

Archer™ Universal RNA Reagent Kit for Illumina® Platform

AK0024-8

Table of Contents

Archer™ Universal RNA Reagent Kit for Illumina® Platform.....	1
Table of Contents.....	1
Product Description.....	2
Modular Assay Format.....	2
Workflow Overview.....	2
Version Additions and Changes.....	3
Kit Contents.....	3
Materials Required But Not Supplied.....	3
General Precautions.....	3
Storage.....	4
Sample Multiplexing.....	4
Barcode Diversity.....	4
Input Nucleic Acid Concentration and Purification.....	4
Before You Begin.....	5
Instructions for Use.....	5
<i>Step 1: Random Priming.....</i>	<i>5</i>
<i>Step 2: First Strand cDNA Synthesis.....</i>	<i>6</i>
<i>Step 3: Second Strand cDNA Synthesis.....</i>	<i>6</i>
<i>Step 4: End Repair/dA-Tailing.....</i>	<i>7</i>
<i>Step 5: Adapter Ligation.....</i>	<i>8</i>
<i>Step 6: First PCR.....</i>	<i>9</i>
<i>Step 7: Second PCR.....</i>	<i>10</i>
<i>Step 8: Quantify Library and Sequence.....</i>	<i>12</i>
For more information please visit http://www.enzymatics.com/archer	14

Product Description

Gene fusions represent an important class of genomic rearrangements in translational research. The Archer™ Universal RNA Reagent Kits and FusionPlex™ assays utilize the power of next-generation sequencing to improve the detection of genomic rearrangements over traditional methods such as immunohistochemistry (IHC) and fluorescence *in situ* hybridization (FISH).

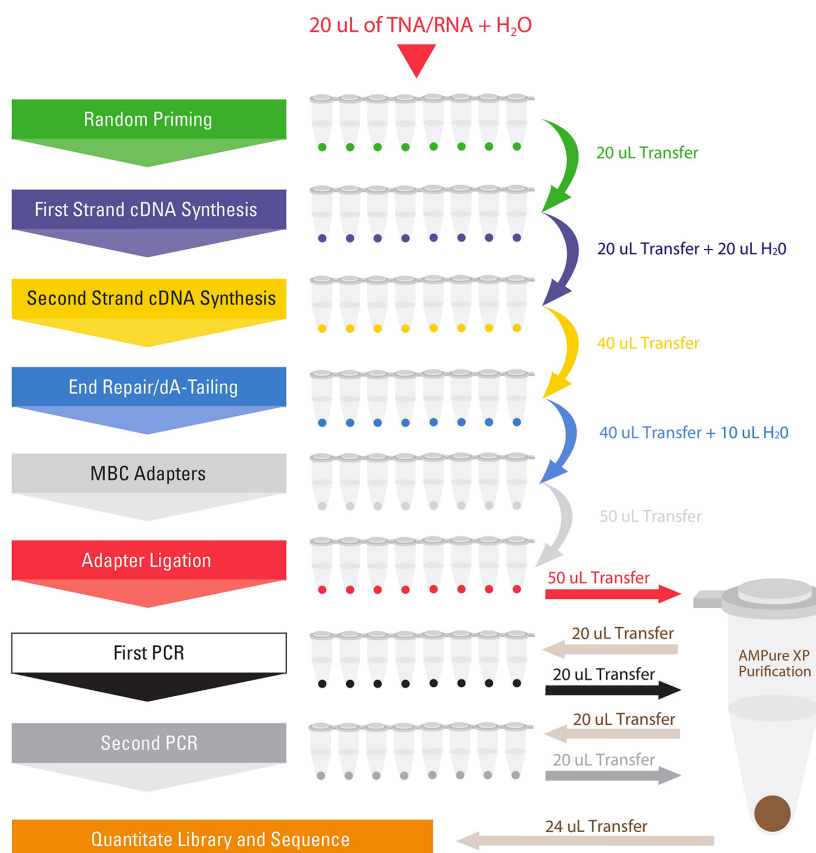
Modular Assay Format

The Archer™ Universal RNA Reagent Kit used in conjunction with Archer™ Assays and MBC Adapters, allows users to construct Illumina® MiSeq®-ready libraries from total nucleic acid or RNA samples.



