# Panasonic

## KW8M **Eco-Power Meter User's Manual**



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KW8M Eco-Power Meter User's Manual ARCT1F440E-2 '08.06

## Cautions for Your Safety

Read the manual carefully before installing, running and maintenance for proper operation.

Before using, master the knowledge of the equipment, safety information and all of other notes.

This manual uses two safety flags to indicate different levels of danger.

**WARNING** A handling error could cause serious physical injury to an operator and in the worst case could even be fatal.

●Always take precautions to ensure the overall safety of your system, so that the whole system remains safe in the event of failure of this product or other external factor.

• Do not use this product in areas with inflammable gas. It could lead to an explosion.

•Exposing this product to excessive heat or open flames could cause damage to the lithium battery or other electronic parts.

**CAUTION** A handling error could cause serious physical injury to an operator or damage to the equipment.

- ●To prevent abnormal exothermic heat or smoke generation, use this product at the values less than the maximum of the characteristics and performance that are assured in these specifications.
- Do not dismantle or remodel the product. It could lead to abnormal exothermic heat or smoke generation.
- Do not touch the terminal while turning on electricity. It could lead to an electric shock.
- •Use the external devices to function the emergency stop and interlock circuit.
- Connect the wires or connectors securely. The loose connection might cause abnormal exothermic heat or smoke generation.
- Do not allow foreign matters such as liquid, flammable materials, metals to go into the inside of the product. It might cause exothermic heat or smoke generation.
- Do not undertake construction (such as connection and disconnection) while the power supply is on.

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- •We stiffly refuse the reproduction of without permission from this manual.
- Modbus Protocol is a communication protocol that the Modicon Inc.developed for PLC.
- Other company names and the product names are the trademarks or registered trademarks of each company.

#### Introduction

Thank you very much indeed for purchasing "KW8M Eco-POWER METER". In this manual, we explain the usage of "KW8M Eco-POWER METER" in detail. Please use it correctly after understanding the content enough.

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#### Installation environment

#### ODo not use the Unit in the following environments.

- •Where the unit will be exposed to direct sunlight and where the ambient temperature is outside the range of -10 to 50 °C.
- •Where the ambient humidity is outside the range of 30 to 85 % RH (at 20°C non-condensing) and where condensation might occur by sudden temperature changes
- ·Where inflammable or corrosive gas might be produced
- ·Where the unit will be exposed to excessive airborne dust or metal particles
- •Where the unit will be exposed to water, oil or chemicals
- •Where organic solvents such as benzene, paint thinner, alcohol, or strong alkaline solutions such as ammonia or caustic soda might adhere to the product
- •Where direct vibration or shock might be transmitted to the product, and where water might wet the product

### ♦Please use the Unit according to the specifications described in this manual. Otherwise, it may malfunction or cause fire and an electric shock.

- Connect to the power supply in compliance with the rating.
- Refer to the wiring diagram to ensure proper wiring for the power supply, input and output.
- Do not perform wiring or installation with a live line. It may also lead to circuit burnout or fire by way of the secondary CT side opening.
- Do not add voltage and current to an output terminal from outside.

#### Installation

• Installation and wiring must be performed by expert personnel for electrical work or electric piping.

• The power supply terminal and voltage input terminal of the main unit is common. Therefore if additional noise effects the power supply line, incorrect measurements may result.

- Eco-POWER METER is designed to be used in a control panel.
- ·As to measurement

If there is some distortion by harmonic or waveform, it may not measure correctly. Please check with the actual system before adopts it.

#### Static electricity

Discharge static electricity touching the grounded metal etc. when you touch the unit.

• Excessive static electricity might be generated especially in a dry place.

#### Cleaning

• Wipe dirt of the main unit with soft cloth etc. When thinner is used, the unit might deform or be discolored.

#### Power supply

• Connect a breaker to the voltage input part for safety reasons and to protect the device. The breaker that connects to the voltage input part must arrange at the position easily reached, and display shows it is the breaker of the equipment.

• Do not turn on the power supply or input until all wiring is completed.

#### Before power on

Please note the following points when turning on power at the first time.

- Confirm there are neither wiring rubbish nor especially an electrical conduction when installed.
- Confirm neither the power supply wiring, the I/O wiring nor the power-supply voltage are wrong.
- •Tighten the installation screw and the terminal screw surely.
- · Use an electric wire applicable to the rated current.

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#### Chapter 1 Unit's Features and Structure

#### 1-1 Features

■With KW8M Eco-POWER METER, electrical power (voltage, current, etc.), power factor, frequency, etc are measured using AC voltage and AC current input via one of the following systems: single-phase two-wire system, single-phase three-wire system, three-phase three-wire system or three-phase four-wire system.

This also works as an hour meter, that is measured power-on or power-off time, and as a counter that is for pulse output equipment like flowmeter.

## ■ Eco-POWER METER is designed chiefly to manage saving energy. It is neither intended nor can it be legally used for billing.

#### 1-2 Unit's Name and Part Numbers

1-2-1 Main unit

Model No	Log function
AKW8111	Not available
AKW8111H	Available

(Common)

	nony					
F	Phase and Wire	Power	Measured	Measured	Current	Terminal
	system	supply	voltage input	current input	transformer	type
• Singl	e-phase two-wire e-phase three-wire e-phase three-wire	100-240V AC 50/60Hz	•400VAC •100/200VAC	• 50A •100A •250A	Dedicated CT type (5A,50A(common) /100A/250A/400A)	Screw Terminal (M3(+)screw)
<ul> <li>Three</li> </ul>	e-phase four-wire	00,00112		•400A	/100A/250A/400A)	

#### 1-2-2 Dedicated Current Transformer (CT)

Rated primary current	Model No
5A	AKW4801
50A	ARV4001
100A	AKW4802
250A	AKW4803
400A	AKW4804

#### 1-2-3 Options

Terminal cover AKT8801	Product name Model No		Remarks
	Terminal cover	AKT8801	
Spare Battery *1) AFC8801 Required to back up memo	Spare Battery *1)	AFC8801	Required to back up memory and calendar

\*1) This is attached to AKW8111H when shipped.

#### 1-3 Measurement items

Item		Unit	Data range			
Integrated electric	Active	kWh	0.00 to 9999999.9			
Integrated electric power	Reactive	kvarh	0.00 to 9999999.9			
power	Apparent	kVAh	0.00 to 9999999.9			
Instantanasus	Active	kW	0.00 to 999999.99			
Instantaneous electric power	Reactive	kvar	-99999.99 to 0.00 to 999999.99			
	Apparent	kVA	0.00 to 999999.99			
	CT1	А	0.0 to 6000			
Current	CT2	А	0.0 to 6000			
	CT3	А	0.0 to 6000			
	Between P1-P0	V	0.0 to 9999			
Voltage	Between P2-P0	V	0.0 to 9999			
	Between P3-P0	V	0.0 to 9999			
Electric	ity charge *		0.00 to 99999999			
Power Factor	Unit displa	y	0.00 to 1.00 (LEAD: Leading phase, LAG: lagging phase)			
Communication		ion	-1.00 to 0.00 to 1.00 (Within the range of phase angle $\theta$ =-90 to 0 to 90 degree)			
Frequency	Hz		47.5 to 63.0			
Hour meter	ON-time	hour	0.0 to 99999.9			
	OFF-time	noui	0.0 10 99999.9			
Puls	e counter		0 to 99999999			

\*Eco-POWER METER is designed chiefly to manage saving energy. It is neither intended nor can it be legally used for billing.

#### Chapter 2 Parts Name and Working

#### 2-1 Parts Names Panasonic KW8M · Lighting or Blinking according to the display ①Display indicator **2LOCK** indicator ·Lighting while in lock mode **5** · ③T/R indicator Blinking while communication ④OUT indicator ·Lighting when pulse output 2 .... LOCK ⑤Display each value • Display each measured value 3..... • •TX/RX ·Display each setting value OUT **(4)** •• 6 MODE Key LOG kW kWh CD5 Ø A DEMAND Hz V kvar kvarh ⑦SET Key (1)• COUNT TIME CHARGE **KVA** kVAh $\otimes$ ITEM / $\triangle$ Key MODE 6. ⑨SHIFT / ∇ Key ILeft / Right ( $\triangleleft$ / $\triangleright$ ) Keys (7)**①OPTION Key** Eco-POWER METER 12START/STOP Key (1) : 10

#### 2-2 Select Keys' Functions

Key	Functions
6 <mode></mode>	Use to select mode
⑦ <set></set>	Use to set each value entered
⑧ < ITEM >	<ul> <li>To select measured display</li> <li>To shift each mode</li> <li>To change each setting value</li> </ul>
⑨ < <sup>Shift</sup> >	<ul> <li>To select measured display</li> <li>To shift each mode</li> <li>To change each setting value</li> </ul>
$0$ < Left / Right ( $\triangleleft$ / $\triangleright$ )>	·To change each setting value
⑦ + ⑥ <set> + <mode></mode></set>	•To reset the measured value
⑦ <set></set>	All keys locked
(continuous press 3-sec)	Release lock mode while in lock mode
① <option></option>	To shift power monitoring mode and option mode     (Only AKW8111H)
1 <start stop=""></start>	•To start and stop measuring integrated electric power (active) for arbitrary period. (from press this key until press it again) (Only AKW8111H)

9

8

(12)

#### Chapter 3 Display of each Value

#### 3-1 Working of Monitor Display

Turn on the power supply and it shifts displays for power monitoring mode and it for option mode by pressing <SHIFT> key. After selecting mode, it shifts to each measurement display in 1 second. \*Option mode is the function only for AKW8111H. AKW8111 doesn't have the option mode.



Displayed measurement items are as below.

#### Power Monitoring Mode "Monitor"

- ·Integrated electric power (Active, Reactive, Apparent)
- ·Instantaneous electric power (Active, Reactive, Apparent)
- Current (CT1,CT2,CT3)
- ·Voltage (Between P1-P0, Between P2-P0, Between P3-P0)
- Electricity charge
- Power Factor
- Frequency
- •Hour meter
- Pulse counter

#### Option Mode "Option"

- Monthly integrated electric power (Active, Reactive, Apparent) Daily integrated electric power (Active, Reactive, Apparent) Hourly integrated electric power (Active, Reactive, Apparent)
- Integrated electric power (Active) for arbitrary period
- Calendar

#### 3-2 Outline for the Working of Power Monitoring Mode Display

It displays measured value as below with Power Monitoring Mode.



#### 3-3 Integrated Electric power

• Power on to display the integrated electric power.

• Press <SHIFT>key to shift active power, reactive power, apparent power.



Integrated electric power is measured and displayed from 0.00 to 9999999.9 (kWh/kvarh/kVAh).
The decimal point is changed automatically.

>0.00 > 9999999.99 > 1000000.0 > 99999999.9 -

(After reaching the full-scale (9999999.9), the value reverts to 0.00 but continues to measure.)

How to reset the integrated electric power (active/reactive/apparent)

·Hold down <SET>key and press <MODE>key makes integrated electric power clear.

(Active power, reactive power, apparent power are reset by each.)



#### 3-4 Instantaneous Electric power

•Press <ITEM> key to display the Instantaneous electric power.

•Press <SHIFT> key to shift active power, reactive power, apparent power.



