FabiaTech Corporation

**IPC** Solution

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PC104 CPU Board

# Low Power Series

## FB2412 User's Manual

OCT 2009 Version: 1.0 Part Number: FB2412

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- A list of your name, address, telephone, facsimile number, or email address where you may be reached during the day
- Description of you peripheral attachments
- Description of your software (operating system, version, application software, etc.) and BIOS configuration
- Description of the symptoms (Extract wording any message)

For updated BIOS, drivers, manuals, or product information, please visit us at <u>www.fabiatech.com</u>

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# **Chapter 1 Introducing the FB2412 System**

#### **Overview**

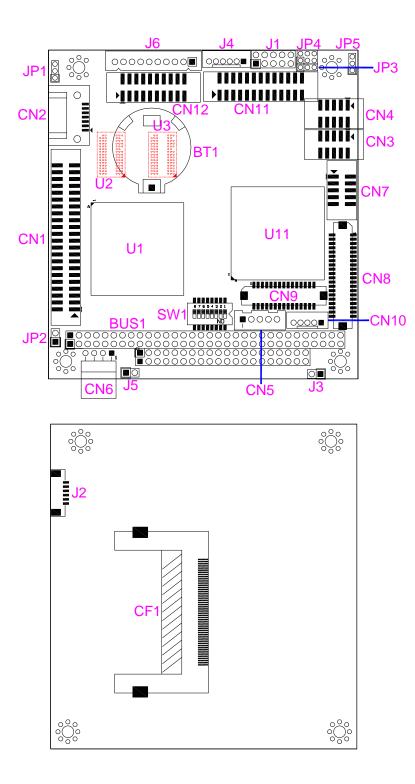
The FB2412 is a Vortex86DX Low power processor, all in one PC/104 CPU board. This user's manual provides information on the physical features, installation, and BIOS setup.

Built to unleash the total potential of the Vortex86DX Processor, the FB2412 is a single board computer capable of handling today's demanding requirements. Able to support 800 MHz CPU, this unit supports 10/100M interface network port, on board 128MB DDR2 RAM, two USB2.0 ports, and a SMI SM712 VGA controller.

Each FB2412 has two ports for I/O communications. One RS232 and one RS-232 /RS485 ports are available. There are supports 2 watchdog timers that can be configured from software to automatically reset the system. And for easy configuration, AMI BIOS are available.

The FB2412 is perfect for POS and POI applications, network systems, panel / MMI's, order entry kiosks, test equipment, and OEM projects. The unit is only 90.2x95.9mm, offering unparalleled performance in a very small footprint.

# Layout



## **Specifications**

- □ Vortex86DX (800MHz) Low Power CPU.
- □ Onboard 128MB DDR2 RAM.
- □ One Realtek 8100C 10M/100M Base-TX Ethernet port.
- □ SMI SM712 VGA Controller support VGA port.
- □ Two RS-232 ports, one RS232 port and one RS232/RS485 port.
- □ Two USB (V2.0) ports, and one PCI IDE interface.
- Compact Flash socket for 3.3V Compact Flash and Micro Drives.
- □ PS/2 compatible keyboard and mouse interface.
- Providing header for external speaker and hard disk access LED.
- □ Two Watchdog timer and easy software programmable watchdog timer.
- □ Flash BIOS with easy upgrade utility.
- □ PC/104 form factor, 90.2 mm x 95.9 mm (3.55" x 3.775")
- □ Power requirement: +5V only, 3.0A maximum. (800MHz CPU)

## **Packing List**

Upon receiving the package, verify the following things. If any of the mentioned happens, contact us for immediate service.

- Unpack and inspect the FB2412 package for possible damage that may occur during the delivery process.
- Verify the accessories in the package according to the packing list and see if there is anything missing or incorrect package is included.
- If the cable(s) you use to install the FB2412 is not supplied from us, please make sure the specification of the cable(s) is compatible with the FB2412 system.

**Note:** After FB2412 is installed, it is recommended that you keep the diskette or CD that contains drivers and document files, and keep the document copies, or unused cables in the carton for future use.

The following list the accessories that may be included in your FB2412 package. Some of the accessories are optional shipped only upon order.

- One FB2412 All-In-One PC/104 CPU board.
- One VGA (CRT interface) adapter cable.
- Two serial port adapter cables.
- One PS2 keyboard and mouse port adapter cable.
- One 10-pin LAN adapter cable with FB4605A board.
- One compact disc containing manual file in PDF format and necessary drivers and utilities.

# **Chapter 2 Hardware Installation**

This chapter introduces the system connectors & jumper settings, and guides you to apply them for field application.

### **Before Installation**

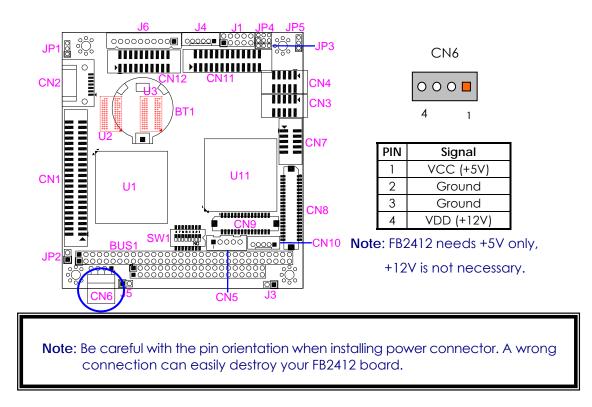
Before you install the system, make sure you follow the below descriptions.

- 1. Before removing the board from its anti-static bag, wear an anti-static strap to prevent the generation of Electricity Static Discharge (ESD). The ESD may be generated by man's physical touch. It may do damage to the board circuit.
- 2. Install any connector, module, or add on board, be sure that the power is disconnected from the system board. If not, this may damage the system board components, module, or the add-on-board.
- 3. When you connect the connectors and memory modules, be careful with the pin orientations.

# **Hardware Features**

The following list is for the setup of the connectors and jumpers of the FB2412.

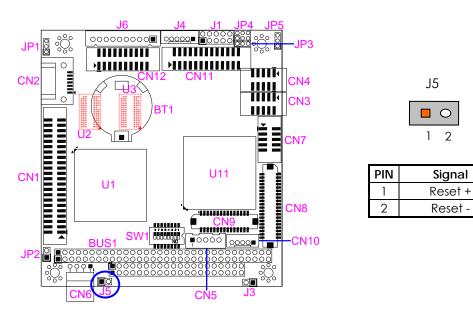
Item	Description
CN1	44-pin 2.0mm IDE 2 hard disk connector (IDC)
CN3, CN4	10-pin 2.0mm RS-232 port connector (IDC)
CN5	5-pin 2.54 mm TTL IO connector 40-pin
CN6	4-pin Power connector
CN7	10-pin 2.0mm CRT connector (IDC)
CF1,JP1	Compact Flash Socket and CF Master/Slave Select
JI	10-pin USB connector header
J3	2-pin for external speaker header
J4	6-pin for Keyboard and Mouse connector (JST)
J5	2-pin Reset header
J6	10-pin header for RJ45-Lan adapter
JP2	2-pin header for HDD LED indicator
JP3, JP4	3*3-pin header select RS232/RS485 port
JP5	3-pin RS485 (COM2) Terminal Resistor Jumper Select
LED1	Power and watchdog of LED indicator
BUS1	PC-104 Connector



#### □ CN6: Power Connector (4-pin 2.5mm JST)

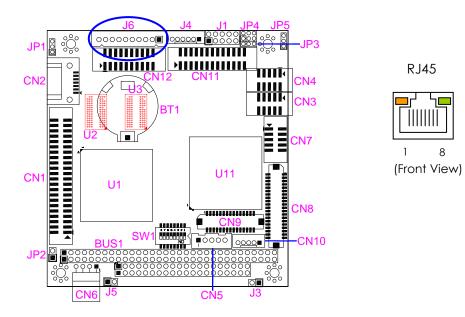
#### □ J5: Reset Header

J5 is a 2-pin header for connecting to system reset button. Shorting the circuit of the 2 pins makes the hardware reset and FB2412 restart system. It is similar to power off the system and then power it on again.



#### G J6: RJ45 LAN /Adapter Connector with LED indicators

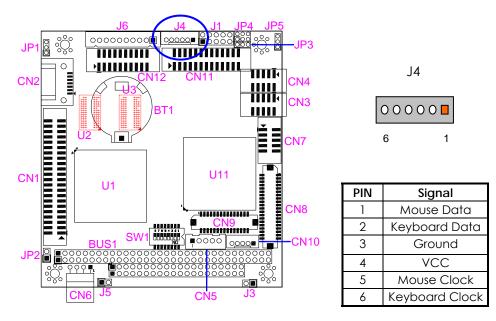
FB4605A is a RJ45 connector with 2 LEDs for LAN. The left side LED (orange) indicates data which is being accessed and the right side LED (green) indicates online status. (On indicates on-line and Off indicates off-line) J6 provides twist-pair signals of LAN port if you got LAN version and adapter board (FB4605A) with cable. The following lists the pin assignments of J6 to RJ45 connector on the FB4605A LAN adapter board:



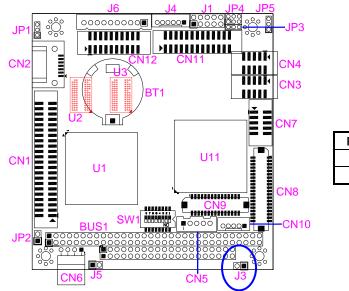
J6	Signal	<b>RJ45</b>	J6	Signal	RJ45
1	TPTX+	1	6	Access LED	-
2	TPTX -	2	7	On-Line LED	-
3	TPRX+	3	8	Case GND	-
4	TPRX -	6	9	FBG1	4
5	LED	-		FBG1	5
	Common			FBG2	7
			10	FBG2	8

#### □ J4: Keyboard/Mouse Connector

J4 is a 6-pin 2.0mm JST connector, use the included KB/MS adapter cables you can attach standard PS/2 type keyboard and mouse.