For Research Use Only. *Not for use in diagnostic procedures.*

Workflow Overview



Version Additions & Changes

- **Added multiplexing recommendations for the Archer™ FusionPlex™ Heme and Sarcoma Panels**
- Instructions included for the preparation of PhiX to achieve a final concentration of 10 pM in 0.2 N NaOH starting from a 10 nM stock solution

Kit Contents

1. 500 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0 (SA0020)
2. Ultra Pure Water (SA0021)
3. Ultra Pure Water for Ethanol Dilution (SA0022)
4. Lyophilized Reagents:
 - a. Step 1: Random Priming (SA0001)
 - b. Step 2: First Strand cDNA Synthesis (SA0002)
 - c. Step 3: Second Strand cDNA Synthesis (SA0003)
 - d. Step 4: End repair/dA-tailing (SA0004)
 - e. Step 5: Adapter Ligation (SA0005)
 - f. Step 6: First PCR (SA0009)
 - g. Step 7: Second PCR (SA0013)

Materials Required But Not Supplied

1. Archer™ MBC Adapters for Illumina®
2. Archer™ FusionPlex™ Assay (Cat# AK0028-8, AK0029-8, AK0032-8)
3. Agencourt® AMPure® XP Beads (Cat# A63881)
4. Life Technologies™ DynaMag™ (Cat# 12331D)
5. 100% ethanol (ACS grade)
6. KAPA Biosystems® Library Quantification Kit - Illumina®/Universal (Cat# KK4824)
7. Custom Primer Panels, designed at <http://assay.enzymatics.com>
8. If nucleic acid is from FFPE tissue, it is recommended to use Agencourt® Formapure® (Cat# A33342) for extraction

General Precautions

- Read the entire protocol before beginning.
- Take note of stopping points where samples can be frozen at -20°C and plan your workflow accordingly.
- Use good laboratory practices to minimize cross-contamination of nucleic acid products.
- Always use PCR tubes, microfuge tubes and pipette tips that are certified sterile, DNase- and RNase-free.
- Before starting, wipe down work area and pipettes with an RNase and DNA cleaning product such as RNase Away™ (Molecular BioProducts, Inc. San Diego, CA).
- For consistent library amplification, ensure the thermal cycler used in this protocol is in good working order and has been calibrated to within the manufacturer's specifications.

Storage

All components of the Archer™ Universal RNA Reagent Kit (Part # AK0024-8) should be stored at 4°C.

Allow pouches to warm to room temperature before opening.

Sample Multiplexing

In order to efficiently utilize the throughput of the MiSeq®, multiple samples should be sequenced simultaneously. Samples can be identified through a unique nucleotide sequence that is part of the adapter attached to the nucleic acid molecule in a given sample during library construction, and which is subsequently read during the sequencing process. The unique nucleotide sequence is often termed an “index”. Archer™ Universal RNA Reagent kits for Illumina® utilize 2 indices in combination to distinguish between samples. The first index is added just before Step 5 (Adapter Ligation) and is embedded in the Archer™ MBC Adapters for Illumina®. The second index is added in Step 7 (Second PCR) and is embedded in MiSeq® Index 1 Primers within the Second PCR reaction.

In order to maintain appropriate coverage depth, it is recommended to cap each MiSeq® run at 30-48 samples per lane. In general larger panels with more targets will require higher sequencing coverage depth and should be run with fewer samples per sample. Below are some recommendations for panels of different sizes:

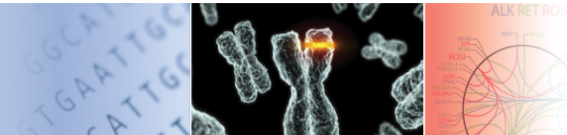
Archer™ Panel	# of Targets/Assay	Recommended # of Samples/Lane
FusionPlex™ ALK, RET, ROS1 Panel v2	29	30-40
FusionPlex™ Heme Panel	132	20-30
FusionPlex™ Sarcoma Panel	134	20-30

Barcode Diversity

The Illumina® MiSeq® will work best when index diversity within a run is high. For example, if eight samples are included in a run, and the user chooses to use only one MBC Adapter paired with eight different MiSeq® Index 1 Primers, the run may fail due to low barcode diversity. In this example it is best to use eight different Archer™ MBC Adapters paired with eight different MiSeq® Index 1 Primers.