<u>\*Instantaneous reactive power is "-(minus)" value when leading phase and it shows "-(minus)" in the display. It is "+ (plus)" value when lagging phase, but it doesn't show "+ (plus)".</u>

#### 3-5 Current

•Press <ITEM>key to display the current value of the load.

•Press <SHIFT>key to change L1(CT1)-phase, L2(CT2)-phase, L3(CT3)-phase current.

<u>\*Before start measuring, select phase and wire system according to the measured load.</u>

When Single-phase 3-wire or Three-phase 3-wire is selected, it doesn't measure Single-phase 2-wire system correctly. When Three-phase 4-wire system is selected, it doesn't measure Single-phase 2-wire, Single-phase 3-wire, Three-phase 3-wire system correctly.

Select phase and wire system according to the measured system. (Refer to the explanation of setting mode.)



•When input current exceeds 150%F.S. at each range,

#### Current measurement parts

Eco-POWER METER measures the current as below.

Display	L1 (CT1)	L2 (CT2)	L3 (CT3)
Single-phase two-wire	L1-phase current	-	-
Single-phase three-wire	L1(R)-phase current	L2 (S)-phase current	-
Three-phase three-wire	L1(R)-phase current	L2 (T)-phase current	-
Three-phase four-wire	L1(R)-phase current	L2 (S)-phase current	L3 (T)-phase current

#### 3-6 Voltage

• Press <ITEM>key to display the voltage value of the load.

• Press <SHIFT>key to change voltage between P1 and P0, P2 and P0, P3 and P0.

\*Before start measuring, select phase and wire system according to the measured load.

When Single-phase 3-wire or Three-phase 3-wire is selected, it doesn't measure Single-phase 2-wire system correctly. When Three-phase 4-wire system is selected, it doesn't measure Single-phase 2-wire, Single-phase 3-wire, Three-phase 3-wire system correctly. Select phase and wire system according to the measured system. (Refer to the explanation of setting mode.)



When input voltage is under 10.0V at 200V range, and when input voltage is under 20.0V at 400V range, it displays "0.0" and doesn't measure.

•When input voltage exceeds 150%F.S. at each range,

] will be displayed.

#### Voltage measurement parts

Eco-POWER METER measures the voltage as below.

Display System	L1V	L2V	L3V
Single-phase two-wire	Voltage between P1 and P0		
Single-phase three-wire	Voltage between P1 and P0	Voltage between P2 and P0	
Three-phase three-wire	Voltage between P1 and P0	Voltage between P2 and P0	
Three-phase four-wire	Voltage between P1 and P0	Voltage between P2 and P0	Voltage between P3 and P0

#### 3-7 Electricity Charge

It displays the standard electricity charge for the integrated electrical power.

•Press <ITEM>key to display the electricity charge.



#### 3-8 Power factor

•Press <ITEM>key to display the loads' power factor.

\*Before start measuring, select phase and wire system according to the measured load.

When selected system does not meet it, it can not measure correctly. (Refer to the explanation of setting mode.)



#### 3-9 Frequency

• Press <ITEM>key to display the frequency.



#### 3-10 Hour meter

- Press <ITEM> key to display the load ON-time or load OFF-time measured by CT1.
- Press <SHIFT> key to change the load ON-time to load OFF-time.
- \* "ON-h" and "OFF-h" display disappears after a few seconds by pressing



\* When load current is under the setting current for time measurement (HM-A), it measures as OFF-time. When load current is exceeded to the setting current for time measurement (HM-A), it measures as ON-time. Current for time measurement (HM-A) is set to under cutoff current (CUTA), all current is measured as OFF-time.



\* After reaching the full scale (99999.9h), the value reverts to 0.0h but continues to measure.



How to Reset ON/OFF-time

•Hold down <SET>key and press <MODE>key makes ON-time or OFF-time clear. (ON-time and OFF-time are reset by each.)



#### 3-11 Counter

It displays present count value (pulse input value).

• Press <ITEM> key to display count value (pulse input value).



\* After reaching the full scale (99999999), the value reverts to 0 but continues to measure.

#### How to enter preset value

· It is entered and set at preset setting mode of MODE1. (Refer to the explanation of setting mode.)

#### How to Reset Count value

·Hold down <SET>key and press <MODE>key makes count value clear.



## **3-12 Outline for the Working of Option Mode Display (only for AKW8111H)** It displays measured value as below with Option Mode.

Г		Month	nly integrated electric	nower		
				power		
	Integrated	$\rightarrow$	Integrated	$\rightarrow$	Integrated	
	active power	<shift></shift>	reactive power	<shift></shift>	apparent power	
		_ Press <	L :SHIFT> to shift active→r	l eactive→appare	ent→active→	
			↓ <item></item>			
		Daily	y integrated electric p	ower		
	Integrated	$\rightarrow$	Integrated	$\rightarrow$	Integrated	
	active power	<shift></shift>	reactive power	<shift></shift>	apparent power	
	<u> </u>	_ Press <	∟ :SHIFT> to shift active→r	i eactive→appare	ent→active→···.	
_			↓ <item></item>			
		Hour	ly integrated electric p	power	[]	
	Integrated	$\rightarrow$	Integrated	$\rightarrow$	Integrated	
	active power	<shift></shift>	reactive power	<shift></shift>	apparent power	
		_ Press <	∟ :SHIFT> to shift active→r	i eactive→appare	ent→active→···.	
			↓ <item></item>			
	Integrated active power for arbitrary time					
	↓ <item></item>					
	Calendar (Month, Date, Time)					
			<item></item>			

#### 3-13 Monthly integrated electric power (only for AKW8111H)

- Press <OPTION> key to display Monthly integrated electric power.
- You can check a log data for 3 months (max.).
- •Press <SHIFT> key to shift active power, reactive power, apparent power.
- •Press  $< \bigcirc >$  key to change the month. \*It doesn't shift to next month of calendar display.
- Period of month is designated as below table.

#### (Example)

Display (Lower line)	04.01	(April)	05.01	(May)	06.01	(June)
Measuring	From	To April 30 <sup>th</sup>	From	To May 21 <sup>st</sup>	From June 1 <sup>st</sup>	To June 31 <sup>st</sup>
period	April 1 <sup>st</sup> 00:00:00	23:59:59	May 1 <sup>st</sup> 00:00:00	May 31 <sup>st</sup> 23:59:59	00:00:00	23:59:59

#### Monthly integrated



#### 3-14 Daily integrated electric power (only for AKW8111H)

- •Press <ITEM> key to display Daily integrated electric power.
- You can check a log data for 93 days (max.).
- •Press <SHIFT> key to shift active power, reactive power, apparent power.
- •Press < $\bigcirc$  ><  $\triangleright$  > key to change the date. \*It doesn't shift to next date of calendar display.
- Period of day is designated as below table.

#### (Example)

Display (Lower line)	05.01	(1st)	05.02	(2nd)	05.03	(3rd)
Measuring period	From May 1 <sup>st</sup> 00:00:00	To May 1 <sup>st</sup> 23:59:59	From May 2 <sup>nd</sup> 00:00:00	To May 2 <sup>nd</sup> 23:59:59	From May 3 <sup>rd</sup> 00:00:00	To May 3 <sup>rd</sup> 23:59:59



#### 3-15 Hourly integrated electric power (only for AKW8111H)

- Press <ITEM> key to display Hourly integrated electric power.
- You can check a log data for 2232 hours (max.).
- •Press <SHIFT> key to shift active power, reactive power, apparent power.
- •Press < $\bigcirc$  ><  $\triangleright$  > key to change the time. \*It doesn't shift to next hour of calendar display.
- Period of hour is designated as below table.



Display (Lower line)	00	.00	01	.00	02	.00
Measuring	From	То	From	То	From	То
period	00:00:00	00:59:59	01:00:00	01:59:59	02:00:00	02:59:59



#### 3-16 Integrated electric power (active) for arbitrary period (only for AKW8111H)

- ·You can measure an integrated electric active power for arbitrary period.
- •Press <ITEM> key to display the Integrated electric active power.
- Press <START/STOP> key to start measuring.
- Press <START/STOP> key again to stop measuring.

Integrated electric power (active) for arbitrary period



\*Blinking the decimal point during measurement.

Integrated electric power is measured and displayed from 0.00 to 9999999.9 (kWh).

• The decimal point is changed automatically.

 $\rightarrow 0.00 \rightarrow 999999.99 \rightarrow 1000000.0 \rightarrow 9999999.9 -$ 

(After reaching the full-scale (9999999.9), the value reverts to 0.00 but continues to measure.)

How to reset the integrated electric power (active)

·Hold down <SET> key and press <MODE> key makes integrated electric power clear.



#### 3-17 Calendar Timer (only for AKW8111H)

- It displays the present time.
- Press <ITEM> key to display the month, day and time.



#### Chapter 4 Various Functions

#### 4-1 LOCK mode

It is the mode makes all keys unable. Use when you want to fix one of the measurement displays (For all displays). In this mode, you can not input by any keys.

When you press <SET>key continuously for about 3sec., the "LOCK" is displayed and the indicator lights. After about 3 sec., "LOCK" is disappeared and the display shift to previous display. All keys become locked (pressing them will have no effect).

Press <SET>key continuously for about 3sec. again to release Lock mode. The "LOCK" indicator goes off and the lock mode is released (unlocked).



Lock indicator

#### 4-2 Display while communication

TX/RX indicator is blinking while Eco-POWER METER is under communication.



#### 4-3 Display when pulse output

OUT indicator is lighting when pulse output.



#### Chapter 5 Settings 5-1 Operation procedure



\* 1 Primary side current of CT setting mode is only when '5A' is selected on CT type setting mode.

\* 2 Alarm value setting mode/Preset value setting mode is only when 'ALARM' or 'Cnt' is selected on Unit for pulse output setting mode.

#### 5-2 Setting Mode Explanation

The value with under line is initial setting among each setting value.  $\Rightarrow$ Set before measurement. <u>5-2-1 MODE1</u>

|--|

Phase/Wire system setting mode SYST

Mode defines phase and wire system to measure.

• Select from <u>Single-phase 2-wire</u> / Single-phase 3-wire / Three-phase 3-wire / Three-phase 4-wire.

<u>When Single-phase 3-wire or Three-phase 3-wire is selected, it doesn't measure Single-phase 2-wire</u> system correctly. And when Three-phase 4-wire is selected, it doesn't measure Single-phase 2-wire. Single-phase 3-wire, Three-phase 3-wire system correctly. Select the accurate phase and wire system according to the measured system.

СТ-Т

CT type setting mode

Mode defines input current type of the dedicated CT.

• Select from the type of 5A/50A/100A/250A/400A.

•When the secondary current of CT is 5A, select "5A".

Primary side current of CT setting mode CT-1

Mode defines primary side current when measuring by combination with existing CT, its secondary current of 5A.

It is possible to use as the second step for combination with existing CT by selecting "5A" in the CT type setting mode. In this case, it is necessary to set the primary side current.

VOLT

- Primary side current of the existing CT can be set the range of 1 to 4000 (Initial <u>5</u>).
- •When connecting 5ACT directly and measure with 5A range, set to "5".

ex) If primary current of measured existing CT is 400A(secondary side is 5A), set to "400".

XThis mode is only when "5A" is selected on CT type setting mode.

#### Voltage range setting mode

#### Mode defines voltage range of Eco-Power Meter.

•Select from <u>400</u>/200.

