

Networking Gateway

Product Manual

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About This Manual

This manual contains the following chapters:

- **Chapter 1 Product Description**: Describes the Networking Gateway and its components.
- **Chapter 2 Installation**: Describes how to install the system and its components.
- **Chapter 3 Operation and Administration**: Describes how to use the web-based management application for configuring parameters and managing the Networking Gateway.
- **Appendix A Print Server**: Describes how to configure the printer server.

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Chapter 1 - Product Description

In This Chapter:

- Introducing the Networking Gateway IDU, page 2
- Functions and Features, page 3
- Specifications, page 6

1.1 Introducing the Networking Gateway IDU

Alvarion's Networking Gateway Indoor Unit (IDU) enables operators and service providers using Alvarion's Broadband Wireless Access system to provide subscribers with a number of broadband services transparently.

The Networking Gateway IDU together with the SU-ODU comprises a Subscriber Unit that provides data connections to the Base Station. The four 10/100Base-T Ethernet ports connect to the user's data equipment, providing comprehensive routing functionality and supporting various security features. User's data equipment equipped with either IEEE 802.11b (11M) or IEEE 802.11g (54M) compatible wireless adapters can connect to the unit via its built-in Wireless LAN port, functioning as an Access Point.

The Networking Gateway IDU is powered from the mains. The Networking Gateway IDU is connected to the ODU via a category 5E Ethernet cable. This cable carries the Ethernet data between the two units as well as power (54 VDC) and control signals to the ODU. It also carries status indications from the ODU.

The Networking Gateway is designed for remote management and supervision using the built-in internal web server.

The Networking Gateway is easily updated and upgraded as it supports remote software and configuration file download.

1.2 Functions and Features

1.2.1 Basic Functions

Auto-sensing Ethernet Switch

Equipped with a 4-port auto-sensing Ethernet switch.

Printer sharing

Embedded print server to allow all of the networked computers to share one printer through the USB host port.

WAN Types

Support of several WAN types: Static, Dynamic, PPPoE, PPTP, and Dynamic IP with Road Runner Session Management (e.g., Telstra, BigPond).

Firewall

All unwanted packets from outside intruders can be blocked to protect the Intranet.

■ DHCP Server Support

All of the networked computers can retrieve TCP/IP settings automatically from the Networking Gateway.

Web-based configuring

Configurable through any networked computer's web browser.

■ Virtual Server Support

Enables to expose WWW, FTP and other services on your LAN to other Internet users.

■ User-Definable Application Sensing Tunnel

Users can define the attributes to support special applications requiring multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and so on. The Networking Gateway can sense the application type port as a trigger and open a multi-port tunnel for it.

■ DMZ Host Support

Allows one specific networked computer to be fully exposed to the Internet. This function is used when special application sensing tunnel feature is insufficient to allow an application to function correctly. Use with caution.

Statistics of WAN Support

Enables to monitor inbound and outbound packets.

1.2.2 Wireless Functions

■ High speed for wireless LAN connection

Up to 54 Mbps data rate by incorporating Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM).

■ IEEE 802.11b compatible (11M)

Allowing inter-operation among multiple vendors.

■ IEEE 802.11g compatible (54M)

Allowing inter-operation among multiple vendors.

Auto fallback

54M, 48M, 36M, 24M, 18M, 12M, 6M data rates with auto fallback in 802.11g mode.

11M, 5.5M, 2M, 1M data rates with auto fallback in 802.11b mode.

1.2.3 Security Functions

Packet Filter

Packet Filter allows controlling access to a network by analyzing the incoming and outgoing packets and letting them pass or blocking them based on the source and destination IP addresses and ports.

Domain Filter Support

Enables preventing users from accessing specific domains by disabling the DNS resolution.

■ URL Blocking Support

URL Blocking uses keywords to block hundreds of applicable websites connections.

VPN Pass-through

The Networking Gateway can also support VPN pass-through.

■ 802.1X Support

When the 802.1X function is enabled, the Wireless user must be authenticated by the Networking Gateway before being allowed to use the Network services.

■ SPI Mode Support

When SPI Mode is enabled, the Networking Gateway checks every incoming packet and detects if this packet has changed its IP address since initial negotiation.

DoS Attack Detection Support

When this feature is enabled, the Networking Gateway detects and logs Denial of Service (DoS) attack arriving from the Internet.

1.2.4 Advanced Functions

System Time

Allows synchronizing system time with a network time server, with the PC, or set the time manually.

■ E-mail Alert

The Networking Gateway can be configured to send its log file by mail.

Dynamic DNS

At present, the Networking Gateway supports 3 Dynamic DNSs: DynDNS.org, TZO.com and dhs.org.

Routing Table

The Networking Gateway supports static routing and two kinds of dynamic routing: RIP1 and RIP2.

Schedule Rule

Customers can control the schedule (when to allow and when to block) for several functions, such as virtual server and packet filters.

1.3 Specifications

1.3.1 Radio Specifications

Table 1: Radio Specifications

Item	Description
Item	Description
Frequency	2400-2483.5 MHz
Wireless LAN Standards	Compliant with IEEE 802.11b and IEEE 802.11g
Output Power	10, 12, 15, 17 dBm
Data Rates	■ IEEE 802.11g mode: 54M, 48M, 36M, 24M, 18M, 12M, 6M with auto fallback in.
	■ IEEE 802.11b mode: 11M, 5.5M, 2M, 1M with auto fallback in.

1.3.2 Regulatory Standards Compliance

Table 2: Regulatory Standards Compliance

Туре	Standard			
EMC	ETS EN 301 489-17			
Safety	■ EN 60950 (CE)			
	■ IEC 60 950 US/C UL			
Radio	■ ETSI 300 328			
	■ FCC Part 15			
Immunity	EN 55024:1998			

1.3.3 Environmental

Table 3: Environmental Specifications

Item	Details
Operating temperature	0°C to 40°C
Operating humidity	5%-95% non condensing

1.3.4 Mechanical

Table 4: Mechanical Specifications

Item	Details
Dimensions (W x H x D)	190.5 x 26.2 x 111 mm
Weight	0.62 kg

1.3.5 Electrical

Table 5: Electrical Specifications

Item	Details			
Power Transformer	100-240 VAC, 50-60 Hz, 2A max.			
	Supplies 5 VDC (for the Networking Gateway IDU) and 55 VDC (for			
	the ODU via the RADIO connector)			
Power Consumption	■ Networking Gateway IDU (5 VDC): 10W max			
	■ ODU (55 VDC): 50W max.			

Chapter 2 - Installation

In This Chapter:

- Installation Requirements, page 10
- Panels Layout and Components, page 11
- <u>Installation and Commissioning</u>, page 14

2.1 Installation Requirements

2.1.1 Packing List

- Networking Gateway IDU
- Antenna
- Power Transformer
- Mains power cord

2.1.2 Additional Installation Requirements

- Ethernet cable(s) for connecting to the end-user's data equipment.
- Mains plug adapter or termination plug (if the power plug on the supplied AC power cord does not fit local power outlets).
- PC with an Ethernet card and an Ethernet cable for configuring the Networking Gateway IDU parameters using a web browser, and for configuring the SU-ODU parameters using Telnet.
- Other installation tools and materials (e.g., means for securing cables to walls, etc.)

2.2 Panels Layout and Components

2.2.1 Front Panel

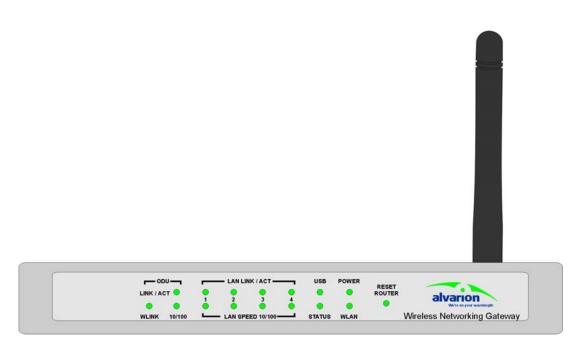


Figure 1: Front Panel

2.2.1.1 Front Panel LEDs

Table 6: Front Panel LEDs

LED	Function	Status	Description
POWER	Power Indication	On	Power is available.
WLAN	Wireless LAN Activity	Blinking	Sending or receiving data via wireless LAN.
USB		On	The USB port is linked.
	USB Port Activity	Blinking	The USB port is sending or receiving data.
STATUS	System Status	Blinking	The unit is functioning properly.
LAN LINK/ACT 1~4		On	An active station is connected to the corresponding LAN port.
	LAN Status	Blinking	The corresponding LAN port is sending or receiving data.

LED	Function	Status	Description
LAN SPEED 10/100	LAN Port Data Rate	On	Data rate is 100 Mbps on the corresponding LAN port.
1~4		Off	Data rate is 10 Mbps on the corresponding LAN port.
ODU LINK/ACT	ODU Port Activity	On	The ODU port is connected to the ODU.
		Blinking	The ODU port is sending or receiving data.
ODU 10/100	ODU 10/100 ODU Port Data		Data rate is 100 Mbps.
	Rate	Off	Data rate is 10 Mbps.
ODU WLINK	ODU Wireless Link Status	On	The ODU is connected with an AU.

2.2.1.2 RESET ROUTER Button

Press momentarily the recessed RESET ROUTER button to reset the Networking Gateway IDU.

2.2.1.3 Resetting the IDU to Factory Defaults

Press the RESET ROUTER button for at least 5 seconds, until the STATUS LED flashes 5 times. After releasing the button, the unit will resume operation with the factory default configuration.

2.2.2 Rear Panel Components

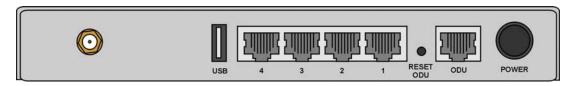


Figure 2: Rear Panel (without antenna)

2.2.2.1 Rear Panel Connectors

Table 7: Rear Panel Connectors

Connector	Description
POWER	DC Power Inlet from Power Transformer
ODU	Connection to the ODU. Carries Ethernet, Power (55 VDC) and signaling.
Port 1-4	LAN ports for networked computers and other devices.
USB	USB Host Port for a USB printer.
Antenna (not marked)	An SMA connector for the WLAN antenna

C,

CAUTION

Do not connect data equipment to the ODU port. The ODU port supplies high DC power to the ODU, and this may harm other equipment connected to it.

2.2.2.2 RESET ODU Button

Press momentarily the recessed RESET ODU button to reset the ODU.

2.3 Installation and Commissioning

The unit can be placed on a desktop or a shelf. Alternatively, it may be wall-mounted.

For optimal performance, place the Networking Gateway in the center of your office (or your home), in a location that is away from any potential source of interference, such as a metal wall or microwave oven. This location must be close to a mains outlet and network connections.

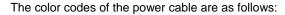
It is assumed that the SU-ODU is already installed, and that the IDU-ODU cable is connected to it.



To install the Networking Gateway IDU:

- 1 Assemble an RJ-45 connector with a protective cover on the indoor end of the IDU-ODU cable. The length of the IDU-ODU straight cable should not exceed 100m. Refer to the relevant System Manual for instructions on preparing the cable and for information on the cable type.
- **2** Connect the IDU-ODU cable to the ODU connector located on the rear panel.
- 3 Connect the power cord of the transformer to the unit's POWER socket, located on the rear panel. Connect the Mains power cord to the power transformer and to the AC mains.

NOTE





- 4 When power is connected, the unit will automatically enter the self-test phase. When it is in the self-test phase, the STATUS LED will be lit ON for about 10 seconds, and will then blink 3 times, indicating that the self-test operation has ended. Finally, the STATUS LED will blink continuously one blink per second, indicating that the unit is functioning properly.
- 5 Connect a PC with a DHCP Client to one of the LAN ports using a Pinto-Pin Ethernet cable.

NOTE



It is assumed that the Networking Gateway is in the factory default configuration. If necessary, press the RESET ROUTER button for at least 5 seconds, until the STATUS LED flashes 5 times. After releasing the button, the unit will resume operation with the factory default configuration.

- 6 Connection to the Web Configuration Server is done using a web browser with the address http://192.168.1.1 (the default LAN IP address). If the Web Configuration Server is password protected, you will be prompted to enter the password in order to login (the default password is **installer**). Refer to Chapter 3 for more details on using the Web Configuration Server.
- 7 To enable access to the Monitor Program of a BreezeACCESS VL SU-ODU:
 - **a** Open a web browser and connect to the Networking Gateway using the default LAN IP address (192.168.1.1).
 - **b** Configure the WAN IP Address of the Networking Gateway to a static IP address that is different than that of the SU-ODU and belongs to the subnet (e.g., use 10.0.0.2 for the default IP address, which is 10.0.0.1 with subnet mask 255.255.255.0).
 - **c** Reboot the Networking Gateway for the new settings to take effect.
- 8 Using Telnet from the computer, connect to the SU-ODU's Monitor program using the SU-ODU's IP address, and configure its basic parameters according to instructions supplied by the system administrator. Align the antenna of the SU-ODU for optimal performance. Refer to the Commissioning section of the relevant System Manual for details on configuration of basic parameters and antenna alignment.
- 9 Open the web browser and connect to the Gateway using the default LAN IP address (192.168.1.1).
- 10 Configure the necessary parameters according to instructions supplied by the system administrator. The mandatory parameters that must be configured properly are:
 - ♦ When using DRAP, enable DRAP and set DRAP Server Port to 8171 (no need to define the DRAP server IP address).
 - ♦ WAN Type and Static IP address parameters including WAN Gateway and DNS (if Static IP Address is selected in WAN Type).
 - ♦ LAN IP Address (LAN and WAN must belong to different subnets).

- ♦ To enable remote management via the WAN, enable Remote Administrator Host and specify the IP address (or range) of the remote management station(s), or 0.0.0.0 for any IP. For management through AlvariSTAR, verify that the Remote Administrator Port is configured to 8080.
- 11 Reboot the Gateway for the new settings to take effect.
- 12 If a printer is to be used, connect it to the USB port using a standard USB cable. To configure the Print Server on your computer(s), refer to Appendix A Print Server.
- 13 Configure the network settings of the data equipment for proper operation with the Networking Gateway according to the configured LAN Setup parameters.
- **14** To verify data connectivity, from the end-user's PC or from a portable PC connected to the unit, try to connect to the Internet.
- 15 Verify proper operation using the LED indicators (see Table 6).

2.4 Notes on Using the Networking Gateway in Alvarion's Systems

2.4.1 Notes on Using Networking Gateways in a BreezeMAX System (Version 1.5 and higher)

- The Monitor program of the SU-ODU uses the fixed IP address 192.168.254.251 with the subnet mask 255.255.255.0. To access the Monitor program of the SU-ODU from the LAN port of the Gateway, the WAN port must be configured to static IP address that belongs to the same subnet (e.g. 192.168.254.253, which is the default). The LAN IP Address must be configured to a different subnet (e.g. 192.168.1.1/24, which is the default). It is recommended to enable DHCP Server on the LAN and use a PC with a DHCP Client (defaults).
- Information about the Gateways using DRAP that are connected to each SU can be viewed in the Base Station's Monitor program (in the Voice/Networking Gateways option of the Configuration menu for a selected SU). The displayed information includes Gateway's type and IP Address (VLANs are not supported by the Networking Gateway).
- Provision an L2 Service. Note that the Networking Gateway does not support VLANs.

2.4.2 Notes on Using Networking Gateways in a BreezeACCESSVL System

To access the Monitor program of the SU-ODU from the LAN port of the Gateway, the WAN port must be configured to static IP address that belongs to the subnet as the SU-ODU (the default for ODU is 10.0.0.1 with subnet mask 255.255.255.0). The LAN IP Address must be configured to a different subnet (e.g. 192.168.1.1/24, which is the default). It is recommended to enable DHCP Server on the LAN (enabled by default), and use a PC with a DHCP Client.