J3: External Speaker Header

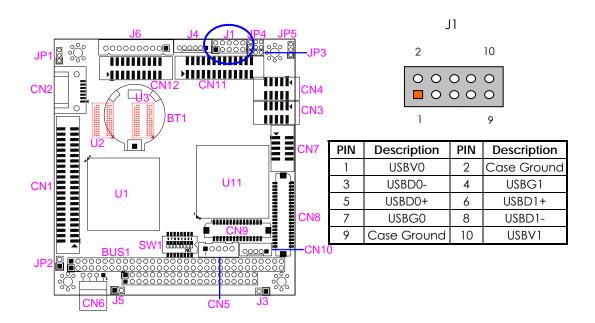




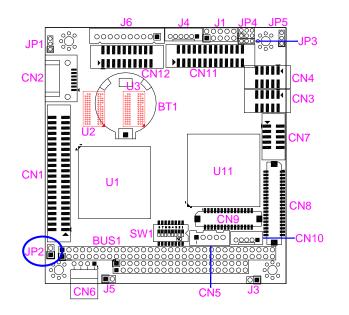
PIN	Signal
1	Speaker+
2	Speaker-

#### □ J1: USB Connector

Use the USB adapter cable, you can attach up to 2 USB devices.



LED1/JP2: Power LED indicator, External HDD LED Header

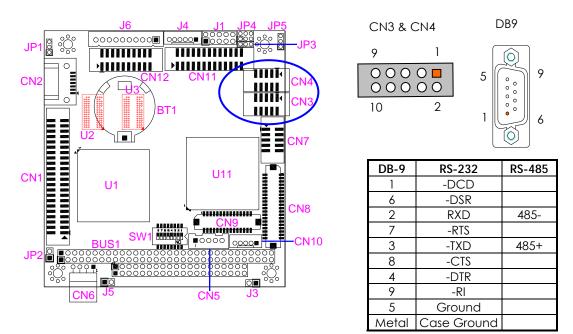




PIN	Signal
1	HDD LED+
2	HDD LED -

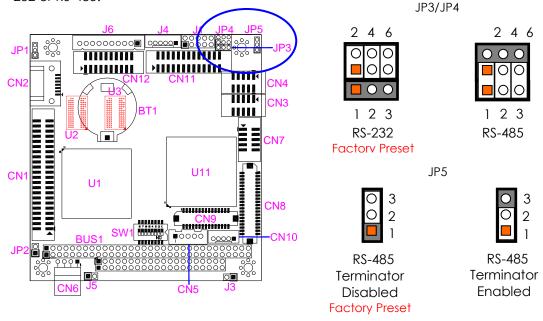
#### □ CN3 & CN4: RS232 Serial Port Connectors

CN3 (COM1) & CN4 (COM2) are 10-pin 2.0mm IDC connectors. The included serial port adapter cables are used to transfer 10-pin 2.0mm IDC into standard DB-9 connector. The following tables show the signal connections of these connectors and the included adapter cable for CN3 & CN4.



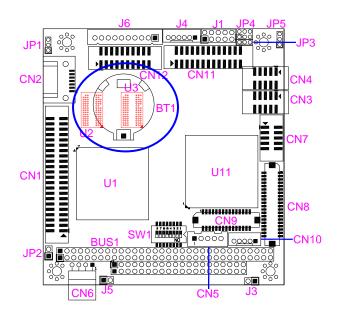
#### JP3 & JP4: COM2 RS232/RS485 Selection

The CN4-COM2 is designed for multiple proposes. The following tables show the signal connections of these connectors. Use JP3, JP4 and JP5 can select the RS-232 or RS-485.

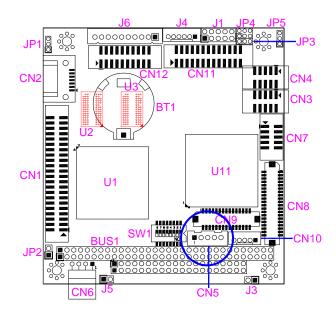


#### □ BT1 (Battery): Clear CMOS Data

You can remove the battery from BT1 socket to clear CMOS data. The CMOS stores information like system date, time, boot up device, password, IRQ... which are set up with the BIOS. To clear the CMOS, remove the battery about the 3 sec and then return the battery to BT1 socket before when system powers is off.



CN5: TTL I/O Connector

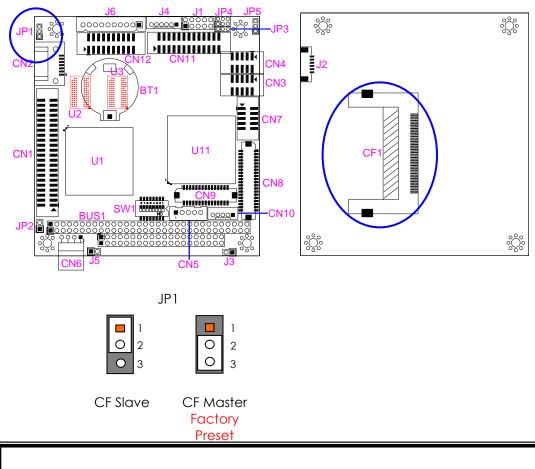




Pin	TTL Lines	Bit Location		
1	Output Line 0	D Bit 0 of 78h		
2	Output Line 1	Bit 1 of 78h		
3	Input Line 0	Bit 0 of 79h		
4	Input Line 1	Bit 1 of 79h		
5	Ground	-		

#### CF1 & JP1: Compact Flash Socket and Master/Slave Select

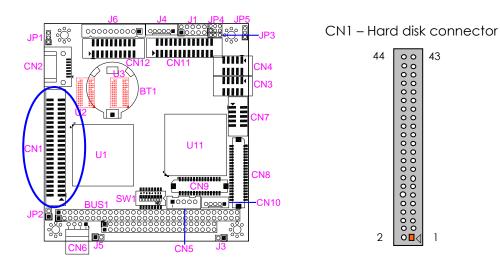
The Compact Flash socket CF1 (on the solder side) is optional and supports 3.3V Compact Flash and Micro Drives. JP1 (on the top side) is used to select master/slave device of this socket.



**Note**: The Compact Flash socket supports 3.3V Compact Flash and Micro Drives. The JP1 is used to select master/slave device of this socket and the default is Master (close).

#### □ CN1: IDE hard Disk Connector

CN1 is 44-pin 2.0mm IDC connectors. Use the included hard disk cables to attach up to two hard disk drives.

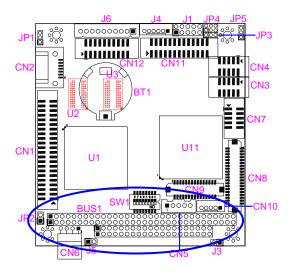


The following table lists the pin description of CN1.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	-RESET	2	GROUND
3	DATA 7	4	DATA 8
5	DATA 6	6	DATA 9
7	DATA 5	8	DATA 10
9	DATA 4	10	DATA 11
11	DATA 3	12	DATA 12
13	DATA 2	14	DATA 13
15	DATA 1	16	DATA 14
17	DATA 0	18	DATA 15
19	GROUND	20	NOT USED
21	IDEDREQ	22	GROUND
23	-IOW A	24	GROUND
25	-IOR A	26	GROUND
27	IDEIORDYA	28	GROUND
29	-DACKA	30	GROUND
31	AINT	32	GROUND
33	SA 1	34	Not Used
35	SA 0	36	SA 2
37	CS 0	38	CS 1
39	HD LED A	40	GROUND
41	VCC	42	VCC
43	GROUND	44	Not Used

**Note:** Be careful with the pin orientation when installing connectors and the cables. A wrong connection can easily destroy your hard disk. CN1 is used to connect a 2.5" HDD with included 44-pin flat-cable or 44-pin DiskOnModule directly.

#### □ BUS1: PC/104 Bus Connectors



# BUS1 – BUS A & B

BUS1 – BUS C & D

#### PC/104 A & B Pin

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
A1	-IOCHK	A17	SA14	B1	Ground	B17	-DACK1
A2	SD7	A18	SA13	B2	RSTDRV	B18	DRQ1
A3	SD6	A19	SA12	B3	+5V	B19	-Refresh
A4	SD5	A20	SA11	B4	IRQ9	B20	BUSCLK
A5	SD4	A21	SA10	B5	*(-5V)	B21	IRQ7
A6	SD3	A22	SA9	B6	DRQ2	B22	IRQ6
A7	SD2	A23	SA8	B7	*(-12V)	B23	IRQ5
A8	SD1	A24	SA7	B8	-ZWS	B24	IRQ4
A9	SD0	A25	SA6	B9	+12V	B25	IRQ3
A10	IORDY	A26	SA5	B10	KEY	B26	-DACK2
A11	AEN	A27	SA4	B11	-SMEMW	B27	TC
A12	SA19	A28	SA3	B12	-SMEMR	B28	ALE
A13	SA18	A29	SA2	B13	-IOW	B29	+5V
A14	SA17	A30	SA1	B14	-IOR	B30	OSC
A15	SA16	A31	SA0	B15	-DACK3	B31	Ground
A16	SA15	A32	Ground	B16	DRQ3	B32	Ground

#### PC/104 C& D Pin

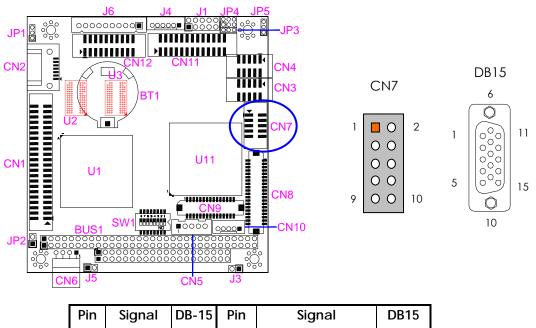
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
C1	GND	C11	MEMW#	D1	Ground	D11	-DACK#5
C2	SBHE	C12	SD8	D2	MEMCS16#	D12	DREQ5
C3	LA23	C13	SD9	D3	IOCS16#	D13	DACK#6
C4	LA22	C24	SD10	D4	IRQ10	D14	DREQ6
C5	LA21	C25	SD11	D5	IRQ11	D15	DACK#7
C6	LA20	C26	SD12	D6	IRQ12	D16	DREQ7
C7	LA19	C27	SD13	D7	IRQ15	D17	VCC
C8	LA18	C28	SD14	D8	IRQ14	D18	Master#
C9	LA17	C29	SD15	D9	DACK#0	D19	GND
C10	MEMR#	C20	KEY	D10	DREQ0	D20	GND

# **Chapter 3 Installing CRT Display**

This chapter describes the configuration and installation procedure of CRT displays.

