



Prima•Stratum

User's Guide

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This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

NOTE - Shielded Telecommunication (T1 or E1) and Ethernet cables must be used with the Engage Prima•Stratum to ensure compliance with FCC Part 15 Class A limits.

CAUTION – To reduce the risk of fire, use only No. 26 AWG or larger listed Telecommunication cables.

Equipment Malfunction

If trouble is experienced with an Prima•Stratum, please contact the Engage Communication Service Center. If the equipment is causing harm to the telephone network, the telecommunications service provider may request that you disconnect the equipment until the problem is resolved.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

The Prima•Stratum User's Guide provides the information users require to install and operate the Prima•Stratum product. It is developed and manufactured by Engage Communication, Inc. The use of the Engage Prima•Stratum systems requires one Prima•Stratum. Cable connections and the setting of configuration variables are needed to install the Prima•Stratum.

Prima•Stratum

The Prima•Stratum model provides Stratum 1 level timing signals for interfacing TDM and IP based circuits. An optional OCXO Stratum IIIe oscillator can also be ordered which can be used as an alternate/backup clocking source

LAN Interface

The Prima•Stratum model features a five port 10/100BaseT Layer-2 Ethernet switch. These ports can be used for remote management.

WAN Interface

T1 interfaces offer an extremely accurate 1.544MHz/T1 reference clocks that are frequency locked to the Global Stratum 1 source.

E1 interfaces offer an extremely accurate 2.048MHz/E1 reference clocks that are frequency locked to the Global Stratum 1 source.

Note: An optional OCXO Stratum IIIe oscillator can also be ordered which can be used as an alternate/backup clocking source

GPS Antenna Interface

The GPS antenna interface allows the Prima•Stratum to use available GPS Satellites for Stratum 1 Clocking. This BNC interface is active, carrying voltage to the GPS antenna. Maximum recommended antenna cable distance is 10 meters. The antenna cable can be extended by proper use of line amplifiers. Although, it is much easier to extend the T1/E1 interface over long distances. Note: Antenna available for purchase as an option.

About this Guide

Organization

Chapter 1 - *Introduction* provides an overview of the Prima•Stratum User's Guide.

Chapter 2 - *QuickStart* provides concise configuration examples to get the experienced user up and running in a minimum of time.

Chapter 3 - *Installation* covers the physical environment and connections required when installing the Prima•Stratum. It also includes explanations of the Status LED's.

Chapter 4 - *Configuration Examples* is a collection of the more common configurations for various models and feature sets. These samples can be cut and pasted into the user interface as a shortcut in the configuration of Prima•Stratum units.

Chapter 5 - *Command Line Reference* provides a command-by-command description of the Engage CLI.

Chapter 6 - *Configuration and Operation* discusses the initial configuration and ongoing operation of the Prima•Stratum.

Appendices - Prima•Stratum specifications, connector pinouts and crossover wiring details.

Glossary - routers, networks, telecommunication and TCP/IP terminology.

Intended Audience

This manual is intended for experienced system administrators. The technical content is written for those who have basic computer, telecommunication and networking experience.

It is important that any administrator responsible for the installation and operation of Engage Prima•Stratum products be familiar with IP networking and data communication concepts, such as network addressing and synchronous serial interfaces. These concepts are central to an understanding of Prima•Stratum functionality. Several of the most common terms and concepts are covered in the Glossary section.

Chapter 2

Installation QuickStart

This *QuickStart* Chapter is intended for users who understand how they want their Prima•Stratum installed and configured and only require the mechanics of performing the installation. It includes the basic configuration of the unit. Refer to Chapter 4: *Configuration Examples* for cut and paste configuration.

Communication with the Prima•Stratum

Console Port

Initial communication with the Prima•Stratum is made through the Console port, utilizing the Command Line interface detailed in Chapter 5: *Command Line Interface*. Communication to the Console port should be set as:

9600 baud, 1 stop bit, no parity, 8 bit data, flow control none

The Console port on the Prima•Stratum utilizes an RJ45 jack. The Console port is configured as a DCE port. An RJ45/DB9 adapter is provided with the Prima•Stratum which permits a direct connection to DTE equipment, such as a COM connection of a PC.

Once a serial connection between a workstation and the Prima•Stratum Console port is established and a carriage return **<CR>** is entered, a **Login** prompt will appear.

The default login is: **root**.

No password is needed until it is set by the user, with the command **Passwd**.

Telnet

Once an IP address has been assigned to the Prima•Stratum Ethernet interface, the user can telnet into the Prima•Stratum from anywhere on the local network and continue configuration using the Command Line Interface.

Editing & Pasting Configurations

Users of the Command Line Interface, (CLI), have the option of editing standard Prima•Stratum configurations in a text editor and pasting that configuration to the Prima•Stratum. The examples in Chapter 4: *Configuration Examples* can be used as templates and include a variety of the most common configurations.

Edit the desired configuration listing using a simple text editor then connect to the Prima•Stratum through Telnet or the Console port and enter the configuration mode with the command: **config**.

Paste the edited text, comments and all, to the Prima•Stratum then issue the command: **save**. The Prima•Stratum will reset and come up with the new configuration.

To save an Prima•Stratum configuration, issue the command: **show configuration all** and save the response listing to a text file.

Ethernet Cabling

The Prima•Stratum model use standard or crossover 10/100BaseT Ethernet cabling to connect to any Ethernet device. The switch will auto-sense the required electrical connection for communication with the device is it connected to.

Serial Cabling

Typically, a crossover cable is required to connect the Prima•Stratum T1/E1 ports to the T1/E1 equipment interface. The Prima•Stratum T1/E1 is shipped with T1/E1 Crossover Cables that uses yellow cabling. Refer to the *Appendices* for the details of the wiring of this cable. Although, on some occasions a T1 standard cable may be needed.

