

# VAM01 Ventilation Air Methane Analyser Operating Manual

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## 1 Safety Related Information

Information in this manual that may affect the safety of users and others is preceded by the following symbol:



Failure to follow this information may result in physical injury which in some cases could be fatal.

## 2 Introduction

This manual explains how to use the VAM01 Ventilation Air Methane Analyser.

The ventilation Air Methane Analyser is designed to monitor the methane concentration in ventilation air from operational coal mines. It will measure the methane concentration as well as the temperature of the air and the air flow.

All data is recorded and can be downloaded remotely via a modem.

The VAM01 is housed in a suitcase size case so that it can be easily transported to different sites. It is intended to be used as a temporary installation.

The analyser can be operated from a mains supply or a set of batteries.

## 3 Included in the Box

The following items are included as standard with your VAM01 Ventilation Air Methane Analyser.

VAM01 – Analyser
VAMPSU – Mains to 12V converter
12V battery lead
GSM Aerial
Anemometer (includes 5 metre lead)
Temperature Probe (includes 5 metre lead)
CD-ROM - VAM Communicator - PC download software
USB lead
User Manual
Spare 50 µm particle filters
Spare 5 µm particle filters
QRC connectors x 3

The following optional accessories are available from Geotechnical Instruments (UK) Ltd.

- Additional user licences for VAM Communicator software
  - Calibration kit
  - Spare particle filters
- Spare sample tubing
- · Spare QRC connectors
- · Service contract

## 4 General Operational Features

#### 4.1 Main features of the Instrument

The instrument includes the following main features:

- Measurement of Methane in the ventilation air
- Measurement of gas flow by use of an anemometer (optional)
- Measurement of barometric pressure
- Measurement of the gas temperature (optional)
- · Local and Remote (via modem) data download

The VAM01 is intended to measure the methane content of ventilation air from working coal mines. It will monitor the methane content of the air, taking a reading every 15 minutes. These readings will be stored within the instrument. Also stored will be the barometric pressure, the total air flow and the air temperature. The readings can be accessed by dialling up the integral modem from a remote location and downloading the data by using the supplied PC software.

## 4.2 Physical Characteristics of Analyser







## 4.3 Positioning of the analyser

The analyser is contained in a sealed case and is relatively weather proof. However, it is recommended that the analyser is not exposed to extremes of weather and is shielded from direct sunlight and rain or snow.

#### 4.4 Particle filters

The analyser is fitted with two user changeable particle filters. These should be changed regularly as blocked filters can cause the sample pump to stop working.

Important	The instrument should never be operated without these filters in place. Doing so may damage the analyser's sensitive Infra-red bench and will invalidate your quarantee.

#### 4.5 Access to controls

The analyser is housed in a rugged Pelican case. It is intended that the analyser is normally operated with the case closed. For setting up and maintenance the analyser can be operated with the case open.

## 4.6 Sample gas inlet

Connect the supply of sample gas to the "Sample In" quick release connector(QRC).

## 4.7 Purge air inlet

The unit is purged with fresh air prior to each reading via this connector. This will be done automatically during the logging process. The instrument will switch between sample gas and purge air at the appropriate time.

Important	It is important that the purge air is free from all traces of methane as the
	instrument automatically zeroes the CH4 channel before each reading.

## 4.8 Anemometer (optional)

The analyser can be configured to display and record a flow reading using an optional anemometer. When an anemometer is fitted to the correct port, the flow (m/s) will be displayed on the main reading screen and recorded every 15 minutes. If your analyser has been configured for anemometer readings and an anemometer is not fitted a warning will be displayed.

Note  The anemometer can be zeroed via the anemometer attached, select the calibration option. Then ensuring you there is no flow zero anemometer to zero any offsets.	menu followed by the zero channels
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## 4.9 Temperature probe (optional)

The analyser can be configured to display and record the sample temperature via an optional temperature probe. When a temperature probe is fitted to the correct port, the temperature will be displayed in the main reading screen and recorded every 15 minutes. If your analyser has been configured for temperature probe readings and a temperature probe is not fitted a warning will be displayed.

## 4.10 Power supply

The analyser requires a 12V D/C supply to operate. This will usually be supplied via the associated custom DC power supply, but can also be supplied from a set of 12v batteries.

#### 4.10.1 Custom DC power supply

The DC power supply is housed in a separate Pelican enclosure. The DC power supply must be connected to a suitable mains supply (110-240V a/c). The DC power supply contains a 2.3Ah back-up battery that will (when fully charged) maintain the operation of the analyser for approximately 5 hours during a power cut. When mains power is restored the back-up battery will be recharged automatically. Recharging the back-up battery can take up to 12 hours.

Note that if the power supply is to be stored for an extended period, the connector should be removed from the battery. Otherwise the battery may discharge completely. Disconnect the power supply from the mains, open the power supply box and remove one of the battery connectors.

▲ Warning. Always disconnect the power supply from the mains before opening the power supply

To use the power supply again, replace the battery connector before connecting the power supply to the mains input.

Note Note that there will be no output from the power supply until the main connected.	s is
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## 4.10.2 Battery power supply

It is possible to power the analyser directly from a set of 12V Lead Acid batteries. In this case use the lead provided, making sure that the polarity is correct. Batteries should be used that are designed for constant low current discharge. Ordinary car or traction batteries are not ideal as they are designed for intermittent high current discharge.