## **CRT Display (CN7)**

The FB2412 supports a CRT colored monitor. It can be connected to create a compact video solution for the industrial environment. 4MB simulated VRAM allows a maximum CRT resolution of 1280X1024with 64K colors resolution of 1024X768 with 64K colors. The following table and figure illustrate the pin definition of CN7 and D-sub 15-pin on the CRT adapter cable:



Pin	Signal	DB-15	Pin	Signal	DB15
1	RED	1	2	Case Ground	Case
З	GREEN	2	4	Digital Ground	5,10
5	BLUE	3	6	Analog Ground	6,7,8
7	VSYNC	14	8	DDC Data	12
9	HSYNC	13	10	DDC Clock	15

# **Chapter 4 BIOS Setup**

This chapter describes the BIOS setup.

#### **Overview**

BIOS are a program located on a Flash memory chip on a circuit board. It is used to initialize and set up the I/O peripherals and interface cards of the system, which includes time, date, hard disk drive, the ISA bus and connected devices such as the video display, diskette drive, and the keyboard. This program will not be lost when you turn off the system.

The BIOS provides a menu-driven interface to the console subsystem. The console subsystem contains special software, called firmware that interacts directly with the hardware components and facilitates interaction between the system hardware and the operating system.

The BIOS default values ensure that the system will function at its normal capability. In the worst situation the user may have corrupted the original settings set by the manufacturer.

All the changes you make will be saved in the system RAM and will not be lost after power-off.

When you start the system, the BIOS will perform a self-diagnostics test called Power On Self Test (POST) for all the attached devices, accessories, and the system. Press the [Del] key to enter the BIOS Setup program, and then the main menu will show on the screen.

Note: Change the parameters when you fully understand their functions and subsequence.

Main	Advanced	PCIPnP	Boot	Security	Chipset	Exit
* Discar * Discar * * Load O	ptions hanges and E d Changes an d Changes ptimal Defau ailsafe Defa	d Exit lts	****	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* Exit *** * after * chang * F10 F * for * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	key can be used this operation. Select Screen Select Item Go to Sub Screen General Help
	v02.67 (	C)Copyrigh	t 1985-20	<i>0</i> 09, America	n Megatrend	ds, Inc.

#### □ BIOS Functions

On the menu, you can perform the following functions

- 1. Main
- 2. Advanced
  - > CPU Configuration
  - > IDE Configuration
  - Remote Access Configuration
  - USB Configuration
- 3. PCIPnP
- 4. Boot
  - Boot Settings Configuration
  - Boot Device Priority
  - Hard Disk Drives
  - CD/DVD Drivers
- 5. Security
  - Change Supervisor Password
  - Change User Password
  - Clear User Password
  - Boot Sector Virus Protection
- 6. Chipset
  - NorthBridge Configuration
  - SouthBridge Configuration
- 7. Exit
  - Save Changes and Exit: Exit system setup after saving the changes.F10 key can be used for this operation.
  - Discard Changes and Exit: Exit system setup without saving any changes. ESC key can be used for this operation.
  - Discard Changes: Discard changes down so far any of the set questions.
     F7 key can be used this operation.

- Load Optimized Default: to auto configure the system according to optimal setting with pre-defined values. This is also the factory default setting of the system when you receive the board.
- Load Fail-Safe Default: to configure the system in fail-safe mode with predefined values.

#### Keyboard Convention

On the BIOS, the following keys can be used to operate and manage the menu:

Item	Function
ESC	To exit the current menu or message
Page Up/Page Down	To select a parameter
Fl	To display the help menu if you do not know the purpose or function of the item you are going to configure
F8	Fail-Safe Default
F9	Optimized Default
F10	Save and exit
UP/Down Arrow Keys	To go upward or downward to the desired item

## **Main Setup**

This section describes basic system hardware configuration, system clock setup and BIOS version information. If the CPU board is already installed in a working system, you will not need to select this option anymore.

_ Main Advanced	PCIPnP	Boot	Security	Chipset Exit
<ul> <li>System Overview</li> <li>AMIBIOS</li> <li>Version :08.00.15</li> <li>Build Date:10/07/09</li> <li>ID :FB241200</li> <li>Processor</li> <li>Vortex86DX A9121</li> <li>Speed :800MHz</li> <li>Count :1</li> </ul>	****	*****	****	<pre>* Use [ENTER], [TAB] *** * or [SHIFT-TAB] to  * select a field. * * Use [+] or [-] to * configure system Time. * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *</pre>
<ul> <li>System Memory</li> <li>Size :128MB</li> <li>System Time</li> <li>System Date</li> </ul>	****	[05:38 [Sun (	3:19] 01/06/2008]	* * Select Screen * ** Select Item * +- Change Field * Tab Select Field * F1 General Help * F10 Save and Exit * ESC Exit *

#### System Memory

This option is display-only which is determined by POST (Power On Self Test) of the BIOS.

#### System Date & Time Setup

Highlight the <Date> field and then press the [Page Up] / [Page Down] or [+]/ [-] keys to set the current date. Follow the month, day and year format.

Highlight the <Time> field and then press the [Page Up] / [Page Down] or [+]/ [-] keys to set the current date. Follow the hour, minute and second format.

The user can bypass the date and time prompts by creating an AUTOEXEC.BAT file. For information on how to create this file, please refer to the MS-DOS manual.

## **Advanced Setup**

Select the Advanced tab from the setup screen to enter the Advanced BIOS Setup screen. You can select any of the items in the left frame of the screen, such as IDE Configuration, to go to the sub menu for that item. You can display an Advanced BIOS Setup option by highlighting it using the <Arrow> keys. All Advanced BIOS Setup options are described in this section. The Advanced BIOS Setup screen is shown below. The sub menus are described on the following pages

_ Main	Advanced	PCIPnP	Boot	Security	Chipset	Exit
* Advance	d Settings	*********	*******	*****	* Confi	gure CPU.
* WARNING *	: Setting w may cause	ong values system to			* *	
	onfiguratio				* *	
* * Remot	onfiguration e Access Con onfiguration	nfiguration	n		* *	
* *	om igu atio				*	
* *					* *	Select Screen
* *					* ** * Enter * F1	Select Item Go to Sub Screen General Help
~ * *					* F10 * ESC	Save and Exit
*					*	
*******	v02.67 ((	C)Copvright	1985-20		n Megatrend	s. Inc.

#### CPU Configuration

You can use this screen to select options for the CPU information. Use the up and down <Arrow> keys to select an item. Use the <Plus> and <Minus> keys to change the value of the selected option.

Note: The CPU Configuration setup screen varies depending on the installed processor.

Advanced		
* CPU Configuration * Module Version - 00.01	*****	* Options
<ul> <li>Manufacturer: DMP</li> <li>Brand String: Vortex86DX A9121</li> <li>Frequency : 800MHz</li> </ul>	*****	* Disabled * Enabled * *
* L1 Cache * Cache L1 : 16 KB	[Enabled]	*
<ul> <li>Cache</li> <li>Cache</li> <li>Cache L2 : 256 KB</li> </ul>	[Enabled]	* *
* * *		* * Select Screen * ** Select Item * +- Change Option
* * *		* F1 General Help * F10 Save and Exit * ESC Exit *
- * ν02.67 (C)Copuright 1		* * eαatrends. Inc.

#### IDE Configuration

You can use this screen to select options for the IDE Configuration Settings. Use the up and down <Arrow> keys to select an item. Use the <Plus> and <Minus> keys to change the value of the selected option. A description of the selected item appears on the right side of the screen. The settings are described on the following pages. An example of the *IDE Configuration* screen is shown below.

***************************************	******
* IDE Configuration * DISABLED: disabl	es the
* ************************************	
* OnBoard PCI IDE Controller [Both] * Controller.	
* PRIMARY: enables	only
* * Primary IDE Master : [Not Detected] * the Primary IDE	
* * Primary IDE Slave : [Not Detected] * Controller.	
* * Secondary IDE Master : [Not Detected] * SECONDARY: enabl	
* * Secondary IDE Slave : [Not Detected] * only the Seconda	ry IDE
* Controller,	
* Hard Disk Write Protect [Disabled] * BOTH: enables bo	th IDE
* IDE Detect Time Out (Sec) [35] * Controllers.	
* ATA(PI) 80Pin Cable Detection [Host & Device] *	
* * Select Scre * * Select Ite	
* * - Change Opt * F1 General He	
*	
* * FIO Save and E * * ESC Exit	XII
ESU EXIL	
	******
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#### Onboard PCI IDE Controller

This item specifies the IDE channels used by the onboard PCI IDE controller

Available Options: Primary, Secondary, Both and Disable

Default setting: Both

#### Primary/Secondary IDE Master/Slave

IDE hard drive controllers can support up to two separate hard drives. These drives have a master/slave relationship, which is determined by the cabling configuration used to attach them to the controller.