GPS Antenna Cabling

The Prima•Stratum has a 50Ω BNC connector on the rear of the unit for connection to the GPS antenna. The antenna needs a supply voltage provided thru the BNC cable. The maximum BNC cable length is 10 meters. The antenna cable can be extended by use of line amplifiers. Although, it is much easier to extend the T1/E1 interface over long distances. Recommended antenna is Garmin GA 30, which is available for purchase as an option.

Prima•Stratum Configuration Parameters

The setup of the Prima•Stratum involves configuration of the following:

- Prima•Stratum System Parameters
- Interface Specific parameters

Examples are provided in Chapter 4: *Configuration Examples* and a complete description of all commands is available in Chapter 5: *Command Line Interface*.

Prima•Stratum System Parameters

System parameters include the Prima•Stratum Hostname, the Ethernet IP address and the default router.

Examples:

Host Name Aptos PrimaStratum

Note: Provide a unique name for the Prima•Stratum.

Ethernet IP address

IP ADDRESS aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd/ee

The IP address is applied on a per-interface basis.

Ethernet Broadcast Reception

The Ethernet interface can be configured to disable the reception of Broadcast and Multicast packets.

BroadcastRCV {ON | OFF}

Note: The Destination Prima•Stratum or the Default Router and any local device that wants to communicate with the Prima•Stratum needs to be configured with the MAC address of the Prima•Stratum in its ARP table. Due to the complexity involved in setting up the IP Address to Ethernet MAC address

manually it is recommended that BroadcastRCV be set to **On**, unless broadcast storms are expected on the network where the Prima•Stratum resides.

Prima•Stratum Default-Router

If there is a need to route to a different IP network the Default-Router must be entered. The Default Router is typically the local IP WAN Router.

IP DEFAULT-ROUTER aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd

Interface Specific Parameters

T1 Configuration Parameters

The Prima•Stratum T1 serial interface (S1), is configured for T1 operation at the factory. The following T1 parameters must match the configuration of the DS1/T1 interface to which it is connected. The **T1 Clocking** parameter in S2, S3 and S4 will be the same as S1, master clocking selector.

Interface S1

Type T1	
T1 Data	{Normal Invert}
T1 Clocking	{GPS OCXO}
T1 LBO	{CSU {0dB -7.5dB -15 dB -22.5dB} DSX-1 NN}
T1 Framing	{ESF D4}
T1 Coding	{B8ZS AMI}
T1 IdleCharacter	0xNN
T1 Channels	{Full}

Note: T1 Clocking OCXO is available for the Prima•Stratum as an upgradable option.

E1 Configuration Parameters

The Prima•Stratum E1 serial interface number 1, (S1), is configured for E1 operation by the manufacturer. The following E1 parameters must match the configuration of the E1 interface to which it is connected. The **T1 Clocking** parameter in S2, S3 and S4 will be the same as S1, master clocking selector.

Interface S1

Type E1	
E1 Data	{Normal Invert}
E1 Clocking	{GPS OCXO}
E1 Framing	{CRC4 FAS UNFRAMED}
E1 Coding	{HDB3 AMI}
E1 IdleCharacter	0xNN
E1 Channels	{Full}

Note: E1 Clocking OCXO is available for the Prima•Stratum as an upgradable option.

Chapter 3

Installation of the Prima•Stratum

This chapter provides details on the physical connections required for the installation of Engage Prima•Stratum equipment and the initial communication with the Prima•Stratum via the console port.

References are made to the *Configuration and Operation* of the Prima•Stratum as well as to the *Command Line Interface (CLI)*. These topics are covered in detail in later chapters.

Installation Requirements

The use of Engage Prima•Stratum system will create a Stratum 1 timing signals for interfacing TDM and IP based circuits. An optional OCXO Stratum IIIe oscillator can also be ordered which can be used as an alternate/backup clocking source

A standard Prima•Stratum package includes:

- Prima•Stratum unit - with installed WAN interfaces
- Console port adapter and cable
- One cross-over T1/E1 cable per port
- RJ45 to DB15 male adapter for 120 ohm balanced (for E1 operation)
- Power Converter (110 or 220 Vac input/12 Vdc output)
- Documentation CD with *Prima•Stratum User's Guide*
- Optional - Weatherproof GPS Antenna with 10 meter cable and mounting hardware

Installing the Hardware

Locating the Prima•Stratum

Site consideration is important for proper operation of the Prima•Stratum. The user should install the unit in an environment providing:

- A well-ventilated indoor location
- Access within six feet of a power outlet
- Two feet additional clearance around the unit to permit easy cabling connection
- Within 10 meters where of the GPS Antenna will be mounted

The Prima•Stratum can be mounted on a standard 19 inch equipment rack, available from Engage.

Powering the Prima•Stratum

Engage Prima•Stratum units utilize an external power adapter, available in 110 VAC and 220 VAC versions, providing AC output.

The appropriate power adapter is provided with each unit. Ensure the power adapter is not connected to power before plugging the AC adapter into the rear panel power connector.

Connect the power adapter to an appropriate AC power outlet and check the power led on the front panel of the Engage Prima•Stratum. The power led will be a steady green when the internal diagnostics have completed.

Console Port

All Prima•Stratum models include a Console port for configuration. The Console port may be used for serial communication from a local workstation. Prima•Stratum models utilize an RJ45 jack for the Console port. The Console port is configured as a DCE (Data Communication Equipment) port.

An RJ45 to DB9 adapter is provided with the Prima•Stratum which provides a physical interface permitting direct connection to DTE equipment, such as the COM1 interface of a PC.

Pinouts for the Console port, as well as Engage supplied adapters, are provided in the *Appendices*.

Communication to the console port should be set for,

9600 baud, 1 stop bit, no parity, 8 bit fixed, flow control none.