When it measures load of 400V system, select "400".

When it measures load of 100/200V system, select "200".

XIn case measuring the load of 100/200V system with selecting "400", the resolution will be down.

Select the correct voltage range.

#### VT setting mode

#### VT

Mode defines voltage input method to the main unit, input voltage directly or uses a voltage transformer (VT) (over 440V system).

• It can be set the range of <u>1.00</u> to 99.99.

"1.00" should be set when voltage input directly without connecting VT.

"1.01 to 99.99" should be set when VT is used to input voltage.

#### Current for time measurement setting mode HM-A

Mode defines for time measured current. It measures ON-time and OFF-time by setting value. It can be set the range of <u>1.0%</u> to 100.0%F.S.

ex) When 10.0 is set, the current exceeds 10.0%F.S is measured as ON-time, the current under 10.0%F.S is measured as OFF-time.

CUTA

<u>\*Measured current is the current of L1(CT1)-phase.</u>

Cutoff current setting mode

Mode defines load current that does not measure (Cutoff current).

Use to avoid miss-measurement by wiring or induction noise at no-load.

0.00kW is displayed for instantaneous electric power, 0.0A is displayed for current. Integrated electric power is not added.

• It can be set the range of 1.0% to 50.0%.

ex) When set to 10.0, current under 10.0%F.S is not added.

#### Unit for pulse output setting mode PL-P Mode defines unit used for pulse output.

• Select from 0.001/0.01/0.1/1/10/100/AL-P/Cnt.

When one of the "0.001/0.01/0.1/1/10/100" [kWh] is set, one pulse is output at reaching the setting value.

When "AL-P" is set, alarm is output at the time when instantaneous active power is over the setting value.

When "Cnt" is set, it output at the time when count value reaches preset value set by preset value setting mode.

AL-P

RATE

Alarm value setting mode AL-P

#### Mode defines instantaneous electric power used for alarm output.

• It is set the range of 0.00 to 999999.99kW.

<u>XThis mode is only when "AL-P" is selected on unit for pulse output setting mode.</u>

Preset value setting mode

Mode defines count value used for output.

It is set the range of  $\underline{0}$  to 99999999.

XThis mode is only when "Cnt" is selected on unit for pulse output setting mode.

Electricity charge setting mode

Mode defines electricity charge ratio used as a standard per 1kWh.

• It can be set the range of 0.00 to 99.99 /1kWh. (Initial 10.00)

#### Mode1 Setting flow chart









#### 5-2-2 MODE2

(Mode for setting of each parameter for pulse measurement)



5-2-3 MODE3

(Mode for setting of each parameter for serial communication (RS485))

Protocol setting mode PROT

Mode defines communication protocol of main unit via serial communication (RS485).

• Select from <u>MEWTOCOL</u> / MODBUS(RTU).

Station number setting mode NO.

Mode defines an individual station no. for each unit when two or more units communicate via serial communication (RS485).

It can be set the range of <u>01</u> to 99.

Transmission speed (Baud rate) setting mode SPD

Mode defines serial communication (RS485) transmission speed. Define the transmission speed according to the master's (PLC etc.).

•Select from <u>19200</u>/9600/4800/2400[bit/s].

Transmission format setting mode

Mode defines serial communication (RS485) transmission format (Data length, Parity). Define the transmission format according to the master's (PLC etc).

FMT

• Select from <u>8bit-o</u>/7bit-n/7bit-E/7bit-o/8bit-n/8bit-E.

"n (none)" means parity is not available.

"E (Even)" means parity is even number.

"o (odd)" means parity is odd number.

<u>With MODBUS(RTU) protocol, it works only with 8bit.</u>

Response time setting mode RESP

Mode defines serial communication (RS485) response time of main unit.

When command is received, it sends response after setting response time passes.

It can be set the range of 5 to 99 ms.






## 5-2-4 MODE4

(Mode for setting of each parameter for optional function)





## 5-2-5 MODE5

(Mode for setting the year, month, day and time.)

Calendar timer setting mode CAL

Mode defines the year, month, day and time.

Set year -> month -> date -> hour-> minute.

**※**Do not set the false date, or it might occur a malfunction.

Initialize memory of the main unit by "initialize memory of main unit" (MODE4) after this setting. When it is not initialized, it may not display log data correctly.

MODE5 Setting flow chart





# Chapter 6 Wiring

# 6-1 Main unit terminal arrangement

Functio	on	N	0.	Function		Ba	ack vie	W
GND	)	1	1	P1		1		11
Power	L	2	(12)	P0	Measured voltage	2		(12)
supply	N	3	13	P2	input	3		13
Pulse	+	4	14)	P3		4		14
input	—	5	15	CT1 (+)		(5)		(15)
Pulse	+	6	16	CT1 (-)		6		(16)
output	—	$\overline{\mathcal{O}}$	1	CT2 (+)	Measured CT	$\overline{\mathcal{O}}$		1
	+	8	18	CT2 (-)	input	8		18
RS485	_	9	(19)	CT3 (+)		9		(19)
	E	10	20	CT3 (-)		10		20

# The input voltage to each terminal is as follows.

Terminal	Phase and wire	Terminal	Input voltage	
Operating power supply	Single-phase, two-wire	2-3	100-240VAC (100 - 240V~)	(Line voltage)
	Single-phase, two-wire		0-440VAC ( 0-440V~)	(Line voltage)
Measured	Single-phase, three-wire		0-220VAC ( 0-220V~:3W)	(Phase voltage)
voltage input	Three-phase, three-wire		0-440VAC ( 0-440V 3∼)	(Line voltage)
	Three-phase, four-wire	1)-12-13-14	0-254VAC(0-254V 3N~)	(Phase voltage)

# Caution for Wiring

1) Terminal fastening torque should be **0.6 to 1.0N**.

2) This has no built-in power switch, circuit breaker for power supply part. To protect the device, it is necessary to install power switch and circuit breaker in the power supply circuit.

And this has no built-in power switch, circuit breaker or fuse for measured voltage input parts.

Therefore it is necessary to install them in the circuit near this unit.

- 3) The terminal block of KW8M is designed to be wired from left. Insert wires to the terminal from the left and fasten with terminal screws.
- 4) In case using insulation sleeve, use an insulation sleeve applicable to M3 screw. Fastening torque should be 0.6 to 1.0N ⋅m. (Refer to the below.)



# 6-2 Wiring Diagrams

- •Please connect a breaker to the voltage input part for safety reasons and to protect the device.
- •Grounding CTs' secondary side (  $\ell$  line) is recommended for the unit protection when CT break down.

# Single-phase two-wire system

\* One current transformer (CT) is required to measure single-phase two-wire system.



Single-phase three-wire

- \* Two CTs are required to measure single-phase three-wire system.
- \* Wire by diagram of single-phase 2-wire system when measure load using R-S with single-phase 3-wire system.



# Three-phase three-wire system

\* Two CTs are required to measure three-phase three-wire system.



## Three-phase four-wire system

\* Three CTs are required to measure three-phase four-wire system.



◇VT (Voltage transformer) is needed when you measure a load with voltage over 440V system. Use commercial VT, those secondary rating is 110V.

\*Grounding CT's secondary side (  $\ell$  line) and VT's neutral line is recommended for the unit protection when CT or VT breaks down.



No.13,14,17~20 are not wired.



No.14, 19, 20 are not wired.



No.14, 19, 20 are not wired.

Three-phase, four-wire system



♦ How to attach the Current Transformer (CT)

- •One current transformer (CT) is required to measure a single-phase, two-wire system.
- •Two CT are required to measure a single-phase, three-wire system or three-phase, three-wire system.
- Three CT are required to measure a three-phase, four-wire system.
- •When connecting CT, connect the secondary side to the terminal of the main unit first, and after that wire the primary side to a load electric wire.
- •The CT has polarity. Wire correctly according to the K and L marks. If it is wired wrong, it can not measure correctly.
- For the dedicated CT, ' k ' is the white wire and '  $\ell$  ' is the black wire.
- Check beforehand that the thickness of the electric wire is smaller than the through-hole of the CT. If you use a CT that separates at the bottom, make sure it is closed securely once the wire is in place; if not an error in measurement will occur.
- •When CT's cable is extended, it is possible to extend up to about 10m with the cable of 0.75mm<sup>2</sup> or more cross section under the environment without noise at all. Please use the thick cable as much as possible.

# ♦ To connect CT with secondary current 5A

How to connect the unit to measure by combination with existing commercial CT

- (1) Select 5A at CT type setting mode (CT-T).
- (2) Set the primary current of measured commercial CT (secondary current 5A) at primary side current of CT setting mode (CT-1).
- < ex > If the measured CT is 400A/5A, set to "400".
- (3) Clamp the dedicated CT for 5A (AKW4801), which is connected to the main unit first, to secondary side of the commercial CT. CT direction (K→L) should be set for the commercial CT direction.



# 6-3 For input connection

♦Input connection

Contact input

Use highly reliable metal plated contacts. Since the contact's bounce time leads directly to error in the count value, use contacts with as short a bounce time as possible. In general, select 30Hz for max.counting speed.

•Non-contact input (Transistor input)

Connect with an open collector. Use the transistor with the following specifications.

 $V_{CEO}$ =20V min.  $I_C$ =20mA min.  $I_{CBO}$ =6  $\mu$  A max

Use transistors with a residual voltage of less than 1.5V when the transistor is ON.

(When the impedance is  $0\Omega$ , drain current is approx. 7mA.)

Open-circuit impedance should be more than  $100 k\,\Omega$  .

Input wiring

Please wire as short as possible by using a shielded wire or a metallic electric wire tube individually. **(Caution)** 

Operating power supply input part and measured voltage input are not insulated to pulse input parts. So the input equipment must have the power supply transformer in which the secondary side is not grounded with the primary and secondary sides insulated, in order to prevent interference of the power supply circuit when connecting the external input circuit. Be sure not to use an auto-transformer.



# 6-4 For Output connection

Since the transistor output is insulated from the internal circuit by a photo-coupler, it can be used both as a NPN output and PNP (equal value) output.



# 6-5 RS485 Communication

·When using shielded cable for the RS485 transmission line, ground one end.

Incorrect wiring

Use a class D dedicated earth for grounding. Do not share a ground with other earth lines. (Fig.1) •Be sure to connect with daisy chain the RS485 transmission line between each unit.

- Do not use a splitter. (Fig.2)
- With a terminal station, RS485 (E) (No.10) and RS485 (-) (No.9) should be shorted.



# Recommended Cable

Use the transmission cables shown below for Eco-POWER METER RS485 communication system.

	Co	nductor	Insul	ator	Cable	
Cable Size		Resistance (at 20°C)	Material	Thickness	diameter	Applicable cable
Twisted- pair	1.25 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG16) or more	Max.16.8Ω/km	Polyethylene	Max. 0.5 mm	Approx. 8.5 mm	HITACHI KPEV-S 1.25 mm <sup>2</sup> × 1P Belden Inc. 9860
with shield	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG20) or more	Max.33.4Ω/km	Polyethylene	Max. 0.5 mm	Approx. 7.8 mm	HITACHI KPEV-S 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> × 1P Belden Inc. 9207
VCTF	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG18) or more	Max.25.1Ω/km	PVC	Max. 0.6 mm	Approx. 6.6 mm	VCTF 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> × 2C (JIS)

Cable	Section
Twisted-pair with shield	Shield Jacket Conductor Insulator
VCTF	Conductor Insulator

# Notes

1) Use shielded type twist cables.