#### LBA/Large Mode

LBA (Logical Block Addressing) is a method of addressing data on a disk drive. In LBA mode, the maximum drive capacity is 137 GB. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default setting is *Auto* 

#### Hard Disk Type

The BIOS supports various types for user settings, The BIOS supports <Pri Master>, <Pri Slave>, so the user can install up to two hard disks. For the master and slave jumpers, please refer to the hard disk's installation descriptions and the hard disk jumper settings. You can select <AUTO> under the <TYPE> and <MODE> fields. This will Enabled auto detection of your IDE drives during boot up. This will allow you to change your hard drives (with the power off) and then power on without having to reconfigure your hard drive type. If you use older hard disk drives, which do not

support this feature, then you must configure the hard disk drive in the standard method as described above by the <USER> option.

#### PIO MODE

PIO means Programmed Input/Output. Rather than have the BIOS issue a series of commands to affect a transfer to or from the disk drive, PIO allows the BIOS to tell the controller what it wants and then let the controller and the CPU perform the complete task by them. This is simpler and more efficient (and faster). Your system supports five modes, numbered from 0 to 4, which primarily differ in timing. When Auto is selected, the BIOS will select the best available mode.

#### BLOCK (Multi-Sector Transfer)

This option allows your hard disk controller to use the fast block mode to transfer data to and from your hard disk drive (HDD).

#### S.M.A.R.T

This field is used to activate the S.M.A.R.T (System Management and Reporting Technologies) function for S.M.A.R.T HDD drives. This function requires an application that can give S.M.A.R.T message.

#### 32 Bit Data Transfer

This option sets the 32-bit data transfer option. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default setting is e*nabled*.

#### Hard Disk Write Protect

Set this option to protect the hard disk drive from being overwritten. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default setting is d*isabled*.

#### Available Options: Disabled, Enabled

#### Default setting: Disabled

#### IDE Detect Time Out (Sec.)

Set this option to stop the AMIBIOS from searching for IDE devices within the specified number of seconds. Basically, this allows you to fine-tune the settings to allow for faster boot times. Adjust this setting until a suitable timing that can detect all IDE disk drives attached is found.

<u>Available Options:</u> 0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, and 35

Default setting: 35

#### ATA(PI) 80 Pin Cable Detection

Set this option to select the method used to detect the ATA (PI) 80 pin cable. The use of an 80-conductor ATA cable is mandatory for running Ultra ATA/66, Ultra ATA/100 and Ultra ATA/133 IDE hard disk drives. The standard 40-conductor ATA cable cannot handle the higher speeds.

Available options: Host & Device, Host, and Device

#### Default setting: Host & Device

#### Remote Access Configuration

This option turns on remote access support in the BIOS and is the default setting. The remote access feature requires the use of the serial port1 connector at the CN3 or CN4 of the FB2412.

Advanced				
* Configure Remote Access type a	and parameters		<ul> <li>Select Remote Access</li> <li>type.</li> </ul>	
* Remote Access *	[Enabled]	* *	•	
<pre>* Serial port number * Base Address, IRQ * Serial Port Mode * Flow Control * Redirection After BIOS POST * Terminal Type * VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support * Sredir Memory Display Delay * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *</pre>	[COM1] [3F8h, 4] [115200 8,n,1] [None] [Always] [ANSI] [Enabled] [No Delay]	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Select Screen Select Item Change Option General Help Save and Exit Exit	
* * *********************************	1985-2009. American M	* * ******* edatren	**************************************	

#### Remote Access

This field is select remote access type.

Available Options: Enabled and Disable

#### Default setting: Enabled

#### Serial Port number

This field is the Serial port1 for console redirection. Make sure the port is Enabled.

#### Available Options: COM1

Default setting: COM1

Base Address, IRQ

This field is the I/O port address and Interrupt.

#### Available Options: 3F8, 4

#### Default setting: 3F8, 4

#### Serial Port Mode

This field is select Serial port1 can use any mode. Just keep in mind that the bits per second, data bits, parity, and stop bits must match terminal setting.

Available Options: 115200 8,n,1/57600 8,n,1/38400,8,n,1/19200,8,n,1/9600,8,n,1

Default setting: 9600, 8, n, 1

#### Flow Control

This field is Serial port1 can use flow control for console redirection.

Available Options: None, Hardware and Software

#### Default setting: None

#### Redirection After BIOS Post

These fields is select redirection is active during post and during boot loader or always active or off active. (Some Oss may not work if set to Always)

Available Options: Disabled, Boot Loader and Always

#### Default setting: Always

#### Terminal Type

This field is selecting the target terminal type.

#### Available Options: ANSI, VT100 and VT-UTFB

#### Default setting: ANSI

#### VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

This field is select VT-UTF8 combination key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals.

#### Available Options: Enabled and Disabled

#### Default setting: Enabled

#### Sredir Memory Display Delay

This field is givens the delay in seconds to display memory information.

#### Available Options: No Delay, Delay 1 Sec, Delay 2 Sec and Delay 4 Sec

#### Default setting: No Delay

#### USB Configuration

You can use this screen to select options for the USB Configuration.

Advanced			
<pre>* USB Configuration</pre>	******	<ul> <li>* Enables support f</li> <li>* legacy USB. AUTO</li> </ul>	******* <sup>2</sup> or
* Module Version - 2.24.2-13.4		<pre>* option disables * legacy support if</pre>	2
* USB Devices Enabled : * None		<ul> <li>* no USB devices ar</li> <li>* connected.</li> </ul>	
* * Legacy USB Support * USB 2.0 Controller Mode * BIOS EHCI Hand-Off *	[Enabled] [HiSpeed] [Enabled]	* * * *	
* * * *		* Select Scree *** Select Item *+- Change Opti *F1 General Hel *F10 Save and Ex	n Ion Ip
~ * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* ESC Exit	(1 L (******
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#### Legacy USB Support

Legacy USB Support refers to the USB mouse and USB keyboard support. Normally if this option is not enabled; any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard will not become available until a USB compatible operating system is fully booted with all USB drivers loaded. When this option is enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard can control the system even when there is no USB drivers loaded on the system. Set this value to Enabled or Disabled the Legacy USB Support.

Available Options: Disabled, Enabled and AUTO

#### Default setting: Auto

#### ➢ USB 2.0 Controller Mode

This field is configures the USB 2.0 controllers in High speed (480Mbps) or Full speed (12Mbps).

Available Options: HiSpeed and FullSpeed

Default setting: Hispeed

#### BIOS ECHI Hand-Off

This is a workaround for OS without ECHI Hand-Off support. The ECHI ownership change should claim by ECHI driver.

Available Options: Enabled and Disabled

Default setting: Enabled

## **PCIPnP Setup**

Select the *PCI/PnP* tab from the setup screen to enter the Plug and Play BIOS Setup screen. You can display a Plug and Play BIOS Setup option by highlighting it using the <Arrow> keys. All Plug and Play BIOS Setup options are described in this section. The Plug and Play BIOS Setup screen is shown below.

Main Adv	anced PCIPnP	Boot Secu	-ity Chipset	Exit
* Advanced PC	I/PnP Settings	**********		r NVRAM during
* ************************************	***************	*****	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	em Boot.
	tting wrong value v cause svstem to		tions **	
* IIIU	y cuuse system to	multune (10)	**	
∗ Clear NVRAM		[No]	**	
* Plug & Play		[No]	**	
* PCI Latency * PCI IDE Bus		[64] [Disabled]	**	
* FUL IDE DUS	ndster	[D12dD16d]	**	
* IRQ3		[Available]	**	
* IRQ4		[Available]	**	
* IRO5 * TRO7		[Available] [Available]	** *	Select Screen Select Item
* TR07 * TR09		[Available]	** **	Change Option
* ÎRŎ10		[Available]	** F1	General Help
* IR011		[Available]	** F10	Save and Exit
* IRQ14		[Available]	** ESC	Exit
* IRQ15 *		[Available]	**	
********	*****	*****	************	*****
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#### Clear NVRAM

Clear NVRAM during system boot.

#### Available Options: Yes, No

#### Default setting: No

#### Plug and Plug Aware O/S

Set to Yes to inform BIOS that the operating system can handle Plug and Play (PnP) devices.

#### Available Options: Yes, No

#### Default setting: No

#### PCI Latency Timer

This field specifies the latency timings (in PCI clock) PCI devices installed in the PCI expansion bus.

Available Options: 32, 64, 96, 128, 160, 192, 224, and 248

Default setting: 64

# PCI IDE BusMaster

This option is to specify that the IDE controller on the PCI local bus have busmastering capability.

Available Options: Enabled, Disabled

Default setting: Disabled

# ➢ IRQ 3 −15

When I/O resources are controlled manually, you can assign each system interrupt as one of the following types, based on the type of device using the interrupt:

Available: Specified IRQ is available to the used by PCI/PnP devices.

Reserved: Specified IRQ is reserved for used by Legacy ISA devices.

Available Options: Available and Reserved

Default setting: Available

# DMA Channel 0 – 7

When I/O resources are controlled manually, you can assign each system DMA as one of the following types, based on the type of device using the interrupt:

ISA/EISA devices comply with the original PC AT bus specification, requiring a specific interrupt (Such as IRQ5 for COM1).

PnP (PCI/ISA) devices: comply with the Plug and Play standard, whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture.

