



Panel PC with Touch Screen and 1.6 GHz Intel® Atom™ CPU, MIFARE/EM RFID, Wiegand 26, Door Control, Gigabit Ethernet, 3 USB, RS-232/422/485, RoHS Compliant, IP 64 Protection

User Manual





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Chapter

Introduction



1.1 ACT-408A-N270 All-in-One Access Control Terminal



Figure 1-1: ACT-408A-N270 All-in-One Access Control Terminal

The ACT-408A-N270 is 1.6 GHz Intel® Atom™ powered access control terminal with a RFID reader and a rich variety of functions. The ACT-408A-N270 is designed for easy and simplified integration in to access control applications.

An Intel® 945GSE graphics memory controller hub (GMCH) coupled with an Intel® ICH7M input/output controller hub ensures optimal memory, graphics, and peripheral I/O support. The system comes with 1 GB of preinstalled DDR2 SDRAM and supports a maximum of 2.0 GB of DDR2 SDRAM ensuring smooth data throughputs with reduced bottlenecks and fast system access.

Two serial ports and three external USB 2.0 ports ensure simplified connectivity to a variety of external peripheral devices. Wi-Fi capabilities and one RJ-45 Ethernet connector ensure smooth connection of the system to an external LAN.



1.1.1 Features

The ACT-408A-N270 features the following:

- 8.4" TFT LCD with resistive type touch screen
- 1.6 GHz Intel® Atom™ CPU with 512 KB L2 cache preinstalled
- Built-in RFID reader supports Mifare card and EM card read/write
- Preinstalled 1 GB DDR2 memory module
- 802.11 b/g wireless module
- One RJ-45 RS-232 serial port and one RJ-45 RS-232/422/485 serial port
- Three USB 2.0 ports
- CompactFlash® Type II slot
- Provides RFID configuration tool to read or write Mifare tags and EM tags
- Built-in digital camera and microphone
- Built-in 3.0 W stereo speakers
- IP 64 compliant front panel
- RoHS compliance

1.1.2 Applications

The ACT-408A-N270 is elegant yet sophisticated systems that are easily implemented in diverse environments including:

- Door access
- Time attendance
- Cashless payment terminal
- Parking access control

1.2 External Overview

The stylish ACT-408A-N270 access control terminal comprises of a screen, front and rear panels. An ABS/PC plastic front frame surrounds the front screen. The rear panel provides screw holes for a wall-mounting bracket compliant with VESA FDMI standard. An I/O interface panel on the rear panel provides access to external interface connectors that include LAN, USB 2.0, serial port, reset button, power connector and power switch.



1.2.1 Front Panel

The front side of the ACT-408A-N270 is a flat panel TFT LCD screen surrounded by an ABS/PC plastic hard cover. The front panel has a 300K pixel digital camera, two microphones, a power LED indicator, power button, a USB port, a RFID reader for Mifare/EM tags, and two speakers for stereo sound (**Figure 1-2**).

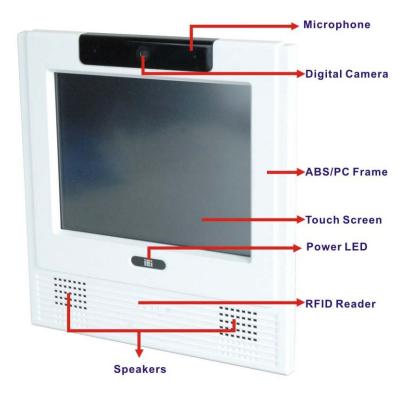


Figure 1-2: ACT-408A-N270 Front View



Power Button

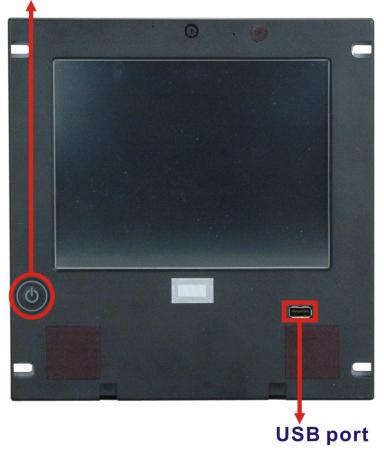


Figure 1-3: Front View (Faceplate Removed)

1.2.2 RFID Reader

A RFID reader is integrated in the front panel and supports Mifare 13.56 MHz or EM 125 KHz RFID tags. The ACT-408A-N270 also comes with a RFID tool to read or write data on or into the Mifare tags or EM tags. Please refer to **Chapter 3** for detailed description of the RFID tool (RF320).

1.2.3 Rear Panel

The rear panel provides access to retention screw holes that support the VESA 75 and 100 mounting. Refer to **Figure 1-4**.



Figure 1-4: ACT-408A-N270 Rear View

1.2.4 I/O Interface Panels

The I/O interface panels located on the bottom and top panels of the ACT-408A-N270 (**Figure 1-5**) have the following I/O interface connectors:

- 1 x 12 V DC power jack
- 1 x RJ-45 RS-232 port
- 1 x RJ-45 RS-232 or RS-422/485 port
- 1 x RJ-45 GbE LAN connectors
- 2 x USB 2.0 ports
- 1 x 8-pin Wiegand RFID reader input
- 1 x 8-pin Digital output for door control
- 1 x 4-pin Digital input

The external I/O interface connectors on the bottom panel are shown in Figure 1-5.

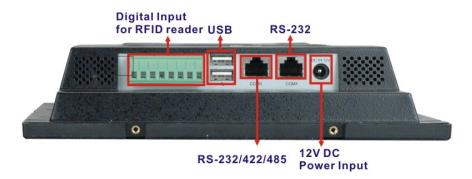


Figure 1-5: ACT-408A-N270 Bottom View

The external I/O interface connectors on the top panel are shown in Figure 1-5.



Figure 1-6: ACT-408A-N270 Top View

1.2.5 CompactFlash® Slot

The system can also support a CompactFlash® Type II (CF Type II) memory disk.



Figure 1-7: CompactFlash® Slot



1.3 Internal Overview

The ACT-408A-N270 has the following components installed internally:

- 1 x Motherboard
- 1 x 1 GB DDR2 SDRAM SO-DIMM
- 1 x Wireless module
- 1 x RFID reader
- 2 x Speakers
- 1 x Digital camera
- 1 x Microphone

1.4 Specifications

The ACT-408A-N270 has the following preinstalled components:

- 1 x Motherboard
- 1 x TFT LCD screen
- 1 x Touch screen
- 1 x Inverter
- 1 x Wireless LAN module
- 1 x DDR2 memory module

The following section lists the system specifications. The technical specifications for some other preinstalled components are shown in the **Appendix A**.

1.4.1 System Specifications

The technical specifications for the ACT-408A-N270 system are listed in **Table 1-1**.

Specifications	ACT-408A-N270
LCD Size	8.4"
Max. Resolution	800 x 600 (XGA)
Brightness	450 cd/m ²
Contrast Ratio	600:1
LCD Color	262 K



Pixel Pitch (mm)	0.213 (H) x 0.213 (V)
Viewing Angle (H-V)	140 (H) / 160 (V)
Backlight MTBF	30,000 hours
SBC Model	ACTMB4-945GSE-N270-R10
СРИ	1.6 GHz Intel® Atom™ CPU with 512 KB L2 cache
Northbridge Chipset	Intel® 945GSE
Southbridge Chipset	Intel® ICH7M
Memory	One 400/533 MHz DDR2 SDRAM SO-DIMM supported (system max. 2 GB)
SSD	CF Type II
Watchdog Timer	Software Programmable supports 1 sec. ~ 255 sec. system reset
Audio	AMP 3.0 W + AMP 3.0 W (built-in stereo speakers)
Expansion	One PCIe Mini card slot (for wireless LAN 802.11 b/g module)
Camera and MIC	Built-in 300 K pixel camera and digital microphone
RFID	Supports MIFARE and EM RFID
I/O Ports and	One 12 V DC power jack
Switches	One 4-pin terminal block for signal input
Switches	
Switches	3 x Digital Input
Switches	3 x Digital Input 1 x GND
Switches	
Switches	1 x GND
Switches	1 x GND One 8-pin terminal block for signal output
Switches	1 x GND One 8-pin terminal block for signal output 1 x Relay control for Door (COMMON, Normal Close, Normal
Switches	1 x GND One 8-pin terminal block for signal output 1 x Relay control for Door (COMMON, Normal Close, Normal Open)
Switches	1 x GND One 8-pin terminal block for signal output 1 x Relay control for Door (COMMON, Normal Close, Normal Open) 1 x Relay control for Alarm+ (COMMON) Alarm- (NO)
Switches	1 x GND One 8-pin terminal block for signal output 1 x Relay control for Door (COMMON, Normal Close, Normal Open) 1 x Relay control for Alarm+ (COMMON) Alarm- (NO) 1 x 12V output (for Door control)
Switches	1 x GND One 8-pin terminal block for signal output 1 x Relay control for Door (COMMON, Normal Close, Normal Open) 1 x Relay control for Alarm+ (COMMON) Alarm- (NO) 1 x 12V output (for Door control) 2 x GND
Switches	1 x GND One 8-pin terminal block for signal output 1 x Relay control for Door (COMMON, Normal Close, Normal Open) 1 x Relay control for Alarm+ (COMMON) Alarm- (NO) 1 x 12V output (for Door control) 2 x GND One 8-pin terminal block for signal input (Wiegand Reader)
Switches	1 x GND One 8-pin terminal block for signal output 1 x Relay control for Door (COMMON, Normal Close, Normal Open) 1 x Relay control for Alarm+ (COMMON) Alarm- (NO) 1 x 12V output (for Door control) 2 x GND One 8-pin terminal block for signal input (Wiegand Reader) 5 x Digital Input
Switches	1 x GND One 8-pin terminal block for signal output 1 x Relay control for Door (COMMON, Normal Close, Normal Open) 1 x Relay control for Alarm+ (COMMON) Alarm- (NO) 1 x 12V output (for Door control) 2 x GND One 8-pin terminal block for signal input (Wiegand Reader) 5 x Digital Input 1 x 12V output
Switches	1 x GND One 8-pin terminal block for signal output 1 x Relay control for Door (COMMON, Normal Close, Normal Open) 1 x Relay control for Alarm+ (COMMON) Alarm- (NO) 1 x 12V output (for Door control) 2 x GND One 8-pin terminal block for signal input (Wiegand Reader) 5 x Digital Input 1 x 12V output 2 x GND

	One GbE LAN connector	
	Three USB 2.0 ports	
	One Power button on front panel	
Construction Material	ABS + PC plastic front frame	
Construction material	Aluminum alloy chassis	
Front Panel Color	White	
Mounting	In-Wall, Panel, Wall, Stand or Arm (VESA 75 x 75 mm, 100 x 100 mm)	
IP level (front panel)	IP 64	
EMC	CE and FCC	
Safety	CB and CCC	
Touch Screen	5-wire resistive type	
Power Adapter	60W, 12 V DC output, 90 ~ 264 V AC, 50/60 Hz input	
Power Consumption	35 W	
Operation	0°C ~ 45°C	
Temperature	0.0 ~ 45.0	
Dimensions (W x H x	225 x 236.5 x 52.5	
D) (mm)	220 X 230.3 X 32.3	
Net weight	1.5 kg	

Table 1-1: ACT-408A-N270 System Specifications

1.5 Dimensions

The dimensions of the ACT-408A-N270 are shown in **Figure 1-8** and listed below.

Width: 225 mm
 Height: 236.5 mm
 Depth: 52.5 mm

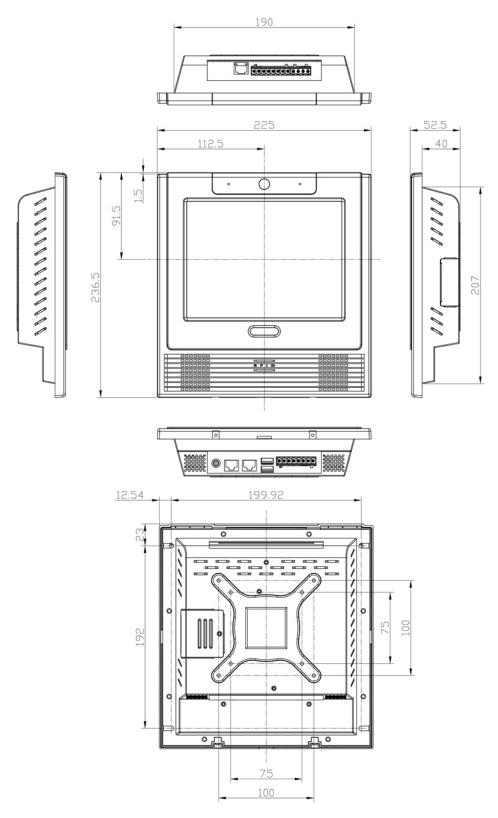


Figure 1-8: ACT-408A-N270 Dimensions (mm)



Chapter

2

Installation



2.1 Unpacking

To unpack the access control terminal, follow the steps below:



WARNING!

The front side LCD screen has a protective plastic cover stuck to the screen. Only remove the plastic cover after the ACT-408A-N270 has been properly installed. This ensures the screen is protected during the installation process.

- Step 1: Use box cutters, a knife or a sharp pair of scissors that seals the top side of the external (second) box.
- Step 2: Open the external (second) box.
- **Step 3:** Use box cutters, a knife or a sharp pair of scissors that seals the top side of the internal (first) box.
- Step 4: Lift the monitor out of the boxes.
- **Step 5:** Remove both polystyrene ends, one from each side.
- **Step 6:** Pull the plastic cover off the ACT-408A-N270.
- **Step 7:** Make sure all the components listed in the packing list are present.

2.1.1 Packing List

The ACT-408A-N270 access control terminal is shipped with the following components:

Quantity	Item	Image
1	ACT-408A-N270 access control terminal	
1	Screw set	
4	Adhesive foam tape strips	
1	Power adapter	
1	Power cord	
1	Touch pen	
1	User manual CD and driver CD	iEi .
1	Mini jumper pack (2.0 mm)	

If any of these items are missing or damaged, contact the distributor or sales representative immediately.