Use only one type of the transmission cables.
 Do not mix different types of the cables.

3) Use twist pair cables under a bad noise environment.

# 6-6 Low Voltage Directive

When using in the application confirming to EN61010-1/IEC61010-1, make sure to satisfy the following conditions.

- (1) Pulse output part and communication part secure only basic insulation. In order to secure reinforced (double) insulation demanded by EN 61010-1/ IEC61010-1, secure basic insulation or more with load side for output part and secure basic insulation or more with communication system side for communication part.
- (2) Provide the voltage input part with an EN60947-1 or EN60947-3 compliant circuit breaker. The breaker that connects to the voltage input part must arrange at the position easily reached, and display shows it is the breaker of the equipment.
- (3) Use a wire with basic insulation or more for a wire cramped (or connected) CT.

[Environmental conditions]

- •Overvoltage category II, Pollution degree 2
- Indoor use
- An ambient temperature of -10 to 50°C
- An ambient non-condensing humidity of 35 to 85%RH (at 20°C)
- Altitude of 2000m or less
- [Mount the product in a place with]
  - A minimum of dust, and an absence of corrosive gases
  - ·No flammable, explosive gasses
  - ·Few mechanical vibrations or shocks
  - •No exposure to direct sunlight
  - •No large capacity electromagnetic switches or cables through which large current is flowing

# Chapter 7 MEWTOCOL Communications

Slave

# 7-1 Communication Procedures

Communication starts with command transmission from the host computer (hereafter Master) and ends with the response of Eco-POWER METER (hereafter Slave). Master

 Response with data Command When master sends reading command, slave responds with the corresponding set value or current status. Data Acknowledgement Command When master sends setting command, slave responds by sending Acknowledgement the acknowledgement. Command Negative acknowledgement When master sends a non-existent command or value out of the setting Negative range, the slave returns negative acknowledgement. acknowledgement • No response Slave will not respond to master in the following cases. Command • Global address "FF" (MEWTOCOL) is set. • Broadcast address "00H" (Modbus protocol) is set. No response • Communication error (framing error, parity error) CRC-16 discrepancy (Modbus RTU mode)

# 7-2 Communication timing

◆The minimum access time from the master is 1 sec. (Minimum time for update the data) Eco-POWER METER may not response due to noise and so on, be sure to check that it receives the response from Eco-POWER METER.

In order to improve the communication quality, we recommend to send the transmission again.

# Communication timing of RS485

♦ Eco-POWER METER (Slave) side

When Eco-POWER METER (Slave) starts transmission to RS485 communication line, it is arranged so as to provide an idle status transmission period of about 5 to 99ms (setting available)+Tb before sending the response to ensure the synchronization on the receiving side. After sending the response, master can disconnect the transmitter from the communication line within transmission period 20ms. (Tb: Transmission period may be longer (0 to 60ms) due to Eco-POWER METER's process.)

# $\Diamond$ Master side (Cautions of setting a program)

At communication, keep the following conditions.

- 1) Set the program so that the master can disconnect the transmitter from the communication line within the transmission period of about 2ms after sending the command in preparation for reception of the response from Eco-POWER METER (Slave).
- 2) To avoid collision of transmissions between the master and Eco-POWER METER (Slave), send a next command after checking that the master received the response.

# 7-3 MEWTOCOL Communication

# 7-3-1 Overview of MEWTOCOL-COM (RS485)

# Command and response functions

The computer sends commands (instructions) to Eco-POWER METER, and receives responses in return. This enables the computer and Eco-POWER METER to converse with each other, so that various kinds of information can be obtained and provided.



♦ Control codes

Name	Character	ASCII code	Explanation
Header	%	25H	Indicates the beginning of a message.
Command	#	23H	Indicates that the data comprises a command message.
Normal response	\$	24H	Indicates that the data comprises a normal response message.
Error response	!	21H	Indicates that the data comprises a response message when an error occurs.
Terminator	CR	0DH	Indicates the end of a message.

 $\diamond$ Destination and source AD (H), (L)

Two-digit decimal 01 to 99 (ASCII codes)

Command messages contain a station number for Eco-POWER METER that receives the message. When FF (ASCII code table) is used, however, the transmission is a global transmission (sent to all

stations at once).

Note) When a global transmission is sent, no response to the command message is returned. ♦Block check code Bcc (H), (L)

Two- digit hexadecimal 00 to FF (ASCII codes)

These are codes (horizontal parity) that are used to detect errors in the transmitted data.

If "\*\*" is entered instead of "Bcc", however, messages can be transmitted without the Bcc. In this case, the Bcc is included with the response

♦ Error code Err (H), (L)

Two- digit hexadecimal 00 to FF (ASCII codes)

These indicate the content if an error occurs.

◆Bcc (Block Check Code)

-The Bcc is a code that carries out an error check using horizontal parity, to improve the reliability of the data being sent.

-The Bcc uses an exclusive OR from the header (%) to the final character of the text, and converts the 8- bit data into a 2-character ASCII code.

Example)	%	<u>0</u>	1	#	<u>R</u>	<u>T</u>	<u>0 1</u>	CR
	1	1	1	Î		1	Î	
	Header	Statio	n No.1	Command	R	RT	2-character	
					Com	mand	Bcc	
	%	0	1	#	R	Т	<u>0 1</u>	
	<sub> </sub> 25H	30H	31H	23H	52H	54H <sub>I</sub>	1	Bcc(H)=0(30H)
								Bcc(L)=1(31H)
			-	①Takes e	xclusive	OR		②Converts to ASCII format

nator

# 7-3-2 Data Register List (Common to AKW8 series)

Data register	Name	Unit	Kind of data	Range	R/W
DT00050	Rate	0.01	Sign-less 16bit	0 to 9999	R/W
DT00060	CT type	Rated A (rms)	Sign-less 16bit	5 types: 5,50,100,250,400	R/W
DT00061 DT00062	Unit for Pulse output	_	Sign-less 32bit	1(0.001),10(0.01),100(0.1), 1000(1),10000(10),100000(100) 999 (Instantaneous electric power: Values of DT00064, 00065) 555 (Count value for output:	R/W
DT00063	Primary side current	1A	Sign-less 16bit	Values of DT00154,00155) 1 to 4000	DAA
	value when CT 5A Alarm value	IA	Sign-less Tobic		R/W
DT00064 DT00065	(Instantaneous active power)	0.01kW	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999999	R/W
DT00066	VT ratio	0.01	Sign-less 16bit	100 to 9999	R/W
DT00067	Current threshold for time measurement	0.1%	Sign-less 16bit	1 to 1000	R/W
DT00068	Cutoff current	0.1%	Sign-less 16bit	10 to 500	R/W
DT00070	Voltage range	_	Sign-less 16bit	1; 400V 2; 200V	R/W
DT00100	Integrated	0.01kWh	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 999999999	R/W
DT00101	active power	0.0110011			
DT00102	Integrated	0.01kvarh	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 999999999	R/W
DT00103	reactive power		-		
DT00104 DT00105	Integrated apparent power	0.01kVAh	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 999999999	R/W
DT00103	Current L1A(CT1)	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0 to 60000	R
DT00107	Current L2A(CT2)	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0 to 60000	R
DT00108	Current L3A(CT3)	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0 to 60000	R
DT00103	Power factor	0.01	Sign-less 16bit	-100 to 100	R
DT00112	Frequency	0.01 0.1Hz	Sign-less 16bit	0 to 1000	R
DT00112			U		
DT00151	Load ON-time	0.1h	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 999999	R/W
DT00152					
DT00153	Load OFF-time	0.1h	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 999999	R/W
DT00154					
DT00155	Pulse count value	—	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999999	R/W
DT00158					
DT00159	Preset value	—	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999999	R/W
DT00162	Max. counting speed	Hz	Sign-less 16bit	30, 2000	R/W
DT00163	Auto-off time	min	Sign-less 16bit	0 to 99 (0:always on)	R/W
DT00170	Voltage L1V				
DT00171	(Between P1-P0)	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999	R
DT00172	Voltage L2V	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999	R
DT00173	(Between P2-P0)	0.1 V	Gigit-1635 SZDIL		
DT00174 DT00175	Voltage L3V (Between P3-P0)	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999	R
DT00176 DT00177	Instantaneous active power	0.01kW	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999999	R
DT00178	Instantaneous	0.01kvar	Sign-less 32bit	-9999999 to 99999999	R
DT00179 DT00180	reactive power Instantaneous	0.01kVA	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999999	R
DT00181	apparent power	0.01KVA	Sign-less 32bit	0 10 3333333	ĸ

Data register	Name	Unit	Kind of data	Range	R/W
DT20000	Log data (Year/Month)	_	Sign-less 16bit	Higher wordLower wordY: 00H to 99HM: 01H to 12H	R
DT20001	Log data (Date/Hour)	_	Sign-less 16bit	Higher wordLower wordD: 01H to 31HH: 00H to 23H	R
DT20002	Log data (Minute + Spare)	_	Sign-less 16bit	Higher word M: 00H to 59H	R
DT20003	Log data	0.01kWh	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 999999999	R
DT20004	Integrated active power	0.018001	Sign-less Szbit	0.10.939939393	
DT20005	Log data	0.01kvarh	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 999999999	R
DT20006	Integrated reactive power				
DT20007	Log data	0.01kVAh	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 999999999	R
DT20008	Integrated apparent power				
DT20009 DT20010	Log data Voltage L1V	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999	R
DT20010 DT20011	Log data				
DT20011	Voltage L2V	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999	R
DT20013	Log data				_
DT20014	Voltage L3V	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999	R
DT20015	Log data Current L1A(CT1)	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0 to 60000	R
DT20016	Log data Current L2A(CT2)	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0 to 60000	R
DT20017	Log data Current L3A(CT3)	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0 to 60000	R
DT20018	Log data	_	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999999	R
DT20019	Pulse count value				
DT63181	Log data (Year/Month)	_	Sign-less 16bit	Higher wordLower wordY: 00H to 99HM: 01H to 12H	R
DT63182	Log data (Date/Hour)	_	Sign-less 16bit	Higher wordLower wordD: 01H to 31HH: 00H to 23H	R
DT63183	Log data (Minute + Spare)	—	Sign-less 16bit	Higher word M: 00H to 59H	R
DT63184	Log data	0.01kWh	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 999999999	R
DT63185	Integrated active power	0.0.10011			
DT63186	Log data	0.01kvarh	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 999999999	R
DT63187	Integrated reactive power				
DT63188 DT63189	Log data Integrated apparent power	0.01kVAh	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 999999999	R
DT63189 DT63190	Log data				
DT63190	Voltage L1V	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999	R
DT63191	Log data				
DT63192	Voltage L2V	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999	R
DT63194	Log data				
DT63195	Voltage L3V	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999	R
DT63196	Log data Current L1A(CT1)	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0 to 60000	R
DT63197	Log data Current L2A(CT2)	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0 to 60000	R
DT63198	Log data Current L3A(CT3)	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0 to 60000	R
DT63199	Log data		0 mm 1 = = = 0.01 11	0 to 00000000	<u>ر</u>
DT63200	Pulse count value	_	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 99999999	R

# (Only for AKW8111H)

	- /				
DT00071	Calendar timer monitor (Hour/Minute)	_	Sign-less 16bit	Higher wordLower wordH: 00H to 23HM: 00H to 59H	R
DT00072	Calendar timer (Minute/Second)	_	Sign-less 16bit	Higher word Lower word M: 00H to 59H S: 00H to 59H	R/W
DT00073	Calendar timer (Date/Hour)	—	Sign-less 16bit	Higher wordLower wordD: 01H to 31HH: 00H to 23H	R/W
DT00074	Calendar timer (Year/Month)	—	Sign-less 16bit	Higher wordLower wordY: 00H to 99HM: 01H to 12H	R/W
DT00075	Calendar timer (Day)	_	Sign-less 16bit	Higher word Day: 00H to 06H	R/W
DT00076	Logging cycle setting	—	Sign-less 16bit	6 types; 1(1),2(5),3(10),4(15),5(30),6(60)	R/W
DT00080	SRAM Initialize	—	Sign-less 16bit	0;OFF 1;ON	R/W
DT00098	Integrated active power for arbitrary	0.01kWh	Sign-less 32bit	0 to 999999999	R/W
DT00099	period	0.016001	Sign-less 32bit	0 10 333333333	r///

Note1) R: Read W: Write

2) Data register except specified is 0.