2.4.3 Notes on Using AlvariSTAR for Remote Management of Networking Gateways

To enable remote management via the WAN, enable Remote Administrator Host and specify the IP address (or subnet) of the remote management station(s). Verify that the Remote Administrator Port is configured to 8080.

Chapter 3 - Using the Web Configuration Server

In This Chapter:

- Start-up and Log in on page 20
- Status on page 26
- Wizard on page 28
- Basic Setting on page 36
- Security Setting on page 59
- NAT Setting on page 72
- Advanced Settings on page 78
- Toolbox on page 91

3.1 Introduction

The Networking Gateway IDU can be configured using the following methods:

- Using a web browser to access the built-in Web Configuration Server
- Using TFTP to load a backup configuration file from a PC with a TFTP Client connected to a LAN port (the unit includes a TFTP Server). For more details see section 3.10.3.

This document describes the configuration using the Web Configuration Server.

3.2 Accessing the Web Configuration Server

NOTE



Access to the Web Configuration Server from the LAN has precedence over access from the WAN. If a user is connected to the Web Configuration Server from the LAN, it is not possible to access it from the WAN. Also, connecting to the Web Configuration Server from the LAN will disconnect all open connections from the WAN.

3.2.1 Remote Connection via the WAN

It is assumed that Remote Administrator Host is enabled and that the IP address of the station you use is included in the Remote Administrator Host IP address range. It is also assumed that the Remote Administrator Port is configured to 8080. You must also have prior knowledge of the WAN IP Address of the unit.

Follow the steps below to access the Web Configuration Server:

1 Open a web browser.

NOTE



Be sure to disable the proxy on your Web browser or add the IP address of the product into the proxy exceptions.

- 2 Enter http://<WAN IP Address>:8080 in the appropriate field of the browser and click Enter.
- **3** If the Web Configuration Server is password protected, you will be prompted to enter your password in order to login to the system. The default password is **installer**.
- 4 The Web Configuration Server main view appears on the screen.

3.2.2 Local Connection via the LAN

You must have prior knowledge of the LAN IP Address and Mask as well as the DHCP Server/DHCP Proxy settings. Otherwise, you may need to reset the unit to its Factory default configuration (see section 2.2.1.3)

- 1 Connect a PC to one of the LAN ports using an Ethernet cable.
- 2 If the LAN is configured as either a DHCP Server or a DHCP Proxy, it is recommended to use a PC with a DHCP Client. Otherwise, the PC should be configured to an IP address that belongs to the same subnet as the LAN e.g., 192.168.1.2, and the Default Gateway Address must be the LAN IP Address e.g., 192.168.1.1.

3 Open a web browser.

NOTE



Be sure to disable the proxy on your Web browser or add the IP address of the product into the proxy exceptions.

- **4** Enter http://<LAN IP Address> in the Address (Internet Explorer) or Location (Netscape) field of the browser and click Enter.
- 5 If the Web Configuration Server is password protected, you will be prompted to enter your password in order to login to the system. The default password is **installer**.
- **6** The Web Configuration Server main view appears on the screen.

3.3 Log in and Log out

After connection is established, the networking gateway web user interface appears. There are two entry levels: for general users and for system administrators. The menus and screens vary depending on entry level. The menus and parameters specified hereinafter, refer to both entry levels, unless otherwise specified.

To log in, enter the system password in the **System Password** field and click the **Log in** button.

NOTE

The default passwords for the two access levels are:



■ For Administrators: installer

For Users: public

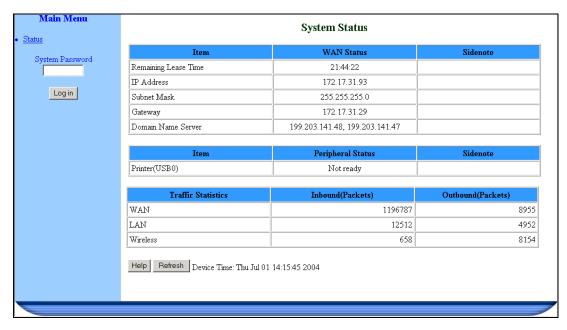


Figure 3: Log In Window

Upon successful Log in, the Networking Gateway Main Window appears.

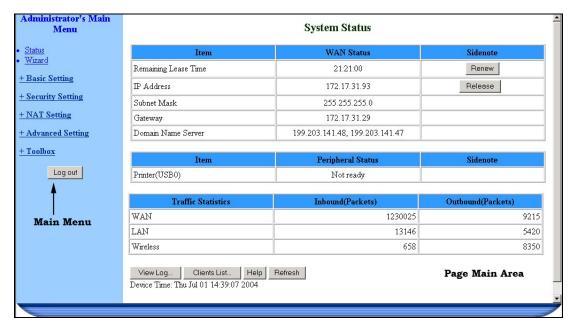


Figure 4: Networking Gateway Main Window

3.3.1 The Main Menu

The Web Configuration Server view consists of a number of menu links (to the left). Clicking on each of them expands the menu node and displays the selected page with the applicable content (configurable parameters/options or status information) in the main area.

IMPORTANT



Many pages include a "Save" button. Click on the Save button before selecting another page/menu item, or before quitting the application. The Save functionality in many cases is per page. If you leave the page without clicking the Save button, all the changes in the page will be discarded.

Changes to most of the settings are applied only after restarting the unit (refer to section 3.10.5).

3.3.2 Control Buttons

A control button causes an immediate action. To activate a control button, click on it. Certain control buttons only appear in selected windows. Others are common to most windows.

NOTE



Some control buttons may be disabled for user entry level (*public* password).

- Save Saves any changes made to the configuration. Most changes require rebooting the system for them to take effect.
- Undo Recovers the original settings.
- Help Displays a help screen for the specific window.
- Refresh Refreshes the displayed information.
- Back Reverts to a previous step/screen.
- <<Pre>Previous In windows that are divided into several pages, use the
 <<Pre>Previous
 button to jump to the previous page.
- Next>> In windows that are divided into several pages, use the **Next>>** button to jump to the next page.
- Cancel Clears unsaved changes to the configuration.
- Reboot Reboots the Networking Gateway.

3.4 Status

The Status window appears in the main window upon successful log in. The window can be accessed at any time by clicking on the Status menu on the menu list.

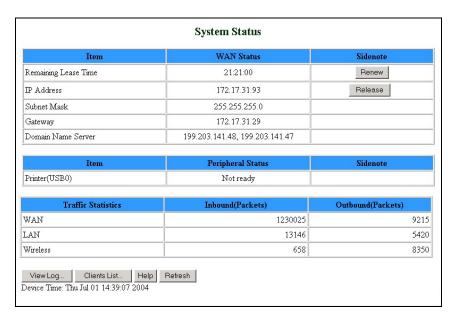


Figure 5: System Status

The *Status* window provides information for observing the product's working status, as follows:

Table 8: Status Window Parameters

Parameter	Description
Remaining Lease Time	A counter displaying the remaining time (in hh:mm:ss) in which unit will request a new IP. When the lease time expires, a new IP address will be automatically allocated, or the lease will be automatically renewed, depending on the settings (see sections 3.6.1.2 and 3.6.1.3. This field is relevant only for Dynamic IP Address mode and will not appear in any of the other modes. Renew (Administrator only) – In Dynamic IP Address mode, click to reset the Lease Time. The gateway will request an IP address from the DHCP server. In Static IP Address, PPPoE and PPTP modes, the WAN type is specified in the sidenote (Static IP, PPPoE, or PPTP, respectively).

Parameter	Description
IP Address	The WAN IP address.
	■ Release (Administrator only) – In Dynamic IP Address mode only, Click to release the WAN IP address.
Subnet Mask	The Subnet mask of the device. (The default is 255.255.255.0)
Gateway	The default Gateway IP address.
Domain Name Server	The DNS Server IP address(es).
Connection Time (PPPoE and PPTP modes only)	Connect/ Disconnect – When in PPPoE or PPTP mode, click Connect to initiate a session, or Disconnect to terminate a session.
Peripheral Status	The USB Printer status: Not ready - no printer is available Off-line or No Paper – the printer is off-line or the paper tray is empty Printing – the printer is currently printing Ready - a printer is connected and ready to print. Device error – a general error occurred.
Traffic Statistics	Enables to monitor inbound and outbound packets for WAN, LAN and wireless beginning from last reset.

In addition, the *Status* window includes the following buttons:

- View Log opens the log file for viewing. See section 3.10.1.
- Clients List opens the list of DHCP assigned clients. See section 3.6.2.1.

3.5 Wizard (Administrator only)

The Setup Wizard will guide you through the basic configuration procedure (recommended for most users).

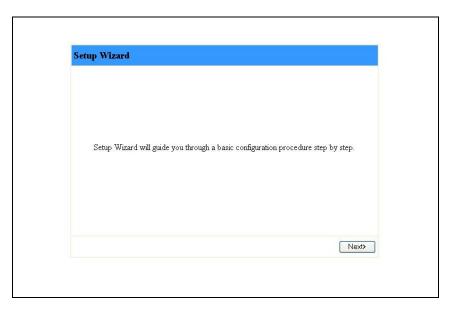


Figure 6: Setup Wizard

1 Click on **Next**. The Select WAN Type window appears.

NOTE



You can click ${f Back}$ at any time to return to previous screens and change your settings.

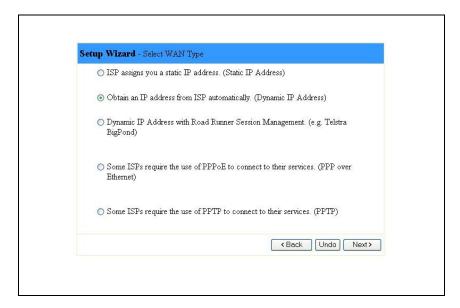


Figure 7: Setup Wizard - Select WAN Type

2 Select the WAN Type from the list:

- ♦ Static IP Address a static IP Address provided by the ISP
- ♦ Dynamic IP Address an IP Address automatically obtained from the ISP (default)
- Dynamic IP Address with Road Runner Session Management (e.g. Telstra, BigPond)
- ♦ PPP over Ethernet some ISPs require the use of PPPoE to connect to their services
- ♦ PPTP Some ISPs require the use of PPTP to connect to their services.
- 3 Click **Next**. For each WAN type selected, a different WAN Type-specific window appears:
 - ♦ Static IP Address

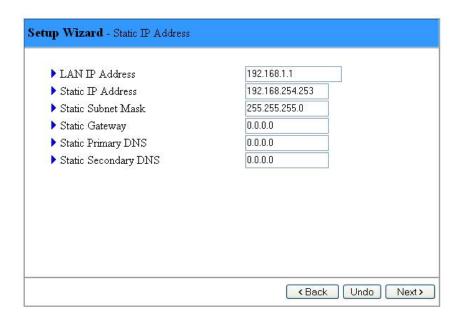


Figure 8: Setup Wizard – WAN Type - Static IP Address

Set the following parameters provided by your ISP:

Table 9: Setup Wizard – Static IP Address Parameters

Parameter	Description
LAN IP Address	Sets the local IP address of the device.
Static IP Address	The IP address of the WAN port.
	The default is 192.168.254.253.
Static Subnet Mask	The subnet mask of the WAN port.
	The default is 255.255.255.0.
Static Gateway	The Default Gateway IP address of the unit.
	The default is 0.0.0.0.
Static Primary DNS	The IP address of the primary Domain Name Server.
	The default is 0.0.0.0.
Static Secondary DNS	The IP address of the secondary Domain Name Server.
	The default is 0.0.0.0.

Dynamic IP Address

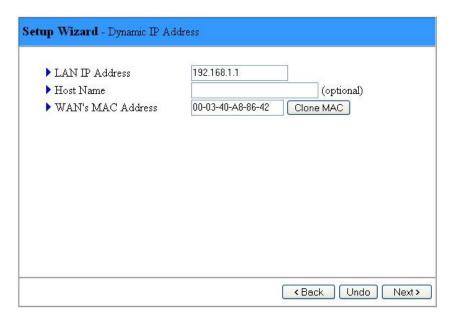


Figure 9: Setup Wizard - Dynamic IP Address

Table 10: Setup Wizard – Dynamic IP Address Parameters

Parameter	Description
LAN IP Address	The local IP address of the device.
	The default IP address is 192.168.1.1. To change the IP address enter a new value.
Host Name: Optional	Some ISPs require a host name, for example, Home.
	A string of maximum 39 characters.
	The default is an empty field.
WAN's MAC Address	The gateway's pre-configured MAC Address.
	 Clone MAC - Click to replace the Gateway's WAN MAC Address with the PC's MAC Address.
	Restore MAC - When Clone MAC is activated, the button changes to Restore MAC, to enable to restore the unit's default MAC Address.

♦ Dynamic IP Address with Road Runner Session Management

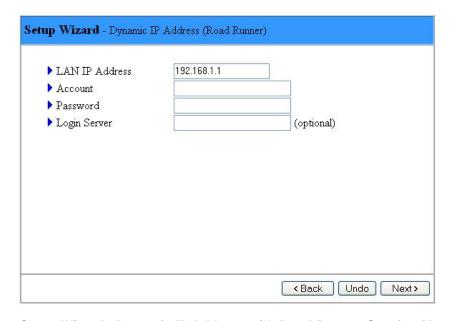


Figure 10: Setup Wizard - Dynamic IP Address with Road Runner Session Management

Table 11: Setup Wizard – Dynamic IP Address with Road Runner Session Management Parameters

Parameter	Description
LAN IP Address	The local IP address of the device.
	The default IP address is 192.168.1.1. To change the IP address enter a new value.
Account	The account provided by the service provider. If you do not want to change the account, leave empty. At initial entry, you are required to enter an account. A string of up to 53 printable characters.
	The default is an empty field.
Password	The password provided by the service provider. If you do not want to change the password, leave empty. At initial entry, you are required to enter a password.
	A string of up to 53 printable characters.
Login Server	The Login Server (optional). Leave empty if you want the default server.

♦ PPP over Ethernet

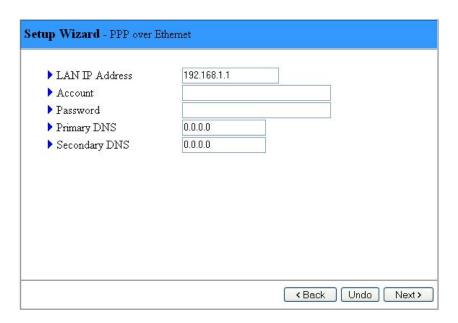


Figure 11: Setup Wizard – PPP over Ethernet

Table 12: Setup Wizard – PPPoE Parameters

Parameter	Description
LAN IP Address	The local IP address of the device.
	The default IP address is 192.168.1.1. To change the IP
	address enter a new value.
Account	The account provided by the service provider.
	A string of up to 53 printable characters.
	The default is an empty field.
Password	The password provided by the service provider. If you do not
	want to change the password, leave empty. At initial entry,
	you are required to enter a password.
	A string of up to 53 printable characters.
Primary DNS	The DNS provided by your ISP. To use a specific DNS, enter
	a specific address. Leave the default 0.0.0.0 setting to
	automatically assign the parameter.
Secondary DNS	The backup DNS provided by the service provider. (optional)

♦ PPTP

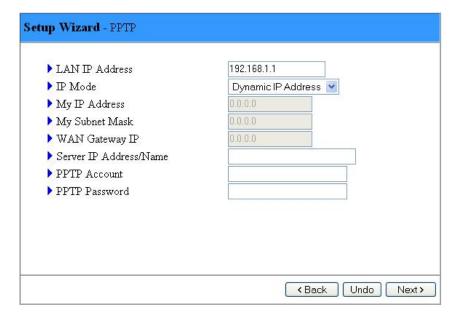


Figure 12: Setup Wizard - PPTP

Table 13: Setup Wizard – PPTP Parameters

Parameter	Description
LAN IP Address	The local IP address of the device.
	The default IP address is 192.168.1.1. To change the IP address enter a new value.
IP Mode	select one of the following options:
	■ Dynamic IP Address (this is the default setting)
	■ Static IP Address
My IP Address	The private IP address assigned by the service provider after connection. When in Static Mode, the IP address must be configured manually.
My Subnet Mask	The private subnet mask assigned by the service provider after connection. When in Static Mode, the subnet mask must be configured manually.
WAN Gateway IP	The WAN Gateway IP address after connection. When in Static Mode, the IP address must be configured manually.
Server IP Address/Name	The IP address/Name of the PPTP server.
PPTP Account	The user account assigned by the service provider.
	A string of up to 53 characters
PPTP Password	The password assigned by the service provider. If you do not want to change the password, leave this field empty. At initial entry, you are required to enter a password.
	A string of up to 53 characters

4 After setting the appropriate parameters, the following window appears:



Figure 13: Setup Wizard - Configuration Completed

5 The configurations will take effect only after rebooting your computer. Click on **Reboot** to restart your computer.

For more advance configurations, see details on the specific windows, below.