## 4.11 Memory

The memory in the analyser is volatile, although it is retained by an internal battery back-up system. The memory is not to be used as a permanent storage medium and any data should be transferred to a more permanent storage medium as soon as possible using the PC software. Although unlikely, sudden shocks, high levels of electromagnetic interference or static discharge may cause memory corruption or loss. If this occurs the memory should be cleared and the calibration re-set using the cold-start feature before further use.

Note	The analyser should never be stored for prolonged periods with valuable data in memory.
	memory.

## 4.12 Switching the Analyser On and Off

The analyser will switch on as soon as power is applied. When switching the instrument on a long beep will be emitted. The display will show the Geotechnical Instruments (UK) Ltd logo along with the product name. A power-on self-test will then commence.

When switching the analyser off, the on/off button must be held down for approximately 1.5 seconds. If for any reason the analyser 'locks-up' and will not switch off in this manner, press and hold the on/off button for 15 seconds; this will force the instrument to switch off. When the analyser is switched off a clean air purge is automatically started. This ensures that the analyser is free from gas and ready for the next measurement. This final purge is especially important if an oxygen sensor or external gas pod if fitted, as these sensors will degrade if stored whilst contaminated with gas.

Note	Removing the power source directly may cause memory corruption. The analyser should always be switched off using the power key, this allows the analyser to power-down in the correct sequence.
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#### 4.13 Power-on Self Test

When switched on the analyser will perform a pre-determined self-test sequence taking approximately 40 seconds to complete. During this time a number of tests are performed to check if any operational parameters are out of specification. See appendix B for the full list errors and their possible causes. Any errors or warnings detected are displayed at the bottom of the screen. During this time the analyser also checks and configures the local modem. The following information is displayed during the self-test:-

- Manufacturer's service due date
- Software version
- Date format
- Serial number
- Baud rate

## 5 Main Analyser Menu

#### 5.1 Main Menu

The menu is used to select the diagnostic, configuration and calibration options. Whilst in the main menu data-logging is suspended until the user returns to the main read screen. The menu and submenus will automatically time-out after 5 minutes and continue logging if no key presses are detected. The main menu is activated by pressing key ① whilst the analyser is in the main read screen. A brief warning message is displayed to remind the user that logging is suspended until the instrument has been returned to the main read screen. The following options can be selected from the main menu using the cursor keys:-

- Field calibration
- Set Time/Date
- Check/Clear Memory
- Adjust Contrast
- Modem diagnostics
- Information screen
- Exit menu

#### 5.2 Field Calibration

This option allows a user calibration to be performed on the CH4, and anemometer data channels. Please see the section on calibration for more information.

#### 5.3 Set Time/Date

Selected via the main menu the set time/date screen enables the user to check or set the internal clock. Having the correct time and date is important as it is stored with every reading. The current time and date is always displayed in the top-left corner of the main read screen. Setting the clock is a simple process - just follow the on-screen instructions. It is also possible to switch the date format between dd/MM/yy and MM/dd/yy formats if required.

Note	The clock will need to be manually adjusted to cope with daylight saving changes or changes when crossing time zones.
	or original discounty and solution

## 5.4 Check/Clear Reading Memory

Clear memory screen enables the user to check how many readings have previously been taken and clear them if necessary. Clearing readings is a simple process - just follow the on-screen instructions. Before readings are actually deleted a caution is displayed and must be acknowledged; once readings have been deleted they cannot be recovered.

## 5.5 Adjust Contrast

The VAM analyser automatically adjusts the screen contrast to maintain a normal viewing contrast according to the display temperature. A small amount of manual adjustment is possible using the adjust contrast option which is available via the main menu. The current setting is displayed and can be adjusted lighter or darker using the '<' and '>' cursor keys. The manually adjusted setting is retained when the read-out is switched off and therefore may require re-setting when next switched on.

#### 5.6 Modem Diagnostics

The VAM analyser is equipped with a GSM modem for remote download of stored data. It can also be configured to give notification of critical faults via SMS. Please see the section on Modem Operation for information regarding configuration and set-up of the modem. The modem diagnostics screen shows the current status of the modem. The user can refresh the status information at anytime by pressing key '③ Refresh'. The following status information is displayed:-

**GSM**: Shows network connection status, when a successful connection has been made "Registered on home network" is shown. If a connection to a foreign network has been made then "Registered, roaming network" is shown. In this case, higher call charges for receiving calls and sending SMS messages are likely to be incurred. The message "Not registered, searching" indicates that the modem is attempting to connect to a GSM network. "Not registered, not searching" indicates that the modem has given up searching for a GSM network. Check the antenna connection or relocate the antenna to a new location. "Registration denied" indicates that a GSM network was found but the SIM was refused access to the network. Please contact your network provider.

Network: Shows currently selected mobile phone network, eg "O2 – UK"

**Signal**: Shows signal strength followed by bit error rate. 0 is a very poor signal, the maximum is 31 (good signal strength).

**PIN**: Shows the current network PIN number requirements. "READY" – PIN has been entered or not required. "SIM PIN" – A PIN is required. You should disable the requirement for a PIN number prior to fitting to modem. "SIM PUK1" – Three failed attempts were made to enter a PIN. Equipment is waiting for a SIM PUK1 code. "SIM PUK2" – Network is waiting for an unblock code. Please contact your Network Provider.

PIN2: (Sim Card PIN number)

From this screen the user is also able to re-initialise the modem by pressing command key '⑤ Re-init'. Re-initialising the modem clears any existing modem configuration and re-programs it with the analyser's default requirements. This may be necessary if the modem stops answering calls for example. Power cycle, key '⑦', switches the modem OFF then ON. This may be required if the modem has crashed i.e. stopped responding to the analyser. Step 1 turns the power off and waits 10 seconds, the on signal is sent and it then waits 30 seconds before re-initialising the modem.

