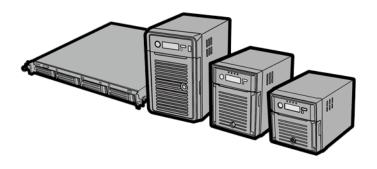


TeraStation WSS 5000 User Manual

TeraStation™ WSS 5000

WS5400R WS5600D WS5400D WS5200D



www.buffalotech.com

35020065-01

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Chapter 1 Installation

Installation

For Mac OS

If using OS X 10.4 or later, download and install "Remote Desktop Connection Client for Mac 2" from www.microsoft. com. For OS X 10.3.9, use version 1.0.3 instead.

1 Connect the supplied USB device to your computer. Open the USB device and double-click *TSNavi.exe* TeraNavigator will launch.

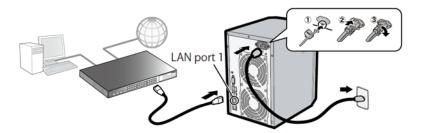


Notes:

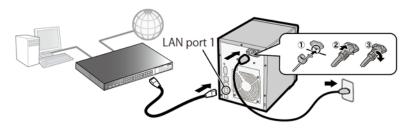
- If using Windows 2000 or 2000 Server, make sure that write-protection on the USB device is disabled before connecting it. To disable write-protection, slide the switch on the USB device toward the USB connector.
- If "Do you want to allow the following program to make changes to this computer?" is displayed by Windows 8 or Windows 7, click Yes. If "A program needs your permission to continue" is displayed by Windows Vista, click Continue.
- In Mac OS, double-click the disk image "WS5000_SERIES-xxx.dmg" (where xxx is a three-digit number) in the USB device to mount, and then double-click *TeraNavigator* in the image.
- Disable your antivirus software and firewall before continuing. You may not be able to install the software if antivirus software or a software firewall are enabled. After you've finished setup, re-enable your firewall and antivirus software.
- **2** Click Begin Installation.



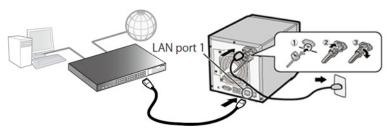
Follow the steps on the screen to connect the Ethernet cable and power cable to the TeraStation and turn it on. WS5600D



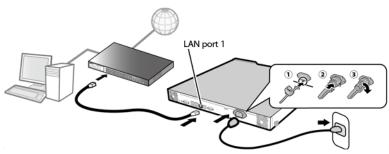
WS5400D



WS5200D



WS5400R

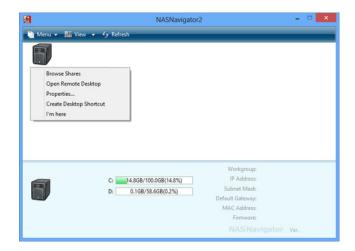


Notes:

- Use LAN port 1 for initial setup. After setup, you may connect a second cable to LAN port 2.
- Before removing the sticker on the power connector, be sure to read the terms and conditions of the Microsoft Software License contained in the "ms-license" folder in the USB device.
- **4** Follow the steps on the screen to install NAS Navigator2.
- 5 Click Finish.

NAS Navigator2 will open . You can also open it by clicking icon on the Windows desktop or Dock on Mac OS.

In NAS Navigator2, right-click on your TeraStation's icon, then select *Properties*. On the Mac, click the TeraStation's icon while holding down the control key, then select *Configure*.

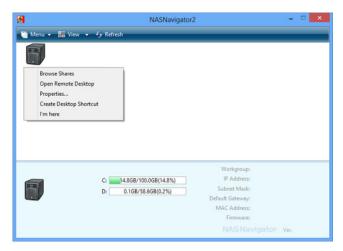


7 Click the *IP Address* tab, enter the desired settings, and click *OK*.



Notes:

- If you don't know how to configure these settings, check "Use DHCP".
- If you are prompted to enter the administrator's password, enter the TeraStation's password (it is set to "password" by factory default).
- Right-click on your TeraStation's icon, then click *Open Remote Desktop*. On a Mac, click the TeraStation's icon while holding down the control key, then select *Open Remote Desktop*.



Notes:

- If the message "The publisher of this remote connection cannot be identified. Do you want to connect anyway?" is displayed, click *Connect*.
- If "The identity of the remote computer cannot be verified. Do you want to connect anyway?" is displayed, click Yes or Continue.
- **9** Enter the username and password, then click *OK*. Windows Storage Server will open in the remote desktop.



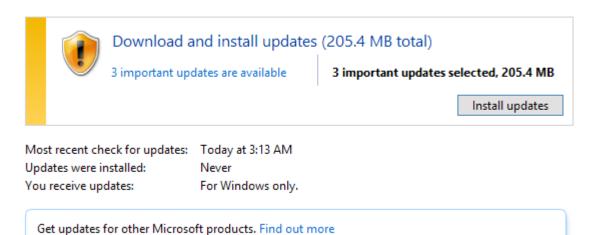
Note: The default username and password are "Administrator" and "password".

10 Install the Windows Storage Server update program.

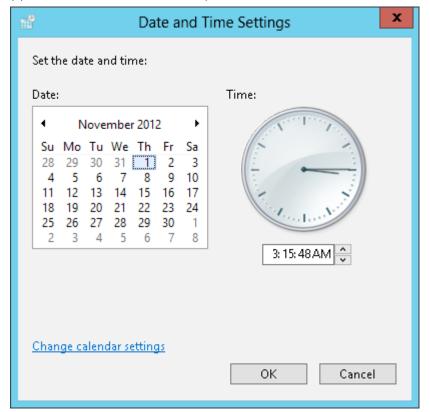
The TeraStation must be connected to the Internet.

- (1) In Server Manager, click Local Server.
- (2) Under "PROPERTIES", click the status shown in "Windows Update".
- (3) Click Check for updates.
- (4) Click Install updates.

Windows Update



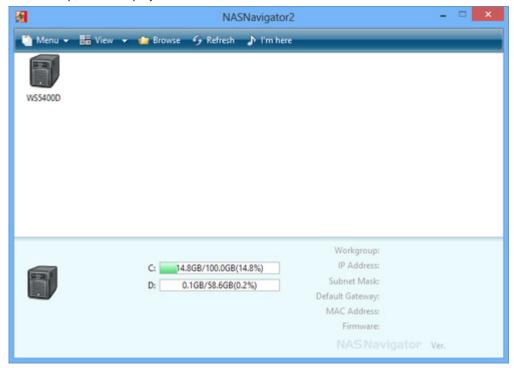
- **11** Set the date and time.
 - (1) In Server Manager, click Local Server.
 - (2) Under "PROPERTIES", click the item shown in "Time zone".
 - (3) In the Date and Time tab, click Change date and time.
 - (4) Select the current date and time, then click OK.



Note: In the Internet Time tab, click Change settings, then select Synchronize with an Internet time server. The date and

time can be obtained automatically.

- **12** Create a shared folder. See "Creating a Shared Folder" in chapter 6 for details.
- **13** Change the TeraStation's password. See "Changing the Password" in chapter 6 for details.
- 14 In NAS Navigator2, double-click your TeraStation's icon. For Mac OS, the TeraStation is mounted as a drive icon on the desktop, or it is displayed in the sidebar of the Finder.



Note: Never disable the LAN (network device) settings in Windows Storage Server. Disabling the LAN settings will also disable access to the TeraStation.

Turning the TeraStation On and Off

Press the power button on the TeraStation to turn it on.

Because the TeraStation can be damaged if it is unplugged suddenly without powering it down properly, shut it down by the following procedure.

In Windows Storage Server, point the cursor to the upper-right hand corner of the screen, then click the



- icon Shut down.
- Choose a reason why you want to shut down, then click Continue.

When all the LEDs on the front of the TeraStation turn off, the shutdown process is complete.

Installing Antivirus Software

Installing antivirus software on the TeraStation is strongly recommended.

Connect a USB CD/DVD drive to the TeraStation's USB port, load the antivirus software CD into the CD/DVD drive, and install the software.

Chapter 2 Opening Windows Storage Server

Opening Windows Storage Server

For Mac OS

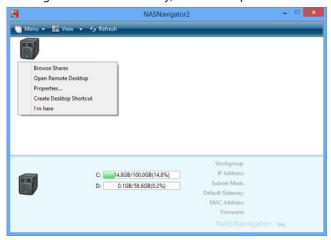
If using OS X 10.4 or later, download and install "Remote Desktop Connection Client for Mac 2" from www.microsoft. com. If using OS X 10.3.9, use version 1.0.3 instead.

Double-click the icon on the desktop.

NAS Navigator2 will start.

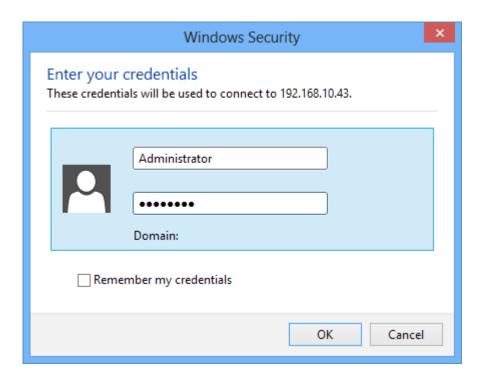
For Mac OS, click the icon in the Dock.

2 Right-click on your TeraStation's icon, then click *Open Remote Desktop*. For Mac OS, click the TeraStation's icon while holding down the control key, then click *Open Remote Desktop*.



Notes:

- If two or more LinkStations or TeraStations are connected on the same network, multiple icons will be displayed. Select the TeraStation that you want to open.
- Click the TeraStation icon to view the IP address and other specific information for the TeraStation.
- If the message "The identity of the remote computer cannot be verified. Do you want to connect anyway?" is displayed, click *Yes* or *Continue*.
- **3** Enter the username and password, then click *OK*. Windows Storage Server will open in the remote desktop.



The default username and password are "Administrator" and "password".