2.2 Anti-Static Precautions



WARNING:

Failure to take ESD precautions during the maintenance of the ACT-408A-N270 may result in permanent damage to the ACT-408A-N270 and severe injury to the user.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the ACT-408A-N270. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the ACT-408A-N270 is accessed internally, or any other electrical component is handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- Wear an anti-static wristband: Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging the board.
- Self-grounding: Before handling the board, touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the board is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- Use an anti-static pad: When configuring the ACT-408A-N270, place it on an antic-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damaging the ACT-408A-N270.
- Only handle the edges of the PCB: When handling the PCB, hold the PCB by the edges.

2.3 Installation Precautions

When installing the POS system, please follow the precautions listed below:

- Power turned off: When installing the system, make sure the power is off.
 Failing to turn off the power may cause severe injury to the body and/or damage to the system.
- Certified Engineers: Only certified engineers should install and modify onboard functionalities.
- Anti-static Discharge: If a user open the rear panel of the system, to



configure the jumpers or plug in added peripheral devices, ground themselves first and wear and anti-static wristband.

2.4 Preinstalled Components

The following components are all preinstalled.

- Motherboard
- TFT LCD screen
- DDR2 memory module
- Resistive type touch screen
- RFID module
- Wireless LAN module

Component installation is described in the following sections.

2.5 Installation and Configuration Steps

The following installation steps must be followed.

- Step 1: Unpack the ACT-408A-N270
- Step 2: Install CF card
- **Step 3:** Configure the system
- Step 4: Mount the ACT-408A-N270
- Step 5: Connect peripheral devices to the bottom panel of the ACT-408A-N270.

2.6 Rear Panel Removal

To access the CF slot and AT/ATX switch, the back cover must be removed. To remove the back cover, please follow the steps below.

- **Step 1:** Place the ACT-408A-N270 face down on a flat surface.
- Step 2: Remove the Terminal Block Connectors. Remove the three terminal block connectors (Figure 2-1) from the top and bottom panels. A flat-headed screwdriver may be required to gently remove the connectors.



Step 3: Remove the rear panel. Remove the retention screws (Figure 2-1) from the rear panel and lift the back cover off the ACT-408A-N270.



Terminal Block Connectors

Figure 2-1: Rear Panel

2.7 CF Card Installation

The ACT-408A-N270 has one CF Type II slot. To install the CF card, follow the instructions below.

- Step 1: Locate the CF card slot cover. The CF card slot cover is located on the back panel of the ACT-408A-N270. See Figure 2-2
- **Step 2:** Remove the retention screw and cover. Remove the retention screw and remove the cover



Retention screw



CF Card slot cover

Figure 2-2: CF Card Slot Cover Location

Step 3: Install the CF Card. Correctly align the CF card with the socket and insert the CF card into the socket. See Figure 2-3.



Figure 2-3: CF Card Installation

Step 4: Replace the CF card slot cover. Make sure the cover is properly secured with the previously removed retention screw.



2.8 Power Adapter

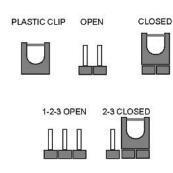
The system is shipped with a 90 V to 264 V IEI AC power adapter with a maximum power output of 60 W. The power adapter has a 12 V DC output connector.

2.9 Jumper Settings



NOTF.

A jumper is a metal bridge used to close an electrical circuit. It consists of two or three metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To CLOSE/SHORT a jumper means connecting the pins of the jumper with the plastic clip and to OPEN a jumper means removing the plastic clip from a jumper.



Before the ACT-408A-N270 is installed, the jumpers must be set in accordance with the desired configuration. The jumpers on the ACT-408A-N270 motherboard are listed in **Table 2-1**.

Description	Label	Туре
Clear CMOS	J_CMOS1	2-pin header
COM3 RX RS-232/422/485 select	JP3	8-pin header
COM3 TX RS-422/485 select	JP4	6-pin header
COM3 RS-232/422/485 select	JP7	12-pin header

Table 2-1: Jumpers

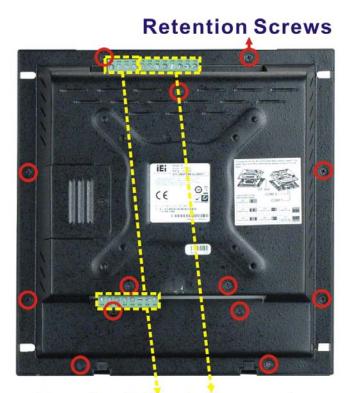


2.9.1 Access the Jumpers

To access the jumpers, the rear panel and the aluminum cover must be removed. To remove the rear panel and the aluminum cover, please follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Put the front panel of the ACT-408A-N270 on a table.
- Step 2: Remove the Terminal Block Connectors. Remove the three terminal block connectors (Figure 2-1) from the top and bottom panels. A flat-headed screwdriver may be required to gently remove the connectors.
- **Step 3:** Remove the rear panel. Remove the retention screws (**Figure 2-1**) from the rear panel and lift the rear panel off the ACT-408A-N270.

Step 4:



Terminal Block Connectors

Figure 2-4: Rear Panel Retention Screws



2.9.2 Preconfigured Jumpers



WARNING:

Do not change the settings on the jumpers in described here. Doing so may disable or damage the system.

The following jumpers are preconfigured for the ACT-408A-N270. Users should not change these jumpers (**Table 2-2**).

Jumper Name	Label	Туре
LVDS voltage selection	J_VLVDS1	3-pin header
Panel Type and Resolution	J_LCD_TYPE1	10-pin header

Table 2-2: Preconfigured Jumpers

2.9.3 Clear CMOS Jumper

Jumper Label: J_CMOS1

Jumper Type: 2-pin header

Jumper Settings: See Table 2-3

Jumper Location: See Figure 2-5

If the ACT-408A-N270 fails to boot due to improper BIOS settings, the clear CMOS jumper clears the CMOS data and resets the system BIOS information. To do this, use the jumper cap to close the pins for a few seconds then remove the jumper clip.

If the "CMOS Settings Wrong" message is displayed during the boot up process, the fault may be corrected by pressing the F1 to enter the CMOS Setup menu. Do one of the following:

- Enter the correct CMOS setting
- Load Optimal Defaults
- Load Failsafe Defaults.

After having done one of the above, save the changes and exit the CMOS Setup menu.

The clear CMOS jumper settings are shown in **Table 2-3**.

Clear CMOS	Description	
Short 1 - 2	Keep CMOS Setup	Default
Short 2 - 3	Clear CMOS Setup	

Table 2-3: Clear CMOS Jumper Settings

The location of the clear CMOS jumper is shown in Figure 2-5 below.

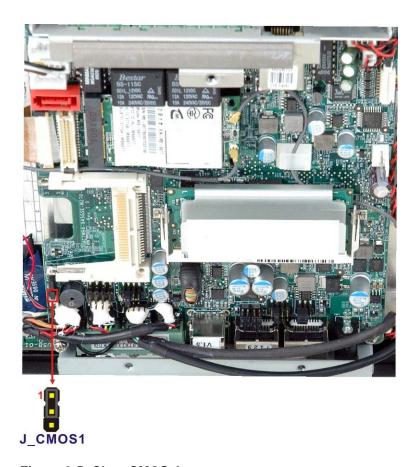


Figure 2-5: Clear CMOS Jumper



2.9.4 COM3 RX Function Select Jumper

Jumper Label: JP3

Jumper Type: 8-pin header

Jumper Settings: See Table 2-4

Jumper Location: See Figure 2-6

The COM3 RX Function Select jumper sets the communication protocol used by the RX serial communications port COM3 as RS-232, RS-422 or RS-485. The COM3 RX Function Select jumper settings are shown in **Table 2-4**.

COM3 RX Function Select	Description	
Short 3-4	RS-232	Default
Short 1-2, 5-6	RS-422	
Short 1-2, 7-8	RS-485	

Table 2-4: COM3 RX Function Select Jumper Settings

The COM3 RX Function Select jumper location is shown in Figure 2-6.

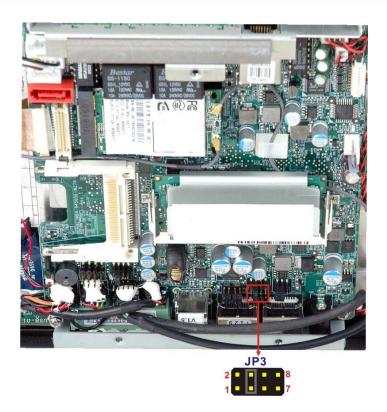


Figure 2-6: COM3 RX Function Select Jumper Location

2.9.4.1 COM3 RS-422 and RS-485 Pinouts

The pinouts for RS-422 and RS-485 operation of external serial port COM 3 are detailed below.

COM 3	RS-422 Description
Pin 1	TX-
Pin 2	TX+
Pin 6	RX-
Pin 7	RX+

Table 2-5: RS-422 Pinouts

COM 3	RS-485 Description
Pin 1	Data-
Pin 2	Data+

Table 2-6: RS-485 Pinouts



2.9.5 COM3 TX Function Select Jumper

Jumper Label: JP4

Jumper Type: 6-pin header

Jumper Settings: See Table 2-7

Jumper Location: See Figure 2-7

The COM3 TX Function Select jumper configures the TX pin on COM3 serial port connector as RS-422 as an RS-485. The COM3 TX Function Select jumper selection options are shown in **Table 2-7**.

COM3 TX Function Select	Description
Short 1 – 3	RS-422
Short 2 – 4	RS-422
Short 3 – 5	RS-485
Short 4 – 6	RS-485

Table 2-7: COM3 TX Function Select Jumper Settings

The COM3 TX Function Select jumper location is shown in **Figure 2-7** below.

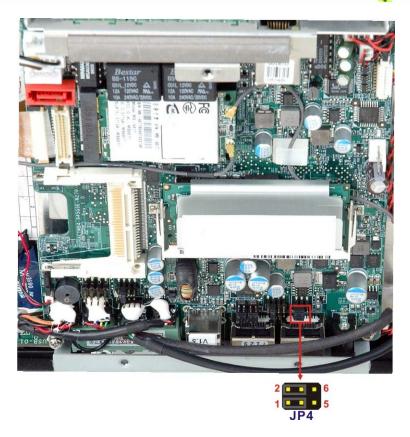


Figure 2-7: COM3 TX Function Select Jumper Pinout Locations

2.9.6 COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select Jumper

Jumper Label: JP7

Jumper Type: 12-pin header (four 3-pin headers combined)

Jumper Settings: See Table 2-8

Jumper Location: See Figure 2-8

The COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select jumper sets the communication protocol used by the second serial communications port (COM3) as RS-232, RS-422 or RS-485. The COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select settings are shown in **Table 2-8**.

RS-232/485 Select	Description	
Short 1-2	RS-232	Default
Short 4-5	RS-232	Default
Short 7-8	RS-232	Default
Short 10-11	RS-232	Default
Short 2-3	RS-422/485	
Short 5-6	RS-422/485	
Short 8-9	RS-422/485	
Short 11-12	RS-422/485	

Table 2-8: COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select Jumper Settings

The COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select jumper location is shown in **Figure 2-8**.

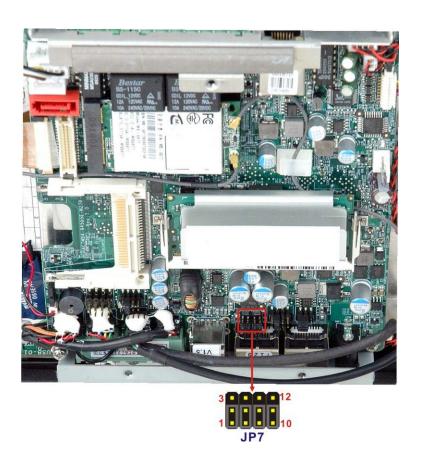


Figure 2-8: COM3 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Select Jumper Location



2.10 Mounting the System



WARNING!

When mounting the flat panel PC onto an arm, onto the wall or into a wall, it is better to have more than one person to help with the installation to make sure the panel PC does not fall down and get damaged.

2.10.1 Wall Mounting

To mount the ACT-408A-N270 onto the wall, please follow the steps below.

- **Step 5:** Select the location on the wall for the wall-mounting bracket.
- Step 6: Carefully mark the locations of the four screw holes in the bracket on the wall.
- **Step 7:** Drill four pilot holes at the marked locations on the wall for the bracket retention screws.
- **Step 8:** Align the wall-mounting bracket screw holes with the pilot holes.
- **Step 9:** Secure the mounting-bracket to the wall by inserting the retention screws into the four pilot holes and tightening them (**Figure 2-9**).

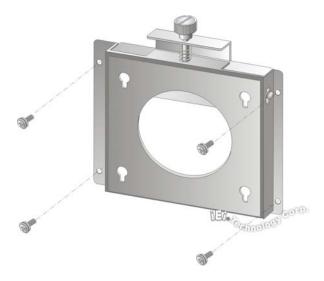


Figure 2-9: Wall-mounting Bracket



- **Step 10:** Insert the four monitor mounting screws provided in the wall mounting kit into the four screw holes on the real panel of the ACT-408A-N270 and tighten until the screw shank is secured against the rear panel (**Figure 2-10**).
- **Step 11:** Align the mounting screws on the rear panel with the mounting holes on the bracket.
- Step 12: Carefully insert the screws through the holes and gently pull the monitor downwards until the ACT-408A-N270 rests securely in the slotted holes (Figure 2-10). Ensure that all four of the mounting screws fit snuggly into their respective slotted holes.

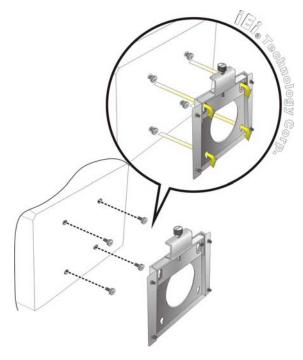


Figure 2-10: Chassis Support Screws



NOTE:

In the diagram below the bracket is already installed on the wall.

