



**VIP High Power  
Convoy Jammer 3260S  
Manual**

# VIP High Power Convoy Jammer 3260S

## Manual

### Content

1. Technical Specifications HP 3260S.....	3
2. Proposal on ECM Jammer Systems against Terrorist's bomb attacks during Convoy Operations .....	4
3. Operation manual and short form of start up manual for Jammer System HP 3260S.....	6
4. ABC Charger .....	7
5. Trouble shooting and service .....	9
6. Servicing Manual for Jammer System HP 3260 S.....	10
7. Electrical Specification .....	11
8. Specifications of Antennas .....	16
9. Batteries.....	25
10. Contact.....	29

#### **Safety Instructions**

The unit HP 3260S is a Jammer. Jammers are transmitters which transmit millions of frequencies at the same time to block any type of receiver.

**A Jammer is a high frequency transmitter. Therefore there are typical terms of use which have to be known during transmission. A safety distance to the antennas is necessary.**

#### **Safety Instruction**

Electromagnetic waves can be dangerous for your health. For example we can give no statement regarding the effects on pacemakers at the moment. Therefore we suggest that people with pacemakers do not use any kind of transmission units or any kind of transmitters, as well as Jammers, were not used direct to people with a pacemaker.

#### **During transmission**

All doors and windows have to be closed.

Outside the vehicle a safety distance from the antennas has to be taken.

The use and operation of the Jammer is only allowed to trained people and end users.

## 1. Technical Specifications HP 3260S

**Power supply:** 12 V DC from the car  
24 V DC from the Jammer battery

**Power consumption:** 470 W

**Frequency range:** HF 20 - 80 MHz  
VHF 80 - 200 MHz  
UHF 200 - 500 MHz  
SHFI 500 - 1000 MHz  
SHFII 1000 - 2000 MHz  
SHFIII 2000 - 2500 MHz  
SHFIV 2500 - 3000 MHz

**Output power:** HF 150 W  
VHF 125 W  
UHF 100 W  
SHFI 40 W  
SHFII 25 W  
SHFIII 15 W  
SHFIV 10 W

**Dimensions:** Jammer 46 x 52 x 28 cm  
46 x 52 x 28 cm  
Voltage Con. 46 x 52 x 15 cm

**Modulation Type:** Sweep

**Antennas:** HF Omni-Directional  
VHF Antennas for HF, VHF  
UHF Log-periodic Ant.  
SHFI for UHF, SHFI  
SHFII and SHFII+III+IV  
SHFIII+IV

**Accessories:** Cables  
Remote control  
Batteries  
Special roof box



### Operation

After the Jammer is assembled and installed to the car, including all cables for the supply voltage and antennas. It is ready for use. The Jammer should never be operated without connected antennas.

The first step for operation is to activate the keyswitch at the remote control to put the Jammer into stand-by mode. Now the single channels can be activated by the corresponding switches. The remote control will also show the channel status (ON/OFF).

## 2. Proposal on ECM Jammer Systems against Terrorist's bomb attacks during Convoy Operations

Electronic Counter Measures (ECM) or Jamming Systems which are designed to provide protection for VIP Dignitaries against attacks by radio control. Improvised Explosive Devices (RCIED's) is a delicate and complicated task. Nobody knows when, where, on which frequency, what distance between bomb and terrorist & what distance between VIP Car and bomb during the attack.

*ONLY THE TERRORIST KNOWS AND HAS A COMPLETE CONTROL ABOUT THE WHOLE SCENARIO.*

**Therefore the VIP protection must be on a very high sophisticated level.**

**Elaman** the manufacturing company of such protection systems with experience all over the World - Europe, Near East, Middle East, Far East, Africa and America – since more than 20 years in business – has developed the **HP ECM Series** to the clients specifications and needs. Due to this long experience and the back-up with the user and clients we can give the following proposal:

1. IT must be a SYNTHESIZED SWEEP JAMMER **no** barrage or white noise which was already used in World War 2 and is an old technique.
2. **NEVER USE FOR CONVOY OPERATION BARRAGE OR WHITE NOISE.**
3. The lowest frequency should be around 20 MHz or 25 MHz.
4. The highest frequency should work now around 2000 MHz or higher 2,5 GHz and if required also up to 3 GHz.
5. Between both frequencies there should be no gaps. Nobody knows which frequency the terrorist is using.
6. For the own communication there are other tactical solutions which should only be discussed personally.
7. The unit should be MODULAR each channel is working on its own.

**NO breakdown of the whole system if one channel is out of us the others are still in full operation.**

Easy for repair, easy for maintenance, easy for upgrading in new technology or higher frequencies.

**So no black box with no function if something is wrong always modules.**

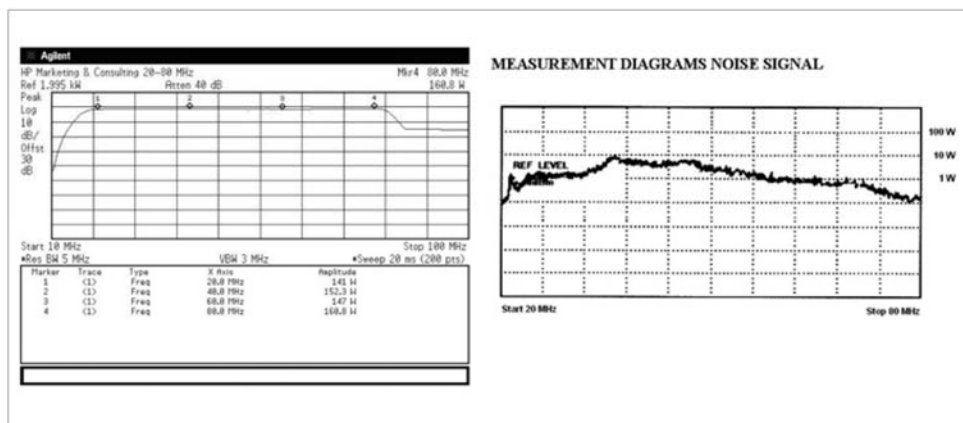
8. Different output power for the different channels. During all our tests and experience with our clients we would suggest:

HF	20 – 80 MHz	about 125 to 150 W
VHF	80 – 200 MHz	about 125 W
UHF	200 – 500 MHz	about 100 W
SHF	500 – 1000 MHz	about 40 W
SHF2	1000 – 2000 MHz	about 25 W
SHF3	2000 – 3000 MHz	about 15 W

The Channel HF and VHF have no gain with the used antennas all the other channels have a gain up to + 11 dBi. **With these output powers the safety range is more than 250 meters in all directions which is more than sufficient to protect the VIPs.**

9. Never install the Jammer HP 3260S into the VIP car – always escort cars for more flexibility and safety.
10. Use 2 HP 3260 S – one in front and one in the back of the VIP car or convoy – for the double protection range.
11. The HP 3260 S is installed in all kinds of Off-Road Cars. Range Rover, Land Rover, MB V, G, M, Toyota Landcruiser, GMC Suburban, Nissan Patrol, Embassador, Ford Explorer etc.
12. The HP 3260 S is easy to operate. If installed once the operator can see and control each channel on its own, he has full information about power supply and RF transmission – everything is shown on the remote control and on the unit itself by LEDs and other optical means.
13. We suggest a maintenance contract with our company to check the HP ECM Series every two years.
14. Elaman will give complete support for training, advice of spare parts and measure instruments.

We, Elaman, are proud to mention that all Jammers once supplied to our customers and installed into the various cars are in full operation although some of them are in use for more than 12 years.



### Double Digital Sweep Technology:

We use three special IC's, which generate the sweep signals. These signals are being tuned digitally to each single frequency range.

### Type of Modulation

We add to the carrier of the sweep signals a FM modulation. *We jam with our DDS all AM/ FM/ SSB signals either analog or digital.*

### Difference between Technologies

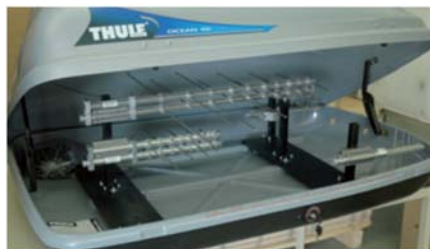
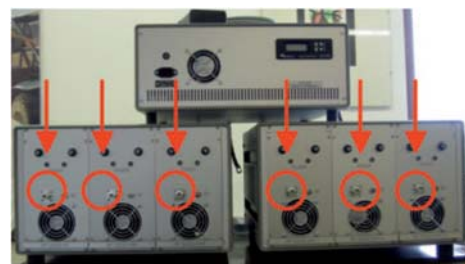
White Noise is generated via a Diode or a Transistor which due to its nature can not be fine tuned (see attached diagram). This possibility is provided by the sweep signal.

