# **User Manual**

# ADVANCED ENERGY<sup>®</sup> RFDS 2K-2V GENERATOR

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5705060-B

#### ∕▲WARNING

Read this entire manual and all other publications pertaining to the work to be performed before installing, operating, or maintaining this equipment. Practice all plant and product safety instructions and precautions. Failure to follow instructions can cause personal injury and/or property damage. All personnel who work with or who are exposed to this equipment must take precautions to protect themselves against serious or possibly fatal bodily injury.

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# Introduction

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#### **READ THIS PAGE!**

We know that some of you want to start the generator now and that you don't feel you have the time to read the entire manual. Following are sub-sections you need to read in order to get started. *Overview of the Manual* and *Interpreting the Manual* are short sections intended to guide you through the manual.

*Overview of the Manual* explains the organization of the manual, so you can more quickly find what you need. *Interpreting the Manual* explains the type conventions (what it means when a word appears in capitalized italic type, for instance), and what the icons (symbols) mean.

# **OVERVIEW OF THE MANUAL**

The main table of contents is an outline of the major topics covered in the manual. It contains only the chapter titles and the first heading levels within each chapter, so you can skim it and get an idea of what is contained, without being overwhelmed by several heading levels.

When you turn to a chapter, a table of contents lists each sub-heading in the chapter and its page number.

# INTERPRETING THE MANUAL

# **Type Conventions**

To help you quickly pick out what is being discussed, the manual presents certain words and phrases in type that are different from the rest of the text.

Pin and signal names appear in capitalized italics (*RF PWR ON CMD.D*). Labels that are on the unit (switches, indicators, etc.) generally appear in boldface capital letters (**MODIFY**). Exceptions are port names, which simply begin with a capital letter (User port).

Functions are printed in boldface lowercase letters (analog input filtering).

### Symbols

#### 

This symbol warns you of imminent physical hazard to you if proper procedures are not followed.

#### / WARNING:

This symbol calls your attention to a condition or situation that could cause injury to you or damage to equipment.

The following symbols appear on labels on your unit.

Short circuit protected





1024

General danger (Refer to Manual)



CE label



#### Warning Labels



Non-Ionizing



NRTL



1154

GS Label



1155

# **USER SAFETY**

Do not attempt to install or operate this equipment without having proper training first.

Make sure this unit is properly grounded.

Ensure all cables are connected and are tight.

Verify that input line voltage and current capacity are correct before turning the generator.

Use proper ESD precautions.

DO NOT BE CARELESS AROUND THIS EQUIPMENT.

#### 🗥 WARNING:

**RISK OF DEATH OR BODILY INJURY Disconnect all sources of input power before working on this unit or system.** 

# PRODUCT SAFETY AND COMPLIANCE

### **Directives**

#### ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC)

89/336/EEC	EC Council directive on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility (EMC Directive with amendments).
47 CFR Part 18	Code of Federal Regulations—Limits and Methods of Measure- ment of Radio Interferance Characteristics of Industrial, Scientific, and Medical Equipment.
SAFETY	
73/23/EEC	EC Council directive on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits (LVD - Low Voltage Directive with amendments).

#### Standards

This device has been designed to meet the following Safety and EMC standard(s):

- EN 50082-2
- EN 50178
- EN 55011 (Class A, Group 2) (CISPR 11)
- VDE 0160
- CSA-C22.2 No. 107.1-M91
- UL 1012

This device must be installed and used only in compliance with the standards listed in addition to VDE 0113, EN 60204 (IEC 204), and applicable requirements.

For more information, refer to the letter of conformance (US) or declaration of conformity (EU) accompanying the product.

# Theory of Operation

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#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The RFDS 2K-2V is a 13.56 MHz RF generator designed to regulate its output power based on delivered power. The unit is designed to deliver a nominal 2 kW into a 2:1 VSWR load and 1.5 kW into a 3:1 VSWR load. The RFDS 2K-2V has internal protection limits permitting safe and reliable operation into all load conditions.

The unit is controlled through a 25-pin analog/digital user port. There is no operator control panel provided on this unit.

AC power for the RFDS 2K-2V is supplied from a 4-wire, 3 \$\overline\$ with ground, 208 Vac (nominal) power source. No neutral connection is required. The unit is water cooled with no provisions or requirements for forced air cooling.

#### **Regulation Mode**

The RFDS 2K-2V regulates by delivered power as measured at the output of the generator.