The analyser performs an automatic check of the modem and re-initialises it (if necessary) once per day at midnight.

#### 5.7 Information Screen

The information screen shows general information about the analyser and its configuration. The following information is displayed:-

- Software version
- Analyser serial number
- Guarantee status (purchased support contract)
- Logging Interval (Interval / Purge Time / Baro stabilisation time / Reading stabilisation time)
- · Full service due date
- Date of last gas check
- Date of last field calibration
- Operating language
- Communications settings
- Number of readings taken
- Time/Date format

## 6 Main read screen

The 'Read Gas Levels' screen is also considered to be the normal operation screen and all operations are carried out from this starting point. The main read screen shows the current readings, current time/date, logging status and modem status. The current stage of the logging cycle is also displayed including the time to the next stage. Any error messages will be displayed on the bottom-right of the screen. Remote (or local) communications are only possible when the instrument is in this screen.

14:48 10/07/07	Status: ACTIVE
<u>BARO</u> : 0967_mb_	Stage: Purging Remaining: 08m 35s Next: Auto-Cal Time to next: 13m 35s
	Supply: Air Pump : ON Memory: 0010 of 3000 Modem : HOME NET
	Warnings : 1 of 3 Full service overdue

Note	The actual data displayed on this screen will depend on the version of the analyser
	and its configuration.

## 6.1 Preliminary Checks

Prior to going to site, it is good practice to ensure:

- The instruments time and date are correct.
- · The particle filters are clean and dry.
- If required the batteries to be used have a good charge.
- Ensure communications switch is towards modem to enable remote communications via modem.
- The memory has sufficient space available.
- Check the span calibration with a known concentration calibration-check gas.

#### DO's

- Travel to site with the instrument in the vehicle's interior not in the boot, where it may be subjected to extremes of temperature and possible shock damage.
- Protect the instrument from strong direct sunlight which will quickly raise the temperature of the instrument beyond its operating range and the LCD display will appear almost black and the contrast setting cannot alter the contrast.

#### DONT's

- Do not place the instrument against anything hot or in an unattended car during the summer as this will cause excessive internal temperatures which may cause erroneous readings.
- Do not get the instrument wet, for example exposure to heavy rain or snow.

## 7 Data Logging

The primary function of the analyser is remote data-logging. The logging sequence is configured during manufacturing and cannot be changed by the user. While powered-up the analyser will continuously store data at 15 minute intervals following a pre-set cycle. It is capable of storing 3000 reading sets, which corresponds to about 31 days of data.

When the memory is 95% full a warning "Memory nearly full" will be displayed by the analyser. Should the memory become completely full the analyser will stop storing data. The warning displayed by the analyser will change to "Logger memory full".

## 7.1 Logging Sequence

The following logging sequence has been programmed into the VAM:-

#### 1. Clean Air Purge.

- a) Solenoid set to purge air.
- b) Switch on pump.
- c) Wait approx 10 minute before advancing to next stage.

#### 2. Zero CH4 channel.

- a) Zero any minor CH4 offset.
- b) Stop Pump.

#### 3. Take Barometer reading

- a) Wait for reading to stabilise.
- b) Record and display barometer reading.
- c) Advance to next stage.

#### 4. Sample Gases

- a) Switch solenoid to sample coal mine ventilation air.
- b) Start pump.
- c) Wait approximately 5 minutes to ensure stable reading sample.
- d) Record Methane reading.
- e) Store complete reading set.
- f) Stop pump.

#### 5. Check Status

- a) Send SMS message (if configured via PC software).
- b) Check for errors and display any warnings.
- c) Once every 24 hours power-cycle & initialise modem.
- d) Begin clean air purge.

Depending on the configuration and accessories used the following data is stored for each reading :-

- Current time / date
- Main gas readings
- Barometric pressure
- Temperature
- Anemometer

## 7.2 SMS Notification

Using the PC software supplied up to two SMS phone numbers can be specified to receive text message notifications for memory full and flow fail indications. An SMS message will be sent to the specified numbers when the memory is nearly full i.e will become full within 24 hours. A second SMS message is sent when the analyser stops storing due to full memory. If no numbers have been specified then this section is ignored.

## 7.3 Errors and warnings

During the logging cycle the analyser automatically checks for errors. These include checks for any operational parameters that are out of specification. See appendix B for the full list and the possible causes. Errors or warnings are displayed at the bottom right corner of the main read screen one at a time. Messages are cycled automatically (every 2 seconds) 1 of 5, 2 of 5 and so on.

## 7.3.1 Warnings Displayed

Although not specifically identified there are two types of warning that may be displayed. Firstly there are general warnings that may not affect the functioning of the instrument e.g. memory nearly full. In these cases the analyser has detected a function that is outside the typical operating criteria. The second warning type are operational parameters that could affect the performance of the analyser e.g. CH4 channel out of calibration.

The most likely reason for the errors is either an incorrect user calibration, or sensor failure. If an incorrect user calibration has caused the warning it should be correctable by way of returning the instrument to factory settings, zeroing or carrying out a user calibration as necessary for the relevant function.

Note	If any other types of warning or error messages are displayed it is advisable to contact Geotechnical Instruments (UK) Ltd for further information.
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#### 7.3.2 Under and Over Range Codes

If a reading is under range (ie below zero) it will be displayed with 'less than' chevrons (<<). If a reading is over range (ie above the maximum allowed reading) it will be displayed with 'more than' chevrons (>>). These can occur if a channel has been incorrectly calibrated. A number displayed as (\*\*) indicates an error and a (--) indicates where no data is available.

