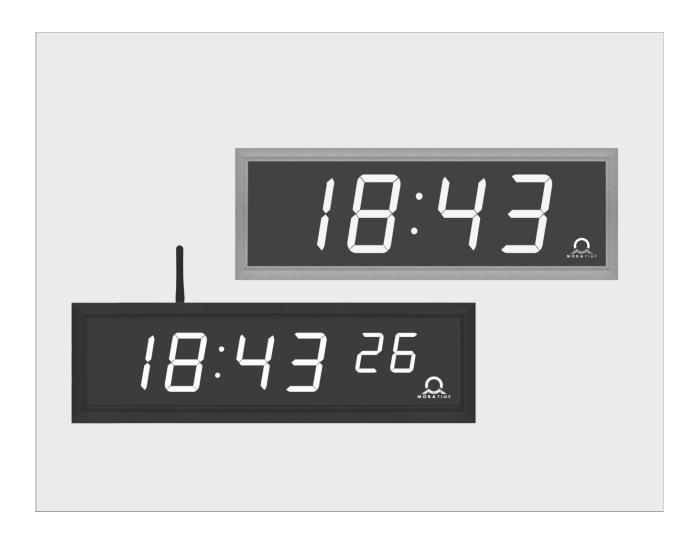


INSTRUCTION MANUAL

State-of-the-art technology digital clock

DC series



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Certification of the Producer

STANDARDS

The digital clock DC has been developed and produced in accordance with the EU Standards 2004 / 108 / EG and 2006 / 95 / EG:

Applied Standards:

mod IEC 60950-1:2005 + IEC-1:2005/Cor.1:2006-08

EN 55022:1998,+A1:2000,+A2:2003,+Cor.2:2003, class B

EN 61000-3-2:2000

EN 61000-3-3:1995, Cor. 1:1997, A1:2001

EN 61000-6-2:2001

EN 50121-4:2000



References to the Instruction Manual

- 1. The information in this Instruction Manual can be changed at any time without notice. The current version is available for download on www.mobatime.com.
- 2. This Instruction Manual has been composed with the utmost care, in order to explain all details in respect of the operation of the product. Should you, nevertheless, have questions or discover errors in this manual, please contact us.
- 3. We do not answer for direct or indirect damages, which could occur, when using this Manual.
- 4. Please read the instructions carefully and only start setting-up the product, after you have correctly understood all the information for the installation and operation.
- 5. The installation must only be carried out by skilled staff.
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Table of contents

1	Des	scription	5
2	Ass	sembly	7
	2.1	Single-sided clock	7
	2.2	Double-sided clock	7
	2.3	Dismantling of the clock rear cover	9
	2.4	Assembly diagram	10
	2.5	Connecting terminal block	10
	2.6	Control PCB	11
	2.7	Function of the plug connectors	12
	2.8	Setting elements	12
	2.9	Connection of the cable ends	13
3	Cor	ntrol of the clock using keyboard or pushbuttons	14
	3.1	Setting of time and date	14
	3.2	Menu for the setting of the clock parameters	15
	3.2	2.1 Submenu for user-specific setting of time constants for data switchover	15
	3.2	2.2 Submenu for setting of the user-specific time zone	15
	3.2	2.3 Submenu for network services configuration	18
	3.2	2.4 Manual setting of the IP address of the clock	18
	3.2	2.5 Manual setting of the subnet mask	18
	3.2	2.6 Manual setting of default gateway IP address	19
	3.2	2.7 Submenu for setting the multicast group address	19
	3.2	2.8 Submenu for the setting of the NTP unicast synchronization	19
4	Cor	ntrol of the clock using IR remote control	21
	4.1	Setting of time and date	
	4.2	Menu for the setting of the clock parameters	22
	4.2	Submenu for user-specific setting of time constants for data switchover	22
	4.2	·	
	4.2	g	
	4.2	3	
	4.2	3	
	4.2	3 3 ,	
	4.2	3	
	4.2	, ,	
5		e clock menu table	
6	Cor	ntrol of the stopwatch via keyboard	
	6.1	The stopwatch menu	
	6.2	Setting of the initial time for counting down	
7		ntrol of the stopwatch using IR remote control	
	7.1	The stopwatch menu	
	7.2	Setting of initial time for counting down	
_	7.3	Switching contact	
8		pwatch menu table	
9		cal time calculation	
	9.1	Basic setting – control according to source of synchronization	
	9.2	Calculation using MOBALine time zones	
	9.3	Calculation using Timezone-server MOBATIME	
	9.4	Calculation using timezone entries preconfigured by MOBA-NMS software	36

9.	5 Calculation according to internal time zone table	36
10	Non-network clock operation	37
10	0.1 Autonomous clock synchronized by DCF 77 receiver	37
10	0.2 Autonomous clock synchronized by GPS receiver	37
10	0.3 Slave clock controlled by synchronizing impulses	37
	10.3.1 Synchronization and time setting – P5 mode 1 and 3	38
	10.3.2 Synchronization only – P5 mode 2 and 4	38
10	0.4 Slave clock controlled by MOBATIME serial code, MOBALine, or IRIG-B	38
10	0.5 Slave clock controlled by IF482 over RS232 or RS485	
10	0.6 Slave clock controlled by supervised RS485	39
10	0.7 Cascaded connection of the DCF/GPS synchronised clock	39
10	0.8 Synchronization in WTD system	
10	0.9 Connecting the slave displays through RS485	
11	NTP and PoE clock operation	
	I.1 Unicast mode	
	11.1.1 Network parameters assignation by DHCP	
	11.1.2 Manual setting through setup menu	
	11.1.3 Manual setting through telnet	
	11.1.4 SNMP	
11	l.2 Multicast mode	
	WiFi clock operation	
	2.1 Parameters of default wireless network	
	2.2 Setting process	
	Testing mode, parameter reset	
	3.1 Synchronisation test	
	3.2 Parameter reset	
	Firmware update	
	I.1 Firmware update using RS232	
	I.2 Firmware update over Ethernet on NTP and PoE versions	
	Time zone table	
	Engineering data	
16		
	G	
	5.2 Voltage range and electric current consumption of the lines	
	Accessories and Maintenance	
17	š	
	7.2 Double side clock	
	Cleaning	
19	DISPOSAL OF USED BATTERIES	50

1 Description

General purpose digital clock, intended for indoor use • The clock meets the requirements of the majority of conventional applications • 7-segment LED display of high luminance provide for excellent readability from various angles of view • Eight combinations of the height and the number of digits • Autonomous operation with internal quartz powered from mains • NTP multicast or unicast synchronization in Ethernet or WiFi network powered over PoE or mains powered • Slave clock operation in wireless WTD system based on a transmitter which sends the time signal • Slave clock operation controlled by self-setting MOBALine code mains powered • Slave clock operation controlled by built-in RS 232, RS 485 or IRIG-B interface, mains powered • LED display in red, pure green, blue, amber or green • Single or double sided clock • Clock frame made of anodized aluminum profiles • Wall mounting for single sided clock • Ceiling suspension or wall bracket mounting for double as well as single sided clock

Basic properties

- digit height of 57, 100 or 180 mm, which corresponds to readability distance of approx. 25, 40 or 65 meters
- color of the digits: red, pure green, blue, yellow or green
- · manual or automatic setting of the LED display light intensity
- anti-reflex front cover acrylic glass which prevents light reflex and improves the digit readability
- single-sided or double-sided design, for wall mounting (for single-sided clock design, only), or to be suspended on ceiling or fixed to a side kick up console
- depth of single-sided clock design only 39 mm (66 mm for the 180 mm versions) or 78 mm (130 mm) for the double-sided design)
- clock frame made of anodized aluminum profiles, in black or silver color. Any other RAL tint or imitation of various materials (wood, marble...) on request
- clock setting carried out remotely or using two push-buttons, the latter installed at the upper part of the frame
- autonomous, quartz controlled time base with the possibility of synchronization using the following: DCF 77 radio signal, 24 V minute impulses, the MOBATIME serial code, MOBALine, RS 232, RS 485, IRIG-B or GPS
- NTP multicast or unicast synchronization in Ethernet or unicast synchronization in WiFi network powered over PoE or mains powered
- configuration / supervision by means of MOBA-NMS software or SNMP protocol
- slave clock operation in wireless WTD system (868MHz) based on a transmitter which broadcasts the time signal
- possibility to set up the world time zones with indication of the time shift (DST) for the particular time zone. Control over the DCF receiver or the master clock

- time display in 12 or 24 hour cycle; four-digit (HH:MM) or six-digit (HH:MM:SS) format. Digits of the same height (HH:MM:SS) on request for DC.100 and DC.180;
- possibility of leading zero suppression when displaying the time and date;
- temperature indication (providing the temperature sensor is connected) in °C or °F.
- alternating indication of time, date and temperature, with adjustable period of each of the displayed data;

Stopwatch

- counting up, starting from zero, up to 99 hours;
- countdown from a set up value, with stop at zero, automatic restart or counting to negative values;
- indication of intermediate times, "freezing" of the display, cumulated interim time;
- counting in steps of one minute, one second or 1/100 second;
- control using the keyboard or IR remote control;
- concurrently, possibility of changeover into the time/date display mode, or the temperature indication.

Accessories

- DCF 77 signal receiver
- temperature sensor with protection degree IP 66
- keyboard for stopwatch control, connected via 5 m cable
- remote IR controller for clock set up and stopwatch control

On request

- internal relay relay can switch for specified duration, when the stopwatch in the countdown mode reach the zero.
- protection degree IP 54

2 Assembly



The connection to the 110/230 V AC power network can only be done by authorized personnel with appropriate qualification and training.



Danger of electric shock when dismounting the cover with warning triangle.