Once a serial connection between a workstation and the Prima•Stratum Console port is established and a carriage return <CR> is entered, a **LOGIN** prompt will appear.

The default **Login** is: **root**.

No password is needed until it is user set. The command **PASSWD** can be used to set a password.

Configuring the Engage Prima•Stratum for the LAN

The Prima•Stratum needs to be configured with a number of parameters for proper operation on the local area network including:

- Ethernet IP address and subnet mask
- Default gateway if routing to another IP network

The configuration procedure depends on the network environment in which the Prima•Stratum is to be installed.

Note: It is strongly suggested that you configure the Prima•Stratum with its unique network identity before making any Ethernet or Wide Area connections.

Ethernet Interface

The Prima•Stratum use a 10/100BaseT to connect to the Local Area Network. Each system provides five 10/100BaseT interfaces. ETH1 and ETH2 are for WAN connections, ETH3, ETH4 and ETH5 are connected to ETH1 internally and create a 4port switch.

Standard or crossover 10/100BaseT Ethernet cabling can be used to connect to any Ethernet device. The switch will auto-sense the required electrical connection for communication with the device it is connected to.

10/100BaseT Ethernet cabling and crossover pinouts are provided in the *Appendices*.

Prima•Stratum Serial Interface Options

T1 Interface

The internal T1 interfaces, (S1, S2, S3, or S4), are used to provide Stratum 1 timing signals. The interface connects to the T1 interface of T1 based telecommunication equipment such as a PBX or a T1 Multiplexer. This connection uses a panel RJ48 jack and accepts 8 pin modular plugs. T1 circuits use pins 1&2 for RxData and 4&5 for TxData. See *Appendices* for the T1 interface pinout.

All T1 configuration items, including Line Coding, Framing and Clock Source, are configurable using the Command Line Interface, (CLI).

E1 Interface

The internal E1 DSU/CSU permits direct connection to the E1 interface of E1 based telecommunication equipment such as a PBX or an E1 Multiplexer. This connection uses a panel RJ48 jack and accepts 8 pin modular plugs. E1 circuits use pins 1&2 for RxData and 4&5 for TxData. An RJ48/DB15 adapter cable is available if the E1 line is terminated in a 15 pin male "D" connector. See *Appendices* for E1 pinout and cable specification.

Note: The E1 interface is 120 ohm, balanced. The E1 RJ45 interface is converted to the E1 120 balanced DB15 Male interface via an RJ45 to DB15 male adapter.

All E1 configuration items, including Line Coding and Clock Source, are configurable using the Command Line Interface.

Prima•Stratum GPS Antenna Interface

BNC Interface

The 50Ω BNC connector is located on the rear of the unit to attach a GPS antenna. This BNC cable carries voltage to the GPS antenna for operation. The maximum recommended cable length is 10 meters. The length can be extended if line amplifiers are properly used. Although, the T1/E1 interface can easily handle long distances. The recommended antenna is the Garmin GA 30, available as an option.

Status LEDs

Front panel LEDs provide Power, Ethernet and Serial Interface status.

Power - The Power LED is normally green, although at power-on it may briefly blink if a firmware upgrade, (TFTP upgrade stored in the FLASH ROM) is being loaded.

Ethernet

The Prima•Stratum T1 provides specific information, with EthRX and EthTX indicators providing status on packet transmission and receipt, respectively, on the Ethernet interface:

- When receiving, the RxD will show GREEN
- When transmitting, the TxD will show GREEN

Serial Interfaces

The Prima•Stratum provides specific information, with ST and LNK indicators provide link status, communication processor and framing, respectively, from the T1/E1 device or line to which the Prima•Stratum is connected.

There are four indicators, S1 through S4 indicators providing status on valid framing from the T1/E1 device or line. Please note that the S1 through S4 indicators will only show connections for the amount of ports purchased:

- When the communication processor recognizes the port, ENA will show a steady GREEN. This will show the enabled ports.
- For correct framing status, LNK will indicate a steady GREEN. This shows that the Prima•Stratum is receiving correct framing.
- If the framing is removed or lost from the serial interface, the ST will light AMBER and the LNK will turn off.
- The TD and RD Leds are currently unassigned.

GPS Interface

The Prima•Stratum provides a visible LED on the rear of the unit. This LED will light GREEN when locked to GPS Satellites.

Internal Switches

The Prima•Stratum has a single push-button switch (SW2). When holding this switch during the boot cycle it will do the following:

- Force operation from Base Flash and delete downloaded upgrades.
- Allows login without a password when forgotten

The rear panel must be removed and the motherboard slid out slightly to access the switch.

SNMP Support

All Engage products support Simple Network Management Protocol, (SNMP) version 1. SNMP support provides access via IP to groups of administrative, configuration-related, and statistical information objects about the Engage device. An Ethernet connection to the device and a PC with an application which provides an SNMP version 1 client are required.

An SNMP client will query the device and display the information objects and their values to the user. Groups of SNMP information objects are referred to as MIBs (Management Information Base). The Engage Prima•Stratum products support most of MIB-II (MIB-2). Subgroups of information in MIB-II are listed below.

Please e-mail suport@engageinc.com for Engage Communication MIB Definitions.

System group: contains system information such as a designated system identifier, location, and vendor ID (Engage).

Interface group: contains information about the network connections on the device including interface type, link status, packets transmitted and received.

AT group: contains information about the ARP entries on the device including the values for MAC Address and IP Address for each entry.

IP group: contains IP statistics and configuration on the device including IP packets received, packets discarded, and IP address and subnet mask.

ICMP group: contains statistics for ICMP statistics including packets sent for redirect, port unreachable, or echo requests (Ping).

UDP group: contains statistics for UDP including packets received and transmitted, and packets sent to a UDP port with no listener.