## 8 Modem Operation

## 8.1 Compatibility

The analyser is fitted with a Siemens TC65T Quad Band GSM modem. Most GSM regions require that a "data enabled" SIM card is fitted. Check with your Network Provider for more information. The operator will need to supply the appropriate SIM card and operating contract.

Note	The SIM card must be data enabled. "Data Enabled" does not refer to the ability to send and receive SMS or MMS messages.
	send and receive only of mino messages.

Geotechnical Instruments (UK) Ltd or its agents are not responsible for any costs relating to use of or connection to any GSM network with this product.

## 8.2 Installing the SIM Card

Power off the system or remove the power connector from the modem before changing the SIM card. To install the SIM card firstly remove the protective cover (see diagram) by removing the six fixing screws (requires 2.5mm Allen key). Then eject the SIM carrier using a ball point pen or similar and remove the tray from the modem. Fit the SIM card into the carrier with the metal contacts showing, and slide back into place.

Power up the system and modem. When the modem is searching for a GSM network the blue LED flashes slowly (600 ms on / 600ms off). Once connection has been established, after approximately 30 seconds, the LED flashes briefly (75ms on / 3s off). After testing the modem operation using the Modem Diagnostics option replace the modem cover.

Note	Remember to ensure that the toggle switch is in the correct position for remote
	communications.

#### Only use 3V or 1.8V SIM cards.



Modem's SIM tray



SIM Eject button

## 8.3 Replacing the Modem

The modem should only be replaced with a Siemens TC65T GSM modem. The modem must be configured to 38400 baud using the AT command: AT+IPR=38400 CR>

The modem should be configured by Geotechnical Instruments otherwise the remote reset via SMS functionality will not be available.

## 9 Calibration

#### 9.1 Introduction

The Ventilation Air Methane Analyser is calibrated during manufacture and when returned for service. However, to improve accuracy between services a user calibration can be performed. This section sets out the correct procedures to achieve an accurate user calibration. If this calibration is completed incorrectly it may decrease the accuracy of the Gas Analyser.

Two important terms that are used within this section are "Zero" and "Span".

Zero: The point at which the analyser is calibrated when there is none of the target gas present.

Span: The point at which the analyser is calibrated when a known quantity of the target gas is present.

We recommend that the span gas has a concentration around 0.9% for optimum results. Ideally the span calibration should be checked at monthly intervals.

## 9.2 Calibration Gases

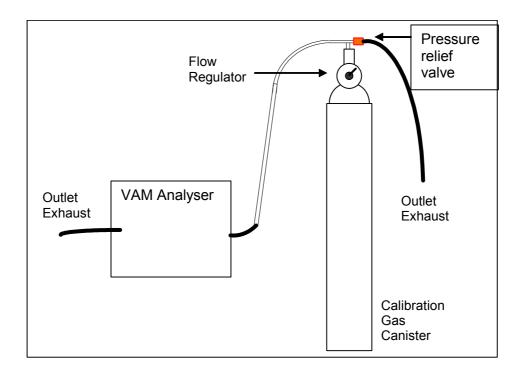
User calibration of the analyser will improve the data accuracy in the range of the calibration gases used. This may cause less accurate readings of concentrations outside this calibrated range. Users should select the correct calibration gas for the expected gas levels on their particular application. Only use gases with a known certified concentration.

Note	Certified calibration gases for most gas concentrations can be supplied by Geotechnical Instruments (UK) Ltd.	
<b>⚠</b> Warning	For each gas used the appropriate material safety data sheet must be read and understood before proceeding. Calibration gases can be dangerous.	

## 9.3 Set-Up

Important	Do NOT attach the gas supply to the instrument before putting it into the "Field Calibration Screen" by selecting the 'FIELD CALIBRATION' option from the main
	menu.

The calibration gas supply should be connected to the normal sample inlet of the VAM analyser as shown in the diagram.



The regulator's flow is factory set. It only requires a few turns to open, but no adjustment is necessary.



#### **Exhaust port**

When the analyser is being calibrated, there are two possible exits for the gas, via the usual manner out of the exhaust port of the analyser or in cases of overpressurisation the 1/16 port on the pressure relief valve. It is recommended that both ports have exhaust tubing attached. The exhaust tubing must emerge in a well-vented area. Ensure there are no leaks in the tubing and connections.

The calibration of the analyser should be carried out in a safe area with all necessary precautions taken when using potentially dangerous, explosive or toxic gases.

For each gas used the appropriate material data sheet should be read and understood before proceeding.

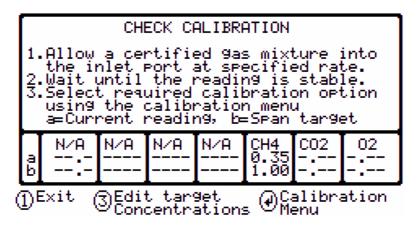
## 9.4 Equipment

Calibration gas mixtures as specified as above in 58 litre gas canisters. The regulator supplied by Geotechnical Instruments is recommended as flow and pressure rates are factory set to safe levels.

## 9.5 Gas Analyser

To achieve the processes set out below choose "Field Calibration" from the main menu.

The first screen to appear ("Check Calibration") provides the option of checking the gas channels against known calibration gases before proceeding to re-calibration. Ensure the unit is stabilised at its working temperature before performing any of the calibration operations.



Readings on the line "a" are the current readings for the channels listed. The figures displayed in line "b" are the span targets i.e. the concentrations of the calibration gases to be used.