3) DT00061, 00062 (Unit for pulse output) is numerical value (in the range of data register).

4) If each setting value is wrote by communication, it memories to internal EEP-ROM at the same time. Therefore, change setting frequently makes EEP-ROM's life short. Avoid to usage like this.

5) Write a data within the range when you write it.

# 7-3-3 Error Codes

# ♦ Basic procedure errors

• • • • • • • • • •		
Error code	Error name	Explanation
40H	Bcc error	•A Bcc error occurred in the command data.
41H	Format error	•A command message was sent that does not fit the transmission format.
42H	No support error	<ul> <li>A command was sent that is not supported.</li> </ul>
43H	Procedure error	<ul> <li>Delimiter with multiple frames was sent.</li> <li>The response shall be multiple frames.</li> </ul>

# ♦ Application error

Error code	Error name	Explanation			
60H	Parameter error • The data code is not "D".				
		•Word No. is specified without decimal.(0000F etc.)			
61H	Data error	<ul> <li>The starting word No. is bigger than the ending word No.</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>Writing data has a code that is not hexadecimal.</li> </ul>			
62H	Registration error	<ul> <li>Too many registrations have been entered (more than 17).</li> <li>"MD" command was sent when some registration has been exist.</li> <li>"MG" command was sent when registration has not been entered.</li> </ul>			
♦Self-diagnost	ic error				

Error code	Error name	Explanation
45H	Operation error	•At "WD" command, writing data is exceeded the range of data register.

<u>7-3-4 Command</u> Eco-POWER METER has 5 kinds of commands.

Command name	Code	Explanation
Read data area	RD	Reads the contents of data area.
Write data to data area	WD	Writes data to a data area.
Resister or Reset data monitored	MD	Resisters the data to be monitored.
Monitoring start	MG	Monitors a registered data.
Read status	RT	Reads the specifications of Eco-POWER METER and error code
		if an error occurs.

# ♦[RD]: Read data area (Reads the contents of data area.)

♦Command

♦Normal response (Read successful)	×16 <sup>1</sup> ×16 <sup>0</sup>	
%Source\$RDFirst register contentsLast register contentsBcc $\times 10^1 \times 10^0$ $\times 16^1 \times 16^0 \times 16^3 \times 16^2$	<sup>CC</sup> CR	
	×10	

%	Sou	urce	!	Error	code	B	cc	CR	(Common to each command)
	×10 <sup>1</sup>	×10 <sup>0</sup>		×16 <sup>1</sup>	×16 <sup>0</sup>	×16 <sup>1</sup>	×16 <sup>0</sup>		

## •[WD]: Write data area (Writes date to a data area.)

### ♦Command

	Destir	ation						Start	ing wo	rd No.			Endir	ng word	d No.		F	irst wr	iting da	ata	
%	Doot		#	W	D	D		50	charac	ters			5 c	haracte	ers	_		4 cha	racters	3	⇒
	×10 <sup>1</sup>	×10 <sup>0</sup>					×10 <sup>4</sup>	×10 <sup>3</sup>	×10 <sup>2</sup>	×10 <sup>1</sup>	×10 <sup>0</sup>	×10 <sup>4</sup>	×10 <sup>3</sup>	×10 <sup>2</sup>	×10 <sup>1</sup>	×10 <sup>0</sup>	×16 <sup>1</sup>	×16 <sup>0</sup>	×16 <sup>3</sup>	×16 <sup>2</sup>	
																	l	1		1	

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	⇔Nor	mal response	e (Writ	e succ	essful	)				(	(lower	word)	(high	er wor	d)
	%		\$	W	D	1	CR	⇒	×16 <sup>1</sup>	4 cha	racters	6			CR

(lower word) (higher word)

Co	nmand	(Regis	ter)			-	— Dat	ta spec	ificatio	n (1) —			•	— Da	ata spe	ecificati	on (n	<u>}</u> ►						
%	Destir ×101	nation ×10º	#	м	D	D	×104		ord No naracte ×10 <sup>2</sup>	rs	×10°		D	×10 <sup>4</sup>		ord No aracte ×10 <sup>2</sup>	rs	×10°	E ×16 <sup>1</sup>	x16 <sup>0</sup>	CR			
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<u></u>		r T	iei ies	ei)				1	1		1		I		1									
%	Destin ×10 <sup>1</sup>	nation ×10º	#	м	D	F	F	F	F	F	F	Bi ×16 <sup>1</sup>	cc ×16°	CR										
	mal res		(Pogie	tration				Fixed	(6 char	acters)	<b></b>				I									
	marres	I	(itegia	Suauon	Succe				1															
%		urce	\$	М	D	BC	1	CR																
	×10 <sup>1</sup>	×10 <sup>0</sup>				×16 <sup>1</sup>	×16 <sup>0</sup>		J															
	G]: Mo		.g olui					uutu.	,															
	- mmand		#	м	G	В		CR	)															
<u>≎Co</u> %	Destir	nation ×10º	#	м	G	Bo ×16 <sup>1</sup>										otoro								
<u>≎Co</u> %	Destir	nation ×10º	#	м	G	Bo ×16 <sup>1</sup>			]		∙			No. 0	of chara	icters					1	T	1	
<u>≎Co</u> %	mmand Destir ×10 <sup>1</sup> mal res	nation ×10º	#	м	G	Bo ×16 <sup>1</sup>			No. of c	haracters ta line racters	<b>▲</b>		a ① racters	No. o	of chara	icters		ata (n racters	► }	В		CR		
<u> </u>	mmand Destir ×10 <sup>1</sup> mal res	nation ×10º sponse	# (Monit	M oring s	G	Bo ×16 <sup>1</sup> sful)	x16º	CR	No. of c	ta line	×16 <sup>1</sup>		0	No. o	of chara	x16 <sup>1</sup>		acters		B ×16 <sup>1</sup>	r cc ×16 <sup>0</sup>	CR	]	
<u> </u>	mmand Destir ×10 <sup>1</sup> mal res	nation ×10 <sup>0</sup> sponse urce	# (Monit	M oring s	G	Bo ×16 <sup>1</sup> sful)	x16º	CR	No. of c in da 2 cha	ta line racters ×16 <sup>0</sup>		4 char ×16º	×16 <sup>3</sup>			×16 <sup>1</sup>	4 char	×16 <sup>3</sup>	×16 <sup>2</sup>	×161	1	CR	]	
<u>⇒Co</u> % <u>⇒No</u> %	mmand Destir x10 <sup>1</sup> mal res Sor x10 <sup>1</sup>	nation ×10 <sup>0</sup> sponse urce ×10 <sup>0</sup>	# (Monit \$	M oring s M	G ucces G	B( ×16 <sup>1</sup> sful) 0	x16 <sup>0</sup>	CR 0	No. of c in da 2 cha ×16 <sup>1</sup>	ta line racters ×16 <sup>0</sup>	(lower	4 char ×16º word)	×16 <sup>3</sup> (highe	×16 <sup>2</sup> v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v	)	×16 <sup>1</sup> (lower	4 char ×16 <sup>0</sup> word)	×16 <sup>3</sup>	×16 <sup>2</sup>	×161	×16º		]	
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	mmand Destir ×10 <sup>1</sup> mal res Sor ×10 <sup>1</sup>	nation ×10° sponse urce ×10°	# (Monit \$ status	M oring s M of Ecc	G G G D-POV	Bc ×16 <sup>1</sup> sful) 0	cc ×16 <sup>0</sup> 0	CR 0 (Read	No. of c in da 2 cha ×16 <sup>1</sup>	ta line racters ×16 <sup>0</sup>	(lower	4 char ×16° word) word)	racters ×16 <sup>3</sup> (highe cco-PO eration	×16 <sup>2</sup> er word	) METER	x16 <sup>1</sup> (lower <b>R and</b>	4 char ×16° word) error (	vacters ×16 <sup>3</sup> (high) codes	×16 <sup>2</sup>	×161	×16 <sup>0</sup>		]	
	mmand Destir ×10 <sup>1</sup> mal res Sor ×10 <sup>1</sup>	nation ×10° sponse urce ×10°	# (Monit \$	M oring s M	G ucces G	B( ×16 <sup>1</sup> sful) 0 VER MI Bo	cc ×16 <sup>0</sup> 0 ETER	CR 0	No. of c in da 2 cha ×16 <sup>1</sup>	ta line racters ×16 <sup>0</sup>	(lower	4 char ×16° word) <b>is of E</b> 01:	racters ×16 <sup>3</sup> (highe cco-PO eration	×16 <sup>2</sup> er word	) METER	x16 <sup>1</sup> (lower	4 char ×16° word)	x16 <sup>3</sup> (high) codes	×16 <sup>2</sup>	×161	×16 <sup>0</sup>			
	mmand Destir ×10 <sup>1</sup> mal res Sor ×10 <sup>1</sup>	nation ×10° sponse urce ×10°	# (Monit \$ status #	M oring s M of Ecc	G G O-POV	Bc ×16 <sup>1</sup> sful) 0	cc ×16 <sup>0</sup> 0	CR 0 (Read	No. of c in da 2 cha ×16 <sup>1</sup>	ta line racters ×16 <sup>0</sup>	(lower	4 char ×16° word) <b>is of E</b> 01:	(highe (highe co-PO eration On op	×16 <sup>2</sup> er word	) METER	x16 <sup>1</sup> (lower	4 char ×16° word) error ( Error fla 01: abr	x16 <sup>3</sup> (high) codes	×16 <sup>2</sup>	×161	×16 <sup>0</sup>		]	
	Till Real     Till Real	nation ×10° sponse urce ×10°	# (Monit \$ status #	M oring s M of Ecc	G G O-POV	B( ×16 <sup>1</sup> sful) 0 VER MI Bo	0 ETER x16 <sup>0</sup> x16 <sup>0</sup> code 1	CR 0 (Read CR	No. of c in da 2 cha ×16 <sup>1</sup>	ta line racters ×16 <sup>0</sup>	(lower ication	4 char ×16° word) <b>is of E</b> 01:	(highe (highe co-PO eration On op	×16 <sup>2</sup> er word	) METER	x16 <sup>1</sup> (lower <b>R and</b>	4 char ×16° word) error ( Error fla 01: abr	acters ×16 <sup>3</sup> (high codes ag normal mal	×16 <sup>2</sup> ver word if an of -diagno	×161	x16 <sup>0</sup>	L .)		