# Cooling

Cooling is to be accomplished by way of water cooling only. The unit must operate normally with inlet water temperatures up to  $25^{\circ}$ C ( $77^{\circ}$ F). The minimum flow rate required to operate with an inlet water temperature of  $25^{\circ}$ C ( $77^{\circ}$ F) must be no less than 7.57 liters (2 gallons) per minute. The cooling system must be capable of handling line pressures up to 100 psi (6.9 bars).

# **Ambient Operating Temperature**

The RFDS 2K-2V operates reliably with an ambient air temperature range of 5° to 40°C. This assumes minimum water flow and maximum water temperature conditions.

# Humidity

The RFDS 2K-2V operates in a non-condensing, 15 to 85% relative humidity environment. Critical components and assemblies are conformally coated to prevent damage due to moisture build up.

### Interlock

The RFDS 2K-2V provides connections through its 25-pin User port interface for a single loop-through interlock string. A contact resistance of 3  $\Omega$  or less between the interlock pins enables the unit.

# Protection

The RFDS 2K-2V protects itself from damage under the following conditions:

- Any unmatched load condition at the unit output. Output power fold-back (limiting) occurs as required by the generator protection circuits.
- Excessive internal temperature (may be caused by lack of proper cooling water flow, excessive ambient operating temperature, or other causes).
- Any combination of input AC line phase drop out.
- Input line brown out (under voltage) or over voltage.

# THEORY OF OPERATION



Figure 2-1 and the following paragraphs provide a description of the high-level operation of your RFDS 2K-2V generator.

Figure 2-1. RFDS 2K-2V block diagram

#### INPUT (1)

In the input section, 208 Vac, 3  $\phi$ , line voltage is routed through a circuit breaker and line filter to a 3  $\phi$  contactor and the input of an auxiliary supply (2). The contactor, when closed, delivers the line voltage to a diode bridge, where it is rectified to 300 Vdc. The 300 Vdc bus is provided to the inverter section (3).

#### AUXILIARY SUPPLY (2)

The auxiliary supply provides dc power to control and logic circuits throughout the generator. Its switching design operates at 230 kHz and generates approximately 250 W of power at 30 Vdc,  $\pm 15$  Vdc, and 5 Vdc. It also supplies limited 24 Vdc and 15 Vdc power to the control connector for external use.

#### INVERTER (3)

The inverter provides variable-amplitude dc power to the RF power amplified (4B). It uses MOSFET transistors as switches to convert the 300 Vdc bus from the input section to a variable 0 to 200 Vdc signal. A 0 to 10 Vdc analog signal from the control section (6) regulates the dc voltage. At full rated power, this section must supply up to 4000 W to the power amplifier (4B).

#### RF MODULE (4)

The RF module converts dc energy from the inverter to 13.56 MHz and efficiently delivers it to a 50  $\Omega$  load. It consists of three sections mounted on a single heat sink: the driver/ exciter (4A), the power amplified (4B), and the output tank/filter (4C). The RF module uses a space- and power-efficient design that is made possible by a patented RF amplifier developed at Advanced Energy Industries, Inc.

#### DRIVER/EXCITER (4A)

The hybrid driver/ecxciter provides a buffered 13.56 MHz signal capable of driving the power amplifier (4B). It contains three stages of amplification. The driver/exciter is designed to drive extremely low impedance loads and is short-circuit protected to prevent damage due to mishandling or failures in succeeding stages. It can provide at least twice the power required to drive the power amplifier to its full-rated output power.

#### POWER AMPLIFIER (4B)

The power amplifier (PA) uses the dc power from the inverter (3) to boost the signal from the exciter (4A) to the required output level. The PA consists of two AE proprietary hybrid modules. The efficient operation of this section results in low heat dissipation which allows a compact arrangement of components. The PA has a built-in 65% headroom for reliability when operated into plasma loads. It uses a new class of operation patented by AE.

#### OUTPUT TANK/FILTER (4C)

This section removes unwanted harmonics generated by the power amplifier and matches the impedance of the amplifier to a 50  $\Omega$  load.

The planar photolithographic techniques used in the output tank circuitry eliminate air coils and their associated variability due to operating conditions or manufacturing tolerances. This provides the RFDS 2K-2V generator with extremely stable and consistent operating characteristics.

#### POWER MEASUREMENT SYSTEM (5)

This section provides stable, precise, analog signals representing the delivered and reflected power measured at the output connector. The measurement system consists of a microstrip directional coupler, and an RF-to-dc converter.

