

d. Save your settings to the flash memory and reset the device (refer to 'Saving and Resetting the Device' on page 40).

5. Disconnect your PC from the device or from the hub/switch (depending on the connection method used in Step 1).

6. Reconnect the device and PC (if necessary) to the network.

7. Restore your PC's IP address and subnet mask to their original settings. If necessary, restart your PC and re-access the device via the Web interface with its newly assigned IP address.

3.1.2   Assigning an IP Address Using BootP

You can assign an IP address to the device, using the supplied AudioCodes' BootP/TFTP Server application.

> **Notes:**
>
> - BootP procedure can also be performed using any standard compatible BootP server.
>
> - For a detailed description of BootP, refer to the *Product Reference Manual.*

➢ To assign an IP address using BootP:

1. Start the BootP application.

2. From the Edit menu, choose **Preferences,** and then in the 'Preferences' dialog box, set the 'Timeout' field to 50.

3. From the Services menu, choose **Clients**; the 'Client Configuration' dialog box appears.

4. Click the **Add New Client** icon; a client with blank parameters is displayed.

5. In the 'Client MAC' field, enter the device's MAC address. The MAC address is printed on the label located on the underside of the device. Ensure that the check box to the right of the field is selected - this enables the client in the BootP tool (if the client is disabled, no replies are sent to BootP requests).

6. In the 'IP' field, enter the IP address (in dotted-decimal notation) that you want to assign to the device.

7. In the 'Subnet' field, enter the subnet mask (in dotted-decimal notation) that you want to assign to the device. Ensure that the subnet mask is valid, otherwise, the device may not function.

8. In the 'Gateway' field, enter the IP address of the default gateway (if any).

9. Click **Apply** to save the new client.

10. Click **OK**; the 'Client Configuration' screen closes.

11. Physically reset the device using the hardware reset button (or power down and then power up the device). This causes the device to use BootP; the device changes its network parameters to the values provided by BootP.

Figure 3-2: BootP Client Configuration Screen
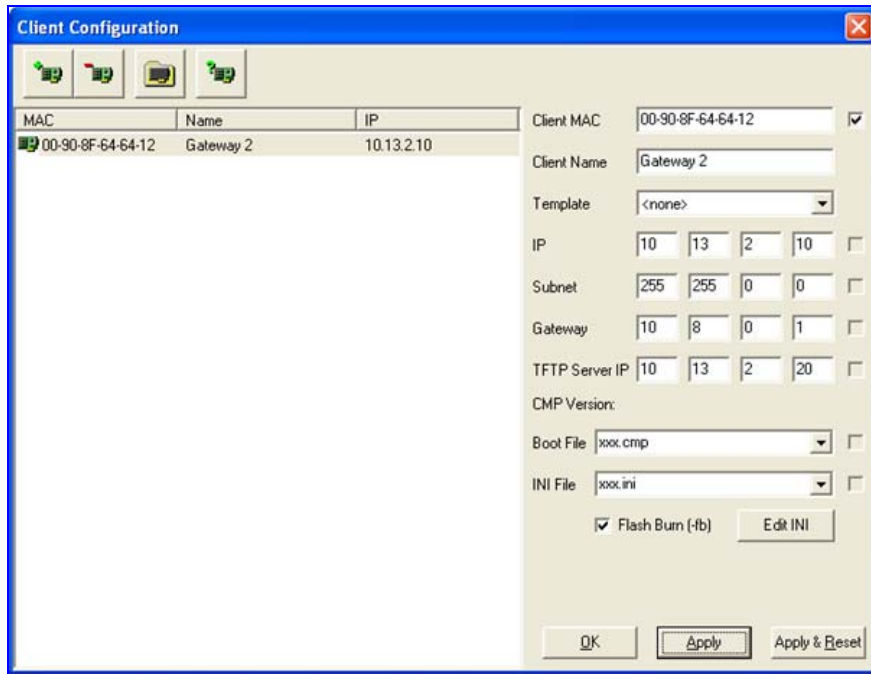
3.1.3   Assigning an IP Address Using the Voice Menu Guidance

Initial configuration of the device can be performed using a standard touch-tone telephone connected to one of the FXS ports. The voice menu can also be used to query and modify basic configuration parameters.

➢ **To assign an IP address using the voice menu guidance:**

1. Connect a telephone to one of the FXS ports.

2. Lift the handset and dial *****12345** (three stars followed by the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5).

3. Wait for the 'configuration menu' voice prompt to be played.

4. To change the IP address:

   a. Press **1** followed by the pound key (**#**); The current IP address of the device is played.

   b. Press the **#** key.

   c. Dial the new IP address. Use the star (*) key instead of periods (.), e.g., 192*168*0*4, and then press **#** to finish.

   d. Review the new IP address, and then press **1** to save.