3.6 Basic Setting

The *Basic Setting* window allows to configure the settings for WAN, LAN, and Wireless and to change the password.

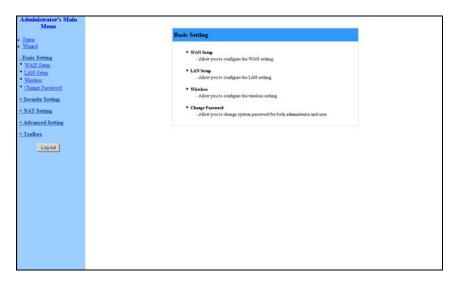


Figure 14: Basic Setting

3.6.1 WAN Setup

Click on *WAN Setup* from the *Basic Setting* menu on the menu list. The *Primary Setup* window appears. The parameters displayed may vary depending on the WAN Type selected. The default WAN Type is Dynamic IP Address.

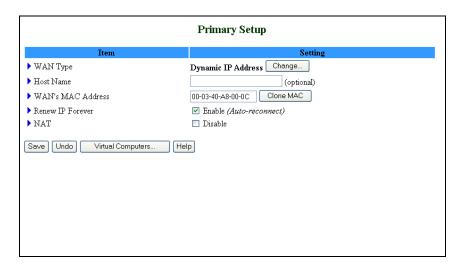


Figure 15: WAN Setup/Primary Setup

NOTE



The WAN setup window is read only for user level entry.

From the WAN Setup window you can:

- Set the WAN type allows to select the WAN connection type of your ISP.
- NAT Enable/Disable When disabled, the gateway functions as a regular router as opposed to a NAT router. This option is available in the *Primary Setup* window for all WAN types. The default setting is Enabled.
- Set Virtual Computers (Administrators only) Enabled when using NAT. In addition to the primary WAN address, enables to set up one-to-one mapping of up to five global IP address and local IP address (see Figure 16 below).

Virtual Computers



Figure 16: Virtual Computers

The Virtual Computers window includes the following parameters:

Table 14: Virtual Computers Parameters

Parameter	Description
Global IP	Enter the global IP address assigned by the service provider.
Local IP	Enter the local IP address of your LAN PC corresponding to the global IP address.
Enable	Check/Uncheck this item to enable/disable the Virtual Computer feature.

NOTE



- The Reboot button is not available at first entry to the Primary Setup window and appears only after saving your changes.
- For user entry level (*public* password), the parameter fields in all WAN type screens are disabled (for display only).

IMPORTANT



Changes to the Primary Setup window will take effect only after rebooting the system.

The default WAN type is **Dynamic IP Address**. However, you can change the WAN type as follows:

To select a different WAN type:

1 Click **Change**. The Choose *WAN Type* window opens.

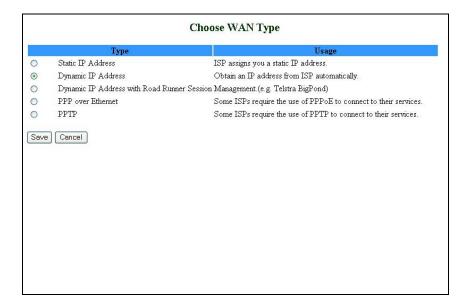


Figure 17: Choose WAN Type

- **2** Select one of the following types:
 - ♦ Static IP Address: The ISP provides you with a static IP address. See section <u>3.6.1.1</u>. This is the default setting.

- ♦ Dynamic IP Address: Automatically obtain an IP address from the ISP. See section 3.6.1.2.
- ♦ Dynamic IP Address with Road Runner Session Management (e.g. Telstra BigPond). See section <u>3.6.1.3</u>.
- ♦ PPP over Ethernet: Some ISPs require the use of PPPoE to connect to their services. See section 3.6.1.4.
- ♦ PPTP: Some ISPs require the use of PPTP to connect to their services. See section <u>3.6.1.5</u>.

For each WAN type selected, a different *Primary Setup* window appears, as follows. You can change the WAN type by clicking on **Change** and selecting a different WAN type.

3.6.1.1 Static IP Address

 Item
 Setting

 ▶ WAN Type
 Static IP Address Change...

 ▶ WAN IP Address
 192.168.254.253

 ▶ WAN Subnet Mask
 255.255.255.0

 ▶ WAN Gateway
 0.00.0

 ▶ Primary DNS
 0.00.0

 ▶ Secondary DNS
 0.00.0

 ▶ NAT
 □ Disable

 Save Undo Virtual Computers... Help

Primary Setup

Figure 18: Primary Setup - Static IP Address

The *Setup* page for Static IP Address includes the following parameters provided by the service provider:

Table 15: Static IP Address Parameters

Parameter	Description
WAN IP Address	The IP address of the WAN port.
	The default is 192.168.254.253.
WAN Subnet Mask	The IP subnet mask of the WAN port.
	The default is 255.255.255.0
WAN Gateway	The Default Gateway IP address of the unit.
	The default is 0.0.0.0.
Primary DNS	The IP address of the primary Domain Name Server.

Parameter	Description
	The default is 0.0.0.0.
Secondary DNS	The IP address of the secondary Domain Name Server.
	The default is 0.0.0.0.
NAT	Enable/Disable. When disabled, the gateway functions as a regular router as opposed to a NAT router. This option is available in the Primary Setup window for all WAN types.
	The default is: Enable

3.6.1.2 Dynamic IP Address

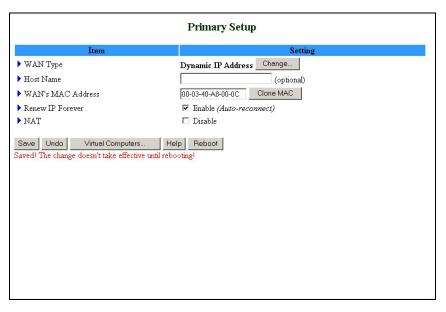


Figure 19: Primary Setup - Dynamic IP Address

The Setup page for Dynamic IP Address includes the following parameters:

Table 16: Dynamic IP Address Parameters

Parameter	Description
Host Name	Optional - Some ISPs require a host name, for example, Home.
	A string of maximum 39 characters.
WAN's MAC Address	The gateway's pre-configured MAC Address.
	Clone MAC - Click to replace the Gateway's WAN MAC Address with the PC's MAC Address.
	Restore MAC - When Clone MAC is activated, the button changes to Restore MAC, to enable to restore the unit's pre-configured MAC Address.
Renew IP Forever	When enabled, this feature will automatically renew your IP address when the lease time expires, even if the system is idle.
NAT	Enable/Disable - When disabled, the gateway functions as a regular router as opposed to a NAT router. The default is: Enable

3.6.1.3 Dynamic IP Address with Road Runner Session Management

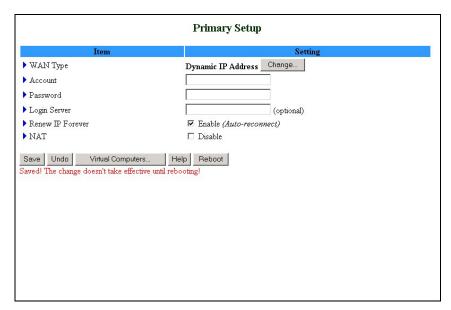


Figure 20: Primary Setup - Dynamic IP Address with Road Runner Session Management

The Setup page for Dynamic IP Address with Road Runner Session Management provides authentication using dedicated DHCP server and includes the following parameters:

Table 17: Dynamic IP Address with Road Runner Session Management Parameters

Parameter	Description
Account	The account provided by your ISP
	A string of maximum 53 characters.
Password	The password provided by your ISP. If you do not want to change the password, leave empty.
	A string of maximum 53 characters.
Login Server	The Login Server (optional). Leave empty if you want the default server.
	A string of maximum 31 characters.
Renew IP Forever	Enable/Disable – when enabled, your IP address will automatically be renewed when the lease time expires, even if the system is idle.
NAT	Enable/Disable - When disabled, the gateway functions as a regular router as opposed to a NAT router. The default is: Enable

3.6.1.4 PPP over Ethernet

Some ISPs require the use of PPPoE to connect to their services. If this is the case, click **Change** to select PPPoE as your WAN type. The *Primary Setup* window display changes to reflect the parameters for PPPoE.

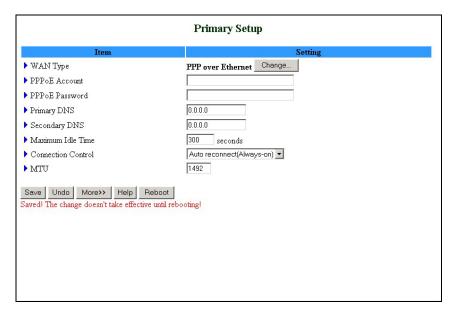


Figure 21: Primary Setup - PPPoE

The Setup page for PPPoE includes the following parameters:

Table 18: PPP over Ethernet Parameters

Parameter	Description
PPPoE Account	The account assigned to you by your ISP.
PPPoE Password	The password assigned to you by your ISP. This field always appears blank. If you don't want to change the password, leave it empty.
Primary DNS	The DNS provided by your ISP. To use a specific DNS, enter a specific address. Leave the default 0.0.0.0 setting to automatically assign the parameter.
Secondary DNS	The backup DNS provided by your ISP. (optional)
Maximum Idle Time	The amount of time of inactivity before disconnecting your PPPoE session. To disable this feature, set this parameter to 0 seconds, or enable Auto-reconnect. The Maximum Idle Time is applicable only when Connection Control is set to Connect-on-demand or to Manually.
Connection Control	Authentication for IP allocation. Select one of the following options: Connect-on-demand – An IP address is automatically allocated whenever the user attempts to make a connection. Auto reconnect(Always-on) – The system automatically

Parameter	Description
	connects to the ISP after restart or after connection is dropped.
	Manually – The user manually performs the connection.
Maximum Transmission Unit	Most ISPs provide an MTU value to users. The maximum MTU value allowed is 1492 bytes.
More >>	Click to display the following parameters:
	■ PPPoE Service Name (optional) - Directs to a PPPoE server.
	 Assigned IP Address (optional) – The fixed IP assigned by the ISP.

3.6.1.5 PPTP

Some ISPs require the use of PPTP to connect to their services.

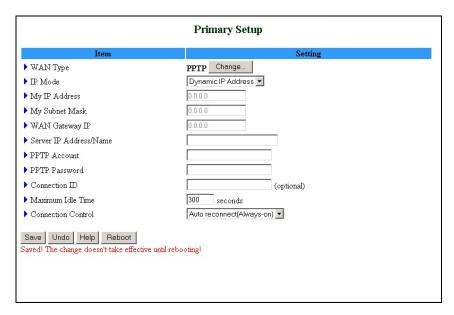


Figure 22: Primary Setup - PPTP

The Setup page for PPTP includes the following parameters:

Table 19: PPTP Parameters

Parameter	Description
IP Mode	Select one of the following options:
	■ Dynamic IP Address (this is the default setting)
	■ Static IP Address
My IP Address	The private IP address assigned by your ISP. This parameter is enabled only for Static IP Address mode.
My Subnet Mask	The private subnet mask assigned by your ISP. This parameter is enabled only for Static IP Address mode.
WAN Gateway IP	The WAN Gateway IP address. This parameter is enabled only for Static IP Address mode.
Address/Name	The IP address/Name of the PPTP server.
PPTP Account	The user account assigned by your ISP.
	A string of maximum 53 characters.
Connection ID	Enter the connection ID if your ISP requires it (optional).

Parameter	Description
Maximum Idle Time	The amount of time of inactivity before disconnecting your PPTP session. To disable this feature, set this parameter to 0 seconds, or enable Auto-reconnect.
Connection Control	Authentication for IP allocation. Select one of the following options: Connect-on-demand – An IP address is automatically allocated whenever the user attempts to make a connection. Auto reconnect(Always-on) – The system automatically connects to the ISP after restart or after connection is dropped.
	■ Manually – The user manually performs the connection.

3.6.2 LAN Setup

Select $Basic\ Setting > LAN\ Setup$ submenu on the menu list. The $LAN\ Setup$ window opens.

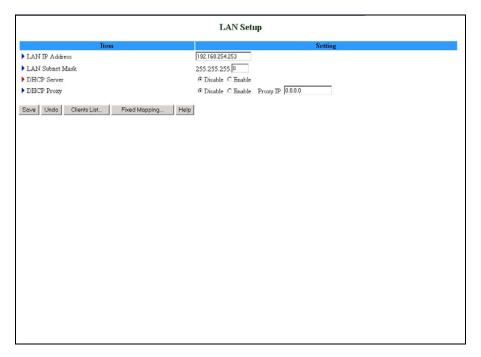


Figure 23: LAN Setup

The LAN Setup page includes the following parameters:

Table 20: LAN Setup Parameters

Parameter	Description
LAN IP Address	Sets the local IP address of the device. The users on your network must use this LAN IP address as their default gateway. You can change it as necessary.
	The default is: 192.168.1.1
LAN Subnet Mask	Sets the subnet mask to the LAN IP address.
DHCP Server	Enable/Disable to turn off this service. When enabled, the LAN Setup window display changes (indicated by the red icon), and the following parameters are displayed (see Figure 24):
	Range of IP addresses Pool – Specify the starting and ending address for DHCP clients. The IP addresses are allocated from this pool according to calculations based on the client's MAC address.
	■ Domain suffix – Specify the domain suffix for DHCP clients.
	Primary DNS – Specify the primary DNS for DHCP clients.
	Secondary DNS – Specify the secondary DNS for DHCP clients.
	 Primary WINS – Specify the primary WINS address for DHCP clients.
	 Secondary WINS – Specify the secondary WINS address for DHCP clients.
	■ Lease Time – The time set (in minutes) for IP allocation.
	Changes to the settings are applied only after rebooting the unit (refer to Section <u>3.10.5</u>).
DHCP Proxy	This parameter is available only when DHCP Server is disabled.