The directional coupler samples the forward and reflected power and has a flat-coupling coefficient that provides accurate power measurement into any load. The RF-to-dc converter provides the linearizer with constant dc voltages proportional to the forward and reflected power, which are stable over wide variations of load impedance and temperature.

The measurement system is calibrated using a computerized test station.

#### CONTROL AND LOGIC (6)

The control and logic module accepts analog and digital commands from the operator and processes internal feedback signals to control the generator. It also provides status information to the operator.

The control and logic module monitors the delivered power signal from the measurement system and compares it to the requested setpoint. Any resulting error signal is used to adjust the variable 0 to 200 Vdc output of the power inverter (3) and hence the output of the power amplifier (4B).

# Specifications

Physical	3-1
Electrical	3-1
Environmental	3-3

# PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Table 3-1. Physical Specifications

Size	12.5 cm H x 17.8 cm W x 38.1 cm D (4.9 in H x 7 in W x 15 in D) with rubber feet (3M)	
Weight	11.8 Kg (26 lb) maximum	
<b>Connector / Cable Specifications</b>		
RF Output Connector	HN Female	
AC Power Input	3 meter, 4-wire, 10 AWG with Marinco 3015P Crimp, or equivalent	
User Port Connector	25-pin, subminiature-D, female	
Coolant Connectors	0.25 in female NPT	

# **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Table 3-2. Electrical Specifications

Input Power Specifications	
Line Voltage	187 to 229 Vac (208 Vac nominal), 3 ¢ with ground
Line Frequency	50 to 60 Hz
Line Current	15 A / \$\$\phi\$ maximum (at full rated RF output power)
Overcurrent Protection	20 A circuit breaker
Output Power	2000 W nominal into loads of ≤2:1 VSWR; 1500 W nominal into loads of ≤3:1 VSWR (See Figure 3-1 for output power limits)
Regulation	$\pm 1\%$ of setpoint or $\pm 3$ W (whichever is greater) into a 50 $\Omega$ load
Frequency	13.56 MHz, ±0.005%
Response Time	< 20 ms rise and fall time from RF on or RF off
Load Mismatch	The generator operates continuously into any load mismatch without failure.

Harmonics	At full rated output, all harmonics are $\leq$ -55 dBc below the RF output signal when operated into a 50 $\Omega$ , non- reactive load.
Spurious Signals	Non-harmonic spurious and noise signals are ≤-40 dBc
Transient Response	Less than 0.1% change in output power for a 10% change in the ac line voltage



Figure 3-1. RFDS 2K-2V Power Derating Curve

### **ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Table 3-3. Climatic Conditions:

	Temperature	Relative Humidity	Air Pressure
	Class 3K3	Class 3K3	Class 3K3,
Operating	$+5^{\circ}C$ to $+40^{\circ}C$	5% to 85% <sup>(note 1)</sup>	86 kPa to 106 kPa
	+41°F to 104°F	1 g/m <sup>3</sup> to 25 g/m <sup>3</sup>	860 mBar to 1060 mBar
	Class 1K4	Class 1K3	Class 1K4
Storage	-25°C to +55°C	5% to 95%	86 kPa to 106 kPa
	-13°F to 131°F	$1 \text{ g/m}^3 \text{ to } 29 \text{ g/m}^3$	860 mBar to 1060 mBar
	Class 2K3	Class 2K3	Class 2K3
Transportation	-25°C to +55°C (note 4)	95% (note 2)	70 kPa to 106 kPa
	-13°F to 131°F	$60 \text{ g/m}^3 \text{ (note 3)}$	700 mBar to 1060 mBar

- Note 1: Non-Condensing
- Note 2: Maximum relative humidity when the unit temperature slowly increases, or when the unit temperature directly increases from -25° to +30°C
- Note 3: Maximum absolute humidity when the unit temperature directly decreases from +70° to +15°C.
- Note 4: The unit may be subjected to a maximum temperature of +70°C (+158°F) if the cumulative exposure does not exceed 24 hours.