Note: Make sure that the same language is configured in "Display language", "Welcome screen and system accounts", and system locale. Configuring different languages for these settings may cause unexpected behavior.

Chapter 3 Windows Update

Windows Update

For best results, Windows Storage Server should be updated regularly. Use Windows Update as described below.

Note: The TeraStation must be connected to the Internet.

- 1 In Windows Storage Server, click Control Panel System and Security Windows Update.
- **2** Click Check for updates.
- **3** Click *Install updates*.

Windows Update



Download and install updates (205.4 MB total)

3 important updates are available

3 important updates selected, 205.4 MB

Install updates

Most recent check for updates: Today at 3:13 AM

Updates were installed: Never

You receive updates: For Windows only.

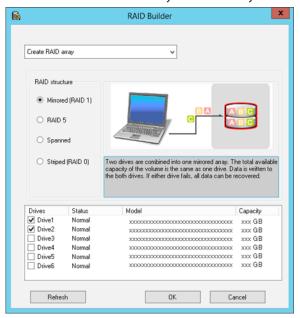
Get updates for other Microsoft products. Find out more

Follow the instructions on the screen.

Chapter 4 Software

RAID Builder

RAID Builder is used to modify the RAID array. See chapter 5 for details.



Note: To launch RAID Builder, you must be logged in as the Administrator in Windows Storage Server.

Chapter 5 Managing your Storage

Creating Volumes

Volume Types

The features of each volume type are explained below.

Notes:

- RAID Builder will be used to create a volume, not the Disk Management options in Windows Storage Server.
- When volumes are deleted or formatted, or the RAID mode is changed, all data stored in that volume is erased. Before executing these operations, back up any important data.
- In this manual, "recover" means reverting the TeraStation (including the data) to state prior to the drive failure. It doesn't refer to reading data from a failed hard drive.
- RAID synchronization will start after changing the volumes. File transfer speed will be slower during it, which will take about 5 hours per terabyte.
- After a volume is created, unused extra space can't be added to the volume.
- Some space on each drive is not accessible because it is used by the system. The amount used on each drive is below.

Drive 1: 50 MB Drive 2: 50 MB

Drive 3: 100 GB + 150 MB Drive 4: 100 GB + 150 MB

RAID 5 Volume*

The unallocated areas of three or more hard drives are used as a single array.

If one drive in a RAID 5 array fails, data on the array can be recovered after the failed drive is replaced. However, if two or more drives fail, all data is lost.

*Available for WS5600D, WS5400D, and WS5400R series TeraStations.

Mirrored Volume (RAID 1)

The unallocated areas of two drives are combined into a single RAID 1 array.

Because the same data is written to both drives simultaneously, if one drive fails, data can be recovered from the other drive. If both drives in the array fail, data cannot be recovered.

Striped Volume (RAID 0)

The unallocated areas of two or more drives are combined into a single RAID 0 array. However, data cannot be recovered if a single drive fails.

Spanned Volume

The unallocated areas of multiple hard drives are joined to create a single logical volume. This allows various drive spaces to be combined efficiently. However, data cannot be recovered if even a single drive fails.

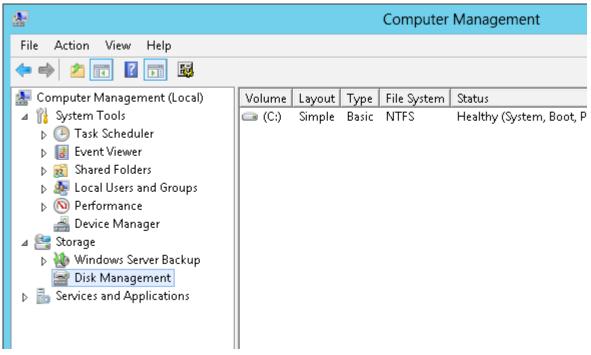
Simple Volume (JBOD)

The internal hard drives of the TeraStation are each used as individual drives. If a hard drive fails, the data on the failed hard drive cannot be recovered.

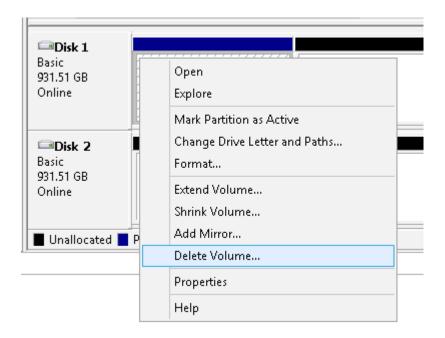
Deleting Volumes

An unallocated area on a drive is required to create a volume. If there are no unallocated areas, create one by deleting an existing volume.

- 1 In Windows Storage Server, open *Administrative Tools*, then double-click *Computer Management*.
- **2** Click Disk Management.

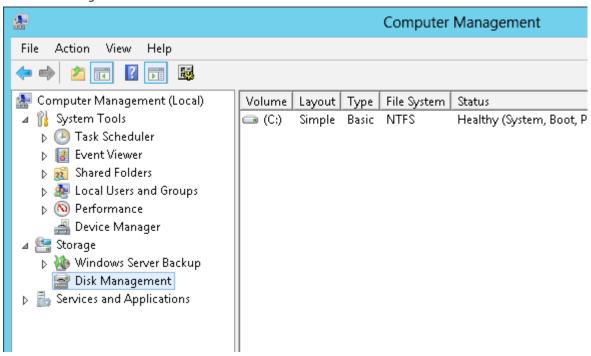


3 Right-click the volume that you want to delete, then select *Delete Volume*.

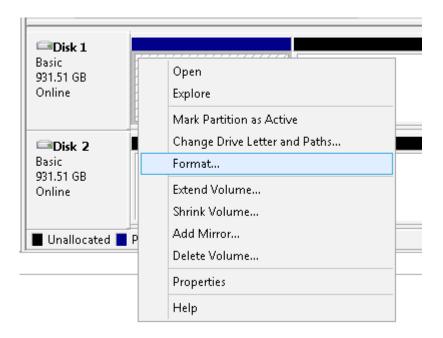


Formatting Volumes

- 1 In Windows Storage Server, open *Administrative Tools*, then double-click *Computer Management*.
- **2** Click Disk Management.

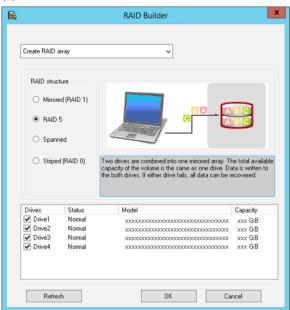


3 Right-click the volume that you want to format, then select *Format*.



Creating RAID 5 Volume

- 1 In Windows Storage Server, click *Launch RAID Builder*.
- **2** (1) Select *Create RAID array*.
 - (2) Select RAID 5 from RAID structure.
 - (3) Select three or more drives.
 - (4) Click OK.

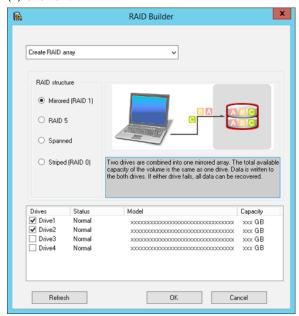


Note: Example:

- For a configuration with drive 1 (50 GB), drive 2 (80 GB), drive 3 (58 GB), and drive 4 (100 GB), the usable space on the RAID volume will be (50 GB \times 4 drives) \times 3/4 = 150 GB.
- For "n (1 to 4)" identical hard drives in a RAID 5 array, the available space is (n-1)/n times the total drive space.

Creating Mirrored Volume (RAID 1)

- 1 In Windows Storage Server, click *Launch RAID Builder*.
- **2** (1) Select *Create RAID array*.
 - (2) Select Mirrored (RAID 1) from RAID structure.
 - (3) Select two drives.
 - (4) Click OK.

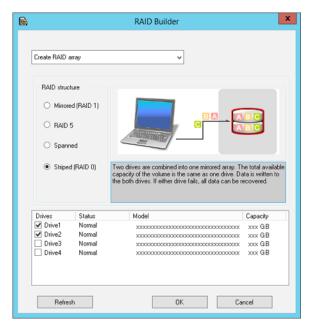


Note: Example:

For a configuration with drive 3 (58 GB) and drive 4 (100 GB), the usable space on the mirrored volume will be 58 GB. A mirrored volume will be created. Next, create a shared folder on the volume as described in chapter 6.

Creating Striped Volume (RAID 0)

- 1 In Windows Storage Server, click *Launch RAID Builder*.
- **2** (1) Select *Create RAID array*.
 - (2) Select Striped (RAID 0) from RAID structure.
 - (3) Select two or more drives.
 - (4) Click *OK*.



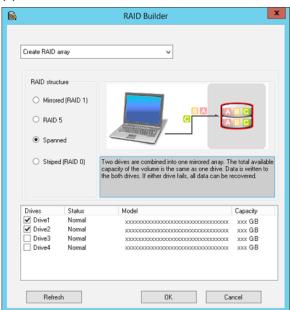
Note: Example:

For a configuration with drive 1 (50 GB), drive 2 (80 GB), drive 3 (58 GB), and drive 4 (100 GB), the usable space on the mirrored volume will be $50 \text{ GB} \times 4 \text{ drives} = 200 \text{ GB}$.

A striped volume will be created. Next, create a shared folder on the volume as described in chapter 6.

Creating Spanned Volume

- 1 In Windows Storage Server, click *Launch RAID Builder*.
- **2** (1) Select *Create RAID array*.
 - (2) Select Spanned from RAID structure.
 - (3) Select two or more drives.
 - (4) Click OK.



