PetNADTM

Bordetella bronchiceptica Detection Kit

User Manual

For Research Use Only

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INTENDED USE

PetNADTM Bordetella bronchiceptica Detection Kit is intended for in vitro detection of the DNA based on insulated isothermal polymerase chain reaction (iiPCR) technology. This kit is designed specially to be used with an iiPCR-compatible instrument, POCKITTM Nucleic Acid Analyzer. The assay is intended for use by veterinarians or technicians with basic laboratory skills.

This kit is intended for research use only.

SCIENTIFIC MEANINGS

Antibody induced by vaccine or obtained from maternal immunity could lead to false positive interpretation in antibody-based diagnostic procedures. Detecting pathogen's nucleic acids, not antibody, PCR-based methods can avoid the false positive results described above.

Furthermore, with higher analytical sensitivity, PCR can detect lower levels of viral signals than most if not all diagnostic methods. It can reduce the chance of false negative results at early infection stage and shorten the window period between time of infection and detection.

SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Bordetella bronchiceptica (B. bronchiceptica) is a gram-negative rodshaped bacterium that replicates in the respiratory tract. B. bronchiceptica is a contagious respiratory disease through cats and dogs causing infectious bronchitis, transmission through direct or indirect with infected animals. The disease is commonly seen in boarding kennels, shelters, pet exhibitions and vet clinics (Datz, 2003). The clinical sign for dogs is mainly coughing, whereas cats may display nonspecific signs of upper respiratory infection (Datz, 2003; Schulz et al., 2014). The bacterium can be found in oral and nasal secretion of infected animals, and presence of contaminated formites in the environments.

PCR is one of the most commonly accepted methods that provide high sensitivity and specificity for *B. bronchiceptica* detection. However, conventional PCR assays could take three to four hours, and require sophisticated thermocyclers and well-trained technicians to perform. GeneReach has developed **PetNAD**TM *Bordetella bronchiceptica* Detection Kit based on iiPCR technology, which significantly reduces reaction time and offers sensitivity and specificity comparable to those of conventional nested PCR (Tsai, 2012; Chang, 2012). Furthermore, this simple and easy assay is completed rapidly in a portable

POCKITTM Nucleic Acid Analyzer

PRINCIPLES OF THE PROCEDURE

In iiPCR, hydrolysis probe-based chemistry is used to generate fluorescent signal during amplification of target DNA. The primers and probe target fimA gene and do not cross-react with nucleic acid from host and other canine & feline upper respiratory pathogens.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

A. Materials Provided (24 tests/kit)

Component	Contents or Purp	ose Amount
Premix Pack	■ B. bronchiceptica Pr	emix 24 bags (1 <i>B</i> .
	(lyophilized pellet) c	ontaining bronchiceptica
	dNTPs, primers, prol	be, and Premix vial and 1
	enzyme for amplifica	ation. desiccating
	Desiccating agent pa	ck. agent/bag)
Premix Buffer	Reaction buffer to re	-dissolve 2 vials (1.3 ml/vial)
В	the lyophilized pellet	
P(+) Control	Dried plasmid contain	ning 1 vial
	Parvovirus partial se	quence
	as positive control.	
P(+) Control	Reaction buffer to re	-dissolve 1 vial (110 μl/vial)
Buffer	P(+) Control.	
R-tube		1 bag (24 pieces/bag)
Cap		1 bag (24 pieces/bag)
User Manual		1 сору

B. Materials and Equipment Required, but Not Provided

- PetNADTM Nucleic Acid Co-prep Kit or tacoTM Automatic Nucleic Acid Extraction System.
- POCKITTM Nucleic Acid Analyzer (POCKITTM): PetNADTMcompatible instrument.
- 3) **cubeeTM** Mini-Centrifuge (**cubeeTM**).
- 4) Micropipette and filter tips.

C. Storage and Stability

- 1) The kit should be stored at 4°C and is stable until the expiration date stated on the label.
- Store Premix vials in sealed Premix Pack to avoid hydration of lyophilized components.
- Reconstituted P(+) Control is stable for 6 months at 4°C.
 Aliquot reconstituted P(+) Control to avoid degradation of nucleic acid.

D. Sample Type

DNA extracted from upper respiratory tract swabs.

RECOMMENDED NUCLEIC ACID EXTRACTION METHODS

- **A. PetNAD**TM Nucleic Acid Co-prep Kit.
- **B.** tacoTM DNA/RNA Extraction Kit, compatible instrument—tacoTM Automatic Nucleic Acid Extraction System.

Note: Please follow the instruction manual of above extraction methods to obtain optimal results. It is the user's responsibility to validate the combination of this reagent set with nucleic acids extracted by other methods for any particular application.

PRECAUTIONS

- A. Do not open R-tube(s) after reaction to prevent any carryover contamination.
- B. Perform extraction and amplification in two independent spaces to minimize contamination.
- C. Do not reuse R-tube and Premix.
- D. Include the P(+) Control to:
 - 1) Ensure **POCKIT**TM is working normally.
 - 2) Ensure detection kit performance after storage.
- E. To get optimal fluorescence detection.
 - Wear powder-free gloves to handle R-tubes.
 - Do not label in the detection area of R-tube.