SNMP group: contains statistics for the SNMP protocol including packets received and transmitted, error packets, and number of set requests.

For more detail, MIB-II is fully specified in RFC1213, available at <http://www.faqs.org/rfcs/rfc1213.html>.

The Prima•Stratum support a generation of SNMPv1 Traps. Traps are messages sent from the device's LAN port when specific events occur.

The following traps may be generated:

- coldStart: this trap is generated if the Prima•Stratum re-initializes itself after a configuration change.
- warmStart: this trap is generated if the Prima•Stratum re-initializes itself after a reset which does not involve a configuration change.
- authenticationFailure: this trap is generated when a login to the user interface or an SNMPv1 SetRequest failed because an incorrect password was given.
- enterprisespecific: these are Engage proprietary traps.

For more detail on the industry standard traps, please see <http://www.faqs.org/rfcs/rfc1157.html>.

Chapter 4

Configuration Examples

The following examples are generic in that they will properly configure the most basic Prima•Stratum, with one to four ports. Use only the portion of the example that matches the number of ports that are being configured.

Example 1: T1 Configuration for ESF Framing and B8ZS Coding

```
config  
interface
```

```
Host Name PrimaStratum  
Host Location Site A  
Telnet On  
UserTimeout Off  
snmp off  
snmp traps off
```

Interface LAN1

```
Auto On  
IP Address 192.168.1.50/24  
Port On  
BroadcastRcv On
```

Interface LAN2

```
Auto On  
IP Address 192.168.2.50/24  
Port Off  
BroadcastRcv On
```

Interface S1

```
Type T1  
T1 Mode          Term  
T1 Equalization  On  
T1 Data          Normal  
T1 Clocking      GPS  
T1 LBO           CSU      0dB  
T1 Framing       ESF  
T1 Coding        B8ZS  
T1 IdleCharacter 0x7F  
T1 TxUnderrunAIS Off  
T1 Channels      Full
```

Interface S2

```
Type T1  
T1 Mode          Term  
T1 Equalization  Off  
T1 Data          Normal  
T1 Clocking      GPS  
T1 LBO           CSU      0dB  
T1 Framing       ESF  
T1 Coding        B8ZS  
T1 IdleCharacter 0x7F  
T1 TxUnderrunAIS Off
```



```

T1 Channels      Full

Interface S3
Type T1
T1 Mode          Term
T1 Equalization  Off
T1 Data          Normal
T1 Clocking      GPS
T1 LBO           CSU      0dB
T1 Framing       ESF
T1 Coding        B8ZS
T1 IdleCharacter 0x7F
T1 TxUnderrunAIS Off
T1 Channels      Full

```

```

Interface S4
Type T1
T1 Mode          Term
T1 Equalization  Off
T1 Data          Normal
T1 Clocking      GPS
T1 LBO           CSU      0dB
T1 Framing       ESF
T1 Coding        B8ZS
T1 IdleCharacter 0x7F
T1 TxUnderrunAIS Off
T1 Channels      Full

```

Example 2: T1 Configuration for D4 Framing and AMI Coding

```

config
interface

Host Name PrimaStratum
Host Location Site A
Telnet On
UserTimeout Off
snmp off
snmp traps off

Interface LAN1
Auto On
IP Address 192.168.1.50/24
Port On
BroadcastRcv On

Interface LAN2
Auto On
IP Address 192.168.2.50/24
Port Off
BroadcastRcv On

Interface S1
Type T1
T1 Mode          Term
T1 Equalization  On
T1 Data          Normal

```

```

T1 Clocking      GPS
T1 LBO          CSU      0dB
T1 Framing      D4
T1 Coding       AMI
T1 IdleCharacter 0x7F
T1 TxUnderrunAIS Off
T1 Channels     Full

```

Interface S2

```

Type T1
T1 Mode         Term
T1 Equalization Off
T1 Data         Normal
T1 Clocking     GPS
T1 LBO          CSU      0dB
T1 Framing      D4
T1 Coding       AMI
T1 IdleCharacter 0x7F
T1 TxUnderrunAIS Off
T1 Channels     Full

```

Interface S3

```

Type T1
T1 Mode         Term
T1 Equalization Off
T1 Data         Normal
T1 Clocking     GPS
T1 LBO          CSU      0dB
T1 Framing      D4
T1 Coding       AMI
T1 IdleCharacter 0x7F
T1 TxUnderrunAIS Off
T1 Channels     Full

```

Interface S4

```

Type T1
T1 Mode         Term
T1 Equalization Off
T1 Data         Normal
T1 Clocking     GPS
T1 LBO          CSU      0dB
T1 Framing      D4
T1 Coding       AMI
T1 IdleCharacter 0x7F
T1 TxUnderrunAIS Off
T1 Channels     Full

```

Example 3: E1 Configuration for CRC4 Framing and HDB3 Coding

```

config
interface

Host Name PrimaStratum
Host Location Site A
Telnet On
UserTimeout Off
snmp off

```

snmp traps off

Interface LAN1

Auto On
IP Address 192.168.1.50/24
Port On
BroadcastRcv On

Interface LAN2

Auto On
IP Address 192.168.2.50/24
Port Off
BroadcastRcv On

Interface S1

Type E1
E1 Mode Term
E1 Equalization Off
E1 Data Normal
E1 Clocking GPS
E1 Framing CRC4
E1 Coding HDB3
E1 IdleCharacter 0x7F
E1 TxUnderrunAIS Off
E1 Channels Full

Interface S2

Type E1
E1 Mode Term
E1 Equalization Off
E1 Data Normal
E1 Clocking GPS
E1 Framing CRC4
E1 Coding HDB3
E1 IdleCharacter 0x7F
E1 TxUnderrunAIS Off
E1 Channels Full