Step 13: Secure the ACT-408A-N270 by fastening the retention screw of the wall-mounting bracket. (Figure 2-11).

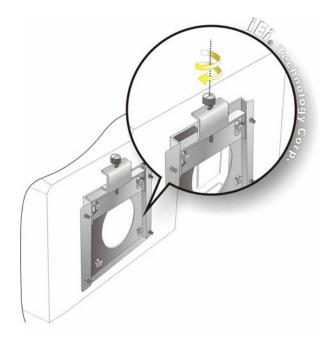


Figure 2-11: Secure the ACT-408A-N270

2.10.2 In-wall Mounting

Before installing into a wall mounting, attach the adhesive strips to the sides as shown below:

Step 14: Place the ACT-408A-N270 face down on a flat surface.

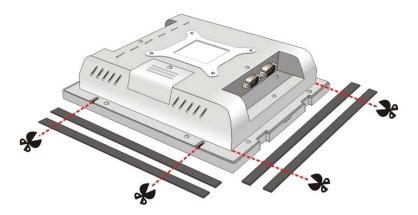


Figure 2-12: Cut Foam Tape

Step 15: Cut the adhesive foam tape as shown above.





Figure 2-13: Attach Foam Tape

Step 16: Attach the adhesive foam tape to the edge of rear panel of the ACT-408A-N270 (see Figure 2-13). Make sure the adhesive tape does not cover the screw holes as shown below.



Figure 2-14: Foam Tape Installed

To mount the ACT-408A-N270 panel PC into a wall, please follow the steps below.

Step 17: Select the position on the wall to mount the flat panel PC.

Step 18: Cut out a section from the wall that corresponds to the dimensions in Figure2-15. Take care that the wall section that is cut out is no larger than the suggested cut out size.



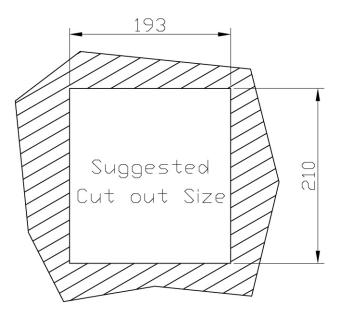


Figure 2-15: ACT-408A-N270 Panel Opening

- **Step 19:** Slide the ACT-408A-N270 through the hole until the frame is flush against the wall.
- **Step 20:** Tighten the screws that pass through the wall mounting screw holes until the screws are firmly secured to the wall (**Figure 2-16**).

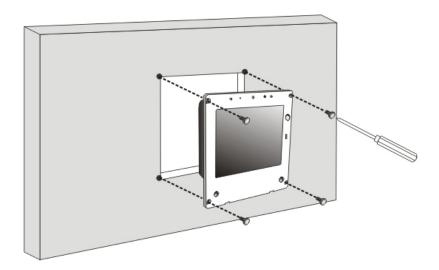


Figure 2-16: Tighten the In-wall Mounting Screws

Step 21: Install the faceplate. Snap faceplate onto the ACT-408A-N270 frame. See Figure 2-17.



Figure 2-17: Faceplate Installation

2.10.3 Arm Mounting

The ACT-408A-N270 is VESA (Video Electronics Standards Association) compliant and can be mounted on an arm with a 75 mm or 100 mm interface pad. To mount the ACT-408A-N270 on an arm, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: The arm is a separately purchased item. Please correctly mount the arm onto the surface it uses as a base. To do this, refer to the installation documentation that came with the mounting arm.



NOTE:

When purchasing the arm please ensure that it is VESA compliant and that the arm has a 75 mm or 100 mm interface pad. If the mounting arm is not VESA compliant it cannot be used to support the ACT-408A-N270.

- Step 2: Once the mounting arm has been firmly attached to the surface, lift the flat panel PC onto the interface pad of the mounting arm.
- Step 3: Align the retention screw holes on the mounting arm interface with those in the

flat panel PC. The ACT-408A-N270 arm mount retention screw holes are shown in **Figure 2-18**.

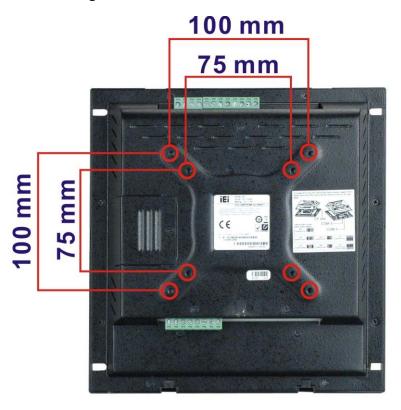


Figure 2-18: ACT-408A-N270 Arm Mounting Retention Screw Holes

Step 4: Secure the flat panel PC to the interface pad by inserting four retention screws through the bottom of the mounting arm interface pad and into the flat panel PC.

2.11 Bottom Panel Connectors

2.11.1 LAN Connection

There is one external RJ-45 LAN connector on the top panel. The RJ-45 LAN connector enables connection to an external network. To connect a LAN cable with an RJ-45 connector, please follow the instructions below.

- **Step 1:** Locate the RJ-45 connector on the top panel of the ACT-408A-N270.
- Step 2: Align the connectors. Align the RJ-45 connector on the LAN cable with the



RJ-45 connector on the top panel of the ACT-408A-N270. See Figure 2-19.

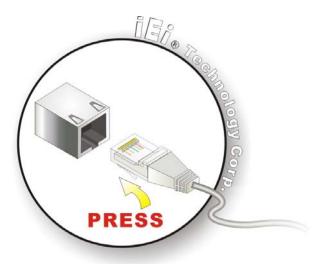


Figure 2-19: LAN Connection

Step 3: Insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector. Once aligned, gently insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector into the onboard RJ-45 connector.

2.11.2 Serial Device Connection

The ACT-408A-N270 has two RJ-45 Serial port connectors on the bottom panel for serial devices to be connected. Follow the steps below to connect a serial device to the ACT-408A-N270 system.

- Step 1: Locate the RJ-45 Serial port connectors. The location of the RJ-45 Serial port connectors is shown in Chapter 2.
- Step 2: Insert the serial connector. Gently insert the RJ-45 connector on the serial device cable into the RJ-45 connector on the bottom panel. See Figure 2-20.

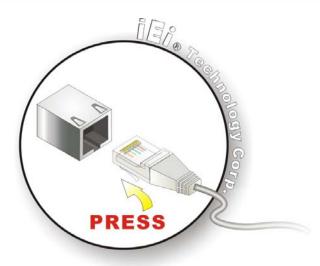


Figure 2-20: Serial Device Connector

2.11.3 USB Device Connection

There are three external USB 2.0 connectors. To connect a USB 2.0 or USB 1.1 device, please follow the instructions below.

- Step 3: Located the USB connectors. The locations of the USB connectors are shown in Chapter 2.
- **Step 4:** Align the connectors. Align the USB device connector with one of the connectors on the bottom panel. See Figure 2-21.

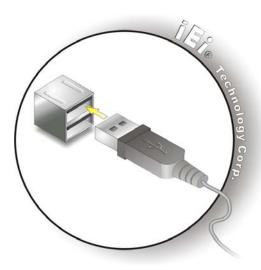


Figure 2-21: USB Device Connection

Step 5: Insert the device connector. Once aligned, gently insert the USB device connector into the onboard connector.



Chapter

3

RFID Reader



3.1 Introduction

IEI provides a RFID tool (RF320) to configure Mifare cards and EM cards. The following sections describe how to install the RF320 and how to use RF320 to configure Mifare cards and EM cards.



NOTE:

Attach the RFID cards close to the RFID reader less than 1 cm so that the cards can be detected effectively.

3.2 Installation

The RF320 must be installed in the ACT-408A-N270 from the utility CD in the package before using it to configure the RFID cards. To install the RF320, please follow the steps below. The following example is based on the Windows® XP environment.

- Step 1: Run the RF-320 setup V1.3.2.exe file from the utility CD.
- Step 2: The InstallShield Wizard is prepared to guide the user through the rest of the process. Once initialized, the InstallShield Wizard welcome screen appears (Figure 3-1).

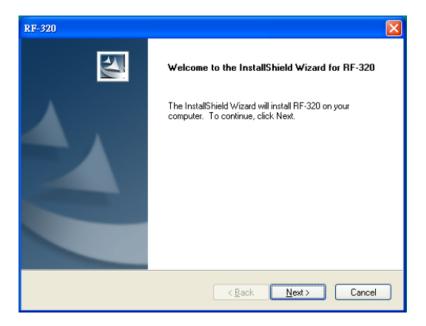


Figure 3-1: InstallShield Wizard Welcome Screen

- **Step 3:** Click **NEXT** to continue the installation.
- **Step 4:** The **Customer Information** screen shown in **Figure 3-2**. Enter a user name and a company name. Click **NEXT** to continue the installation.

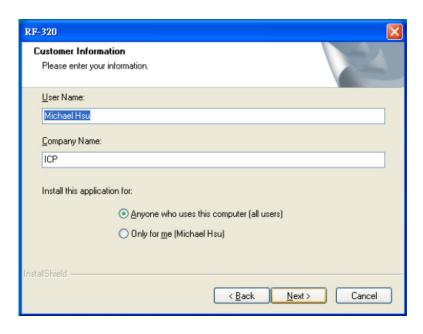


Figure 3-2: Customer Information Screen

Step 5: At this stage in **Figure 3-3** appears. Please choose the setup type. Click **NEXT** to continue the installation.

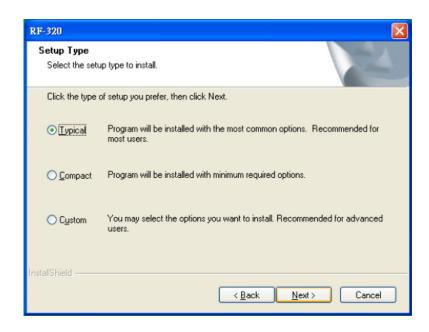


Figure 3-3: Setup Type Selection Screen



Step 6: The window shows the current settings for installing the RF320 (**Figure 3-4**).

Click **Next** to confirm the settings and continue the installation.

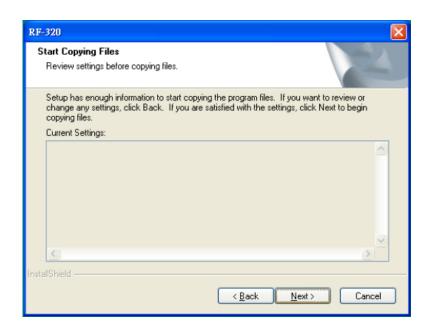


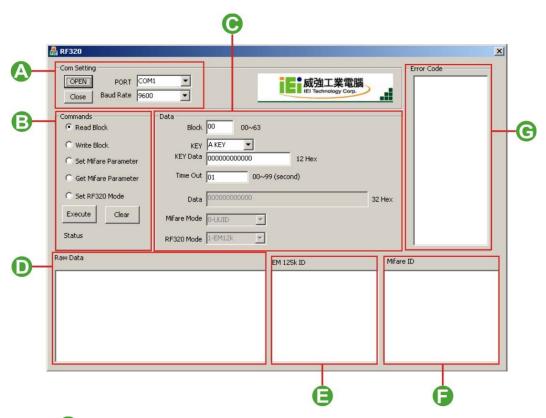
Figure 3-4: Current Settings Confirmation Screen

Step 7: Click FINISH to exit.

Step 8: To launch the RF320, click Start menu \rightarrow Program File \rightarrow IEI \rightarrow RF320.



3.3 RF320 Interface Overview



COM Port Settings and Activation Area

Allows the user to select the serial port used by the ACT-408A-N270 to communicate with the RFID reader module.

B - Commands Area

Shows various request options for user to select.

🕒 - Data Input Area

The data input area is where the user enters block number, key, key data, and other information required by certain commands.

D - Raw Data Display Area

Shows all communication logs and responses of the executed commands.

📵 - EM Card ID Display Area

Displays the EM card ID when the EM card is detected.

- Mifare Card ID Display Area

Displays the Mifare card ID when the Mifare card is detected.

© Error Code Display Area

Shows the error message when an error occurs.

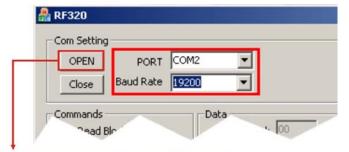


3.4 Serial Port (COM) Settings

After launching the RF320 RFID tool, the COM port settings have to be set correctly to enable the communication with the built-in RFID reader. Please follow the information below to setup the COM port settings.

Model	COM Port	Baud Rate
ACT-408A-N270	COM 2	19200

Table 3-1: RF320 COM Port Settings



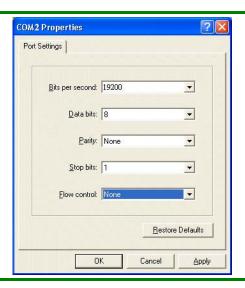
Click to open the selected COM port

Figure 3-5: RF320 COM Port Settings



If the Hyper Terminal is used for communication, please setup the port properties as shown below.





Bits per second: 19200

Data bits: 8
Parity: None
Stop bits: 1

Flow control: None

3.5 RF320 Commands

The RF320 provides five commands, including:

- Read Block: read the block data from the Mifare/EM card
- Write Block: write the block data into the Mifare/EM card
- Set Mifare Parameter
- Get Mifare Parameter
- Set RF320 Mode

The following sections describe how to use these commands.

3.5.1 Read Block

To read the block data from a Mifare card, please follow the steps below.

- **Step 1:** Select **Read Block** in the command area (**Figure 3-6**).
- **Step 2:** Configure the data, including block, key, key data and time out (**Figure 3-6**).
- Step 3: Click the Execute button to execute the command through the selected serial port (Figure 3-6). The raw data of this command shows in the Raw Data area in the format listed in Table 3-2 and Table 3-3.