# **Boot Setup**

Select the *Boot* tab from the setup screen to enter the Boot BIOS Setup screen. You can select any of the items in the left frame of the screen, such as Boot Device Priority, to go to the sub menu for that item. You can display a Boot BIOS Setup option by highlighting it using the <Arrow> keys. All Boot Setup options are described in this section. Select an item on the Boot Setup screen to access the sub menu for:

- Boot Setting Configuration
- Boot Device Priority
- Hard disk drives
- Removable Drivers

Main	Advanced	PCIPnP	Boot	Security	Chipset	Exit
* Boot Se	**************************************	*********	·********	************	* Config	gure Settings g System Boot.
∗ * Boot 4	Settings Cor	figuratior			*	g oystom boot.
*					*	
*					*	
*					*	
* *					*	
*					*	
* *					*	
*					**	Select Screen
*					* ** * Enter	Select Item Go to Sub Screen
*					* Enter * F1	General Help
×					* F10	Save and Exit
*					* ESC *	Exit
×					*	
*******	**************************************	Copuriab	1985-20	************* 09 Americar	Megatrend	**************************************

<ul> <li>Boot Settings Configuration</li> <li>Quick Boot</li> <li>Bootup Num-Lock</li> <li>PS/2 Mouse Support</li> <li>Hit 'DEL' Message Display</li> <li>Hit 'DEL' Message Display</li> <li>Enabled]</li> <li>Select Screen</li> <li>Select Item</li> <li>Change Option</li> <li>F1 General Help</li> <li>F10 Save and Exit</li> <li>ESC Exit</li> </ul>		Boot	
* *	* ************************************	<pre> i Enabled i Enabled</pre>	<pre>** * certain tests while * booting. This will * decrease the time * needed to boot the * system. * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *</pre>
***************************************	* *************************************	***************************************	* *************************************

Boot Setting Configuration

# Quick Boot

This field is used to activate the quick boot function of the system. When set to Enabled,

- 1. BIOS will not wait for up to 40 seconds if a Ready signal is not received from the IDE drive, and will not configure its drive.
- 2. BIOS will not wait for 0.5 seconds after sending a RESET signal to the IDE drive.
- 3. You cannot run BIOS Setup at system boot since there is no delay for the Hit, Del. To run Setup message.

Available Options: Disabled, Enabled

Default setting: Enabled

#### Boot Up Num-Lock

This field is used to activate the Num Lock function upon system boot. If the setting is on, after a boot, the Num Lock light is lit, and user can use the number key.

Available options: On, Off

### Default setting: On

# PS/2 Mouse Support

The PS/2 mouse function is optional. Before you configure this field, make sure your system board supports this feature. The setting of *Enabled* allows the system to detect a PS/2 mouse on boot up. If detected, IRQ12 will be used for the PS/2 mouse. IRQ 12 will be reserved for expansion cards if a PS/2 mouse is not detected. *Disabled* will reserve IRQ12 for expansion cards and therefore the PS/2 mouse will not function.

Available options: Disabled, Enabled and Auto

Default setting: Auto

## Wait for 'F1' If Error

AMIBIOS POST error messages are followed by:

Press <F1> to continue

If this field is set to *Disabled*, the AMIBIOS does not wait for you to press the <F1> key after an error message.

Available options: Disabled, Enabled

Default setting: Disabled

## Hit 'DEL' Message Display

Set this field to *Disabled* to prevent the message as follows:

Hit 'DEL' if you want to run setup

It will prevent the message from appearing on the first BIOS screen when the computer boots.

Available options: Disabled, Enabled

Default setting: Enabled

# Boot Device

Use this screen to specify the order in which the system checks for the device to boot from. To access this screen, select Boot Device Priority on the Boot Setup screen and press <Enter>.

# First /Second /Third Hard Disk Boot Device

Set the boot device options to determine the sequence in which the computer checks which device to boot from. The settings are *Removable Dev., Hard Drive, or ATAPI CDROM.* 

**Note:** When you select a boot category from the boot menu, a list of devices in that category appears. For example, if the system has three hard disk drives connected, then the list will show all three hard disk drives attached

# Hard Disk Drives

Use this screen to view the hard disk drives in the system. To access this screen, select Hard disk drives on the Boot Setup screen and press <Enter>.

# Removable Drives

Use this screen to view the removable drives in the system. To access this screen, select removable drives on the Boot Setup screen and press <Enter>.

# **Security setup**

There are two security passwords: Supervisor and User. Supervisor is a privileged person that can change the User password from the BIOS. According to the default setting, both access passwords are not set up and are only valid after you set the password from the BIOS.

- Change Supervisor Password
- Change User Password
- Boot Sector Virus Protection

<u>Main Advanced PCIPnP Boot</u>	Security Chipset Exit
∗ Security Settings	* Install or Change the ************** * password.
<ul> <li>Supervisor Password :Not Installed</li> <li>User Password :Not Installed</li> </ul>	* *
* * Change Supervisor Password	* *
* Change User Password *	*
* Boot Sector Virus Protection [Disab *	led] * *
*	*
* *	* * Select Screen * ** Select Item
*	* Enter Change * F1 General Help * F10 Save and Exit
*	* ESC Exit
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*
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To set the password, please complete the following steps.

- 1. Select Change Supervisor Password.
- 2. Type the desired password (up to 6 character length) when you see the message, "Enter New Supervisor Password."
- 3. Then you can go on to set a user password (up to 6 character length) if required. Note that you cannot configure the User password until the Supervisor password is set up.
- 4. Enter Advanced BIOS Features screen and point to the Security Option field.
- 5. Select System or Setup.
- Always: a visitor who attempts to enter BIOS or operating system will be prompted for password.
- Setup: a visitor who attempts to the operating system will be prompted for user password. You can enter either User password or Supervisor password.

- 6. Point to Save Settings and Exit and press Enter.
- 7. Press Y when you see the message, "Save Current Settings and Exit (Y/N)?"

# Note: it is suggested that you write down the password in a safe place to avoid that password may be forgotten or missing.

# Clear User Password

Select Clear User Password from the Security Setup menu and press <Enter>. Clear New Password > [Ok] [Cancel] appears. Type the password and press <Enter>. The screen does not display the characters entered. Retype the password as prompted and press <Enter>.

# Password Check

This field enables password checking every time the computer is powered on or every time the BIOS Setup is executed. If *Always* is chosen, a user password prompt appears every time and the BIOS Setup Program executes and the computer is turned on. If *Setup* is chosen, the password prompt appears if the BIOS executed.

## Available options: Setup, Always

## Default setting: Setup

## Boot Sector Virus Protection

This option is near the bottom of the Security Setup screen. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default setting is *disabled* 

Enabled: Set this value to prevent the Boot Sector Virus Protection. This is the default setting.

Disabled: Select Enabled to enable boot sector protection, displays a warning when any program (or virus) issues a Disk Format command or attempts to write to the boot sector of the hard disk drive. If enabled, the following appears when a write is attempted to the boot sector. You may have to type N several times to prevent the boot sector write. Boot Sector Write!

Possible VIRUS: Continue (Y/N)? \_

The following appears after any attempt to format any cylinder, head, or sector of any hard disk drive via the BIOS INT 13 Hard disk drive Service:

Format!!! Possible VIRUS: Continue (Y/N)?

# **Chipset Setup**

This section describes the configuration of the board's chipset features.

- NorthBridge Configuration
  SouthBridge Configuration

<u>Main Adv</u>	anced PCIPnP	Boot S	Gecurity C	hipset	Exit
* Advanced Ch * WARNING: Se * ma * * NorthBrid	anced PCIPnP ipset Settings itting wrong value y cause system to ge Configuration ge Configuration	s in below	**************************************	* Option: * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*****
*					Exit
* ************ V	02.67 (C)Copyrigh	t 1985-2009	American M	* egatrends	**************************************

# Northbridge Configuration

You can use this screen to select options for the North Bridge Configuration. Use the up and down <Arrow> keys to select an item. Use the <Plus> and <Minus> keys to change the value of the selected option.

NorthBridge Chipset Configuration CPU Speed Setting DRAM Timing Setting By IBIOSI (BIOS) (CPU Speed Setting By (BIOS) (CPU Divide by 1) (CPU Divide by 1). Note:This will casue (CPU Divide by 1). Note:This will casue CMOS checksum error. (CPU Divide by 1). Note:This will casue CMOS checksum error. (CPU Divide by 1). Select Screen ** Select Item *- Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit			Chipset
CPU Speed Setting DRAM Timing Setting By IBIOSI	NorthBridge Chipset Config	uration	* CPU speed divide.
*	CPU Speed Setting DRAM Timing Setting By		<pre>* can't low than * Memory speed. * Or else, BIOS * will set this * Question to 0 * (CPU Divide by 1). * Note:This will casue * CMOS checksum error. * * Select Screen ** Select Item * Change Option * F1 General Help * F10 Save and Exit</pre>

# CPU Speed Setting

This Field is CPU speed divide. The CPU clock can't low than Memory speed. Or else, BIOS will set this Question to 0 (CPU Divide by 1). Note: This will cause CMOS checksum error.

Available Options: Divide By 1, and Divide By 2

Default setting: Divide By 1

# • DRAM Timing Setting By

This Field is SDRAM Timing Setting Control. By BIOS: Set timings by hard coding values in BIOS. By Manual: Set timings by Setup Options.

Available Options: BIOS, and Manual

Default setting: BIOS

		Chipset
• NorthBridge Chipset Configuration		* SDRAM Timing Setting **** * Control.
<pre>* CPU Speed Setting * DRAM Timing Setting By * CAS Latency * tWR * tRFC * tRP * tRCD * * * *</pre>	[Divide By 1] [Manual] [ 6 CLKs] [ 7 CLKs] [ 38] [ 7 CLKs] [15 CLKs]	<pre>* * By BIOS: * Set timings by hard * coding values in * BIOS. * * * By Manual: * Set timings by Setup * Options. * * * Select Screen *** Select Item *+- Change Option * F1 General Help * F10 Save and Exit * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *</pre>
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### **CAS** Latency

This field specifies the DDR Memory Timing: CAS Latency

Available Options: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7

### Default setting: 6

### tWR

This field specifies the DDR Memory Timing: write Recovery Time.