In addition we like to stress that White Noise signals loose a lot of their initial capacity/output, as most of the input power get lost into heat. Double Digital Sweep in comparison maintains a constant Level of the output Signal.

### 3. Operation manual and short form of start up manual for Jammer System HP 3260S

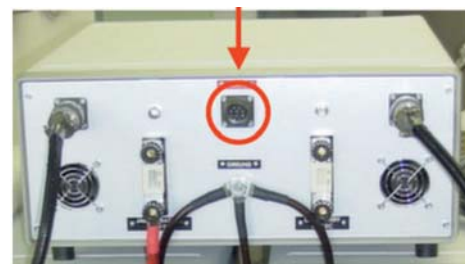
#### STEP 1

Never use the HP Jammers without antennas!  
So connect on the antennas before doing anything else!



#### STEP 2

Connect the remote control with the HP Jammer.

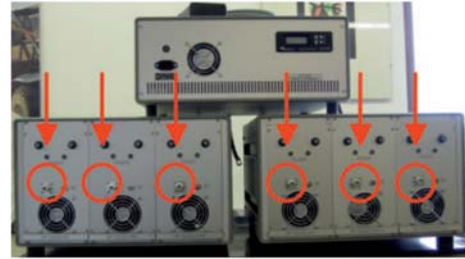


#### STEP 3

Switch on the "key switch", to power on the HP Jammer.  
Use the "channel switches". There are special LEDs which show you that the Jammer channels are on power.



Special RF LEDs show you, that the Jammer is working and that there is power on the antennas.



### CHARGING

To charge the battery pack of the HP 3260 S Jammer, connect the power pack with 230V. There is a LED which shows you the charging status.

RED

The unit is charging.

YELLOW

The unit is still charging.  
80-90% of the capacity is charged.

GREEN

The unit is complete charged.



## 4. ABC Charger

### User Manual

- Read this instruction before the charger is taken into use.
- Keep this manual within easy reach for the user of this battery charger.
- Hydrogen gas will be produced when charging lead-acid-batteries and hydrogen gas is explosive.
- Open flames and sparks should be kept away from batteries they may produce Explosions.
- The charger should be switched off before the charger/battery plug is disconnected.
- It is related with real danger to touch any parts inside the charger. Do not do any repair work with the main switch ON and to be real sure disconnect the mains connector.

### General

The ABC Charger is suitable both for Freely Ventilated-(Wet) and Valve Regulated-(Dry) lead/acid batteries. The charger is small and very light (1,5 kg) and can therefore easily be fitted close to the battery. (The charger can be delivered with program compensating for the equipment base load.) The charger operates in high frequency and should be connected to a standard 230 V mains connection with ground. The built in micro controller controls the charging process according to the chosen charging algorithm. During charging the charging progress is displayed with a status indicator LED on the front panel. The microcontroller is also controlling the charging progress with regards to Temperature in the charger an time. If a fault occurs in some cells or the temperature rises the charging current will be limited. If you have a special requirement of charging algorithm or application, please contact LEAB.



### Installation

The ABC Charger is mainly suited for indoor use. It can be used positioned horizontally on a table or a shelf, hang on a o-wall using the free supplied bracket or as a built-in charger in the vehicle or machinery. When it is built in it has to be shock absorbed. The charger can be with fixed connection to the battery or with conventional connectors.

Position the charger in such a way that the air supply will not be obstructed. When the charger is fitted on a wall or mounted in a vehicle it should be horizontal to limit dust and moisture to enter it.

### Function

Check that battery type and size correspond to the setting of the charger. Also check that the polarity between the charger and the battery is right. Positive + to positive + and negative – to negative –. Connect the battery to the charger and switch on the charger. The charging starts after a few seconds and the status indicator, **Orange LED**, is lit up. **Orange LED** remains on until the battery is fully charged. If the charger is connected to a fully charged battery the charger will be charging for 1 hour. This is the minimum charging time.

**Green LED**, is lit up when the battery is ready to be used.

Maintenance charging will continue as long as the battery is connected.

ABC600/800: The charger will be reset as soon as the charger is switched off and then on.

1600W version is reset by the red knob on the front or by disconnecting the mains cable.

The charging time depends on the size of battery and the depth of discharge.

A freely ventilated battery (Wet) can be discharged to max. 80% and a valve regulated (Dry) with max. 70%.

OBS: Switch off the charger before the battery is disconnected. If the battery is disconnected without switching off the charger, sparks may be produced.



## 5. Trouble shooting and service

**RED flashing LED** may mean that the battery is not properly connected. Check cables, connection terminals, plugs and other connections to the battery.  
 Rectify if possible.  
 Measure the voltage at the battery and at the charger.  
 If the connecting points and the voltage are correct, contact for consultation.

Standard setting –free ventilated / valve regulated with parallel consumption, J-program				
Free ventilated, open lead acid			Valve regulated, Gel	
Charging phase	Voltage level	Time	Voltage level	Time
U 1-phase	>1,4 V/cell	max. 12 h	>1,4 V/cell	max. 12 h
U 1-phase	2,4 V/cell	max. 12 h	2,35 V/cell	max. 12 h
U 2-phase	2,3 V/cell	unlimited	2,3 V/cell	unlimited
Traction batteries, M-/B-program				
Free ventilated, open lead acid			Valve regulate, Gel	
Charging phase	Voltage level	Time	Voltage level	Time
U 1-phase	>1,4 V/cell	max. 12 h	>1,4 V/cell	max. 12 h
U 1-phase	2,4 V/cell	max. 5 h	2,35 V/cell	max. 7 h
U 2-phase	max. 2,8V/cell	min. 1 h max 4 h	max. 2,8 V/cell	min.1 h max 4 h
U 2-phase	2,26V/cell	unlimited	2,26 V/cell	unlimited

### Technical data

*Size:* 600-800W/1600W L 230 x B 112 x H 75 l mm/ L 258 x B 136 x H 89 i mm

*Weight:* 600-800W/1600W 1,5 kg / 2,3 kg

*Ambient Temperature:* -25°C - +40° C

*Mains Voltage:* 90 Volt – 255 Volt AC, 45Hz-400Hz (>200V will mean limited effect)  
 If the charger is connected should be connected to a "c" characteristic fuse.

*Power Factor:* ~1

*Rated Voltage:* 12 Volt, 24 Volt, 36 Volt, 48 Volt DC

*Rated Current:* 15 Amp, 20 Amp, 30 Amp, 50 Amp, 60 Amp

*Secondary Cables:* 2m 6/10 mm?

*Protection:* 1, IP 21 (when fitted horizontally) Available in IP 44

*General:* Temperature controlled cooling fan.  
 Protected against wrong polarity and short circuit.  
 This charger can be used as a voltage supply. (Special program)  
 CE-certified in accordance with valid EN-standards.

### Charging algorithms

The ABC charger is designed for freely ventilated and valve regulated batteries. All chargers are equipped with app. 15 different charging curves. Every charging algorithm covers a specific battery capacity, which means that faulty adjustment will have an Impact on the battery lifetime. When is informed of battery capacity and type the charger will be delivered with the correct setting.

If you change to another type or size of battery, please contact for change of charging algorithm.

*If the wrong algorithm is chosen the warranty will be void.*

## 6. Servicing Manual for Jammer System HP 3260 S

Measures instruments:      Spectrum Analyzer  
   Wattmeter

### **Test procedure:**

Connect the channel from 20-80 MHz with an attenuator. Then connect it with a Spectrum Analyzer, e.g. from Hewlett Packard.

Put the Spectrum Analyzer on start at 15 MHz and on stop at 100 MHz.

Connect the HP 3260 S with a cable to a battery or a kind of generator. Switch the "key switch" on the remote control ON. Then switch on the single channel from 20 to 80 MHz. Use the button on the remote control.