5. To change the subnet mask:

   a. Press **2** followed by the **#** key; The current subnet mask of the device is played.

   b. Press the **#** key.

c. Dial the new subnet mask (e.g., 255*255*0*0), and then press **#** to finish.

d. Review the new subnet mask, and then press **1** to save.

6. To change the default Gateway IP address:

a. Press **3** followed by the **#** key; The current default Gateway address is played.

b. Press the **#** key.

c. Dial the new default Gateway address (e.g., 192*168*0*1), and then press **#** to finish.

d. Review the new default Gateway address, and then press **1** to save.

7. Hang up the handset.

8. Access the device's Web interface with the new IP address you assigned.

Alternatively, initial configuration may be performed using an HTTP server, as discussed in the *Product Reference Manual* ('Automatic Update Facility'). The Voice Menu may be used to specify the configuration URL.

➢ **To set a configuration URL, take these 8 steps:**

1. Obtain the IP address of the configuration HTTP server (e.g., 36.44.0.6).

2. Connect a telephone to one of the FXS ports.

3. Lift the handset and dial *****12345** (three stars followed by the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5).

4. Wait for the 'configuration menu' voice prompt to be played.

5. Dial **31** followed by the **#** key; the current IP address is played.

6. To change the IP address, perform the following:

a. Press the **#** key.

b. Dial the configuration server's IP address. Use the star (*) key instead of dots ("."), e.g., 36*44*0*6, and then press **#** to finish.

c. Review the configuration server's IP address, and then press **1** to save.

7. Dial **32** followed by the **#** key, and then perform the following to change the configuration file name pattern:

a. Press the **#** key.

b. Select one of the patterns listed in the table below (*aa.bb.cc.dd* denotes the IP address of the configuration server):

#	Configuration File Name Pattern	Description
1	http://aa.bb.cc.dd/config.ini	Standard config.ini.
2	https://aa.bb.cc.dd/config.ini	Secure HTTP.
3	http://aa.bb.cc.dd/audiocodes/<MAC>.ini	The device's MAC address is appended to the file name (e.g., http://36.44.0.6/audiocodes/00908f012300.ini).
4	http://aa.bb.cc.dd:8080/config.ini	HTTP on port 8080.
5	http://aa.bb.cc.dd:1400/config.ini	HTTP on port 1400.
6	http://aa.bb.cc.dd/cgi-bin/acconfig.cgi?mac=<MAC>&ip=<IP>	Generating configuration per IP/MAC address dynamically, using a CGI script. See perl example below.

c. Press the selected pattern code, and then press **#** to finish.

8. Press **1** to save, and then hang up the handset. The device retrieves the configuration from the HTTP server.

The following is an example perl CGI script, suitable for most Apache-based HTTP servers for generating configuration dynamically per pattern #6 above. Copy this script to /var/www/cgi-bin/acconfig.cgi on your Apache server and edit it as required:

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
use CGI;
$query = new CGI;
$mac = $query->param('mac');
$ip = $query->param('ip');

print "Content-type: text/plain\n\n";
print "; INI file generator CGI\n";
print "; Request for MAC=$mac IP=$ip\n\n";
print <<"EOF";