Available Options: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7

# Default setting: 7

# tRFC

This field specifies the DDR Memory Timing: REF/ACT to REF/ACT delay.

Available Options: 1 ~ 63.

# Default setting: 38

# tRP

This field specifies the DDR Memory Timing: PRE to ACT command period.

Available Options: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7

# Default setting: 7

tRCD

This field specifies the DDR Memory Timing: ACT to R/W command delay period.

Available Options: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15

# Default setting: 15

### Southbridge Configuration

You can use this screen to select options for the South Bridge Configuration. South Bridge is a chipset on the motherboard that controls the basic I/O functions, LAN port, and audio function.

 on	* ! INO 	tice ! Native Mode for Windows(R) XP
Enabled]	* oner * and * * *	
	* * * * * * * * F1 * F10 * ESC *	Select Screen Select Item Change Option General Help Save and Exit Exit

### OnBoard IDE Operate Mode

This item specifies the Native Mode ONLY for Windows(R) XP and 2000.

Available Options: Legacy, and Native mode

Default setting: Native mode

#### USB Port 0, 1

Set this value to allow system to enable and disable onboard USB port

Available Options: Disabled, and Enabled

Default setting: Enabled

### ISA Configuration

		Chipset
<ul> <li>ISA Clock</li> <li>ISA 16bits I/O wait-state</li> <li>ISA 8bits I/O wait-state</li> <li>ISA 16bits Memory wait-state</li> <li>ISA 8bits Memory wait-state</li> </ul>	[8.3MHz] [1 clock] [4 clock] [1 clock] [4 clock]	<pre>* Options * * 8.3MHz * 16.6MHz * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *</pre>
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## ISA Clock

This field sets the polling clock speed of ISA Bus (PC/104).

Available Options: 8.3MHz and 16.6 MHz

## Default setting: 8.3MHz

**NOTE:**1. PCICLK means the PCI BUS inputs clock (33Mhz). 2. User is recommended to use setting at 8.3MHz.

## ISA 8Bits/16bits wait-state

The recovery time is the length of time, measured in CPU clocks, which the system will delay after achieving an input/output request. This delay takes place to wait for the I/O to complete the request. This field specifies the recovery time for 8bit or 16bit I/O.

Available Options: 1 clock ~ 8 clock

Default setting: 1 clock/4 clock

## ISA 8Bits/16bits Memory wait-state

The recovery time is the length of time, measured in CPU clocks, which the system will delay after achieving an input/output request. This delay takes place to wait for the memory to complete the request. This field specifies the recovery time for 8bit or 16bit memory (ISA BUS MEMR/W SMEMR/W).

Available Options: 1 clock ~ 8 clock

Default setting: 1 clock/4 clock

# Serial Port Configuration

This section describes the function of Serial ports settings.

	Chips	et
* SB Serial Port 1 * Serial Port IRQ 1 * SB Serial Port 2 * Serial Port IRQ 2 * *		9121 Internal UART erial Port
* * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * + * F * F * E * E	10 Save and Exit
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# Serial Port 1~ 2 Address

These fields select the I/O port address for each Serial port.

Available Options: Disabled, 3F8H, 2F8H, 3E8H, 2E8H, and 2E0H.

Default setting: 3F8H/2F8H

# Serial Port 1 ~ 2 IRQ

This field is the Serial port 1 Interrupt.

Available Options: 4, 9, 10 and 11

Default setting: 4/3

Watchdog Configuration

	Chipset
<ul> <li>WatchDog 0 Function</li> <li>WatchDog 0 Signal Select [Reset]</li> <li>WatchDog 0 Timer</li> <li>WatchDog 0 Timer</li> <li>WatchDog 1 Function</li> </ul>	* Options * * Enabled * Disabled *
* * * *	* * * * *
* * * *	* * * Select Screen * ** Select Item * +- Change Option * F1 General Help * F1 General Help
* * * * ******************************	* F10 Save and Exit * ESC Exit * merican Megatrends. Inc.

## Watchdog 0/1 Function

This field specifies the Enabled or Disabled of the Watchdog Function.

Available Options: Disabled and Enabled

Default setting: Disabled

## Watchdog 0/1 Signal Select

This field is the Select IRQ, NMI or Reset signal trigger of onboard watchdog.

Available Options: IRQ 3 ~ IRQ12, IRQ14, IRQ15, NMI, and Reset

Default setting: Reset

#### Watchdog 0/1 Timer

This field is the Select when IRQ, NMI or Reset signal trigger timer of onboard watchdog.

Available Options: 2 Sec ~ 512 Sec

# Default setting: 64 Sec

Note: Please refer to the section of the "<u>Watchdog Timer</u>" in the Chapter 5 "Driver and Utility" for the detail description of the Watchdog ports register.

# On Board LAN Controller

This field specifies the Enabled or Disabled of the onboard LAN chip.

Available Options: Disabled, and Enabled

Default setting: Enabled

# LAN Boot ROM Controller

This field specifies the PXE boot ROM of the onboard LAN chip.

Available Options: Disabled, and Enabled

Default setting: Disabled

# **Chapter 5 Driver and Utility**

The enclosed diskette includes FB2412 VGA and LAN driver. To install and configure you FB2412 system, you need to perform the following steps.

# **VGA Drivers**

#### WINDOWS Driver

- 1 To install the VGA driver, insert the CD ROM into the CD ROM device, and enter DRIVER>VGA>SMI712. If your system is not equipped with a CD ROM device, copy the VGA driver from the CD ROM to a CF.
- 2 Execute setup.exe file.
- 3 The screen shows the SETUP type. Press any key to enter the main menu.
- 4 As the setup is completed, the system will generate the message as follows.

Yes, I want to restart my computer now. Installation is done!

No, I will restart my computer later.

System must be restart then complete the installation.

- 5 In the WINDOWS98/ME, you can find the <DISPLAYL> icon located in the {CONTROL PANEL} group.
- 6 Adjust the <Refresh Rate>, <Cursor Animation>, <Font size>, <Resolution>, and <Big Cursor>.

Note: If user uses Windows XP operation system, need the update Windows XP service pack2 is provide SMI712 VGA driver.

# LAN Utility & Driver

- 1 To install the LAN utility OR driver, insert the CD ROM into the CD ROM device, and enter DRIVER>LAN>RTL8139C>DIAG. If your system is not equipped with a CD ROM device, copy the LAN driver from the CD ROM to a CF.
- 2 Execute install.exe file.

Note: In the LAN directory, a HELPME.EXE file is included to provide installation information.

# **BIOS Flash Utility**

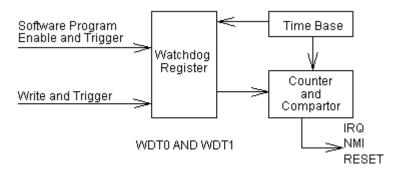
In the <UTILITY> directory, there is the jflash.exe file.

- Step 1: Use the XFLASH.EXE program to update the BIOS setting.
- Step 2: And then refer to the chapter "BIOS Setup", as the steps to modify BIOS.
- Step 3: Now the CPU board's BIOS loaded with are the newest program; user can use it to modify BIOS function in the future, when the BIOS add some functions.

# Watchdog Timer

This section describes how to use the Watchdog Timer 0 and Watchdog Timer 1, including disabled, enabled, and triggers functions.

The FB2412 is equipped with a programmable time-out period watchdog timer. User can use the program to enable the watchdog timer. Once you have enabled the watchdog timer, the program should trigger it every time before it times out. If your program fails to trigger or disable this timer before it times out because of system hang-up, it will generate a reset signal to reset the system or trigger an IRQ signal. The time-out period can be programmed to be 30.5µseconds to 512 seconds.



#### Watchdog Timer Setting

The watchdog timer (WDT0 and WDT1) is a circuit that may be used from your program software to detect crashes or hang-ups. The watchdog timer is automatically disabled after reset.

Once you have enabled the watchdog timer, your program must trigger the watchdog timer every time before it times-out. After you trigger the watchdog timer, it will be set to zero and start to count again. If your program fails to trigger the watchdog timer before time-out, it will generate a reset pulse to reset the system or trigger an IRQ signal and NMI to tell your program that the watchdog is times out. To access WDT0 registers the software programmer use the index port 22hh data port 23h and access WDT1 registers, its use IO ports 68h ~ 6Dh.

# Watchdog timer – WDT0 and WDT1

WDT 0	3Bh	3Ah	39h	
WDT 1	6Ah	6Bh	6Ch	
	D7D0	D7D0	D7D0	
	Cou	unter [MSB	LSB]	
For exam	ple:			
WDT 0	3Bh	3Ah	39h	
WDT 1	6Ah	6Bh	6Ch	
	00h	00h	01h	30.5 µsec
			02h	61.0µsec
	00h	01h	00h	7.8 m sec
	00h	02h	00h	15.6 m sec
	01h	00h	00h	2 sec
	02h	00h	00h	4 sec
	FFh	FFh	FFh	512 sec

# Select Watchdog Report Signal - WDT0 and WDT1

WDT 0	38h		
WDT 1		69h	
Bit 7-4	Watchdo	og timer time out report signal select	
	0000	Reserved	
	0001	IRQ3 selected	
	0010	IRQ4 selected	
	0011	IRQ5 selected	
	0100	IRQ6 selected	
	0101	IRQ7 selected	
	0110IRQ9 selected0111IRQ10 selected1000IRQ11 selected1001IRQ12 selected1010IRQ14 selected		
	1011	IRQ15 selected	
	1100	NMI selected	
	1101	System reset selected	
	1110	Reserved	
	1111	Reserved	
Bit 3-0	Other fur	nction.	
	Please do not modify these bits.		

# Watchdog Enabled/Disabled - WDT0 and WDT1

WDT 0	37h		
WDT 1	68h		
Bit 7	Reserved.		
Bit 6	0	0 Disable watchdog timer	
	1 Enable watchdog timer		
Bit 5-0	Other function.		
	Please do not modify these bits.		