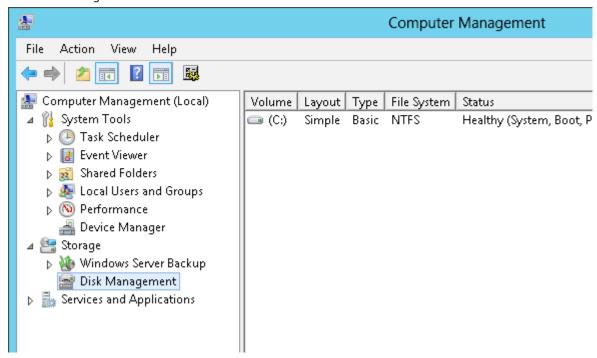
Note: Example:

For a configuration with drive 1 (50 GB), drive 2 (80 GB), drive 3 (58 GB), and drive 4 (100 GB), the usable space on the RAID volume will be 50 GB + 80 GB + 58 GB + 100 GB = 288 GB.

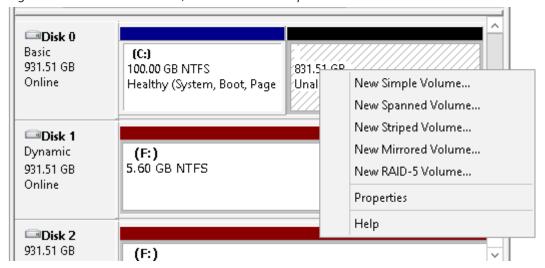
A spanned volume will be created. Next, create a shared folder on the volume as described in chapter 6.

Creating Simple Volume (JBOD)

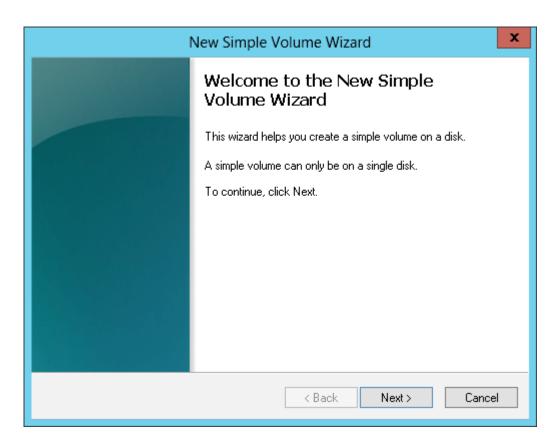
- 1 In Windows Storage Server, open Administrative Tools, then double-click Computer Management.
- **2** Click Disk Management.



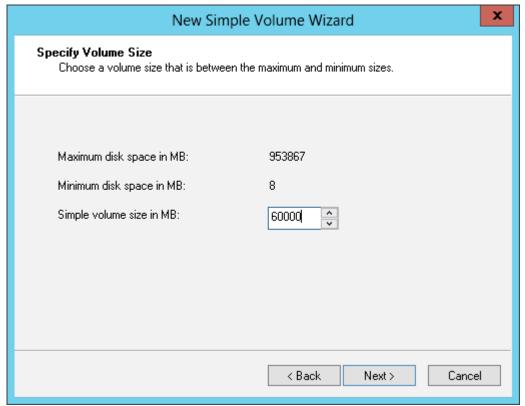
3 Right-click the unallocated area, then select *New Simple Volume*.



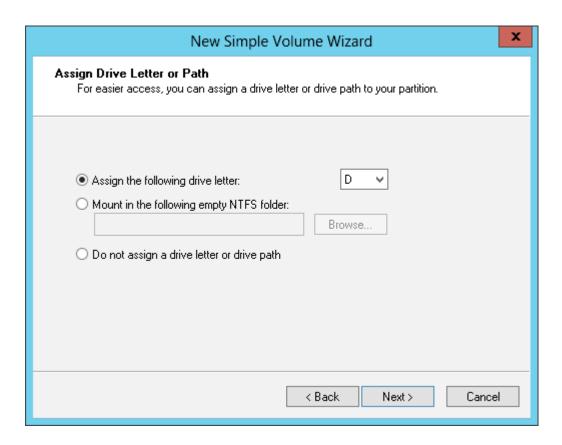
4 Click Next.



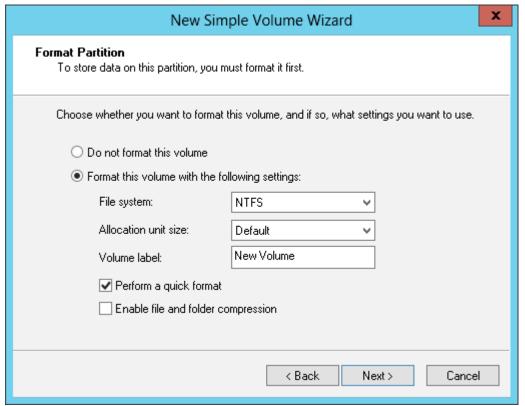
Enter the volume size that you want to create, then click *Next*.



Select Assign the following drive letter, then click Next.



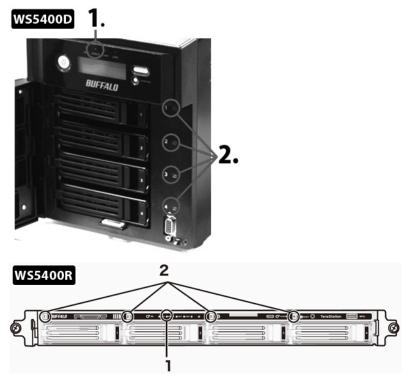
Select Format this volume with the following settings and Perform a quick format, then click Next.



A simple volume will be created. Next, create a shared folder on the volume as described in chapter 6.

Hard Drive Replacement Procedure

Hard drives in the TeraStation show a green status LED during normal operation. When a drive fails, its error LED will glow red.



1. Error LED

Red:

A hard drive in the TeraStation has failed.

2. Status LEDs

Green:

Normal operation.

Flashing red:

If you need to remove a drive whose status LED is flashing red, either shut down the TeraStation, or dismount the drive in RAID Builder. Once the TeraStation is shut down, or the drive is dismounted, then it is safe to replace the drive.

Glowing red:

If a drive's status LED is glowing red, the drive has malfunctioned and may be hot-swapped.

Notes

- Do not unplug a drive whose status LED is not lit red. If you remove the drive without properly dismounting it, data may be lost or the TeraStation may malfunction.
- When changing drives, the replacement drive should be a Buffalo OP-HDS series drive of the same size.
- The TeraStation is fragile. Handle it with care. Do not drop or bump the TeraStation.
- Use caution when handling the unit in order to avoid personal injury.
- Never disassemble any parts while you are replacing a hard drive unless instructed to do so in this manual. Any malfunction or damage caused by disassembling the TeraStation will void your warranty.
- To avoid damaging the TeraStation with static electricity, ground yourself by touching something made of metal before handling any sensitive electronic parts.
- Do not change the order of the hard drives in the TeraStation. For example, pulling out drive 1 and replacing it with drive 2 may cause data to be corrupted or lost.
- In a RAID 1 configuration, the boot drive (C:) consists of the first and second hard drives from the top. Do not replace both of these hard drives at the same time.
- If a hard drive is replaced while saving a file, the file can be corrupted. Be sure that the saving operation is completed before replacing the hard drive.

Hard Drive Replacement Examples

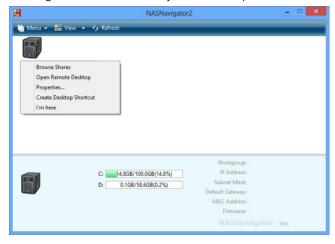
Note: Note:

If you used Disk Management to mirror the boot drive, the TeraStation will not boot when the drive fails. Follow the procedure below.

Hard Drive Replacement in Case of Disk Failure Other Than Drive 1 or Drive 2

- 1 Double-click the icon on the desktop to start NAS Navigator2.

 For Mac OS, click the icon in the Dock.
- Right-click on your TeraStation's icon, then click *Open Remote Desktop*. For Mac OS, click the TeraStation's icon while holding down the control key, then click *Open Remote Desktop*.



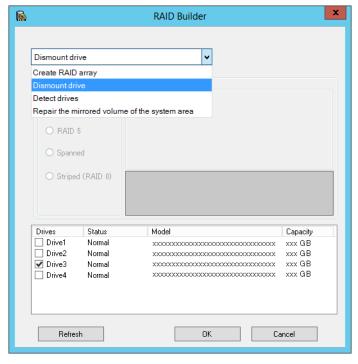
3 Enter the username and password, then click *OK*.

Windows Storage Server will open in the remote desktop.



Note: The default username and password are "Administrator" and "password".

- 4 In Windows Storage Server, click *Launch RAID Builder*.
- **5** Select *Dismount drive*, select the hard drive to be removed, and click *OK*.

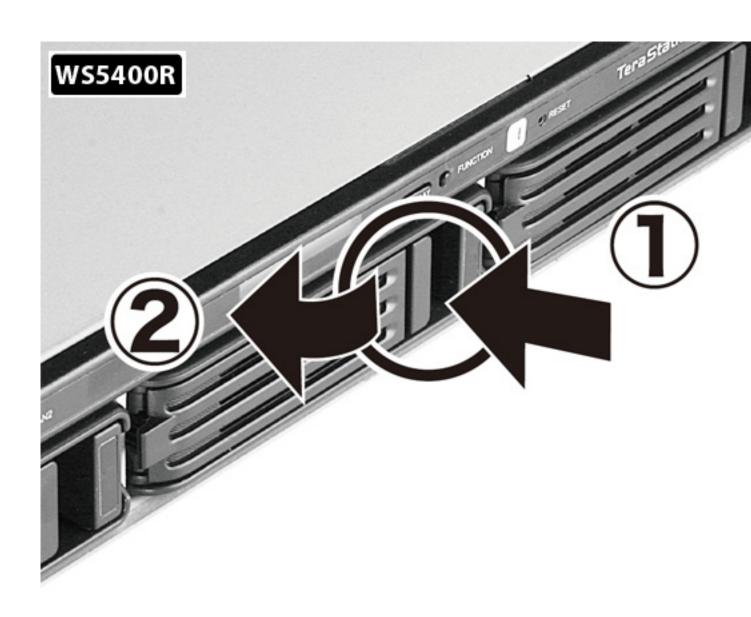


- **6** When the message "The drive is ready to remove." is displayed, click *OK*. The status LED will stop flashing and glow steadily.
- WS5600D, WS5400D, WS5200D: Open the front cover with the included key.