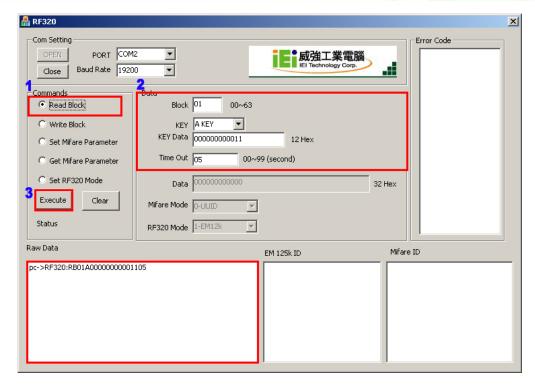


Figure 3-6: Read Block

Field	Command	Block	KEY	KEY Data	Time Out	End	
Digit	2	2	1	12	2	1	
Data	RB	00~63	A/B	00000000000	00~99	CR (0x0	d)
				(Hex)	(Second)		
				FFFFFFFFFF			

Table 3-2: Read Block Raw Data Format

Status (2 digits)	Block Data (32 digits)	END (2 digits)
ОК	32 bits (Hex)	CR,LF (0x0d,0x0a)
ER	Error Code (3 digits)	CR,LF (0x0d,0x0a)

Table 3-3: Read Block Response Format



3.5.2 Write Block

To write the block data into a Mifare card, please follow the steps below.

- **Step 4:** Select **Write Block** in the command area (**Figure 3-7**).
- Step 5: Configure the data, including block, key, key data, time out and data (Figure 3-7).
- Step 6: Click the Execute button to execute the command through the selected serial port (Figure 3-7). The raw data of this command shows in the Raw Data area in the format listed in Table 3-4 and Table 3-5.

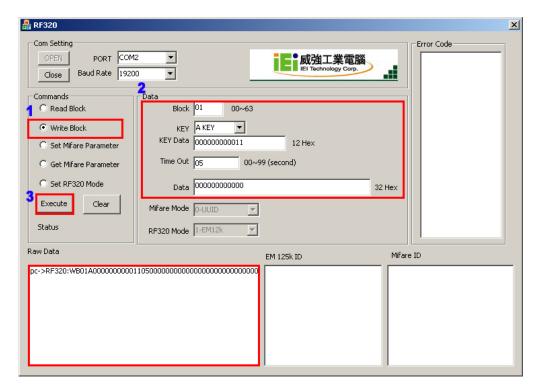


Figure 3-7: Write Block

Field	Command	Block	KEY	KEY Data	Time Out	Block Data	End
Digit	2	2	1	12	2	32	1
Data	WB	00~63	A/B	00000000000	00~99	32 digits	CR
				(Hex)	(Second)	Hex	(0x0d)
				FFFFFFFFFF			

Table 3-4: Write Block Raw Data Format

Status (2 digits)	Block Data	END (2 digits)
ОК	Null	CR,LF (0x0d,0x0a)
ER	Error Code (3 digits)	CR,LF (0x0d,0x0a)

Table 3-5: Write Block Response Format

3.5.3 Set Mifare Parameter

To set parameter of a Mifare card reader, please follow the steps below.

Step 7: Select Set Mifare Parameter in the command area (Figure 3-8).

Step 8: Select a Mifare mode.

- 0-UUID: read serial number only.
- 1-UUID & KEY A: read serial number and use "KEY A" to read "Block' data".
- 2-UUID & KEY B: read serial number and use "KEY B" to read "Block data".
- **Step 9:** Configure the block number, and key data (**Figure 3-8**).
- Step 10: Click the Execute button to execute the command through the selected serial port (Figure 3-8). The raw data of this command shows in the Raw Data area in the format listed in Table 3-6 and Table 3-7.

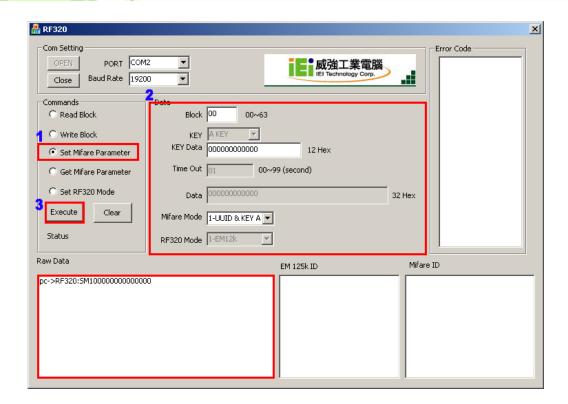


Figure 3-8: Set Mifare Parameter

Field	Command	Access Mode	Block	KEY Data	End
Digit	2	1	2	12	1
Data	SM	0~2	00~63	00000000000	CR (0x0d)
				(Hex)	
				FFFFFFFFFF	

Table 3-6: Set Mifare Parameter Raw Data Format

Status (2 digits)	Block Data	END (2 digits)
ОК	Null	CR,LF (0x0d,0x0a)
ER	Error Code (3 digits)	CR,LF (0x0d,0x0a)

Table 3-7: Set Mifare Parameter Response Format

3.5.4 Get Mifare Parameter

To read the parameter of a Mifare card reader, please follow the steps below.

Step 11: Select Get Mifare Parameter in the command area (Figure 3-9).

Step 12: Click the Execute button to execute the command through the selected serial port (Figure 3-9). The raw data of this command shows in the Raw Data area in the format listed in Table 3-8 and Table 3-9.

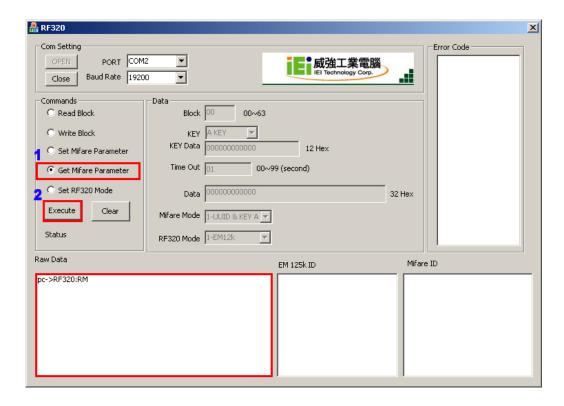


Figure 3-9: Get Mifare Parameter

Field	Command	End
Digit	2	1
Data	RM	CR (0x0d)

Table 3-8: Get Mifare Parameter Raw Data Format

Status (2 digits)	Block Data	END (2 digits)
ОК	Access mode (1 digit) +	CR,LF (0x0d,0x0a)
	Block (2 digits) + Mode (1 digit)	
ER	Error Code (3 digits)	CR,LF (0x0d,0x0a)

Table 3-9: Get Mifare Parameter Response Format



3.5.5 Set RF320 Mode

The Set RF320 Mode command is to set the type of RFID card for the RFID reader to detect. To set the type of RFID card, please follow the steps below.

Step 13: Select Set RF320 Mode in the command area (Figure 3-10).

Step 14: Select a RF320 mode.

- 1-EM12K: detect EM cards only.
- 2-Mifare: detect Mifare cards only.
- 3-EM and Mifare: detect both EM and Mifare cards.

Step 15: Click the Execute button to execute the command through the selected serial port (Figure 3-10). The raw data of this command shows in the Raw Data area in the format listed in Table 3-10 and Table 3-11.

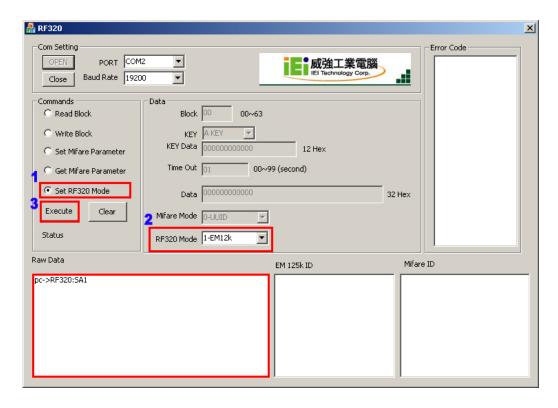


Figure 3-10: Set RF-320 Mode

Field	Command	Mode	End
Digit	2	1	1
Data	SA	1~3	CR (0x0d)

Table 3-10: Set RF320 Mode Raw Data Format

Status (2 digits)	Block Data	END (2 digits)
ОК	Null	CR,LF (0x0d,0x0a)
ER	Error Code (3 digits)	CR,LF (0x0d,0x0a)

Table 3-11: Set RF320 Mode Response Format



Chapter

4

System Maintenance



4.1 System Maintenance Introduction

If the components of the ACT-408A-N270 fail they must be replaced. Components that can be replaced include:

- CF Module
- Wireless LAN module
- SO-DIMM module

Please contact the system reseller or vendor to purchase the replacement parts. Back cover removal instructions and component replacement for the ACT-408A-N270 are described below.

4.2 Anti-static Precautions



WARNING:

Failure to take ESD precautions during the maintenance of the ACT-408A-N270 may result in permanent damage to the ACT-408A-N270 and severe injury to the user.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the ACT-408A-N270. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the ACT-408A-N270 is accessed internally, or any other electrical component is handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- Wear an anti-static wristband: Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging the board.
- Self-grounding: Before handling the board, touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the board is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- Use an anti-static pad: When configuring the ACT-408A-N270, place it on an antic-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damaging the ACT-408A-N270.



 Only handle the edges of the PCB: When handling the PCB, hold the PCB by the edges.

4.3 Turn off the Power



WARNING:

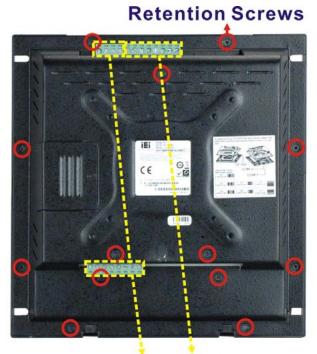
Failing to turn off the system before opening it can cause permanent damage to the system and serious or fatal injury to the user.

Before any maintenance procedures are carried out on the system, make sure the system is turned off.

4.4 Removing the Rear Panel

To access the ACT-408A-N270 internally, the rear panel must be removed. To remove the rear panel, please follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Follow all anti-static procedures. See Section 4.2.
- Step 2: Turn off the power. See Section 4.3.
- Step 3: Put the front panel of the ACT-408A-N270 on a table.
- Step 4: Remove the Terminal Block connectors. Remove the terminal block connectors (Figure 4-1) from the top and bottom panel. A flat headed screwdriver may be required to remove the connectors.
- Step 5: Remove the rear panel. Remove the screws (Figure 4-1) from the rear panel and lift the rear panel off the ACT-408A-N270.



Terminal Block Connectors

Figure 4-1: Rear Panel

4.5 Replacing Components

4.5.1 CF Card Replacement

The ACT-408A-N270 has one CF Type II slot. To replace the CF card, follow the instructions below.

Step 1: Follow all anti-static procedures. See Section 4.2.

Step 2: Turn off the power. See Section 4.3.

Step 3: Follow the steps described in **Section 2.7** to replace the CF card.



4.5.2 SO-DIMM Module Replacement



WARNING:

Using incorrectly specified SO-DIMM may cause permanently damage the ACT-408A-N270. Please make sure the purchased SO-DIMM complies with the memory specifications of the ACT-408A-N270.

To replace the SO-DIMM module, please follow the steps below.

Step 4: Follow all anti-static procedures. See Section 4.2.

Step 5: Turn off the power. See Section 4.3.

Step 6: Remove the back panel. See Section 4.4.

Step 7: Locate the SO-DIMM module. See Figure 4-2.

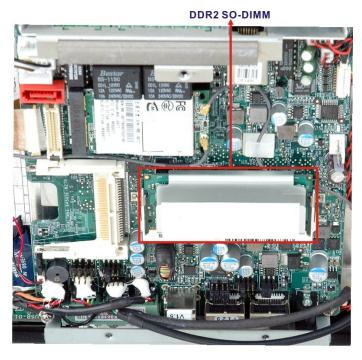


Figure 4-2: SO-DIMM Socket Location

Step 8: Open the SO-DIMM socket arms. Gently pull the arms of the SO-DIMM socket out and remove the old SO-DIMM.



- Step 9: Align the SO-DIMM with the socket. The SO-DIMM must be oriented in such a way that the notch in the middle of the SO-DIMM must be aligned with the plastic bridge in the socket.
- **Step 10: Insert the SO-DIMM**. Push the SO-DIMM chip into the socket at an angle (**Figure 4-3**).

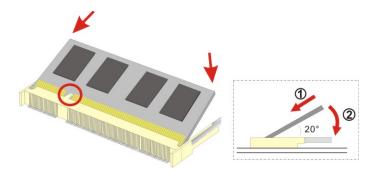


Figure 4-3: SO-DIMM Installation

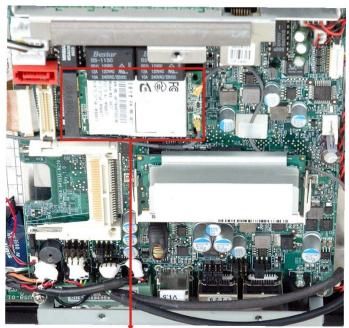
Step 11: Secure the SO-DIMM. Push the SO-DIMM down. The clip into place and secure the SO-DIMM in the socket.

4.5.3 Wireless Module Replacement

To replace the wireless module, please follow the steps below.

- Step 1: Follow all anti-static procedures. See Section 4.2.
- Step 2: Turn off the power. See Section 4.3.
- Step 3: Remove the back panel. See Section 4.4.
- **Step 4:** Locate the wireless module. The wireless module is located below the CPU heat sink. See Figure 4-4.





Mini PCle wireless module

Figure 4-4: Wireless Module Location

- Step 5: Open the Mini PCle card socket clips. The Mini PCle card socket has two clips that secure the Mini PCle wireless module into the socket. Before the wireless module can be removed from the socket, the clips must be opened.
- **Step 6:** Remove the wireless module. Once the two clips of the Mini PCle card socket are open, remove the wireless module from the socket.
- Step 7: Align the new wireless module with the Mini PCle card socket. The wireless module must be oriented in such a way that the notch in the wireless module must be aligned with the plastic bridge in the socket.
- Step 8: Insert the wireless module. Push the wireless module into the socket at an angle.
- Step 9: Secure the wireless module. Push the wireless module down until the two clips into place, securing the card in place.