192.168.1.1 LAN IP Address LAN Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0 DHCP Server ODisable OEnable 192.168.1.100 to 199 ▶ Range of IP addresses Pool Domain suffix 0.0.0.0 Primary DNS ▶ Secondary DNS 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 ▶ Primary WINS 0.000 Secondary WINS Lease Time Minutes Save Undo Clients List... Fixed Mapping... Help

LAN Setup

Figure 24: LAN Setup - DHCP Server Enabled

The LAN PC receives a DHCP IP address from the Networking Gateway. To receive the DHCP IP address from the DHCP server, perform the following procedure:

- 3 Set the **DHCP Server** parameter to **Disable**.
- 4 Set the **DHCP Proxy** parameter to **Enable**.
- 5 In the **Proxy IP** field, enter the IP of the DHCP server.

In addition, the LAN Setup window includes the following control buttons:

- Clients List Opens a list of the current mapping of the IP and MAC address for each DHCP client (see section 3.6.2.1)
- Fixed Mapping Opens the *MAC Address Control* window for assigning a specific IP address to the specified MAC address for DHCP clients (see MAC Address Control on page 56 for further details).

3.6.2.1 DHCP Clients List

DHCP Clients List



Figure 25: DHCP Clients List

The *DHCP Clients List* displays the following parameters for each DHCP client:

Table 21: DHCP Clients List Parameters

Parameter	Description
IP Address	The IP address of the DHCP client.
Host Name	The host name of the DHCP client.
MAC Address	The MAC address of the DHCP client.

From the *DHCP Clients List* window you can do the following for the selected clients:

- Wake up Sends Ethernet packets to turn on the PC, relevant hardware and configuration is required on NIC and PC
- Delete Delete the selected clients from the list.

3.6.2.2 Fixed Mapping

Opens the *MAC Address Control* window. MAC Address Control allows to assign different access rights for different users and to assign a fixed IP address to a specific MAC address.

NOTE



All the settings in this page will take effect only when MAC Address Control is set to "Enable".

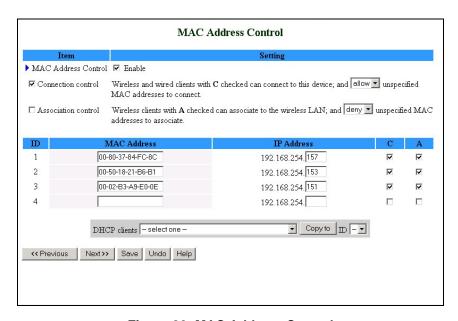


Figure 26: MAC Address Control

The MAC Address Control window includes the following parameters:

Table 22: DHCP Clients List Parameters

Parameter	Description
MAC Address Control	Check "Enable" to enable the MAC Address Control feature.
Connection control	Check the "Connection control" check box to enable
	controlling which wired and wireless clients can connect to this device. If a client is denied the connection to this device,
	he will not be able to access the Internet either. Select
	allow/deny to allow or deny clients whose MAC addresses
	are not in the "Control table" (see below) to connect to this device. ("deny" is the default setting.)
	A wired client who is allowed to connect to the device has full
	access to the Internet and to network resources. When
	denied the connection to the device, he can communicate
	with other clients on the wired LAN, but cannot connect to the
	Internet, use the Print Server function, communicate with

Parameter	Description
	clients on the wireless LAN, or use the Web configuration.
Association control	"Association" refers to the exchanging of information between wireless clients and the device to establish a link between them. A wireless client is able to transmit and receive data to the device only after successful association. Check "Association control" check box to control which wireless clients can associate to the wireless LAN. If a client is denied the association to the wireless LAN, he will not be able to send or receive any data via this device. Select allow/deny to allow or deny clients whose MAC addresses are not in the "Control table" to associate to the wireless LAN.
	A wireless client who is allowed both to associate to the wireless LAN and to connect to the device has full access to the Internet and to network resources.
	When allowed to associate to the wireless LAN, but denied to connect to the device, he can communicate with other clients on the LAN (wired and wireless), but cannot connect to the Internet, use the Print Server function, or use the Web configuration.
	When denied to associate to the wireless LAN, the client cannot communicate with other clients on the LAN (wired or wireless), connect to the internet, use the Print Server function, or use the Web configuration.
	NOTE: Association control does not affect wired clients.
Control Table: Each row in the address of a single client.	e control table indicates the MAC address and the mapped IP
MAC Address	The MAC address of a specific client.
IP Address	The expected IP address of the corresponding client. Leave empty if you do not want to specify an IP address for the corresponding client.
С	When "Connection control" is checked, checking "C" will allow/deny (depending on the connection control setting) the corresponding client to connect to this device.
А	When "Association control" is checked, checking "A" will allow/deny (depending on the association control setting) the corresponding client to associate to the wireless LAN.



To enter the MAC address:

Use the DHCP clients combo box.



Figure 27: DHCP Clients Combo Box

Select a specific client in the "DHCP clients" Combo box and click on Copy to to copy the MAC address of the selected client to the selected ID in the "ID" Combo box

NOTE



When the unit has a list of clients connected through DHCP, and the unit is reset, the list will show empty. In this case renew the PC IP address from DHCP on LAN.

2 The control table is divided into several pages. Use the << Previous page and Next Page >> buttons to jump to a different page.

3.6.3 Wireless Setting

Wireless settings allow you to set the wireless configuration items.

CAUTION Changing

Changing any of the parameters may cause loss of wireless link connectivity to the unit

if the settings do not match the settings on the WLL subscriber in the User's PC.

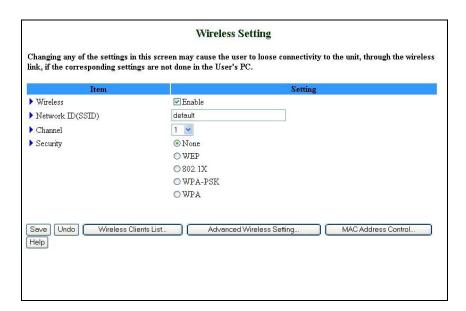


Figure 28: Wireless Setting

The $\it Wireless \, Setting \, window \, includes \, the following parameters:$

Table 23: Wireless Setting Parameters

Parameter	Description
Wireless	Enable/Disable – Check the Enable box to enable this service.
	The default setting is "Enable".
Network ID (SSID)	Network ID is used for identifying the Wireless LAN (WLAN). Client stations can roam freely over this product and other Access Points that have the same Network ID.
	The factory setting is "default".
Channel	The radio channel number. The permissible channels depend on the Regulatory Domain.
Security	Select the data privacy algorithm you want to protect your data when being transferred from one station to another. The available security protocols are:
	■ None – No encryption is applied. (default)
	■ WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) – Encrypts frames transmitted through a wireless module using a preentered WEP key. You can configure 4 key sets and select one to apply as follows:
	WEP 64 bit - 10 hexadecimal digits
	 WEP 128 bit – 26 hexadecimal digits
	■ 802.1x – When enabled, the wireless user must be authenticated before it is allowed to use the network services. One implementation of 802.1x (the most common one) is through a RADIUS server on your LAN, containing an authentication database.
	 Encryption Key Length – Select either 64 or 128 bits for the encryption key.
	 RADIUS Server IP – The 802.1x server's IP address.
	RADIUS Port – The 802.1x server's service port.
	■ WPA-PSK - Accepts WPA clients only. Manually enter a pre-share key (encryption key) as follows:
	Pre-share key mode: ASCII or HEX can be selected.

Parameter	Description
	Pre share key: 32 ASCII characters or 64 hexadecimal digits pre-share key (encryption key).
	■ WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) – improves data protection and implements access control to Wireless LAN systems. Frames transmitted through a wireless module are encrypted using a Pre-share key (PSK) or a key received from the RADIUS server.
	 RADIUS Server IP – The 802.1x server's IP address. RADIUS Port – The 802.1x server's service port.
	 RADIUS Shared Key – Key value shared by the RADIUS server and the networking gateway. The key value is consistent with the one in the RADIUS server.

IMPORTANT



If you enable the 802.1x or WPA feature, you must have a RADIUS server available.

3.6.3.1 Wireless Clients List

Clicking on the **Wireless Clients List** button that appears in the Wireless Setting window opens the *Wireless Clients List* window.

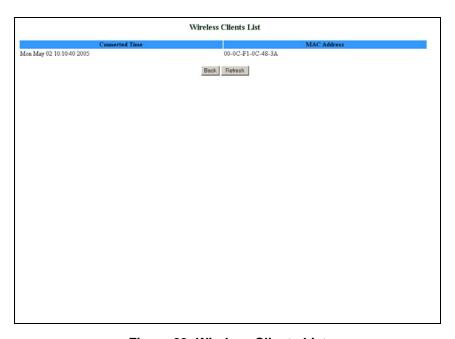


Figure 29: Wireless Clients List

The *Wireless Clients List* displays the following parameters for each wireless client:

Table 24: Wireless Clients List Parameters

Parameter	Description
Connected Time	The connection time.
MAC Address	The MAC address of the wireless client.

3.6.3.2 Advanced Wireless Setting

Clicking the **Advanced Wireless Setting** button that appears in the *Wireless Setting* window opens the *Advanced Wireless Setting* window.

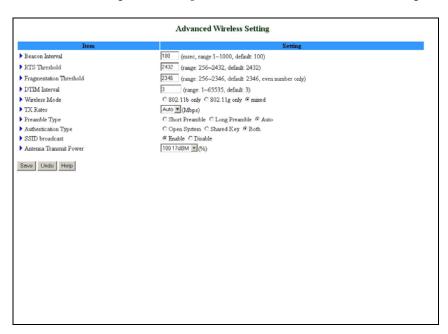


Figure 30: Advanced Wireless Setting

The Advanced Wireless Setting window includes the following parameters:

Table 25: Advanced Wireless Setting Parameters

intervals (in milliseconds) between the packets access point to synchronize the wireless network
s 1~65535 milliseconds
is 100 milliseconds.
packet size above which a Request To Send will ed. Used to determine whether CSMA/CD or will be used.
s 256~2432 bytes
is 2432 bytes.
packet size above which fragmentation will be
s 256~2346 bytes, even numbers only
is 2346 bytes.
offic Indication Message (DTIM) is a countdown ents of the next window for listening to broadcast st messages.
s: 1~255 seconds.
value is 3 seconds.
s mode supported: 802.11b, 802.11g, or mixed.
is mixed.
is illixeu.
i i s

Parameter	Description
Preamble Type	Defines the length of the Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) block for communication between the Access Point and roaming wireless adapters. A long transmit preamble may provide a more reliable connection or slightly longer range. A short transmit preamble provides better performance. Select short/long or automatic preamble to be assigned to each packet. The default is auto mode.
Authentication Type	Used for wireless authentication when associated with an AP
Tamomodion Type	router.
	■ Open System
	■ Shared Key
	■ Both
	The default is Both.
SSID Broadcast	Enable/Disable broadcasting the network's ID.
	The default is Enable.
Antenna Transmit Power	Select the antenna's transmission power from the dropdown list.
	The average wireless mini PCI output power is approximately 15 including supplied antenna.
	The default is 100% TX power (17 dBm).

3.6.3.3 MAC Address Control

MAC Address Control allows to assign different access rights for different users and to assign a fixed IP address to a specific MAC address. For further details, see section <u>3.6.2.2</u>.

3.6.4 Change Password

The *Change Password* window allows to change the system password. For security reasons, it is strongly recommended that you do so. Changing the password is applied only after rebooting the unit (refer to Section <u>3.10.5</u>)



To access change password:

1 Select *Basic Setting > Change Password* submenu on the menu list. The *Change Password* window opens.

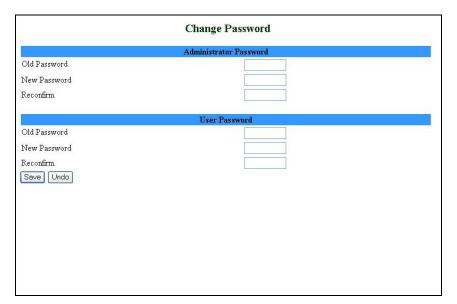


Figure 31: Change Password

- **2** Type in the old password in the Old Password box.
- **3** Type in the new password in the New Password box.
- 4 Re-type the new password in the Reconfirm box. The password should be identical to the one entered in the New Password field.
- 5 Click **Save** to save the new password(s).

Follow this procedure for the Administrator Password level, for the User Password level, or for both password levels.

NOTE



The Administrator Password is visible to the Administrator entry level only.

3.7 Security Setting

Click on the *Security Setting* menu on the menu list to display the submenus and the *Security Setting* window.

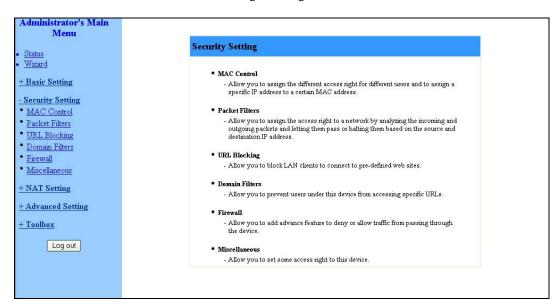


Figure 32: Security Setting Window

3.7.1 MAC Control

MAC Address Control allows to assign different access rights for different users and to assign a fixed IP address to a specific MAC address. For further details, see section 3.6.2.2.

3.7.2 Packet Filters (Administrator only)



IMPORTANT

packet filters only works with NAT enabled.

Packet Filter enables to control which packets are allowed to pass through the networking gateway. When selecting the *Packet Filters* submenu on the menu list, the *Outbound Packet Filter* window opens. To create inbound/outbound filter rules, note that the NG will first perform mask/un-mask of the NAT process and later check the rules.

NOTE



The **Inbound Filter...** button at the bottom of the window toggles between the *Outbound* and *Inbound Packet Filter* windows. The button's text will change from **Inbound Filter...** to **Outbound Filter...** accordingly.

Changes to the settings are applied only after rebooting the unit (refer to section 3.10.5).

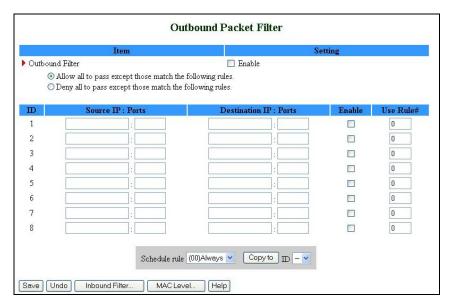


Figure 33: Packet Filter Initial Window

The Outbound filter applies on all outbound packets.

You can select one of the following filtering policies:

- Allow all to pass except those match the specified rules
- Deny all to pass except those match the specified rules

Up to 8 rules can be specified for each direction, inbound and outbound. For each rule, you can define the following:

Table 26: Advanced Wireless Setting Parameters

Parameter	Description
Source IP address	You can define a single IP address (for example, 4.3.2.1) or a range of IP addresses (for example, 4.3.2.1-4.3.2.254).
	An empty field denotes all IP addresses.
Source Ports address	You can define a single port (for example, 80) or a range of ports (for example, 1000-1999).
	Add a prefix "T" or "U" to specify a TCP or UDP protocol. For example, T80, U53, U2000-2999. No prefix indicates both TCP and UDP protocols.
	An empty field denotes all port addresses.
Destination IP address	You can define a single IP address (for example, 4.3.2.1) or a

Parameter	Description
	range of IP addresses (for example, 4.3.2.1-4.3.2.254).
	An empty field denotes all IP addresses.
Destination port address	You can define a single port (for example, 80) or a range of ports (for example, 1000-1999).
	Add prefix "T" or "U" to specify a TCP or UDP protocol. For
	example, T80, U53, U2000-2999. No prefix indicates both
	TCP and UDP protocols.
	An empty field denotes all port addresses.
Enable	Check to enable the rule. Each rule can be enabled or disabled individually.
Use Rule#	Packet Filter can work with Scheduling Rules. For details, please refer to Schedule Rule on page 86.