Input Nucleic Acid Concentration and Purification

- Total nucleic acid is the preferred input for this assay.
- DO NOT treat the extracted total nucleic acid with DNase, as this will critically reduce the quality of RNA in the sample.
- If nucleic acid is from FFPE tissue, it is recommended to use Agencourt® FormaPure® (A33342) for extraction.
- When possible, it is recommended to increase the total nucleic acid input, which will increase library complexity and improve the sensitivity of the assay. If higher library complexity is desired, the assay can tolerate up to 250 ng of total nucleic acid.



- The minimum recommended input for the assay is 20 ng of total nucleic acid. Alternatively, 10 ng of RNA may be used.
- Efficient library preparation can be achieved with as little as 2 ng of total nucleic acid, provided that the starting material is of high quality and is not degraded. However, reduced input will decrease library complexity due to the restricted amount of starting unique target molecules. When using less than 10 ng of input material the PCR cycling conditions (Steps 6 and 7) may need to be altered.
- The use of EDTA-containing buffers in this protocol may result in lower library yields. Be sure to use buffers that do not contain EDTA (i.e. use Tris-HCl and not Tris-EDTA buffer).

Before You Begin

- **Make fresh 10 mM Tris-HCl.**
 - Mix 20 μ L 500 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0 (SA0020) with 980 μ L Ultra Pure Water (SA0021).
- **Make fresh 70% ethanol.**
 - Add 14 mL 100% ethanol (ACS grade; not included) to entire bottle containing Ultra Pure Water for Ethanol Dilution (SA0022).
 - Note the date on which ethanol is added, 70% ethanol is appropriate for use for one week after mixing. When not in use, tightly close the bottle cap to ensure minimal evaporation.

Instructions for Use

Step 1: Random Priming

- 1.1. Pre-heat thermal cycler to 65°C with a heated lid.
- 1.2. Gently open the **Random Priming** (SA0001) foil pouch by tearing along the indents located at the top of the silver package.
- 1.3. Remove the **green** 8-tube strip. Each tube in the strip provides a single reaction.
- 1.4. Centrifuge briefly to ensure lyophilized material is in the bottom of the tube.
- 1.5. If you would like to use fewer than eight reactions, detach the appropriate number of tubes carefully using clean scissors or a new razor blade. Store the remaining unused tubes in the sealed foil pouch with desiccant provided at 4°C.
- 1.6. Place the tubes on ice and to each add:

Ultra Pure Water (SA0021)	20 – X μ L
Purified Total Nucleic Acid	X μ L
Total	20 μL
- 1.7. After the lyophilized pellet dissolves, gently pipet up and down 6 – 8 times and briefly spin down.
- 1.8. Transfer the tubes from ice to the thermal cycler and incubate at 65°C for 5 minutes.
- 1.9. Remove tubes from thermal cycler and place on ice for 2 minutes, then briefly centrifuge before proceeding with **First Strand cDNA Synthesis**.

Step 2: First Strand cDNA Synthesis

- 2.1. Gently open the **First Strand cDNA Synthesis** (SA0002) foil pouch by tearing along the indents located at the top of the silver package.
- 2.2. Remove the **purple** 8-tube strip. Each tube in the strip provides a single reaction.
- 2.3. Centrifuge briefly to ensure lyophilized material is in the bottom of the tube.
- 2.4. If you would like to use fewer than eight reactions, detach the appropriate number of tubes carefully using clean scissors or a new razor blade. Store the remaining unused tubes in the sealed foil pouch with the desiccant provided at 4°C.
- 2.5. Place the **First Strand cDNA Synthesis** tubes on ice and transfer 20 µL of the Random Priming mixture (**Step 1.9**) to the lyophilized First Strand cDNA Synthesis pellet and mix well by pipetting up and down. Spin briefly to collect contents at the bottom of the tube.
- 2.6. Place the tubes into a thermal cycler with a heated lid set to $\geq 100^{\circ}\text{C}$ and incubate as follows:

Step	Incubation Temperature	Incubation Time
1	25°C	10 min
2	42°C	30 min
3	80°C	20 min
4	4°C	Hold

- 2.7. Remove the PCR tubes from the thermal cycler and place on ice.

Step 3: Second Strand cDNA Synthesis

- 3.1. Gently open the Second Strand cDNA Synthesis (SA0003) foil pouch by tearing along the indents located at the top of the silver package.
- 3.2. Remove the **yellow** 8-tube strip. Each tube in the strip provides a single reaction.
- 3.3. Centrifuge briefly to ensure lyophilized material is in the bottom of the tube.
- 3.4. If you would like to use fewer than eight reactions, detach the appropriate number of tubes carefully using clean scissors or a new razor blade. Store the remaining unused tubes in the sealed foil pouch with the desiccant provided at 4°C.
- 3.5. To the Second Strand cDNA Synthesis tube on ice add:

Ultra Pure Water (SA0021)	20 µL
First Strand cDNA Synthesis reaction (Step 2.7)	20 µL
Total	40 µL

- 3.6. Mix well by pipetting gently up and down 6 – 8 times. Spin briefly to collect contents at the bottom of the tube.