8 Push the unlock button of the failed hard drive and swing the lock mechanism out.





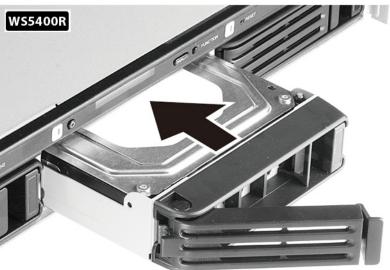
Pull out the hard drive cartridge and remove it from the TeraStation.





Insert the new hard drive (sold separately) into the empty slot. Slide the drive in with the locking mechanism open.





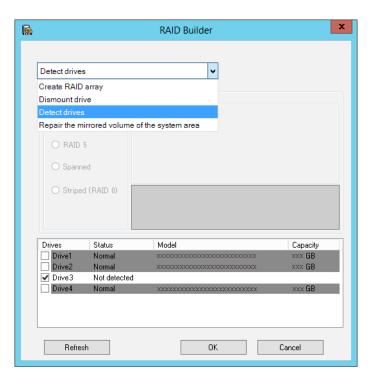
Swing the lock back down until it clicks into place.



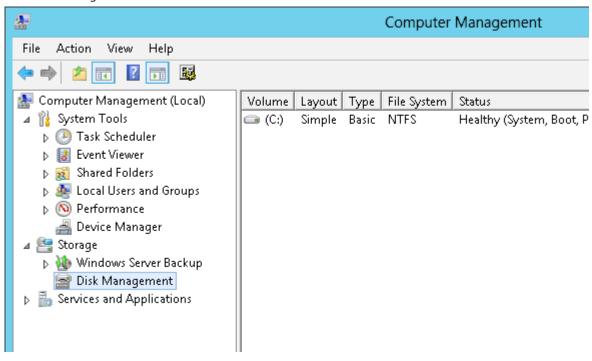


12 Replace the front cover. If the hard drive was replaced while the TeraStation power was turned off, press the power button on the TeraStation to turn on the power and start RAID Builder by performing steps 1 to 4 on the front page.

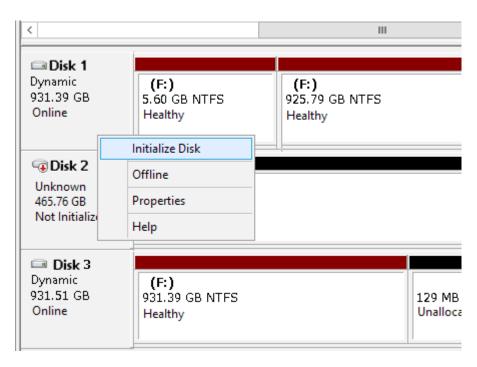
Select *Detect drives*, select the new drive, and click *OK*. Previously detected drives are grayed out.



- When "Drive detected" is displayed, click *OK*.
- 15 In Windows Storage Server, open Administrative Tools, then double-click Computer Management.
- Click *Disk Management*.

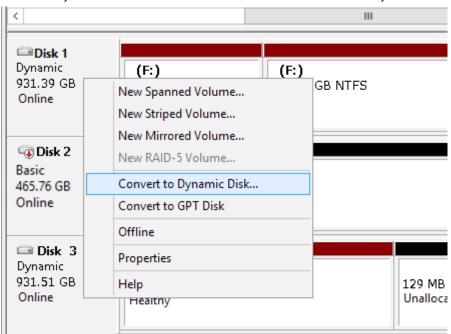


Right-click the new drive, then select *Initialize Disk*.



18 Right-click the initialized hard drive, then select *Convert to Dynamic Disk*.

A RAID array cannot be built unless the hard drive is converted to a dynamic disk.



19 Select the step depending on your purpose for a created volume.

To create a new volume:

- (1) Right-click the new dynamic disk, then select New Volume.
- (2) Follow the instructions on the screen to create a new volume.

To restore a RAID 5 volume (RAID resynchronization):

- (3) Right-click the volume labeled "Failed Redundancy", then click Restore Volume.
- (4) When "Select the disk from the following list" is displayed, select the drive to restore, then click OK.

Perform steps (1) to (2) once for each volume that requires RAID resynchronization.

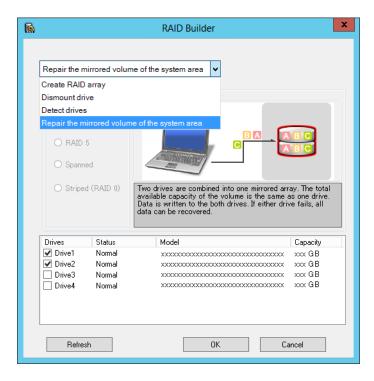
(5) Right-click the volume labeled "Missing", then select Delete Disk.

To restore a Mirrored volume (RAID resynchronization):

- (6) Right-click the volume labeled "Failed Redundancy", then click Remove Mirror.
- (7) When "Remove Mirror" is displayed, select the drive where the mirror will be removed (Missing status), then click *OK*. Perform steps (1) to (2) once for each volume that requires RAID resynchronization.
- (8) Select the new volume where mirroring will be performed, then select Add Mirror.
- (9) When "Add Mirror" is displayed, select the drive where mirroring will be performed with the selected volume, then click Add Mirror.
- (10) When "Disk Management" is displayed, click OK.

Hard Drive Replacement in Case of Disk Failure on Drive 1 or Drive 2

- 1 Shut down the TeraStation.
- 2 WS5600D, WS5400D, WS5200D: Open the front cover with the included key.
- **3** Push the unlock button of the failed hard drive and swing the lock mechanism out.
- 4 Pull out the drive cartridge and remove it from the TeraStation.
- 5 Insert the new drive in the empty slot. Slide the drive in with the locking mechanism open.
- **6** Swing the lock back down until it clicks into place.
- 7 Close the front cover with the included key.
 Press the power button on the TeraStation to turn it on.
- 8 Open NAS Navigator2 by double-clicking the icon on the Windows desktop or in the Dock if you have a Mac.
- Right-click on your TeraStation's icon, then click *Open Remote Desktop*.
 For Mac, click the TeraStation icon while holding down the control key, then click *Open Remote Desktop*.
- 10 Enter the username and password, then click OK.
 Windows Storage Server opens in the remote desktop.
 Note: The default username and password are "Administrator" and "password".
- **11** Click *Launch RAID Builder* on the "Start" menu of Windows Storage Server.
- 12 Select Repair the mirrored volume of the system area, check replaced hard drive, and click OK.



- 13 When "When Drive X will be initialized. Continue?" is displayed, click OK.

 It will take about an hour for the mirrored volume to be repaired. You can check the progress of the repair in "Disk Management".
- **14** Select the step depending on your purpose for a created volume.

To create a new volume:

- (1) Right-click the new dynamic disk, then select New Volume.
- (2) Follow the steps on the screen to create a new volume.

To restore a RAID 5 volume (RAID resynchronization):

- (3) Right-click the volume labeled "Failed Redundancy", then click Restore Volume.
- (4) When "Select the disk from the following list" is displayed, select the drive to restore, then click OK.

Perform step 1 and 2 for each volume that requires RAID resynchronization.

(5) Right-click the volume labeled "Missing", then select *Delete Disk*.

To restore a mirrored volume (RAID resynchronization):

- (6) Right-click the volume labeled "Failed Redundancy", then click Remove Mirror.
- (7) When "Remove Mirror" is displayed, select the drive where the mirror will be removed (Missing status), then click *OK*. Perform step 1 and 2 for each volume that requires RAID resynchronization.
- (8) Select the new volume where mirroring performs, then select *Add Mirror*.
- (9) When "Add Mirror" is displayed, select the drive where mirroring performs with the selected volume, then click Add Mirror.
- (10) When "Disk Management" is displayed, click OK.

If a Mirrored Volume Failed to Restore

If a mirrored volume doesn't restore the first time, try the steps above a second time. If the mirrored volume still cannot be restored, contact Buffalo technical support for assistance.

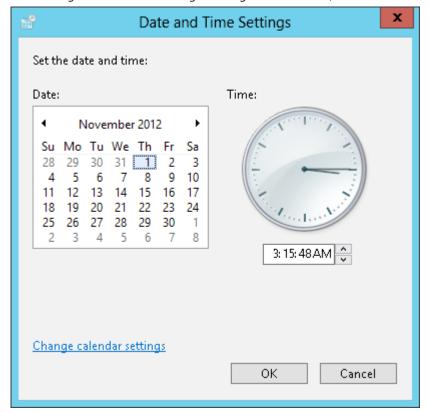
Chapter 6 Various Settings

Date and Time Setting

1 Click the time in the system tray of Windows Storage Server.



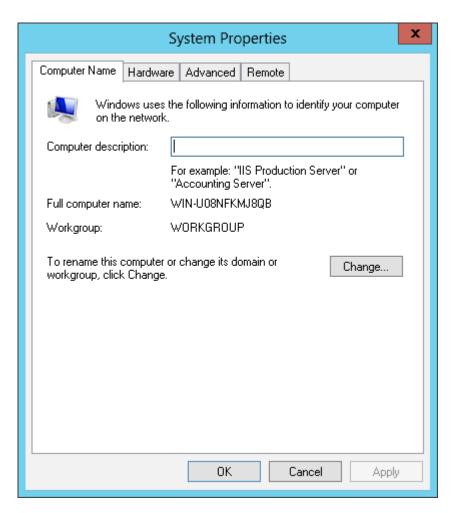
2 Click Change date and time settings - Change date and time, select the current date and time, and click OK.



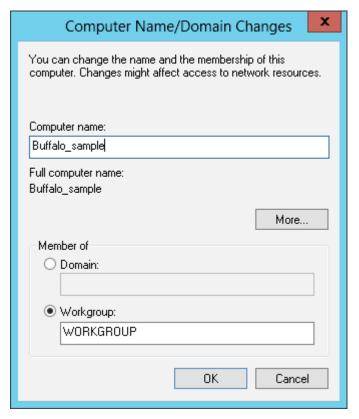
Note: In the *Internet Time* tab, click *Change settings*, then select *Synchronize with an Internet time server*. The date and time can be obtained automatically.