To check the frequency of each channel, repeat this procedure with every single channel and on the Spectrum Analyzer.



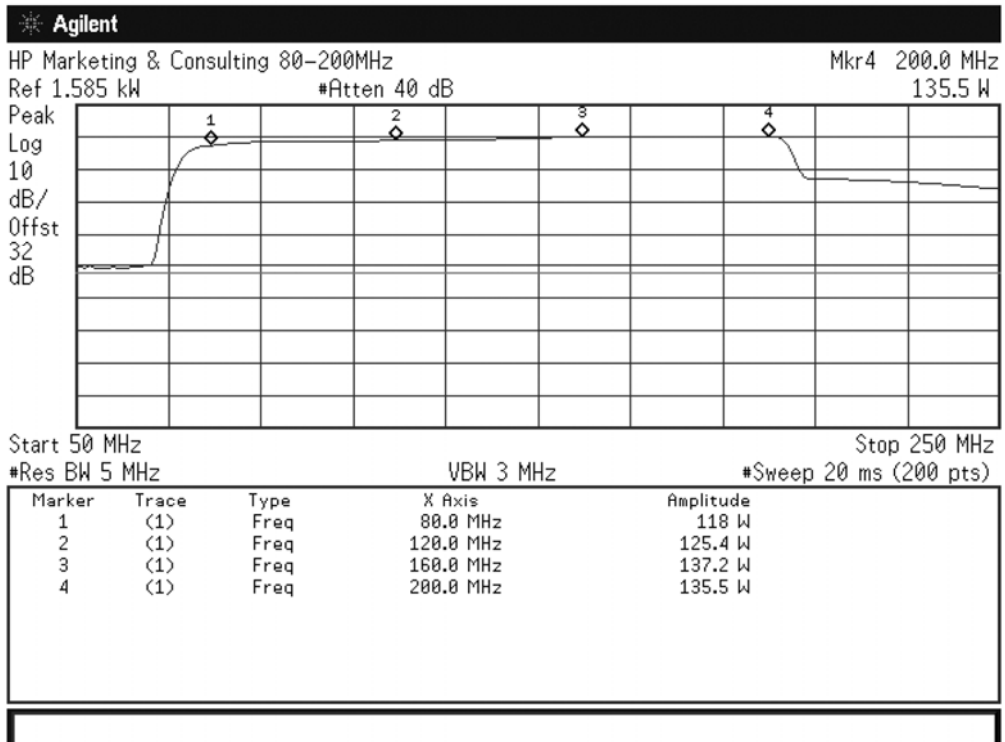
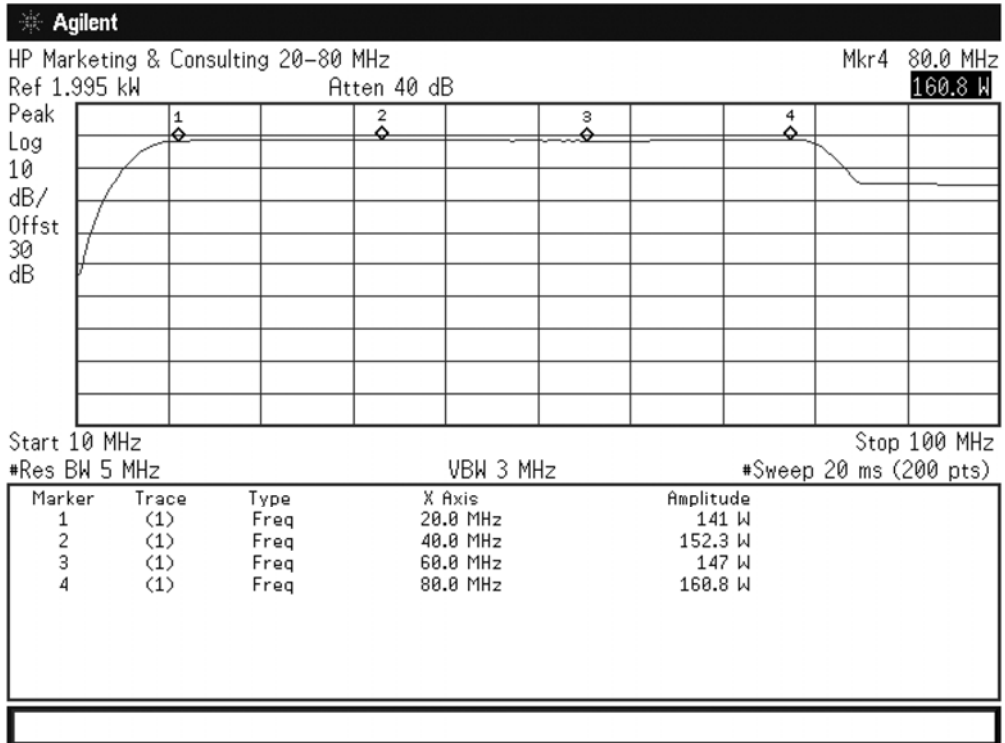
**It is very important that all other channels are still OFF for this test. Every channel that is working without connecting to an antenna or a coaxial resistor will damage the Jammer. The relevant channel will be broken.**

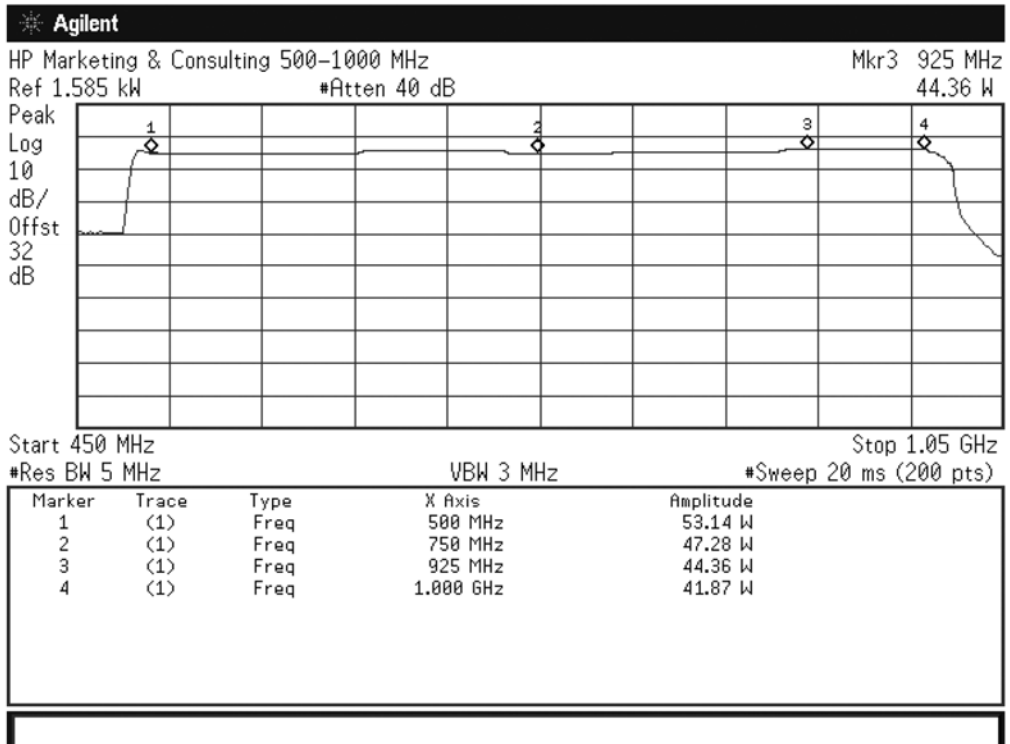
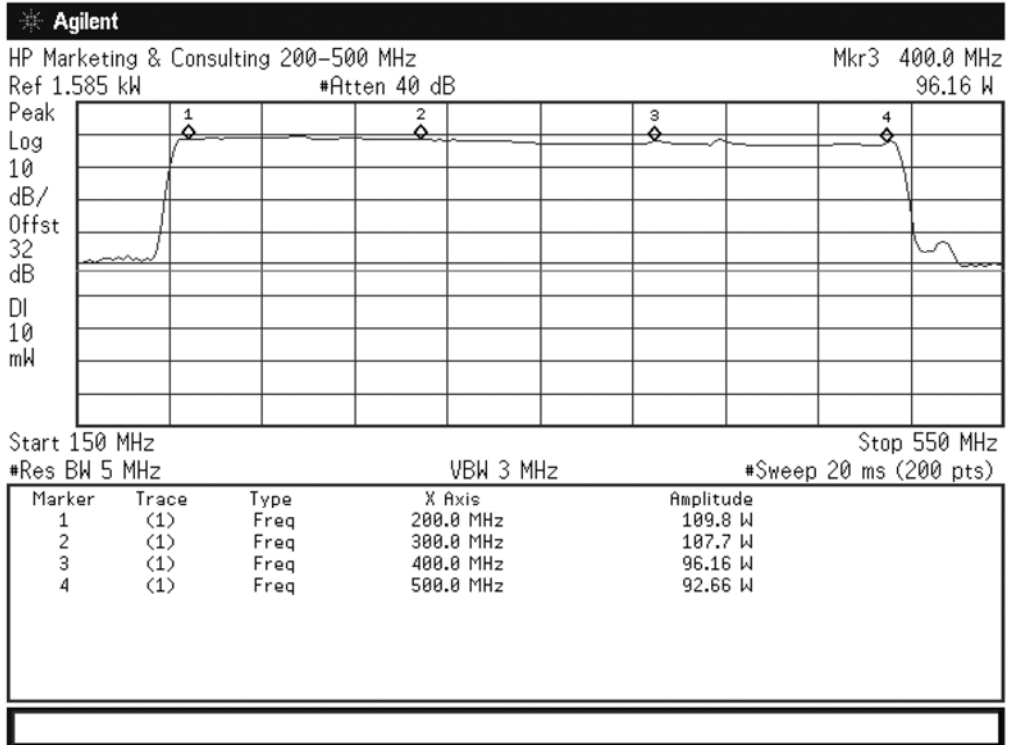
To check the output power in watts use a special wattmeter like for example the BIRD Wattmeter model 4410A.