SyslogServerIP = 36.44.0.15
EnableSyslog = 1
SSHServerEnable = 1

EOF
```

The table below lists the configuration parameters that can be queried or modified using the voice menu:

Table 3-2: Configuration Parameters Available via the Voice Menu

Item Number at Menu Prompt	Description
1	IP address.
2	Subnet mask.
3	Default Gateway IP address.
4	Primary DNS server IP address.
7	DHCP enable / disable.
31	Configuration server IP address.
32	Configuration file name pattern.
99	Voice menu password (initially 12345). **Note:** The voice menu password can also be changed using the Web interface or *ini* file parameter VoiceMenuPassword (refer to the *User's Manual*).

3.1.4   Assigning an IP Address Using the CLI

You can assign an IP address to the device, using command-line interface (CLI).

> **Note:** The CLI method for assigning an IP address is not applicable to MP-112 as this model does not provide RS-232 serial interface.

➢ **To assign an IP address via the CLI:**

1. Connect the device's RS-232 port to either COM1 or COM2 communication port on your PC (for MP-11x refer to Connecting the MP-11x RS-232 Port to Your PC on page 18; for MP-124, refer to Connecting the MP-124 RS-232 Port to Your PC on page 28).

2. Use a serial communication software (e.g., HyperTerminal™) to establish a serial communication link with the device, using the following communications port settings:

   • **Baud Rate:** 9,600 bps

   • **Data Bits:** 8

   • **Parity:** None

   • **Stop Bits:** 1

   • **Flow Control:** None

   The CLI prompt appears.

3. At the prompt, type `conf`, and then press <Enter>; the configuration folder is accessed.

4. To view the current network parameters, at the prompt, type `GCP IP`, and then press <Enter>; the current network settings are displayed.

5. Change the network settings by typing the following:

   `SCP IP [ip_address] [subnet_mask] [default_gateway]`

   For example,

   `SCP IP 10.13.77.7 255.255.0.0 10.13.0.1`

   The new settings take effect on-the-fly and connectivity to the device is active at the new IP address.
   Note: This command requires you to enter all three network parameters (each separated by a space).

6. To save the configuration, at the prompt, type `SAR`, and then press <Enter>; the device restarts with the new network settings.

3.2 Configuring Basic SIP Parameters

Once you have completed the previous sections, you are ready to start configuring the device using the Web interface. For information on how to fully configure the device, refer to the device's *User's Manuals*.

> **Tip:** Once the device is configured, backup your settings by saving the configuration (*ini*) file to your PC. This saved file can later be used, if necessary, to restore configuration settings (refer to 'Backing Up and Restoring Configuration' on page 43).

➢ **To configure basic SIP parameters:**

1. Access the Web interface.

2. Select the voice coders used by the device that best suits your VoIP network in the 'Coders Table' page (**Configuration** tab > **Protocol Configuration** menu > **Protocol Definition** submenu > **Coders**).

3. When operating with a Proxy server, perform the following (otherwise, skip to Step 4):

   a. In the 'Proxy & Registration' page (**Configuration** tab > **Protocol Configuration** menu > **Proxies/IpGroups/Registration** submenu > **Proxy & Registration**):

      ♦ Set the 'Use Default Proxy' field to "Yes".

      ♦ (Optional) In the 'Proxy Name' field, enter the Proxy's name. The Proxy name replaces the Proxy IP address in all SIP messages. This means that messages are still sent to the physical Proxy IP address, but the SIP URI contains the Proxy name instead.

      ♦ To enable the device to register to a Proxy/Registrar server (at power up and every user-defined interval - 'Registration Time' parameter), set 'Enable Registration' to "Enable"'

   b. In the 'Proxy Sets Table' page (**Configuration** tab > **Protocol Configuration** menu > **Proxies/IpGroups/Registration** submenu > **Proxy Sets Table**), define the IP address(s) of the Proxy server(s). When no Proxy is used, the internal routing table is used to route the calls.

4. Enable the device's endpoints in the 'Endpoint Phone Number Table' page (**Configuration** tab > **Protocol Configuration** menu > **Endpoint Number** submenu > **Endpoint Phone Number**).

5. If a Proxy server is not implemented, map outgoing calls to IP addresses in the 'Tel to IP Routing' page (**Configuration** tab > **Protocol Configuration** menu > **Routing Tables** submenu > **Tel to IP Routing**).