Table 3-4. Environmental Specifications

Coolant Medium Requirements		
Temperature	+15°C to +30°C (+59°F to +86°F) inlet temperature	
Flow Rate	7.57 lpm (2 gpm) minimum	

Pressure	100 psi maximum inlet pressure
Contaminates	<ul><li>The following specifications are recommended for the water used to cool the RFDS 2K-2V:</li><li> pH between 7 and 9</li></ul>
	• Total chlorine < 20 ppm
	• Total nitrate < 10 ppm
	• Total sulfate < 100 ppm
	• Total dissolved solids < 250 ppm
	• Total hardness expressed as calcium carbonate equivalent less than 250 ppm
	<ul> <li>Specific resistivity of 2500 Ω/cm or higher at 25°C</li> </ul>
	• Total dissolved solids (TDS) as estimated by the following:
	$TDS \le \frac{640,000}{\text{specific resistivity } (\Omega/\text{cm})}$

Table 3-4. Environmental Specifications

# Connectors, Controls, and Indicators

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# **CONNECTORS AND PINS**

#### **User Port**



1045

User Port Signal Characteristics 25-pin, subminiature-D, shielded, female

Unless othrwise specified, all analog signals are 0 to 10 V, all digital input signals drive opto-coupler LEDs (4 to 30 V required for LED turn-on), and all digital output signals are opto-coupled (open-collector signals with return lines non-referenced to ground, 45 V dc and 12 mA maximum).

Signal Pin	Return Pin	Signal Name	Signal Type	Description
2	15	REFLECTED PWR MONITOR.A	Analog Output	This 0 to 10 Vdc signal monitors the reflected power as measured at the output of the generator. It is scaled to represent 0 to 2500 W (1 V = 250 W).
3	16	DELIVERED PWR MONITOR.A	Analog Output	This 0 to 10 Vdc signal monitors the level of delivered power as measured at the output of the generator. It is scaled to represent 0 to 2000 W (1 V = 200 W). Accuracy is $\pm 1\%$ of setpoint or 3 W, whichever is greater, into a 50 $\Omega$ load. The impedance between <i>pin 3</i> and <i>pin 16</i> should be no less than 2 $\Omega$ .
4	17	RF PWR ON.D	Digital Input	This signal is connected to the anode of an opto-coupler LED through a 1 k $\Omega$ , 1 W resistor (the cathode is connected to <i>pin 17</i> ). RF power is enabled when a voltage of 4 to 30 Vdc is applied across <i>pins 4</i> and <i>17</i> . RF power is disabled when the voltage across <i>pins 4</i> and <i>17</i> is less than 1.5 Vdc.
5	18	SETPOINT.A	Analog Input	This 0 to 10 Vdc signal controls the level of delivered power. It is scaled to represent 0 to 2000 W (1 V = 200 W). When operating into a 50 $\Omega$ , non-reactive load, the generator's accuracy is ±1% of the level between 300 and 2000 W. Between 30 and 300 W, the accuracy is ±3 W.
6	19	24 VOLT DC	24 Vdc	24 Vdc regulated output, 50 mA maximum current
8		RESERVED		Reserved for future use

Table 4-1. User Port Pin Description Table

Signal Pin	Return Pin	Signal Name	Signal Type	Description
10	23	INTERLOCK		<i>Pins 10</i> and 23 form a system interlock loop. These pins must be connected together with less than 3 $\Omega$ series resistance for the main contactor to close, as well as a coaxial connector properly installed on the output RF connector, in order to provide power to the inverter. An open interlock (approximately 5 $\Omega$ ) will not allow the RF to be turned on. If the interlock is opened when RF STATUS.D is active, RF turns off, the 3 $\phi$ contactor opens, and the rear panel AC ON and RF ON LEDs go out. To restore RF power, it is only necessary to satisfy the interlock. It takes approximately 0.5 s to restore RF power after the interlock is satisfied. As the series resistance between pins 23 and 10 increases, the time needed to engage the interlock also increases. A resistance greater than 5 $\Omega$ will not satisfy the interlock.
12		RESERVED		Reserved for future use
13	19	15 VOLT DC	15 Vdc	15 volt regulated output, 50 mA maximum current

Table 4-1. User Port Pin Description Table

Signal Pin	Return Pin	Signal Name	Signal Type	Description
14	1	SETPOINT STATUS.D	Digital Output	This signal is connected to the collector terminal of an opto- coupled NPN tranisistor (the emitter terminal is connected to <i>pin 1</i> ). A low impedance between <i>pins 14</i> and <i>I</i> indicates that the generator cannot produce the power requested by the SETPOINT.S control voltage between <i>pins 5</i> and <i>18</i> . The rear panel ALARM LED lights when this condition exists. The maximum current through <i>pins 14</i> and <i>I</i> is limited to 12 mA, the maximum differential voltage is limited to 45 Vdc, the minimum differential voltage is -0.5 Vdc, and the maximum common mode voltage between <i>pins 14</i> and <i>I</i> to chassis ground is $\pm 50$ V.
19	6 and 13	POWER SUPPLY RETURN	Refer- ence	This signal is a dedicated ground that returns to the internal system and chassis ground, and finally to protective-earth ground.
20	7	RF STATUS.D	Digital output	This signal is connected to the collector terminal of an opto- coupled NPN transistor (the emitter terminal is connected to <i>pin 7</i> ). A low impedance between <i>pins 20</i> and 7 indicates that the RF output is enabled and also lights the RF ON LED. The maximum current through <i>pins 20</i> and 7 is limited to 12 mA; the maximum differential voltage is limited to 45 Vdc; the minimum differential voltage is -0.5 Vdc; the maximum common mode voltage between <i>pins 20</i> and 7 to chassis ground is $\pm 50$ V.