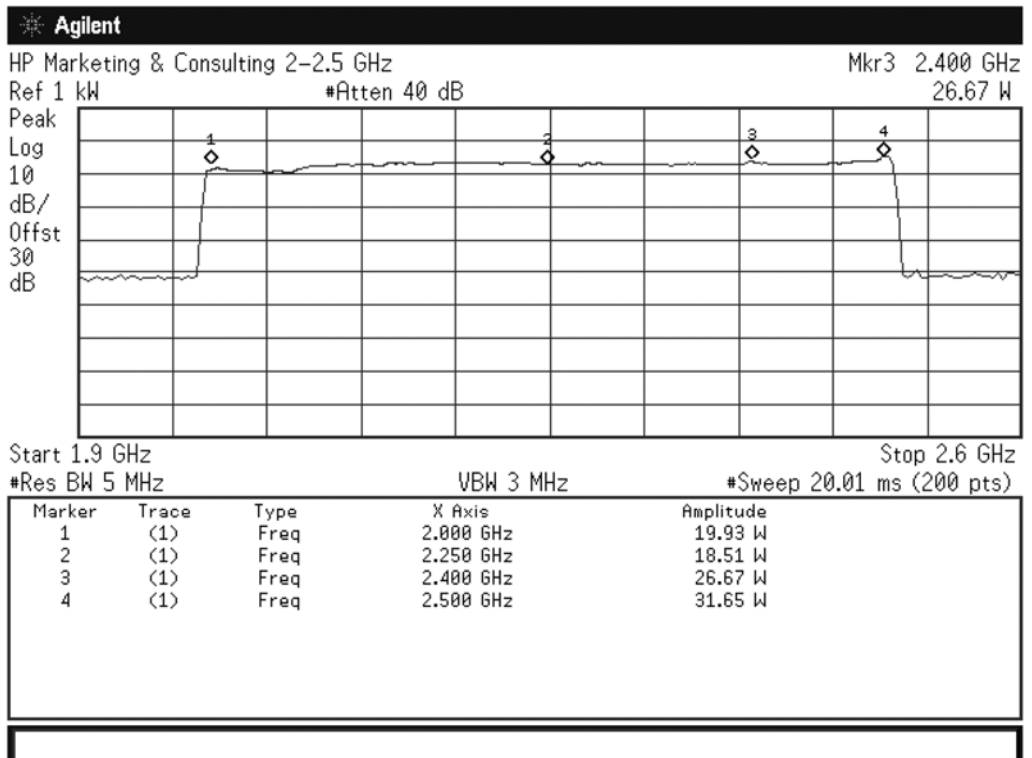
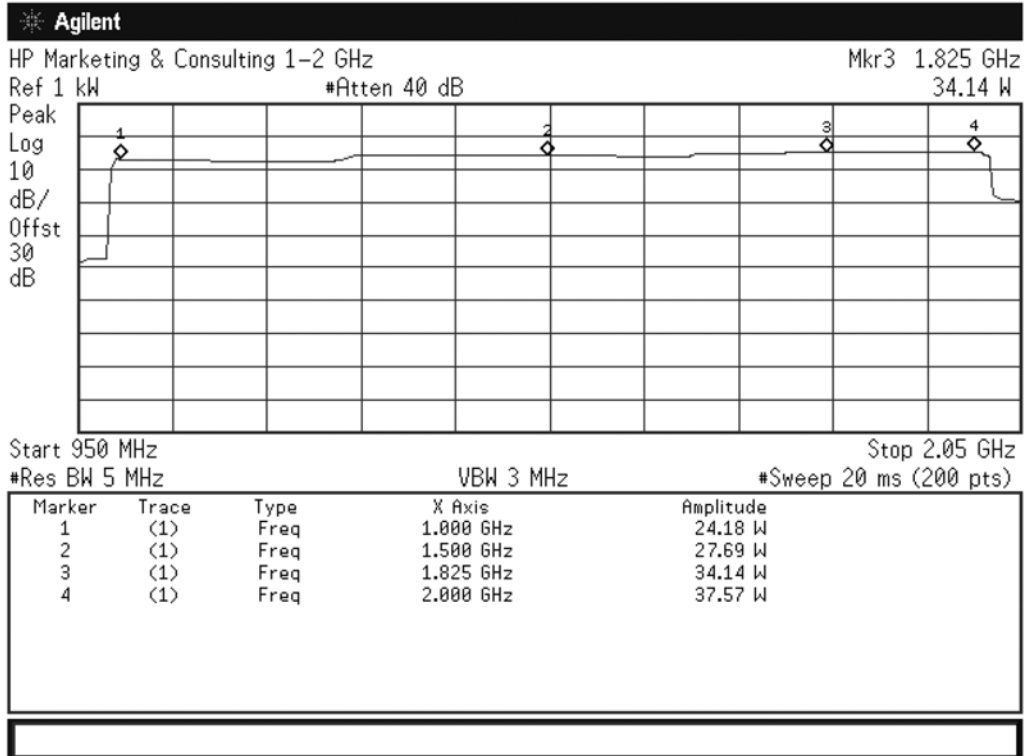
## 7. Electrical Specification