- note1) Even if it commands to write to non-existent data address, slave response with acknowledgement. However, it doesn't write.
- note2) Even if it commands to write the value out of the setting range, slave response with acknowledgement. However, it doesn't write.
- note3) The maximum number of reading slaves is 26 (57-bite), the maximum number of writing slaves is 23 (55-bite).

# 7-4 MODBUS (RTU) Communication

7-4-1 Overview of MODBUS (RTU)

♦8-bit binary data in command is transmitted as it is.

Start bit	: 1 bit
Data bit	: 8 bits ※7bits is not available.
Parity	: No parity, Even parity, Odd parity Selectable
Stop bit	: 1 bit (Fixed)
Error detection	: CRC-16 (Cyclic Redundancy Check)
Data interval	: 3.5 character transmission time or less

## Message configuration

Data format

RTU mode is configured to start after idle time processing of more than 3.5 character transmissions and end after idle time processing of more than 3.5 character transmissions.

3.5 idle	Slave	Function	Data	Error check	3.5 idle
characters	address	code		CRC-16	characters
	8-bit	8-bit	* * bits	16-bit	

Master judges the transmission complete after no command for 4-characters idle time and process the command.

*Transr	nissio	n spee	ed and	jud	gmer	nt tim	e to	complete	trans	smission	
	-					-	-			-	_

Transmission speed (bps)	Judgment time to complete (ms)
19200	about 2.00
9600	about 4.00
4800	about 8.00
2400	about 16.00

♦ Slave address:

Slave address is an individual instrument number on the slave side and is set within the range 1 to 99 (01H to 63H). Master identifies slaves by the slave address of the requested message.

Slave informs master which slave is responding to master by placing its own address in the response message. Slave address 0 (00H, broadcast address) can identify all slaves connected. However slaves do not respond.

♦ Function code: Function code is command code for the slave to undertake the following action types.

Function code	Contents
03(03H)	DT Read
06(06H)	DT1 word write
16(10H)	DT several data write

Function code is used to discern whether the response is normal (acknowledgement) or if any error (negative acknowledgement) has occurred when slave returns response message to master.

When acknowledgement is returned, slave simply returns original function code. When negative acknowledgement is returned, MSB of original function code is set as 1 for response.

For example, when the master sends request message setting 00H to function code by mistake, slave returns 80H by setting MSB to 1, because the former is an illegal function.

For negative acknowledgement, the exception codes below are set to data of response message and returned to master in order to inform it of what kind of error has occurred.

Exception code	Contents
1(01H)	Illegal Function (Non-existent function)
3(03H)	Illegal data value (Value out of the devise numbers)

note1) Even if it commands to write (06H.10H) to non-existent data address, slave response with acknowledgement. However, it doesn't write.

note2) Even if it commands to write the value out of the setting range, slave response with acknowledgement. However, it doesn't write.

note3) The maximum number of reading slaves is 26 (57-bite), the maximum number of writing slaves is 23 (55-bite).

♦ Data: Data depends on the function code.

A request message from the master side is composed of data item, number of data and setting data. A response message from the slave side is composed of number of bytes, data and exception code in negative acknowledgement.

♦ Error check: 16-bit data to detect communication errors. Refer to the next.

♦ Acknowledgement response

When command is to write 1 point, same massage of command is responded.

When command is to write several points, part of command message (6-bite) is responded.

# Error check

After calculating CRC-16 (Cyclic Redundancy Check) from slave address to the end of data, the calculated 16-bit data is appended to the end of message in sequence from low order to high order. <How to calculate CRC>

In CRC system, the information is divided by the polynomial series. The remainder is added to the end of the information and transmitted. The generation of polynomial series is as follows.

- (Generation of polynomial series:  $X^{16} + X^{15} + X^2 + 1$ )
  - (1) Initialize the CRC-16 data (assumed as X) (FFFFH).
  - 2 Calculate exclusive OR (XOR) with the 1st data and X. This is assumed as X.
  - ③ Shift X one bit to the right. This is assumed as X.
  - <sup>(4)</sup> When a carry is generated as a result of the shift, XOR is calculated by X of <sup>(3)</sup> and the fixed value (A001H). This is assumed as X. If a carry is not generated, go to step <sup>(5)</sup>.
  - (5) Repeat steps (3) and (4) until shifting 8 times.
  - <sup>6</sup> XOR is calculated with the next data and X. This is assumed as X.
  - 0 Repeat steps 3 to 5.
  - 8 Repeat steps 3 to 5 up to the last data.
  - <sup>(9)</sup> Set X as CRC-16 to the end of message in sequence from low order to high order.

# Message example

① Reading electricity rate (0032H) of address 1

Command

-								
	3.5 idle characters	Slave address (01H)	Function code (03H)	Data item (0032H)	Number of data (0001H)	Error check CRC-16 (25C5H)	3.5 idle characters	
		1	1	2	2	2	←character number	

• Response message from slave in normal status (When Rate=1000(10.00) [03E8H])

3.5 idle characters	Slave address (01H)	Function code (03H)	Number of response byte (02H)	Number of data (03E8H)	Error check CRC-16 (B8FAH)	3.5 idle characters
	1	1	1	2	2	←character

number

Setting electricity rate (0032H) of address 1 (When rate is set to 20.00(2000) [07D0H])
 Command

					1	
3.5 idle characters	Slave address (01H)	Function code (06H)	Data item (0032H)	Number of data (07D0H)	Error check CRC-16 (2BA9H)	3.5 idle characters
	1	1 n normal statu	2	2	2	←character number
sponse messa	age from slave i	n normai status	5			
3.5 idle characters	Slave address (01H)	Function code (06H)	Data item (0032H)	Number of data (07D0H)	Error check CRC-16 (2BA9H)	3.5 idle characters
	1	1	2	2	2	←character number

③ Reset integrated electric power (0064H, 0065H:2-word) of address 1

(When setting to 0 [0000, 0000H])



# ·Response message from slave in normal status

3.5 idle characters	Slave address (01H)	Function code (10H)	Data item (0064H)	Number of data item to write (0002H)	Error check CRC-16 (0017H)	3.5 idle characters
	1	1	2	2	2	←character number

A response message from the slave in exception (error) status

(When number of data has been mistaken.)

Function code MSB is set to 1 for the response message in exception (error) status (90H). The exception code 03H (Value out of the devise numbers) is returned as contents of error.

<Mistaken message example (Command)>

	3.5 idle characters	Slave address (01H)	Function code (10H)	Number of data item to write (0002H)	Number of data <b>(06H)</b>	⇒
--	------------------------	---------------------------	---------------------------	---	-----------------------------------	---

1 Mistake

$\Rightarrow$	Data 1 (0000H)	Data 2 (0000H)	Error check CRC-16 (8DB4)	3.5 idle characters	
---------------	-------------------	-------------------	---------------------------------	------------------------	--

# <Response message from slave to mistaken command

(Response message in exception (error) status)>

-	Slave	Function	Exception	Error check	
3.5 idle	address	code	code	CRC-16	3.5 idle
characters	(01H)	(90H)		(0C01H)	characters
-			(03H)		-

# 7-4-2 Data Register List

(	Common to	AKW8	series)	

(Common to Al	KW8 series)				1
MODBUS Function code	Data item (MEWTOCOL)	Name	Unit	Kind of date	Range: Hexadecimal (Range: Decimal)
03H/06H/10H	0032H (DT00050)	Rate	0.01	Sign-less 16bit	0H to 270FH (0 to 9999)
03H/06H/10H	003CH (DT00060)	CT type	Rated A (rms)	Sign-less 16bit	5 types: 5H(5), 32H(50), 64H(100), FAH(250), 190H(400)
03H/06H/10H	003DH (DT00061)	Unit for	_	Sign-less	1H(1)<0.001>, AH(10)<0.01>, 64H(100)<0.1>, 3E8H(1000)<1>, 2710H(10000)<10>, 186A0H(100000)<100>, 3E7H(999) <instantaneous electric="" power:<="" td=""></instantaneous>
	003EH (DT00062)	Pulse output		32bit	<pre> Values of DT00064, 00065&gt; 22B(555) <count dt00154,00155="" for="" of="" output:="" value="" values=""> </count></pre>
03H/06H/10H	003FH (DT00063)	Primary side current value when CT 5A	1A	Sign-less 16bit	1H to FA0H (1 to 4000)
03H/06H/10H	0040H (DT00064) 0041H (DT00065)	Alarm value (Instantaneous active power)	0.01kW	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 5F5E0FFH (0 to 99999999)
03H/06H/10H	0042H (DT00066)	VT ratio	0.01	Sign-less 16bit	64H to 270FH (100 to 9999)
03H/06H/10H	0043H (CT00067)	Current threshold for time measurement	0.1%	Sign-less 16bit	1H to 3E8H (1 to 1000)
03H/06H/10H	0044H (DT00068)	Cutoff current	0.1%	Sign-less 16bit	AH to 1F4H (10 to 500)
03H/06H/10H	0046H (DT00070)	Voltage range	_	Sign-less 16bit	1H(1):400V 2H(2):200V
03H/06H/10H	0064H (DT00100) 0065H (DT00101)	Integrated active power	0.01kWh	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 3B9AC9FFH (0 to 999999999)
03H/06H/10H	0066H (DT00102) 0067H (DT00103)	Integrated reactive power	0.01kWh	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 3B9AC9FFH (0 to 999999999)
03H/06H/10H	0068H (DT00104) 0069H (DT00105)	Integrated apparent power	0.01kWh	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 3B9AC9FFH (0 to 999999999)
03H	006BH (DT00107)	Current L1A(CT1)	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0H to EA60H (0 to 60000)
03H	006CH (DT00108)	Current L2A(CT2)	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0H to EA60H (0 to 60000)
03H	006DH (DT00109)	Current L3A(CT3)	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0H to EA60H (0 to 60000)
03H	006FH (DT00111)	Power factor	0.01	Sign-less 16bit	FF9CH to 64H (-100 to 100)
03H	0070H (DT00112)	Frequency	0.1	Sign-less 16bit	0H to 3E8H (0 to 1000)