Table 4-1. User Port Pin Description Table

Signal Pin	Return Pin	Signal Name	Signal Type	Description
21		CHASSIS GROUND		This pin is tied to the same chassis ground reference that <i>pin 19</i> is connected to.
22	9	OVERTEMP SHUTDOWN .D	Digital Output	This signal is connected to the collector terminal of an opto- coupled NPN transistor (the emitter terminal is connected to <i>pin 9</i> ). A low impedance between <i>pins 22</i> and 9 indicates that the generator has turned off RF power because the internal temperature is too high and also turns on the ALARM LED. An overtemperature fault will not allow RF to be turned on. If the overtemperature fault occurs while the RF STATUS.D signal is active, RF is turned off. Check the cooling water flow and temperature as well as consulting Chapter 7 to assist you in clearing this fault. <i>Note:</i> If the temperature in the unit continues to rise, a second thermal limit may be reached at which point all power to the unit is shut off.
23	10	INTERLOCK		Refer to <i>pin 10</i> for a description.

Table 4-1. User Port Pin Description Table

Signal Pin	Return Pin	Signal Name	Signal Type	Description
24	11	AC ON.D	Digital Output	This signal is connected to the collector terminal of an opto- coupled NPN transistor (the emitter terminal is connected to <i>pin 11</i> ). A low impedance state between <i>pins 24</i> and <i>11</i> indicates that ac power has been applied, all three phases are present, the interlock is satisfied, the main contactor is closed, and the ac voltage to the main power inverter is within the specified voltage range. The AC ON LED also lights. The maximum current through <i>pins 24</i> and <i>11</i> is limited to 12 mA; the maximum differential voltage is limited to 45 Vdc; the minimum differential voltage between <i>pins 24</i> and <i>11</i> to chassis ground is $\pm$ 50 V.
25		RESERVED		Reserved for future use

Table 4-1. User Port Pin Description Table



Figure 4-1. Differential analog inputs



Figure 4-2. Differential analog outputs



Figure 4-3. Digital inputs (optically isolated)



Figure 4-4. Digital outputs (optically isolated)

# SWITCHES, CONTROLS, AND INDICATORS

#### **Controls and Switches**

The RFDS 2K-2V does not have an operator control panel. All power, control, and water connections are made at the front of the unit.

#### Indicators

Three status LEDs are visible from the rear of the unit for monitoring the following functions.

Table 4-2. Status LEDs

AC ON	This green LED indicates that ac power is available within the unit, all three phases are present, the main contactor is energized, the ac voltage to the inverter section is within the allowable voltage range, and all interlock criteria are satisfied. The unit is ready to supply RF output power.
RF ON	This green LED indicates that RF power is on. Depending on the selected setpoint value, RF power may or may not be present at the output connector.
ALARM	This green LED indicates that the unit is unable to satisfy the requested setpoint power due to some limit or alarm condition in the generator. Some of the conditions that can cause an alarm are high VSWR, over-temperature, and internal power limits.

#### **FRONT PANEL**

The front panel is a blank panel. Everything required for operation is on the rear panel.

# **REAR PANEL**



1117

Figure 4-5. Rear panel drawing

# Installation And Setup

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#### SETTING UP

# Unpacking

Unpack and inspect your generator carefully. Check for obvious physical damage. If no damage is apparent, proceed with the unit connections. If you do see signs of shipping damage, contact Advanced Energy Industries, Inc., and the carrier immediately. Save the shipping container for submitting necessary claims to the carrier.

# GROUNDING

The RFDS 2K-2V provides an RFI ground mounting lug. A suitable chassis ground connection made to this mounting lug prevents or minimizes radio frequency interference.

**Note:** For more information about grounding, refer to AE Application Notes titled *Grounding* p/n 5600031A.

# SPACING REQUIREMENTS



# **CONNECTING COOLING WATER**

This generator is water cooled. Do not operate it until water is connected and the cooling requirements are met.