Interface S3

Type E1
E1 Mode Term
E1 Equalization Off
E1 Data Normal
E1 Clocking GPS
E1 Framing CRC4
E1 Coding HDB3
E1 IdleCharacter 0x7F
E1 TxUnderrunAIS Off
E1 Channels Full

Interface S4

Type E1
E1 Mode Term
E1 Equalization Off
E1 Data Normal
E1 Clocking GPS
E1 Framing CRC4
E1 Coding HDB3
E1 IdleCharacter 0x7F
E1 TxUnderrunAIS Off

E1 Channels Full

Example 4: E1 Configuration for FAS Framing and AMI Coding

```
config
interface

Host Name PrimaStratum
Host Location Site A
Telnet On
UserTimeout Off
snmp off
snmp traps off

Interface LAN1
Auto On
IP Address 192.168.1.50/24
Port On
BroadcastRcv On

Interface LAN2
Auto On
IP Address 192.168.2.50/24
Port Off
BroadcastRcv On

Interface S1
Type E1
E1 Mode Term
E1 Equalization Off
E1 Data Normal
E1 Clocking GPS
E1 Framing FAS
E1 Coding AMI
E1 IdleCharacter 0x7F
E1 TxUnderrunAIS Off
E1 Channels Full

Interface S2
Type E1
E1 Mode Term
E1 Equalization Off
E1 Data Normal
E1 Clocking GPS
E1 Framing FAS
E1 Coding AMI
E1 IdleCharacter 0x7F
E1 TxUnderrunAIS Off
E1 Channels Full

Interface S3
Type E1
E1 Mode Term
E1 Equalization Off
E1 Data Normal
E1 Clocking GPS
E1 Framing FAS
```

```

E1 Coding          AMI
E1 IdleCharacter   0x7F
E1 TxUnderrunAIS  Off
E1 Channels        Full

```

Interface S4

```

Type E1
E1 Mode           Term
E1 Equalization   Off
E1 Data           Normal
E1 Clocking       GPS
E1 Framing        FAS
E1 Coding         AMI
E1 IdleCharacter   0x7F
E1 TxUnderrunAIS  Off
E1 Channels        Full

```

Example 5: T1 and E1 Configuration

```

config
interface

```

```

Host Name PrimaStratum
Host Location Site A
Telnet On
UserTimeout Off
snmp off
snmp traps off

```

Interface LAN1

```

Auto On
IP Address 192.168.1.50/24
Port On
BroadcastRcv On

```

Interface LAN2

```

Auto On
IP Address 192.168.2.50/24
Port Off
BroadcastRcv On

```

Interface S1

```

Type T1
T1 Mode           Term
T1 Equalization   On
T1 Data           Normal
T1 Clocking       GPS
T1 LBO           CSU      0dB
T1 Framing        ESF
T1 Coding         B8ZS
T1 IdleCharacter   0x7F
T1 TxUnderrunAIS  Off
T1 Channels        Full

```

Interface S2

```

Type T1
T1 Mode           Term

```

T1 Equalization	On	
T1 Data	Normal	
T1 Clocking	GPS	
T1 LBO	CSU	0dB
T1 Framing	ESF	
T1 Coding	B8ZS	
T1 IdleCharacter	0x7F	
T1 TxUnderrunAIS	Off	
T1 Channels	Full	

Interface S3

Type E1	
E1 Mode	Term
E1 Equalization	Off
E1 Data	Normal
E1 Clocking	GPS
E1 Framing	CRC4
E1 Coding	HDB3
E1 IdleCharacter	0x7F
E1 TxUnderrunAIS	Off
E1 Channels	Full

Interface S4

Type E1	
E1 Mode	Term
E1 Equalization	Off
E1 Data	Normal
E1 Clocking	GPS
E1 Framing	CRC4
E1 Coding	HDB3
E1 IdleCharacter	0x7F
E1 TxUnderrunAIS	Off
E1 Channels	Full

Example 6: T1 and E1 Configuration for OCXO

```

config
interface

Host Name PrimaStratum
Host Location Site A
Telnet On
UserTimeout Off
snmp off
snmp traps off

Interface LAN1
Auto On
IP Address 192.168.1.50/24
Port On
BroadcastRcv On

Interface LAN2
Auto On
IP Address 192.168.2.50/24
Port Off
BroadcastRcv On

```

Interface S1

Type	T1		
T1 Mode	Term		
T1 Equalization	On		
T1 Data	Normal		
T1 Clocking	OCXO		
T1 LBO	CSU	0dB	
T1 Framing	ESF		
T1 Coding	B8ZS		
T1 IdleCharacter	0x7F		
T1 TxUnderrunAIS	Off		
T1 Channels	Full		

Interface S2

Type	T1		
T1 Mode	Term		
T1 Equalization	On		
T1 Data	Normal		
T1 Clocking	OCXO		
T1 LBO	CSU	0dB	
T1 Framing	ESF		
T1 Coding	B8ZS		
T1 IdleCharacter	0x7F		
T1 TxUnderrunAIS	Off		
T1 Channels	Full		

Interface S3

Type	E1		
E1 Mode	Term		
E1 Equalization	Off		
E1 Data	Normal		
E1 Clocking	OCXO		
E1 Framing	CRC4		
E1 Coding	HDB3		
E1 IdleCharacter	0x7F		
E1 TxUnderrunAIS	Off		
E1 Channels	Full		

Interface S4

Type	E1		
E1 Mode	Term		
E1 Equalization	Off		
E1 Data	Normal		
E1 Clocking	OCXO		
E1 Framing	CRC4		
E1 Coding	HDB3		
E1 IdleCharacter	0x7F		
E1 TxUnderrunAIS	Off		
E1 Channels	Full		

Chapter 5

Command Line Interface

The Prima•Stratum Command Line can be accessed with a serial connection to the Console port or a Telnet connection via the Ethernet interface.