Note	Depending on the configuration of your analyser some gas channels may not be active and will be shown as "N/A" or left blank. Ignore the calibration instructions given for those channels.
	given for those charmers.

## **Step 1: Enter Target Concentrations**

DO NOT CONNECT CALIBRATION GAS YET.

Enter the certified concentrations of your calibration gases. For two-gas mixtures that contain 0.0% O2, enter the certified O2 value at 20.9%. For three-gas mixtures with an O2 component enter the O2 certified concentration.

- Select CH4 from the menu using 2 and enter the certified CH4 concentration. Then press .
- Press 3 to Edit target concentrations.
- Select CO2 from the menu using 2 and enter the certified CO2 concentration. Then press .
- Press 3 to Edit target concentrations.
- Select O<sub>2</sub> from the menu using (2) and enter the certified CO2 concentration or 20.9% for air calibration. Then press (4).

#### Step 2: Zero CH4 and CO2 channels

- Press allow the pump to run for approximately two minutes or until reading stabilises; this purges the unit of gas.
- Press to switch off the pump.
- Press to select "Calibration Menu".
- Press ① to select "Zero Channel(s)".
- Press to select "Zero CH4".
- "USER ZERO COMPLETE." should be displayed.
- Repeat for other channels if required (except O2)

## Step 3: Zero O2 channels

- Attach the calibration equipment as pictured above with gas mixture 2 and turn on gas at regulator.
   Do not run the pump.
- Allow the gas to flow through the unit for approximately two minutes or until reading stabilises.
- Press to select "Calibration Menu".
- Press to select "Zero Channel(s)".
- Scroll ② Ito "ZERO O2".

- Press to select "Zero O2".
- "USER ZERO COMPLETE." should be displayed.

## Step 4: Span CH4 and CO2 channels

Use Step 5 instead, when a 3 gas calibration mixture is available.

- Continue to flow calibration gas or if the zero O2 step has not been required attach the calibration equipment as pictured above and turn on gas at regulator. **Do not run the pump**.
- Allow the gas to flow through the unit for approximately two minutes or until reading stabilises.
- Press to select "Calibration Menu".
- Scroll ② to "SPAN CHANNEL(S)".
- Press to select "SPAN CHANNEL(S)".
- Scroll (2) to "SPAN CH4 @ 0.90%" (the value set previously).
- Press to select "SPAN CH4 @ 0.90%"
- · "CALIBRATION COMPLETE" should be displayed.

## Repeat for CO2:

- Press to select "Calibration Menu".
- Scroll ② Ito "SPAN CHANNEL(S)".
- Press to select "SPAN CHANNEL(S)".
- Scroll ② Ito "SPAN CO2 @ 0.10%" (the value set previously).
- Press (2) to select "SPAN CO2 @ 0.10%"
- "CALIBRATION COMPLETE" should be displayed.

Go to step 6.

## Step 5: Span CH4, CO2 and O2 channels

## Alternative to Step 4 when a 3 component gas is available

Multi-gas option requires a mix with components of CH4,CO2 and O2

- Press to select "Calibration Menu".
- Scroll ② <sup>3</sup> to "SPAN CHANNEL(S)".
- Press to select "SPAN CHANNEL(S)".
- Scroll ② <sup>I</sup> to "SPAN MULTI-GAS"
- Press (1) to select "SPAN CO2 (2) 0.10%"
- "CALIBRATION COMPLETE" should be displayed.

## Step 6: Span O2 channels

Alternative to Step 4 when a 3 component gas is available

Multi-gas option requires a mix with components of CH4,CO2 and O2,

- Press to select "Calibration Menu".
- Scroll ② Ito "SPAN CHANNEL(S)".
- Press to select "SPAN CHANNEL(S)".
- Scroll ② <sup>3</sup> to "SPAN O2 @ 20.9%" and press <sup>1</sup> to select.
- "CALIBRATION COMPLETE" should be displayed.

## 9.6 Trouble Shooting

Error message	Remedy
"User Zero failed"	A possible reason for this is because the instrument is trying to zero to a level which is outside the pre-determined range set when the unit was first calibrated at the factory. To rectify this, first ensure the unit contains absolutely none of the gas which is being zeroed. For all but $O_2$ (which requires $O_2$ free gas) run the pump to purge with fresh air and repeat the zeroing process. If it will not zero, then refer to the instructions given in the 'Factory Settings' section. If the Gas Analyser continues to fail in zeroing then the unit must be returned to Geotechnical Instruments (UK) Ltd for investigation.

"Calibration failed"	Check the span is set to the correct value, if not, correct and retry spanning the channel. Repeat the entire procedure, including zeroing the channel and then calibrate the span. Ensure the reading is stable before spanning the channel. This message may also appear if attempting to use the 'Span Multi Gas' option when not using a gas containing concentrations of $CH_4$ , $CO_2$ and $O_2$ .
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## 9.7 Factory Settings

This option will reset the instrument to all of its factory programmed characteristics and will clear ALL the user defined calibration points.

If in any doubt contact Geotechnical Instruments (UK) Ltd.

From the main "CHECK CALIBRATION" screen:

- Press to enter the calibration menu.
- Scroll ② to "FACTORY SETTINGS".
- Press to Select "FACTORY SETTINGS".
- Two messages will follow, "Resetting, please wait..." and "Factory settings restored."

## 9.8 Viewing Time of Last Field Calibration

Select Field Calibration from the main menu and choose 'Last Field Cal'd' from the Calibration menu. This option will display the time and date that the last field calibration was performed. This date is also shown in the instrument information screen.