# **A** WARNING:

If you connect the cooling water on multiple units in series, be sure that input water temperature to all units is less than the maximum input water temperature.

Connect the input and output water connections and tighten securely. Turn on the water and ensure that there are no leaks. Be sure that the flow rate and temperature are within the minimum specifications required to operate your RFDS 2K-2V generator.

**Note:** Keep the water-cooling system running as long as the rear circuit breaker is on. Overheating can occur even if RF is not being produced, because the auxiliary power supply is also water-cooled.

# **CONNECTING INPUT POWER**

#### **DANGER**:

Before making any input line power connection, turn off building circuit breakers supplying input power to the RFDS 2K-2V. Also, ensure that the circuit breakers on the rear panel are in the OFF position.

Check to be sure the input power is within the specifications shown in Chapter 3.

Insert the twist-lock Hubbel connector from the generator into the source power and twist the connector to secure.

# **CONNECTING OUTPUT POWER**

#### A warning: RISK OF DEATH OR BODILY INJURY

Disconnect all sources of input power before working on this unit or anything connected to it.

Be sure that the input power is turned off at the circuit breakers on the generator.

Install the output power cable connector. After tightening the connector, install the locking bracket and tighten the captive screw to secure the bracket and connector.

# Operation

# **FIRST-TIME OPERATION**

### Start-up

Before doing anything further, be sure the setup of the RFDS 2K-2V is completed, including the installation of any termination plugs that are required.

#### ▲ DANGER:

The RFDS 2K-2V can operate without being hooked up to either a chamber or a dummy load. You are exposed to high voltage output from the unit if you do not hook the output to either a dummy load or a chamber.

**Note:** If using a dummy load, connect the RFDS 2K-2V to it with a RG-393 cable and an appropriate load. If you are going to connect the generator to your chamber be sure to satisfy all chamber conditions for operation.

The following steps will aid you in setting up your generator initially.

- 1. Make sure the power in, power out, and User port connectors are installed.
- 2. Turn on the source power circuit breakers
- 3. Turn on the generator power circuit breakers. The AC ON LED should come on.
- 4. Select the proper operation mode and power level through the User port. When the proper power is being produced, the RF ON LED should come on.

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### CHECK FIRST

#### **Power Off Checks**

- 1. Check for visible damage on the unit, cables, and connectors.
- 2. Check to ensure that all connectors are installed correctly and tightly fastened.
- 3. Check input power to be sure that it is present and meets specifications.
- 4. Check ground connections and ensure that they are adequate and secure.

# **Power On Checks**

- 1. Check input power connection to ensure the proper power is being supplied the unit.
- 2. Check LEDs and determine that the proper ones are lit.

# FAULT INDICATION

The RFDS 2K-2V generator has three thermal sensors to protect its circuitry and to alert you to overtemperature conditions within the generator. Two of these sensors, when tripped, result in a partial shutdown of the generator. If either of these sensors activates, the RF power is turned off, the RF ON LED goes out, and the ALARM LED lights to indicate that a problem exists. Additionally, the OVERTEMP signal in the user interface (*pins 22* and *9*) activate to alert the system to the condition. After the unit cools down, this alarm condition may be reset by toggling the RF PWR ON command (*pins 4* and *17*). During this type of overtemperature alarm, the SETPOINT STATUS signal (*pins 14* and *1*) do not go active because the RF power is disabled.

If the third temperature sensor is tripped, the generator is completely shut down to protect its critical circuits. When this fault occurs, the ac circuit breaker remains on but none of the internal power circuits are active. The generator must be allowed to cool down and then the circuit breaker must be toggled to restore operation. Because of the nature and locations of the three temperature sensors, it is possible that this shutdown sensor may trip before the other two sensors. If this happens, no LED or system warning is given because all power in the generator is disabled.

Overtemperature conditions are usually the result of cooling water problems. If an overtemperature fault occurs, check to make sure that the minimum water flow requirement is being met and that the maximum inlet water temperature has not been exceeded.

### LIMIT INDICATION

The ALARM LED lights whenever the generator cannot achieve the setpoint power level. This condition is also reported through the remote interface (pins 1 and 14). Limits are nonlatching; they do not shut off power and will reset once the condition causing the alarm clears. Several possible conditions can trigger the alarm condition, including:

- external load conditions resulting in high VSWR. This condition may indicate a problem in the chamber or that the load match between the generator and the load is not operating properly. This may also cause the following conditions.
- maximum dissipation allowd within the power amplified section.
- internal overvoltage at the main supply rail or the power amplified terminals.
- internal maximum current limit.