The Schedule Rule option facilitates the process of selecting a scheduling rule for each Filter ID. Select a specific Schedule Rule from the Schedule Rule Combo box. Select the Filter ID to which the schedule rule will apply from the ID Combo box and click **Copy to** to copy the Schedule Rule number to the selected Filter ID.

Click **Save** to save your Inbound/Outbound Packet Filter settings.

The following paragraphs provide examples for using the Inbound/Outbound Packet Filter option.

3.7.2.1 Inbound Filter

To enable *Inbound Packet Filter* click on the **Inbound Filter** button and check the *Enable* box in the *Inbound Packet Filter* window.

In the following examples, the SMTP Server (port 25), POP Server (port 110), Web Server (port 80), FTP Server (port 21), and News Server (port 119) are defined in the Virtual Server or DMZ Host.

Example 1:

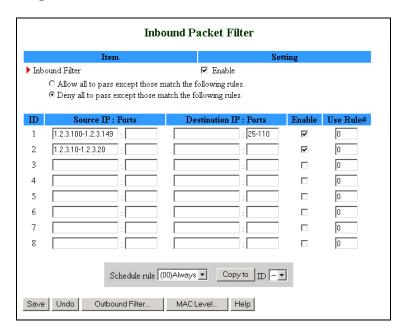


Figure 34: Inbound Packet Filter – Example 1

In this example, IPs (1.2.3.100-1.2.3.149) can send packets to any machine on the LAN side to ports 25 to 110.

IPs (1.2.3.10-1.2.3.20) to send packets to any port and any IP address on the LAN side.

Packets from all other IPs to any machine on the LAN side and to any port are blocked.

Example 2:

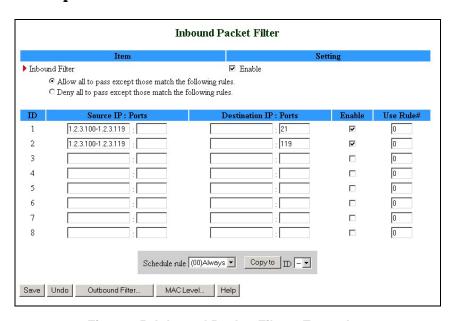


Figure 35: Inbound Packet Filter - Example 2

In this example, IPs [1.2.3.100-1.2.3.119] can not send packets to any IP on the LAN side to ports 119 (for read news) and 21 (FTP service).

All other IPs on the WAN side can send packets to any machine and any port on the LAN side.

3.7.2.2 Outbound Filter

To enable *Outbound Packet Filter*, click on the **Outbound Filter** button and check the *Enable* box in the *Outbound Packet Filter* window.

Example 1:

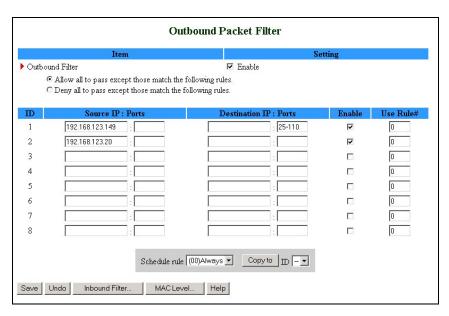


Figure 36: Outbound Packet Filter - Example 1

In this example, IP (192.168.123.149) is restricted from sending packets to any IP address on the WAN side to ports 25 to 110. It is allowed to send packets to any ports other than 25 to 110 to any IP on the WAN side

IP (192.168.123.20) is not allowed to send packets to any port and any IP on the WAN side.

All other IPs are allowed to send packets to any port and any IP on the WAN side.

Example 2:

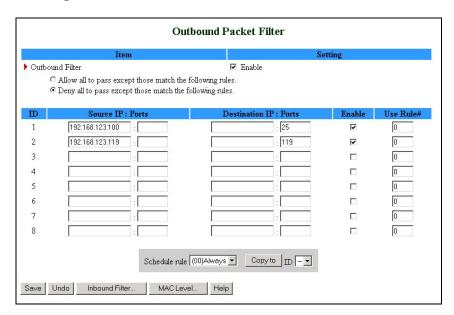


Figure 37: Outbound Packet Filter - Example 2

In this example, IPs (192.168.123.100) and (192.168.123.119) can only read net news (port 119) and send mail (port 25). They are blocked from performing any other operation.

All other IPs are blocked from performing any operation.

3.7.3 URL Blocking (Administrator only)

When enabled, this feature blocks LAN computers from connecting to predefined Web sites.

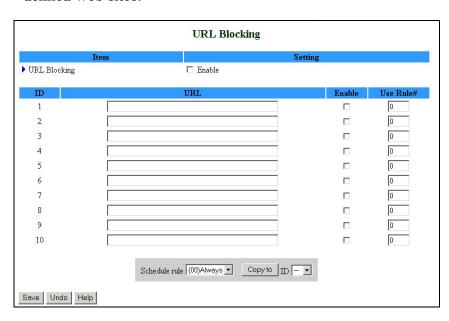


Figure 38: URL Blocking

The URL Blocking window includes the following parameters:

Table 27: URL Blocking Parameters

Parameter	Description
URL Blocking	Enable/Disable - Check to enable the URL Blocking feature.
URL	If any part of the Web site's URL matches the pre-defined word specified in this field, the connection will be blocked. For example, you can use a pre-defined word "sex" to block all Web sites whose URLs contain the word "sex".
Enable	Check to enable the rule. Each rule can be enabled or disabled individually.
Use Rule#	URL Blocking can work with Scheduling Rules. For details, please refer to Schedule Rule on page 86.

The Schedule Rule option facilitates the process of selecting a scheduling rule for each Filter ID. Select a specific Schedule Rule from the Schedule Rule Combo box. Select the Filter ID to which the schedule rule will apply from the ID Combo box and click **Copy to** to copy the Schedule Rule number to the selected Filter ID.

Click Save to save your settings.

The following section provides an example for using the URL Blocking option.

3.7.3.1 URL Blocking - Example

URL Blocking



Figure 39: URL Blocking Example

In this example:

- 1 All URLs which include the string "msn" will be blocked, and the action will be recorded in the log file.
- 2 All URLs which include the string "sina" will be blocked, and the action will be recorded in the log file.
- 3 All URLs which include the string "cnnsi" will be blocked, and the action will be recorded in the log file.
- 4 All URLs which include the string "espn" will be blocked, and the action will be recorded in the log file.

If the Enable box is not checked for a specific rule, the rule will not be applied and the matching URLs will not be blocked.

3.7.4 Domain Filter (Administrator only)

When enabled, the Domain Filter feature blocks LAN computers from connecting to pre-defined Web sites. Domain filter is based on DNS resolution filter. Therefore, the domain filter feature will work only if you execute query name resolution via the NG.

NOTE



While URL Blocking uses keywords to block all Web sites whose URL includes the prespecified keyword, Domain Filter blocks a single or multiple domains by specifying the suffix (such as xxx.com, .org, etc.).

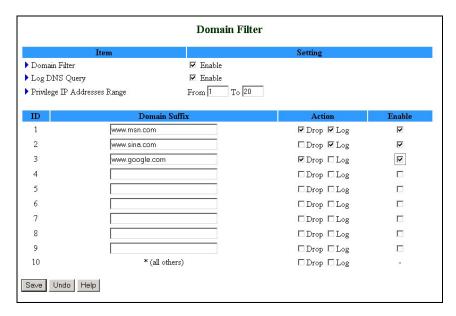


Figure 40: Domain Filter

Up to 9 Domain Suffixes can be defined, and for each rule you can specify the desired action to be taken when a user attempts to access that domain. For each rule you can define the following:

Table 28: Domain Filter Parameters

Parameter	Description
Domain Filter	Check to enable the Domain Filter feature to prevent users from accessing specific URLs.
Log DNS Query	Check to enable logging users' attempts to enter the specified URLs.
Privilege IP Addresses Range	Sets a group of hosts and allows them to access the network without restriction.
	The range is: From: 1~254, To: 1~254
Domain Suffix	A suffix of URL to be restricted.
	For example, ".com", "xxx.com".
Action	You can specify the type of action you want performed when someone attempts to access the specific URL that meets the domain-suffix:
	■ Drop – Check to block access.
	■ Log – Check to log the access attempt.
Enable	Check to enable the rule. Each rule can be enabled/disabled individually.

In the example above (Figure 40):

- 1 The URL "www.msn.com" will be blocked, and the action will be recorded in the log file.
- 2 The URL "www.sina.com" will not be blocked, but any attempt to enter the Web site will be recorded in the log file.
- 3 The URL "www.google.com" will be blocked, but the action will not be recorded in the log file.
- 4 IP address X.X.X.1~ X.X.X.20 (where X.X.X is the network configured on the LAN side by default 192.168.1) can access network without restriction.

Click **Save** to save your settings.

3.7.5 Firewall (Administrator only)

Firewall rules deny/allow traffic from passing through the device. In case firewall and filter rules are provisioned, NG will check the firewall rule first. If firewall is allowed, the NG checks the filter rule.

IMPORTANT

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Firewall will work only with the NAT feature enabled.

Inbound/outbound packet filter works property only with NAT enabled.

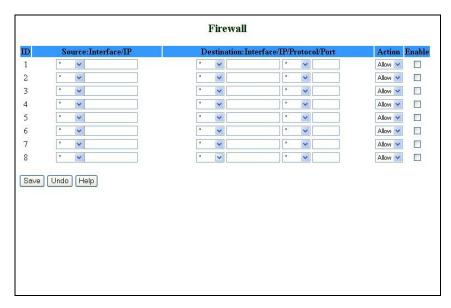


Figure 41: Firewall

Up to 8 rules can be specified for each direction of traffic: inbound and outbound. For each rule, you can define the following:

Table 29: Firewall Parameters

Parameter	Description
Source IP address	From LAN or WAN
Destination IP address	From LAN or WAN
Destination Protocol	TCP, UDP or ICMP
Destination	Destination port number
Action	Allow/Deny
	The default is Allow
Enable	Check to enable the rule. Each rule can be enabled/disabled
Enable	Check to enable the rule. Each rule can be enabled/disabled individually

Click Save to save your settings.

3.7.6 Miscellaneous Items (Administrator only)



Figure 42: Miscellaneous Items

From the Miscellaneous Items window you can set the following parameters:

Table 30: Miscellaneous Items Parameters

Parameter	Description
Remote Administrator Host/Port	Enables the user to perform administration tasks from a remote host. When enabled, only the specified IP address can perform remote administration. If the specified IP address is 0.0.0.0, any host can connect to this device in order to perform administration tasks. You can use subnet mask bits "/nn" notation to specify a group of trusted IP addresses.
	For example, "10.1.2.0/24".
	NOTE - When Remote Administration is enabled, the web server port will automatically change to 8080. You can change the web server port to another port.
	IMPORTANT – When managing the NG via AlvariSTAR (using the cut through option), the Remote Administrator Port must be set to 8080.
Administrator Time-out	The time of no activity to logout automatically. Set it to zero to disable automatic time-out
TFTP Access Client/Port	When enabled, the specified IP address can access the device using a TFTP client utility.
Discard PING from WAN side	When enabled, any ping packet from WAN will be discarded. The default is: Uncheck

Parameter	Description
	Changes to the settings are applied only after rebooting the unit (refer to Section 3.10.5).
SPI Mode	When enabled, the router records the information, such as IP address, port address, ACK, SEQ number and so on, of the packets that pass through the WAN, and the Networking Gateway checks every incoming packet to detect whether it is valid.
	The default is: Uncheck
DoS Attack Detection	When enabled, the router detects and logs the Denial of Service (DoS) attack that comes from the Internet. Currently, the Networking Gateway can detect the following DoS attack: SYN Attack, WinNuke, Port Scan, Ping of Death, and Land Attack etc.

3.8 NAT Setting (Administrator only)

The NAT Setting page provides access to configuring the virtual server, special AP, DMZ host and VPN pass through.

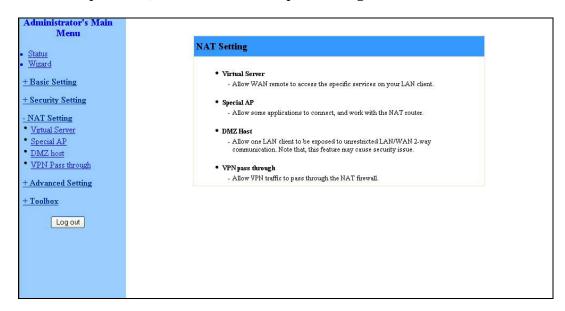
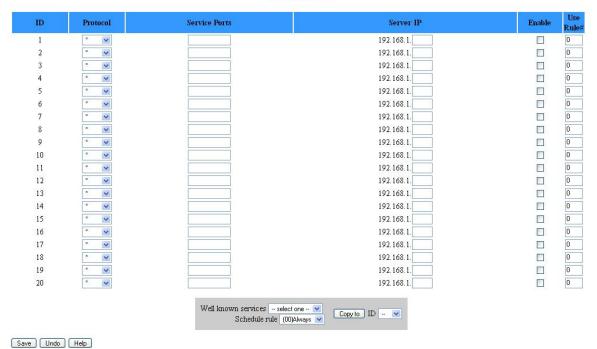


Figure 43: NAT Setting

3.8.1 Virtual Server

Virtual Server enables WWW, FTP and other services on your LAN to be accessible to Internet users.



Virtual Server

Figure 44: Virtual Server

Specify the following parameters for each ID:

Table 31: Virtual Server Parameters

Parameter	Description
Protocol	Select from TCP, UDP, * (all).
	The default setting is *.
Service Ports	Enter a port number, or a range of ports.
Server IP	Enter the server IP on the LAN interface.
	The range is 1~254.
Enable	Check to enable the rule. Each rule can be enabled/disabled individually.
Use Rule#	Virtual Server can work with Scheduling Rules. For details, please refer to Schedule Rule on page 86.

In addition, the Virtual Server page allows to easily select services from a pre-defined list, and to assign to them a pre-defined rule.

■ Well known services – Select a service from the list of pre-defined services.

The Schedule Rule option facilitates the process of selecting a scheduling rule for each Virtual Server ID. Select a specific Schedule Rule from the Schedule Rule Combo box. Select the Virtual Server ID to which the schedule rule will apply from the ID Combo box and click **Copy to** to copy the Schedule Rule number to the selected Virtual Server ID.

3.8.2 Special AP

Some applications, such as Internet games, Video conferencing, Internet telephony etc., require multiple connections. Because of the firewall function, these applications cannot work with a pure NAT router. The *Special Applications* window makes some of these applications work with NAT router.

NOTE



Only one PC at a time can use each Special Application.

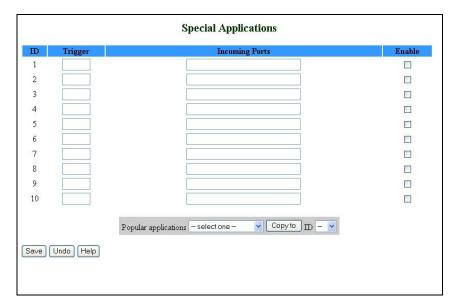


Figure 45: Special Applications

The Special Applications window includes the following parameters:

Table 32: Special Applications Parameters

Parameter	Description
Trigger	The outbound destination port number issued by the application.
Incoming Ports	When the trigger packet is detected using the destination port, the inbound packets to the specified port numbers are allowed to pass through the networking gateway. If no packets arrive for 1 minute, the ports will close.
Enable	Check to enable the rule. Each rule can be enabled/disabled individually.

Some predefined settings are provided. Select an application from the predefined list, select the ID number (1-10) and click **Copy to**, to add the predefined setting to your list.