## 10 Communications Software

#### 10.1 Introduction

The Ventilation Air Methane analyser is provided with PC software to allow readings stored in the analyser to be downloaded, and to perform administration of the analyser. Connection can be via modem or directly via the serial cable provided.

The analyser is fitted with a Siemens TC65T Quad-band GSM modem. A modem for the PC is not provided.

The software is in English only and is designed for Microsoft Windows 2000, XP or Vista.

## 10.2 Installing the software

Administrative privileges are required to install the software. The Microsoft .Net Framework V2 must be installed. This software is available on the CD. Insert the CD into your computer and the installation software should start automatically. If this feature has been disabled, start Windows Explorer and double click "VAMCommunicatorInstaller.msi" in the root folder of the CD.

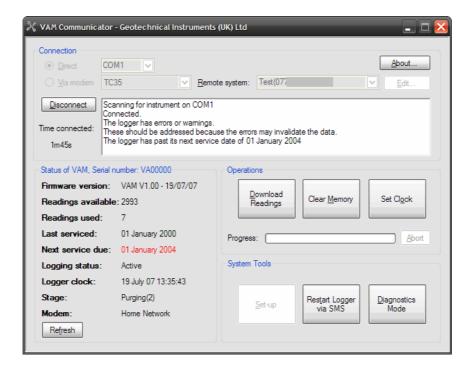
If you are using the supplied USB communications lead you will also need to install the device drivers which can be found in the "USB Drivers" folders of the CD. There are separate drivers for 32-bit and 64-bit versions of the Microsoft Windows operating systems.

## 10.3 Starting the Application

Click the Start menu, select Programs (XP only), then Geotechnical Instruments and "VAM Communicator".

Note

Some modems must be switched on and connected to the PC when the computer is started for them to be listed in the drop-down list of modems. If your modem is not listed, please check it is connected and switched on and restart your computer.



## 10.4 Connecting to the Analyser

## 10.4.1 Directly via Serial Cable

If you are using a USB serial cable, please connect it before starting the application. Click the "Direct" button and choose the serial port from the drop down list of COM ports. On the analyser switch the toggle switch towards "RS232".

To begin scanning for an instrument click "Connect". The status window shows the progress of the connection. When an analyser has been found the Status window shows the serial number and analyser status. The Operations buttons are enabled.

Important Do not forget to put the toggle switch back to "MODEM SIM CARD". Fail so will prevent remote access via modem.	lure to do
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#### 10.4.2 Connecting via Modem

The software maintains a list of systems and their phone numbers. Click "Via modem" to access the modem options. The remote system's phone number may be entered directly into *Remote system* drop-down list or you can add and save it for later use by clicking Edit.

In the System Phone Numbers list enter the name of the system in the Name column and the remote analyser's phone number in the Number column. Click OK to save changes. The newly added name and numbers are now added to the drop-down list of remote systems. Select the correct modem from the list and click Connect.

The software attempts to dial the remote system, the progress of the connection is shown in the main status window. When a connection has been made the analyser's status is updated and the Operations buttons are enabled. To cancel the dial-up click Cancel (below Via Modem).

## 10.5 Downloading Data

Click the "Download Readings" button. A progress bar shows the progress. At the end of the download a Save As window is shown. You can either change the filename or use the default, which is based on the VAM serial number and most recent reading time & date. When the file has been saved it will be opened automatically in Notepad or Excel (if installed). Readings are saved in CSV file format. Once the readings have been successfully downloaded it is a good idea to clear the analyser's memory to avoid duplicating readings. See the section on clearing data for details.

Logging is suspended during the download of readings.

Downloading 3000 readings over a GSM connection takes approximately 53 minutes.

## 10.6 Setting the Clock

The analyser's clock can be programmed from the PC. It is best to download readings and clear the analyser's memory before setting the clock. The clock in the analyser can easily be set to the local time or UTC (GMT). The advantage of using UTC is that the time will be same where-ever the analyser has been configured in the world. Any time/date can also be entered if desired.

## 10.7 Clearing data from the analyser

To clear all the readings from the analyser click "Clear Memory". A brief warning must be acknowledged as deleted readings are not recoverable.

## 10.8 Restarting the Analyser via SMS

This option causes the remote modem to attempt to restart the analyser. It should only be used as a last resort when the analyser cannot be successfully dialled and when no local access to the system is possible. The PC must be fitted with a GSM modem. Select the GSM modem from the down list and select or enter the remote system to be reset.

The software sends an SMS message to the remote system. When the remote modem receives the message it will cycle the power of the analyser. The message may take up to 1 hour to be processed.

## 11 Service

## 11.1 Main VAM analyser

Your VAM analyser should be regularly serviced to ensure correct and accurate operation. Geotechnical Instruments recommends a service and recalibration every 6 months.

#### 11.2 Filters

The inlet sample gas and the purge air passes through two filters before reaching the analyser. These filters may become clogged with dust. The lifetime of the filters will depend on the amount of dust within the sample air.

The filters should be regularly inspected and changed if there is any sign of significant dirt build up. There are two filters on each sample line, one 50  $\mu$ m and one 5  $\mu$ m. It is important that the filters are replaced with equivalent filters. It is also important that the sample passes through the 50  $\mu$ m filter first. Make sure that the filters are installed in the correct orientation.

## 11.2.1 User serviceable parts

There are no user serviceable parts inside the analyser. Please do not attempt repair as this may invalidate any warranty supplied with your instrument.