- 3.7. Incubate at 16°C for 1 hour. If a thermal cycler is used for the incubation do not use a heated lid or close the heated lid. Do not allow the temperature to rise above 16°C.

Stopping point: It is OK to stop and store the library at -20°C.

Step 4: End Repair/dA-Tailing

- 4.1. Gently open the End Repair/dA-Tailing (SA0004) foil pouch by tearing along the indents located at the top of the silver package.
- 4.2. Remove the **blue** 8-tube strip. Each tube in the strip provides a single reaction.
- 4.3. Centrifuge briefly to ensure lyophilized material is in the bottom of the tube.
- 4.4. If you would like to use fewer than eight reactions, detach the appropriate number of tubes carefully using clean scissors or a new razor blade. Store the remaining unused tubes in the sealed foil pouch with the desiccant provided at 4°C.
- 4.5. Transfer 40 µL of the Second Strand cDNA Synthesis reaction (Step 3.7) into tube containing lyophilized End Repair/dA-Tailing (SA0004) reagents and mix well by pipetting up and down 6 – 8 times. Spin briefly to collect contents at the bottom of the tube.
- 4.6. Incubate the reaction in a thermal cycler with a heated lid set to $\geq 100^{\circ}\text{C}$ and incubate as follows:

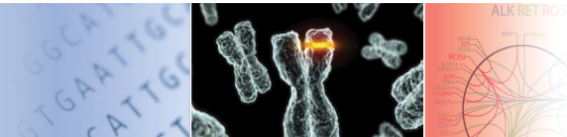
Step	Incubation Temperature	Incubation Time
1	12°C	15 min
2	37°C	15 min
3	72°C	15 min
4	4°C	Hold

- 4.7. Ensure the reaction cools to 4°C and briefly centrifuge End Repair reaction before proceeding.
- 4.8. Gently open a pouch of Archer™ MBC Adapters for Illumina® by tearing along the indents located at the top of the silver package.
- 4.9. Remove the clear 8-tube strip from the foil pouch. Each tube in the strip provides a single reaction and each tube contains a different Illumina® MBC Adapter. (For example, reactions 1 through 8 correspond to MBC Adapters 1 through 8).

4.9.1. CRITICAL: Upon removing the 8-tube strip from the pouch, position the tubes with the hinges to the back and use a permanent marker to label the tubes 1 through 8 from left to right as shown below.

Be sure to label and track the index number added to each sample from this point forward.





- 4.10. Centrifuge briefly to ensure lyophilized material is in the bottom of the tube.
- 4.11. If you would like to use fewer than eight reactions, detach the appropriate number of tubes carefully using clean scissors or a new razor blade. Store the remaining unused tubes in the sealed foil pouch with the desiccant provided at 4°C. Be sure to track which indices were used to ensure index compatibility when used in later experiments.
- 4.12. To the Archer™ MBC Adapters tube for Illumina® tube on ice add:
- | | |
|--|--------------|
| Ultra Pure Water (SA0021) | 10 µL |
| End Repaired/dA-tailed DNA (Step 4.7) | 40 µL |
| Total | 50 µL |
- 4.13. Allow the pellet to dissolve and then pipet up and down 6 – 8 times to mix. Spin briefly to collect contents at the bottom of the tube.
- 4.14. Immediately proceed to Step 5.