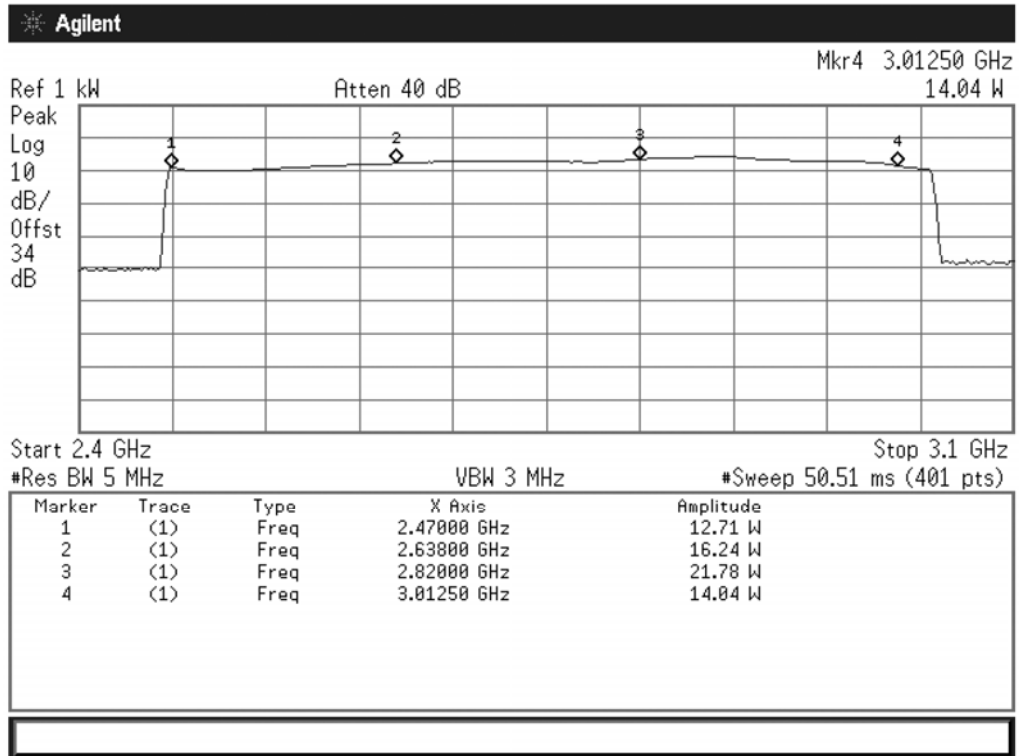
### HP 3260S

Electrical Specifications @ T=25°C, VDD= + 28 VDC; 50 Ohm System			
Parameter	Characteristics	Unit	Range
<b>Frequency Bands*</b>			
Channel 1 ( HF)	20-80	MHz	Min.
Channel 2 (VHF)	80-200	MHz	Min.
Channel 3 (UHF)	200-500	MHz	Min.
Channel 4 (SHF I)	500-1000	MHz	Min.
Channel 5 (SHF II)	1000-2000	MHz	Min.
Channel 6 (SHF III)	2000-2500	MHz	Min.
Channel 7 (SHF IV)	2500-3000	MHz	Min.
<b>Output Power</b>			
Channel 1	150	Watts	+/- 1.5 dB
Channel 2	125	Watts	+/- 1.5 dB
Channel 3	100	Watts	+/- 1.5 dB
Channel 4	40	Watts	+/- 1.5 dB
Channel 5	25	Watts	+/- 1.5 dB
Channel 6	15	Watts	+/- 1.5 dB
Channel 7	10	Watts	+/- 1.5 dB
Power Consumption	470	Watts	+/- 1.5 dB
<b>Modulation</b>			
Typ	sweep		
<b>Power Supply</b>			
Operating Voltage	24	VDC	Nom.
Operating Current	65	A	Nom.
<b>Self-Contained Power Supply</b>			
Voltage	12	VDC	Min.
Current	255	Ah	Min.
Typ	AGM maintenance free		
Number of Batteries	2		
Operating Time (without Car-Generator)	2	h	Min.
<b>Charger</b>			
Typ	built in		
Operating Voltage	160 to 260	VAC	
Operating Current	7	A	Min.
Output Voltage	28,6	VDC	Min.
Output Current	60	A	Min.
Charging Time	3 to 4	h	Min.
<b>Dimensions</b>			
Jammer-Box (3 Channels)	460x520x280	mm	Max
Power-Box	460x520x150	mm	Max
Battery	530x275x220	mm	Max
Base Plate	1000x850x15	mm	Max
Antenna-Box	1500x1000x380	mm	Max











## 8. Specifications of Antennas

### HF Broadband Antenna



#### Application:

- \* 20 - 108 MHz
- \* Designed for operation on all kinds of vehicles including Jeeps, Trucks and other armoured vehicles
- \* Suitable for operation on shelters and to be mounted on masts or in other permanent installations
- \* Different kinds of bases available, with or without spring for flexible or rigid installations
- \* No groundplane needed
- \* No tuning electronics in the base
- \* No tuning required

#### Electrical specifications:

Frequency range	20 - 108 MHz		
VSWR	< 3.5		
Nominal impedance	50 ohm		
Power rating	200 W		
Gain	0 dBd		
Radiation diagram (Pattern)	Azimuth:	Omnidirectional	See over-leaf
	Elevation:		

#### Mechanical specifications:

Design	Centered dipole. Radiating elements completely enclosed in epoxy/fibreglass laminate. Metal parts are brass and stainless steel.
Length, mounted	3.1 m, 3.3m with base 1.
Weight	1.65kg, ex. Base, 3.4kg with base 1.
Wind rating	55 m/s = 125 mph
Finish	Polyurethane lacquer, olive drab.
Temperature range	-55 °C, +71°C; -67 °F, +160 °F

HF Broadband Antenna



**Application:**

- \* 80 - 200 MHz
- \* Designed for operation on all kinds of vehicles including Jeeps, Trucks and other armoured vehicles
- \* Suitable for operation on shelters and to be mounted on masts or in other permanent installations
- \* Different kinds of bases available, with or without spring for flexible or rigid installations
- \* No groundplane needed
- \* No tuning electronics in the base
- \* No tuning required

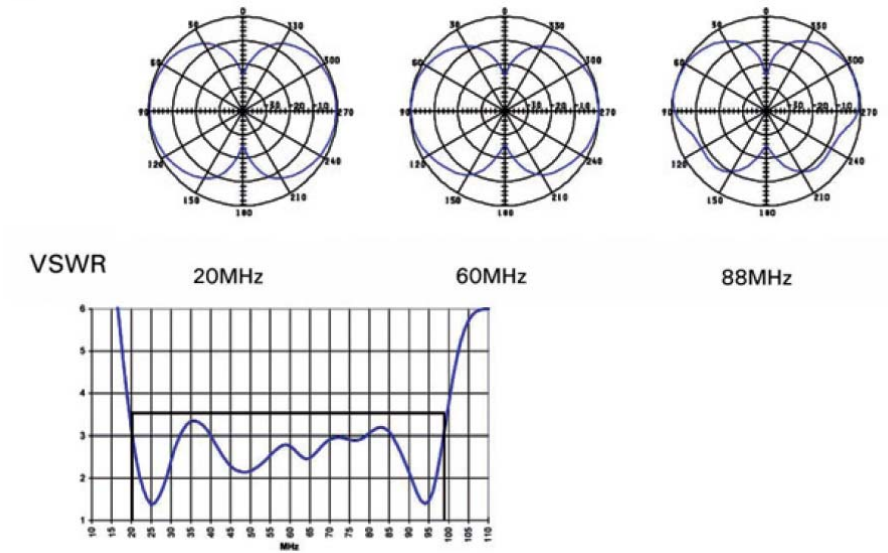
**Electrical specifications:**

Frequency range	80 - 200 MHz		
VSWR	< 3.5		
Nominal impedance	50 ohm		
Power rating	200 W		
Gain	0 dBd		
Radiation diagram (Pattern)	Azimuth:	Omnidirectional	See over-leaf
	Elevation:		

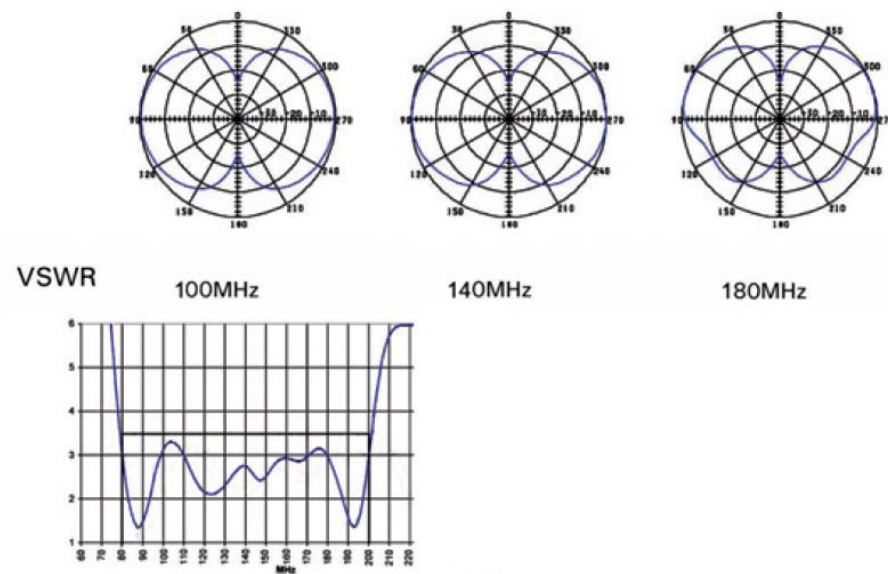
**Mechanical specifications:**

Design	Centerfed dipole. Radiating elements completely enclosed in epoxy/fibreglass laminate. Metal parts are brass and stainless steel.
Length, mounted	3.1 m, 3.3m with base 1.
Weight	1.65kg, ex. Base, 3.4kg with base 1.
Wind rating	55 m/s = 125 mph
Finish	Polyurethane lacquer, olive drab.
Temperature range	-55 °C, +71°C; -67 °F, +160 °F