For communication through the Console port, almost any standard terminal communication software can be used such as Hyperterm or Teraterm. The console port can be utilized to communicate with the Prima•Stratum locally, through a terminal, or remotely by dialing in through a modem.

Telnet, part of the TCP/IP Protocol Suite, provides a general communications facility defining a standard method of interfacing terminal devices to each other. Any standard Telnet application can be used to communicate to an Engage Prima•Stratum provided there is IP connectivity between the User Host and the Prima•Stratum.

Console Communication

Serial communication to the console port should be configured for,

9600 baud, 1 stop bit, no parity, 8 bit data, flow control none.

The console port is an RJ45 jack and an appropriate cable and adapter are provided with the Prima•Stratum for use with standard 9 pin COM ports. The RJ45 console port is configured as a DCE, (data communication equipment), port.

Upon connecting enter a <cr> and a **LOGIN** prompt will appear.

The default **Login** ID is **root**.

No password is needed until the user sets it with the **PASSWD** command.

Logging in to the Prima•Stratum

A Telnet session is opened by providing the IP address of the Prima•Stratum. On opening a Command Line Interface, (CLI), session, via Telnet or the Console port, the **Login** prompt requires entry of a login ID.

The default login ID: **root**.

The Prima•Stratum is shipped with no password set. Passwords are set or modified with the **passwd** command, detailed below.

Overview of Commands

The Engage CLI supports shorthand character entry. At most, 3 characters are required for the parsing of the commands. For example, **show configuration** can be entered as: **sh con**. The CLI is not case sensitive. Description of the commands uses both upper and lower case for syntax definitions and examples.

A full description of the command line interface follows.

Categories

The command set can be divided into four categories:

- General
- Show
- Config
- Config Interface

Online Help

Included in the General commands is the HELP command, providing information on the entire command set. The Help command can be used in or out of the configuration modes.

Configuration Modes

For the Config and Config Interface commands, Engage employs a model approach. The user enters the Config mode with the **CONFIG** command, makes changes, then **SAVEs** those changes. **END** enables you to exit the config mode with out making any changes.

The Config Interface mode, within the Config mode, is used to set parameters for a specified interface. Once in the Configuration mode, the user enters the **INTERFACE** command specifying the port that is to be configured. All subsequent commands apply to the specified interface.

Example:

```
name## INTERFACE S1
```

The command prompt indicates the mode of operation:

```
name#        the single “#” indicates standard Telnet mode
```

```
name##       indicates the Prima•Stratum is in the Config mode
```

```
name(LAN1)##       Prima•Stratum is in Config Interface mode for LAN Port 1
```

To move up one level, from Interface Config mode to Config mode, enter the **INTERFACE** command with no argument. To change between interfaces when in Interface Config mode, specify the new interface. For example:

```
name(s1)## INTERFACE LAN1
```

Syntax for Command Parameters

{ } == one of the parameters in set is required

[] == one of the parameters in set is allowed (optional)

Show Config All

The **SHOW CONFIG ALL** command provides the means to store and replay an entire configuration. Using a cut and paste operation, configurations may be edited off-line, stored and used later to configure the Prima•Stratum unit .

System Level or "General" Commands

CONFIG

Enter the configuration mode, with the command **CONFIG**, at which point the following commands may be used:

SAVE

Save the changes and exit Configuration mode.

END [SAVE]

Exit Configuration mode. The optional **SAVE** instructs the Prima•Stratum to save configuration changes.

RESTORE

Restores the current Prima•Stratum configuration, ignoring any changes which have been made during the current Telnet **CONFIG** session.

PASSWD

Allows setting or modifying the login password. The Prima•Stratum ships with no password set. Upon entering the **PASSWD** command, the user is prompted to enter, and confirm, the new password.

BYE | QUIT | LOGOUT

Any of these commands will terminate the Telnet session. If you have unsaved configuration changes, you will be prompted to save or discard the new configuration.

RESET

Resets the Prima•Stratum.

HELP [HELP | ALL | CONFIG | SHOW]

Provides Help information on a selected list of topics. Typing **HELP** with no argument provides the Help summary screen which is the top-level list of commands.

CLEAR {LAN1 | LAN2 | S1 | S2 | S3 | S4 | All}

Clears the port statistics on the selected port: Ethernet, LAN Port 1, etc.

HOST NAME namestring

Provide a unique name for the Prima•Stratum. The new host name does not take effect until a save and reset is performed.

Example:

HOST NAME Aptos PrimaStratum

Note: Earlier versions of the Engage software use the term **ROUTER NAME**.

TELNET {ON | OFF}

Turns the ability to telnet into a Prima•Stratum unit On and Off.

USER TIMEOUT {Off | 1-60}

This setting can be turned Off or set to the number of minutes you can leave your console or telnet session idle before the system automatically logs you out. If logged off you must simply log on again. Note: Setting this value to Off or zero disables automatic user logout.

TERM NN

Allows the user to tailor the number of display lines to their terminal screen size.

IP DEFAULT-ROUTER address

Configures the IP address of the default router or gateway for this Unit. This default router is the system's default router and is used when a specific interface is not set to a higher precedence default router with the Interface config command, **IP Default-router**.

PING {dest.address} [src.address] [[{number}]|spray]

Sends an ICMP ECHO message to the specified address. Any source address from an interface on the Prima•Stratum can be used. This can be useful to test routes across a LAN or WAN interface.

By default, only 1 message, (packet), is sent. A numeric value can be entered to send more than one message. Also **SPRAY** can be used to continually send messages until the ESC key is pressed.

