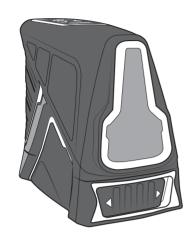
STANLEY

Green Beam Self-Levelling Cross Line Laser

FCL-G





Please read these instructions before operating the product.

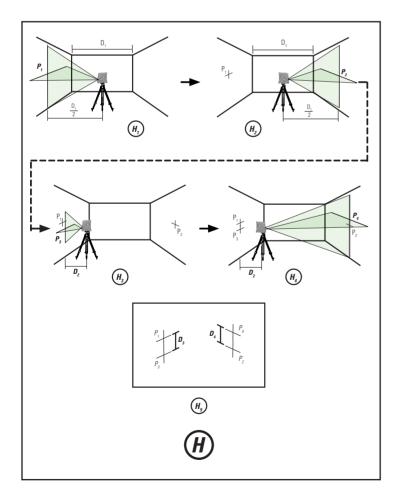


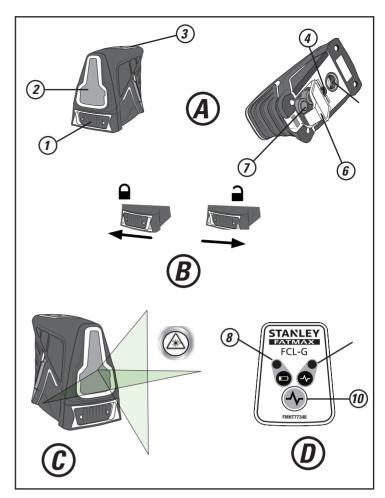
(GB)

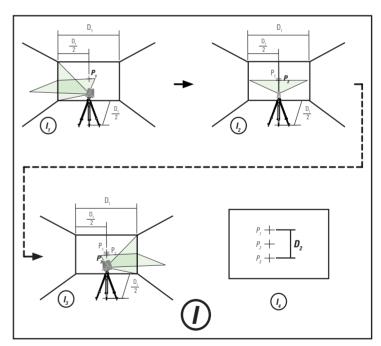


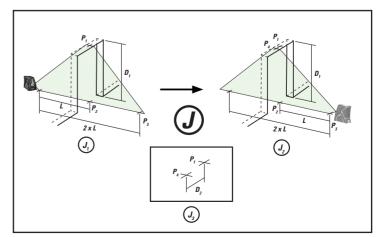












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Retain all sections of the manual for future reference

User Safety



MARNING:

Carefully read the Safety Instructions and Product Manual before using this product. The person responsible for the instrument must ensure that all users understand and adhere to these instructions.



WARNING:

The following labels are placed on the laser tool to inform you of the laser class for your convenience and safety. (Text has been translated here for your convenience)







Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 2007



CAUTION:

While the laser tool is in operation, be careful not to expose your eyes to the emitting laser beam (red light source). Exposure to a laser beam for an extended time may be hazardous to your eyes.



Glasses may be supplied in some of the laser tool kits. These are NOT certified safety glasses. These glasses are ONLY used to enhance the visibility of the beam in brighter environments or at greater distances from laser source

Contents

- User Safety
- Contents
- Product Overview
- Keypad, Modes, and LED
- Applications
- Ratteries and Power
- Set Up
- Operation
- Accuracy Check and Calibration
- Specifications

Product Overview

Figure A - Laser Tool

- Power /Transport Lock Laser Window
- Keynad
- 1/4-20 threaded mount
- 5/8-11 threaded mount
- Battery Cover with Warning label 4 x AA Batteries

Figure B - Power /Transport Lock

Figure C - Laser Modes

Figure D - Keypad

Figure H - Level Beam Accuracy

Figure I - Horizontal Beam Accuracy

Figure J - Vertical Beam Accuracy

Keypad, Modes, and LED









Power OFF/Pendulum lock on

- To turn the laser tool ON move switch to the unlocked position
 To turn the laser tool OFF, move switch to the locked position

Laser Ream Available Modes

- All beam lines ON
- · All beam lines OFF

Self-Leveling (See figure (B))

The pendulum lock on the laser tool needs to be switched to the unlocked / ON position to enable self-leveling