(Common to Al	(W8 series)				
03H/06H/10H	0096H (DT00150) 0097H (DT00151)	- Load ON-time	0.1h	Sign-less 16bit	0H to F423FH (0 to 999999)
03H/06H/10H	0098H (DT00152) 0099H (DT00153)	- Load OFF-time	0.1h	Sign-less 16bit	0H to F423FH (0 to 999999)
03H	009AH (DT00154) 009BH (DT00155)	Pulse count value	_	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 5F5E0FFH (0 to 999999999)
03H/06H/10H	009EH (DT00158) 009FH (DT00159)	Preset value	_	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 5F5E0FFH (0 to 999999999)
03H/06H/10H	00A2H (DT00162)	Max. counting speed	Hz	Sign-less 16bit	1EH (30), 7D0H (2000)
03H/06H/10H	00A3H (DT00163)	Auto-off time	min	Sign-less 16bit	0H to 63H (0 to 99)
03H	00AAH (DT00170) 00ABH (DT00171)	Voltage L1V (Between P1-P0)	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 1869FH (0 to 99999)
03H	00ACH (DT00172) 00ADH (DT00173)	Voltage L2V (Between P2-P0)	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 1869FH (0 to 99999)
03H	00AEH (DT00174) 00AFH (DT00175)	Voltage L3V (Between P3-P0)	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 1869FH (0 to 99999)
03H	00B0H (DT00176) 00B1H (DT00177)	Instantaneous active power	0.01kW	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 5F5E0FFH (000 to 99999999)
03H	00B2H (DT00178) 00B3H (DT00179)	Instantaneous reactive power	0.01kW	Sign-less 32bit	FF676981H to 5F5E0FFH (-99999999 to 99999999)
03H	00B4H (DT00180) 00B5H (DT00181)	Instantaneous apparent power	0.01kW	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 5F5E0FFH (000 to 99999999)

# (Only for AKW8111H)

MODBUS Function code	Data item (MEWTOCOL)	Name	Unit	Kind of date	Range: Hexadecimal (Range: Decimal)
03H	4E20H (DT20000)	Log data (Year/Month)	_	Sign-less 16bit	Y:00H to 99H, M:01H to 12H
03H	4E21H (DT20001)	Log data (Date/Hour)	_	Sign-less 16bit	D:01H to 31H, H:00H to 23H
03H	4E22H (DT20002)	Log data (Minute + Spare)	—	Sign-less 16bit	M:00 to 59H
03H	4E23H (DT20003) 4E24H (DT20004)	Log data Integrated active power	0.01kWh	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 3B9AC9FFH (0 to 999999999)
03H	4E25H (DT20005) 4E26H (DT20006)	Log data Integrated reactive power	0.01kWh	Sign-less 16bit	0H to 3B9AC9FFH (0 to 999999999)
03H	4E27H (DT20007) 4E28H (DT20008)	Log data Integrated apparent power	0.01kWh	Sign-less 16bit	0H to 3B9AC9FFH (0 to 999999999)
03H	4E29H (DT20009) 4E2AH (DT20010)	Log data Voltage L1V	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 1869FH (0 to 99999)
03H	4E2BH (DT20011) 4E2CH (DT20012)	Log data Voltage L2V	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 1869FH (0 to 99999)
03H	4E2DH (DT20013) 4E2EH (DT20014)	Log data Voltage L3V	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 1869FH (0 to 99999)
03H	4E2FH (DT20015)	Log data Current L1A(CT1)	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0H to EA60H (0 to 60000)
03H	4E30H (DT20016)	Log data Current L2A(CT2)	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0H to EA60H (0 to 60000)
03H	4E31H (DT20017)	Log data Current L3A(CT3)	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0H to EA60H (0 to 60000)
03H	4E32H (DT20018) 4E33H (DT20019)	Log data Pulse count value	_	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 5F5E0FFH (0 to 99999999)
03H	F6CDH (DT63181)	Log data (Year/Month)	_	Sign-less 16bit	Y:00H to 99H, M:01H to 12H
03H	F6CEH (DT63182)	Log data (Date/Hour)	_	Sign-less 16bit	D: 01H to 31H,H:00H to 23H
03H	F6CFH (DT63183)	Log data (Minute + Spare)	_	Sign-less 16bit	M: 00 to 59H
03H	F6D0H (DT63184) F6D1H (DT63185)	Log data Integrated active power	0.01kWh	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 3B9AC9FFH (0 to 999999999)

Only for AKW8	F6D2H					
03H	(DT63186)	Log data			0H to 3B9AC9FFH	
	F6D3H	Integrated reactive power	0.01kWh	Sign-less 32bit	(0 to 999999999)	
	(DT63187)	integrated redetive power			(0 10 333333333)	
	F6D4H					
		Log data				
03H	(DT63188)	Log data	0.01kWh	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 3B9AC9FFH	
	F6D5H	Integrated apparent power		-	(0 to 99999999)	
	(DT63189)					
	F6D6H					
03H	(DT63190)	Log data	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 1869FH	
0011	F6D7H	Voltage L1V	0.10		(0 to 99999)	
	(DT63191)					
	F6D8H					
0011	(DT63192)	Log data	0.414		0H to 1869FH	
03H	F6D9H	Voltage L2V	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	(0 to 99999)	
	(DT63193)	5				
	F6DAH					
	(DT63194)	Log data			0H to 1869FH	
03H	F6DBH	Voltage L3V	0.1V	Sign-less 32bit	(0 to 99999)	
	(DT63195)	Vollage LSV				
	· /	L og doto				
03H	F6DCH	Log data	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0H to EA60H	
	(DT63196)	Current L1A(CT1)	_		(0 to 60000)	
03H	F6DDH	Log data	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0H to EA60H	
	(DT63197)	Current L2A(CT2)	•••••	- 3	(0 to 60000)	
03H	F6DEH	Log data	0.1A	Sign-less 16bit	0H to EA60H	
0011	(DT63198)	Current L3A(CT3)	0.17	eigh lees rook	(0 to 60000)	
	F6DFH					
03H	(DT63199)	Log data	_	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 5F5E0FFH (0 to 99999999)	
0311	F6E0H	Pulse count value				
	(DT63200)					
	0047H	Calendar timer monitor				
03H	(DT00071)	(Hour/Minute)	_	Sign-less 16bit	H:00H to 23H, M:00H to 59	
	, ,					
03H/06H/10H	0048H	Calendar timer	_	Sign-less 16bit	M:00H to 59H, S:00H to 59	
	(DT00072)	(Minute/Second)				
03H/06H/10H	0049H	Calendar timer	_	Sign-less 16bit	D:01H to 31H, H:00H to 23I	
	(DT00073)	(Date/Hour)		Olgin-less Tobic	0.01110 311, 11.00110 201	
	004AH	Calendar timer				
03H/06H/10H	(DT00074)	(Year/Month)	—	Sign-less 16bit	Y:00H to 99H, M:01H to 12I	
	( /	, ,				
03H/06H/10H	004BH	Calendar timer	—	Sign-less 16bit	Day:00H to 06H	
	(DT00075)	(Day)		•	-	
					6 types;	
03H/06H/10H	004CH	Logging cycle setting	_	Sign-less 16bit	1H(1)<1>,2H(2)<5>,	
	(DT00076)	Logging cycle setting		Oigit less tobic	3H(3)<10>,4H(4)<15>,	
					5H(5)<30>,6H(6)<60>	
	0050H	SPAM Initializa		Sign loss 16hit		
		SRAM Initialize	_	Sign-less 16bit	0H(0) <off>,1H(1)<on></on></off>	
03H/06H/10H	(DT00080)					
03H/06H/10H	(DT00080) 0062H					
	0062H	Integrated active		• • • • • • •	0H to 3B9AC9FFH	
03H/06H/10H 03H/06H/10H		Integrated active power for arbitrary period	0.01kWh	Sign-less 32bit	0H to 3B9AC9FFH (0 to 99999999)	

note 1) 03H: Read 06H/10H: Write

note 2) Data register except specified is "0".

note 3) If each setting value is wrote by communication, it memories to internal EEP-ROM at the same time. Therefore, change setting frequently makes EEP-ROM's life short. Avoid to usage like this. note 4) Write a data within the range when you write it.

# Chapter 8 Battery for Memory Backup (only for AKW8111H)

# 8-1 Setting before using

- •Battery is set to the unit AKW8111H, when shipping. Be sure to set the battery switch ON before starting the unit. It can backup the logging data and calendar time.
- •When starting to use the unit first or passing long time with battery OFF, initialize the memory by memory initialize mode (MODE4), or it can not indicate logging data correctly.



# 8-2 How to Replace Battery

Battery life is about 5 years (at 25°C).

However, using under high-temperature makes the life short.

When battery has abnormal or battery power is reduced, "E" is blinking in the bottom line. Please replace the battery according to the procedures.



Battery (Option)

Product name	Model No.
Spare Battery (CR2450)	AFC8801

# 8-3 How to Remove

When disposing the unit or replacing battery, refer to the below procedure and remove the battery. Undo wiring when disposing the unit or replacing battery. Electrical shock may occur if you touch places where high voltage is present. Also, release any static electricity in your body before proceeding.







3. Insert a tool between holder and battery and take battery 4. Push battery to the marked direction from back and and put it on the stopper.



board with battery.



take it.

# 8-4 How to Mount \*Mount new battery within 3 minutes after removing the old battery.



1. Insert the battery in a battery holder horizontally, and insert by the marked direction with + side facing up.



3. Insert PC board block with battery to connector so that it is fixed with 2 hooks of top and bottom. The side with battery is inside.

2. Make sure the battery is securely placed in the battery holder.



4. Insert PC board block to the end not to make mistake the direction and fix with 2 hooks correctly.

If the direction is different, it can not be inserted to the end. Be sure to check the direction.

Hooks

# Chapter 9 Specifications

9-1 Main unit					
Rated operating voltage	100-240V AC				
Rated frequency	50/60Hz common				
Rated power consumption	8VA				
Allowable operating voltage range	85-264V AC (85% to 110% of rated operating voltage)				
Allowable momentary power-off time	10ms				
Ambient temperature	-10 to +50°C(-25°C to +70°C at st	torage)			
Ambient humidity	30 to 85%RH(at 20°C non-conder	nsing)			
Breakdown voltage(initial)	Between the isolated circuits: 2000V for 1min note) Cut-off current: 10mA However protective varistor excluded.	A)Outer edge (case)—All terminals B)Insulated circuit •GND—All other terminals •Operating power supply terminals—			
Insulation resistance(initial)	Between the isolated circuits: 100MΩ or more (measured at 500V DC)	Analog input terminals • Operating power supply terminals Pulse input terminals • RS485—All other terminals • Pulse output terminals All other terminals note1			
Vibration resistance	10 to 55Hz (1cycle/min) single amplitude : 0.375mm(1h on 3 axes)				
Shock resistance	Min. 294m/s <sup>2</sup> (5 times on 3 axes)				
Display method	8-digit, 7-segment LED				
Power failure memory method	EEP-ROM (more than 100,000 overwrite)				
Size	48 x 96 x 98.5 mm				
Weight	AKW8111: approx.235g (without mounting bracket) AKW8111H: approx.250g (without mounting bracket)				