Upgrade Firmware

UPGRADE {TFTP Server Addr} {Filename}

TFTP, (trivial file transfer protocol), provides a means for upgrading Prima•Stratum firmware in a TCP/IP environment. A TFTP upgrade can be accomplished by acquiring the upgrade file from Engage Communication Technical Support and placing it on your own local TFTP server.

Example:

UPGRADE 157.22.234.129 58.72.64_upgrade.upg

Ensure IP connectivity between the Prima•Stratum and the TFTP server by pinging from one to the other. Then issue the upgrade command.

Note: An Prima•Stratum which is running an upgrade must go through a reset. This may cause a Telnet connection to drop. If this does occur, simply re-establish the Telnet connection.

SNMP Configuration

SNMP {ON | OFF}

Turns **ON** or **OFF** receipt and transmission of standard SNMP queries, excluding traps.

Note: **OFF** disables processing and responses to standard SNMP queries, excluding traps.

SNMP COMMUNITYNAME [ReadWrite]

Set or modify Prima•Stratum SNMP community name. This string is used for authentication of SNMP SetRequests and SNMP traps.

The default community name is "public".

Note: Do not enter a pass phrase to create the host key or password.

Example: SNMP Community Name Read (Get) Only

```
PrimaStratum#snmp communityname
Enter new password:<password string not echoed>
Confirm new password:<password string not echoed>
PrimaStratum#
```

Example: SNMP Community Name Read Write (Set/Get)

```
PrimaStratum#snmp communityname readwrite
Enter new password::<password string not echoed>
Confirm new password::<password string not echoed>
PrimaStratum#
```

SNMP TRAPS {ON | OFF}

Turns **ON** or **OFF** generation of SNMPv1 Traps. The Destination Address for these traps must be configured to be an SNMP management station capable of decoding SNMPv1 traps.

SNMP TRAPS ADDRESS address

Sets the Destination IP Address to which the Prima•Stratum will send SNMPv1 Traps.

SHOW Commands

SHOW INTERFACE [LAN1 | LAN2 | S1 | S2 | S3 | S4] {INFO | STATISTICS}

Provides details on any LAN or serial interface. If no interface is specified, either the current interface, per the “**Interface**” command will be used, or all interfaces will be shown.

INFO

Details the port type, port state, GPS lock state, antenna fault state, GPS holdover state, etc.

STATISTICS

Lists the packets received and transmitted, errors, etc.

SHOW ROUTER

Provides general configuration and status information, including the Ethernet hardware addresses and the firmware version.

SHOW IP STATISTICS

Provides more detailed statistics on IP packets only.

SHOW CONFIG ALL

Provides a list of all configuration parameters. No argument is the same as ALL. This list provides the basis for storing an Prima•Stratum configuration into a local text file. The full configuration can be edited in a text editor for simple "cut and paste" configuration of the unit.

SHOW CONFIG INTERFACE [LAN1 | LAN2 | S1 | S2 | S3 | S4]

If no interface is specified, either the current interface per the "interface" command will be used, or all interfaces will be shown.

SHOW CONFIG IP [ALL]

Details the IP configuration. No argument is the same as ALL, which provides configuration items which don't pertain to a specific port, i.e. default router, gateway, etc.

SHOW CONFIG ROUTER

Lists Prima•Stratum Hostname, IP Address, etc.

SHOW SSHD INFO

Use the Show Info or Show SSHD Info to determine the state of the SSHD Server.

LAN Interface Statistics**Packets Received**

The number of LAN packets received.

Receive CRC

The packet had a CRC error.

Receive Overrun

Overrun of internal FIFO used in transfer of LAN data to memory, or a frame was received and discarded due to lack of buffers, or a large frame was received.

Receive Framing

A non-octect aligned frame was received.

Receive Misc

A short frame was received, or a general error indicating an unexpected result in an buffer descriptor, or a buffer that was not a complete frame was received on the Ethernet channel.

Packets Transmitted

Number of LAN packets transmitted.

Transmit CSL

Carrier sense lost during frame transmission.

Transmit UN

Underrun, the Ethernet controller encountered a transmitter underrun while sending a buffer.

Transmit RL

Retransmission Limit. The transmitter failed attempts to successfully send a message due to repeated collisions (statistic not set on Prima•Stratum).

Transmit LC

Late collision. A collision occurred after 64 bytes are sent (statistic not set on Prima•Stratum).

Transmit Misc

Unspecified transmit error not associated with a buffer.

Serial Interface Information

Port Type

Shows if the port is set up as T1 or E1.

Connection State

Reports **Connected** when the port is receiving proper framing. This will turn on the LNK LED.
Reports **Not Connected** otherwise.

GPS Lock Status

Reports **Locked** if GPS module is locked to satellite signal.
Reports **Not Locked** when GPS has lost satellite signal.

Antenna Fault Status

Reports **No Fault** if the antenna is working properly.
Reports **Fault Detected** when a fault is detected with the antenna supply voltage.

GPS Holdover Status

Reports **Not In Holdover** if antenna is not in holdover.
Reports **In Holdover** when antenna is in holdover – keeping the last frequency present when it was last locked to the GPS signal.

Serial Interface Statistics

Not relevant for Prima•Stratum product.

SSHD Information

SSHD: Off

The SSHD server is configured off. No connections are accepted. If configured On, on unit start up the SSHD server will be in this state for a very short time until the SSHD server is started.

SSHD: No Host Key, Run SSHD HostKey Enter

A connection was attempted, but the SSHD server does not have a valid host key. Use the SSHD HostKey Enter command to configure a valid host key. Do not enter a pass phrase.

SSHD: Stopped

A brief transient state when SSHD is stopped during a configuration save operation.

SSHD: Running - No active session

The SSHD Server is running and ready to accept incoming connections, but no session is currently active.

SSHD: Running - Session active

An SSH session is currently active.