6. Save your settings to the flash memory and reset the device (refer to 'Saving and Resetting the Device' on page 40).

3.3 Enabling Channels and Configuring Call Routing (Example)

This section provides an example for enabling the device's channels and for configuring Tel (PSTN)-to-IP call routing. This includes assigning the channels a telephone number and then routing calls (e.g., of dialed numbers with prefix 10) from these channels to a specific IP destination (e.g., IP address 10.33.24.14).

➢ **To enable channels and configure call routing:**

1. Assign telephone numbers to endpoints, by performing the following:

   a. Open the 'Endpoint Phone Number Table' page (**Configuration** tab > **Protocol Configuration** menu > **Endpoint Number** submenu > **Endpoint Phone Number**).

Figure 3-3: Enabling Channels in Endpoint Phone Number Table Page

	Channel(s)	Phone Number	Hunt Group ID	Profile ID
1	1-8	101		
2				

   b. In the 'Channel(s)' column, enter 1-8 (i.e., channels 1 through 8), and then in the 'Phone Number' column, enter the phone number (e.g., 101) for the first channel. Phone numbers 102, 103, 104 and so on are sequentially assigned to subsequent channels (i.e., 2 through 8).

   c. Click **Submit**.

2. Configure routing of telephone calls (i.e., Tel) to an IP destination (i.e., IP address):

   a. Open the 'Tel to IP Routing' page (**Configuration** tab > **Protocol Configuration** menu > **Routing Tables** submenu > **Tel to IP Routing**).

Figure 3-4: Routing Calls to the IP in Tel to IP Routing Page

	Src. Trunk Group ID	Dest. Phone Prefix	Source Phone Prefix	>	Dest. IP Address	Dest. IP Group ID	Profile ID	Status
1		10	*		10.33.24.14			
2								

   b. In the 'Dest. Phone Prefix' column, enter "10" (i.e., prefix of dialed number).

   c. In the 'Source Phone Prefix' column, enter the prefix of the channel's telephone number as defined in Step 1.

   d. In the 'Dest. IP Address' column, enter 10.33.24.14 (i.e., calls are sent to this IP address).

   e. Click **Submit**.

Therefore, any call whose dialed number prefix matches the value in the 'Dest. Phone Prefix' column (i.e., 10) and whose source phone number prefix matches the value in the 'Source Phone Prefix' column is sent to the IP address defined in the 'Dest. IP Address' column.

The figure below shows an example of a configuration setup of two communicating FXS devices. Phones '101' and '102' are connected to the first two channels of device with IP address 10.33.24.18; phone '120' is connected to the first channel of device 10.33.24.14. The configuration in the 'Endpoint Phone Number Table' and 'Tel to IP Routing' pages (refer to the figure below) enables calls to be made between these two devices as well as between phones connected to the same device.

To make a call between the two devices, off-hook phone '101', and at the dial tone, dial '120'. To make a call between the two phones connected to device 10.33.24.18, off-hook phone '101', and at the dial tone, dial '102' (or vice versa).

Notes:

- The prefixes entered in the 'Tel to IP Routing' table must differentiate the devices from each other to ensure correct routing. In the example, using the first digit (i.e., 1) doesn't differentiate the devices, therefore, two digits of the phone number are used.

- To enable phones connected to the same device to communicate with each other, define in the 'Tel to IP Routing' table the IP address and corresponding phone numbers of the device itself.

Figure 3-5: Connecting Two Devices
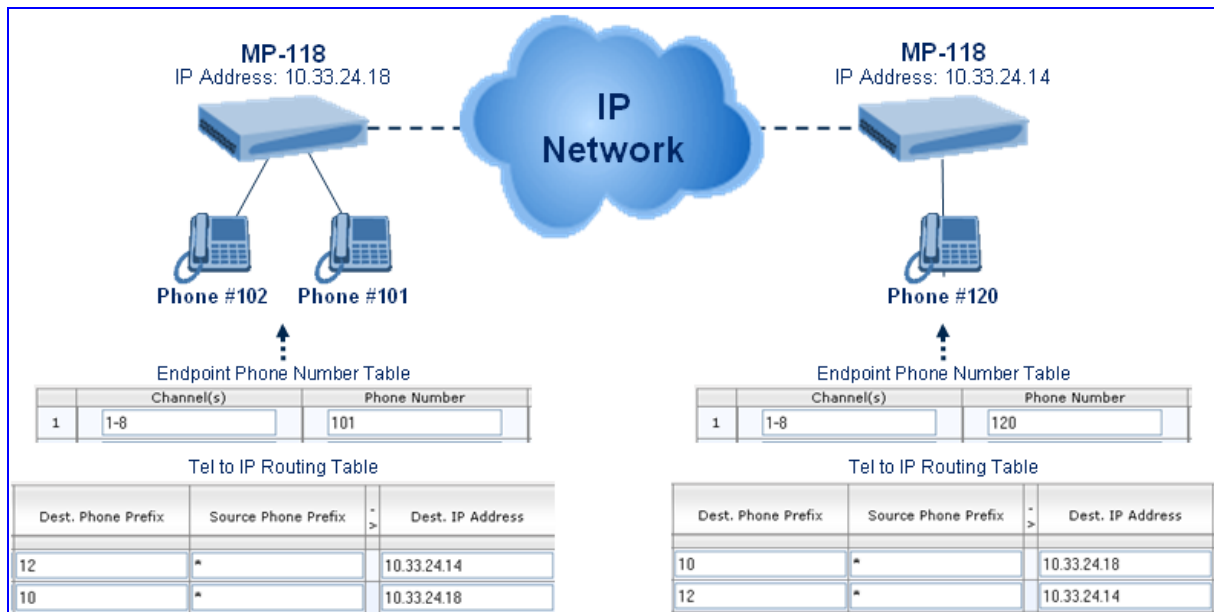
3.4   Saving and Resetting the Device

To apply configuration changes to the device's volatile memory (RAM), click the **Submit** button located on the page in which you are configuring. Modifications to parameters with on-the-fly capabilities are immediately applied to the device; other parameters are applied only after a device reset. However, parameters saved to the volatile memory revert to their previous settings after a hardware or software reset (or if the device is powered down). Therefore, to ensure that all parameter changes (whether on-the-fly or not) are retained, you need to save ('burn') them to the device's non-volatile memory (i.e., flash).

You can also "gracefully lock" the device so that no new calls are allowed and existing calls are terminated only after a user-defined period. This is useful when, for example, you are uploading new software files to the device and you don't want to disrupt existing traffic.