2.1 Single-sided clock

- The frame is fixed using two suspension (at the above) and two sliding springs (at the bottom). Lift-off the anchoring plate using a screwdriver inserted in between the sheet and the frame at the sliding spring point on the clock bottom side (chapter 2.3).
- Disconnect the interconnecting cables by decoupling the terminals on the control PCB.
- Drill three anchoring holes into the wall, of a diameter adequate to accommodate wood-type screws of 4 to 5 mm diameter. As a template for marking the position of the holes the anchoring plate can be used.
- Interlace the incoming conductors through the opening in the anchoring plate and fix the sheet to the wall.
- Connect the incoming conductors in accordance with the descriptive sheet on the terminal board, placed on the anchoring plate (chapter 2.5). Give the conductors an appropriate shape or cut them off to a length that will not obstruct the placement of the clock onto the anchoring plate.
- Mount the connectors to the cable of the temperature sensor, to the keyboard cable, Ethernet or to the RS 232 and RS 485 interface cables, if these have been delivered.
- Push the temperature sensor connector, the keyboard connector, Ethernet connector or the RS 232 and RS 485 jacks into the corresponding terminals on the control PCB (chapter 2.6 and 2.9). Check the marking of the jack-plugs, in order to prevent their mix-up.
- Connect the interconnecting cables into the corresponding terminals on the clock control PCB.
- Put the clock opposite to the anchoring plate and suspend it onto the upper springs. Care should be taken when placing the cables between the frame edge and the anchoring plate, so as not to nip them. Snap the clock in onto the springs by pushing on the lower part of the frame.
- Check whether the anchoring plate on the sides fits exactly into the groove in the clock frame.
- Remove the blind cap from the opening on the clock bottom side.
- Insert Allen key into the opening on the bottom side of the clock. Turn the key softly in anticlockwise direction. The frame catch will snap in.
- Replace the blind cap on the opening.
- To loosen the frame catch, use the reverse procedure (turn clockwise).

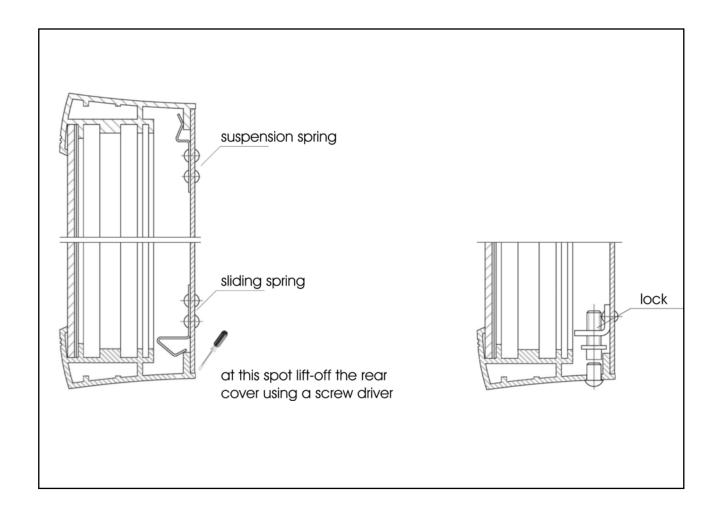
2.2 Double-sided clock

The double-sided clock consists of two parts, one serving as the control module (this one encompasses the jacks to connect powering voltage, synchronization source, the temperature sensor and the keyboard to the clock), and the other serving as the display module (with the terminal for the connection of the interconnecting cable). Both clock parts are interconnected via a 10-core flat cable. The clock suspension part is delivered separately.

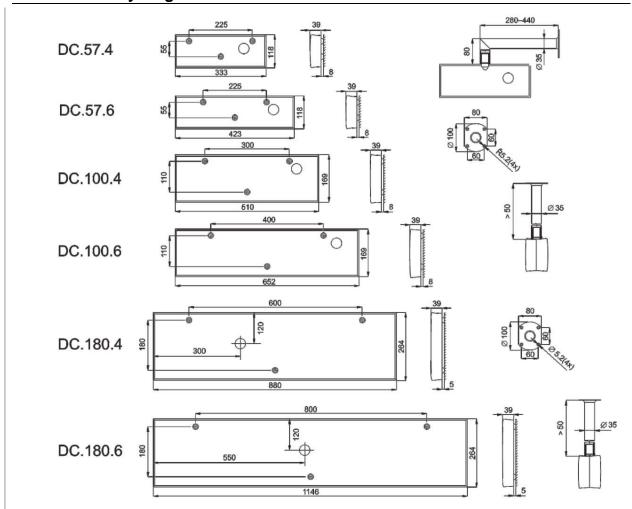
- Interlace the incoming conductors through the pipe which serves as the clock suspension. Secure the ceiling suspension (or the side console) to the ceiling (or the wall), using 4 wood screws of 5 mm diameter.
- The frame is fixed using two suspensions (at the above) and two sliding springs (at the bottom). Lift-off both parts of the clock from the anchoring plate using a screwdriver inserted in between the sheet and the frame at the point where there are the sliding springs on the clock bottom side (chapter 2.3).
- Disconnect the interconnecting cables by decoupling the terminals on the control PCB.
- Interlace the incoming conductors through the pipe insert on the anchoring plate, to the side which finds itself to the opposite of the terminal board. Slip-on the plate onto the suspension in a way that the screws fit into the upper groove on the pipe insert. Fix the connection by tightening the screw using an Allen key.
- Interlace the incoming conductors through the opening located next to the terminal board, and connect the conductors to the terminal board on the anchoring plate, in accordance with the descriptive nameplate (chapter 2.5). Give an appropriate shape to the conductors or cut them off at a length which does not obstruct the mounting of the clock onto the anchoring plate.
- Mount the connectors to the cable of the temperature sensor, to the keyboard cable, Ethernet cable or the RS 232 and RS 485 interface connectors, if these have been delivered.
- Place the display part of the clock to the anchoring plate, at a position which is opposite to the terminal board, and suspend this part onto the upper springs.
 Interlace the 10-core interconnecting cable through the lower opening which finds itself at the closest to the terminal board on the anchoring plate.
- Care should be taken when placing the cables between the frame edge and the anchoring plate, so as not to nip them. Snap the clock onto the springs by pushing on the lower frame part.
- Push the temperature sensor connector, the keyboard connector, Ethernet connector or the RS 232 and RS 485 jacks into the corresponding terminals on the control PCB (chapter 2.6). Check the marking of the jack-plugs, in order to prevent their mix-up.
- Connect the 10-core interconnecting cable and the interconnecting cables into the corresponding plugs on the clock control PCB.
- Put the control part of the clock opposite to the anchoring plate and suspend it onto the upper springs. Care should be taken when placing the cables between the frame edge and the anchoring plate, so as not to nip them. Snap the clock in onto the springs by pushing on the lower part of the frame.
- Check whether the anchoring plate on the sides fits exactly into the grooves established in both parts of the digital clock (these must be pushed against each other in a way to mask the anchorage plate (after placing the parts the plate shall not be seen).
- Remove the blind cap from the opening on the both lower sides of clock.
- Insert Allen key into the opening on the lower side of the clock. Turn the key softly
 in anticlockwise direction. The frame catch will snap in. Secure both parts of the
 clock.
- Replace the blind cap on the opening.
- Loosen the screws on the suspension using Allen key, and lift the clock into the suspension in a way that the screws fit into the lower groove on the pipe insert. Secure the attachment by tightening the screw using the Allen key.
- To loosen the frame catch, use the reverse procedure (turn clockwise).

• Note: during the disassembly first withdraw the clock, and suspend the suspension on the upper groove at the pipe insert.

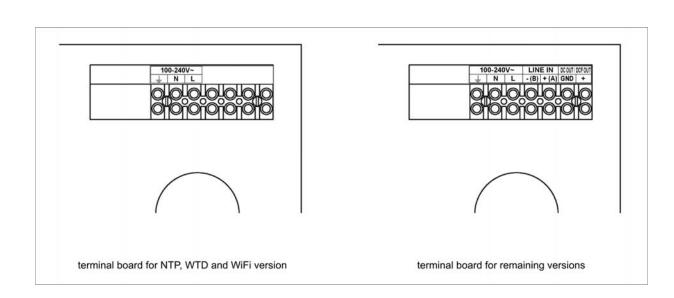
2.3 Dismantling of the clock rear cover

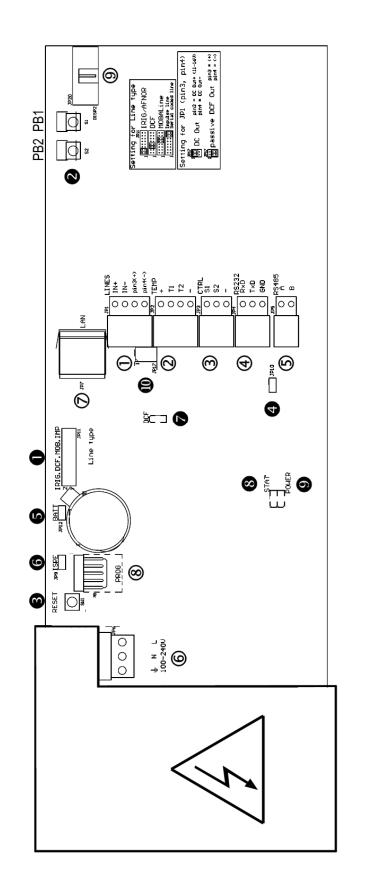


2.4 Assembly diagram



2.5 Connecting terminal block





jumper ISPE - JP9

jumper Line type - JP11

LINES, DC / DCF OUT - JP1

FEMP - JP2 CTRL - JP3

PB1, PB2 buttons

RESET button

LED indication of receiving DCF signal **©**

state LED \odot

9

jumper DC Out / DCF Out - JP17 LED indication of powering

jumper BATT - JP12

umper TRE - JP10 (version SI) Ø @ @ @

> 100 - 240 VAC - JP6 (except PoE) LAN - JP7 (version NTP and PoE) RS 482 - JP5 (version SI)

RS 232 - JP4 (version SI)

PROG - JP8 $\Theta \oplus \Theta \Theta \Theta \Theta \Theta \Theta$

DISP2 - JP20

2.7 Function of the plug connectors

① LINES, DC/DCF OUT - JP1 time signal inputs: The DCF/GPS receiver,

polarized impulse line, MOBALine, MOBATIME

serial code, IRIG-B,

power supply output: DC OUT 11-19 V or passive DCF current loop output connection of the temperature sensor(s)

connection of the keyboard

connection of the RS232 serial line connection of the RS485 serial line powering 100 - 240 VAC voltage RJ45 10BaseT/100TX (IEEE 802.3)

auto negotiation

clock firmware programming connection of the second side switching contact (except DC.57.4)

3 CTRL - JP3 ④ RS232 − JP4 (optional) S RS485 – JP5 (optional) 6 100 - 240VAC - JP6

② LAN - JP7 (optional)

9 **DISP2** – JP20

2 **TEMP** – JP2

RELAY – JP21(optional)

2.8 Setting elements

Line type jumper – JP11

JP11

for the setting of the slave line type

IRIG / AFNOR

DCF

MOBALine

(Un)polarized impulse line MOBATIME serial code

9 PB1. PB2

RESET

● TRE jumper – JP10 (optional)

⑤ BATT jumper – JP12

6 ISPE jumper – JP9

O DCF LED

STATE LED

POWER LED

control pushbuttons the RESET button

RS485 terminating resistor enable

backup battery connection

invoking the firmware programming mode indication of receiving the DCF signal

state indication

power indication

• jumper DC Out / DCF Out – JP17 Output signal setting on pins 3, 4

of the JP1 connector



pin3 = DC Out + (11-19V)DC Out

pin4 = DC Out -

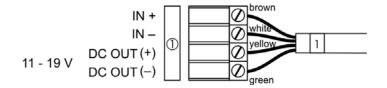


passive DCF Out

pin3 = (+)

pin4 = (-)

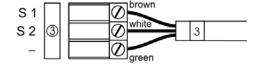
Installation LINES / DC OUT wire connection



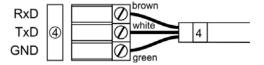
TEMP wire connection – 1 or 2 thermometers



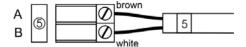
CTRL wire connection



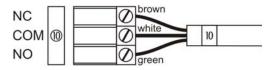
RS-232 wire connection



RS-485 wire connection



RELAY connection



3 Control of the clock using keyboard or pushbuttons

The clock is adjusted and controlled using two pushbuttons located at the upper side of the clock frame. If you use a keyboard for setting the stopwatch, use the pushbuttons **PB1** and **PB2** for the clock setting.