4.5.4 Motherboard Replacement

A user cannot replace a motherboard. If the motherboard fails it must be shipped back to IEI to be replaced. If the system motherboard has failed, please contact the system vendor, reseller or an IEI sales person directly.



Chapter

5

BIOS



5.1 Introduction

The BIOS is programmed onto the BIOS chip. The BIOS setup program allows changes to certain system settings. This chapter outlines the options that can be changed.

5.1.1 Starting Setup

The AMI BIOS is activated when the computer is turned on. The setup program can be activated in one of two ways.

- 1. Press the **DELETE** key as soon as the system is turned on or
- 2. Press the **DELETE** key when the "**Press Del to enter SETUP**" message appears on the screen.

If the message disappears before the **DELETE** key is pressed, restart the computer and try again.

5.1.2 Using Setup

Use the arrow keys to highlight items, press **ENTER** to select, use the PageUp and PageDown keys to change entries, press **F1** for help and press **Esc** to quit. Navigation keys are shown in.

Key	Function
Up arrow	Move to previous item
Down arrow	Move to next item
Left arrow	Move to the item on the left hand side
Right arrow	Move to the item on the right hand side
Plus & Minus	Changes the value
Esc key	Main Menu – Quit and not save changes into CMOS
	Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
	Exit current page and return to Main Menu
F1 key	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option
	Page Setup Menu

Key	Function
F10 key	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu

Table 5-1: BIOS Navigation Keys

5.1.3 Getting Help

When **F1** is pressed a small help window describing the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item appears. To exit the Help Window press **Esc** or the **F1** key again.

5.1.4 Unable to Reboot After Configuration Changes

If the computer cannot boot after changes to the system configuration is made, CMOS defaults. Use the jumper described in Chapter 5.

5.1.5 BIOS Menu Bar

The **menu bar** on top of the BIOS screen has the following main items:

- Main Changes the basic system configuration.
- Advanced Changes the advanced system settings.
- PCIPnP Changes the advanced PCI/PnP Settings
- Boot Changes the system boot configuration.
- Security Sets User and Supervisor Passwords.
- Chipset Changes the chipset settings.
- Exit Selects exit options and loads default settings

The following sections completely describe the configuration options found in the menu items at the top of the BIOS screen and listed above.

5.2 Main

The **Main** BIOS menu (BIOS Menu 1) appears when the **BIOS Setup** program is entered. The **Main** menu gives an overview of the basic system information.

		BIOS SET	JP UTILITY			
Main Advanc	ed PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit
System Overview				_	_	ENTER], [TAB] HIFT-TAB] to
AMIBIOS	0 15				selec	t a field.
Version :08.0 Build Date :06/2	2/09					+] or [-] to
ID: :H454	:MR15				confi	gure system time.
Processor						
Intel® Atom™ CPU		GHz				
Speed :1600) MHz					
Count :1						
						Select Screen
System Memory					$ \uparrow\downarrow$	Select Item
Size :101	.6МВ				Enter F1	Go to SubScreen General Help
System Time		[20:09	:10]		F10	-
System Time		[Sun 0	1/27/2009]		ESC	Dave and Ente
v02.	61 ©Copyright	1985-2006	5, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 1: Main

→ System Overview

The **System Overview** lists a brief summary of different system components. The fields in **System Overview** cannot be changed. The items shown in the system overview include:

- AMI BIOS: Displays auto-detected BIOS information
 - O Version: Current BIOS version
 - O Build Date: Date the current BIOS version was made
 - O ID: Installed BIOS ID
- Processor: Displays auto-detected CPU specifications
 - O Type: Names the currently installed processor
 - O Speed: Lists the processor speed
 - O Count: The number of CPUs on the motherboard
- System Memory: Displays the auto-detected system memory.
 - O Size: Lists memory size



The System Overview field also has two user configurable fields:

→ System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Use the **System Time** option to set the system time. Manually enter the hours, minutes and seconds.

→ System Date [xx/xx/xx]

Use the **System Date** option to set the system date. Manually enter the day, month and year.

5.3 Advanced

Use the Advanced menu (BIOS Menu 2) to configure the CPU and peripheral devices

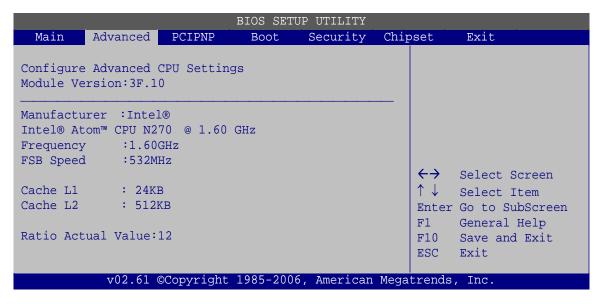
			BIOS SET	UP UTILITY			
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	set	Exit
Advanced	Settings					Confi	gure CPU
	WARNING: Setting wrong values in below sections may cause system to malfunction						
> IDE Com > SuperIO							
> Power (> Remote	Configurati Access Con nfiguration	on figuration				↑↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
	v02.61	©Copyright	1985-200	6, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 2: Advanced



5.3.1 CPU Configuration

Use the **CPU Configuration** menu (BIOS Menu 3) to view detailed CPU specifications and configure the CPU.



BIOS Menu 3: CPU Configuration

The CPU Configuration menu lists the following CPU details:

- Manufacturer: Lists the name of the CPU manufacturer
- Brand String: Lists the brand name of the CPU being used
- Frequency: Lists the CPU processing speed
- FSB Speed: Lists the FSB speed
- Cache L1: Lists the CPU L1 cache size
- Cache L2: Lists the CPU L2 cache size



5.3.2 IDE Configuration

Use the **IDE Configuration** menu (BIOS Menu 4) to change and/or set the configuration of the IDE devices installed in the system.

	BIOS SETUP UTILITY	
Main Advanced PCIPNP	Boot Security Chi	pset Exit
IDE Configuration		Options
ATA/IDE Configuration Legacy IDE Channels	[Compatible] [SATA Pri, PATA Sec]	Disabled Compatible Enhanced
> Primary IDE Master > Primary IDE Slave > Secondary IDE Master > Secondary IDE Slave	: [Not Detected] : [Not Detected] : [Not Detected] : [Not Detected]	<pre>←→ Select Screen ↑</pre>
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BIOS Menu 4: IDE Configuration

→ ATA/IDE Configuration [Compatible]

Use the ATA/IDE Configuration option to configure the ATA/IDE controller.

→	Disabled		Disab	les th	e on-b	oard A	ΓA/IDE con	trolle	·.
→	Compatible	DEFAULT	The S	SATA	drive i	s config	ured on an	IDE (channel.
→	Enhanced		Both	IDE	and	SATA	channels	are	configured
			separ	ately.					

→ Legacy IDE Channels [SATA Pri, PATA Sec]

Use the **Legacy IDE Channels** option to configure SATA devices as normal IDE devices.

→	SATA Only	Only SATA drives are on the IDE channels. IDE drives
		are disabled
→	Reserved	The IDE channels are reserved

→	SATA Pri,	DEFAULT	SATA drives are configured on the Primary IDE
	PATA Sec		channel. IDE drives on the Secondary IDE channel
→	PATA Only		Only the IDE drives are enabled. SATA drives are
			disabled

5.3.2.1 IDE Master, IDE Slave

Use the **IDE Master** and **IDE Slave** configuration menu to view both primary and secondary IDE device details and configure the IDE devices connected to the system.

	BIOS SETU	P UTILITY			
Main Advanced PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chir	set	Exit
Primary IDE Master					t the type vice connected
Device :Not Detected				to th	e system
Type LBA/Large Mode Block (Multi-Sector Transfer) PIO Mode DMA Mode S.M.A.R.T. 32Bit Data Transfer	[Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Enabl	ed]		← ↑ ↓ +- F1 F10 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Change Option General Help Save and Exit Exit
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BIOS Menu 5: IDE Master and IDE Slave Configuration

→ Auto-Detected Drive Parameters

The "grayed-out" items in the left frame are IDE disk drive parameters automatically detected from the firmware of the selected IDE disk drive. The drive parameters are listed as follows:

- Device: Lists the device type (e.g. hard disk, CD-ROM etc.)
- Type: Indicates the type of devices a user can manually select
- Vendor: Lists the device manufacturer
- Size: List the storage capacity of the device.
- LBA Mode: Indicates whether the LBA (Logical Block Addressing) is a method
 of addressing data on a disk drive is supported or not.



- Block Mode: Block mode boosts IDE drive performance by increasing the amount of data transferred. Only 512 bytes of data can be transferred per interrupt if block mode is not used. Block mode allows transfers of up to 64 KB per interrupt.
- PIO Mode: Indicates the PIO mode of the installed device.
- Async DMA: Indicates the highest Asynchronous DMA Mode that is supported.
- Ultra DMA: Indicates the highest Synchronous DMA Mode that is supported.
- S.M.A.R.T.: Indicates whether or not the Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology protocol is supported.
- 32Bit Data Transfer: Enables 32-bit data transfer.

→ Type [Auto]

Use the **Type** BIOS option select the type of device the AMIBIOS attempts to boot from after the Power-On Self-Test (POST) is complete.

→	Not Installed		BIOS is prevented from searching for an IDE disk drive on the specified channel.
→	Auto	DEFAULT	The BIOS auto detects the IDE disk drive type attached to the specified channel. This setting should be used if an IDE hard disk drive is attached to the specified channel.
→	CD/DVD		The CD/DVD option specifies that an IDE CD-ROM drive is attached to the specified IDE channel. The BIOS does not attempt to search for other types of IDE disk drives on the specified channel.
→	ARMD		This option specifies an ATAPI Removable Media Device. These include, but are not limited to: ZIP LS-120



→ LBA/Large Mode [Auto]

Use the **LBA/Large Mode** option to disable or enable BIOS to auto detects LBA (Logical Block Addressing). LBA is a method of addressing data on a disk drive. In LBA mode, the maximum drive capacity is 137 GB.

Disabled
 BIOS is prevented from using the LBA mode control on

the specified channel.

Auto DEFAULT BIOS auto detects the LBA mode control on the specified

channel.

→ Block (Multi Sector Transfer) [Auto]

Use the **Block (Multi Sector Transfer)** to disable or enable BIOS to auto detect if the device supports multi-sector transfers.

Disabled
 BIOS is prevented from using Multi-Sector Transfer on the

specified channel. The data to and from the device occurs

one sector at a time.

Auto DEFAULT BIOS auto detects Multi-Sector Transfer support on the

drive on the specified channel. If supported the data

transfer to and from the device occurs multiple sectors at

a time.

→ PIO Mode [Auto]

Use the **PIO Mode** option to select the IDE PIO (Programmable I/O) mode program timing cycles between the IDE drive and the programmable IDE controller. As the PIO mode increases, the cycle time decreases.

→	Auto	DEFAULT	BIOS auto detects the PIO mode. Use this value if the IDE disk
			drive support cannot be determined.
→	0		PIO mode 0 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 3.3 MB/s
→	1		PIO mode 1 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 5.2 MB/s
→	2		PIO mode 2 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 8.3 MB/s



→	3	PIO mode 3 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 11.1 MB/s
→	4	PIO mode 4 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 16.6 MB/s
		(This setting generally works with all hard disk drives
		manufactured after 1999. For other disk drives, such as IDE
		CD-ROM drives, check the specifications of the drive.)

→ DMA Mode [Auto]

Use the **DMA Mode** BIOS selection to adjust the DMA mode options.

→	Auto	DEFAULT	BIOS auto detects the DMA mode. Use this value if the IDE disk drive support cannot be determined.
→	SWDMA0		Single Word DMA mode 0 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 2.1 MB/s
→	SWDMA1		Single Word DMA mode 1 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 4.2 MB/s
→	SWDMA2		Single Word DMA mode 2 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 8.3 MB/s
→	MWDMA0		Multi Word DMA mode 0 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 4.2 MB/s
→	MWDMA1		Multi Word DMA mode 1 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 13.3 MB/s
→	MWDMA2		Multi Word DMA mode 2 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 16.6 MB/s
→	UDMA0		Ultra DMA mode 0 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 16.6 MB/s
→	UDMA1		Ultra DMA mode 1 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 25 MB/s
→	UDMA2		Ultra DMA mode 2 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 33.3 MB/s

→	UDMA3	Ultra DMA mode 3 selected with a maximum data transfer

rate of 44 MB/s (To use this mode, it is required that an

80-conductor ATA cable is used.)

UDMA4 Ultra DMA mode 4 selected with a maximum data transfer

rate of 66.6 MB/s (To use this mode, it is required that an

80-conductor ATA cable is used.)

Ultra DMA mode 5 selected with a maximum data transfer

rate of 99.9 MB/s (To use this mode, it is required that an

80-conductor ATA cable is used.)

→ S.M.A.R.T [Auto]

Use the **S.M.A.R.T** option to auto-detect, disable or enable Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (SMART) on the drive on the specified channel. **S.M.A.R.T** predicts impending drive failures. The **S.M.A.R.T** BIOS option enables or disables this function.

Auto DEFAULT BIOS auto detects HDD SMART support.

Disabled Prevents BIOS from using the HDD SMART feature.

Enabled Allows BIOS to use the HDD SMART feature

→ 32Bit Data Transfer [Enabled]

Use the **32Bit Data Transfer** BIOS option to enables or disable 32-bit data transfers.

Disabled Prevents the BIOS from using 32-bit data transfers.

→ Enabled DEFAULT Allows BIOS to use 32-bit data transfers on supported

hard disk drives.



5.3.3 Super I/O Configuration

Use the **Super I/O Configuration** menu (BIOS Menu 6) to set or change the configurations for the FDD controllers, parallel ports and serial ports.