NOTE



If Special Applications fails to make an application work, try DMZ host instead.

3.8.3 DMZ Host

Demilitarized Zone (DMZ) Host is a host without the firewall protection. It allows a computer to be exposed to unrestricted 2-way communication for

Internet games, Video conferencing, Internet telephony (H.323 or SIP), and other special applications.

CAUTION



This feature exposes your computer and may cause security issues. Make sure your PC is updated with the last security updates.

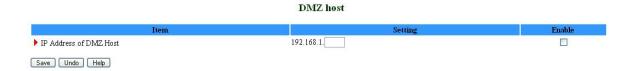


Figure 46: DMZ Host

Check the Enable box to enable this feature. One IP address should be set on the subnet of LAN. Changes to the settings are applied only after rebooting the unit (refer to Section 3.10.5)

3.8.4 VPN Pass Through

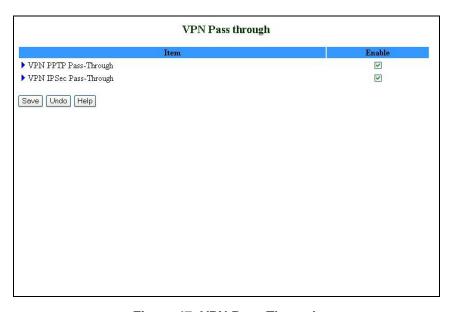


Figure 47: VPN Pass Through

The *VPN Pass Through* window includes the following parameters:

Table 33: VPN Pass Through Parameters

Parameter	Description
VPN PPTP Pass-Through	Check to enable PPTP connection to pass through the device. The device can handle up to 8 concurrent sessions.
	The default is: Check
VPN IPSec Pass-Through	Check to enable IPSec connection to pass through the device. The device can handle up to 16 concurrent sessions.
	The default is: Check

3.9 Advanced Settings (Administrator only)

The *Advanced Settings* menu provides access to configuring additional features, such as System Time, Log, Dynamic DNS, SNMP, Routing, Scheduling Rules and enabling Universal Plug and Play protocol.

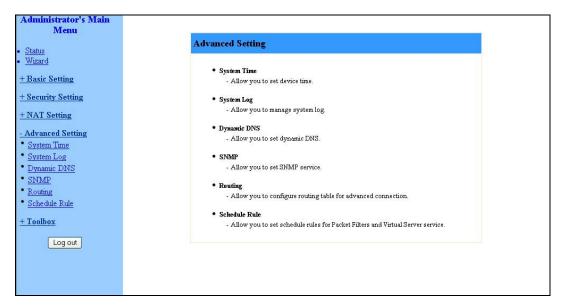


Figure 48: Advanced Setting

3.9.1 System Time

The *System Time* window enables to set the device time. Changes to the settings are applied only after rebooting the unit (refer to Section 3.10.5)

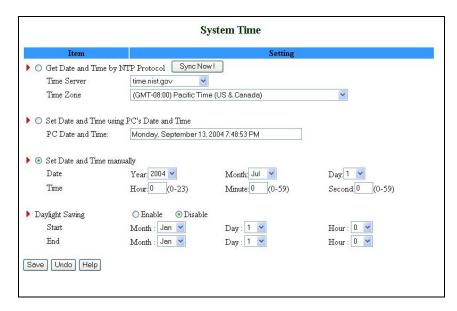


Figure 49: System Time

From the *System Time* window, you can select one of the following ways to set the date and time of the device:

Table 34: System Time Parameters

Parameter	Description
Get Date and Time by NTP Protocol	Select if you want to set the device's internal clock using the Network Time Protocol (NTP) from a specific server located on the internet.
	■ Time Server - Select an NTP time server to consult UTC time.
	■ Time Zone - Select a time zone where this device is located.
	 Sync Now! - Synchronize system time with network time server (alternatively, synchronization will be performed automatically from every 10 hours).
Set Date and Time using PC's Date and Time	Select if you want the device's internal clock to synchronize with the PC's clock.
Set Date and Time manually	Select if you want to manually set the device's internal clock. You need to specify:
	Date: Year, Month, DayTime: Hours (0-23), Minutes (0-59), Seconds (0-59).

The clock is set upon clicking **Save**.

NOTE



The device time is displayed at the bottom of the Status window.

In addition, you can specify daylight saving time as follows:

■ Daylight Saving - Enable/disable Daylight Saving and set start and end time of daylight saving time range.

3.9.2 System Log

System Log enables to set parameters for exporting system logs to a specified destination. Two exporting methods are supported: syslog (UDP) and SMTP (TCP).

An e-mail alert will be sent in one of the following conditions:

- If the size of the log file is up to 12 Kbytes, an e-mail alert is sent every 1 hour.
- When the size of the log file reaches 12 Kbytes, an e-mail alert is sent immediately.

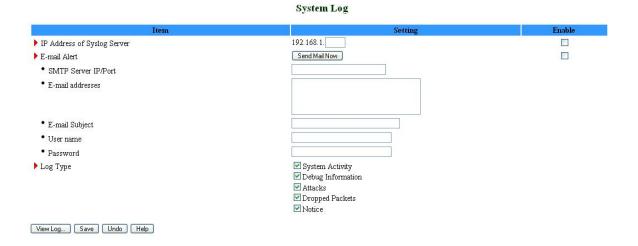


Figure 50: System Log

The System Log window includes the following parameters:

Table 35: System Log Parameters

Parameter	Description
IP Address for Syslog Server	Enter the IP address of the syslog server. It is valid only on your subnet LAN. Check to Enable this function.
E-mail Alert Enable	Check if you want to enable Email alert (send syslog via email).
	■ SMTP Server IP and Port - Enter the SMTP server IP and port, which are concatenate with ':'.For example, "mail.your_url.com" or "192.168.1.100:26". If you do not specify port number, the default value is 25.
	■ E-mail addresses - The listed recipients will receive these logs. You can assign more than 1 recipient, using a semicolon (;) or a comma (,) to separate the addresses.
	■ E-mail Subject - The subject of email alert. This setting is optional.
	■ Username and Password - To fill some SMTP server's

Parameter	Description
	authentication requirement, you may need to enter the
	Username and Password provided by your ISP.
Log Type	Select the activities to be logged.

NOTE



The changes made in the System Log page become effective upon clicking **Save**. Rebooting the system is not required.



To view the system log:

Click on the **View Log...** button at the bottom of the screen. The *System Log* opens (see <u>View Log</u> on page 91, Figure 62)

3.9.3 Dynamic DNS

To host your server on a changing IP address, you need to use a Dynamic Domain Name Service (DDNS).

To reach your host, one needs to know its name. Dynamic DNS will map the name of your host to your current IP address, which changes each time you connect to your Internet service provider.

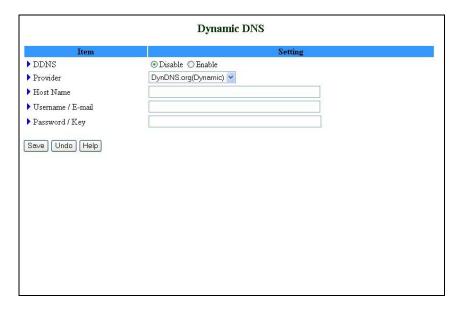


Figure 51: Dynamic DNS

Before enabling Dynamic DNS, you need to register an account on of the Dynamic DNS servers listed here under Provider: DnyDNS.org(Dynamic),

DnyDNS.org(Custom), TZO.com and dhs.org. Upon registration, you will receive your account details.

The *Dynamic DNS* window includes the following parameters:

Table 36: Dynamic DNS Parameters

Parameter	Description
DDNS	Click Enable or Disable to enable/disable Dynamic DNS.
Provider	Select from the list of Dynamic DNS servers on which you
	have an account.
Host Name	Enter to register a domain name to the DDNS provider. The full domain name is concatenated with the specified Host Name and a suffix, specified by the DDNS provider.
Username/E-mail	Enter your Username or E-mail address according to the DDNS provider you selected.
Password/Key	Enter your password or key according to the DDNS provider you selected.

After Dynamic DNS setting is configured, click Save.

3.9.4 SNMP Setting

The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) provides the user with the capability to remotely manage a computer network by polling and setting terminal values and monitoring network events.

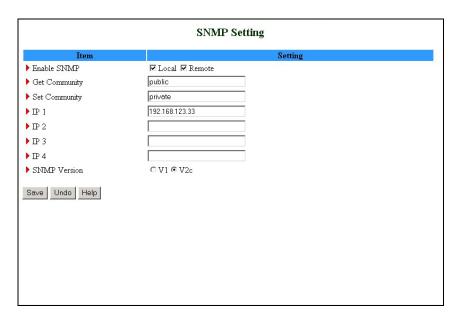


Figure 52: SNMP Setting

The SNMP Setting window includes the following parameters:

Table 37: SNMP Parameters

Parameter	Description
Enable SNMP	You must check either Local or Remote or both to enable the SNMP function.
	■ Local - The device will respond to requests from LAN.
	■ Remote – The device will respond to requests from WAN.
Get Community	Set the password for GetRequest access rights to your device.
Set Community	Setting the password for SetRequest access rights to your device.
IP 1,IP 2,IP 3,IP 4	Enter your IP addresses for allowed managers. SNMP Trap messages will be sent to this IP address as well. If no IP is defined, the unit cannot be managed by any PC, from either LAN or WAN.
SNMP Version	Select the proper SNMP Version supported by your SNMP Management software.

In the above figure:

■ The device will respond to requests from both LAN and WAN.

- The device will respond to SNMP clients whose **get community** is set as "public" and coming from IP 192.168.123.33.
- The device will respond to SNMP clients whose **set community** is set as "private" and coming from IP 192.168.123.33.
- This device will send SNMP Trap messages to 192.168.123.33 (Using SNMP Version V2c).

Changes to the settings are applied only after rebooting the unit (refer to Section 3.10.5)

3.9.5 Routing Table

Routing allows to determine the next hop IP address or interface to get one network segment different from the LAN network. If you have more than one gateway and subnet, you will need to enable Routing Table to allow packets to find the proper routing path and allow different subnets to communicate with each other.



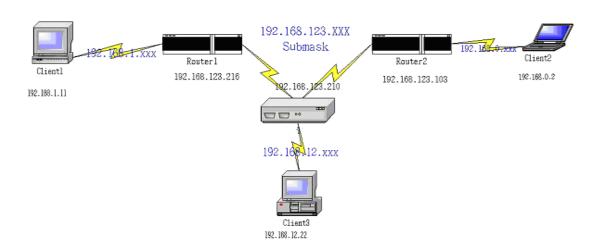
Figure 53: Routing Table

Routing Table settings are used to setup the functions of static and dynamic routing. The *Routing Table* window includes the following parameters:

Table 38: Routing Table Parameters

Parameter	Description
Dynamic Routing	Routing Information Protocol (RIP) will exchange information on destinations for computing routes throughout the network.
Static Routing	For static routing, you can specify up to 8 routing rules. You can enter the destination IP address, subnet mask, and gateway, hop for each routing rule, and enable/disable the individual rule. Changes to the settings are applied only after rebooting the
Default Route	unit (refer to Section 3.10.5) Sets the default route interface as WAN or LAN. For LAN, one IP for routing must be set.

Example:



Configuration on NAT Router

Destination	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Hop	Enabled
192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	192.168.123.21	6 1	÷
192.168.0.0	255.255.255.0	192.168.123.10	3 1	~

If, for example, Client3 wanted to send an IP datagram to 192.168.0.2 (Client2), he would use the above table to determine that he had to go via 192.168.123.103 (Gateway2).

And if he sends Packets to 192.168.1.11 he will go via 192.168.123.216 (Gateway1).

Each rule can be enabled or disabled individually.

When dynamic and static routing are configured concurrently, the NG will choose the shortest of the paths.

After the Routing Table setting is configured, click **Save**.

3.9.6 Schedule Rule

Schedule Rule allows to set the schedule time for which a service will be turned on or off.

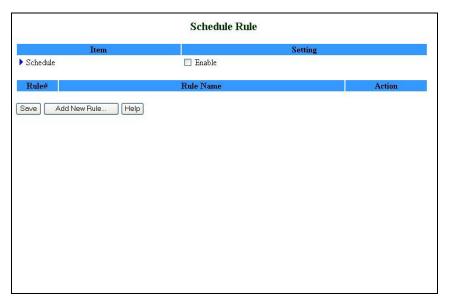


Figure 54: Schedule Rule

The Schedule Rule window includes the following parameters:

Table 39: Scheduling Table Parameters

Parameter	Description
Schedule	Click the checkbox to Enable the Scheduler.
Rule #	The rule number. Rules are numbered sequentially from the first rule set to the last. When a rule is deleted, the rules are automatically renumbered for all unit configurations.
Rule Name	The name of the rule.
Action	Edit and Delete - Every rule can be edited or deleted individually.

Changes to the settings are applied only after rebooting the unit (refer to section 3.10.5).



To add a new rule:

1 Click **Add New Rule** to add a rule to the list. The *Schedule Rule Setting* window opens.



Figure 55: Schedule rule Setting

You can enter a rule name and set which day and what time to schedule from "Start Time" to "End Time". In the following example, a rule named "FTP Time" is scheduled to operate every day between 14:10 and 16:20.

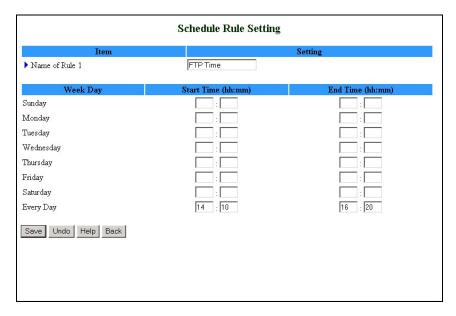


Figure 56: Schedule Rule Setting - Example Step 1

2 After configuring Rule 1, click on **Save** to save the rule and return to the *Schedule Rule* window. The new rule is now displayed on the list.

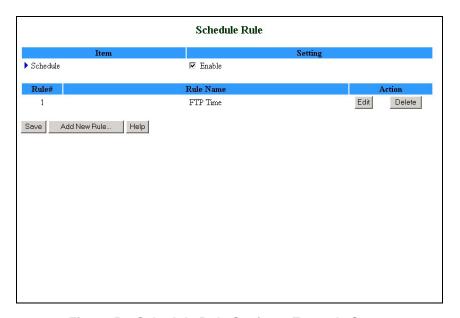


Figure 57: Schedule Rule Setting – Example Step 2

When rules are set, you can:

- Edit Click to edit the specific rule.
- Delete Click to delete the specific rule. When the rule is deleted, all subsequent rules are automatically renumbered.

Schedule Rule can be applied to Virtual server and Packet Filter, for example:

Example 1: **Virtual Server** – Apply Rule #1 using the scheduled rule #1 (ftp time: every day 14:10 to 16:20).

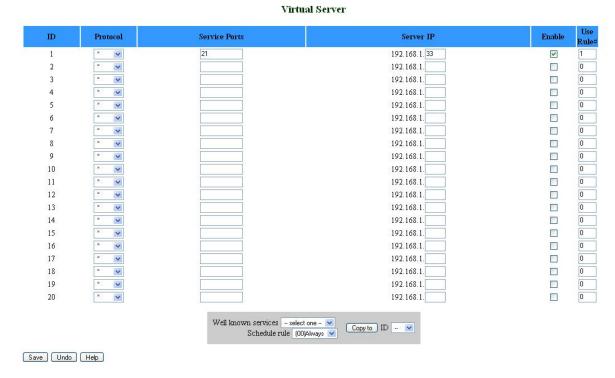


Figure 58: Virtual Server - Schedule Rule#1

Example2: **Packet Filter** – Apply Rule#1 using scheduled rule #1 (ftp time: every day 14:10 to 16:20).