Abbreviations used for the key strokes

PB1L, PB2L pushing the pushbutton for more than 1 second pushing the pushbutton for less than 1 second

Function of the pushbuttons in the "Clock" mode

PB1S time correction to the whole minute (±30 sec)

PB2S changeover of the displayed items

Time -> date -> temperature -> stopwatch -> time

PB1L entry into the time and date setting mode

PB2L entry into the clock menu

3.1 Setting of time and date

The setting of time and calendar date takes place in following steps: year – days – months – hours – minutes. The entry into the time and date setting mode occurs by pushing the **PB1L** pushbutton.

The display shows the following:



The item to be adjusted is now blinking.

Move to another item by pushing the **PB1S** pushbutton. After having adjusted the minutes and by pushing **PB1S**, the entered values are stored (the seconds are set to zero) and the operation of the clock resumes. The clock returns into normal working mode.

Note: When the time zone of displayed time and date (menu item P7) is set to the values U1 – U7 or U, the entered time and date is taken as UTC.

Function of the pushbuttons in the "Time and date setting" mode.

PB1S advancement to another item to be set up increase of the item to be set up by 1 continuous increase of the current item

3.2 Menu for the setting of the clock parameters

The entry into the parameter setup menu is done by pushing the **PB2L** button.

The display shows the following:



The item to be adjusted is now blinking

The options for the parameter setup are shown in the clock menu table (chapter 5).

Function of the pushbuttons in the setup menu mode

PB1S storage of the current item and move to another menu item storage of values and return into normal display mode, or entry

into the submenu, where it is permitted by the program

PB2S increase of the current item by 1

PB2L continuous increase of the current item

3.2.1 Submenu for user-specific setting of time constants for data switchover

In menu item **P2** (time constants for automatic switching over of values), set the value **U**, then enter the submenu by pushing **PB1L**. The item to be set is blinking.

By pushing the **PB2S** button, the adjusted value is increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button, the value will be continuously increased.

The display shows the following:



Enter the time constant for the display of time in seconds. Push the **PB1S** button and enter the constant for date display in seconds.

Push the **PB1S** pushbutton.

The display shows the following:



Enter the time constant for the display of temperature in seconds. Push the **PB1S** pushbutton and enter the constant for stopwatch display in seconds.

By pushing the **PB1L** button are the entered values stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P2**.

3.2.2 Submenu for setting of the user-specific time zone

Choose the value **U** in the item **P7** (time zone displaying) in the clock menu, then enter the submenu for setting the parameters of the user-specific time zone by pushing the **PB1L** pushbutton. The item to be set is blinking.

By pushing the **PB2S** button, the adjusted value is increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button, the value will be continuously increased.

The display shows the following (example: -12 hours):



Enter the offset of the required time zone compared to UTC time within -12 to +12 hours. Decimal point means 0.5 hour.

Switch over to setting the way of setting daylight saving time (DST) by pushing **PB1S**.

The display shows the following:



Possibility:

n - no DST is used

F – DST defined by fixed date

C – DST defined by calculated date

DST defined by fixed date and time

If the value **F** is set in the item **dt**:, enter the submenu for entering fixed date and time by pushing **PB1L**.

The item to be set is blinking. By pushing the **PB2S** button, the adjusted value is increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button, the value will be continuously increased.

Symbols on the display:

Fh change to summer time; entry of the hour at daylight saving begins

bh shift back; entry of the hour at daylight saving ends

The display shows the following:



Enter the hour at which the daylight saving time begins.

Push PB1S.

The display shows the following:



Enter the day of the month. Push **PB1S**. Enter the month in which the daylight saving time begins.

Push PB1S.

The display shows the following:



Adjust the hour at which the daylight saving time ends.

Push PB1S.

The display shows the following:



Enter the day of the month. Push **PB1S**. Enter the month in which the daylight saving time ends.

The daylight saving time has been set to start on April 28th at 2 o'clock and to end on October 10th at 3 o'clock in the example described above.

Save the setting by pushing **PB1L** and return to item **dt:.** Return to the clock menu item **P7** with another push of the **PB1L** button.

DST defined by calculated date

If the value **C** is set in item dt:, enter the submenu for the calculated date by pushing **PB1L**.

The item to be set is blinking. By pushing **PB2S**, the adjusted value is increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button, the value will be continuously increased.

Symbols in the display:

change to summer timesetting the time back

Scope of the setting:

Week

1. - 4.,L (the last one), P (last but one) and H (first after 15^{th} day in the month)

Day of the week

1. – 7. (Mo – Su)

Month

1. – 12.

The display shows the following:



Enter the week in which the daylight saving time begins. Push **PB1S**. Enter the day of the week at which the daylight saving time begins.

Push PB1S.

The display shows the following:



Enter the month in which the daylight saving time begins. Push **PB1S.** Enter the hour at which the daylight saving time begins.

Push PB1S.

The display shows the following:



Enter the week in which the daylight saving time ends. Push **PB1S**. Enter the day of the week at which the daylight saving time ends.

Push PB1S.

The display shows the following:



Enter the month in which the daylight saving time ends. Push **PB1S**. Enter the hour at which the daylight saving time ends.

The daylight saving time has been set to start on the last Sunday in March at 2 o'clock and to end on the last Sunday in October at 3 o'clock in the above described example.

Save the setting by pushing **PB1L** and return to the item **dt**:. Return to the clock menu item **P7 with** another push of the **PB1L** button.

3.2.3 Submenu for network services configuration

Choose the value 2 or 3 in the item P19 (network work mode selection) in the clock menu, then enter the submenu by pushing the PB1L pushbutton for configuring the network services (Multicast support in unicast work mode, SNMP service, Telnet service). The item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following:



Set value 1 for enabling the multicast support in the unicast work mode or value 0 for disabling it by pushing the PB2S

Switch to the next parameter – SNMP communication support by pushing the **PB1S**. The display shows the **Sn: 1**. Set value **1** for enabling the SNMP support or value **0** for disabling it by pushing the **PB2S**.

Switch to the next parameter – Telnet support by pushing the **PB1S**. The display shows the **tn: 1**. Set value **1** for enabling the telnet support or value **0** for disabling it by pushing the **PB2S**.

By pushing **PB1L** save the setting and return to item **P19**.

3.2.4 Manual setting of the IP address of the clock

Choose the item **P20** in the main menu and push the **PB1L** button to enter the submenu for setting the IP address. The item to be set is blinking. By pushing **PB2S**, the adjusted digit value is increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button, the value will be continuously increased.

The display shows the following:



Enter the four octets of the IP address step by step. Switch to next digit or octet respectively by pushing the **PB1S**. Octets are marked by letters **A**, **b**, **C** and **d**.

By pushing the **PB1L** button, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P20.**

3.2.5 Manual setting of the subnet mask

Choose the item **P21** in the main menu and push the **PB1L** button to enter the submenu for setting the subnet mask. The item to be set is blinking.

By pushing **PB2S**, the adjusted value is increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button, the value will be continuously increased.

The display shows the following:



Enter the four octets of the subnet mask step by step. Switch to the next octet by pushing the **PB1S** button. Octets are marked by letters **A**, **b**, **C** and **d**.

By pushing the **PB1L** button, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P21**.

3.2.6 Manual setting of default gateway IP address

Choose item **P22** in the main menu and push the **PB1L** button to enter the submenu for setting the default gateway IP address. The item to be set is blinking.

By pushing **PB2S** the adjusted digit value is increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button the value will be continuously increased.

The display shows the following:



Enter the four octets of the gateway IP address step by step. Switch to the next digit or octet respectively by pushing the **PB1S** button. Octets are marked by letters **A**, **b**, **C** and **d**.

By pushing **PB1L** button, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P22.**

3.2.7 Submenu for setting the multicast group address

Choose the menu item **P23** and then enter the submenu by pushing the **PB1L** pushbutton for setting the multicast group address. The item to be set is blinking. By pushing the **PB2S** button, the adjusted digit value is increased in steps of 1; by pushing the **PB2L** button, a continuous increase of the value takes place.

The display shows the following:



Enter the four octets of the IP address step by step. Switch to the next digit or octet respectively by pushing the **PB1S** button. Octets are marked by the letters **A**, **b**, **C** and **d**.

By pushing the **PB1L** button, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P23**.

3.2.8 Submenu for the setting of the NTP unicast synchronization

Choose the menu item **P24** then enter the submenu by pushing the **PB1L** pushbutton for setting the parameters of the NTP unicast synchronization. The item to be set is blinking.

By pushing the **PB2S** button, the adjusted digit value is increased in steps of 1; by pushing the **PB2L** button, the value will be continuously increased.

The display shows the following:



Set the four octets of the NTP server's IP address step by step. Switch to the next digit or octet respectively by pushing the **PB1S** button. Octets are marked by letters **A**, **b**, **C** and **d**.

After the last octet setting, set the constant \mathbf{x} which determines the interval of synchronization in seconds.

By pushing the **PB1L** button, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P24.**

Note: Through the setup menu is possible to set only one NTP server IP address. If more than one NTP server addresses were previously configured (using telnet or MOBA-NMS tool), after opening the **P24** submenu the IP address of currently active NTP server is displayed. When the IP address was modified and the configuration is saved using the setup menu, the IP address is stored to the definition of the first NTP server, the other NTP server addresses are cleared including those defined by the NTP server domain names.