LIMITATIONS

- A. The test should be used only for testing nucleic acid extracted from cats and dogs specimens. Do not add specimens (*e.g.* whole blood) directly into Premix.
- B. **PetNAD**TM Nucleic Acid Co-prep Kit and **taco**TM **mini** Automatic Nucleic Acid Extraction System are recommended for nucleic acid extraction.
- C. Any deviations from the recommended procedure may lead to

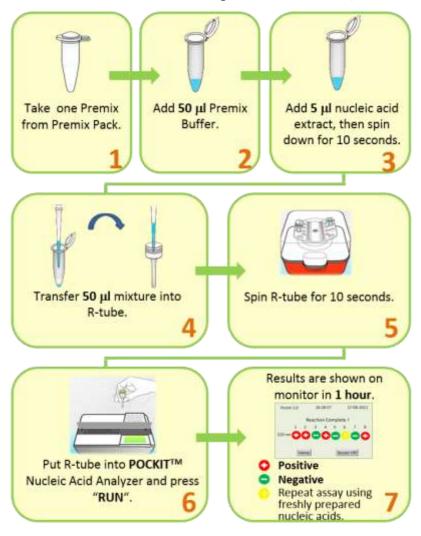
PetNADTM Bordetella bronchiceptica Detection Kit

suboptimal results. Quality of the extracts should be validated by the users.

D. For **PetNADTM** *Bordetella bronchiceptica* Detection Kit, it is strongly recommended to use freshly prepared nucleic acid (within 1 hour after extraction) to achieve optimal results.

PROCEDURE

A. PetNADTM Bordetella bronchiceptica Detection Kit Quick Guide



B. Procedure

Note: Before preparing the reactions for iiPCR testing, turn on POCKITTM to initiate the calibration for the instrument. The device will complete self-test within 5 minutes. Please refer to the user manual of POCKITTM for further details.

Note: Before using for the first time, add 100 μ l P(+) Control Buffer to P(+) Control. Store reconstituted P(+) Control at 4°C.

- 1) Label R-tube(s) in the label area.
- 2) Prepare one Premix for each sample. (Premix tube is in Premix Pack, Each Premix Pack contains one Premix tube.)

Note: When the pellet is not found at the bottom of the tube, spin tube briefly to bring it down.

- 3) Add 50 µl Premix Buffer B to each Premix tube.
- 4) Add 5 μl nucleic acid extract or P(+) Control to each Premix tube. Spin Premix tube for 10 seconds in a mini centrifuge (such as cubeeTM).
- 5) Transfer 50 µl Premix/sample mixture into R-tube.
- 6) Seal top of each R-tube with a cap. Make sure R-tube is capped tightly.
- 7) Place R-tube into the holder of **POCKIT**TM.
- 8) Spin tube briefly in **cubee[™]** to make sure all solution is collected at the bottom of R-tube.

Note: Make sure there are no bubbles in the solution.

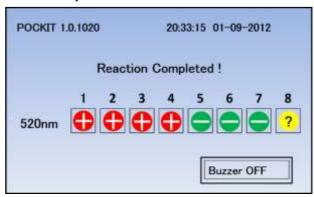
Note: Start reaction within 1 hour (to prevent nucleic acid degradation and non-specific reaction).

9) **POCKITTM** reaction:

- a) Select "520 nm".
- b) When "System READY" is displayed, place the holder with R-tube(s) into the reaction chamber.
- c) Tap cap of each R-tube to make sure the tube is positioned properly.
- 10) Close lid and press "Run" to start reaction program.
- 11) Test results are shown on the monitor after reaction is completed.

DATA INTERPRETATION

* One example of results shown on the monitor.



520 nm	nm Interpretation		
•	B. bronchiceptica Positive.		
•	B. bronchiceptica Negative.		
?	Repeat reaction with freshly prepared nucleic		
•	acid.		

ANYLYTICAL SENSITIVITY

The detection limit of **PetNAD**TM *Bordetella bronchiceptica* Detection Kit is about 10 copies/reaction.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Problems	Possible causes	Solutions
False Positive	1) Reuse of micro-	■ Micro-centrifuge tubes, tips, R-
	centrifuge tubes,	tubes and Premix are for single-use
	tips, R-tubes and	only. Reusing these accessories
	Premix.	would cause cross-contamination,
		and therefore false positive results.
		■ Used micro-centrifuge tubes, tips,
		R-tubes and Premix should be
		collected and discarded according
		to local regulation. Do not place the
		waste close to the working area to
		prevent cross-contamination.
	2) Contaminated	■ Use aerosol-free tips.
	micropipette	
	3) Contaminated	■ Consult with a GeneReach
	reagent	technical support representative or
		local distributor.
	4) Contaminated	■ Consult with a GeneReach
	working area	technical support representative on
		how to clean up working area.

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Problems	Possible causes	Solutions
False	1) Nucleic acid	■ Consult manual of nucleic acid
Negative	extraction failed.	extraction kit.
	2) PCR inhibition	■ Do not overload PCR with too
		much nucleic acid.
		■ Spike nucleic acid sample (5 μl)
		into a P(+) Control reaction for a
		parallel PCR reaction. Negative
		results indicate the presence of
		inhibitors in the nucleic acid. In
		that case, prepare another nucleic
		acid extract.
Heavy	1) Leakage or spill of	■ Consult with a GeneReach
contamination	reaction from R-	technical support representative or
of amplicons	tube into reaction	local distributor.
in reaction	chamber of	
chamber of	POCKIT TM .	
POCKIT TM .		

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