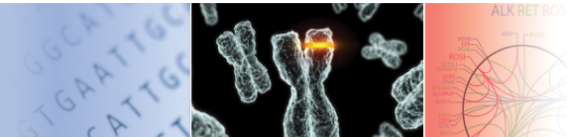
Step 5: Adapter Ligation

- 5.1. Gently open the **Adapter Ligation** (SA0005) foil pouch by tearing along the indents located at the top of the silver package.
- 5.2. Remove the **red** 8-tube strip. Each tube in the strip provides a single reaction.
- 5.3. Centrifuge briefly to ensure lyophilized material is in the bottom of the tube.
- 5.4. If you would like to use fewer than eight reactions, detach the appropriate number of tubes carefully using clean scissors or a new razor blade. Store the remaining unused tubes in the sealed foil pouch with the desiccant provided at 4°C.
- 5.5. Transfer 50 µL of the End Repaired/dA tailed DNA with the annealed Illumina® MBC Adapters (**Step 4.13.**) into the tube containing Adapter Ligation mix. Allow pellet to dissolve and then pipet up and down 6 – 8 times to mix. Spin briefly to collect contents at the bottom of the tube.
- 5.6. Incubate the reaction as follows. If a thermal cycler is used either set the thermal cycler lid to “off” or leave it open during the incubation.

Step	Incubation Temperature	Incubation Time
1	16°C	30 min
2	22°C	30 min

Post-Ligation AMPure® XP Beads Purification

- 5.7. Refer to manufacturer's protocol for details on methods of purification.
- 5.8. Add 40 µL of AMPure® XP beads to the 50 µL reaction for a ratio of 0.8X.
- 5.9. Vortex well or pipette 10 times to mix and incubate for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- 5.10. Collect beads with magnet for 2-4 minutes or until solution is clear.



- 5.11. Carefully pipette off and discard supernatant without disturbing the beads.
- 5.12. Wash twice with 200 μ L of 70% ethanol while on the magnet. Spin down and carefully remove remaining supernatant while taking care to not resuspend beads.
- 5.13. After the second wash dry beads at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 5.14. Elute cDNA in 24 μ L of 10 mM Tris-HCl. Remove tubes from the magnet and thoroughly resuspend the beads with the 10 mM Tris-HCl.
- 5.15. Place cDNA bead solution back on magnet for 2 minutes.
- 5.16. Carefully transfer 22 μ L of the purified library solution to a fresh 200 μ L PCR tube or proceed directly to **Step 6**. Be sure to avoid transferring beads to the fresh tube.

Stopping point: It is OK to stop and store the library at -20°C.

Step 6: First PCR

NOTE:

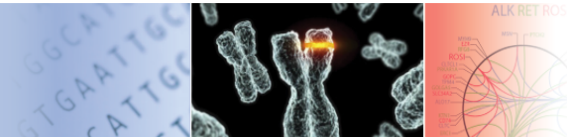
The Archer™ Universal RNA Reagent Kits **do not** contain gene-specific primers (GSPs) in the reaction pellet.

- 6.1. Gently open the **First PCR** (SA0009) foil pouch by tearing along the indents located at the top of the silver package.
- 6.2. Remove the clear 8-tube strip. Each tube in the strip provides a single reaction.
- 6.3. Centrifuge briefly to ensure lyophilized material is in the bottom of the tube.
- 6.4. If you would like to use fewer than eight reactions, detach the appropriate number of tubes carefully using clean scissors or a new razor blade. Store the remaining unused tubes in the sealed foil pouch at 4°C.
- 6.5. To the First PCR tube on ice add:

Purified library DNA (Step 5.16.)	18 μ L
Liquid GSP1 Mix	2 μ L
Total	20 μL

- 6.6. Allow the pellet to dissolve and then pipet up and down 6 – 8 times to mix. Spin briefly to collect contents at the bottom of the tube.
- 6.7. Incubate the reaction as follows. Note the ramp rate between 98°C and 68°C; consult your instrument user's manual to confirm that this setting is correct. Ensure the lid temperature tracks 5°C above the incubation temperature or set the lid to $\geq 100^\circ\text{C}$.

Incubation Temperature	Incubation Time	# of cycles
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98°C	30 sec	1
98°C	10 sec	20*
68°C [ramp rate of 2.3°C/sec]	30 sec	
72°C	3 min	1
4°C	HOLD	1

***NOTE:** If library yields are too low, the cycle number can be increased up to 22 cycles. The number of unique molecules will be reduced when the PCR cycles are increased and can be decreased based on user experience with different amount of input material and specific sample types.