4 Control of the clock using IR remote control

A 2-digit address is assigned to the clock. With the IR remote control the clock can be locked. The setting of time, date and the clock parameters can only take place at clocks in an unlocked state.

Function of the pushbuttons in normal display mode

pushing **F1** + entry of 2-digit address, unlock the clock with the using numerical pushbuttons corresponding address

holding down **F1** button unlock all clocks within the reach of the IR

beam of the remote control unit

holding down **F2** button lock all clocks within the reach of the IR

beam of the remote control unit

holding down **F3** button display the address of all locked clocks within

the reach of the IR beam of the remote control

Function of the pushbuttons in the "Clock" operation mode

SET entry into the time and date setting mode

The + button button brightness increase (not applicable when

P0 is set to **A**)

The - button brightness decrease (not applicable when

P0 is set to **A**)

CLOCK visualization of time **DATE** visualization of date

TEMP visualization of temperature
TIMER visualization of stopwatch

MENU entry into the menu of setting of clock

parameters

CLR time correction to the whole minute (±30 sec)

4.1 Setting of time and date

The time and date values are adjusted in the following sequence: year – day – month – hours – minutes. By pushing the **SET** button, enter the time and date setting mode.

The display shows the following:



The item to be set is blinking.

After having set up the minutes the value is blinking. By pushing the **OK** button the value is stored (with seconds reset to zero) and the clock operation resumes. The clock returns into normal working mode.

Note: When the time zone of displayed time and date (menu item P7) is set to the values U1 – U7 or U, the entered time and date is taken as UTC.

Function of the pushbuttons in the "Time and date setting" mode

The + pushbutton increase of the value adjusted, in steps of 1
The – pushbutton decrease of the value adjusted, in steps of 1
Holding down the + button Holding down the – button continuous decrease of the value set up

return into normal display mode, without storage of the

data

move to next parameter
move to previous parameter
CLR
entry of zero or minimum value

OK storage of values set up and return into normal working

mode, followed with seconds reset

Pushbuttons **0–9** entry of the corresponding numerical value

4.2 Menu for the setting of the clock parameters

The entry into the menu for the setting of the clock parameters is done by pushing the **MENU** button.

The display shows the following:



The item to be set is blinking.

The options for the parameters to be set up are shown in the menu table on page (chapter 5).

Function of the pushbuttons in the "MENU" mode

>> move to next menu item
<< move to previous menu item
The + button increase of the value adjusted,

in steps of 1

The - button decrease of the current value,

in steps of 1

Holding down the + button
Holding down the - button

ESC

continuous increase of the value set up
continuous decrease of the value set up
return into the normal working mode,

without storing the modified items

OK storing of the modified items and return

into the normal working mode

SET enter the sub-menu, where it is possible Pushbuttons **0–9** entry of the corresponding numerical value

Note: During entering the numbers in the octets of the IP addresses the editing to the next digit moves automatically.

4.2.1 Submenu for user-specific setting of time constants for data switchover

In menu item **P2** (time constants for automatic switching over of values) set value **U**, then enter the submenu by pushing the **SET** button. The item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following:



Enter the constant for time display, in seconds. Push the >> button and enter the time constant for the display of date, in seconds.

Push SET.

The display shows the following:



Enter the time constant for the display of temperature, in seconds. Push the >> button and enter the time constant for the display of stopwatch, in seconds.

By pushing **OK**, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P2**. Return to the item **P2** without storing by pushing **ESC**.

4.2.2 Submenu for setting of the user-specific time zone

Choose the value $\bf U$ in the item $\bf P7$ (time zone displaying) in clock menu, then by pushing the $\bf SET$ enter the submenu for setting the parameters of the user-specific time zone. The item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following (example: -12 hours):



Enter the offset of the required time zone compared to UTC time within -12 to +12 hours. Decimal dot means 0,5 hour.

Switch over to setting the way of setting daylight saving time (DST) by pushing >>.

The display shows the following:



Options:

n - no DST is used

F – DST defined by fixed date

C – DST defined by calculated date

Return to the clock menu item **P7** by pushing the **OK** button.

DST defined by entering fixed date and time

If the value **F** is set in item **dt:**, by pushing **SET** enter the submenu for entering fixed date and time. The item to be set is blinking.

Symbols on the display:

Fh change to summer time; entry of the hour at daylight saving begins

bh shift back; entry of the hour at daylight saving ends

The display shows the following:



Enter the hour at which the daylight saving time begins.

Push >>.

The display shows the following:



Enter the day of the month. Push >>. Enter the month in which the daylight saving time begins.

Push >>.

The display shows the following:



Enter the hour at which the daylight saving time ends.

Push >>.

The display shows the following:



Enter the day of the month. Push >>. Enter the hour at which the daylight saving time ends.

The daylight saving time has been set to start on April 28th at 2 o'clock and end on October 10th at 3 o'clock in the above described example.

Save the setting and return to item **dt:** by pushing **OK**, return to the clock menu item **P7** by another push of the **OK** button.

B. By entering calculated date

If the value **C** is set in item dt:, by pushing **SET** enter the submenu for the calculated date. The item to be set is blinking.

Symbols in the display:

change to summer timesetting the time back

Scope of the setting:

Week

1. -4.,L (the last one), P (last but one) and H (first after 15^{th} day in the month)

Days of the week

1. - 7. (Mo – Su)

Month

1. – 12.

The display shows the following:



Enter the week in which the daylight saving time begins. Push >>. Enter the day of the week in which the daylight saving time begins.

Push >>.

The display shows the following:



Enter the month in which the daylight saving time begins. Push >>. Enter the hour in which the daylight saving time begins.

Push >>.

The display shows the following:



Push >>.

Enter the week in which the daylight saving time ends. Push >>. Enter day of the week in which the daylight saving time ends.

The display shows the following:



Enter the month in which the daylight saving time ends. Push >>. Enter the hour in which the daylight saving time ends

The daylight saving time has been set to start on last Sunday in March at 2 o'clock and end on last Sunday in October at 3 o'clock in the above described example.

By pushing **OK** save the setting and return to item **dt**:. Another push of the **OK** button returns to the clock menu item **P7**.

4.2.3 Submenu for network services configuration

Choose the value 2 or 3 in the item P19 (network work mode selection) in the clock menu, then enter the submenu by pushing the SET for configuring the network services (Multicast support in unicast work mode, SNMP service, Telnet service). The item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following:



Set value **1** for enabling the multicast support in the unicast work mode or value **0** for disabling it.

Switch to the next parameter – SNMP communication support by pushing the >>. The display shows the **Sn: 1**. Set value **1** for enabling the SNMP support or value **0** for disabling it.

Switch to the next parameter – Telnet support by pushing the >>. The display shows the **tn: 1**. Set value **1** for enabling the telnet support or value **0** for disabling it.

By pushing **OK**, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P19**. By pushing **ESC**, the clock returns to **P19** without saving.

4.2.4 Manual setting of the IP address of the clock

Choose the item **P20** in the main menu and push the **SET** button to enter the submenu for setting the IP address. The item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following:



Enter four octets of the IP address step by step. Switch to another octet by pushing the << and >> buttons. Octets are marked by letters **A**, **b**, **C** and **d**. By pushing **OK**, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P20**. By pushing **ESC** the clock returns to **P20** without storing.

4.2.5 Manual setting of the subnet mask

Choose the item **P21** in the main menu and push the **SET** button to enter the submenu for setting the subnet mask. The item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following:



Enter the four octets of the subnet mask step by step. Switch to another octet by pushing the << and >> buttons. Octets are marked by letters **A**, **b**, **C** a **d**.

By pushing **OK**, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P21**. By pushing **ESC**, the clock returns to **P21** without saving.

4.2.6 Manual setting of default gateway IP address

Choose the item **P22** in the main menu and push the **SET** button to enter the submenu for setting the default gateway IP address, the item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following:



Enter the four octets of the gateway IP address step by step. Switch to another octet by pushing the << and >> buttons. Octets are marked by letters **A**, **b**, **C** and **d**.

By pushing **OK**, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P22**. By pushing **ESC**, the clock returns to **P22** without saving.

4.2.7 Submenu for setting the multicast group address

Choose the menu item **P23** and then enter the submenu by pushing the **SET** for setting the multicast group address. The item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following:



Enter the four octets of the IP address step by step. Switch to the next digit or octet respectively by pushing the >> button. Octets are marked by the letters **A**, **b**, **C** and **d**.

By pushing **OK**, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P23**. By pushing **ESC**, the clock returns to **P23** without saving.

4.2.8 Submenu for the setting of the NTP unicast synchronization

Choose the menu item **P24** and then enter the submenu by pushing the **SET** for setting the parameters of the NTP unicast synchronization. The item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following:



Set the four octets of the NTP server's IP address step by step. Switch to the next digit or octet respectively by pushing the >> button. Octets are marked by letters **A**, **b**, **C** and **d**.

After the last octet setting, set the constant \mathbf{x} which determines the interval of synchronization in seconds.

By pushing **OK**, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P24**. By pushing **ESC**, the clock returns to **P24** without saving.

Note: Through the setup menu is possible to set only one NTP server IP address. If more than one NTP server addresses were previously configured (using telnet or MOBA-NMS tool), after opening the **P24** submenu the IP address of currently active NTP server is displayed. When the IP address was modified and the configuration is saved using the setup menu, the IP address is stored to the definition of the first NTP server, the other NTP server addresses are cleared including those defined by the NTP server domain names.