Kevpad-Pulse kev

Pulse mode ON/OFF key (See figure (D))





to activate Pulse mode. (See figure (1) # 10)

Pulse Mode LED/Out-of-Level Indicator Operation (See figure (D) #9)



LED OFF

Pulse Mode is OFF/ Unit is level

LED ON-CONTINUOUS2. PULSE MODE is ON, and laser unit is within self-leveling range

LED ON-FLASHING

3. Laser unit is OUT OF LEVEL

Kevnad-Battery kev

Battery level indicator key (See figure ①)



Battery Life LED (See figure (D) #8)



LED OFF

Battery life >25%

LED ON-CONTINUOUS

Applications

Plumb Transfer

- Using the vertical laser beam, establish a vertical reference plane.
 Position the desired object(s) until they are aligned with the vertical reference plane to ensure object(s) are plumb

Level Transfer

- Using the horizontal laser beam, establish a horizontal reference plane.
 Position the desired object(s) until they are aligned with the horizontal
- reference plane to ensure object(s)are level.

- \bullet Using the vertical and horizontal laser beams, establish a point where the two
- Position the desired object(s) until they are aligned with both the vertical and

Batteries and Power

Battery Installation / Removal (See figure (B))

- Turn laser tool to battery door and open.
- . Install / Remove batteries. Orient batteries correctly when placing into
- Close battery door. Be sure that the door has been closed securely.



WARNING:

Pay close attention to the battery holder's (+) and (-) markings for proper battery insertion. Batteries must be of same type and capacity. Do not use a combination of batteries with different capacities remaining

Set Up

- Place laser tool on a flat, stable surface
- To power ON and activate the auto leveling feature move the pendulum / transport lock to the unlocked position. The laser tool must then be positioned in its upright position on a surface that is within the specified compensation range

- Position accessory in a place where it will not be easily disturbed and near the central location of the area to be measured.

 Set up the accessory as required. Adjust positioning to be sure accessory
- base is near horizontal (within laser tools compensation range).

 Mount the laser tool to the accessory using the appropriate fastening
- method to be used with such accessory / laser tool combination



CAUTION:

Do not leave the laser tool unattended on an accessory without fully tightening the fastening screw. Failing to do so may lead to the laser tool falling and sustaining possible damage.

- It is best practice to always support laser tool with one hand when placing or removing laser tool from an accessory.
- If positioning over a target, partially tighten the fastener, align laser tool. and then fully tighten

Operation

NOTE:

- Before operating the laser tool always be sure to check the laser tool for accuracy.
- Laser tool will indicate when it is out of compensation range. Reference LED Descriptions. Reposition laser tool to be closer to level.
- When not in use, please be sure to power OFF the laser tool by placeing the pendulum lock in the locked position.

- To turn the laser ON move the pendulum / transport lock to the unlocked
- To turn the laser OFF, move the pendulum / transport lock to the locked

OFF/ Locked (See figures (B))

The laser will be OFF and the pendulum locked.

ON/ Self-Leveling (See figures (B))

- The pendulum lock on the laser tool will be positioned in the unlocked /self-leveling position when the laser is turned ON
- Accuracy Check and Calibration

- The laser tools are sealed and calibrated at the factory to the accuracies specified
- It is recommended to perform a calibration check prior to its first use and then periodically during future use.
- The laser tool should be checked regularly to ensure its accuracies, especially for precise layouts.
- When performing the accuracy checks, use the largest area / distance possible, closest to the operating distance. The greater the area / distance, the easier to measure the accuracy of the laser.
- The lock must be in the unlocked position to allow the laser tool to self-level before checking the accuracy.

Level Beam Accuracy (See figure (H))

- (P₁) Place laser tool as shown with laser ON. Mark point P, at cross.
- (P2) Rotate laser tool 180° and mark point P2 at cro
- Move laser tool close to wall and mark point P₃ at cross
- Rotate laser tool 180° and mark point P4 at cros Measure the vertical distance between P₁ and P₃ to get D₃ and the vertical distance between P2 and P4 to get D4
- Calculate the maximum offset distance and compare to the difference of D₂ and D₄ as shown in the equation
- If the sum is not less than or equal to the calculated maximum offset distance the tool must be returned to your Stanley Distributor for calibration.