HF Radiation Diagram

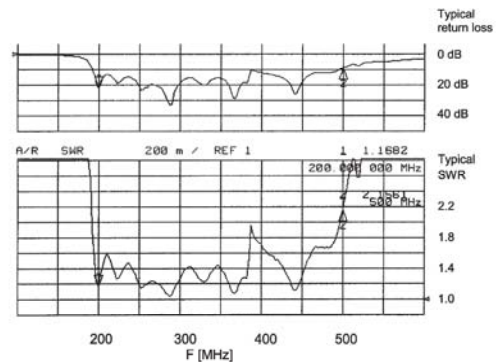


HF Radiation Diagram

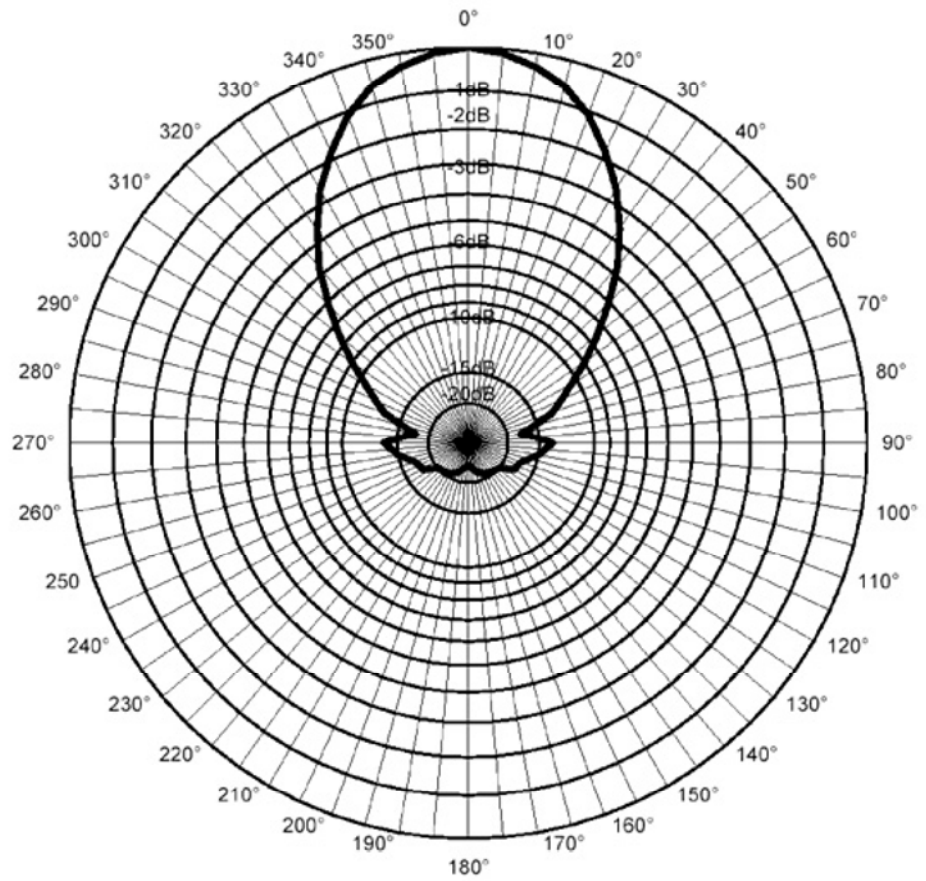


*Element Loc-Periodic Antenna  
200-500 MHz*

<b>TYPE NO.</b>	LP 200-500 MHz				
<b>POLARIZATION</b>	horizontal / vertical				
<b>IMPEDANCE</b>	50 Ω				
<b>GAIN / BEAMWIDTH</b>	<i>MHz</i>	<i>gain</i>		<i>beamwidth</i>	
		<i>dBd</i>	<i>dBi</i>	<i>E plane</i>	<i>H plane</i>
	200	4.5	6.7	69°	131°
	350	5.0	7.2	64°	115°
	500	3.4	5.6	66°	133°
<b>VSWR</b>	≤ 2				
<b>POWER</b>	200 MHz	500 W			
	500 MHz	300 W			
<b>TERMINATION</b>	N female other termination on request				
<b>GROUNDING</b>	all metal parts are DC grounded				
<b>MOUNTING</b>	<i>mast Ø</i>			<i>clamp (see chapt. 10)</i>	
	30 - 80 mm			WG 11 (standard)	
	50 - 104 mm			WG 12 (option)	
<b>MATERIALS</b>	aluminium, stainless steel weather resistant plastics				
<b>WEIGHT</b>	1.8 kg				
<b>WIND AREA</b>	0.09 m <sup>2</sup>				
<b>WIND LOAD</b>	86 N at 130 km/h 114 N at 150 km/h				
<b>DIMENSIONS (LxW)</b>	810 x 760 mm				

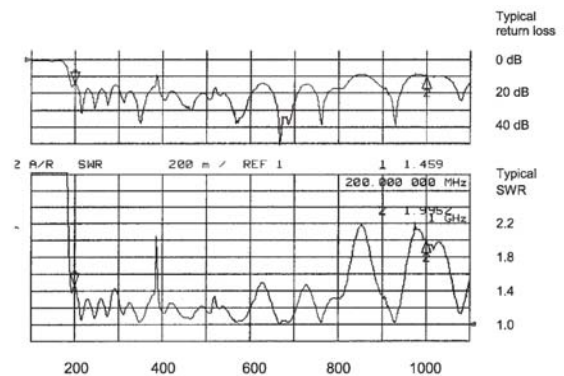


Radiation Diagram at 350 MHz



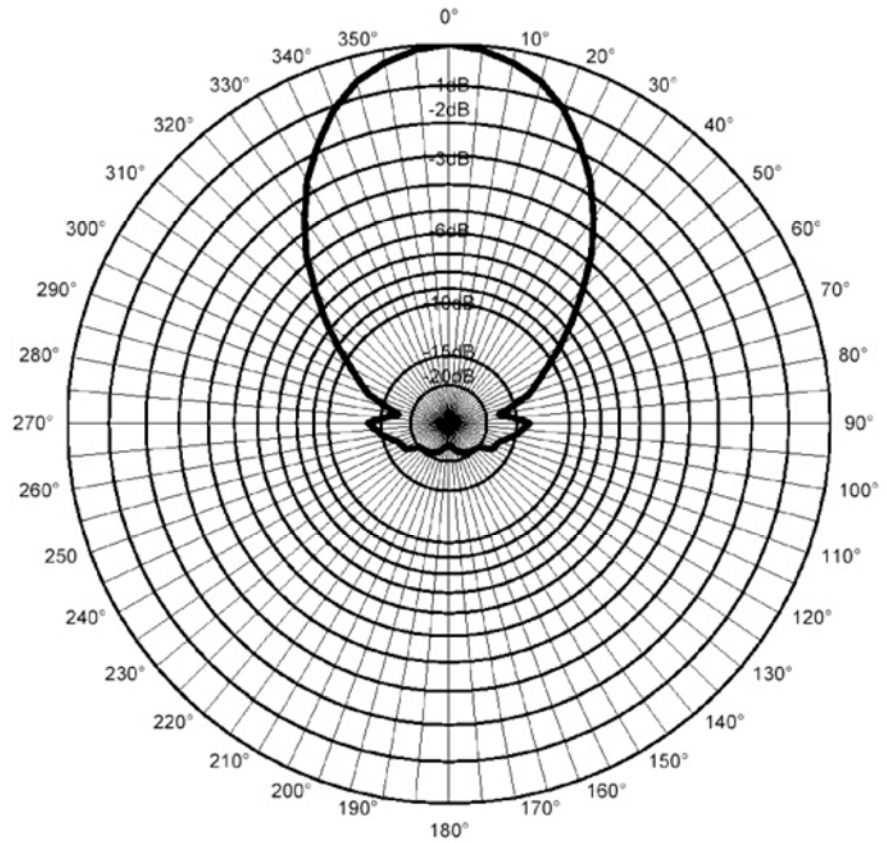
*Element Loc-Periodic Antenna*  
500-1000 MHz