note1) Analog input terminals: No.11 to 20 / Pulse input terminal: No.4 and 5

# 9-2 Input Specifications 9-2-1 Electric power input

<u>9-2-1 Electri</u>	<u>c power input</u>				
	Power		Instantaneous active power (kW) Instantaneous reactive power (kvar) Instantaneous apparent power (kVA) Integrated active power (kWh) Integrated reactive power (kvarh) Integrated apparent power (kVAh)		
Measuring item	Voltage		Actual value Voltage		
	Current		(Between P1-P0, Between P2-P0, Between P3-P0) (V) Actual value Current (L1-phase current, L2-phase current, L3-phase current) (A)		
	Electricity charge		Integrated electricity charge		
	Others	0	Power factor, Frequency		
	Measured electric powe (Active, Appa		0.00 to 999999.99 <b>(kW / kVA)</b>		
	Measured electric powe (Reactive)		-99999.99 to 999999.99 <b>(kvar)</b>		
Display range	Integrated ele power (Active, Read Apparent)		0.00 to 9999999.9 <b>(kWh/ kvarh/ kVAh)</b>		
	Voltage		0.0 to 9999 <b>(V)</b>		
	Current		0.0 to 6000 <b>(A)</b>		
	Electricity cha	arge	0.00 to 99999999		
	Power factor	1	0.00 to 1.00 (with display "LEAD" when leading phase or "LAG" when lagging phase)		
	Frequency	Rating	50.0 to 60.0 <b>(Hz)</b>		
	Allowable		47.5 to 63.0 (Hz) (95 to 105% of rating)		
Phase and w	vire system		Single-phase two-wire system Single-phase three-wire system Three-phase three-wire system Three-phase four-wire system		
	Rating		Single-phase two-wire : 0-440V AC (Line voltage) Single-phase three-wire : 0-220V AC (Phase voltage) Three-phase three-wire : 0-440V AC (Line voltage) Three-phase four-wire : 0-254V AC (Phase voltage)		
	Allowance		85% to 120% of rated input voltage		
Measured input voltage	Allowable measurement voltage		Single-phase two-wire : 0-528V AC (Line voltage) Single-phase three-wire : 0-264V AC (Phase voltage) Three-phase three-wire : 0-528V AC (Line voltage) Three-phase four-wire : 0-300V AC (Phase voltage)		
	VT ratio		1.00 to 99.99 (Set with setting mode) <b>XVoltage transformer (VT) is required when you measure a load</b> with voltage over 440V system. <b>XSecondary current rating of commercial VT is 110V.</b>		
Input current	Primary side	rating	<ul> <li>•5A/50A/100A/250A/400A (In case using dedicated CT.) (Select with setting mode)</li> <li>•1 to 4000A (Set with setting mode)</li> <li><b>*Use a commercial CT with secondary side current of 5A when measure 400A or more.</b></li> <li><b>*Accuracy coverage:10 to 100% of rated current of CT</b></li> </ul>		
Special	Cut-off currer	nt	1.0 to 50.0%F.S		
functions	Current thres hour meter	hold for	1.0 to 100.0%F.S.		

Accuracy	Instantaneous electric power (active/reactive/apparent) Integrated electric power (active/reactive/apparent) Voltage Current Electricity charge	±2.5% F.S. ±1digit (at 20°C, rated input, rated frequency, power-factor 1) <b>%Accuracy coverage:10 to 100% of rated current of CT</b>			
(without error in CT and VT)	Hour meter	$\pm 0.01\% \pm 1$ digit (at 20°C) $ \begin{bmatrix} In case power on start or current energizing \\ \pm 0.01\% + 1s \pm 1 digit \end{bmatrix} $			
	Temperature	±1.5% F.S. /10°C ±1digit			
	characteristics	(Range of –10 to 50°C based on 20°C for rated input power-factor 1)			
	Frequency	±1.5% F.S.±1 digit (Frequency change±5% based on rated			
	characteristics	frequency, for rated input power-factor 1)			

# 9-2-2 Pulse input

Input mode	Addition (Fixed)
Max. counting speed	2kHz /30Hz (Select with setting mode)
Pulse input	Min. input signal width: 0.25ms (When 2kHz selected) /16.7ms (When 30Hz selected) ON:OFF ratio = 1 : 1
Input signal	Contact / No contact (open collector) • Impedance when shorted: 1kΩ • Residual voltage when shorted: Max. 2V • Impedance when open: 100kΩ
Output mode	HOLD (Over count)
Number of Digit	8-digit (0 to 99999999)

# 9-3 Pulse output (Transistor output) Specifications

Number of output point	1 point
Insulation method	Optical coupler
Output type	Open collector
Output capacity	100mA 30V DC
Pulse width	approx. 100ms
ON state voltage drop	1.5V or less
OFF state leakage current	100 $\mu$ A or less
Pulse output unit	0.001/0.01/0.1/1/10/100kWh/Alarm(AL-P)/Counter(Cnt) (Selectable with setting mode)

\* We recommend the setting of minimum unit for pulse output for measurement shown as below. Output pulse: 4 pulse or less per 1sec.

How to calculate

(Unit for pulse output: PL-P)>(Max. measurement power [kW]) / (3600[s] × 4 [pulse/s])

**Caution** (1) Improper unit setting may cause miss counting.

(2) If the OFF time is too short, there is a possibility of counting errors.

9-4 Communication Specificat
------------------------------

	ioution oper			
Interface		Conforming to RS485		
Protocol		MEWTOCOL/MODBUS(RTU) (selectable with setting mode)		
Isolation status		Isolated with the internal circuit		
Number of conn	ected units	99 (max.) <sup>**2</sup> * <sup>3</sup>		
Transmission di	stance	1200m (max.) <sup>%1</sup>		
Transmission speed		19200/9600/4800/2400bps (selectable with setting mode)		
<b>-</b>	Data length	8bit/7bit (selectable with setting mode) **4		
Transmission Format	Parity	Not available / Odd number / Even number (selectable with setting mode		
1 officiat	Stop bit	1bit(fixed)		
Communication	method	Half-duplex		
Synchronous system		Synchronous communication method		
Ending resistance		approx. 120 Ω (built-in)		
Factory setting	gs	·		

Protocol	Station no.	Transmission speed (Baud rate)	Data length	Parity	Stop bit
MEWTOCOL	1	19200 bps	8 bit	Odd number	1 bit (fixed)

%1 Please check with the actual devices when some commercial devices with RS485 interface are connected. The number of connected devices, transmission distance, transmission speed may be different according to using transmission line.

2 For RS485 converter on the computer side, we recommend SI-35 and SI-35USB (from LINE EYE Co., Ltd.).

%3 When using SI-35,SI-35USB or PLC from Matsushita Electric Works, Ltd. (which can be connected up to 99 units), up to 99 Eco-POWER METER can be connected. In case using this system with the other devices, up to 31 Eco-POWER METER can be connected.

%4 With MODBUS(RTU) protocol, it works only with 8bit.

# 9-5 Option Specifications (only for AKW8111H)

<u> </u>		Save cycle	60 minutes			
		Saved data	Integrated active power, Integrated reactive power, Integrated apparent power			
	Automatic logging	Saved data amount	Max. 2232 records *3 months			
Log function Memory of main unit	logging	Display	Monthly integrated electric power, Daily integrated electric power, Hourly integrated electric power (active, reactive, apparent)			
		Save cycle	1, 5, 10, 15, 30, 60 min.			
	Selected logging * <sup>5</sup>	Saved data	Integrated active power, Integrated reactive power, Integrated apparent power, Current, Voltage, Pulse count value			
		Saved data amount	Max. 2160 records *1.5 days (when save cycle is 1 min.)			
			Time accuracy			
Colordor timer			Monthly accuracy 240 seconds (at -10°C)			
Calendar timer			Monthly accuracy 70 seconds (at 25°C)			
			Monthly accuracy 240 seconds (at 50°C)			
Integrated active power for arbitrary		for arbitrary	Integrated active power in arbitrary period			
period			Display range: 0.00 to 9999999.9 (kWh)			
Backup contents by battery			Time measurement and log data storage			
Battery life *6,*7			About 5 years (at 25°C)			

\*5 Some software is required to check the saved data by selected logging function in memory of main unit. The recommended tool software "KW Monitor" is available for download from our website. (http://www.mew.co.jp/ac/e)

\*6 When battery power is reduced, "E" is blinking. Replace battery according to the procedures.

\*7 Battery life will be shorten if using this under high-temperature.

# 9-6 Dedicated Current Transformer Specifications

3-0 Deulcal		ransionner Specificatio	<b>JII</b> 5			
Par no.		AKW4801	AKW4802	AKW4803	AKW4804	
Primary side rated current		5A / 50A	100A	250A	400A	
Rated secondary side current		1.67mA / 16.7mA	33.3mA	125mA	200mA	
Winding (Turr	n)	3000	3000	2000	2000	
Ratio error			±2.0% F.S.			
Hole Dia (mm	)	φ10	<i>ф</i> 16	φ24	<i>ф</i> 36	
		AC1000V/1min AC2000V/1min				
Breakdown vo	oltage(initial)	(Between through hole(Between through holeand output lead wire)and output lead wire)				
Insulation resi	istance(initial)	Min. 100M $\Omega$ (at DC500V) (Between through hole and output lead wire)				
Vibration	Functional	10 to 55Hz(1cycle/ minute) single amplitude of 0.375mm (1 hrs. on X,Y and Z axes)				
resistance	Destructive	10 to 55Hz(1cycle/ minute) single amplitude of 0.15mm (10 min. on X,Y and Z axes)				
Shock	Functional	Min. 98m/s <sup>2</sup> (4 times on X,Y and Z axes)				
resistance	Destructive	Min. 294m/ s <sup>2</sup> (5 times on X,Y and Z axes)				
Output protect	tion level	$\pm$ 7.5V with clamp element $\pm$ 3.0V with clamp element				
Permissible clamping frequency		Approx. 100 times				
Ambient temperature		-10 to +50°C (without frost and non-condensing)				
Storage temperature		-20 to +60°C (without frost and non-condensing)				
Ambient humi	dity	35 to 80%RH (at 20°C non-condensing)				
Weight		Approx. 50g (Trunk cable included)	Approx. 80g (Trunk cable included)	Approx. 200g (without trunk cable)	Approx. 300g (without trunk cable)	

Note) Dedicated current transformers (CT), AKW4801, 4802, 4803, 4804, are dedicated for low voltage under 440V system. They can not be used for high voltage circuit. In case measuring high voltage circuit, make a 2-step construction by combination of a commercial CT of secondary side current 5A for high voltage and the dedicated CT for 5A (AKW4801).

# 9-7 Self-diagnostic function

	If an error occurs, the following indication will be given.					
	Indicator	Meaning	Output status	To recover		
	ERR0	CPU error	OFF	Turn the power off and then on again.		
Ī	ERR1	Memory error*		EEP-ROM life ended. Replace the unit.		

ion will be given

\*Includes the possibility that the EEP-ROM's life has expired.

# 9-8 Power Failure Memory

Eco-POWER METER memories integrated electric power and working status to internal EEP-ROM until when power supply is off. (Power failure guarantee)

And every time to change each setting, each setting value is memorized to internal EEP-ROM at the same time. Therefore, change setting frequently makes EEP-ROM's life short. Avoid to usage like this.

\*Especially be careful if you set by communication.

# Chapter 10 Mounting

10-1 Dimensions

10-1-1 Main unit

(Unit: mm) (Clearance:  $\pm 1.0$ )



Fastening torque: 0.6 to 1.0N·m



Attached trunk cable: L=(1000)









# 10-2 Panel cutout



# 10-3 Panel mounting



1) Insert a unit from the front of the panel.

2) Attach the mounting bracket by the holes at the top and bottom of case and secure in place with screws.

- Fastening torque: approx. 0.12N·m)
- Panel thickness: 1 to 15mm

# Revision History

Issue Date	Manual no.	Content of revision
August, 2007	ARCT1F440E	First edition
October, 2007	ARCT1F440E-1	Second edition
		Correct the error
June, 2008	ARCT1F440E-2	Third edition
		Product AKW8111H is added.
		Add the explanation of new function
		(Option function, Logging function etc.)

Please contact .....

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