> **Note:** Parameters preceded by the lightning ⚡ sign are not changeable on-the-fly and require a device reset.

➢ **To save parameters to flash memory and reset the device:**

1. On the toolbar, click **Device Actions**, and then from the drop-down list, choose **Reset**; the 'Maintenance Actions' page appears.

Figure 3-6: Maintenance Actions Page

2. Under the 'Reset Configuration' group, ensure that 'Yes' is selected in the 'Burn to FLASH' drop-down list.

3. (Optional) To gracefully lock the device, click the **LOCK** button, from the 'Graceful Option' drop-down list select 'Yes', and then define the time (in seconds) after which the device locks.

4. Click the **Reset** button.

3.5 Changing Login User Name and Password

To prevent unauthorized access to the Web interface, two Web user accounts (login accounts) are available (primary and secondary) with assigned user name and password. For detailed information on the Web user accounts, refer to the device's *User's Manual*.

> **Tip:** If you do not know your user name and password, you can use AudioCodes BootP/TFTP utility to access the device, by re-flash the load and resetting the password (refer to the *Product Reference Manual*).

➢ **To change the login user name and password:**

1. Open the 'WEB User Accounts' page (**Configuration** tab > **Security Settings** menu > **WEB User Accounts**).

Figure 3-7: WEB User Accounts Page (for Users with 'Security Administrator' Privileges)

2. To change the user name, perform the following:
   a. In the 'User Name' field, enter the new user name (maximum of 19 case-sensitive characters).
   b. Click **Change User Name**; the new user name is applied and the 'Enter Network Password' screen appears.
   c. In the 'Enter Network Password' screen, enter the new user name.

3. To change the password, perform the following:
   a. In the 'Current Password' field, enter the current password (maximum of 19 case-sensitive characters).
   b. In the 'New Password' and 'Confirm New Password' fields, enter the new password.
   c. Click **Change Password**; the new password is applied and the 'Enter Network Password' screen appears. In the 'Enter Network Password' screen, enter the new password.

3.6   Backing Up and Restoring Configuration

You can save a copy/backup of the device's current configuration settings (Voice) as an *ini* file to a folder on your PC, using the 'Configuration File' page. The saved *ini* file includes only parameters that were modified and parameters with other than default values. The 'Configuration File' page also allows you to load an *ini* file to the device. If the device has "lost" its configuration, you can restore the device's configuration by loading the previously saved *ini* file or by simply loading a newly created *ini* file.

> **Note:**   When loading an *ini* file using this Web page, parameters not included in the *ini* file are reset to default settings.

➢ **To save and restore the *ini* file:**

1. Open the 'Configuration File' page (**Management** tab > **Software Update** menu > **Configuration File**).

Figure 3-8: Configuration File Page

2. To save the *ini* file to a folder on your PC, perform the following:

   a. Click the **Save INI File** button; the 'File Download' dialog box appears.
   b. Click the **Save** button, navigate to the folder in which you want to save the *ini* file on your PC, and then click **Save**; the device copies the *ini* file to the selected folder.

➢ **To load (or restore) the ini file:**

1. Click the **Browse** button, navigate to the folder in which the *ini* file is located, select the file, and then click **Open**; the name and path of the file appear in the field beside the **Browse** button.

2. Click the **Load INI File** button, and then at the prompt, click **OK;** the device uploads the *ini* file and then resets (from the *cmp* version stored on the flash memory). Once complete, the 'Enter Network Password' dialog box appears, requesting you to enter your user name and password.

3.7 Restoring Factory Default Settings

You can use the device's hardware Reset button to restore all the device's configuration settings to factory defaults, including the device's IP address and Web interface's login user name and password. These default settings include factory defaults as well as user-defined defaults (refer to the device's *User's Manual*).