5 The clock menu table

Program item	Function	Scope of the values (default values are printed in bold)
P0	Display brightness	1-30, A (automatic adjustment, without the possibility of changing in normal display mode) The maximum brightness setting in manual mode can reduce the life cycle of the LED displays in the long run. We recommend leaving the brightness control to "auto" mode (default value).
P1	Time display format	
P2	Time constants for automatic data switching over	 1-6, U, 0 1 continuous display of time 2 continuous display of date 3 continuous display of temperature 4 continuous display of stop watch 5 display sequence: time 6 sec, date 3 sec. 6 display sequence: time 8 sec, date 3 sec, temp. 3 sec. U* time constants set up by user, in seconds for each specific displayed data 0 automatic switching over disabled
P3	Time zone of synchronization source	0 - 64, A (automatically)
P4	Type of synchronization source (check Line type jumper JP11 setting, see the chapters 2.8 and 10 for more information)	 1 - 10, A (automatically) A auto detection, applicable for: DCF, the Mobatime serial code, MOBALine, WDT, IRIG-B or NTP 1 autonomous operation without synchronization 2 synchronization by DCF signal 3 the MOBATIME serial code 4 MOBALine 5 24 V DC impulses, at minute intervals 6 24 V DC impulses at half minute intervals 7 24 V DC impulses at second intervals 8 DCF-FSK, IRIG-B Standard, IRIG-B 123, IRIG-B DIEM, AFNOR A, AFNOR C 9 RS232 10 RS485
P5	Impulse line processing mode	1-4 1 polarized impulses, synchronization and time adjustment 2 polarized impulses; time synchronization only 3 non-polarized impulses, synchronization and time adjustment 4 non-polarized impulses; time synchronization only
P6	Time zone for MOBALine or time zone server MOBATIME	1-20, 0 (off) – for MOBALine synchronization or 1-15, 0 (off) – for NTP synchronization
P7	Time zone of displayed time and date	0 - 64, A (automatically), U* (user time zone) U1-U7 (preconfigured time zone entry by MOBA-NMS)

Program	Function	Scor	e of the values		
item		(defa	ult values are printed in	bold)	
P8	Clock address for IR remote control and the serial protocols	0 -15	L (listen only) at SI vers - at WTD version		
P9	IR controller autolock	Time		FF) c lock" since the last depression of	
D40	Time of a was at display.		n on the IR unit		
P10	Time format display	1 -2	time with leading zero		
		2	time with leading zero time without leading zer	70	
P11	Date format display	1-2	time without leading zer	<u> </u>	
		1	date with leading zero		
		2	date without leading zer	O	
P12	Temperature format display	°F			
P13	Protocol for RS232	1 - IF	482		
	and RS485		upervised RS485		
	communication		C master		
			C slave		
			P RS485 master		
			P RS485 listener C2 slave		
			741x master		
			741x master 741x listener		
			ITRON 2000		
P14	Modulation speed	1-7			
	for RS232 and	1	1 200 Baud		
	RS485	2	2 400 Baud		
		3	4 800 Baud		
		4	9 600 Baud 19 200 Baud		
		6 38 400 Baud			
		7	57 600 Baud		
P 15	Transmission	Numl	per of data bits	8	
	parameters for			7	
P 16	RS232 and RS485	Numl	per of stop bits	1	
				2	
P 17		Parity	/	n no parity	
				o odd E even	
P 18	Special operation	0	normal mode	L 6/6/1	
	mode	1	special mode 1		
		2	special mode 2		
P19	Network operation	NTP and PoE: multicast (without IP address) WiFi: initial network MOBA – WIFI, IP address assigned by DHCP			
	mode	2*	NTP and PoE: unicast – network pa WiFi: wireless network defined by u	aram. defined manually	
		3*	NTP and PoE: unicast – network pa	aram. defined by DHCP	
P20	IP address	WiFi: wireless network defined by user, IP address assigned by DHCP IP*			
P21	Subnet mask	Su* edit network parameters in manual setting mode or			
P22	Gateway	Gt*	—— dignial/ narameters assigned by Lihit D		
P23	Multicast addr.	Mc* setting of multicast group address			
P24	Unicast NTP addr	Uc*	setting of NTP unicast s	server address	
SW version		ĺ	e.g.: r2.68)		

^{*} possibility to enter the submenu (Items P19 to P24 available in NTP, PoE and WiFi variants only)

6 Control of the stopwatch via keyboard

The operation of the stopwatch is controlled and the device is adjusted using three pushbuttons on the connected keyboard. The keyboard cable must be connected to the CTRL plug connector.

Abbreviations used for the key strokes

PB1L, **PB2L** pushing of the pushbutton for a period of

more than 1 second

PB1S, **PB2S**, **PB3S** short-time pushing of the pushbutton

Function of the pushbuttons in the "Stopwatch" mode

PB2S indication switch over:

time - date - temperature - stopwatch - time

PB2L stopwatch menu

PB3S, PB1S, PB1L according to the stopwatch mode setup

6.1 The stopwatch menu

The stopwatch menu is entered by long pushing of the **PB2** pushbutton (stopwatch must be displayed). The parameter adjustment is to be performed according to the menu table (chapter 8).

Function of the pushbuttons in the "Stopwatch Menu" mode

PB1S move to another menu item

PB1L storage of the parameters; return to the stopwatch display mode when

counting up from zero; or entry into the initial time setting mode when

counting down

PB2S increase of the current value, in steps of 1
PB2L continuous increase of current value

6.2 Setting of the initial time for counting down

When counting down is selected, the initial time setting mode is entered from the stopwatch MENU or directly from the "Stopwatch" display mode by pushing the **PB1L** button. The item to be set is blinking.

By pushing the **PB2S** button is the adjusted value increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button will be the value continuously increased. By pushing **PB1S** move to the next item. By pushing the **PB1L** save the setting and return to "Stopwatch" display mode.

Enter the data in the following order depending on the item **S2** setting (counting unit):

Counting unit	Data order
1/100 second	<minute>:<second>.<hundredths of<="" td=""></hundredths></second></minute>
	second>
1 second	<hours>:<minutes>:<seconds>.</seconds></minutes></hours>
1 minute	<hours>:<minutes></minutes></hours>
1 day	<days></days>

By pushing the **PB1L** button, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the "Stopwatch" display mode.

7 Control of the stopwatch using IR remote control

A 2-digit address is assigned to the stopwatch. With the IR remote control, the stopwatch can be locked. Controlling and the stopwatch parameter adjustment are only allowed in unlocked state.

Function of the pushbuttons in the "Stopwatch" mode

pushing the **F1** button + entry unlocking of a clock with the corresponding

of 2-digit address using numerical address

pushbuttons

holding down the F1 button unlocking of all clocks within the reach of the IR

beam of the remote control

holding down the **F2** button locking of all clocks within the reach of the IR

beam of the remote control

holding down the **F3** button display of the addresses of all locked clocks

within the reach of the IR beam of the remote

control

CLOCK visualization of time **DATE** visualization of date

TEMP visualization of temperature **TIMER** visualization of the stopwatch

MENUentry into stopwatch parameter setup menuSETentry into setting initial time of counting downS/S, HOLD, RESfunction depends on the stopwatch operation

mode set

7.1 The stopwatch menu

The stopwatch menu is entered by pushing **MENU** button (stopwatch must be displayed). The parameter adjustment is shown in the stopwatch menu table (chapter 8).

Function of the pushbuttons in the "Stopwatch Menu" operation mode

>> storing the current value and transition

to another menu item

<< storing the current value and transition to

previous menu item

The + button increase of the adjusted value in steps of 1
The - button decrease of the adjusted value in steps of 1
Holding down the + button continuous increase of the item set up
to the difference of the adjusted value in steps of 1
continuous increase of the item set up

ESC return into normal display mode,

OK storage of the parameters; return into the stopwatch

display mode when counting up from zero; or entry into

the initial time setting mode when counting down

7.2 Setting of initial time for counting down

When counting down is selected, the initial time setting mode is entered from the stopwatch MENU or directly from the "Stopwatch" display mode by pushing the **PB1L** button. The item to be set is blinking.

Enter data in following order depending on the item **\$2** setting (counting unit):

Counting unit	Data order
1/100 second	<minutes>:<seconds>.< Hundredths</seconds></minutes>
	of second >
1 second	<hours>:<minutes>:<seconds>.</seconds></minutes></hours>
1 minute	<hours>:<minutes></minutes></hours>
1 day	<days></days>

By pushing the **OK** button, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the "Stopwatch" display mode. By pushing **ESC**, the clock returns without storing.

7.3 Switching contact

When counting down mode is applied the switching contact can be used (only for certain types of clocks), which switches at zero-crossing. It is possible to control an external device such as sound devices. There is normally open contact (NO), normally closed contact (NC) and common contact (COM) on the relay port (JP21) available.

8 Stopwatch menu table

Program	Function			Scope of the values		
option	- unotion		(default values are printed in bold)			
S0	Counting		1 - 4			
	direction	1	upwards			
		2	downwards zero	from a time value set in advance, with stop at		
		3	downwards	from a time value set in advance until zero, atic restart from the specified time value		
		4	downwards	from a set time value, until zero, and keeping		
S1	Control of		the count in	to minus value 1 – 4		
31	intermediate time periods (correspondin		S/S (PB3S)	Alternating START - STOP -"UNFREEZE" of DISPLAY (if it was frozen)		
	g keyboard keys are	1	HOLD (PB1S)	"Freezing" of displaying data with the counter proceeding in the counting		
	listed in brackets)	ted in	RES (PB1L)	Setting the counter to zero in STOP operation mode, for counting up, and return to a present value in all other counting mode		
		2	S/S (TL3S)	Alternating START - STOP -,,UNFREEZE" of DISPLAY (if it was frozen)		
			HOLD (PB1S)	The first depression of this button causes the display to freeze on the respective time achieved and lets the counter running. Further activation of the button shows the intermediate time elapsed from the first depression of the button.		
			RES (PB1L)	Reset of the counter in the STOP mode while in counting up. Return to a preset value in other counting modes.		
		3	S/S (PB3S)	count up from zero, or from a present value in countdown mode. Next activation of the button causes the display to freeze and to resume the count from zero in counting up, or from a preset value in countdown mode.		
			HOLD (PB1S)	Unfreezing of the display, leaving the counter to continue in counting		
			RES (PB1L)	Counter reset (to zero), or return to a preset time followed with counter stop		
		4	S/S (PB3S)	Triggering the counter		
			HOLD (PB1S)	Stopping the counter		
			RES (PB1L)	Resetting the counter or return to a preset time, with counter stop		

S2	Counting unit	1 - 4		
		1	Counting in increments of 1/100 sec. (with 4-digit display the counting goes on until 59.99 sec., and then continues with displaying of minutes: seconds), up to 59 minutes and 59.99 seconds, at maximum.	
		2	Counting in increments of 1 second (with 4-digit display the counting goes on until 59 minutes and 59 seconds; and follows with displaying of hours: minutes) until 23 hours, 59 minutes and 59 seconds, at maximum.	
		3	Counting in 1 minute steps, until 23 hours 59 minutes	
		4	Counting in periods after one day. A subtraction or an addition always takes place around midnight. Capacity of counting up to 9999 days. When counting is stopped, the dot is displayed after the last digit.	
S3	Contact		1 – 30, 0 (function disabled)	
	closing		Time period of contact closing for stopwatches passing through zero, while operating in countdown mode, starting from a preset time moment.	