The following parts are supplied by Geotechnical Instruments and can be user serviced:

Particulate filters	These filters should be replaced if they are contaminated. Never operate the instrument without the particulate filters.
Sample tubing	Always ensure that sample tubes are not contaminated or damaged.
QRC connectors	Periodically check that the O-rings on the QRC gas connectors are not damaged. A damaged O-ring can let air into the sample gas and result in incorrect readings. If the O-ring is damaged the complete QRC connector should be replaced.

# 12 Technical Specification

POWER	
Power requirements	10 – 14 V DC, Typically 360mA
Separate power supply	Input: 110 -220V ac,
	Output: 12V DC
	2.3A Hr battery back up
Memory backup battery	Lithium Manganese for data retention.
Battery specification for battery	12 V lead acid battery suitable for continuous low current
powered systems	discharge
	Approx 2.5 hours operation per AHr of battery capacity

RANGE AND ACCURACY	
Range CH4	0 – 1.5%
Typical accuracy CH4	+/- 0.03% vol
Response time, T <sup>90</sup>	≤20 seconds

FACILITIES		
Temperature measurement With optional probe -10°C to +75°C		
Temperature accuracy	±0.2°C (± probe accuracy)	
Data storage	3000 readings (31 days at 15 minute intervals)	
Event storage	1000 events	
Communications		
	Modem link for remote data access	

PUMP	
Flow	300cc/min typically
Flow with 200mbar vacuum	250cc/min approximately
Vacuum pull	400mbar approximately

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	
Operating temperature range	0°C - 40°C
Relative humidity	0 - 95% non condensing
Case seal	IP65
Barometric pressure	±200mbar from calibration pressure
Barometric pressure accuracy	±5mbar typically

PHYSICAL		
Weight (Main unit)	9.5 Kg	
Size (Main unit)	L 530 mm, W 440 mm, D 220 mm	
Case material	Polypropylene	
Keys	Membrane panel	
Display	Liquid crystal display, 40 x 16 characters	
	Fibre optic woven back-light for low light conditions	
Gas sample filters	User replaceable two stage filters on sample and purge air inlets	

An important notice to all our customers

## **WEEE COMPLIANT**



The wheelie bin symbol now displayed on equipment supplied by Geotechnical Instruments signifies that the apparatus must not be disposed of through the normal municipal waste stream but through a registered recycling scheme.

The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment directive (WEEE) makes producers responsible from July 1<sup>st</sup> 2007 in meeting their obligations, with the fundamental aim of reducing the environmental impact of electrical and electronic equipment at the end of its life.

Geotechnical is now registered with the Environmental Agency as a producer and has joined a recycling scheme provider who will manage and report on our electrical waste on our behalf.

## Our Producer Registration Number is WEE/GB0052TQ

So when your instrument is at the end of its life, contact our Sales team who will advise you on the next step in order to help us meet our obligations.

## 13 Appendix A – Event Log

The VAM analyser incorporates the facility for a log of events. This can be used as an aid to monitoring the use of the analyser including any user calibrations. It can also be used as a diagnostic tool if there is a problem with the analyser. The event log can be viewed via the PC based VAM communications software. It cannot be viewed on the analyser screen. Applicable events are stored in the event log automatically along with a time/date stamp. No user intervention is required.

The log can hold up to 1000 separate events. If the log becomes nearly full a warning will be given on the start up screen. If the log becomes full then no further events will be stored. The log can be downloaded, viewed, and cleared by using the VAM communications software. The log is also cleared when the analyser is cold started. The table below lists all of the events stored in the event log.

Note	The event log codes are used across the complete range of Geotechnical
	Instruments gas analysers. Therefore not all events listed will be applicable to
	your instrument type

	Event Type	Data Stored	
0	Unspecified Event		
1	Cold Start	0=Manual or 1=Via RS232	
2	Manufacturers Calibration	Needs new command	
3	Official Gas Check	Needs new command	
5	Return to Factory settings	0=Manual or 1=Via RS232	
6	Successful User zero CH4	Readings before and after	
7	Successful User span CH4	Target Value, Readings before and after	
8	Successful User zero CO2	Readings before and after	
9	Successful User span CO2	Target Value, Readings before and after	
10	Successful User zero O2	Readings before and after	
11	Successful User span O2	Target Value, Readings before and after	
12	Successful User zero CELL1	Readings before and after	
13	Successful User span CELL1	Target Value, Readings before and after	
14	Successful User zero CELL2	Readings before and after	
15	Successful User span CELL2	Target Value, Readings before and after	
16	Successful User zero CELL3	Readings before and After	
17	Successful User span CELL3	Target Value, Readings before and after	
18	Successful User zero internal flow	Readings before and after	
19	Failed User zero CH₄	Reading	
20	Failed User span CH4	Target Value, Gas Reading	
21	Failed User zero CO2	Reading	
22	Failed User span CO2	Target Value, Gas Reading	
23	Failed User zero O2	Reading	
24	Failed User span O2	Target Value, Gas Reading	
25	Failed User zero CELL1	Reading	
26	Failed User span CELL1	Target Value, Gas Reading	
27	Failed User zero CELL2	Reading	
28	Failed User span CELL2	Target Value, Gas Reading	
29	Failed User zero CELL3	Reading	
30	Failed User span CELL3	Target Value, Gas Reading	
31	Failed User zero internal flow	Reading	
32	Confirm CH4 calibration	Target, Factory and Actual gas values	
33	Confirm CO2 calibration	Target, Factory and Actual gas values	
34	Confirm O2 calibration	Target, Factory and Actual gas values	
35	Set Clock via RS232	Tme before and after	
36	Clear Memory via RS232	Cleared 1=readings, 2=ID's, 3=Comments, 4=Site	
	•	Questions, 5=All memory and 6=Event Log.	
37	Downloaded readings from instrument	No. of readings	
38	Upload readings to instrument	No. of readings	
39	Download ID's from instrument	No of ID's	
40	Upload ID's to instrument	No. of ID's	
41	Technician login	ID code	
42	Auto-Purge	Time in seconds	