<u>Changing the Server Name, Workgroup, and Domain Settings</u>

- 1 In Windows Storage Server, right-click Computer, then click Properties.
- **2** Click Change settings under Computer name, domain, and workgroup settings.
- In the Computer Name tab, click Change.



4 Enter the computer name, choose domain or workgroup, and click *OK*.



Note: The computer name should have 16 characters or less. If more than 16 characters are entered, all characters from the 17th character on are ignored.

Changing the Password

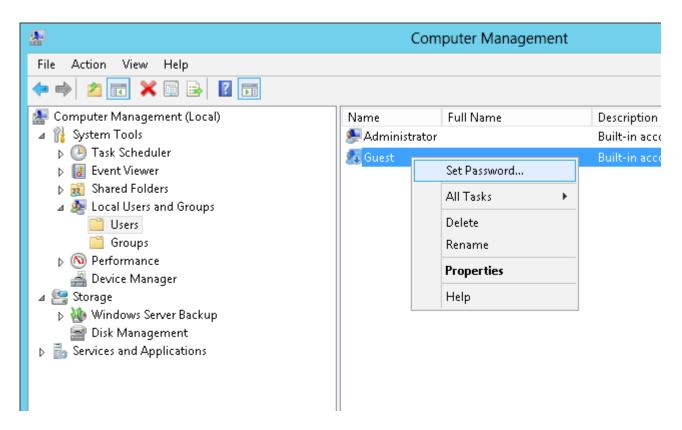
The default password for the TeraStation's administrator account is "password". This is public knowledge, so for security, you should change it immediately. Follow the procedure below to change the password.

Changing the password for the administrator account

- 1 In Windows Storage Server, navigate to Control Panel User Accounts Manage another account.
- **2** Select a user, then click *Change password*.
- **3** Enter the current password ("password") and a new password (twice).
- **4** Click Change password.

Changing the password for other accounts

- 1 In Windows Storage Server, open *Administrative Tools*, then double-click *Computer Management*.
- **2** Click *Local Users and Groups*, then double-click *Users*.
- **3** Right-click the user whose password will be changed, then click *Set Password*.



4 Click Proceed.

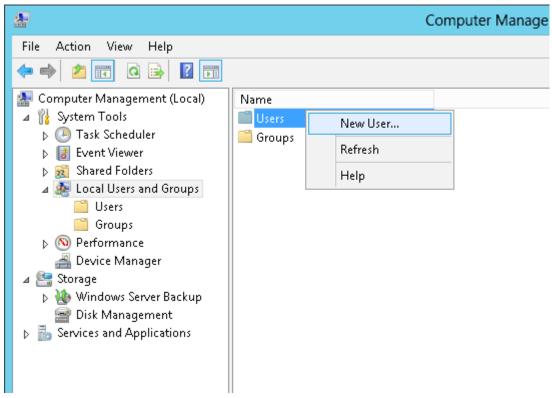


Enter a new password (twice).

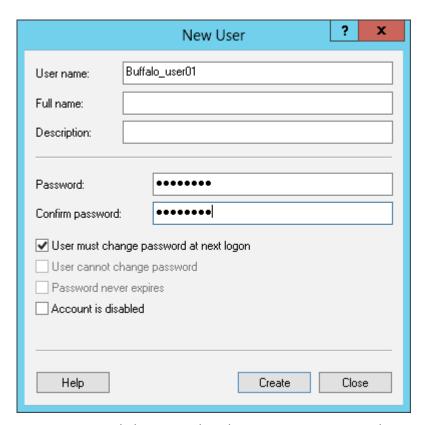


Adding a User

- 1 In Windows Storage Server, open *Administrative Tools*, then double-click *Computer Management*.
- **2** Click Local Users and Groups.
- **3** Right-click *Users*, then click *New User*.



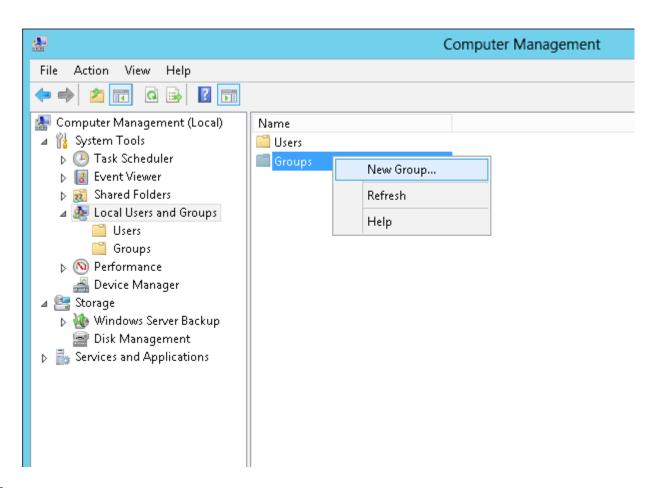
4 Enter the desired settings, then click *Create*.



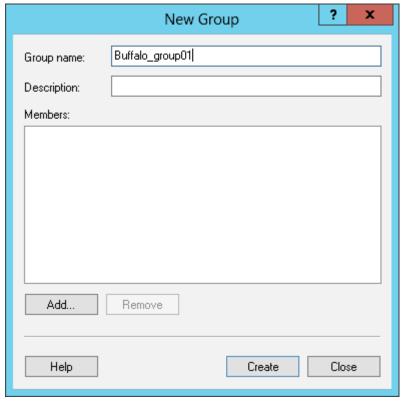
Note: Accounts not belonging to the Administrators group cannot be connected by the remote desktop.

Adding a Group

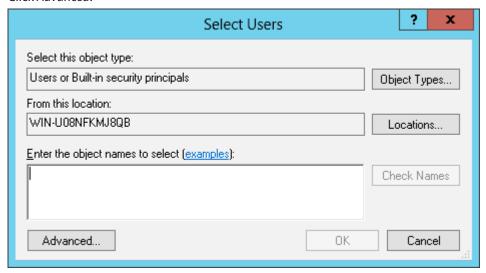
- 1 In Windows Storage Server, open *Administrative Tools*, then double-click *Computer Management*.
- **2** Click Local Users and Groups.
- **3** Right-click *Groups*, then click *New Group*.



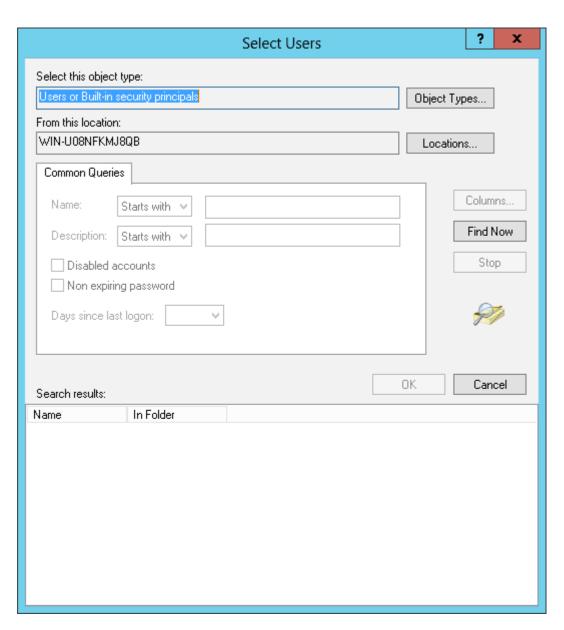
Enter the desired settings, then click *Create*.



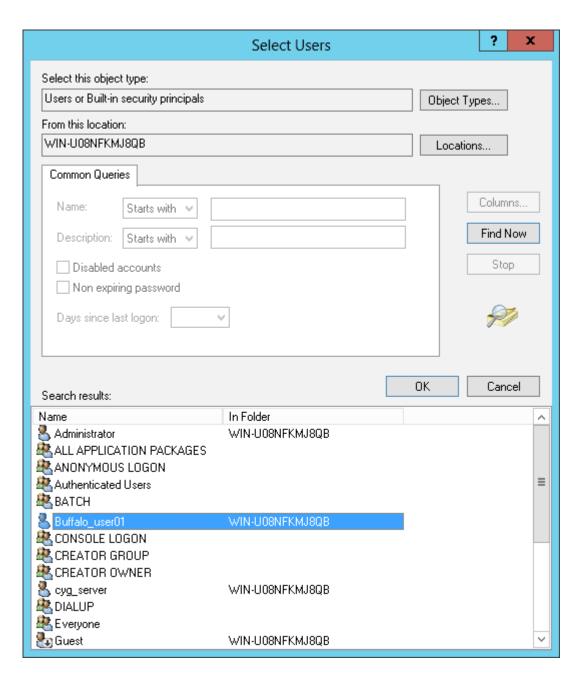
Click Advanced.



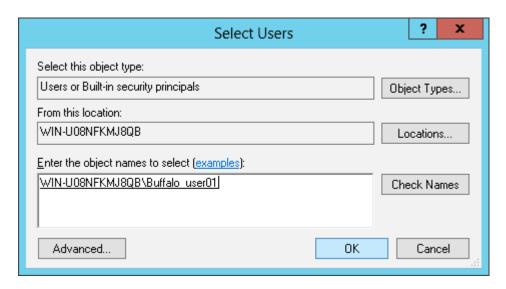
6 Click Find Now.



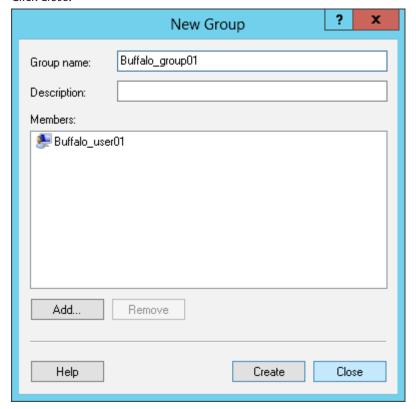
Select the users to be registered to the group, then click *OK*.