<b>TYPE NO.</b>	LP 500-1000 MHz				
<b>POLARIZATION</b>	horizontal / vertical				
<b>IMPEDANCE</b>	50 Ω				
<b>GAIN / BEAMWIDTH</b>	<i>MHz</i>	<i>gain</i>		<i>beamwidth</i>	
		<i>dBd</i>	<i>dBi</i>	<i>E plane</i>	<i>H plane</i>
	400	5.3	7.3	69°	108°
	600	5.5	7.5	53°	100°
	800	5.4	7.4	50°	104°
<b>VSWR</b>	≤ 2,5				
<b>POWER</b>	500 MHz	500 W			
	900 MHz	300 W			
<b>TERMINATION</b>	N female other termination on request				
<b>GROUNDING</b>	all metal parts are DC grounded				
<b>MOUNTING</b>	<i>mast Ø</i>	<i>clamp (see chapt. 10)</i>			
	30 - 80 mm	WG 11 (standard)			
	50 - 104 mm	WG 12 (option)			
<b>MATERIALS</b>	aluminium, stainless steel weather resistant plastics				
<b>WEIGHT</b>	1.8 kg				
<b>WIND AREA</b>	0.1 m <sup>2</sup>				
<b>WIND LOAD</b>	127 N at 130 km/h 95 N at 150 km/h				
<b>DIMENSIONS (LxW)</b>	960 x 760 mm				





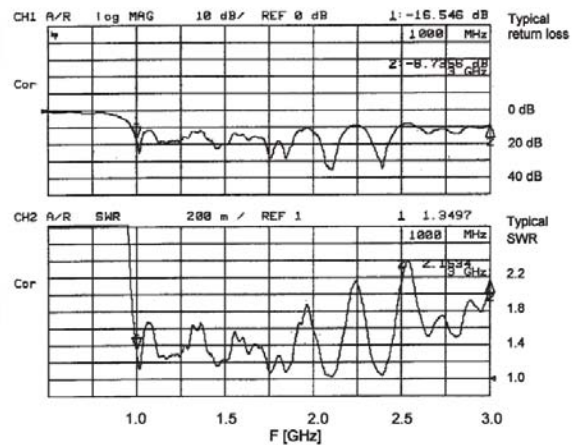
Radiation Diagram at 850 MHz



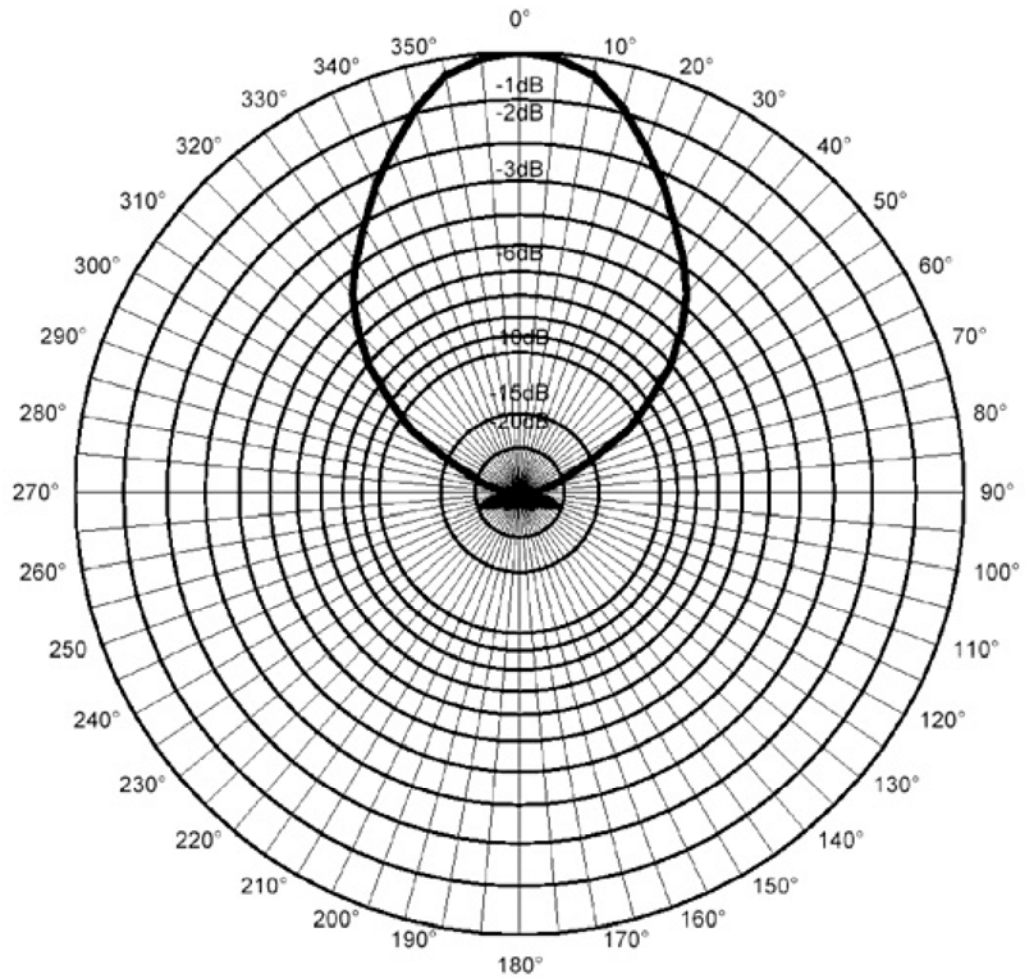


*Element Loc-Periodic Antenna*  
1-3 GHz

<b>TYPE NO</b>	LP 1-3 GHz	
<b>POLARIZATION</b>	horizontal / vertical	
<b>IMPEDANCE</b>	50 Ω	
<b>GAIN</b>	4,2 dBd, 6 dBi	
<b>VSWR</b>	≤ 2.5	
<b>POWER</b>	100 W	
<b>3 dB BEAMWIDTH mid-band</b>	in polarization, E plane: 61° vertical to pol., H plane: 106°	
<b>TERMINATION</b>	N female other termination on request	
<b>GROUNDING</b>	all metal parts are DC grounded	
<b>MOUNTING</b>	<i>mast</i> Ø 30 - 80 mm 50 - 104 mm	<i>clamp (see chapt. 10)</i> WG 11 (standard) WG 12 (option)
<b>MATERIALS</b>	aluminium, stainless steel weather resistant plastics	
<b>WEIGHT</b>	650 g	
<b>WIND AREA</b>	0.008 m <sup>2</sup>	
<b>WIND LOAD</b>	7 N at 130 km/h 10 N at 150 km/h	
<b>DIMENSIONS (LxW)</b>	350 x 160 mm	



Radiation Diagram at 2 GHz



## 9. Batteries

### *Jammer Battery*

#### **AGM Absorbed Glass Mat (AGM) batteries**

Developed for aircraft, AGM batteries surround the lead plates with layers of glass mat, which is little more than damp with electrolyte. The result is that the batteries are particularly tough since the plates are well supported and there's no electrolyte sloshing around. They are relatively new to the UK and European market, but are now the most popular battery type used in the American marine and recreational vehicle market.



The battery is completely sealed and waterproof, and should continue to work even under the most extreme conditions. The battery has a very low self-rate of discharge providing exceptional life during periods of non-activity.