> **Note:** The device resets to the software version (*cmp* file) saved on its flash memory.

➢ **To restore the MP-124 to factory default settings:**

■ With a paper clip or any other similar pointed object, press and hold down the Reset button (located on the front panel) for at least 12 seconds (no more than 25 seconds); the device restores to factory default settings.

➢ **To restore MP-11x to factory default settings:**

1. Disconnect the Ethernet cable from the device.

2. With a paper clip or any other similar pointed object, press and hold down the Reset button (located on the rear panel) for about six seconds; the **Fail** LED turns red and the device restores to factory default settings.

3. When the **Fail** LED turns off, reconnect the Ethernet cable to the device.

3.8 Upgrading the Device

You can upgrade the device with the following files, using the device's Web interface:

■ Firmware (*cmp*) file using the Web interface's Software Update Wizard (refer to 'Software Upgrade Wizard' on page 45).

■ Auxiliary and *ini* files using the 'Load Auxiliary Files' page (refer to 'Upgrading the ini and Auxiliary Files' on page 48).

> **Note:** When upgrading the firmware (*cmp*), you can also use the Software Update Wizard to load the *ini* and auxiliary files.

3.8.1   Software Upgrade Wizard

The Software Upgrade Wizard allows you to easily upgrade the device's firmware (cmp file) as well as load an *ini* file and/or auxiliary files (e.g., Call Progress Tones). However, it is mandatory, when using the wizard to first load a *cmp* file to the device. You can then choose to also load an *ini* file and/or auxiliary files, but this cannot be pursued without first loading an *cmp* file. For the *ini* and each auxiliary file type, you can choose to load a new file, or not load a file, but use the existing file (i.e., maintain existing configuration) running on the device.

The Software Upgrade Wizard allows you to load the following files:

■ **cmp:** (Mandatory) compressed firmware file

■ **ini:** (Optional) Configuration file

■ **Auxiliary files:** (Optional) CPT (Call Progress Tone), PRT (Prerecorded Tones), FXS Coefficient, and USERINF (User Info)

Warnings:

- To preserve all configuration settings, before upgrading the device to a new major software version (e.g., from version 5.6 to 5.8), save a copy of the device's configuration settings (i.e., *ini* file) to your PC and ensure that you have all the original auxiliary files (e.g., CPT file) currently used by the device. After you have upgraded the device, restore your configuration settings by uploading these files to the device. For backing up and restoring configuration, refer to 'Backing Up and Restoring Configuration' on page 43.

- The Software Upgrade Wizard requires the device to be reset at the end of the process, which may disrupt traffic. To avoid this, disable all traffic on the device before initiating the wizard, by performing a graceful lock (refer to 'Saving and Resetting the Device' on page 40).

---

Notes:

- Before you can load an *ini* or auxiliary file, you must first load a *cmp* file.

- When you activate the wizard, the rest of the Web interface is unavailable. After the files are successfully loaded, access to the full Web interface is restored.

- You can schedule automatic loading of these files using HTTP, HTTPS, FTP, or NFS (refer to the *Product Reference Manual*).

➢ **To use the Software Upgrade Wizard:**

1. Stop all traffic on the device (refer to the note above).

2. Open the 'Software Upgrade Wizard' (**Management** tab > **Software Update** menu > **Software Upgrade Wizard**); the 'Software Upgrade Wizard' page appears.

Figure 3-9: Start Software Upgrade Wizard Screen
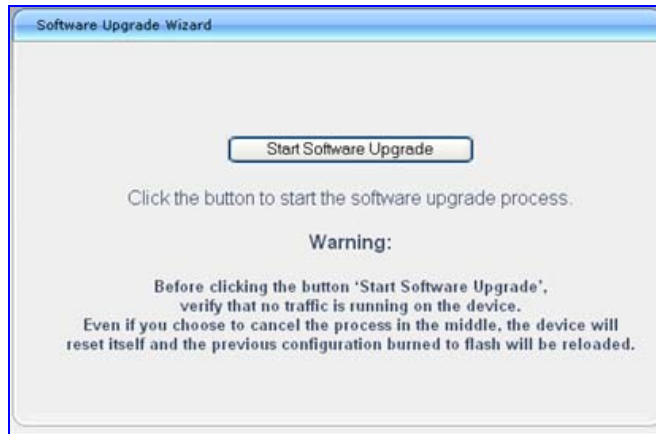
3. Click the **Start Software Upgrade** button; the 'Load a CMP file' Wizard page appears.

Figure 3-10: Load CMP File Wizard Page

> **Note:** At this stage, you can quit the Software Update Wizard, by clicking **Cancel** , without requiring a device reset. However, once you start uploading a cmp file, the process must be completed with a device reset.

4. Click the **Browse** button, navigate to the *cmp* file, and then click **Send File**; the *cmp* file is loaded to the device and you're notified as to a successful loading.

5. Click one of the following buttons:

-      **Reset**; the device resets with the newly loaded *cmp,* utilizing the existing configuration and auxiliary files.

-      **Next**; the 'Load an *ini* File' wizard page opens.