#### **OPERATING CONDITIONS** Signal/LED Signal Status/LED State **High VSWR Loads\* Normal Operation Overtemperature\*** Not active. An open circuit Active. A low impedance Not active. An open circuit exists SETPOINT (high impedance) between between pins 1 & 14 between pins 1 & 14. STATUS.D pins 1 & 14 indicates the indicates the generator is not generator is producing the producing the requested requested setpoint. setpoint. REFLECTED Analog voltage between Analog voltage between Analog voltage between *pins 2* pins 2 & 15 is 0 to 10V, *pins* 2 & 15 is > 4V, PWR & 15 is 0 V, indicating 0 W indicating 0 to 2500W of indicating reflected power is MONITOR.A reflected power. greater than 1000W. VSWR reflected power (1V=250W). of the load exceeded the operating parameters of the generator.

# **TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE**

OPERATING CONDITIONS						
Signal/LED	Signal/LED Signal Status/LED State					
	Normal Operation High VSWR Loads*		Overtemperature*			
DELIVERED PWR MONITOR.A	Analog voltage between <i>pins</i> 3 & 16 is 0 to 10V, Indicating delivered power level is 0 to 2000W (1V=200W).	Analog voltage between pin 3 & 16 is > 2V, indicating delivered power level of 500W or greater.	Analog voltage between <i>pins 3</i> & $16$ is > 2V, indicating delivered power level of 500W or greater.			
RF STATUS.D	Active. Low impedance between <i>pins</i> 7 & 20 indicates RF output enabled.	Active. Low impedance between <i>pins</i> 7 & 20 indicates RF output enabled.	Inactive. A high impedance between <i>pins</i> 7 & 20 indicates RF output is disabled.			
OVERTEMP.D	Not Active. Open circuit (high impedance) between <i>pins 9</i> and 22 indicates normal temperature.	Not Active. Open circuit (high Impedance) between <i>pins 9</i> and 22 indicates normal temperature.	Active. A low impedance between <i>pins 9</i> and 22 indicates the internal temperature of the generator has exceeded its safe operating temperature.			
AC ON.D	Active. A low impedance between <i>pins 11 &amp; 24</i> indicates (1) ac input voltage is on, (2) interlocks are satisfied and, (3) ac power is applied to main switching power supply and is within specifications.	Active. A low impedance between <i>pins 11 &amp; 24</i> indicates ac input voltage is on, interlocks are satisfied and ac power is applied to main switching power supply.	Active. A low impedance between <i>pins 11 &amp; 24</i> indicates ac input voltage is on.			
AC ON LED	lit	lit	lit			
RF ON LED	lit	lit	not lit			
ALARM LED	not lit	lit	lit			

	<b>OPERATING CONDITIONS</b>				
Signal/LED		Signal Status/LED Sta	te		
	Normal Operation	High VSWR Loads*	Overtemperature*		
CHECK		*If the unit cannot achieve the requested setpoint power due to mismatched loads. Verify the power setpoint for the resulting VSWR, or reflection coefficient is within the limits of the power derating curve.	*If the unit has shut off RF powe due to a high temperature condition but the generator has not completely shut down. Check for proper water flow and temperature (2 gpm minimum at 25°C maximum). When the internal temperature is brought back to its operating range, the overtemperature condition can be cleared. You must toggle pin 4 low and then high to turn RF output back on. A second overtemperature fault latches the auxiliary supply in the generator completely off. This latching occurs when either no water or inadequate water is flowing in the generator and the system is unattended. After the generator has cooled off, reset the circuit breaker to clear this fault.		

# **OTHER TECHNICAL PROBLEMS**

For technical support contact:

Advanced Energy Industries, Inc. Customer Support 1625 Sharp Point Drive Fort Collins, CO 80525 Phone: 970-221-4670 Fax: 970-221-5583 Email: support@ftc1.aei.com

# **Returning Units for Repair**

Before returning any product for repair and/or adjustment, **FIRST**, **FOLLOW ALL TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES**. If, after following these procedures you still have a problem or if the procedure instructs you to, call AE Customer Service and discuss the problem with a representative. Be prepared to give the serial number of the unit and the reason for the proposed return. This cousultation call allows Customer Service to determine whether the problem can be corrected in the field or if the unit needs to be returned. Such technical consultation is always available at no charge.