43	Power-off auto-purge	Time in seconds
44	Over-pressurised Warning	Pressure reading
45	Keyboard locked	1=locked and 0=unlocked
46	Mode of operation changed	0=Manual or 1=Via RS232 & 0=GA or 1=GEM
47	Download event log	No. of events
48	Download technician list	No. of entries
49	Upload technician list	No. of entries
50	Download phone directory	No. of entries
51	Upload phone directory	No. of entries
52	Download modem initialisation string	
53	Upload modem initialisation string	
54	Tried to store reading with memory full	0=Abort store, 1=Overwrite existing reading or 2=Unable to overwrite existing reading
55	Download comments	
56	Upload comments	
57	Download alarm levels	
58	Upload alarm levels	
59	Download logging parameters	
60	Upload logging parameters	
61	Download site questions	
62	Upload site questions	
64	Modem status reports	0=Not Connected, 1=Ringing, 2=Connected, 3=Busy, 4=No Carrier, 5=No Dial tone, 6=Dialling
70	Static pressure transducer zeroed	Reading before and after
71	Differential pressure transducer zeroed	Reading before and after
72	Update site questions	number of questions
73	Data logging mode selected	Pump run time and logging interval
74	Operate via modem selected	
75	View data selected	
76	Print data selected	0=complete, 1=aborted and -1=comms error
77	Adjust contrast	Contrast offset
78	Gas Alarm triggered	For the channels CH4, CO2 and O2 where 1=alarming and 0=not alarming.

The following event types are primarily instrument error or warning events. As before each event contains the time/date and up to 12 bytes of event specific data:-

100	Lo-flow warning	Target and actual raw flow readings
101	Battery low warning (<20%)	
102	Reading memory nearly full warning	
103	Variable(s) in RAM out-of-range / corrupt	
104	Clock invalid / corrupt	
105	Service overdue	
106	Secondary sensor reads error at start-up	Channel
107	Chemical cell reads error at start-up	Cell type code
108	Primary sensor reads error at start-up	
109	Event log nearly full or full	0=nearly full or 1=full

## 14 Appendix B – Errors and Warnings

The table below lists the possible errors and warnings that could be displayed.

Description	Possible causes
Reading mem. corrupt	The reading pointer is outside of the valid range (0-3000). This is probably a symptom of a more general memory corruption. Try the download any existing readings before cold-starting the analyser.
Memory is nearly full	The analysers reading memory is over 95% full. The readings should be downloaded and the memory cleared.
Memory full	The analyser's memory is completely full. No further readings can be stored this data will be lost. The readings should be downloaded and the memory cleared.
O2 bad RAM variables	Typically caused by out-of-range user calibration target variables. This is probably a symptom of a more general memory corruption. Try the download any existing readings before cold-starting the analyser.
ERROR – clock corrupt	The analyser's internal clock cannot be read correctly. This is most likely a hardware fault. Try powering the instrument off and then on.
Full service overdue	The analyser has passed its service due date. This is programmed into the analyser at the time of manufacture and cannot be changed by the user. Download any data and return the analyser for service.
Barometric transducer	The analyser's barometric transducer is reading error. This could be due to a faulty or damaged transducer. Before returning the unit for repair check that the analysers inlet and outlets are not blocked. Try powering the instrument off and then on.
??? out of cal.	The channel described (???) is out-of-calibration. This maybe caused by incorrect user calibration. Try return to factory settings or a cold-start.
Anemometer not found	The analyser has been configured to take anemometer readings but it cannot access the anemometer. Ensure the anemometer is plugged-in the correct port and is firmly seated. It's also worth checking that the pins in the Lemo plug and socket are not bent or broken. Also, check the wire for damage before returning the analyser for repair.
Temp. probe not found	The analyser has been configured to take temperature readings but it cannot access the temperature probe. Ensure the temperature probe is plugged-in the correct port and is firmly seated. It's also worth checking that the pins in the Lemo plug and socket are not bent or broken. Also, check the wire for damage before returning the analyser for repair.
Lo-flow, check filters	The analyser has sensed a restriction when pumping in order not the damage the analyser the pump is switched-off. Check that the particle filters are not blocked.
Invalid logging params	The pre-configured logging parameters have been set-up incorrectly or have been corrupted. Try cold-starting the instrument.

#### 14.1 Cold Start

A cold start should only be carried out to correct an instrument fault if no other course of action has proved successful, as this function will clear the instrument memory entirely, reset all factory settings and reset the internal time and date to a default setting.

To carry out a cold start, turn the analyser on and during the self-test press and continue to hold the '¬' key until such time as the self-test has been completed. Upon completion of the self-test a 'Pass-code Entry' screen will be displayed. At this point the '¬' key may be released. Enter the code '12345' and press '¬' to confirm. After the pass-code entry has been accepted the instrument's serial number will be displayed along with the hours of operation and three options 1-cold-start, 2-modem diagnostics and 0-Exit. Select option '1' if a cold start is to be carried out. After selection, key '1' will require pressing again to confirm the cold-start operation. After a brief confirmation message the analyser will return to normal operation.

Important	This function should only be used as a last resort. For gas calibration error messages ensure a return to factory settings and user calibration has been carried out first.
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