    Note that as you progress by clicking **Next**, the relevant file name corresponding to the applicable Wizard page is highlighted in the file list on the left.

6. In the 'Load an *ini* File' page, you can now choose to either:

- Click **Browse**, navigate to the *ini* file, and then click **Send File**; the *ini* file is loaded to the device and you're notified as to a successful loading.

- Use the *ini* file currently used by the device, by not selecting an *ini* file and by ensuring that the 'Use existing configuration' check box is marked (default).

- Return the device's configuration settings to factory defaults, by not selecting an *ini* file and by clearing the 'Use existing configuration' check box.

7. You can now choose to either:

- Click **Reset**; the device resets, utilizing the new *cmp* and *ini* file you loaded up to now as well as utilizing the other auxiliary files.

- Click **Back**; the 'Load a *cmp* file' page is opened again.

- Click **Next**; the next page opens for loading the next consecutive auxiliary file listed in the Wizard.

8. For loading the auxiliary files, follow the same procedure as for loading the *ini* file (Step 6).

9. In the 'FINISH' page, complete the upgrade process by clicking **Reset;** the device 'burns' the newly loaded files to flash memory and then resets the device. After the device resets, the 'End Process' screen appears displaying the burned configuration files (refer to the figure below).

Figure 3-11: End Process Wizard Page
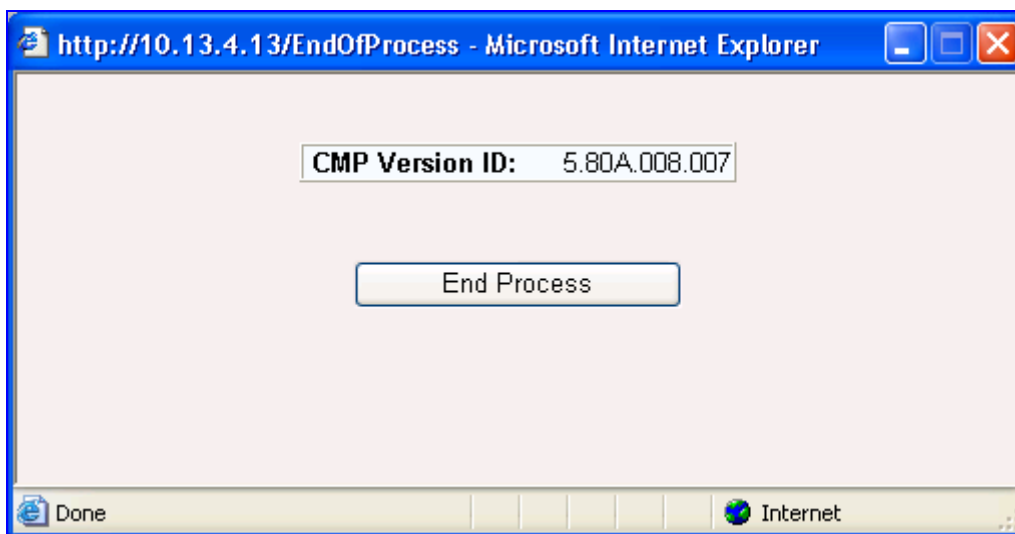
10. Click **End Process** to close the wizard, and then in the 'Enter Network Password' dialog box, enter your login user name and password (described in Accessing the Web Interface) and click **OK**; a message box appears informing you of the new CMP file.

11. Click **OK**; the Web interface now becomes active and reflecting the upgraded device.

3.8.2   Loading ini and Auxiliary Files

The auxiliary files (and *ini* file) are *dat* files that can be loaded to the device to provide enhanced device provisioning. These files are described in the table below. For detailed information on these files, refer to the device's *User's Manual*.

Table 3-3: Auxiliary Files Descriptions

File Type	Description
ini	Provisions the device's parameters. The Web interface enables practically full device provisioning, but customers may occasionally require new feature configuration parameters, in which case this file is loaded. **Note:** Loading the *ini* file only provisions those parameters that are included in the *ini* file. Parameters not specified in the *ini* file are reset to factory default values.
FXS Coefficient	This file contains the telephony interface configuration information for the device. This information includes telephony interface characteristics such as DC and AC impedance, feeding current, and ringing voltage. This file is specific to the type of telephony interface that the device supports. In most cases, you are required to load this type of file. Note: Use the parameter CountryCoefficients (described in Analog Telephony Parameters) to configure the FXO coefficients.
Dial Plan	Dial plan file.
Call Progress Tones	This is a region-specific, telephone exchange-dependent file that contains the Call Progress Tones (CPT) levels and frequencies that the device uses. The default CPT file is: U.S.A.
Prerecorded Tones	The *dat* PRT file enhances the device's capabilities of playing a wide range of telephone exchange tones that cannot be defined in the Call Progress Tones file.
User Info	The User Information file maps PBX extensions to IP numbers. This file can be used to represent PBX extensions as IP phones in the global 'IP world'.

> **Notes:**
>
> - The current settings of parameters that are not included in the *ini* file are retained (*incremental*).
>
> - After loading the *ini* file, the device does not reset. Some files (e.g., Call Progress Tones) are not changeable on-the-fly and require a device reset.
>
> - Saving an auxiliary file to flash memory may disrupt traffic on the device. To avoid this, disable all traffic on the device, by performing a graceful lock (refer to 'Saving and Resetting the Device' on page 40).
>
> - You can also use BootP to load the auxiliary files to the device (refer to the *Product Reference Manual*).

➢ **To load an auxiliary file to the device, take these 4 steps:**

1. Open the 'Load Auxiliary Files' page (**Management** tab > **Software Update** menu > **Load Auxiliary Files**).