9 Local time calculation

9.1 Basic setting – control according to source of synchronization

P3	Α	Time zone is taken over according to the source
		of synchronization
P4	2 – 10,	Synchronization signal type
	Α	,
P6	0	Neither MOBALine time zone nor time zone
		server are used
P7	Α	Display time and date according to source of
		synchronization incl. daylight saving time

This setting is suitable for digital clocks synchronized by a DCF receiver or controlled by a master clock as slave clock in a time distribution system. The internal time zone table isn't used.

9.2 Calculation using MOBALine time zones

P3	Α	Time zone is taken over according to the source of
		synchronization. The UTC time calculation is based
		on the MOBALine information.
P4	4	MOBALine
P6	1 - 20	Selection of the MOBALine time zone
P7	Α	Display time and date according to chosen
		MOBALine time zone, incl. daylight saving time

This setting is suitable for digital clocks controlled by a master clock as a MOBALine slave clock in a time distribution system with possibility to display different MOBALine time zones.

9.3 Calculation using time zone server MOBATIME

P3	Α	NTP protocol uses UTC time zone			
P4	Α	automatic			
P6	1 - 15	Selection of the time zone server time zone			
P7	Α	Display time and date according to chosen time			
		zone server time zone, incl. daylight saving time			

This setting is suitable for NTP and PoE digital clocks controlled by MOBATIME NTP servers which support the time zone server functionality.

9.4 Calculation using time zone entries preconfigured by MOBA-NMS software

P3	Α	NTP protocol uses UTC time zone
P4	Α	automatic
P6	0	No time zone server is used
P7	U1-U7	Display time and date according to chosen preconfigured time
		zone entry, incl. daylight saving time

This setting is suitable for NTP and PoE digital clocks, where several user defined time zone entries should be used. The time zone entries are preconfigured by means of the MOBA-NMS software.

9.5 Calculation according to internal time zone table

P3	0 – 64	According to the time zone in which source of synchronization works (e.g. value 2 for DCF in west Europe)
P4	1 – 10,	Autonomous operation or any type of the
	Α	synchronizing signal
P6	0	Neither MOBALine time zone nor time zone-
		server are used
P7	0 – 64,	Display time and date by calculation from the
	U	UTC time according to chosen time zone, incl.
		daylight saving time

This setting is suitable for autonomous digital clocks or in cases where the displayed time is needed in another time zone than provided by the synchronization source. Displayed time and date calculation is based on the internal time zone table or on the user–specific time zone parameters. See the chapter 15 with actual Time zone definition table.

10 Non-network clock operation

Configure the jumper JP11 according to table (chapter 2.8) if the source of synchronization is a DCF signal, Mobatime serial code, polarized impulse line, MOBALine or IRIG-B. Choose the item **P4** in main MENU (chapter 5) and set the type of synchronization. The auto detection mode (P4:A), when the type of synchronization signal is set automatically, is applicable for DCF signal, Mobatime serial code, MOBALine, IRIG-B, WTD. The permanently lit colon during the time display signalizes the clock is synchronized by the synchronization source.

10.1 Autonomous clock synchronized by DCF 77 receiver

- Set value A in items P3, P4 and P7 in the main MENU (chapter 5).
- Connect the DCF 77 receiver to the clock terminal board placed on the anchoring plate (LINE IN terminals) using a twin-wire cable.
- The maximum wire length depends on its diameter (app.100 300 m).
- In case the connection is correct and the input signal is at high level, the LED on the receiver is flashing periodically once a second, with 1 pulse left out at the 59th second
- If the polarity is incorrect, the LED does not flash. In such a case, interchange the two wires.
- Install the receiver at a place with a high-level radio signal. Don't install the
 receiver near sources of interfering signals, such as the personal computers, TV
 sets or other types of power consumers (the digital clock itself generates
 interfering signals too).
- Position the receiver with its transparent cover (DCF 450) or the arrow on the cover (DCF 4500) facing the transmitter (located in Frankfurt, Germany).
 Presuming the good quality DCF 77 signal the synchronization takes place in approx. 3 to 4 minutes. In case of poor quality of the signal (mainly during the day time) the first time setting is to be done manually. The red LED of the receiver displays a working connection by flashing once a second without flickering.

10.2 Autonomous clock synchronized by GPS receiver

- Set value **A** in items **P3**, **P4** and the desired time-zone in the **P7** item in the main MENU (chapter 5).
- Using jumper JP17 set the power supply output (DC OUT) on pins 3, 4 of the JP1 connector.
- Connect GPS receiver to the clock terminal board placed on the anchoring plate (LINE IN and DC OUT/DCF OUT terminals) using a four-wire cable. Please note the correct polarity of the wires – see the GPS user manual.
- For the correct placing of the receiver please follow the GPS user manual.
- Presuming the good position of the GPS receiver the synchronization takes place in approx.10 to 20 minutes.

10.3 Slave clock controlled by synchronizing impulses

On digital clock connected in time distribution system controlled by synchronizing impulses choose the item **P4** in the main menu and set it according type impulse lines (one minute, half minute, second pulses) and in item **P5** choose mode of processing impulse line (polarized / unpolarized impulses, synchronization and time setting / synchronization only). Set the value **A** in items **P3** and **P7**.

10.3.1 Synchronization and time setting - P5 mode 1 and 3

Clocks are set according to the slave line time on the Master clock.

- Stop the slave line on Master clock.
- Set all slave clocks on the same time. Set the current date on the digital clock. The clocks stand still and the colon flashes in 2 second interval.
- Set the time of the slave line to the same time as on slave clocks.
- Run the slave line on Master clock.
- After receiving each impulse is displayed time increased by one minute (or by 30 seconds or 1 second respectively)
- After the expiration of run-out time the slave clocks are synchronized by the time information generated by the master clock, the colon flashes constantly.
- In case of the line fault the clock displays the right time information based on its own quartz time base. When the normal operation of the line resumes, the slave clock adjusts itself to the time equal to the master clock.

10.3.2 Synchronization only - P5 mode 2 and 4

The clock time-base is synchronized by incoming pulses in normal operation of the slave line.

- Set current date and time on the slave clocks according the master clock time with accuracy of ±30 seconds (or ±15 seconds, or ±0,5 second respectively).
- The colon flashes in 2 second interval.
- After 2-3 minutes are the clocks synchronized with the master clock. The colon is permanently lit during the time display.
- In case of the line fault the clock displays the right time information based on its own quartz time base. When the normal operation of the line resumes, the clock synchronizes with the incoming pulses.

10.4 Slave clock controlled by MOBATIME serial code, MOBALine, or IRIG-B

- After the connection of the digital clock to the signal source, time and date are adjusted automatically, following the receipt of valid time information.
- The time setting with using the serial coded line takes place within at least 3 to 4 minutes, for MOBALine and IRIG-B within 6 to 15 seconds.

10.5 Slave clock controlled by IF482 over RS232 or RS485

- After the connection of the digital clock to the line, time and date are adjusted automatically, following the receipt of valid time information.
- Setting the tune takes place within at least 5 minutes.

10.6 Slave clock controlled by supervised RS485

Supervised RS485 line available on the DTS.480x timeservers offers exact time synchronization as well as monitoring the correct function of connected slave clocks.

- If the DC clock should be monitored set in menu item **P8** unique address in the range 1 to 32. The value "L" means that the clocks are synchronized only (without monitoring).
- It is necessary to register the clock under the used address in DTS.
- The time synchronization starts within a few tens of seconds after start-up.
- Failure of slave clock function is signalized by an alarm in DTS.
- On the RS485 you can use the jumper TRE JP10 to connect the termination resistor 120R between the signals A and B for the correct termination of RS485.

10.7 Cascaded connection of the DCF/GPS synchronized clock

- Connect the DCF 77 receiver to the clock terminal board placed on the anchoring plate (LINE IN terminals) using a twin-wire cable.
- Set the passive DCF OUT output 3, 4 of the JP1 connector using the jumper JP17.
- When using the GPS receiver, the external power supply is needed parameters 12-24 VDC - min. 5VA.
- Interconnect the cascaded clock using a twin-wire cable from the DC OUT / DCF OUT terminals to the LINE IN terminals of the next clock.
- In case the connection is correct and the input signal is at a high level, the LED on the receiver and the green LED in the clock is flashing periodically once a second, with 1 pulse left out at the 59th second.

10.8 Synchronization in WTD system

- The items **P3**, **P4** and **P7** are set to value **A** by the production.
- Set the **P8** item to the address of the WTD-T transmitter.
- The colon is permanently lit after successful signal receiving from WTD-T transmitter.

10.9 Connecting the slave displays through RS485

The clock equipped with the SI interface allows connecting up to 32 slave displays, which show the same information as the main display. The RS485 (JP5) interface is used for the connection. Two signals (A, B) and the ground connection GND (from the JP4) are used. For the signals A and B it is recommended to use the twisted pair (pay attention for the same polarity by all displays), another twisted pair is used for the GND connection.

If the overall length of the RS485 bus is longer than ca. 500m, enabling the TRE – JP10 is recommended in the last clock.

- In the clock serving as the master display, set the **P13** to value **3** (DC master)
- In the slave displays set the P13 to value 4 (DC slave)
- Items **P14** to **P17** are set automatically to 9600 baud, 8 bits, even parity, 1 stop-bit.

In case of communication problems it is possible to lower the communication speed. The modification of the items **P14** to **P17** is necessary to proceed in all connected displays identically.

11.1 Unicast mode

The clock is synchronized to UTC (Universal Time Coordinated) from a NTP server (up to four NTP server IP addresses configurable) and must have assigned its own IP address. The clock requests in defined intervals the actual time from the NTP server. If the server is not available, the clock tries to contact the other defined servers in cyclic way until the valid response from the NTP server is received.

This operating mode supports the monitoring and configuration of the movement via the network connection by means of the Telnet, SNMP or the MOBA-NMS software tool. For supervision and configuration with MOBA-NMS the clock's IP address can be used or the multicast group address having last octet cleared to zero (presuming the multicast is not disabled).

It is necessary to set appropriate time-zone for correct displaying of local time and date – see the chapter 9 for details.

Default network parameters:

Default network parameters:	
IP address	0.0.0.0
subnet mask	0.0.0.0
default gateway	0.0.0.0
NTP server address 1	0.0.0.0
NTP server address 2	0.0.0.0
NTP server address 3	0.0.0.0
NTP server address 4	0.0.0.0
NTP request time [s]	10
DNS server	0.0.0.0
SNMP manager 1	0.0.0.0
SNMP manager 2	0.0.0.0
multicast config address	239.192.54.0
alive notification interval [min]	30
configuration port number	65532
time zone client port number	65534
DHCP	enabled
SNMP	enabled
Multicast support	enabled
Telnet	enabled

11.1.1 Network parameters assignation by DHCP

The menu item **P19** must be set to value **3** (default). Network parameters are automatically obtained from a DHCP server.