If you return a unit without first getting authorization from Customer Service and that unit is found to be functional, you will be charged a re-test and calibration fee plus shipping charges. To ensure years of dependable service, Advanced Energy<sup>®</sup> products are thoroughly tested and designed to be among the most reliable and highest quality systems available worldwide. All parts and labor carry our standard 18-month warranty.

If you have any other questions, please call an AE office at:

	1
Advanced Energy Industries, Inc.	Phone: 970-221-0108
World Headquarters	Fax: 970-221-5583
1625 Sharp Point Drive	
Fort Collins, CO 80525, USA	
Advanced Energy Industries, Inc.	Phone: 512-719-3939
8403 Cross Park Drive, Suite 2D	Fax: 512-719-4319
Austin, TX 78754, USA	
Advanced Energy Industries, Inc.	Phone: 408-263-8784
491 Montague Expressway	Fax: 408-263-8992
Milpitas, CA 95035, USA	
Advanced Energy Industries, Inc.	Phone: 508-371-1381
228 Oak Hill Circle	Fax: 508-371-0569
Concord, MA 01742, USA	
Advanced Energy Industries, GmbH	Phone: 49-711-77927-0
Raiffeisensstrasse 32	Fax: 49-711-7778700
70794 Filderstadt	
(Bonlanden) Germany	
Advanced Energy Industries, Japan KK	Phone: 81-3-32351511
TOWA Edogawabashi	Fax: 81-3-32353580
Building 347 Yamabuki-cho	
Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo, Japan	
Advanced Energy Industries, United	Phone: 44-1869-321622
Kingdom	Fax: 44-1869-325004
Suite 412, Market Court	
Victoria Road	
Bichester, Oxon OX6 7QB UK	

# WARRANTY INFORMATION

### **Warranty Claims**

Advanced Energy® products are warranted to be free from failures due to defects in material and workmanship for 12 months after they are shipped from the factory (please see warranty statement, below, for details).

In order to claim shipping or handling damage, you must inspect the delivered goods and report such damage to AE within 30 days of your receipt of the goods. Please note that failing to report any damage within this period is the same as acknowledging that the goods were received undamaged.

For a warranty claim to be valid, it must:

- be made within the applicable warranty period,
- include the product serial number and a full description of the circumstances giving rise to the claim,
- have been assigned a return authorization number (see below) by AE Customer Service.

All warranty work will be performed at an authorized AE service center (see list of contacts at the front of the manual). You are responsible for obtaining authorization (see details below) to return any defective units, prepaying the freight costs, and ensuring that the units are returned to an authorized AE service center. AE will return the repaired unit (freight prepaid) to you by second-day air shipment (or ground carrier for local returns); repair parts and labor will be provided free of charge. Whoever ships the unit (either you or AE) is responsible for properly packaging and adequately insuring the unit.

#### **Authorized Returns**

Before returning any product for repair and/or adjustment, call AE Customer Service and discuss the problem with them. Be prepared to give them the serial number of the unit and the reason for the proposed return. This consultation call will allow Customer Service to determine if the unit must actually be returned for the problem to be corrected. Such technical consultation is always available at no charge.

Units that are returned without authorization from AE Customer Service and that are found to be functional will not be covered under the warranty (see warranty statement, below). That is, you will have to pay a retest and calibration fee, and all shipping charges.

#### **Upgrading Units**

AE's products are continually changing as ways to improve them are discovered. AE is happy to upgrade older units so that they reflect recent improvements. The fee for upgrading a unit will be a percentage of the current list price, based on the age of the

unit. Such an upgraded unit will carry a 6-month warranty (which will be added to any time remaining on the original warranty). Contact Customer Service for specifics on getting an older unit upgraded to the current revision level.

#### Warranty

The seller makes no express or implied warranty that the goods are merchantable or fit for any particular purpose except as specifically stated in printed AE specifications. The sole responsibility of the Seller shall be that it will manufacture the goods in accordance with its published specifications and that the goods will be free from defects in material and workmanship. The seller's liability for breach of an expressed warranty shall exist only if the goods are installed, started in operation, and tested in conformity with the seller's published instructions. The seller expressly excludes any warranty whatsoever concerning goods that have been subject to misuse, negligence, or accident, or that have been altered or repaired by anyone other than the seller or the seller's duly authorized agent. This warranty is expressly made in lieu of any and all other warranties, express or implied, unless otherwise agreed to in writing. The warranty period is 12 months after the date the goods are shipped from AE. In all cases, the seller has sole responsibility for determining the cause and nature of the failure, and the seller's determination with regard thereto shall be final.

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