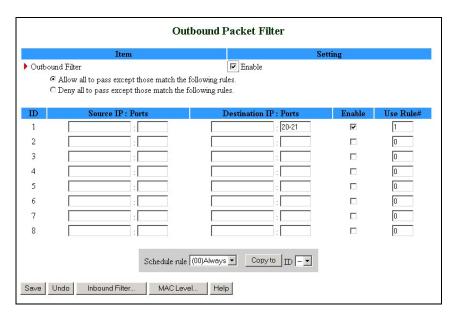


Figure 59: Packet Filter - Schedule Rule#1

3.9.7 UPnP Setting

Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) is a protocol for connecting voice/video applications through the Networking Gateway when in NAT mode.

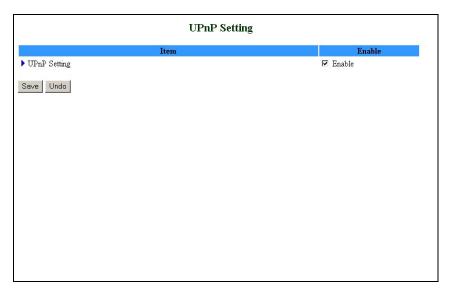


Figure 60: UPnP Setting

UPnP Setting - Enable/Disable - enables/disables the feature. NAT should be enabled. The default is Enabled. Changes to the settings are applied only after rebooting the unit (refer to section <u>3.10.5</u>).

3.10 Toolbox

The Toolbox menu provides access to viewing the system log, to firmware upgrade, backup setting, resetting the system to the factory default values, to rebooting the system, implementing DRAP protocol, running Wake-on-LAN and performing Ping tests.

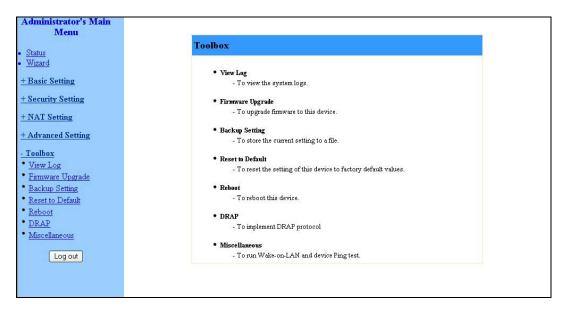


Figure 61: Toolbox

3.10.1 View Log

Clicking on *View Log* opens the *System Log* file. The System Log file can also be accessed from the *System Log* window in the *Advanced Setting* menu.

The log file logs all the activities performed since the last reset.

The maximum size of the log file is 16 Kbytes, recording over 160 entries.

System Log

```
WAN Type Static IP Address (V2.0.5_20081014)
Display time: Tue Oct 21 10:40:11 2008

Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:39:25 AM SNMP: Access from Unauthorized site -- 192.168.1.114
Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:39:26 AM SNMP: Access from Unauthorized site -- 192.168.1.114
Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:39:29 AM SNMP: Access from Unauthorized site -- 192.168.1.114
Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:39:34 AM Restarted by 192.168.1.114
Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:39:36 AM DOD:TCP trigger from 192.168.1.114
Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:39:36 AM DHCP:discover()
Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:39:40 AM DHCP:discover()
Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:39:40 AM DHCP:discover()
Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:39:40 AM SNMP: Access from Unauthorized site -- 192.168.1.114
Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:40:00 AM SNMP: Access from Unauthorized site -- 192.168.1.114
Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:40:04 AM SNMP: Access from Unauthorized site -- 192.168.1.114
Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:40:04 AM SNMP: Access from Unauthorized site -- 192.168.1.114
Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:40:04 AM SNMP: Access from Unauthorized site -- 192.168.1.114
Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:40:04 AM SNMP: Access from Unauthorized site -- 192.168.1.114
Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:40:04 AM SNMP: Access from Unauthorized site -- 192.168.1.114
Tuesday, October 21, 2008 10:40:04 AM SNMP: Access from Unauthorized site -- 192.168.1.114
```



Figure 62: View System Log

While in Log View, you can:

- Click **Back** to return to the *System Log* window.
- Click Refresh to manually update the Log.
- Click **Download** to download the Log file (**system.log**) and save it locally, on your PC.
- Click **Clear** to clear the log file of its content.

3.10.2 Firmware Upgrade (Administrator only)

The Firmware Upgrade window displays the currently installed firmware version.

Firmware Upgrade



Figure 63: Firmware Upgrade



To upgrade the firmware:

- 1 Click on **Browse** to browse to the upgrade file's location. The upgrade file is a *.BIN file.
- 2 Click **Upgrade** to begin the upgrading process, or **Cancel** to terminating it.

When the upgrade process is complete, the unit will automatically restart.



CAUTION

Do not turn off power to the unit during the upgrading process.

3.10.3 Backup Setting



To backup your settings:

- 1 Click *Backup Setting* in the menu list. This automatically opens the *File Download* window.
- 2 Select the **Save this file to disk** option and click **OK**. Follow the instructions on screen to save the file on the computer disk. The file is saved as a *.bin* file.

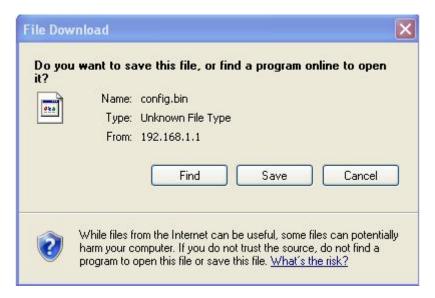


Figure 64: Backup



To restore your settings:

You can upload a configuration file to the unit using a PC with TFTP client connected on the LAN side. To support upload using TFTP, the TFTP Access Client/Port parameters in the Security Settings – Miscellaneous Items window (see section 3.7.6) should be configured properly. To upload a previously downloaded configuration file, use the DOS command: *tftp -i <IP address> put config.bin.*

You can also use the TFTP client to download the configuration file to a PC connected on the LAN side: *tftp -i <IP address> get config.bin*.

3.10.4 Reset to Default



To reset the unit to factory defaults:

1 Click Reset to default in the menu list. The following message appears.



Figure 65: Reset to Default

2 Click **OK** to reset the settings to default, or **Cancel** to keep the current settings.

3.10.5 Reboot



To reboot the system:

1 Click *Reboot* in the menu list. The following message appears.



Figure 66: Reboot

2 Click **OK** to reboot, or **Cancel** to continue working.



NOTE

Most of the configurations performed, require to reboot the system for them to take effect.

3.10.6 DRAP

Dynamic Resource Allocation Protocol (DRAP) is used for registration to the Base Station to which the SU is connected (by performing "Discovery").

DRAP Protocol



Figure 67: DRAP Protocol

The DRAP Protocol window includes the following parameters:

Table 40: DRAP Protocol Parameters

Parameter	Description
DRAP	Select Enable/Disable to enable/disable this feature. When enabled, a DRAP Server must be available.
	The default is Disable.
DRAP Server IP Address	The IP address of the DRAP Server. Leave empty for Auto Discovery.
Server Port	The UDP port used for the DRAP server. For BreezeMAX use port 8171
	The default is 8171.
Discovery Time	The Discovery Time is the timeout to be used when the Auto Discovery process is used for finding a DRAP server. The Auto Discovery process is based on sending empty broadcast, and the Discovery Time is the time that the unit will wait for a response before sending a new request. Changes to the settings are applied only after rebooting the unit (refer to section 3.10.5) The default is 0.
Acknowledge Time	The Acknowledge Time is the timeout to be used between messages. If no confirmation is received within this time, a new message should be sent. Changes to the settings are applied only after rebooting the unit (refer to section 3.10.5) The default is 0.

3.10.7 Miscellaneous Items

From the Miscellaneous Items page, you can set the MAC Address for Wake-on-LAN, and the Domain name or IP address for performing ping tests to the device.

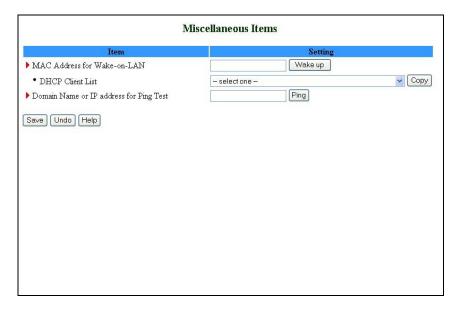


Figure 68: Toolbox - Miscellaneous Items

The ${\it Miscellaneous\ Items}$ window includes the following parameters:

Table 41: Miscellaneous Items Parameters

Parameter	Description
MAC Address for Wake-on- LAN	Wake-on-LAN enables to remotely power up a networked device. To use this feature, the target device must be Wake-on-LAN enabled and you need to know the device's MAC address, e.g., 00-11-22-33-44-55. Click on Wake up to have the gateway immediately send the wake-up frame to the target device.
	 DHCP Client List – Select a client from the dropdown list for which you want to perform Wake-on-LAN. Copy – Click to copy the DHCP client's MAC Address to the Wake-on-LAN. Changes to the settings are applied only after rebooting the
	unit (refer to section 3.10.5).
Domain Name or IP address for Ping Test	Allows to configure an IP, and ping the device. You can ping a specific IP to test that it is up and running. The IP must allow receiving and returning ICMP packets.
	Changes to the settings are applied only after rebooting the unit (refer to section 3.10.5).

Click on Save to save your settings.

3.11 Web Configuration Server's Parameters Summary

Table 42: Web Configuration Server's Parameters Summary

Parameter	Range/Options	Default	
	range/options	Deladit	
Status	T		
Printer (USB0)	■ Not Ready		
Status	■ Off-line or no paper		
	■ Printing		
	■ Ready		
	■ Device error		
Primary Setup			
WAN Type	■ Static IP Address	Dynamic IP Address	
	■ Dynamic IP Address		
	■ Dynamic IP Address with RRSM		
	■ PPP over Ethernet		
	■ PPTP		
Primary Setup - Sta	atic IP Address		
WAN IP Address	x.x.x.x	192.168.254.253	
WAN Subnet Mask	x.x.x.x	255.255.255.0	
WAN Gateway	x.x.x.x	0.0.0.0	
Primary DNS	x.x.x.x	0.0.0.0	
Secondary DNS	x.x.x.x	0.0.0.0	
NAT Disable	Check/Uncheck	Uncheck	
Primary Setup - Dynamic IP Address			
Host Name	A string of maximum 39 characters		
WAN's MAC			
Address			

Danamatan	Dan mal(Ontion a	Default
Parameter	Range/Options	Default
Renew IP Forever Enable	Check/Uncheck	Check
NAT Disable	Check/Uncheck	Uncheck
Primary Setup - Dyr	namic IP Address with Road Runner Session Manag	jement
Account	A string of maximum 53 characters	
Password	A string of maximum 53 characters	
Login Server	A string of maximum 31 characters	
Renew IP Forever	Enable Check/Uncheck	Check
NAT Disable	Check/Uncheck	Uncheck
Primary Setup – PP	P over Ethernet	,
PPPoE Account	A string of maximum 53 characters	
PPPoE Password	A string of maximum 53 characters	
Primary DNS	x.x.x.x	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS	x.x.x.x	0.0.0.0
Maximum Idle Time	0~65535	300 seconds
Connection	■ Connect-on-demand	Auto Reconnect(always on)
Control	■ Auto Reconnect(always on)	
	■ Manually	
MTU	552-1492	1492 bytes
Primary Setup - PP	ТР	1
IP Mode	■ Dynamic IP Address	Dynamic IP Address
	Static IP Address	
My IP Address	x.x.x.x	0.0.0.0
My Subnet Mask	x.x.x.x	0.0.0.0
WAN Gateway IP	x.x.x.x	0.0.0.0
Server IP		
Address/Name		

Parameter	Range/Options	Default	
PPTP Account	A string of maximum 53 characters		
PPTP Password	A string of maximum 53 characters		
Connection ID	(Optional)		
Maximum Idle Time	0~65535	300 seconds	
Connection Control	Connect-on-demandAuto Reconnect(always on)Manually	Auto Reconnect(always on)	
LAN Setup			
LAN IP Address	x.x.x.x	192.168.1.1	
LAN Subnet Mask	x.x.x.x	255.255.255.0	
DHCP Server	■ Disable	Enable	
	■ Enable		
DHCP Proxy	■ Disable	Disable	
	■ Enable		
	■ Proxy IP x.x.x.x	0.0.0.0	
LAN Setup – DHCP	Enabled		
Range of IP	■ Start: 1~254	192.168.1.100	
addresses Pool	■ End: 1~254	192.168.1.199	
Domain suffix	A string of maximum 31 characters		
Primary DNS	x.x.x.x	0.0.0.0	
Secondary DNS	x.x.x.x	0.0.0.0	
Primary WINS	x.x.x.x	0.0.0.0	
Secondary WINS	x.x.x.x	0.0.0.0	
Lease Time	0~99999 0 minutes		
MAC Address Control/Fixed Mapping			
MAC Address Control Enable	Check/Uncheck	Uncheck	

_	_		
Parameter	Range/Options		Default
Connection	■ Check/Uncheck		■ Uncheck
Control	■ Allow/Deny		■ Deny
Association	■ Check/Uncheck		■ Uncheck
Control	■ Allow/Deny		■ Deny
MAC Address Rules 1-4	MAC Address	A string of maximum 32 characters	
	IP Address	1~254	
	С	Check/Uncheck	Uncheck
	А	Check/Uncheck	Uncheck
Wireless Setting			
Wireless Enable	Check/Uncheck		Check
Network ID(SSID)	A string of maximum 32	characters	default
Channel	1~13		1
Security	■ None		None
	■ WEP		
	■ 802.1X		
	■ WPA-PSK		
	■ WPA		
Advanced Wireless	Setting		
Beacon Interval	1~65535 msec		100 msec
RTS Threshold	256~2432 bytes		2432 bytes
Fragmentation Threshold	256~2346 bytes - even numbers only		2346 bytes
DTIM Interval	1~255 seconds		3 seconds
Wireless Mode	■ 802.11b only		Mixed
	■ 802.11g only		
	■ mixed		
TX Rates	Dropdown List		Auto

Parameter	Range/Options	Default
Preamble Type	■ Short Preamble	Auto
,,	■ Long Preamble	
	■ Auto	
Authentication	■ Open System	Both
Туре	■ Shared Key	Bour
	■ Both	
SSID broadcast	■ Enable	Enable
SSID bloadcast		Enable
	■ Disable	1000/ 17 1714
Antenna Transmit Power	■ 100% 17dBM	100% 17dBM
	■ 50% 15dBM	
	■ 25% 12dBM	
	■ 12.5% 10dBM	
Change Password		
Administrator Password	A string of maximum 9 characters	installer
User Password	A string of maximum 9 characters	public
Outbound Packet	Filter	
Outbound Filter Enable	Check/Uncheck	Uncheck
Outbound Filter	■ Allow all…except	Allow allexcept
Mode	■ Deny all…except	
Outbound Rules	■ Source IP: x.x.x.x	
1-8	■ Source Port: 0~65535	
	■ Destination IP: x.x.x.x	
	■ Destination Port: 0~65535	
	■ Enable Check/Uncheck	0
	■ Use Rule#: 1~10	Ŭ