### *Lifeline*

#### *DMS technologies - Engineering with Energy*

##### **General Technical Data**

- Technology Lead Calcium AGM (Absorbed Glass Mat)
- Voltage Range 12V and 6V options
- Capacity Range 33AH to 255AH
- High Rate Discharge Capability Good
- Installation Any orientation
- Cycle Life Approx 950 at 50% depth of discharge
- Temperature Range -40°C to +60°C
- High resistance to shock and vibration
- Charge Regime Constant voltage unlimited current (fast charge)
- Termination Din post/lug terminal
- Shelf Life 2 years from full recharge
- Non-hazardous, non-spillable cargo



### Battery Technology Comparison

<b>Technology</b>	AGM	Gel	Wet Lead Acid	Carbon fibre
<b>Voltage Range</b>	6V & 12V	6V & 12V	12V	12V
<b>Capacity Range</b>	33-255Ah	24-225Ah	60-170Ah	70-270Ah
<b>Installation</b>	Any orientation	up to 180°C	upright only	up to 75°C
<b>Temperature</b>	-40°C to +60°C	-20°C to +50°C	-10°C to +50°C	-40°C to +50°C
<b>Charging</b>	Constant Voltage Unlimited current	Constant Voltage C/3 continuous	Constant Voltage C10 continuous	Constant Voltage C10 continuous
<b>Shelf Life</b>	2 years from full charge	2 years from full recharge	8 months	N/A
<b>Weight</b>	11Kg - 74 Kg	10Kg - 70 Kg	15Kg - 44Kg	18Kg - 62Kg
<b>Cargo</b>	Non-hazardous	Non-hazardous	Hazardous	Hazardous
<b>Cycle Life 50% D.O.D.</b>	950	600	400	1,000
<b>Venting</b>	no special provision required	Venting required	Venting required	Vent tube required
<b>Topping up</b>	No	No	Yes	Yes
<b>Leakage if damaged</b>	No	Some Thixotropic gel leakage	Yes	Yes

### Possible Applications

- Marine Ancillary Equipment and Starting
- Motorhome Ancillary Equipment
- Caravan Ancillary Equipment
- Utilities Transportation
- Remote Power/Solar
- Recreational Vehicle
- Trolling

Note: Laboratory testing has confirmed the amount of carbon present in batteries marketed is minimal, and in fact should be classed as Lead Calcium.

### Typical Power Requirements

Item	Watts	Amps	Hrs/Day	Ah
Autopilot	20	1.67	5	8.33
Echo sounder	4	0.33	7.0	7.0
Instrument Lamp	10	0.83	5	4.17
Log	2	0.17	7	1.17
Nav lights	80	6.67	6	40
VHS transmit	50	4.17	0.2	0.83
VHF receive	5	0.42	5	2.08
Fridge	40	3.33	3.0	10
Bilge Pump	50	4.17	0.1	0.42
Shower pump	50	4.17	0.3	1.25
AM/FM radio	40	3.33	2	6.67
12V TV	40	3.33	2.0	6.67
Reading lamp	15	1.25	3.0	3.75
Extras	60	5	3	15
<b>Total</b>		<b>38.84</b>		<b>102.67</b>

### Battery Care-Safety

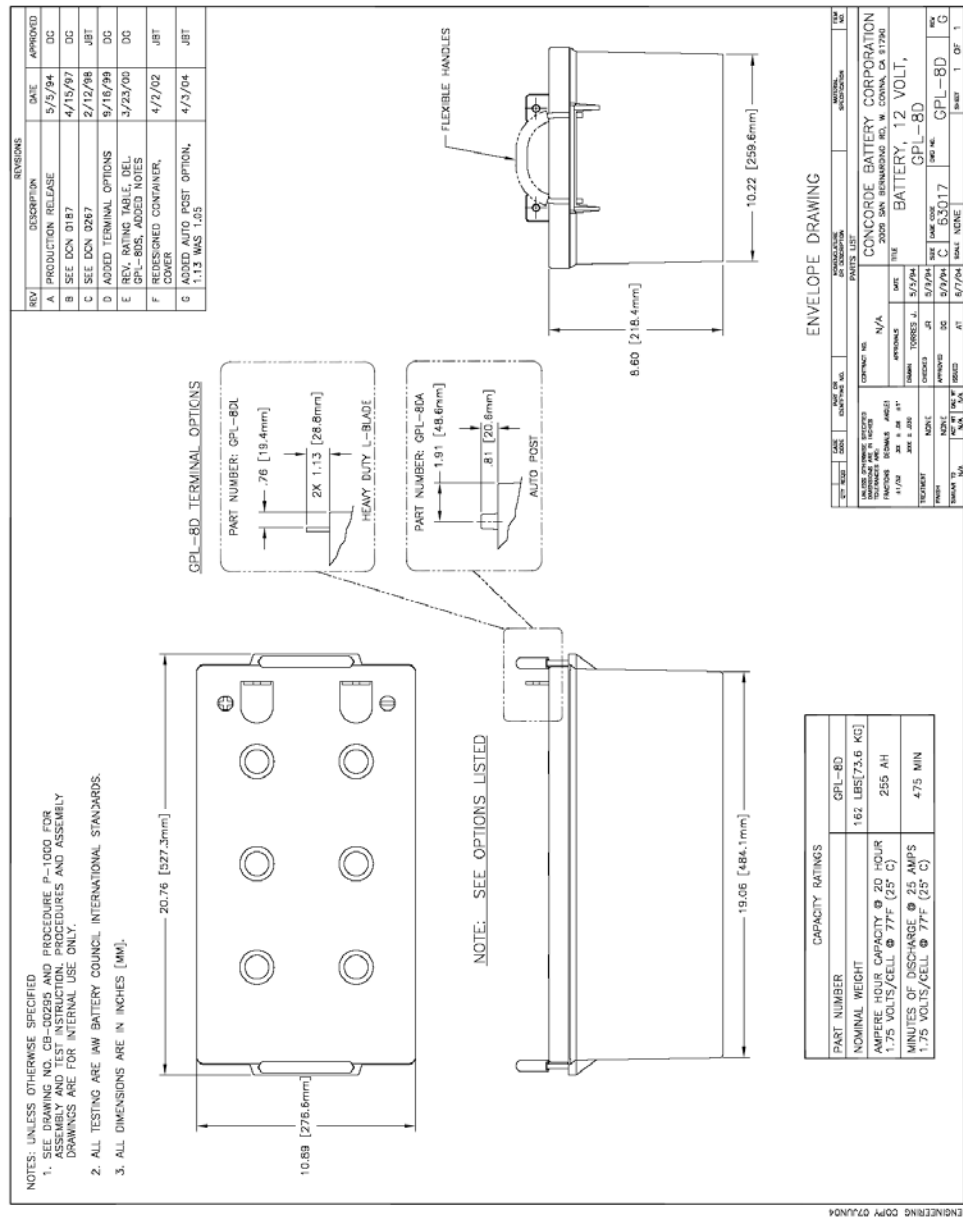
- Large capacity batteries can be heavy, take care when handling all batteries.
- **Do not short circuit the battery**  
Red Flash and Lifeline batteries are designed to give very high starting currents therefore care must be taken not to short circuit the batteries in any way.
- **Do not attempt to open the battery**  
Red Flash and Lifeline batteries are sealed and cannot be opened in any way, this action would allow oxygen into the battery and render it useless.
- Always observe the correct polarity of the battery positive and negative terminals.

### Battery Care – Installation

- Use the recommended torque settings for battery terminals when installing. (RF4NM) (LL 7NM)
- Check that you have sufficient battery capacity prior to the installation or additional electronic/electrical marine appliances/equipment.
- Do not mix AGM, Gel or Wet batteries within the same battery bank.
- Ensure that your battery charger is working correctly prior to installation of batteries and at regular intervals.
- Never lift or lower the battery using the connection lead as this is dangerous and may damage the battery terminals.
- Ensure that the battery tray is clean and clear of any debris.

### Battery Care - Routine Checks

- Check battery casing for damage
- Check battery connections are tight and not corroded.
- Fully charge battery bank to 100% capacity at regular intervals (every 60 days)
- Isolate the battery bank and fully charge prior to lay-up over winter.
- Fully charge battery after winter lay-up prior to first voyage.





If you would like further Information about ELAMAN,  
or would like to discuss a specific requirement or project, please contact us at:

**Elaman GmbH**  
**German Security Solutions**  
**Seitzstr. 23**  
**80538 Munich**  
**Germany**

**Tel: +49-89-24 20 91 80**  
**Fax: +49-89-24 20 91 81**  
**info@elaman.de**  
**www.elaman.de**