Main Advanced PCI		JP UTILITY Security	Chip	set	Exit
Configure Super I/O Chips	set				BIOS to select Port1 Base
Serial Port1 Address Serial Port3 Address Serial Port3 IRQ Select RS232 or RS422/48	[3E8] [11]			Addresses	
				↑↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
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BIOS Menu 6: Super I/O Configuration

→ Serial Port1 Address [3F8/IRQ4]

Selects the serial port base address.

→	Disabled		No base address
→	3F8/IRQ4	DEFAULT	I/O address 3F8 and interrupt address IRQ4
→	3E8/IRQ4		I/O address 3E8 and interrupt address IRQ4
→	2E8/IRQ3		I/O address 2E8 and interrupt address IRQ3

→ Serial Port3 Address [3E8]

Selects the serial port base address.

→	Disabled		No base address	
→	3F8	DEFAULT	I/O address 3F8	

→ 2E8 I/O address 2E8

→ 2F0 I/O address 2F0

→ 2E0 I/O address 2E0

→ Serial Port3 IRQ [11]

Selects the serial port interrupt address.

→ 10 IRQ address 10

→ 11 DEFAULT IRQ address 11

→ Serial Port4 Address [2E8]

Selects the serial port base address.

Disabled No base address

→ 3E8 I/O address 3E8

DEFAULT I/O address 2E8

2F0 I/O address 2F0

2E0 I/O address 2E0

→ Serial Port4 IRQ [10]

Selects the serial port interrupt address.

→ 10 IRQ address 10

→ 11 DEFAULT IRQ address 11

→ Serial Port5 Address [2F0]

Selects the serial port base address.

Disabled
 No base address

→ 3E8 I/O address 3E8



→	2E8		I/O address 2E8
→	2F0	DEFAULT	I/O address 2F0
→	2E0		I/O address 2E0

→ Serial Port5 IRQ [10]

Selects the serial port interrupt address.

→	10		IRQ address 10
→	11	DEFAULT	IRQ address 11

5.3.4 Hardware Health Configuration

The **Hardware Health Configuration** menu (BIOS Menu 7) shows the operating temperature, fan speeds and system voltages.

	BIOS SETUP UTILIT	Ϋ́
Main Advanced PCIPNP	Boot Securit	y Chipset Exit
Hardware Health Event Monito	oring	Fan configuration mode setting
CPU FAN Mode Setting	[Full On mode]	mode Secting
CPU Temperature System Temperature	:57°C/132°F :47°C/116°F	
CPU Speed	:N/A	
CPU Core +1.05V +3.30V +5.00V	:1.088 V :1.040 V :3.296 V :4.945 V	
+12.0V +1.50V +1.80V 5VSB VBAT	:11.904 V :1.456 V :1.792 V :4.972 V :3.200 V	<pre>←→ Select Screen ↑ ↓ Select Item Enter Go to SubScreen F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit</pre>
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BIOS Menu 7: Hardware Health Configuration



→ Mode Setting [Full On Mode]

Use the **Mode Setting** option to configure the second fan.

Full On Mode DEFAULT Fan is on all the time

Automatic mode The fan adjusts its speed using these settings:

Temp. Limit of OFF Temp. Limit of Start Fan Start PWM Slope PWM 1

PWM Manual mode The fan spins at the speed set in:

Fan PWM control

→ Temp. Limit of OFF [000]



WARNING:

CPU failure can result if this value is set too high

The fan will turn off if the temperature falls below this value.

Minimum Value: 0°C

Maximum Value: 127°C

→ Temp. Limit of Start [020]



WARNING:

CPU failure can result if this value is set too high

When the fan is off, it will only start when the temperature exceeds this setting.

Minimum Value: 0°C

Maximum Value: 127°C



→ Start PWM [070]

This is the initial speed of the fan when it first starts spinning.

PWM Minimum Mode: 0

■ PWM Maximum Mode: 127

→ Slope PWM [1 PWM]

A greater value will increase the fan speed in large amounts. A smaller value will increase the speed more gradually.

- 0 PWM
- 1 PWM
- 2 PWM
- 4 PWM
- 8 PWM
- 16 PWM
- 32 PWM
- 64 PWM

→ CPU Fan PWM Control [070]

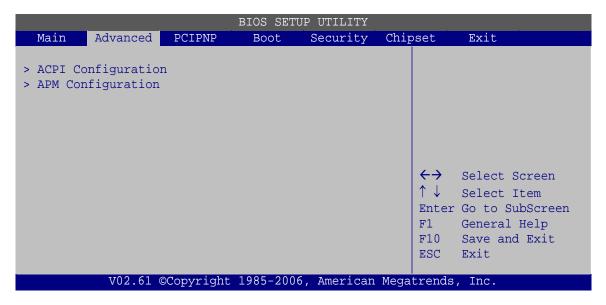
This value specifies the speed of the fan.

PWM Minimum Mode: 0

■ PWM Maximum Mode: 127

5.3.5 Power Configuration

The **Power Configuration** menu (BIOS Menu 8) allows the advanced power management options to be configured.

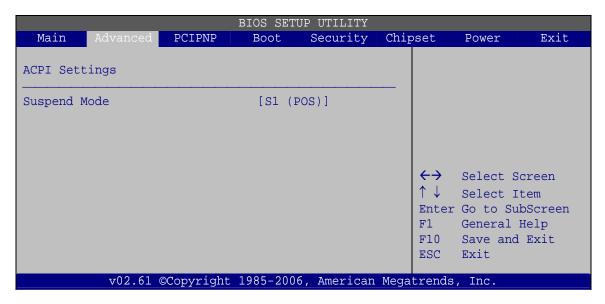


BIOS Menu 8: APM Configuration



5.3.6 ACPI Configuration

Use the **ACPI Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 9**) to select the ACPI state when the system is suspended.



BIOS Menu 9: General ACPI Configuration

→ Suspend Mode [S1(POS)]

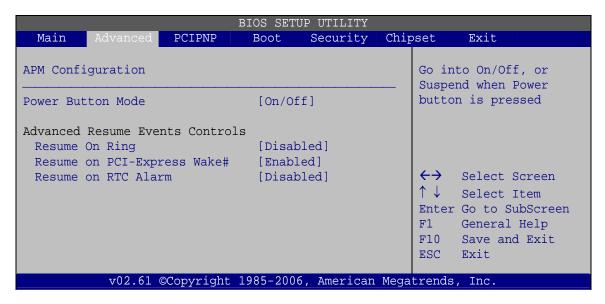
Use the **Suspend Mode** option to specify the sleep state the system enters when it is not being used.

→	S1 (POS)	DEFAULT	The system enters S1(POS) sleep state. The system
			appears off. The CPU is stopped; RAM is refreshed; the
			system is running in a low power mode.
→	S3 (STR)		System appears off. The CPU has no power; RAM is in
			slow refresh; the power supply is in a reduced power
			mode.



5.3.7 APM Configuration

The **APM Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 10**) allows the advanced power management options to be configured.



BIOS Menu 10: APM Configuration

→ Power Button Mode [On/Off]

Use the **Power Button Mode** BIOS to specify how the power button functions.

→	On/Off	DEFAULT	When the power button is pressed the system is either
			turned on or off
→	Suspend		When the power button is pressed the system goes into
			suspend mode

→ Resume on Keyboard/Mouse [Disabled]

Use the **Resume on Keyboard/Mouse** BIOS option to enable activity on either the keyboard or mouse to rouse the system from a suspend or standby state. That is, the system is roused when the mouse is moved or a button on the keyboard is pressed.



→	Disabled	DEFAULT	Wake event not generated by activity on the
----------	----------	---------	---

keyboard or mouse

Resume On Wake event not generated by activity on the

KeyBoard keyboard

Resume On Wake event not generated by activity on the

Mouse mouse

Enabled Wake event generated by activity on the

keyboard or mouse

→ Resume on Ring [Disabled]

Use the **Resume on Ring** BIOS option to enable activity on the RI (ring in) modem line to rouse the system from a suspend or standby state. That is, the system will be roused by an incoming call on a modem.

→ Disabled Default Wake event not generated by an incoming call

→ Enabled Wake event generated by an incoming call

→ Resume on PCI-Express WAKE# [Enabled]

Use the **Resume PCI-Express WAKE#** BIOS option to enable activity on the PCI-Express WAKE# signal to rouse the system from a suspend or standby state.

→ Disabled Wake event not generated by PCI-Express WAKE#

signal activity

→ Enabled Default Wake event generated by PCI-Express WAKE# signal

activity

→ Resume On RTC Alarm [Disabled]

Use the **Resume On RTC Alarm** option to specify the time the system should be roused from a suspended state.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	The real time clock (RTC) cannot generate a wake

event

→ Enabled If selected, the following appears with values that can be selected:

→ RTC Alarm Date (Days)

→ System Time

After setting the alarm, the computer turns itself on from a suspend state when the alarm goes off.

5.3.8 Remote Access Configuration

Use the Remote Access Configuration menu (BIOS Menu 11) to configure remote access parameters. The Remote Access Configuration is an AMIBIOS feature and allows a remote host running a terminal program to display and configure the BIOS settings.

				P UTILITY	en 1			
Main Ad	lvanced	PCIPNP	Boot	Security	Chip	set	Exit	
Configure Re	emote Acce	ess type and	d parame	ters				
Remote Acces	SS		[Disab	led]				
Base Ad Serial Port : Redirection	Serial port number Base Address, IRQ Serial Port Mode Redirection After BIOS POST Terminal Type			4] 0 8,n,1] s]		<pre>←→ ↑ ↓ Enter F1 F10 ESC</pre>	Select I Go to Su General Save and	tem bScreen Help
	v02.61 ©0	Copyright 19	985-2006	, American	Mega	trends	, Inc.	

BIOS Menu 11: Remote Access Configuration

→ Remote Access [Disabled]

Use the **Remote Access** option to enable or disable access to the remote functionalities of the system.



Disabled DEFAULT Remote access is disabled.

Enabled Remote access configuration options shown below appear:

Serial Port Number

Serial Port Mode

Flow Control

Redirection after BIOS POST

Terminal Type

VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

These configuration options are discussed below.

→ Serial Port Number [COM1]

Use the **Serial Port Number** option to select the serial port used for remote access.

→ COM1 DEFAULT System is remotely accessed through COM1

System is remotely accessed through COM2

NOTE: Make sure the selected COM port is enabled through the Super I/O configuration menu.

→ Base Address, IRQ [2F8h,3]

The **Base Address**, **IRQ** option cannot be configured and only shows the interrupt address of the serial port listed above.

→ Serial Port Mode [115200 8,n,1]

Use the **Serial Port Mode** option to select baud rate through which the console redirection is made. The following configuration options are available

- 115200 8,n,1 **DEFAULT**
- 57600 8,n,1
- 38400 8,n,1
- 19200 8,n,1



09600 8,n,1



NOTE:

Identical baud rate setting musts be set on the host (a management computer running a terminal software) and the slave

→ Flow Control [None]

Use the **Flow Control** option to report the flow control method for the console redirection application.

→	None	DEFAULT	No control flow,

→ Hardware Hardware is set as the console redirection

Software Software is set as the console redirection

→ Redirection After BIOS POST [Always]

Use the **Redirection After BIOS POST** option to specify when console redirection should occur.

→	Disabled	The console is not redirected after POST
	Disableu	The console is not redirected after 1 Oo i

Boot Loader Redirection is active during POST and during Boot

Loader

Always DEFAULT Redirection is always active (Some OSes may not

work if set to Always)

→ Terminal Type [ANSI]

Use the **Terminal Type** BIOS option to specify the remote terminal type.

→ ANSI DEFAULT The target terminal type is ANSI

→ VT100 The target terminal type is VT100

The target terminal type is VT-UTF8

→ VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support [Disabled]

Use the VT-UFT8 Combo Key Support option to enable additional keys that are not provided by VT100 for the PC 101 keyboard.

The VT100 Terminal Definition is the standard convention used to configure and conduct emergency management tasks with UNIX-based servers. VT100 does not support all keys on the standard PC 101-key layout, however. The VT-UTF8 convention makes available additional keys that are not provided by VT100 for the PC 101 keyboard.

→ Disabled DEFAULT Disables the VT-UTF8 terminal keys

→ Enabled Enables the VT-UTF8 combination key. Support for ANSI/VT100 terminals

→ Sredir Memory Display Delay [Disabled]

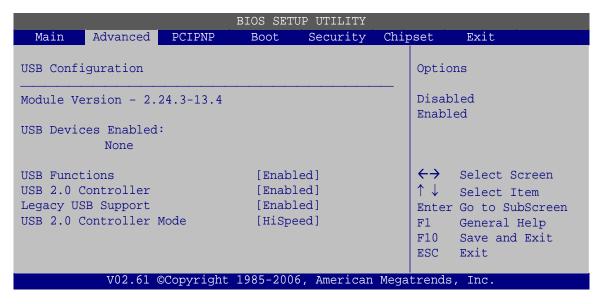
Use the **Sredir Memory Display Delay** option to select the delay before memory information is displayed. Configuration options are listed below

- No Delay Default
- Delay 1 sec
- Delay 2 sec
- Delay 4 sec



5.3.9 USB Configuration

Use the **USB Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 12**) to read USB configuration information and configure the USB settings.



BIOS Menu 12: USB Configuration

→ USB Configuration

The **USB Configuration** field shows the system USB configuration. The items listed are:

Module Version: x.xxxxx.xxxxx

→ USB Devices Enabled

The USB Devices Enabled field lists the USB devices that are enabled on the system

→ USB Function [Enabled]

Use the **USB Function** BIOS option to enable or disable USB function support.

→ Disabled USB function support disabled→ Enabled DEFAULT USB function support enabled



→ USB 2.0 Controller [Enabled]

Use the USB 2.0 Controller BIOS option to enable or disable the USB 2.0 controller

Disabled

USB 2.0 controller disabled

→ Enabled DEFAULT USB 2.0 controller enabled

→ Legacy USB Support [Enabled]

Use the **Legacy USB Support** BIOS option to enable USB mouse and USB keyboard support.

Normally if this option is not enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard does not become available until a USB compatible operating system is fully booted with all USB drivers loaded. When this option is enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard can control the system even when there is no USB driver loaded onto the system.