Parameter	Range/Options	Default		
InBound Packet Filter				
Inbound Filter Enable	Check/Uncheck	Uncheck		
Inbound Filter Mode	Allow allexceptDeny allexcept	Allow allexcept		
Inbound Rules 1-8	■ Source IP: x.x.x.x ■ Source Port: 0~65535 ■ Destination IP: x.x.x.x ■ Destination Port: 0~65535 ■ Enable Check/Uncheck ■ Use Rule#: 1~10	0		
URL Blocking				
URL Blocking Enable	Check/Uncheck	Uncheck		
URL Rules	■ URL: A string of maximum 50 characters			
	■ Enable Check/Uncheck	Uncheck		
	■ Use Rule#: 1-10	0		
Domain Filter		T		
Domain Filter Enable	Check/Uncheck	Uncheck		
Log DNS Query Enable	Check/Uncheck	Uncheck		
Privilege IP Addresses Range	■ From:1~254 ■ To: 1~254	0		
Domain Filter Rules 1-10	■ Domain Suffix 1-9			
	■ Drop Check/Uncheck			
	■ Log Check/Uncheck	■ Uncheck		

Parameter	Range/Options		Default
	■ Enable Check/Uncheck		■ Uncheck
Firewall		_	
Firewall Rules 1-8	Source Interface	■ All	All
		■ LAN	
		■ WAN	
	Source IP	x.x.x.x	
	Destination Interface	■ All	All
		■ LAN	
		■ WAN	
	Destination IP	x.x.x.x	
	Protocol	■ All	All
		■ TCP	
		■ UDP	
		■ ICMP	
	Destination Port	■ 0~65535	
	Action	■ Allow	Allow
		■ Deny	
	Enable Check/Uncheck		Uncheck
Miscellaneous Iten	ns		T
Remote	x.x.x.x		0.0.0.0
Administrator Host	or x.x.x.x/y		
Remote Administrator Port	0~65535		8080
Enable Remote Administrator	Check/Uncheck		Check
Administrator Time-out	0~9999 sec (0=never)		120
TFTP Access Client	x.x.x.x		0.0.0.0 (Disable)

_	D 10 11			
Parameter	Range/Options			Default
TFTP Access Port	0~65535		69	
Enable TFTP Access	Check/Uncheck			Uncheck
Discard PING from WAN side Enable	Check/Uncheck			Uncheck
SPI mode Enable	Check/Uncheck			Uncheck
DoS Attack Detection Enable	Check/Uncheck			Uncheck
Virtual Server				
Virtual Server	■ Protocol	-	All	All
Rules 1-20		-	TCP	
		•	UDP	
	■ Service Ports	-	0~65535	
	■ Server IP	-	1~254	
	■ Enable	•	Check/Uncheck	Uncheck
	■ Use Rule#		1~10	0
Special Application	ns			
Rules 1-10	■ Trigger Port	•	0~65535	
	■ Incoming Ports	•	A string of max 119 characters	
	■ Enable		Check/Uncheck	Uncheck
DMZ Host				
IP Address of DMZ Host	1~254			
	Enable: Check/Uncheck			Uncheck
VPN Pass through				
VPN PPTP Pass- Through Enable	Check/Uncheck			Check

Parameter	Range/Options	Default
VPN IPSec Pass- Through Enable	Check/Uncheck	Check
System Time		
System Time Source	 Get Date and Time by NTP Protocol Set Date and Time using PC's Date and Time Set Date and Time Manually 	Set Date and Time Manually
Time Server	 time.nist.gov time-nw.nist.gov time.windows.com utcnist.colorado.edu 	time.nist.gov
Time Zone	From dropdown list	GMT-08:00
Date	■ Year: 2002~2020■ Month: Jan~Dec■ Day: 1~31	2004Aug1
Time	■ Hour: 0~23■ Minute: 0~59■ Second: 0~59	■ 0 ■ 0 ■ 0
Daylight Saving	■ Enable ■ Disable	Disable
Daylight Saving Start	■ Month: Jan~Dec ■ Day: 1~31 ■ Hour: 0~23	Jan10
Daylight Saving End	■ Month: Jan~Dec■ Day: 1~31■ Hour: 0~23	Jan10
System Log		
IP Address of Syslog Server	1~254	

Parameter	Range/Options	Default	
Enable IP Address	Check/Uncheck	Uncheck	
E-mail Alert Enable	Check/Uncheck	Uncheck	
SMTP Server IP/Port	x.x.x.x		
E-mail addresses	A string of maximum 127 characters		
E-mail Subject	A string of maximum 63 characters		
User name	A string of maximum 25 characters		
Password	A string of maximum 25 characters		
Log Type	System Activity: Check/Uncheck	■ Uncheck	
	■ Debug Information: Check/Uncheck	■ Uncheck	
	■ Attacks: Check/Uncheck	■ Uncheck	
	■ Dropped Packets: Check/Uncheck ■ Uncheck		
	■ Notice: Check/Uncheck	■ Uncheck	
Dynamic DNS		T	
DDNS	■ Disable	Disable	
	■ Enable		
Provider	■ DnyDNS.org(Dynamic)	DnyDNS.org(Dynamic)	
	■ DnyDNS.org(Custom)		
	■ TZO.com		
	■ dhs.org		
Host Name	A string of maximum 63 characters		
Username/E-mail	A string of maximum 63 characters		
Password/Key	A string of maximum 63 characters		
SNMP Setting			
Enable SNMP	■ Local: Check/Uncheck	■ Uncheck	
	■ Remote: Check/Uncheck	■ Check	

Parameter	Range/Options	Default	
Get Community	A string of maximum 27 characters Public		
Set Community	A string of maximum 27 characters	Private	
IP 1-4	x.x.x.x		
SNMP Version	■ V1	V2c	
	■ V2c		
Routing Table			
Dynamic Routing	■ Disable	Disable	
	■ RIPv1		
	■ RIPv2		
Static Routing	■ Disable	Disable	
	■ Enable		
Default route	■ WAN	WAN	
	■ LAN IP		
Routing Rules 1-8	■ Destination		
	■ Subnet Mask		
	■ Gateway		
	■ Нор	Uncheck	
	■ Enable Check/Uncheck		
Schedule Rule			
Schedule Enable	Check/Uncheck	Uncheck	
Schedule Rule Set	ting		
Name of Rule 1-	A string of maximum 31 characters		
Sunday-Saturday,	Start Time: hh:mm		
Every Day	End Time: hh:mm		
UPnP Setting			
UPnP	Check/Uncheck	Check	
Firmware Upgrade			

Parameter	Range/Options	Default				
Browse						
DRAP Protocol						
DRAP	■ Disable	Disable				
	■ Enable					
	- Litable					
DRAP Server IP	x.x.x.x					
Address						
Server Port		0				
Discovery Time		0				
Acknowledge		0				
Time						
Miscellaneous Items						
MAC Address for						
Wake-on-LAN						
DHCP Client List	From dropdown list					
Domain Name or						
IP address for						
Ping Test						

A

Appendix A - Print Server

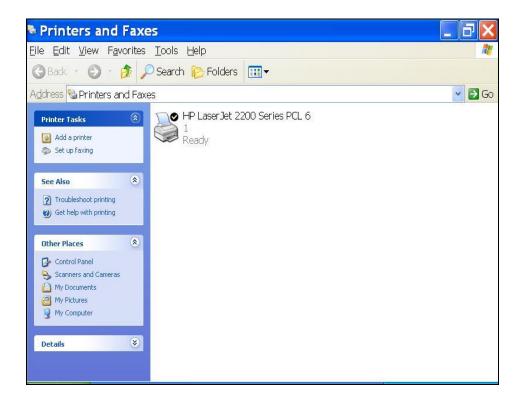
This Networking Gateway provides the function of network print server for MS Windows 2000/XP and Unix based platforms. The device comes with a USB port for connecting the printer. This Appendix will guide you through configuring the Print Server.

A.1 Configuring on Windows 2000 and XP Platforms

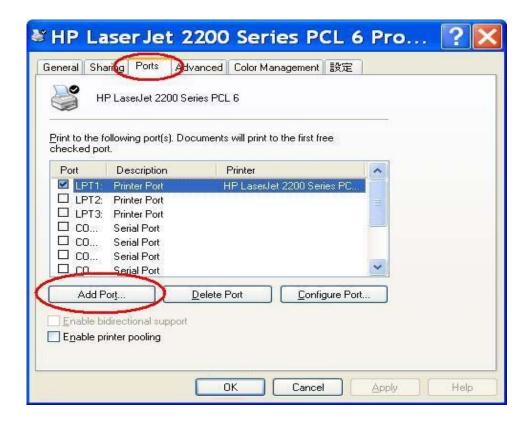
Windows 2000 and XP have a built-in LPR client, that can be used for printing.

Your Printer Driver must be installed in LPT1 or other ports before you proceed to the following procedure.

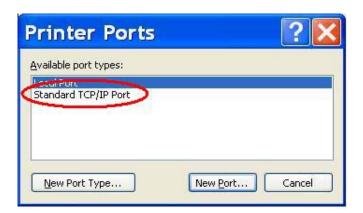
1 Open Printers and Faxes.



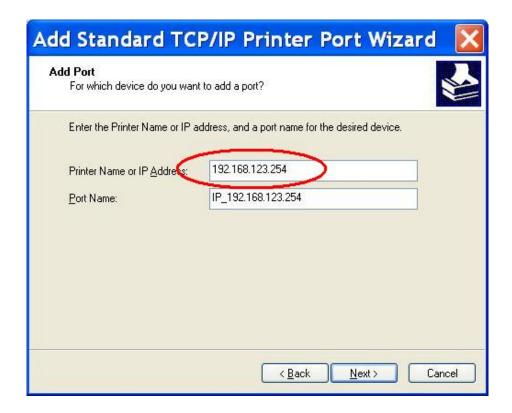
2 Select the printer. Right Click on it, a quick menu appears. Select Properties from the menu.



3 Select the Ports tab, Click "Add Port..."



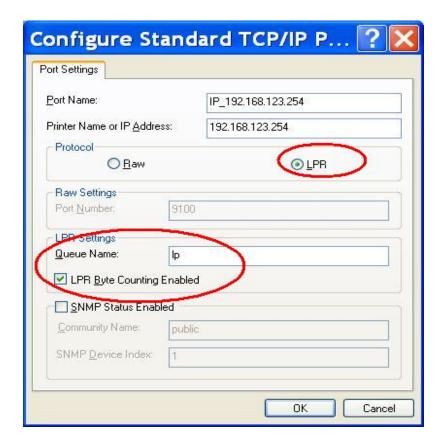
- **4** Select "Standard TCP/IP Port", and then click "New Port..." The TCP/IP Printer Port Wizard appears.
- 5 Click Next. The Add Port window is displayed.



- 6 Enter the IP address of the Networking Gateway device: 192.168.254.253 in the Printer Name or IP Address field. The Port Name field is automatically filled in as you type. You can change it as required.
- 7 Click Next. The Additional Port Information Required window appears.



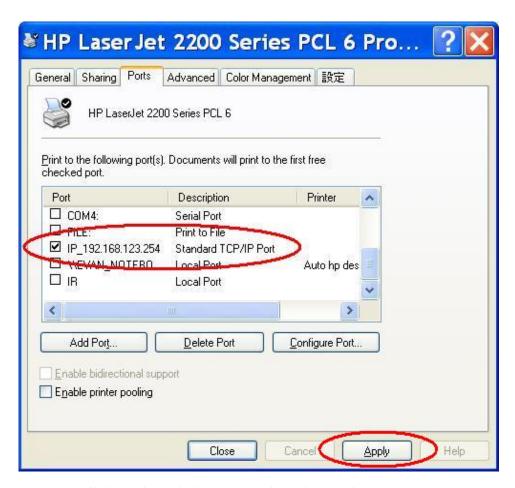
8 Select Custom, and then click "Settings..." The Port Settings window is displayed.



- **9** In the Protocol field, select "LPR". Enter *lp* (lowercase letters) in the "Queue Name" field and check the "LPR Byte Counting Enabled" check box.
- **10** Click OK to apply your settings. The Port Settings window closes and the Additional Port Information Required window reappears.
- 11 Click Next. The following window is displayed.



- 12 Click Finish. The window closes.
- **13** Close the Printer Ports window. The new printer port appears in the Ports tab.



14 Click Apply and then OK to close the window.

NOTE



Print a test page to ensure that the printer is working properly.

Glossary

DHCP

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. A protocol for dynamically assigning IP addresses from a pre-defined list to nodes on a network. Using DHCP to manage IP addresses simplifies client configuration and efficiently utilizes IP addresses.

DNS

Domain Name System: The name resolution system that lets users locate computers on the Internet (TCP/IP network) by domain name. The DNS server maintains a database of domain names (host names) and their corresponding IP addresses.

DRAP

Dynamic Resource Allocation Protocol

IDU

Indoor Unit

IEEE

Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers. IEEE (pronounced I-triple-E) is an organization composed of engineers, scientists, and students. The IEEE is best known for developing standards for the computer and electronics industry. In particular, the IEEE 802 standards for local-area networks are widely followed.

IEEE 802.11b

The standard applies to wireless LANs and provides data rate of 11 Mbps in the 2.4 GHz band.

IEEE 802.11g

The standard applies to wireless LANs and provides data rate of 54 Mbps in the 2.4 GHz band.

ΙP

Internet Protocol. The standard that defines how data is transmitted over the Internet. IP bundles data, including e-mail, faxes, voice calls and messages, and other types, into "packets", in order to transmit it over public and private networks.

LAN

Local area Network. A computer network limited to a small geographical area, such as a single building. The network typically links PCs as well as shared resources such as printers.

MAC

Media Access Control. The lower of the two sub-layers of the data link layer defined by the IEEE. The MAC sub-layer handles access to shared media, such as whether token passing or contention will be used.

MAC Address

Standardized data link layer address that is required for every port or device that connects to a LAN. Other devices in the network use these addresses to locate specific ports in the network and to create and update routing tables and data structures. MAC addresses are 6bytes long and are controlled by the IEEE.

NAT

Network Address Translation: An IETF standard that allows an organization to present itself to the Internet with far fewer IP addresses than there are nodes on its internal network. The NAT technology, which is typically implemented in a router, converts private IP addresses (such as in the 192.168.0.0 range) of the machine on the internal private network to one or more public IP addresses for the Internet. It changes the packet headers to the new address and keeps track of each session. When packets come back from the Internet, NAT performs the reverse conversion to the IP address of the client machine.

ODU

Outdoor unit

PPPoE

Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet. PPPoE relies on two widely accepted standards: PPP and Ethernet. PPPoE is a specification for connecting the users on an Ethernet to the Internet through a common broadband medium, such as a single DSL line, wireless device or cable modem. All the users over the Ethernet share a common connection, so the Ethernet principles supporting multiple users in a LAN combines with the principles of PPP, which apply to serial connections.

SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol. A network management protocol that provides a means to monitor and control network devices, and to manage configurations, statistics collection, performance, and security. SNMP works by sending messages, called protocol data units (PDUs), to different parts of a network. SNMP-compliant devices, called agents, store data about themselves in Management Information Bases (MIBs) and return this data to the SNMP requesters.

SU

Subscriber Unit

TCP/IP

Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. A set of protocols developed by the U.S. Department of Defense to allow communication between dissimilar networks and systems over long distances. TCP/IP is the de facto standard for data transmission over networks, including the Internet.

TFTP Trivial File Transfer Protocol. Simplified version of FTP that

allows files to be transferred from one computer to another over a

network, usually without the use of client authentication.

UDP User Datagram Protocol. Connectionless transport layer protocol

in the TCP/IP protocol stack. UDP is a simple protocol that exchanges datagrams without acknowledgments or guaranteed delivery, requiring that error processing and retransmission be

handled by other protocols. UDP is defined in RFC 768.

WAN Wide Area Network. A computer network that spans a relatively

large geographical area. Wide area networks can be made up of interconnected smaller networks spread throughout a building, a

state, or the entire globe.