- NOTE: 1. If you program the watchdog to generate IRQ15 signal when it times out, you should initial IRQ15 interrupt vector and enable the second interrupt controller (8259 PIC) in order to enable CPU to process this interrupt. An interrupt service routine is required too. Before you configure the IRQ signals, make sure they are not conflicted with other devices, like Floppy, printer, serial ports, LAN, and PS/2 mouse, etc. Refer to Table 2-2 Interrupt Controller for IRQ reference.
  - 2. Before you initialize the interrupt vector of IRQ15 and enable the PIC, please enable the watchdog timer previously; otherwise the watchdog timer will generate an interrupt at the time watchdog timer is enabled. If you want to generate IRQ15 signal to warn your program when watchdog times out, the following table listed the relation of timer factors between time-out periods. And if you use the IRQ15 signal to warn your program when watchdog timer out, please enter the BIOS Setup the <Peripheral Setup> menu, the <OnBoard PCI IDE> and <IDE Prefetch> these two items must set to Primary.

Imeout Status – WDI0 and WDI1		
WDT 0	3Ch	
WDT 1	6Dh	
Bit 7	) Timer timeout not happened - Read only.	
	1 Timer timeout happened - Read only.	
Bit 6	Write this bit "1" to reset watchdog timer (Only for WDT 0.)	
Bit 5-0	Other function.	

# Timeout Status – WDT0 and WDT1

#### Reload Register - WDT1

WDT 1	67h
Bit 7-0	Writer this port to reload Watchdog Timer Counter.
	The read date is unknown.

#### Setup Watchdog Timer Step - WDT0 and WDT1

#### WDT0 setup Step:

1. Unlock Registers by Index 22h and data port 23h.

Please do not modify these bits.

- 2. Index 37h Set Bit 6 = 0 to disable the watchdog timer 0 (WDT0).
- 3. Write the desired counter value to index 3Bh, 3Ah, and 39h.
- 4. Index 37h Set Bit 6 = 1 to enable the timer, the counter will begin to count up.
- 5. When counter reaches the setting value, the time out will generate signal setting by index 38h bit [7:4].
- 6. BIOS can read index 3Ch Bit 7 to decide whether the Watchdog timeout event will happen or not.

To clear the watchdog timer counter:

1. Index 3Ch set Bit 6 = 0 to disable timer. This will also clear counter at the same time.

### Watchdog Timer Enabled

To enable the watchdog timer 0 (WDT 0), you have to output a byte of timer factor to the watchdog register whose index address is 22h and data port is 23H. The following is an Assemble program, which demonstrates how to enable the watchdog timer and set the time-out period at 4 seconds.

;
; Unlock Configuration Register

·		
Mov Mov Out Mov Mov Out	dx,al dx,23h al,c5h	
; Enable	ed Watch dog	
Mov Mov Out Mov Mov Out	al,37h dx,22h dx,al al,40h dx,23h	;Index 37 Bit 6 set 1
,	Configuration Re	
, Mov Out Mov Mov Out	al,13h dx,al	;Exit the extended function mode

### Watchdog Timer Trigger

After you enable the watchdog timer, your program must write the same factor as enabling to the watchdog register at least once every time-out period to its previous setting. You can change the time-out period by writing another timer factor to the watchdog register at any time, and you must trigger the watchdog before the new time-out period in next trigger.

; Timer	Counter	
Mov Mov Out	al,02h dx,3bh dx,al	 ;Index 3bh set 02h =4 sec
; Syster	m Reset or Int	
Mov Mov Out ;Mov Mov Mov Out	al,38h dx,22h dx,al al,50h al,d0h dx,23h dx,al	;Trigger IRQ7 ;System Reset
•		tchdog Timer
Mov Mov In Or Mov	al,3ch dx,22h dx,al al,40h dx,23h dx,al	;Trigger Watchdog

# Watchdog Timer Disabled

To disable the watchdog timer, simply write a 00H to the watchdog register.

;-----; Disabled Watchdog

;		
Mov	al,37h	
Mov	dx,22h	
Out	dx,al	
Mov	al,00h	;Index 37 Bit 6 set 0
Mov	dx,23h	
Out	dx,al	

### WDT1 setup Step:

- 1. Write time into register 6Ah-6Ch.
- 2. Select signal from register 69h.
- 3. Set register 68h bit 8 to enable WDT1.

To clear the watchdog timer counter:

1. Write any value to register 67H

### Watchdog Timer Enabled

To enable the watchdog timer 1 (WDT 1), you have to output a byte of timer factor to the watchdog ports address is 68h. The following is an Assemble program, which demonstrates how to enable the watchdog timer 1 and set the time-out period at 4 seconds.

;-----; Enabled Watch dog

;		
Mov	al,40h	
Mov	dx,68h	;IO port 68h Bit 6 set 1
Out	dx,al	

### Watchdog Timer Trigger

;		
	Counter	
, Mov Mov Out	al,02h dx,6ah	; IO port 68h set 02h = 4 sec
; Interru	pt or System	Reset
, Mov ;Mov	al,50h al,d0h dx,69h dx,al	
, ; Trigge	r (Reset) Wa	tchdog Timer
, Or Mov Out	al,40h dx,67h dx,al	; IO port 67h Trigger Watchdog

# Watchdog Timer Disabled

To disable the watchdog timer, simply write a 00H to the watchdog register.

; Disabled Watchdog ;-----

;-----

Mov	al,40h	; IO port 68h disabled Watchdog
Mov	dx,68h	
Out	dx,al	

# Chapter 6 Technical Reference

This section outlines the errors that may occur when you operate the system, and also gives you the suggestions on solving the problems.

Topic include:

- Trouble Shooting for Post Beep & Error Messages
- Technical Reference

# **Trouble Shooting for Post Beep and Error Messages**

The following information informs the Post Beep & error messages. Please adjust your systems according to the messages below. Make sure all the components and connectors are in proper position and firmly attached. If the errors still exist, please contact with your distributor for maintenance.

#### POST BEEP

Currently there are two kinds of beep codes in BIOS setup.

- One indicates that a video error has occurred and the BIOS cannot initialize the video screen to display any additional information. This beep code consists of a single long beep followed by three short beeps.
- The other indicates that an error has occurred in your DRAM. This beep code consists of a constant single long beep.

#### Error Message

### CMOS BATTERY FAILURE

When the CMOS battery is out of work or has run out, the user has to replace it with a new battery.

# CMOS CHECKSUM ERROR

This error informs that the CMOS has corrupted. When the battery runs weak, this situation might happen. Please check the battery and change a new one when necessary.

# DISK BOOT FAILURE

When you can't find the boot device, insert a system disk into Drive A and press < Enter >. Make sure both the controller and cables are all in proper positions, and also make sure the disk is formatted. Then reboot the system.

# DISKETTE DRIVES OR TYPES MISMATCH ERROR

When the diskette drive type is different from CMOS, please run setup or configure the drive again.

# ERROR ENCOUNTERED INITIALIZING HARD DRIVE

When you can't initializes the hard drive, ensure the following things:

- 1. The adapter is installed correctly
- 2. All cables are correctly and firmly attached
- 3. The correct hard drive type is selected in BIOS Setup

# ERROR INITIALIZING HARD DISK CONTROLLER

When this error occurs, ensure the following things:

- 1. The cord is exactly installed in the bus.
- 2. The correct hard drive type is selected in BIOS Setup
- 3. Whether all of the jumpers are set correctly in the hard drive

# KEYBOARD ERROR OR NO KEYBOARD PRESENT

When this situation happens, please check keyboard attachment and no keys being pressed during the boot. If you are purposely configuring the system without a keyboard, set the error halt condition in BIOS Setup to HALT ON ALL, BUT KEYBOARD. This will cause the BIOS to ignore the missing keyboard and continue the boot procedure.

## MEMORY ADDRESS ERROR

When the memory address indicates error, you can use this location along with the memory map for your system to find and replace the bad memory chips.

# MEMORY SIZE HAS CHANGED

Memory has been added or removed since last boot. In EISA mode, use Configuration Utility to re-configure the memory configuration. In ISA mode enter BIOS Setup and enter the new memory size in the memory fields.

# MEMORY VERIFYING ERROR

It indicates an error verifying a value is already written to memory. Use the location along with your system's memory map to locate the bad chip.

# OFFENDING ADDRESS MISSING

This message is used in connection with the I/O CHANNEL CHECK and RAM PARITY ERROR messages when the segment that has caused the problem cannot be isolated.

## **REBOOT ERROR**

When this error occurs that requires you to reboot. Press any key and the system will reboot.

# SYSTEM HALTED

Indicates the present boot attempt has been aborted and the system must be rebooted. Press and hold down the CTRL and ALT keys and press DEL.