→ Disabled Legacy USB support disabled

→ Enabled DEFAULT Legacy USB support enabled

Auto Legacy USB support disabled if no USB devices are

connected

→ USB2.0 Controller Mode [HiSpeed]

Use the **USB2.0 Controller Mode** option to set the speed of the USB2.0 controller.

FullSpeed The controller is capable of operating at 12 Mb/s

→ HiSpeed DEFAULT The controller is capable of operating at 480 Mb/s



5.4 PCI/PnP

Use the PCI/PnP menu (BIOS Menu 13) to configure advanced PCI and PnP settings.



WARNING!

Setting wrong values for the BIOS selections in the PCIPnP BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.

	BIOS SETUP UTILITY	
Main Advanced PCIP	PNP Boot Security	Chipset Exit
Advanced PCI/PnP Settings	3	Available: Specified IRQ is available to be use
IRQ3	[Reserved]	the PCI/PnP devices
IRQ4	[Reserved]	Reserved: Specified IRQ
IRQ5	[Available]	is reserved for use by
IRQ7	[Available]	legacy ISA devices
IRQ9	[Available]	
IRQ10	[Reserved]	
IRQ11	[Reserved]	
IRQ14	[Available]	
IRQ15	[Available]	
DMA Channel 0	[Available]	←→ Select Screen
DMA Channel 1	[Available]	↑↓ Select Item
DMA Channel 3	[Available]	Enter Go to SubScreen
DMA Channel 5	[Available]	F1 General Help
DMA Channel 6	[Available]	F10 Save and Exit
DMA Channel 7	[Available]	ESC Exit
Reserved Memory Size	[Disabled]	
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BIOS Menu 13: PCI/PnP Configuration

→ IRQ# [Available]

Use the IRQ# address to specify what IRQs can be assigned to a particular peripheral device.



Available DEFAULT The specified IRQ is available to be used by

PCI/PnP devices

Reserved The specified IRQ is reserved for use by Legacy ISA

devices

Available IRQ addresses are:

- IRQ3
- IRQ4
- IRQ5
- IRQ7
- IRQ9
- IRQ10
- IRQ 11
- IRQ 14
- IRQ 15

→ DMA Channel# [Available]

Use the **DMA Channel#** option to assign a specific DMA channel to a particular PCI/PnP device.

Available DEFAULT The specified DMA is available to be used by

PCI/PnP devices

Reserved The specified DMA is reserved for use by Legacy

ISA devices

Available DMA Channels are:

- DM Channel 0
- DM Channel 1
- DM Channel 3
- DM Channel 5
- DM Channel 6
- DM Channel 7

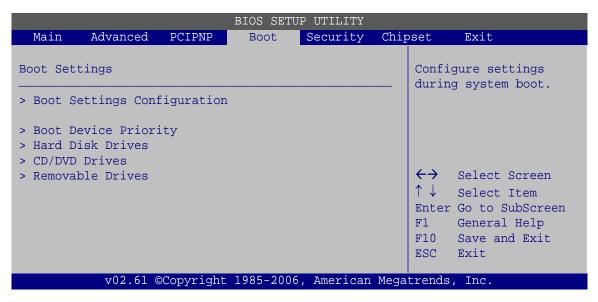
→ Reserved Memory Size [Disabled]

Use the **Reserved Memory Size** BIOS option to specify the amount of memory that should be reserved for legacy ISA devices.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	No memory block reserved for legacy ISA devices
→	16K		16 KB reserved for legacy ISA devices
→	32K		32 KB reserved for legacy ISA devices
→	64K		54 KB reserved for legacy ISA devices

5.5 Boot

Use the **Boot** menu (**BIOS Menu 14**) to configure system boot options.



BIOS Menu 14: Boot



5.5.1 Boot Settings Configuration

Use the **Boot Settings Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 15**) to configure advanced system boot options.

	BIOS SETUP UTI	LITY	
Main Advanced PCIPN	Boot Secu	rity Chipse	et Exit
Boot Settings Configuration Quick Boot Quiet Boot AddOn ROM Display Mode Bootup Num-Lock Boot From LAN Support Spread Spectrum Function	[Enabled] [Enabled] [Force BIOS] [On] [Disabled] [Disabled]	c b d d n s	callows BIOS to skip sertain tests while spooting. This will secrease the time seeded to boot the system. Select Screen Select Item Selec
v02.61 ©Copyri	ght 1985-2006, Ame	rican Megatr	ends, Inc.

BIOS Menu 15: Boot Settings Configuration

→ Quick Boot [Enabled]

Use the **Quick Boot** BIOS option to make the computer speed up the boot process.

→	Disabled		No POST procedures are skipped
→	Enabled	DEFAULT	Some POST procedures are skipped to decrease
			the system boot time

→ Quiet Boot [Enabled]

Use the **Quiet Boot** BIOS option to select the screen display when the system boots.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	Normal POST messages displayed
→	Enabled		OEM Logo displayed instead of POST messages

→ AddOn ROM Display Mode [Force BIOS]

Use the **AddOn ROM Display Mode** option to allow add-on ROM (read-only memory) messages to be displayed.

Force BIOS DEFAULT The system forces third party BIOS to display

during system boot.

Keep Current The system displays normal information during

system boot.

→ Bootup Num-Lock [On]

Use the **Bootup Num-Lock** BIOS option to specify if the number lock setting must be modified during boot up.

Does not enable the keyboard Number Lock automatically. To

use the 10-keys on the keyboard, press the Number Lock key located on the upper left-hand corner of the 10-key pad. The

Number Lock LED on the keyboard lights up when the Number

Lock is engaged.

On DEFAULT Allows the Number Lock on the keyboard to be enabled

automatically when the computer system boots up. This allows the immediate use of the 10-key numeric keypad located on the right side of the keyboard. To confirm this, the Number

Lock LED light on the keyboard is lit.

→ Boot From LAN Support [Disabled]

Use the **BOOT From LAN Support** option to enable the system to be booted from a remote system.

Disabled DEFAULT Cannot be booted from a remote system through the

LAN

Enabled DEFAULT Can be booted from a remote system through the

LAN

→ Spread Spectrum Mode [Disabled]

The **Spread Spectrum Mode** option can help to improve CPU EMI issues.

→ Disabled DEFAULT The spread spectrum mode is disabled

→ Enabled The spread spectrum mode is enabled

5.5.2 Boot Device Priority

Use the **Boot Device Priority** menu (**BIOS Menu 16**) to specify the boot sequence from the available devices. The drive sequence also depends on the boot sequence in the individual device section.

	BIOS SETUP UTILITY	
Main Advanced PCIPI	IP Boot Security	Chipset Exit
Boot Device Priority		Specifies the boot sequence from the
> 1st Boot Device > 2nd Boot Device > 3rd Boot Device	<pre>[1st Boot Device] [2nd Boot Device] [3rd Boot Device]</pre>	
		<pre>←→ Select Screen ↑ ↓ Select Item Enter Go to SubScreen F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit</pre>
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BIOS Menu 16: Boot Device Priority Settings



5.5.3 Hard Disk Drives

Use the **Hard Disk Drives** menu to specify the boot sequence of the available HDDs. Only installed hard drives are shown.

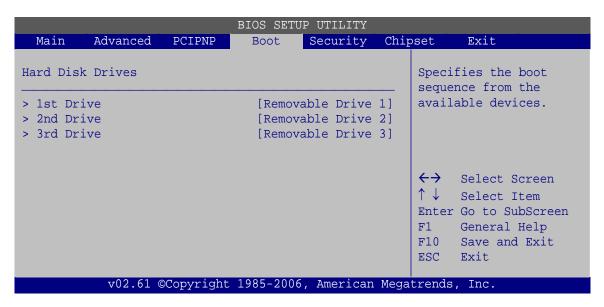
	BIOS SET	UP UTILITY			
Main Advanced PCIF	NP Boot	Security	Chir	set	Exit
Hard Disk Drives				_	fies the boot nce from the
> 1st Drive	[Hard	Drive 1]		availa	able devices.
> 2nd Drive	[Hard	Drive 2]			
> 3rd Drive	[Hard	Drive 3]			
v02 61 @Copyr	ight 1985-200	6. American	Меда	F1 F10 ESC	Select Screen Select Item Go to SubScreen General Help Save and Exit Exit
VUZ.61 @Copyr	19IIC 1985-200	o, American	меда	trenas,	, Inc.

BIOS Menu 17: Hard Disk Drives



5.5.4 Removable Drives

Use the Removable Drives menu (BIOS Menu 18) to specify the boot sequence of the removable drives. Only connected drives are shown.



BIOS Menu 18: Removable Drives

5.5.5 CD/DVD Drives

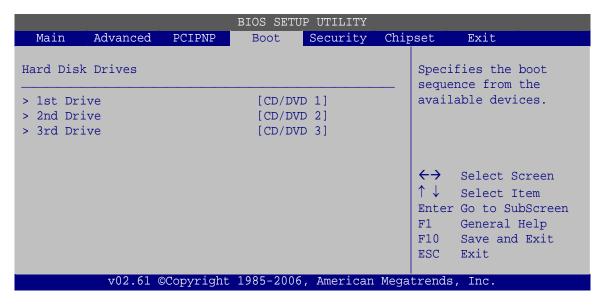
Use the CD/DVD Drives menu to specify the boot sequence of the available CD/DVD drives. When the menu is opened, the CD drives and DVD drives connected to the system are listed as shown below:

•	1st Drive	[CD/DVD: PM-(part ID)]
•	2nd Drive	[HDD: PS-(part ID)]
•	3rd Drive	[HDD: SM-(part ID)]
•	4th Drive	[HDD: SM-(part ID)]



Only the drives connected to the system are shown. For example, if only two CDs or DVDs are connected only "1st Drive" and "2nd Drive" are listed.

The boot sequence from the available devices is selected. If the "1st Drive" option is selected a list of available CD/DVD drives is shown. Select the first CD/DVD drive the system boots from. If the "1st Drive" is not used for booting this option may be disabled.



BIOS Menu 19: CD/DVD Drives

5.6 Security

Use the **Security** menu (**BIOS Menu 20**) to set system and user passwords.



BIOS Menu 20: Security



→ Change Supervisor Password

Use the **Change Supervisor Password** to set or change a supervisor password. The default for this option is **Not Installed**. If a supervisor password must be installed, select this field and enter the password. After the password has been added, **Install** appears next to **Change Supervisor Password**.

→ Change User Password

Use the **Change User Password** to set or change a user password. The default for this option is **Not Installed**. If a user password must be installed, select this field and enter the password. After the password has been added, **Install** appears next to **Change User Password**.

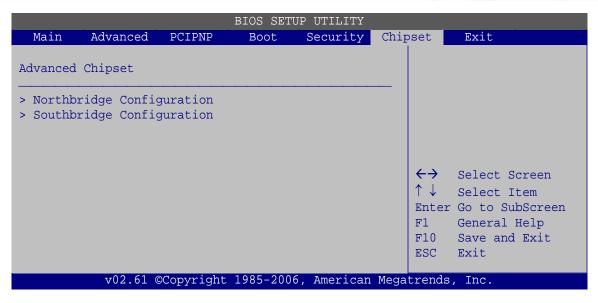
5.7 Chipset

Use the **Chipset** menu (**BIOS Menu 21**) to access the Northbridge and Southbridge configuration menus



WARNING!

Setting the wrong values for the Chipset BIOS selections in the Chipset BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.



BIOS Menu 21: Chipset

5.7.1 Northbridge Configuration

Use the **Northbridge Chipset Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 22**) to configure the Northbridge chipset.

BIOS SETUP UTILITY			
Main Advanced PCIPNP	Boot Security Ch	ipset Exit	
Northbridge Configuration			
Memory Hole Internal Graphics Mode Select	[Disabled] [Enabled, 8MB]		
Video Function Configuration			
DVMT Mode Select DVMT/FIXED Memory	[DVMT Mode] [128MB]	<pre>←→ Select Scr ↑</pre>	m
Boot Display Device Sec. Display Device LFP Panel Type	[LFP] [CRT] [by H/W]	F1 General He F10 Save and E ESC Exit	-
LFP Current Jumper Setting LFP Brightness Control	[1024x768 18b] [127]	EDC EAIC	
v02.61 @Copyright	1985-2006, American Meg	gatrends, Inc.	

BIOS Menu 22: Northbridge Chipset Configuration

→ Memory Hole [Disabled]

Use the **Memory Hole** option to reserve memory space between 15 MB and 16 MB for ISA expansion cards that require a specified area of memory to work properly. If an older ISA expansion card is used, please refer to the documentation that came with the card to see if it is necessary to reserve the space.

→ Disabled DEFAULT Memory is not reserved for ISA expansion cards

→ 15 MB-16 MB Between 15 MB and 16 MB of memory is reserved for ISA expansion cards

→ Internal Graphics Mode Select [Enable, 8 MB]

Use the **Internal Graphic Mode Select** option to specify the amount of system memory that can be used by the Internal graphics device.

→ Disable Disabled the onboard graphics
 → Enable, 1 MB Default Dedicated 8 MB of main memory for graphics

→ DVMT Mode Select [DVMT Mode]

Use the **DVMT Mode Select** option to select the Intel Dynamic Video Memory Technology (DVMT) operating mode.



→ DVMT/FIXED Memory [128 MB]

Use the **DVMT/FIXED Memory** option to specify the maximum amount of memory that can be allocated as graphics memory. This option can only be configured for if **DVMT Mode** or **Fixed Mode** is selected in the **DVMT Mode Select** option. If **Combo Mode** is selected, the maximum amount of graphics memory is 128 MB. Configuration options are listed below.

- 64 MB
- 128 MB **DEFAULT**
- Maximum DVMT

→ Boot Display Device [Auto]

Selects which graphics output to use first after the system is turned on. Auto selects the first available device.