Figure 3-12: Load Auxiliary Files Page

2. Click the **Browse** button corresponding to the file type that you want to load, navigate to the folder in which the file is located, and then click **Open**; the name and path of the file appear in the field next to the **Browse** button.

3. Click the **Load File** button corresponding to the field that contains the file you want to load.

4. Save to flash memory and reset (if required) the device (refer to 'Saving and Resetting the Device' on page 40).

Reader's Notes

4 Monitoring the Device

The operating status of the device can be monitored in the following ways:

- Monitoring the device's hardware front-panel LEDs (refer to 'Front-Panel LEDs' on page 51).

- Monitoring the device using the Web interface (refer to 'Web Interface' on page 52).

4.1 Front-Panel LEDs

The operating status LEDs on the front panel of the device are described in the tables below:

Table 4-1: MP-11x Front-Panel LEDs Description

LED	Type	Color	State	Definition
Channels Status	Telephone Interface	Green	Blinking	Phone is ringing (incoming call, before answering).
			Fast Blinking	Line malfunction.
			On	Off-hook or ringing.
		-	Off	Normal on-hook position.
Uplink	Ethernet Link Status	Green	On	Valid 10/100Base-TX Ethernet connection.
		-	Off	No uplink.
Fail	Failure Indication	Red	On	Failure (fatal error) or system initialization.
		-	Off	Normal working condition.
Ready	Device Status	Green	On	Device powered, self-test OK.
		-	Off	Software loading or system failure.
Power	Power Supply Status	Green	On	Power is received by the device.
		-	Off	Failure / disruption in the AC power supply or power is currently not being supplied to the device through the AC power supply entry.

Table 4-2: MP-124 Front-Panel LEDs Description

Label	Type	Color	State	Function
Ready	Device Status	Green	On	Device powered on, self-test OK.
		Orange	Blinking	Software loading/initialization.
		Red	On	Malfunction.
LAN	Ethernet Link Status	Green	On	Valid 10/100Base-TX Ethernet connection.
		Red	On	Malfunction.
Control	Control Link	Green	Blinking	Sending and receiving Protocol (SIP) messages.
		-	-	No traffic.

Label	Type	Color	State	Function
Data	Packet Status	Green	Blinking	Transmitting RTP packets.
		Red	Blinking	Receiving RTP packets.
		-	-	No traffic.
Channels	Telephone Interface	Green	On	Off-hook or ringing.
		Red	On	Line malfunction.
		-	-	Normal.

4.2 Web Interface

The Web interface's 'Home' page provides a graphical display of the device's front panel, displaying color-coded icons depicting the status of the device's ports and channels, as well as other interfaces of the device. In addition, the 'Home' page allows you quick access to viewing active alarms.

4.2.1 Viewing Alarms

The 'Home' page allows you quick access to the 'Active Alarms' page (typically accessed from the **Status & Diagnostics** tab > **Status & Diagnostics** menu > **Active Alarms**). This page lists all the device's current alarms.

➢ **To view a list of current alarms:**

■ In the 'Home' page, click the area labeled **Alarms**; the 'Active Alarms' page appears:

Figure 4-1: Current Alarms in Active Alarms Page

For each listed alarm, the following information is displayed:

- **Severity:** severity level of the alarm:
  - ◆ Critical (displayed in red)
  - ◆ Major (displayed in orange)
  - ◆ Minor (displayed in yellow)
  - ◆ No alarm (displayed in green)
- **Source:** element from which the alarm was generated
- **Description:** brief explanation of the alarm
- **Date:** date and time that the alarm was generated

4.2.2   Viewing Channel Status

The 'Home' page displays channel port icons that indicate the voice channels' operating status. You can use these port icons to drill down to view detailed channel status. For a detailed description of the 'Home' page, refer to the device's User's Manual.
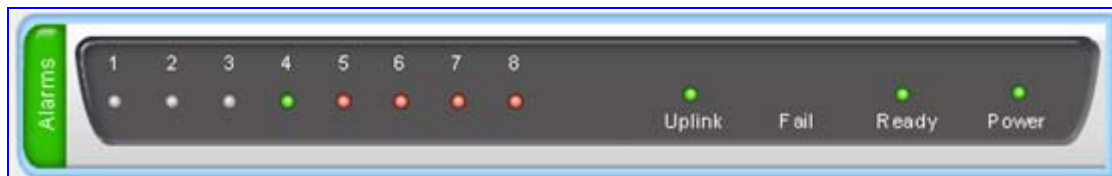
Figure 4-2: MP-11x Home Page

Figure 4-3: MP-124 Home Page

Table 4-3: Color-Coding of Channel Status Icon

Icon State	Color	Description
🔴	Red	Line not connected (only applicable to FXO devices).
⚪	Gray	Channel inactive.
🔵	Blue	Handset is off-hook.
🟢	Green	Active RTP stream.

You can drill-down to view a detailed status of each channel.

➢ **To view a detailed status of a channel:**

1. In the 'Home' page, click the port of whose status you want to view; a shortcut menu appears.

2. From the shortcut menu, choose **Port Settings**.

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Installation Manual

Version 5.8