Post-First PCR AMPure® XP Beads Purification

- 6.8. Refer to manufacturer's protocol for details on methods of purification.
- 6.9. Add 16 µL of AMPure®XP beads to the 20 µL reaction for a ratio of 0.8X.
- 6.10. Vortex well or pipette 10 times to mix and incubate for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- 6.11. Collect beads with magnet for 2-4 minutes or until solution is clear.
- 6.12. Carefully pipette off and discard supernatant without disturbing the beads.
- 6.13. Wash twice with 200 µL of 70% ethanol while on the magnet. Spin down and carefully remove remaining supernatant while taking care to not resuspend beads.
- 6.14. After the second wash dry beads at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 6.15. Elute cDNA in 24 µL of 10 mM Tris-HCl. Remove tubes from the magnet and thoroughly resuspend the beads with the 10 mM Tris-HCl.
- 6.16. Place cDNA bead solution back on magnet for 2 minutes.
- 6.17. Carefully transfer 22 µL of the purified library solution to a fresh 200 µL PCR tube or proceed directly to **Step 7**. Be sure to avoid transferring beads to the fresh tube.

Stopping point: It is OK to stop and store the library at -20°C.

Step 7: Second PCR

NOTE:

The Archer™ Universal RNA Reagent Kits for Illumina® Platform **do not** contain gene-specific primers (GSPs) in the reaction pellet.

- 7.1. Gently open the **Second PCR** (SA0013) foil pouch by tearing along the indents located at the top of the silver package.
- 7.2. Remove the clear 8-tube strip from the foil pouch. Each tube in the strip provides a single reaction and each tube contains a different MiSeq® Index 1 Barcode Primer "1" through "8". (Reactions 1 through 8 correspond to MiSeq® Index 1 through 8.)
 - 7.2.1. **CRITICAL:** Upon removing the 8-tube strip from the pouch, position the tubes with the hinges to the back and use a permanent marker to label the tubes 1 through 8 from left to right as shown below. Be sure the label is placed where it will not be compromised when placed in a thermal cycler.



- 7.3. Centrifuge briefly to ensure lyophilized material is in the bottom of the tube.
- 7.4. If you would like to use fewer than eight reactions, detach the appropriate number of tubes carefully using clean scissors or a new razor blade. Store the remaining unused tubes in the sealed foil pouch with the desiccant provided at 4°C.
- 7.5. To the Second PCR tube on ice add:

7.5.1

Purified library DNA (Step 6.17.)	18 µL
Liquid GSP2 Mix	2 µL
Total	20 µL

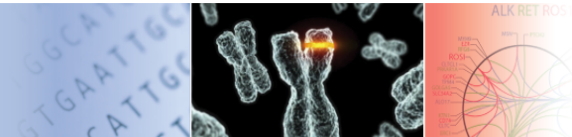
- 7.6. Allow the pellet to dissolve and then pipet up and down 6 – 8 times to mix. Spin briefly to collect contents at the bottom of the tube.
- 7.7. Incubate the reaction as follows. Note the ramp rate between 98°C and 68°C; consult your instrument user's manual to confirm that this setting is correct. Ensure the lid temperature tracks 5°C above the incubation temperature or set the lid to $\geq 100^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Incubation Temperature	Incubation Time	# of cycles
98°C	30 sec	1
98°C	10 sec	24*
68°C [ramp rate of 2.3°C/sec]	30 sec	
72°C	3 min	1
4°C	HOLD	1

***NOTE:** The number of unique molecules will be reduced when the PCR cycles are increased, and can be decreased based on user experience with different amount of input material and specific sample types.

Post-Second PCR AMPure® XP Beads Purification

- 7.8. Refer to manufacturer's protocol for details on methods of purification.
- 7.9. Add 16 µL of AMPure®XP beads to the reaction for a ratio of 0.8X.
- 7.10. Vortex well or pipette 10 times to mix and incubate for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- 7.11. Collect beads with magnet for 2-4 minutes or until solution is clear.
- 7.12. Carefully pipette off and discard supernatant without disturbing the beads.



- 7.13. Wash twice with 200 μ L of 70% ethanol while on the magnet. Spin down and carefully remove remaining supernatant while taking care not to resuspend beads.
- 7.14. After the second wash dry beads at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 7.15. Elute cDNA in 24 μ L of 10 mM Tris-HCl. Remove tubes from the magnet and thoroughly resuspend the beads with the 10 mM Tris-HCl.
- 7.16. Place cDNA bead solution back on magnet for 2 minutes.
- 7.17. Carefully transfer 24 μ L of the purified cDNA solution to a fresh 200 μ L PCR tube or proceed directly to Step 8. Be sure to avoid transferring beads to the fresh tube.