The following DHCP options will be evaluated automatically:

[50] IP address

[3] Gateway address

[1] Subnet mask

[42] List with up to four NTP server addresses

[42] Time zone server address (usually same as NTP server address)

[234] SNMP manager address

[43] or [224] Additional options (refer to document BE-800793)

The network administrator must configure the DHCP options accordingly. Assigned parameters can be checked in the submenu of items **P20** to **P22**.

11.1.2 Manual setting through setup menu

The menu item P19 must be set to value 2.

- See chapter 4.2.4 for setting the clock's IP address in the item P20 submenu
- See chapter 4.2.5 for setting the subnet mask in the item **P21** submenu
- See chapter 4.2.6 for setting the gateway in the item **P22** submenu
- See chapter 4.2.7 for setting the multicast group address in the item P23 submenu
- See chapter 4.2.8 for setting the unicast NTP server address in the item **P24** submenu.

11.1.3 Manual setting through telnet

The menu item **P19** must be set to value **1** or **2**. To establish the first connection through telnet, the following procedure is needed because the initial IP address of the clock is 0.0.0.0:

- assign a new IP address to the clock's MAC address (marked on the product label) by windows command arp -s <IP address> <MAC address>
 - example: arp -s 192.168.0.190 00-16-91-FE-90-00
- reset the clock or power-cycle it and do the following within 2 minutes
- the IP address is temporarily matched to the clock (only valid when the current IP address is 0.0.0.0) by windows command ping <IP address>, the clock should answer the two last ECHO requests at least example: ping 192.168.0.190
- do the following within 30 seconds after the ping connect to the clock and make the needed settings (see lower) by windows command telnet <IP address> or use the Hyperterminal application

Setting parameters over telnet:

- request for entering the password appears after connection (default password is 718084)
- the information about software and hardware version followed by the MAC address is displayed after entering the correct password
- inserted commands must be confirmed by pushing the Enter key, use the Backspace key for correcting typing errors
- command help or ? displays help with a command list
- command reset resets the clock (changes are written to Flash)
- command conf -p displays current parameters from setup menu
- command conf –n displays current network parameters
- command conf -? displays help for command conf parameters example: conf -i 192.168.0.190 sets the clock's IP address to 192.168.0.190
- it is necessary to end telnet connection by command exit

Windows 7 note: The telnet is not activated in Windows 7 by default. For activating it go to the "Control Panel" in "Start menu", click on "Uninstall a program (link)" in "Control Panel", click on "Turn Windows features on or off (link)" in "Programs and Features", click in "Windows Features" box and find the "Telnet Client" check box. Allow the system to install the appropriate files – should take only a few seconds. The administrator rights are necessary for this operation.

Hyperterminal note: The Hyperterminal application can be used as an alternative to telnet. It is necessary to activate the "Send line ends with line feeds" and "Echo typed characters locally" in the Properties -> Settings -> ASCII setup window.

11.1.4 SNMP

The DC clock supports SNMP version 2c notifications and parameter reading and setting by means of SNMP GET and SET commands. This allows integrating the clock to a network management system. The DC clock (SNMP agent) can send alarm and alive notifications to a SNMP manager. The IP address of the SNMP manager can be provided to the clock by DHCP, Telnet, SNMP or the MOBA-NMS. The structure of supported parameters is defined in a MIB file (refer to document BE-800793 for details). In addition the clock supports the "system" node parameters defined by MIB-2 (RFC-1213) Alarm notifications are asynchronous messages and are used to inform the manager about the appearance / disappearance of alarms. Alive notifications are sent out periodically to report availability and state of the clock. The interval time can be configured.

SNMP community strings:

read community	romobatime
read / write community	rwmobatime
notification (trap) community	trapmobatime

11.2 Multicast mode

The clock is synchronized to UTC (Universal Time Coordinated) from a NTP server. The clock receives NTP multicast packets transmitted by the NTP server in a specified time cycle. This type of synchronization requires no clock's own IP address and is therefore suitable for an easy commissioning of the large systems of slave clocks. Further this mode supports monitoring and parameter configuration by means of MOBA-NMS software.

For supervision and configuration with MOBA-NMS the multicast group address can be used or the multicast group address having last octet cleared to zero.

The Multicast operating mode signifies only a minimum amount of configuration work for a network administrator.

It is necessary to set appropriate time-zone for correct displaying of local time and date – see the chapter 9 for details.

Default network parameters:

multicast group address	239.192.54.1
multicast config address	239.192.54.0
configuration port number	65532
time zone client port number	65534

The menu item **P19** must be set to value **1**. See chapter 4.2.7 for setting the multicast group address in the item **P23** submenu.

12 WiFi clock operation

In the item **P19**, choose if the clock will be connected to default wireless network MOBA-WIFI, where network parameters (IP address, subnet mask and gateway) will be set automatically (DHCP), or to wireless network set by user via telnet, where network parameters could be set manually (telnet, clock menu) or automatically (DHCP). If the DHCP is used, the parameters assigned by the server can be checked in the items **P20** to **P22** submenus.

12.1 Parameters of default wireless network

Net name (SSID): MOBA-WIFI Used coding: WPA Coding key: hgfedcba allowed

12.2 Setting process

- set WiFi router to parameters of default wireless network
- in the item **P20** submenus display assign IP address
- by windows command telnet <IP address> connect to the clock and make needed setting (see lower)

example: telnet 192.168.0.190

Setting the network parameters using telnet

- it is necessary to push ENTER key after connection
- the request for the password appears (initial password is 718084)
- the software and hardware version displays if password entering was successful
- inserted commands can be sent off using Enter key, the Backspace key serves for correction of the typing errors
- command **help** or **?** displays help with command's list
- command **reset** resets the clock (setting modifications are written to data flash)
- command **conf** –**p** displays the current setting of the menu parameters
- command conf –n displays the current network parameters, MAC address and wireless network parameters
- command conf -? displays help for the command conf parameters
- it is necessary to end telnet by command exit
- After expiration of two minutes timeout after telnet ending there is another two
 minute period, when the telnet is not functional. The clock is then performing the
 NTP time synchronization. This period also takes place at the beginning of every
 hour.

Example of setting network parameters using telnet:

- command **conf –I mobatime** set network name of new wireless network
- command conf –w 4 set version of used coding on WPA2 for new wireless network
- command **conf** –**d abcdefg** set the security key for new wireless network
- command conf –u 192.168.0.130 set IP address of NTP server on 192.168.0.130
- command conf -p19:02 set the clock for connecting to the new initiated wireless network with manually preset network parameters
- command conf -i 192.168.0.190 set clock IP address to 192.168.0.190
- command conf -s 255.255.255.0 set subnet mask of the clock on 255.255.255.0
- command conf -g 192.168.0.254 set gateway of the clock on 192.168.0.254
- command exit ends telnet and writes changes into Flash

13 Testing mode, parameter reset

13.1 Synchronization test

The synchronization signal receive process can be displayed in special testing mode. This can be useful for example when the problems with the DCF signal receipt appear.

Display description during synchronization test mode:

Two digits on the left side show the current DCF bit number (goes up from 0 to 58). Third digit shows the type of current DCF bit (0 or 1). The last digit shows the number of successfully received DCF telegrams. The colon indicates that the DCF bit is currently received. The dot behind the last digit signalizes synchronized clock.

Entering the synchronization test mode:

- Enter the clock menu, move to the software version item by several pushes of the PB1S.
- Keep pushing both buttons on the clock frame simultaneously until the display shows C0:00
- Use the PB2 or + button on IR to set the value behind the colon to 03
- Keep pushing simultaneously both clock buttons or the **DISP** button on IR, until the display shows synchronization information

13.2 Parameter reset

If necessary, the clock parameters can be set to factory defaults by the following procedure.

Activating the parameter reset:

- Enter the clock menu, move to the software version item by several pushes of the PB1S.
- Keep pushing both buttons on the clock frame simultaneously until the display shows C0:00
- Using the PB2 or + button on IR set the value behind the colon to 04
- Keep pushing simultaneously both buttons or the DISP button on IR, until the display shows FAC1 and clock makes reset

14 Firmware update

14.1 Firmware update using RS232

- Switch off the clock.
- Install and run the Flash Magic software.
- Open the configuration file "LPC2366 dc3.fms" over the File -> Open Settings menu
- Set used COM Port and open file firmware "DC3_<version>.hex" (e.g. DC3_NTP_POE_v349.hex) using the Browse key
- Connect the programmer to serial COM Port of computer (the USB-RS232 converter can be used) and connect the power supply to the jack on the programmer.
- Install the jumper ISPE (JP9).
- Connect the programmer to connector PROG (JP8). The POWER LED placed on the clock lights up.
- Click the Start button to run programming; after completion, a "Finished" message will be displayed in the bottom part of the widow
- Disconnect the programmer and remove the ISPE jumper.
- Firmware version can be checked in the last item of the clock menu.

14.2 Firmware update over Ethernet on NTP and PoE versions

- Create a folder on the computer disk and copy "tftpd32.ini", "tftpd32.chm" and "tftpd32.exe" in it. Copy the new firmware file "devapp.bin" as well.
- Run "tftpd32.exe", let only the TFTP Server in the window Settings -> Global Settings be active, don't change other settings.
- Using the Browse key, open choice of active directory and find the one which contains the given firmware
- Connect to the clock by the windows command telnet <clock IP address> example: telnet 192.168.0.190
- The page of telnet requesting will appear, after the password entered identification of current software version and clock MAC address displays.
- Enter the command **fu** in telnet window to start the automatic clock firmware update from the "dc3app.bin" file.
- Information about sending file and its progress displays in the tftpd32 program window after the command entering. Connection to telnet is ended automatically.
- Wait about 1 minute after downloading the file. Connect the telnet to the clock again.
- After entering the password, check if the firmware version is correct, if it isn't, it is necessary to repeat the whole procedure.
- Close the telnet window and end the program tftpd32 with the command exit.

15 Time zone table

Time zone entries in the standard time zone table (version 10.0).