8 Click OK.



9 Click Close.

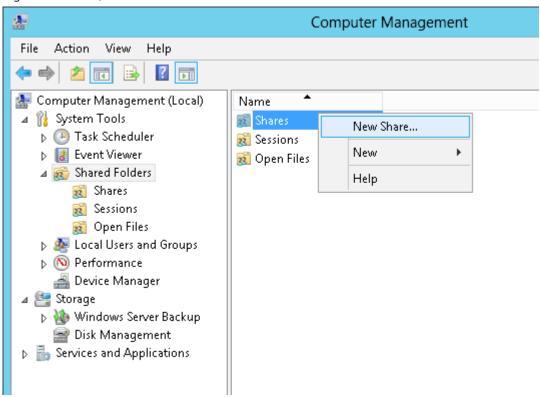


Creating a Shared Folder

No shared folders are configured by default. Before using the TeraStation, follow the procedure below to create one or more shared folders.

- 1 In Windows Storage Server, open *Administrative Tools*, then double-click *Computer Management*.
- **2** Click Shared Folders.

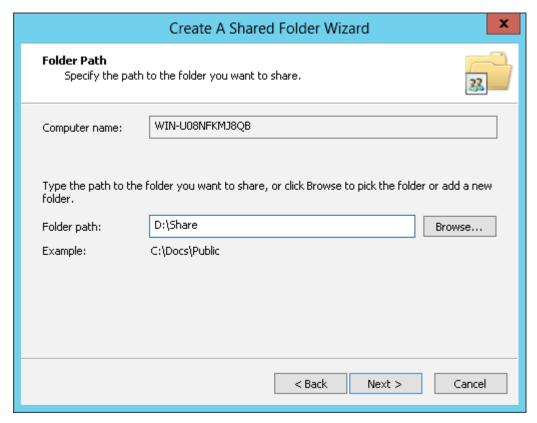
Right-click *Shares*, then click *New Share*.



4 Click Next.

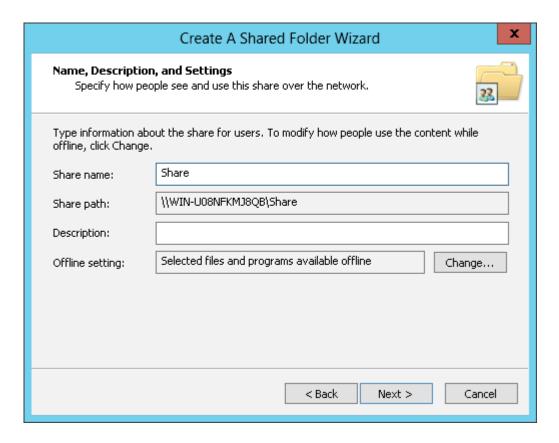


Enter the path of an existing folder or a new folder, then click *Next*.



Notes:

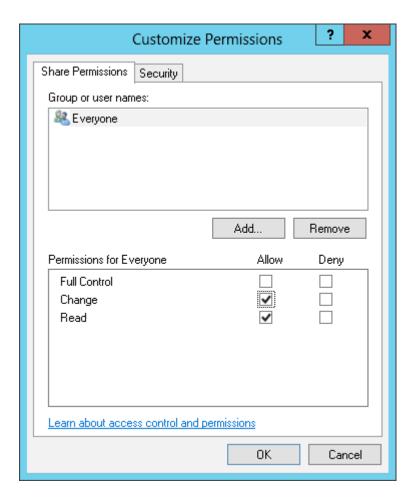
- Enter "D:\Share" in folder path to create the shared folder for the first time.
- If the message "The system cannot find the specified path. Do you want to create it?" is displayed, click Yes.
- **6** Enter a name for the share and a description (optional), then click *Next*.



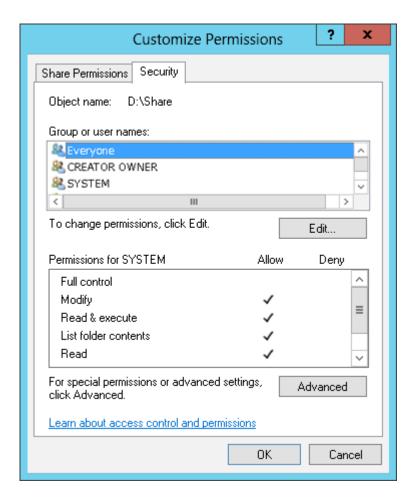
7 Check Customize permissions, then click Custom.



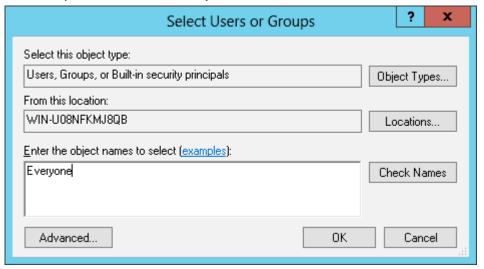
Choose *Everyone*, then check *Allow* for "Change".



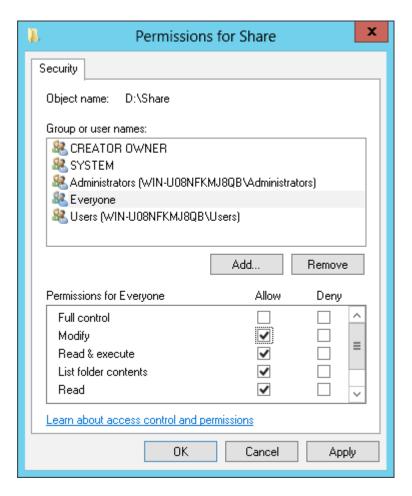
In the *Security* tab, click *Edit - Add*.



 ${\bf 10} \ {\tt Enter "Everyone" under "Enter the object names to select", then {\tt click} {\tt \it OK}.$



Choose "Everyone", then check *Allow* for *Modify*.



- **12** Click OK OK Finish Finish.
- **13** Click Local Users and Groups in Computer Management.
- **14** Double-click Users Guest.
- **15** In the *General* tab, uncheck *Account is disabled*, then click *OK*.

Notes:

Enable a guest account:

- (1) In Windows Storage Server, open Administrative Tools, then double-click Computer Management.
- (2) Click Local Users and Groups.
- (3) Double-click Users Guest.
- (4) In the General tab, uncheck Account is disabled, then click OK.

Enable access permissions:

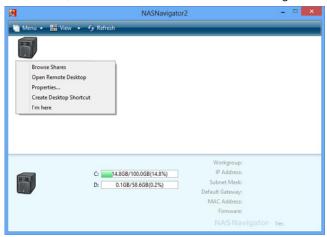
- (5) In Windows Storage Server, open Administrative Tools, then double-click Computer Management.
- (6) Click Shared Folders.
- (7) Double-click Shared, then the shared folder.
- (8) In the Security tab, click Edit.
- (9) From the *Local Users and Groups* list, add the users or groups that will be allowed access (the groups and users must be created beforehand). To allow access by all users, add a guest and change "Administrators Access permission" to "Full Control".

Changing the IP Address

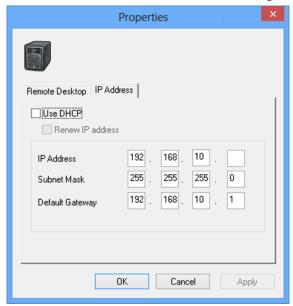
Note: If the TeraStation is being used in a domain environment, the IP address cannot be changed by NAS Navigator2. To change the IP address, the domain environment administrator must change it at the domain server.

Right-click on your TeraStation's icon, then click *Properties*.

For Mac OS, click the TeraStation icon while holding down the control key, then click *Configure*.



2 Click the IP Address tab, enter the desired settings, and click OK.



Notes:

- If you don't know how to configure these settings, check "Use DHCP".
- If you are prompted to enter the administrator's password, enter the TeraStation's password (it is set to "password" by factory default).

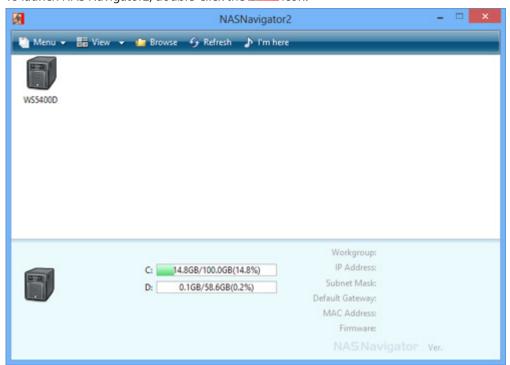
Chapter 7 NAS Navigator2

NAS Navigator2 is a utility program that makes it easy to display Windows Storage Server, change TeraStation's IP address, or check its hard drive in remote desktop. If you installed the TeraStation with the TeraNavigator CD, NAS Navigator2 was installed automatically.

NAS Navigator2 will run in the system tray when the computer is on.