Maximum Offset Distance:

 $= 0.6 \frac{mm}{m} \times (D_1 m - (2 \times D_2 m))$

= 0,007 $\frac{in}{ft}$ x (D, ft - (2 x D, ft))

Compare : (See figure (%)) $D_3 - D_4 \le \pm Maximum$

- $D_1 = 10 \text{ m}, D_2 = 0.5 \text{ m}$
- $D_3 = 0.5 \, \text{mm}$ • $D_4 = -1.0 \text{ mm}$
- $0.6 \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{m}} \times (10 \text{ m} (2 \times 0.5 \text{ m}) = 5.4 \text{ mm}$
- (maximum offset distance) • (0,5 mm) - (- 1,0 mm) = 1,5 mm

1.5 mm ≤ 5.4 mm (TRUE, tool is within calibration)

Horizontal Beam Accuracy (See figure (1))

- ① Place laser tool as shown with laser ON. Aim vertical beam towards the first corner or a set reference point. Measure out half of the distance D₁ and mark point P₁
- (i) Rotate laser tool and align front vertical laser beam with point P₁. Mark point P₂ where the horizontal and vertical laser beams cross.
- Rotate laser tool and aim vertical beam towards the second corner or set reference point. Mark point P₃ so that it is vertically in line with points P₁ and P₂
- Measure the vertical distance D₂ between the highest and lowest point.
- Calculate the maximum offset distance and compare to D2.
- If $\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{z}}$ is not less than or equal to the calculated maximum offset distance the tool must be returned to your Stanley Distributor for calibration.

Maximum Offset Distance:

$$= 0.3 \frac{mm}{m} \times D_1 m$$
Maximum

Maximum

= 0,004
$$\frac{in}{ft} \times D_1 ft$$

Compare: (See figure (4))

 $D_2 \leq Maximum$

Example:

- $D_1 = 10m$, $D_2 = 1.0 \text{ mm}$
- $0.3 \, \frac{mm}{m} \times 10 \, m = 3 \, mm$ (maximum offset distance)
- 1,0 mm ≤ 1,0 mm

(TRUE, tool is within calibration)

Vertical Beam Accuracy (See figure (3))

- Measure the height of a door jamb or reference point to get distance \mathbf{D}_{I} . Place laser tool as shown with laser ON. Aim vertical beam towards door jamb or reference point. Mark points P_1 , P_2 , and P_3 as shown.
- Move laser tool to opposite side of door jamb or reference point and align the same vertical beam with P2 and P3.
- Measure the horizontal distances between P₁ and the vertical beam from the 2nd location.
- Calculate the maximum offset distance and compare to D_2 .
- If $\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{z}}$ is not less than or equal to the calculated maxim distance the tool must be returned to your Stanley Distributor for calibration.

Maximum Offset Distance:

$$= 0.6 \ \frac{mm}{m} \ x \ D, m$$
 Maximum

= 0,004 $\frac{in}{ft} \times D_1 ft$

Compare: (See figure 3)

 $D_2 \leq Maximum$

- $D_1 = 2 \, \text{m}, \ D_2 = 0.5 \, \text{mm}$
- $0.6 \, \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{m}} \times 2 \, m = 1.2 \, \text{mm}$
- (maximum offset distance)
- 0,5 mm ≤ 1,2mm

(TRUE, tool is within calibration)

Specifications

Laser Tool

	FCL-G (STHT77348)
Levelling Accuracy:	≤3 mm / 10m (1/8in @ 30 ft)
Horizontal / Vertical Accuracy	≤3mm / 10m (1/8in @ 30 ft)
Compensation Range:	± 4°
Working Distance (Line):	20 m (65ft)
Laser Class:	Class 2 (IEC/EN60825-1)
Laser Wavelength	510 nm ~ 530 nm
Operating Time (All lasers ON):	≥ 10 hours (Alkaline)
Power Source:	4 x "AA" (LR6)
IP Rating:	IP54
Temperature Range (Operating):	-10° C ~ +50° C (14°F ~ 122°F)
Temperature Range (Storage):	-25° C ~ +70° C (-13°F~158°F)

STANLEY

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