# **Technical Reference**

# Physical and Environmental

Temperature: Operating 0°C ~ 60°C

Relative humidity 5 % to 95 % non-condensing

# □ Real-Time Clock and Non-Volatile RAM

The FB2412 contains a real-time clock compartment that maintains the date and time in addition to storing configuration information about the computer system. It contains 14 bytes of clock and control registers and 114 bytes of general purpose RAM. Because of the use of CMOS technology, it consumes very little power and can be maintained for long periods of time using an internal Lithium battery. The contents of each byte in the CMOS RAM are listed below:

Address	Description
00	Seconds
01	Second alarm
02	Minutes
03	Minute alarm
04	Hours
05	Hour alarm
06	Day of week
07	Date of month
08	Month
09	Year
0A	Status register A
OB	Status register B
0C	Status register C
0D	Status register D
OE	Diagnostic status byte
OF	Shutdown status byte
10	Diskette drive type byte, drive A and B
11	Fixed disk type byte, drive C

Address	Description
12	Fixed disk type byte, drive D
13	Reserved
14	Equipment byte
15	Low base memory byte
16	High base memory byte
17	Low expansion memory byte
18	High expansion memory byte
19-2D	Reserved
2E-2F	2-byte CMOS checksum
30	Low actual expansion memory byte
31	High actual expansion memory byte
32	Date century byte
33	Information flags (set during power on)
34-7F	Reserved for system BIOS

Register	Description			
00h -10h	Standard AT-compatible RTC and Status and Status Register data			
	definitions			
11h – 13h	Varies			
14h	Equipment			
	Bits	7-6 Number of Floppy Drives		
		00 1 Drive		
		01 2 Drives		
	Bits	5-4 Monitor Type		
		00 Not CGA or MDA 01 40x25 CGA		
		01 2 Drives 80x25 CGA		
	Bits	3 Display Enabled		
		0 Disabled		
		1 Enabled		
	Bit	2 Keyboard Enabled		
		00 Not CGA or MDA 01 40x25 CGA		
	D:1	01 2 Drives 80x25 CGA		
	Bit	1 Math Coprocessor Installed		
		0 Absent 1 Present		
	Bit	0 Floppy Drive Installed		
	DII	0 Disabled		
		1 Enabled		
15h	Base N	Memory (in 1KB increments), Low Byte		
16h	Base Memory (in 1KB increments), High Byte			
17h	IBM-co	IBM-compatible memory (in 1KB increments), Low Byte		
18h		IBM-compatible memory (in 1KB increments), High Byte (max 15 MB)		
19h-2Dh	Varies			
2Eh	Standard CMOS RAM checksum, high byte			
2Fh	Standard CMOS RAM checksum, low byte			
30h	IBM-compatible Extended Memory, Low Byte (POST) in KB			
31h	IBM-compatible Extended Memory, High Byte (POST) in KB			
32h	Century Byte			
33h	Reserved. Do not use			
34h	Reserved. Do not use			
35h	Low byte of extended memory (POST) in 64 KB			
36h	High byte of extended memory (POST) in 64 KB			
37h-3Dh	Varies			
3Eh	Extended CMOS Checksum, Low Byte (including 34h-3Dh)			
3Fh	Extended CMOS Checksum, High Byte (including 34h-3Dh)			

# CMOS RAM Map

# I/O Port Address Map

Each peripheral device in the system is assigned a set of I/O port addresses, which also becomes the identity of the device. There is a total of 1K-port address space available. The following table lists the I/O port addresses used on the Industrial CPU Card.

Address	Device Description
000h - 01Fh	DMA Controller #1
020h - 021h	Interrupt Controller #1
022h – 023h	WDT 0 Control Register
040h - 05Fh	Timer Controller
060h - 064h	Keyboard Controller
066h – 06fh	WTD1 Control Ports
070h - 073h	Real Time Clock, NMI
080h - 09Fh	DMA Page Register
0A0h - 0BFh	Interrupt Controller #2
0C0h - 0DFh	DMA Controller #2
0F0h	Clear Math Coprocessor Busy Signal
0F1h	Reset Math Coprocessor
1F0h - 1F7h	IDE Interface
290h – 297h	System Chipset
2F8h - 2FFh	Serial Port #2(COM2)
2B0 - 2DF	Graphics adapter Controller
3C0 - 3CF	EGA adapter
3D0 - 3DF	CGA adapter
3F8h - 3FFh	Serial Port #1(COM1)

# □ Interrupt Request Lines (IRQ)

There are a total of 15 IRQ lines available on the Industrial CPU Card. Peripheral devices use interrupt request lines to notify CPU for the service required. The following table shows the IRQ used by the devices on the Industrial CPU Card.

Level	Function
IRQ0	System Timer Output
IRQ1	Keyboard
IRQ2	Interrupt Cascade
IRQ3	Serial Port #2
IRQ4	Serial Port #1
IRQ5	LAN #1
IRQ6	- Reserved -
IRQ7	- Reserved -
IRQ8	Real Time Clock
IRQ9	USB#1
IRQ10	- Reserved -
IRQ11	USB#O
IRQ12	PS2 Mouse
IRQ13	FPU
IRQ14	Primary IDE
IRQ15	Secondary IDE(CF)

### Serial Ports

The ACEs (Asynchronous Communication Elements ACE1 to ACE2) are used to convert parallel data to a serial format on the transmit side and convert serial data to parallel on the receiver side. The serial format, in order of transmission and reception, is a start bit, followed by five to eight data bits, a parity bit (if programmed) and one, one and half (five-bit format only) or two stop bits. The ACEs are capable of handling divisors of 1 to 65535, and produce a 16x clock for driving the internal transmitter logic.

Provisions are also included to use this 16x clock to drive the receiver logic. Also included in the ACE a completed MODEM control capability, and a processor interrupt system that may be software tailored to the computing time required to handle the communications link.

DLAB	Port Address	Register
0	Base + 0	Receiver buffer (read)
		Transmitter holding register (write)
0	Base + 1	Interrupt enable
х	Base + 2	Interrupt identification (read only)
х	Base + 3	Line control
х	Base + 4	MODEM control
х	Base + 5	Line status
х	Base + 6	MODEM status
х	Base + 7	Scratched register
1	Base + 0	Divisor latch (least significant byte)
1	Base + 1	Divisor latch (most significant byte)

The following table is a summary of each ACE accessible register

## Receiver Buffer Register (RBR)

Bit 0-7: Received data byte (Read Only)

## Transmitter Holding Register (THR)

Bit 0-7: Transmitter holding data byte (Write Only)

# Interrupt Enable Register (IER)

Bit 0: Enable Received Data Available Interrupt (ERBFI)

- Bit 1: Enable Transmitter Holding Empty Interrupt (ETBEI)
- Bit 2: Enable Receiver Line Status Interrupt (ELSI)
- Bit 3: Enable MODEM Status Interrupt (EDSSI)
- Bit 4: Must be 0
- Bit 5: Must be 0
- Bit 6: Must be 0
- Bit 7: Must be 0

# Interrupt Identification Register (IIR)

- Bit 0: "0" if Interrupt Pending
- Bit 1: Interrupt ID Bit 0
- Bit 2: Interrupt ID Bit 1
- Bit 3: Must be 0
- Bit 4: Must be 0
- Bit 5: Must be 0
- Bit 6: Must be 0
- Bit 7: Must be 0

## Line Control Register (LCR)

Bit 0: Word Length Select Bit 0 (WLSO)

WLS1	<b>WLSO</b>	Word Length
0	0	5 Bits
0	1	6 Bits
1	0	7 Bits
1	1	8 Bits

Bit 1: Word Length Select Bit 1 (WLS1)

Bit 2: Number of Stop Bit (STB)

Bit 3: Parity Enable (PEN)

Bit 4: Even Parity Select (EPS)

- Bit 5: Stick Parity
- Bit 6: Set Break
- Bit 7: Divisor Latch Access Bit (DLAB)

#### MODEM Control Register (MCR)

Bit 0: Data Terminal Ready (DTR)

- Bit 1: Request to Send (RTS)
- Bit 2: Out 1 (OUT 1)
- Bit 3: Out 2 (OUT 2)
- Bit 4: Loop
- Bit 5: Must be 0
- Bit 6: Must be 0
- Bit 7: Must be 0

#### Line Status Register (LSR)

- Bit 0: Data Ready (DR)
- Bit 1: Overrun Error (OR)
- Bit 2: Parity Error (PE)
- Bit 3: Framing Error (FE)
- Bit 4: Break Interrupt (BI)
- Bit 5: Transmitter Holding Register Empty (THRE)
- Bit 6: Transmitter Shift Register Empty (TSRE)

Bit 7: Must be 0

### MODEM Status Register (MSR)

- Bit 0: Delta Clear to Send (DCTS)
- Bit 1: Delta Data Set Ready (DDSR)
- Bit 2: Training Edge Ring Indicator (TERI)
- Bit 3: Delta Receive Line Signal Detect (DSLSD)

- Bit 4: Clear to Send (CTS)
- Bit 5: Data Set Ready (DSR)
- Bit 6: Ring Indicator (RI)
- Bit 7: Received Line Signal Detect (RSLD)

$\triangleright$	Divisor Latch (LS	, MS)
------------------	-------------------	-------

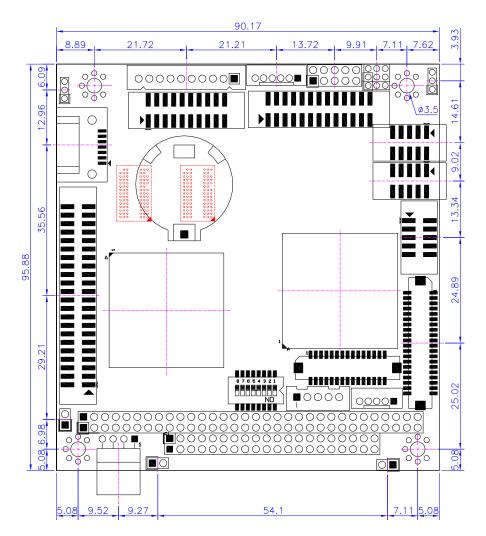
	LS	MS
Bit O:	Bit O	Bit 8
Bit 1:	Bit 1	Bit 9
Bit 2:	Bit 2	Bit 10
Bit 3:	Bit 3	Bit 11
Bit 4:	Bit 4	Bit 12
Bit 5:	Bit 5	Bit 13
Bit 6:	Bit 6	Bit 14
Bit 7:	Bit 7	Bit 15

Desired Baud Rate	Divisor Used to Generate 16x Clock
300	384
600	192
1200	96
1800	64
2400	48
3600	32
4800	24
9600	12
14400	8
19200	6
28800	4
38400	3
57600	2
115200	1

# Appendix

# Dimension

> Top Side



> Solder Side