To launch NAS Navigator2, double-click the



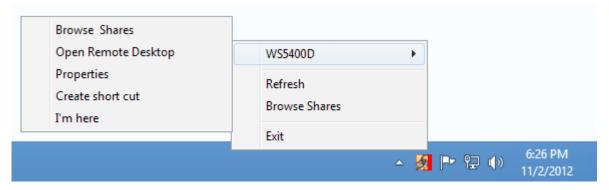
Click your TeraStation's icon to open a share on the TeraStation and display:

- Total capacity
- · Capacity in use
- IP address
- Workgroup
- Subnet mask
- · Default gateway
- MAC address
- Firmware version

Name		Description	
	Map Share*	Not available for this product (grayed out).	
	Disconnect Share*	Not available for this product (grayed out).	
	Map All Remote Shares to Drive Letters	Assigns all the TeraStation's shared folders as network drives. This is available only when a shared folder has been created.	
Menu	Create Desktop Shortcut*	Creates a shortcut to the TeraStation's shared folder (share).	
	Launch NAS Navigator2 on Startup	Launches NAS Navigator2 in the system tray when Windows boots.	
	Display Errors	If an error occurs, an error message will pop up from the NAS Navigator2 icon in the system tray.	
	Properties*	Opens the selected TeraStation's properties window.	
	Close	Closes NAS Navigator2.	
	View	Icons: Displays icons.	
		Details: Displays hostname, product name, workgroup, IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway.	
View	6 11	Select the sort order from following to display when multiple NAS are found:	
	Sort by	multiple NAS are found: hostname, product name, workgroup, IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway.	
Browse*		Opens the TeraStation's shared folder.	
Refresh		Searches for NAS devices on the network again.	
I'm here*		Click to have your TeraStation beep for easy location. Disabled in domain environments.	
	Browse Shares	Opens the TeraStation's share folder.	
	Open Remote Desktop	Opens Windows Storage Server in remote desktop.	
Displayed when you right-click a device's icon.	Properties	Opens the TeraStation's properties page.	
	Create Desktop Shortcut	Creates a shortcut icon to the TeraStation's shared folder (share) on the desktop.	
	I'm here	Click to have your TeraStation beep for easy location. Disabled in domain environments.	

^{*}Click on your TeraStation's icon to display these options.

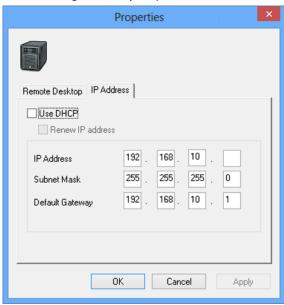
When NAS Navigator2 is minimized, right-click on the NAS Navigator2 icon in the system tray for the following options.



Name	Description

TeraStation Name	Browse Shares	Opens the TeraStation's share folder.	
	Open Remote Desktop	Opens Windows Storage Server in remote desktop.	
	Properties	Opens the TeraStation's properties page.	
	Create Desktop Shortcut	Creates a shortcut icon to the TeraStation's shared folder (share) on the desktop.	
	I'm here	Click to have your TeraStation beep for easy location. Disabled in domain environments.	
Refresh		Refreshes list of NAS devices.	
Browse Shares		Displays NAS Navigator2 window.	
Exit		Exits NAS Navigator2.	

The following tasks may be performed from the TeraStation's properties window.

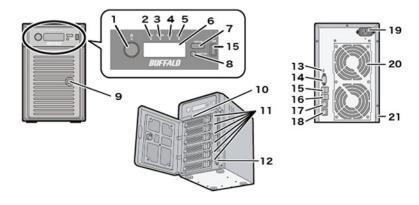


Name	Description	
Remote Desktop	Click Open Remote Desktop to open Windows Storage Server.	
IP Address	Check "Use DHCP" to assign an IP address automatically. If there is no DHCP server in the network, you cannot use this function.	
	Check "Renew IP address" to obtain an IP address from DHCP server.	
	You can manually enter an IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway.	

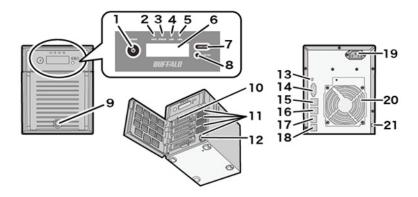
Chapter 8 Appendix

Diagrams

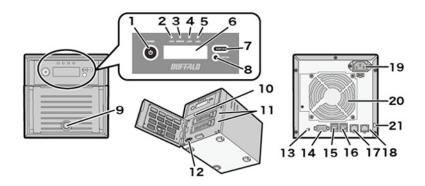
WS5600D



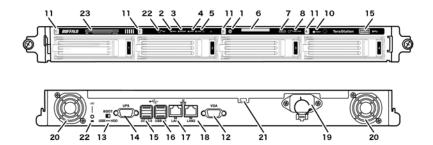
WS5400D



WS5200D



WS5400R



Power Button

To power on, connect the power cable and wait for 10 seconds. Then press the power button. To turn the TeraStation off, follow the instructions in chapter 1. Do not disconnect the power cable without shutting down the TeraStation.

2 Info LED

If there is a status message, the amber info LED is lit. Check the LCD panel.

3 Error LED

The red error LED is lit when an error occurs. Check the LCD display.

4 LAN1 LED

When LAN port 1 is connected to a network, it is lit green. The light next to LAN port 1 is also lit.

5 LAN2 LED

When LAN port 2 is connected to a network, it is lit green. The light next to LAN port 2 is also lit.

6 LCD Display

Shows the TeraStation's status, error messages, and other information.

7 Display Button

Switches between the display modes.

You can stop beeping by pressing the button.

8 Function Button

Use for recovery.

9 Drive Lock

Open the front panel with the key to replace hard drives or press the reset button.

10 Reset Button

To shut down and reboot the TeraStation, hold down the reset button.

11 Status LEDs

Green: Normal operation

Flashing red: If you need to remove a drive whose status LED is flashing red, either shut down the TeraStation, or dismount the drive in RAID Builder. Once the TeraStation is shut down, or the drive is dismounted, then it is safe to replace the drive.

Glowing red: The malfunctioning drive's status LED will be glowing red. This drive may be hot-swapped.

- **12** Factory Use Only
- **13** Boot Mode Switch

Leave the switch in the HDD position during normal operation. To recover settings, insert the recovery USB device into a USB 2.0 port.

14 UPS Port

Connect to a UPS.

15 USB 3.0 Port

Compatible Buffalo USB 3.0 hard drives can be connected. USB hubs are not supported.

16 USB 2.0 Port

Compatible Buffalo USB hard drives, USB flash drives, digital cameras, and USB UPS connection can be connected. USB hubs are not supported.

17 LAN Port 1

Connect the Ethernet cable.

18 LAN Port 2

Second Ethernet port for redundancy or backup. For backup, a second TeraStation may be connected directly.

19 Power Connector

Use the included power cable to connect to an UPS, surge protector, or outlet.

Note: A user license sticker is affixed to the power connector. Before removing the sticker, be sure to read the terms and conditions of the Microsoft Software License contained in the "ms-license" folder of the supplied USB device. Removing the sticker constitutes agreement to this license.

20 Fan

Do not block the fan.

21 Anti-Theft Security Slot

Use this slot to secure your TeraStation with a cable lock (not included).

22 UID Button

Press the UID button on the front or the back of the unit to cycle the blue LED between on and off.

23 Serial Number

This sticker shows the TeraStation's serial number.

Default Settings

Administrator's Name	Administrator
Password	password
Shared Folders	No shared folders are preconfigured.

DHCP Client	Normally, the TeraStation will get its IP address automatically from a DHCP server on the network. If no DHCP server is available, then an IP address will be assigned as follows:	
	IP Address: 169.254.xxx.xxx (xxx is assigned randomly when booting the TeraStation).	
	Subnet Mask: 255.255.0.0	
Registered Group	This is not set.	
Microsoft Network Group Setting	WORKGROUP	
	Drive C: A mirrored array using drives 1 and 2	
RAID Mode	Drive D: A RAID 5 array using all drives*	
TAID WOOLE	*WS5200D: drive D is a mirrored array using drives 1 and 2.	
Local Security Policy	Password must meet complexity requirements is disabled by default.	

For more information, click *Local Server* in "Server Manager" and check "ROLES AND FEATURES".

LCD Display

Modes

The LCD display can be cycled through different modes by pressing the display button on the front of the TeraStation.

LCD Message		Description	
	LINK SPEED	Not connected to network.	
	No LINK		
LINK SPEED	LINK SPEED	Connected at 10 Mbps.	
Note: When an Ethernet cable is	10Mbps	connected at 10 maps.	
connected to LAN Port 2, "LINK	LINK SPEED	Connected at 100 Mbps.	
SPEED 2" is displayed.	100Mbps	Connected at 100 Mbps.	
	LINK SPEED	Connected at 1000 Mbps full duplex.	
	1000Mbps	Connected at 1000 Mbp3 full duplex.	
	HDD	Bar graphs are shown to indicate the used	
Disk Space Used	USED	space for the C, D, E, and F internal drives of	
·	C_D■E F	the TeraStation. When a hard drive is full, it is indicated by "^".	
Hostname/IP Address	WS5000xxx	Displays the hostname and IP address.	
Hostilaille/II Address	192.168.11.150	Displays the hostilatile and it address.	
Calendar/Clock	DATE TIME	Displays the date and time set in the	
Calendar/Clock	2012/1/1 11:11	TeraStation.	
Installed OS	Windows Storage Server 2012	Displays the OS installed on the TeraStation.	
ID Address 2	NETWORK2	Displays the IP address of LAN port 2 when	
IP Address 2	192.168.11.151	an Ethernet cable is connected to LAN port 2.	

Errors and Status

LCD Message	Description	Corrective Action
SYSTEM Error E11 Fan Failure	An error occurred in the fan speed.	Check that no foreign objects or dust are clogging the fan. If any foreign objects or dust are found, use a pair of tweezers, air duster, or other tool to remove them. If the error is displayed again, contact Buffalo technical support for assistance.
SYSTEM Error E12 Cooling Failure	A rise in the system temperature may have exceeded the allowable safety value.	Do not place objects in the area around the TeraStation. Also, move the TeraStation to a cool location. Make sure that the TeraStation's fan is working normally.
HDx Error E16 HDx Not Found	Unable to find hard drive X.	Hard drive X may be disconnected or may have failed. After shutting down, reinstall the hard drive.
HDx Broken E30 Replace the DISK	An error occurred, so hard drive X was removed from the RAID array.	Replace hard drive X.
SYSTEM I10 TOO HOT!	A rise in the system temperature may have exceeded the allowable safety value.	Move the TeraStation to a cool location. Do not place objects in the area around the TeraStation.
Operation I12 DEGRADE MODE	Operating in degraded mode.	-
RAID I18 ARRAYx Rebuilding	Rebuilding RAID array X. Note: Transfer speeds are slower during the rebuilding process.	-

Specifications

Check www.buffalotech.com for information about the latest products and specifications.