Time	City / State	UTC	DST	Standard → DST	DST → Standard
zone		Offset	Change		
00	UTC (GMT), Monrovia, Casablanca	0	No		
01	London, Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon	0	Yes	Last Sun. Mar. (01:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (02:00)
02	Brussels, Amsterdam, Berlin, Bern, Copenhagen, Madrid, Oslo, Paris, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Belgrade, Bratislava, Budapest, Ljubljana, Prague, Sarajevo, Warsaw, Zagreb	+1	Yes	Last Sun. Mar. (02:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (03:00)
03	Athens, Istanbul, Helsinki, Riga, Tallinn, Sofia, Vilnius	+2	Yes	Last Sun. Mar. (03:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (04:00)
04	Bucharest, Romania	+2	Yes	Last Sun. Mar. (03:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (04:00)
05	Cairo, Pretoria, Harare	+2	No		
06	Amman	+2	Yes	Last Thu. Mar. (23:59)	Last Fri. Oct. (01:00)
07	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
08	Kuwait City, Minsk, Kaliningrad	+3	No		
09	Praia, Cape Verde	-1	No		
10	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
11	Abu Dhabi, Muscat, Tbilisi, Moscow, St. Petersburg, Volgograd, Samara	+4	No		
12	Kabul	+4.5	No		
13	Adamstown (Pitcairn Is.)	-8	No		
14	Tashkent, Islamabad, Karachi	+5	No		
15	Mumbai, Calcutta, Madras, New Delhi, Colombo	+5.5	No		
16	Astana, Thimphu, Dhaka, Yekaterinburg	+6	No		
17	Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta, Novosibirsk	+7	No		
18	Beijing, Chongqing, Hong Kong, Singapore, Taipei, Urumqi, Krasnoyarsk	+8	No		
19	Tokyo, Osaka, Sapporo, Seoul, Irkutsk	+9	No		
20	Gambier Island	-9	No		
21	South Australia: Adelaide	+9.5	Yes	1 st Sun. Oct (02:00)	1 st Sun. Apr. (03:00)
22	Northern Territory: Darwin	+9.5	No		
23	Brisbane, Guam, Port Moresby, Yakutsk	+10	No		
24	Sydney, Canberra, Melbourne, Tasmania: Hobart	+10	Yes	1 st Sun. Oct. (02.00)	1 st Sun. Apr. (03:00)
25	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
26	UTC (GMT)	0	No		

27	Honiara (Solomon Is.), Noumea (New Caledonia), Vladivostok	+11	No			
28	Auckland, Wellington	+12	Yes	Last Sun. Sep. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Apr. (03:00)	
29	Majuro (Marshall Is.), Magadan, Anadyr	+12	No			
30	Azores	-1	Yes	Last Sun. Mar. (00:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (01:00)	
31	Middle Atlantic	-2	No			
32	Brasilia	-3	Yes	3 rd Sun. Oct. (00:00)	3 rd Sun. Feb. (00:00)	
33	Buenos Aires	-3	No			
34	Newfoundland, Labrador	-3.5	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)	
35	Atlantic Time (Canada)	-4	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)	
36	La Paz	-4	No			
37	Bogota, Lima, Quito	-5	No			
38	New York, Eastern Time (US & Canada)	-5	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)	
39	Chicago, Central Time (US & Canada)	-6	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)	
40	Tegucigalpa, Honduras	-6	No			
41	Phoenix, Arizona	-7	No			
42	Denver, Mountain Time	-7	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)	
43	Los Angeles, Pacific Time	-8	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)	
44	Anchorage, Alaska (US)	-9	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)	
45	Honolulu, Hawaii (US)	-10	No			
46	Midway Islands (US)	-11	No			
47	Mexico City, Mexico	-6	Yes	1 st Sun. Apr. (02:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (02:00)	
48	Adak (Aleutian Is.)	-10	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)	
49	UTC (GMT)	0	No			
50	UTC (GMT)	0	No			
51	UTC (GMT)	0	No			
52	UTC (GMT)	0	No			
53	UTC (GMT)	0	No			
54	Scoresbysund, Greenland	-1	Yes	Last Sun. Mar. (00:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (01:00)	
55	Nuuk, Greenland	-3	Yes	Last Sat. Mar. (22:00)	Last Sat. Oct. (23:00)	
56	Qaanaaq, Greenland	-4	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)	
57	Western Australia: Perth	+8	No			
58	Caracas	-4.5	No			
59	CET standard time	+1	No			
60	Santiago, Chile	-4	Yes	2 nd Sun. Oct. (00:00)	2 nd Sun. Mar. (00:00)	
61	Chile, Easter Island	-6	Yes	2 nd Sat. Oct. (22:00)	2 nd Sat. Mar. (22:00)	
62	Baku	+4	Yes	Last Sun. Mar. (04:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (05:00)	
63	UTC (GMT)	0	No			
64	UTC (GMT)	0	No			

In countries where the DST switch date changes annually (e.g. Iran, Israel), the time zone has to be defined manually in the user time zone table (entries 80 - 99).

Legend:

UTC: Universal Time Coordinate, equivalent to GMT

DST: Daylight Saving Time

DST Change: Daylight Saving Time changeover

Standard → DST: Time change from Standard time (Winter time) to Summer time DST → Standard: Time change from Summer time to Standard time (Winter time)

Example:

2nd last Sun. Mar. (02:00) Switch over on the penultimate Sunday in March at 02:00 hours local time



Attention!

The Time Zone Table is usually updated every year. The current table is available for download under the following address: $www.mobatime.com \rightarrow Customer\ Area \rightarrow Customer\ Support\ \rightarrow Support\ Resources \rightarrow Software\ Tools \rightarrow Time\ Zone\ Table$. In case your device is equipped with a newer version than shown in this manual, the current time zone settings should be checked.

16 Engineering data

16.1 Standard design of the clock

Specifications		DC.57.4	DC.57.6	DC.100.4	DC.100.6	DC.100x.6	DC.180.4	DC.180.6	DC.180x.6
D: 1	height of the digits	57	57 / 38	100	100 / 57	100	180	180 / 100	180
Display	number of digits	4	4 + 2	4	4 + 2	6	4	4 + 2	6
	HH : MM	✓		✓			✓		
Time display format	HH . MM : ss		✓		✓			✓	
Time display format	HH: MM: SS		✓			✓			✓
	DD. MM	✓		✓			✓		
Date display format	DD. MM. yy		✓		✓			✓	
, ,	DD.MM.YY		✓			✓			✓
	standard	100-240 VAC, 50-60Hz							
	option VDC	18 - 56 VDC							
Powering	option VDC 12V	12 - 16 VDC							
Ü	PoE version	Po	E (IEEE 8	02.3 af-Clas	s 0)	-	-	-	-
	PoE class version	PoE (IEEE 802.3 af-Class 3)				-	-	-	-
Power consumption	single sided	8 VA	8 VA	8 VA	8 VA	11 VA	30 VA	38 VA	45 VA
(red, green and	single sided PoE	7 VA	7 VA	7 VA	7 VA	-	-	-	-
amber color	double sided	15 VA	15 VA	15 VA	15 VA	21 VA	60 VA	75VA	90 VA
display)	double sided PoE	14 VA	14 VA	14 VA	14 VA	-	-	-	-
Power consumption	single sided	8 VA	11 VA	10 VA	13 VA	14 VA	42 VA	50 VA	63 VA
(blue and pure green)	double sided	15 VA	19 VA	18 VA	23 VA	26 VA	84 VA	100 VA	126 VA
Reserve capacity	passive (time + data)				6 years (ex	cept PoE ver	sion)		
Accuracy at 20 °C	without synchronization	±0,3 sec/day							
Accuracy of temp. measurement in	-25+80 °C	±0,5 °C							
range	-50+125 °C					±2,0 °C			
Scope of the operating temp. 0 to + 50 °C, relative humidity 0 - 95%, without condensation									
Protection degree					IP 40, o	ptionally IP 5	4		
	single sided design	1.4	1.8	2.4	3.1	3.5	6.3	9.3	10.4
Weight in kg	double sided design	2.6	3	4.4	5.6	6	10.2	15.3	17.6
Dimensions (W	single sided design	333x118 x39	423x118 x39	510x169 x39	652x169 x39	728 x 169 x 39	880 x 264 x 39	1146 x 264 x 39	1267 x 264 x 39
x H x D) mm	double sided design	333x118 x78	423x118 x78	510x169 x78	652x169 x78	728 x 169 x 78	880 x 264 x 78	1146 x 264 x 78	1267 x 264 x 78
Accessories:	<u>. </u>		-	-	-	-			
DCF 4500 radio signa	ıl receiver	√	V	√	√	√	√	√	√
GPS 4500 receiver		√	√	√	√	√	√	√	V
Temperature sensor IP66		√ ·	√	√	√	√ V	√	√	√
Keyboard for stopwato		1	V	√	V	V	V	√ V	V
IR remote control		√	√	√	√	V	√	√	√

16.2 Voltage range and electric current consumption of the lines

Type of slave line	Voltage range	Electric current consumption
MOBALine	5 – 30 VAC	6 – 34 uA
MIN, CODE	+- 12 – 30 V	10 – 18 mA
MIN, CODE (on request)	+- 30 – 60 V	10 – 18 mA
IRIG B	20 mVpp – 2 Vpp	20 uA – 2 mA

17 Accessories and Maintenance

17.1 Single-sided clock

<u> </u>	
 Allen key for unlocking and locking the frame catch Instruction manual Additional spacers Wood screws for fixing the anchoring plate inclusive dowels 	1 pc 1 pc 3 pcs 3 pcs
Double-sided clock	
 Allen key for unlocking and locking the frame catch and the suspension 	1 pc
Instruction manual	1 pc

18 Cleaning

17.2

Clean surface of clock only. Use soft rags and antistatic detergents. Don't use synthetics.

Wood screws for fixing the suspension

19 DISPOSAL OF USED BATTERIES

including dowels



The user is lawfully obligated to return unusable batteries. Disposal of used batteries through household waste is prohibited! Batteries which contain dangerous substances are labeled with a picture of a crossed out trash bin. The symbol means that this product may not be disposed through household waste. Below the symbol, the dangerous substance is indicated with an abbreviation: Cd = Cadmium, Hg = Quicksilver, Pb = Lead. Unusable batteries can be returned free of charge at appropriate collection points of your waste disposal company or at shops that sell batteries. By doing so, you fulfill your legal responsibilities and help protect the environment.

4 pcs

20 GUARANTEE AND MAINTENANCE

- The device fulfills the requirements of the following norms:
 CSN EN 60950-1, 2nd edition (concerning the device's safety), EN 55022 class B, EN 55024, EN 50121-2 (concerning EMV)
- The device is intended for a normal operational environment according to the corresponding norm.
- The following circumstances are excluded from the guarantee:
- inappropriate handling or interventions
- chemical influences
- mechanical defects
- external environmental influences (natural catastrophes)
- Repairs during and after the guarantee period are assured by the manufacturer.



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