- CRT
- LFP **DEFAULT**

→ LFP Panel Type [by H/W]

Use the **LFP Panel Type** to determine the LCD panel resolution. Configuration options are listed below:

- 640x480 18b
- 800x480 18b
- 800x600 18b
- 1024x768 18b
- 1280x1024 36b
- 1400x1050 36b
- 1400x900 36b
- 1600x1200 36b
- By H/W DEFAULT



→ Sec. Display Device [CRT]

Use the **Sec. Display Device** option to select the second display device used by the system. Configuration options are listed below.

- Disabled
- CRT DEFAULT

→ LFP Current Jumper Setting

LFP Current Jumper Setting shows current value of the hardware jumper setting for the LCD resolution. This is the value used when "by H/W" is selected in the setting above.

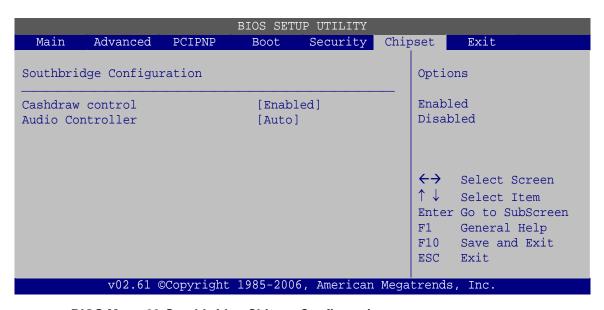
→ LFP Brightness Control

LFP Brightness control specifies the brightness of the display.

Minimum PMW Value: 0Maximum PMW Value: 127

5.7.2 Southbridge Configuration

The **Southbridge Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 23**) configures the Southbridge chipset.



BIOS Menu 23:Southbridge Chipset Configuration

→ Cashdraw Control [Disabled]

The **Cashdraw Control** enables or disables the cashdraw control.

→ Disabled Default The cashdraw control is disabled.

Enabled The cashdraw control is enabled.

→ Audio Controller [Enabled]

The Audio Controller option enables or disables the audio controller.

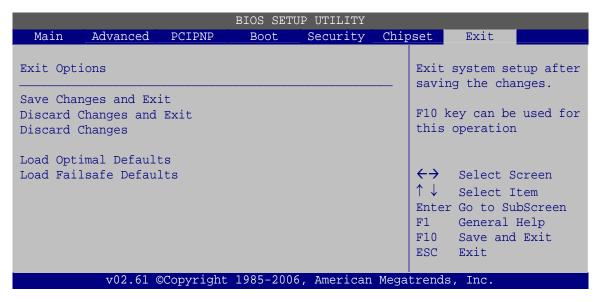
→ Auto DEFAULT The onboard AC'97 is automatically detected and

enabled

→ All Disabled The on-board audio controller is disabled.

5.8 Exit

Use the **Exit** menu (**BIOS Menu 24**) to load default BIOS values, optimal failsafe values and to save configuration changes.



BIOS Menu 24:Exit



→ Save Changes and Exit

Use the **Save Changes and Exit** option to save the changes made to the BIOS options and to exit the BIOS configuration setup program.

→ Discard Changes and Exit

Use the **Discard Changes and Exit** option to exit the BIOS configuration setup program without saving the changes made to the system.

→ Discard Changes

Use the **Discard Changes** option to discard the changes and remain in the BIOS configuration setup program.

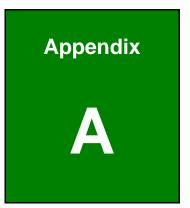
→ Load Optimal Defaults

Use the **Load Optimal Defaults** option to load the optimal default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. **F9 key can be used for this operation.**

→ Load Failsafe Defaults

Use the **Load Failsafe Defaults** option to load failsafe default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. **F8 key can be used for this operation.**





External Connector Pinouts



A.1 Introduction

Pin out signal definitions for the external connectors are provided in this appendix.

A.2 Digital Input Connector

The Digital Input connector on the top panel has the following pinouts.

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	DIO
2	GND_A
3	DI1
4	DI2

Digital Input Connector Pinouts

A.3 Digital Output Connector

The ACT-408A-N270 has one external 8-pin terminal block connector on the bottom panel for door/alarm control.

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	12V
2	GND
3	сом
4	NC/Normal Close
5	NO/Normal Open
6	NO/Alarm-
7	COM/Alarm+
8	GND_A

Output Connector Pinouts



A.4 LAN Connector

The ACT-408A-N270 has one RJ-45 LAN connector on the top panel to provide GbE connectivity.

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	X1+	2	X1-
3	X2+	4	X2-
5	VCC2_5	6	GND
7	X3+	8	Х3-
9	X4+	10	X4-
11	X1-	12	ACT#1
13	LINK1000 LED	14	LINK100 LED

LAN Connector Pinouts

A.5 Power Connector

The power jack on the rear panel of the ACT-408A-N270 is a 12 V DC input power connector.

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	12V
2	GND
3	GND

Power Connector Pinouts



A.6 RFID (Wiegand Reader) Input Connector

The ACT-408A-N270 has one external 8-pin terminal block connector on the bottom panel for connectivity to a RFID reader.

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	12V/5V
2	GND
3	CLK1/W0
4	DATA1/W1
5	ок
6	ERR
7	BUZ
8	GND

RFID Input Connector Pinouts

A.7 Serial Port Connector (COM1)

The ACT-408A-N270 has a RJ-45 jack for connectivity to RS-232 devices...

PIN NO.	RS-232
1	DCD
2	DSR
3	RX
4	RTS
5	TX
6	CTS
7	DTR
8	RI
SHIELD	GND

Table 5-2: RS-232/422/485 Pinouts



A.8 Serial Port Connector (COM3)

The ACT-408A-N270 has a RJ-45 jack for connectivity to RS-232/422/485 devices.

PIN NO.	RS-232	RS-422	RS-485
1	DCD	TX-	D-
2	DSR	RX-	
3	RX	TX+	D+
4	RTS	RX+	
5	TX		
6	CTS		
7	DTR		
8	RI		
SHIELD	GND		

Table 5-3: RS-232/422/485 Pinouts

A.9 USB Connectors

The ACT-408A-N270 has two USB 2.0 connectors.

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	USBVCC2	5	USBVCC2
2	D4F-	6	D5F-
3	D4F+	7	D5F+
4	GND	8	GND

USB1 Connector Pinouts



Appendix

B

Safety Precautions



B.1 Safety Precautions



WARNING:

The precautions outlined in this chapter should be strictly followed. Failure to follow these precautions may result in permanent damage to the ACT-408A-N270.

Please follow the safety precautions outlined in the sections that follow:

- Follow the electrostatic precautions outlined below whenever the ACT-408A-N270 is opened.
- Make sure the power is turned off and the power cord is disconnected whenever the ACT-408A-N270 is being installed, moved or modified.
- Do not apply voltage levels that exceed the specified voltage range.
 Doing so may cause fire and/or an electrical shock.
- Electric shocks can occur if the ACT-408A-N270 chassis is opened when the ACT-408A-N270 is running.
- Do not drop or insert any objects into the ventilation openings of the ACT-408A-N270.
- If considerable amounts of dust, water, or fluids enter the ACT-408A-N270, turn off the power supply immediately, unplug the power cord, and contact the ACT-408A-N270 vendor.
- DO NOT:
 - O Drop the ACT-408A-N270 against a hard surface.
 - O Strike or exert excessive force onto the LCD panel.
 - O Touch any of the LCD panels with a sharp object
 - O In a site where the ambient temperature exceeds the rated temperature



B.1.1 Anti-static Precautions



WARNING:

Failure to take ESD precautions during the installation of the ACT-408A-N270 may result in permanent damage to the ACT-408A-N270 and severe injury to the user.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the ACT-408A-N270. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the ACT-408A-N270 is opened and any of the electrical components are handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- Wear an anti-static wristband: Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging any electrical component.
- Self-grounding: Before handling any electrical component, touch any
 grounded conducting material. During the time the electrical component is
 handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the
 ground.
- Use an anti-static pad: When configuring or working with an electrical component, place it on an antic-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damage.
- Only handle the edges of the electrical component. When handling the electrical component, hold the electrical component by its edges.

B.2 Maintenance and Cleaning Precautions

When maintaining or cleaning the ACT-408A-N270, please follow the guidelines below.

- Except for the LCD panel, never spray or squirt liquids directly onto any other components. To clean the LCD panel, gently wipe it with a piece of soft dry cloth or a slightly moistened cloth.
- The interior of the ACT-408A-N270 does not require cleaning. Keep fluids away from the ACT-408A-N270 interior.
- Be cautious of all small removable components when vacuuming the ACT-408A-N270.

- Turn the ACT-408A-N270 off before cleaning the ACT-408A-N270.
- Never drop any objects or liquids through the openings of the ACT-408A-N270.
- Be cautious of any possible allergic reactions to solvents or chemicals used when cleaning the ACT-408A-N270.
- Avoid eating, drinking and smoking within vicinity of the ACT-408A-N270.

B.2.1 Cleaning Tools

Some components in the ACT-408A-N270 may only be cleaned using a product specifically designed for the purpose. In such case, the product will be explicitly mentioned in the cleaning tips. Below is a list of items to use when cleaning the ACT-408A-N270.

- Cloth Although paper towels or tissues can be used, a soft, clean piece of cloth is recommended when cleaning the ACT-408A-N270.
- Water or rubbing alcohol A cloth moistened with water or rubbing alcohol can be used to clean the ACT-408A-N270.
- Using solvents The use of solvents is not recommended when cleaning the ACT-408A-N270 as they may damage the plastic parts.
- Vacuum cleaner Using a vacuum specifically designed for computers is one of the best methods of cleaning the ACT-408A-N270. Dust and dirt can restrict the airflow in the ACT-408A-N270 and cause its circuitry to corrode.
- Cotton swabs Cotton swaps moistened with rubbing alcohol or water are excellent tools for wiping hard to reach areas.
- **Foam swabs** Whenever possible, it is best to use lint free swabs such as foam swabs for cleaning.



Appendix

C

BIOS Configuration Options



C.1 BIOS Configuration Options

Below is a list of BIOS configuration options described in **Chapter 5**.

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Appendix

Watchdog Timer





The following discussion applies to DOS environment. IEI support is contacted or the IEI website visited for specific drivers for more sophisticated operating systems, e.g., Windows and Linux.

The Watchdog Timer is provided to ensure that standalone systems can always recover from catastrophic conditions that cause the CPU to crash. This condition may have occurred by external EMI or a software bug. When the CPU stops working correctly, Watchdog Timer either performs a hardware reset (cold boot) or a Non-Maskable Interrupt (NMI) to bring the system back to a known state.

A BIOS function call (INT 15H) is used to control the Watchdog Timer:

INT 15H:

AH – 6FH Sub-function:					
AL – 2:	Sets the Watchdog Timer's period.				
BL:	Time-out value (Its unit-second is dependent on the item "Watchdog				
	Timer unit select" in CMOS setup).				

Table D-1: AH-6FH Sub-function

Call sub-function 2 to set the time-out period of Watchdog Timer first. If the time-out value is not zero, the Watchdog Timer starts counting down. While the timer value reaches zero, the system resets. To ensure that this reset condition does not occur, calling sub-function 2 must periodically refresh the Watchdog Timer. However, the Watchdog timer is disabled if the time-out value is set to zero.

A tolerance of at least 10% must be maintained to avoid unknown routines within the operating system (DOS), such as disk I/O that can be very time-consuming.





When exiting a program it is necessary to disable the Watchdog Timer, otherwise the system resets.

Example program:

```
; INITIAL TIMER PERIOD COUNTER
W_LOOP:
               AX, 6F02H
                                ; setting the time-out value
       MOV
       MOV
               BX, 05
                                ; time-out value is 5 seconds
       INT
                15H
; ADD THE APPLICATION PROGRAM HERE
       CMP
                EXIT_AP, 1
                                ; is the application over?
       JNE
                W_LOOP
                            ; No, restart the application
       MOV
              AX, 6F02H
                            ; disable Watchdog Timer
       MOV
              BX, O
       INT
               15H
; EXIT;
```



Appendix

Ε

Hazardous Materials Disclosure



E.1 Hazardous Materials Disclosure Table for IPB Products Certified as RoHS Compliant Under 2002/95/EC Without Mercury

The details provided in this appendix are to ensure that the product is compliant with the Peoples Republic of China (China) RoHS standards. The table below acknowledges the presences of small quantities of certain materials in the product, and is applicable to China RoHS only.

A label will be placed on each product to indicate the estimated "Environmentally Friendly Use Period" (EFUP). This is an estimate of the number of years that these substances would "not leak out or undergo abrupt change." This product may contain replaceable sub-assemblies/components which have a shorter EFUP such as batteries and lamps. These components will be separately marked.

Please refer to the table on the next page.

Part Name	Toxic or Hazardous Substances and Elements								
	Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (CR(VI))	Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB)	Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDE)			
Housing	Х	0	0	0	0	Х			
Display	Х	0	0	0	0	Х			
Printed Circuit Board	Х	0	0	0	0	Х			
Metal Fasteners	Х	0	0	0	0	0			
Cable Assembly	Х	0	0	0	0	Х			
Fan Assembly	Х	0	0	0	0	Х			
Power Supply Assemblies	Х	0	0	0	0	Х			
Battery	0	0	0	0	0	0			

O: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in all of the homogeneous materials for the part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006

X: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006

此附件旨在确保本产品符合中国 RoHS 标准。以下表格标示此产品中某有毒物质的含量符合中国 RoHS 标准规定的限量要求。

本产品上会附有"环境友好使用期限"的标签,此期限是估算这些物质"不会有泄漏或突变"的 年限。本产品可能包含有较短的环境友好使用期限的可替换元件,像是电池或灯管,这些元 件将会单独标示出来。

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素							
	铅	汞	镉	六价铬	多溴联苯	多溴二苯		
	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(CR(VI))	(PBB)	醚		
						(PBDE)		
壳体	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		
显示	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		
印刷电路板	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		
金属螺帽	Х	0	0	0	0	0		
电缆组装	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		
风扇组装	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		
电力供应组装	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		
电池	0	0	О	0	0	0		

O: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有物质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。

X:表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求。