Microsoft Windows Storage Server 2012 Workgroup	
Installed System	Note: The Microsoft Software License is contained in the <i>ms-license</i> folder in the
	supplied USB device. Be sure to read the terms and conditions of this license.

	I	
LAND		IEEE802.3ab (1000BASE-T)
	Interface:	IEEE802.3u (100BASE-TX)
		IEEE802.3 (10BASE-T)
		1000 Mbps Full duplex (auto-negotiation)
LAN Port	Transfer speed:	100 Mbps Full duplex/Half duplex (auto-negotiation)
		10 Mbps Full duplex/Half duplex (auto-negotiation)
	Number of ports	2 ports (supports AUTO-MDIX)
	Connector type	RJ-45 8-pin
	WS5600D, WS5400R:	
	USB 2.0 Port (Series A) \times 2, USB 3.0 Port (Series A) \times 3	
USB Port	WS5400D, WS5200D:	,
	USB 2.0 Port (Series A) × 2, USE	3 3 0 Port (Series A) × 2
	D-SUB 9 pin (Male) \times 1) SIOT OF COMES TO A L
UPS Port	Compatible UPS are manufact	ured by Omron or APC
	Drive C: A mirrored array using	·
	Drive D: A RAID 5 array using a	
	· -	
Internal Hard Drive	*WS5200D: drive D is a mirrore	ed array using drives 1 and 2. Station malfunctions, replace it with a Buffalo
		·
	Technology OP-HDS series drive of the same capacity, available from www.buffalotech.	
Power Supply	AC 100-240 V, 50/60 Hz	
тенеговриј	WS5600D: max ~120 W	
	WS5400D: max ~86 W	
Power Consumption	WS5400R: max ~140 W	
	WS5200D: max ~47 W	
	WS5600D: 170 x 260 x 230 mm; 6.7" x 10.2" x 9.1" (excluding protruding parts)/ ~ 10.5 kg (23.2 lb.)	
	WS5400D: 170 x 215 x 230 mm; 6.7" x 8.5" x 9.1" (excluding protruding parts)/ ~ 8 kg	
Dimensions (W×H×D) /	(17.7 lb.)	
Weight	WS5400R: 430 x 45 x 430 mm; 16.9" x 1.7" x 16.9" (excluding protruding parts)/ ~ 9 kg	
	(19.8 lb.)	
	WS5200D: 170 x 170 x 230 mm; 6.7" x 6.7" x 9.1" (excluding protruding parts)/ ~ 4.5 kg	
	(10 lb.)	
0 " 5 '	Temperature: 5 - 35° C; 41 - 95° F	
Operating Environment	Environment Humidity: 20 - 80% (no condensation)	
Compatibility	Windows and Mac computers with Ethernet interface.	
	Note: The TeraStation requires an Ethernet connection with your computer for	
	operation. It cannot be connected via USB.	
	Windows 8*, Windows 7*, Windows Vista*, Windows XP*, Windows 2000, Windows XP	
	Media Center Edition (2004 or 2005), Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2008,	
Supported OS	Windows Server 2003, Windows 2000 Server	
	OS X 10.7, 10.6, 10.5, 10.4, 10.3.9	
	*32-bit or 64-bit	

Data Backup

While using the TeraStation, you may loose your important data due to sudden accidents, hard disk failure, or accidental misoperation. Back up your data regularly! For best results, back up your data to Buffalo drives like the TeraStation,

Troubleshooting

If you can't access your TeraStation:

Typical problems and their causes when you are unable to search using NAS Navigator2 and when the Remote Desktop screen does not open are described below.

Cause 1. The cables are not connected correctly.

The cables are not physically connected, or there may be a contact defect. Reconnect the AC cable and Ethernet cable and restart both the computer and TeraStation.

Cause 2. Software running in the background is blocking communication.

Add an exception to your rewall software, or disable the rewall software completely. Turn off any software security suite that might include a rewall. Try searching again.

Cause 3. Wireless and wired adapters are both enabled.

Disable all adapters except for the LAN adapter connected to the TeraStation.

Cause 4. The LAN cable is defective, or the connection is unstable.

Try changing the hub port or Ethernet cable that you use to connect.

Cause 5. The LAN board, card, or adapter that you are using is defective.

Try changing the LAN board, card, or adapter.

Cause 6. The LAN board or hub transmission mode has not been set.

Change the transmission mode in the LAN board or hub to "10M semi-duplex" or "100M semi-duplex". Some LAN boards or hubs may be unable to connect to the network correctly when the transmission mode is set to "Auto Negotiation".

Cause 7. A network bridge is installed.

If the network has a network bridge that is not being used, remove it.

Cause 8. You are searching from a different network.

You cannot conduct searches beyond the network segment. Connect the TeraStation to the same segment as the computer performing the search.

Cause 9. TCP/IP is not operating correctly.

Reinstall the LAN adapter drivers.

Cause 10. "Remote Desktop Connection Client for Mac" is not installed on your Mac.

If using OS X 10.4 or later, download and install "Remote Desktop Connection Client for Mac 2" from www.microsoft. com. If using OS X 10.3.9, use version 1.0.3 instead.

When TeraStation shared folders suddenly do not open

If the TeraStation shared folder is assigned and used as a network drive, access to the TeraStation may suddenly fail when the IP address or network group is changed, or for other reasons. When this happens, follow the procedure on the front page to open the TeraStation shared folder using the supplied NAS Navigator2.

Note: In Mac OS, the TeraStation is either mounted as a drive on the Desktop or is displayed in the Finder.

If you are unable to access the shared folder or the system is unstable

This usually happens because too many software applications are running in Windows Storage Server, causing a memory shortage. Exit or uninstall some of the software running in Windows Storage Server, then restart the TeraStation.

Windows Storage Server Recovery Procedure

If Windows Storage Server no longer functions properly, perform recovery using the supplied USB device.

This recovery procedure makes your data erased. Backing up regularly is highly recommended to avoid missing your important data.

Do not connect the supplied USB device to another TeraStation. The recovery process performed by the supplied USB device is intended for this product only.

Recovery is performed by deleting the area for drive 1, setting up a new 100 GB (Basic Disk/Simple) area, and then copying the Windows Storage Server image to this area.

Notes:

If there are system areas (or mirrored locations) on hard drives other than drive 1, be sure to delete the system areas (or disable the mirrored locations) before performing the recovery procedure. If recovery is performed without deleting these areas, Windows Storage Server may not run after recovery is performed.

If Windows Storage Server fails to run, turn off the TeraStation and perform the recovery procedure again while all hard drives except for drive 1 (disk 0) are disconnected. After recovery is complete, reconnect the disconnected drives, which will appear in "Disk Management" as "Foreign". In "Disk Management", right-click Foreign, select Import Foreign Disks, then right-click this area and click Reactivate Volume to rebuild the RAID array.

- 1 Turn off the TeraStation by following the procedure in "Turning the TeraStation On and Off" in chapter 1.
- 2 Remove all hard drives except for drive 1. by following the procedure in "Hard Drive Replacement Procedure" in chapter 5.
- **3** Connect the supplied USB device to the USB 2.0 port.
- 4 Set the Boot Mode switch to "USB", then press the power button. This executes the recovery process.
- 5 The TeraStation shuts down automatically when the recovery process is complete.
- 6 Remove the USB device, set the Boot Mode switch to "HDD", and press the power button.

When the initial setup is complete, the TeraStation will reboot into Windows Storage Server.

After the recover process is completed, the TeraStation is set to the state below when used at the default settings.

Drive 1

100 MB (EFI System partition)

100 GB (Basic Disk/Simple)

The remaining space is an unallocated area.

Drives 2 to 4

The data on the drives cannot be viewed. They appear as a "Foreign" in "Disk Management".

Note: The data on the drives can be viewed by right-clicking the area displayed as "Foreign" in "Disk Management" and then selecting *Import Foreign Disks*.

- (1) Mirror the system area by using RAID Builder (drive 1 to drive 2).
- (2) Remove the area for RAID 5 in drive 3 and 4.
- (3) Create RAID 5 volume through drive 1 to 4 by RAID Builder.

Notes

Using an Omron UPS

The TeraStation's LCD panel will not display information correctly when an Omron UPS is first connected. This is because the LCD panel control and the Omron UPS both use COM port 2. To resolve, refer to the Omron's user manual and change its UPS communication port to a port other than COM 2, then restart the TeraStation.

Ethernet port number is not correct on the Windows Storage Server or LCD display.

Ethernet port numbers are assigned in the order of recognizing them. They might be different from printed port numbers.

Compliance Information

WS5200D0202, WS5200D0402, WS5200D0802, WS5400D0404, WS5400D0804, WS5400D1204, WS5600D2406, WS5600D1206, WS5400R1604, WS5400R0804,

FCC Warning

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

CE Mark Warning

CE Mark Warning

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Environmental Information

- The equipment that you have purchased required the extraction and use of natural resources for its production.
- The equipment may contain hazardous substances that could impact health and the environment.
- In order to avoid the dissemination of those substances in our environment and to diminish the load on natural resources, we encourage you to use the appropriate take-back systems.
- The take-back systems will reuse or recycle most of the materials of your end of life equipment appropriately.
- The crossed-out wheeled bin symbol invites you to use those systems.
- If you need more information on the collection, reuse and recycling systems, please contact your local or regional waste administration.



KC

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BSMI

警告使用者:

這是甲類的資訊產品,在居住的環境中使用時,可能會造成射頻

干擾,在這種情況下,使用者會被要求採取某些適當的對策。

CCC

声明:

此为A级产品,在生活环境中,该产品可能会造成无线电干扰。在这种情况下,可能需要用户对其干扰采取切实可行的措施。

设备的最高使用室内环境温度: 35°C



仅适用于海拔 2000M 以下地区安全使用。

断开装置为电源软线上的插头。插座应当装在设备的附近,而且应当便于触及到。

电池警告语

1. 电池不得暴露。

2.使用型号不正确的电池可能导致爆炸。