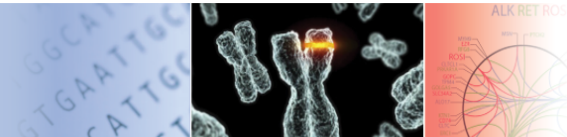
Stopping point: It is OK to stop and store the library at -20°C

Step 8: Quantify Library and Sequence

- 8.1. Use the KAPA Biosystems® qPCR kit (KK4824) for Illumina® to quantitate the concentration of each library. Assume a 250 bp fragment length. After quantification, pool the barcoded libraries at equimolar concentrations and sequence on an Illumina® MiSeq®. It is recommended to cap each MiSeq® run at 48 samples to maintain appropriate coverage depth.
- 8.2. Run the MiSeq® using the read level sequence in the table below. In addition, a reference sample sheet is available for download at: <http://www.enzymatics.com/archer>. The reference sample sheet can be modified with the appropriate index sequence tags and reagent tag and uploaded to the MiSeq® for the run.

Level	Read Length
(R1) Read 1	151
(R2) Index Read 1	8
(R3) Index Read 2	8
(R4) Read 2	151

- 8.3. Load library on Illumina® MiSeq® at 10 pM with 10% PhiX using the MiSeq® v2 300 cycle reagent kit following the loading conditions below.
- 8.4. Dilute and denature PhiX to 10 pM in 0.2 N NaOH starting from the 10 nM stock. If PhiX has already been diluted skip to step 8.5. or 8.6. Additionally, dilution and denaturation of PhiX can be performed concurrently with the 2 or 4 nM pooled library sample.
 - 8.4.1. Mix 2 μ L of 10 nM PhiX stock + 8 μ L of Ultra Pure Water (SA0021) in a 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube to dilute 10nM PhiX stock to 2nM
 - 8.4.2. Mix 10 μ L of the 2 nM PhiX stock + 10 μ L of 0.2 N NaOH in a 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube, vortex briefly
 - 8.4.3. Incubate for 5 minutes at room temperature
 - 8.4.4. Add 980 μ L ice cold Hyb buffer (this comes with the MiSeq® cartridge)
 - 8.4.5. This makes a 20 pM stock, vortex briefly to mix
 - 8.4.6. Mix 500 μ L Hyb Buffer + 500 μ L 20 pM PhiX in a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube



- 8.4.7. This is the final 10 pM working stock of PhiX, store at **-20°C for a maximum of 2 months**
- 8.5. Starting from a 2 nM pool
- 8.5.1. Mix 10 µL 2 nM library pool + 10 µL 0.2 N NaOH in 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube, vortex briefly
 - 8.5.2. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature
 - 8.5.3. Add 980 µL ice cold Hyb buffer (this comes with the MiSeq® cartridge)
 - 8.5.4. This makes a 20 pM stock, vortex briefly to mix
 - 8.5.5. Mix 500 µL Hyb Buffer + 500 µL 20 pM library in new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube and vortex briefly (10 pM Library stock)
 - 8.5.6. Mix 900 µL 10 pM library stock + 100 µL 10 pM denatured PhiX and vortex briefly
 - 8.5.7. This creates the final loading pool of 10 pM +10% PhiX
 - 8.5.8. Add the entire 1000 µL to the MiSeq® cartridge and start the run
- 8.6. Starting from a 4 nM pool
- 8.6.1. Mix 10 µL 4 nM library pool + 10 µL 0.2 N NaOH in 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube, vortex briefly
 - 8.6.2. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature
 - 8.6.3. Add 980 µL ice cold Hyb buffer (this comes with the MiSeq® cartridge)
 - 8.6.4. This makes a 40 pM stock, vortex briefly to mix
 - 8.6.5. Mix 750 µL Hyb Buffer + 250 µL 40 pM library in new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube and vortex briefly (10 pM Library stock)
 - 8.6.6. Mix 900 µL 10 pM library stock + 100 µL 10 pM denatured PhiX and vortex briefly
 - 8.6.7. This creates the final loading pool of 10 pM +10% PhiX
 - 8.6.8. Add the entire 1000 µL to the MiSeq® cartridge and start the run
- 8.7. Upon completion of the run the data should be analyzed using the [Archer™ Analysis Pipeline](http://archer.enzymatics.com)
<http://archer.enzymatics.com>

Limitations of Use

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

This product was developed, manufactured, and sold for in vitro use only. The product is not suitable for administration to humans or animals. SDS sheets relevant to this product are available upon request.

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For more information please visit <http://www.enzymatics.com/archer>



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