Config Interface Commands

Configuration of the Prima•Stratum involves setting parameters for the Ethernet interfaces, (LAN1 and LAN2), and the Serial interfaces, (**S1 | S2 | S3 | S4**), which may be T1 or E1 interfaces. The user must specify which interface is being configured with the command:

```
INTERFACE [LAN1 | LAN2 | S1 | S2 | S3 | S4]
```

Example:

```
name(s1)## INTERFACE LAN1
```

Local Area Network Interfaces

PORT {OFF | ON}

PORT enables or disables the Ethernet interface.

AUTONEGOTIATION {ON | OFF}

Enable or disable IEEE 802.3 Auto-Negotiation on the Ethernet interface.

Warning: If the device connected to LAN1 uses Auto-Negotiation and LAN1 is configured to use full duplex without Auto-Negotiation, the other device may operate in half duplex mode by default and successful operation cannot be guaranteed.

DUPLEX {HALF | FULL}

Sets the duplex mode for the Ethernet interface. This command only takes effect when Auto-negotiation is configured to **OFF**.

SPEED {10 | 100}

Sets the line rate in Mbps for the Ethernet interface. This command only takes effect when Auto-Negotiation is configured to **OFF**.

Note: Full Duplex and Speed of 10 has performance issues.

BROADCASTRCV {OFF | ON}

The Ethernet interface can be configured to disable the reception of Broadcast and Multicast packets. The IP protocol uses broadcast packets to resolve the Ethernet MAC Address of the destination IP.

BROADCASTRCV OFF requires that the destination Prima•Stratum or the Default Router and any local device that wants to communicate with the Prima•Stratum needs to be configured with the MAC address of the Prima•Stratum in its ARP table. Due to the complexity involved in setting up the IP Address to Ethernet MAC addresses manually it is recommended that **BroadcastRCV** is set to **ON** unless broadcast storms are expected on the network where the Prima•Stratums reside. For the Ethernet interface, first specify **INT**, (**Interface**), **LAN1**.

IP ADDRESS address[/mask]

The interface IP address and subnet mask are required for connection to the network, configuration with telnet or connectivity tests with ping. The subnet mask can be entered in long or short form.

Examples:

```
IP ADDRESS 192.168.1.1/255.255.255.0
```

```
IP ADDRESS 192.168.1.1/24
```

IP DEFAULT-ROUTER address

Configures the IP address of the default router or gateway for this Ethernet interface. This must be an IP address on the same network as the Prima•Stratum Ethernet interface. This default router takes precedence over the system's default router. Note: If DHCP is ON for this LAN interface the Default-Router/Gateway is discovered.

DHCP Client

DHCPCLIENT {ON | OFF}

Enables or disables IP address requesting for this LAN port via DHCP. When a DHCP server has granted us an IP address it is displayed in the configuration.

ON enables this LAN port to send DHCP discovery packets and use the IP address that a DHCP server will assign to it.

OFF disables DHCP discovery and relies on the user's setting of LAN's IP address

Note: DHCP discovery will take precedence the LAN specific IP address and default router settings, but not the OurDNSServer setting.

SSHD {On | Off}

Enables or disables the SSH Server.

SSHD Port <port number>

Specifies the TCP port number for incoming SSH sessions.

SSHD HostKey Enter <OpenSSH DSA Key>

Configures the SSH Server host key. The SSH Server must have a host key for an SSH Client to accept a connection from the Server. The <OpenSSH DSA Key> must be in OpenSSH format.

Units shipped with this base firmware or later versions have an SSH Server host key already configured. Use this command to change the host key.

Units running base firmware that did not previously support SSH will need to run this command after an upgrade to a version that supports SSH.

Most SSH Client software have the facility to generate an OpenSSH host key. The text of a key generated by client software can be used as the <OpenSSH DSA Key> in the SSHD HostKey Enter command.

Note: When creating a key do not enter a pass phrase.

Note: There will be two keys generated when creating a key, use the file without the '.pub' extension.

Example:

OpenSSH provides the sys-keygen program. Run:
ssh-keygen -b 1024 -t dsa -f <filename>

ssh-keygen creates a private key in filename and a public key in filename.pub. Enter the text of the private key as the <OpenSSH DSA Key> in the SSHD HostKey Enter command.

SecureCRT can create an OpenSSH format private key. In the tools menu, select Create Public Key. Execute the Key Generation wizard to create a client key (the client key can be used as a host key). Choose type DSA and 1024 bits. Select OpenSSH format when it saves the private key in a file. Used the saved file as the input to the SSHD HostKey Enter command.

Changing a host key can have repercussions amongst clients. The next time they connect to the server, they may prompt the user if they want to continue even though the Server key has changed or refuse the connection entirely.

Troubleshooting SSHD

If an SSH client cannot make a connection to the Prima•Stratum, check the following items.

Make sure the SSHD is configured on.

Check the SSHD Port number is the same as the Client attempting the connection.

Look at the "Show SSHD Info" status. Check if SSHD is On, or there is already a session active (only one allowed), or the host key is not valid.

Use the Client logging facilities to gather information about the failed connection attempt. For the OpenSSH client, use the -vvv option.

For the SecureCRT client, select the Raw Log Options from the File menu.

T1 Interface

The following Serial Interface commands are applicable to Prima•Stratum model T1 interface configurations.

TYPE {T1 | E1}

The **TYPE** parameter is user configurable to match the Serial port's hardware and should be set to **T1**.

T1 DATA {NORMAL | INVERTED}

Can be set for **Normal** or **Inverted** and must match the setting of the DSU/CSU on the other end.

T1 TXUNDERRUN AIS {ON | OFF}

ON Enable the transmission of an unframed All Ones BLUE Alarm Code out the T1 interface if the T1 transmitter underruns.

OFF disables generation of an **AIS**.

Note: Not relevant for Prima•Stratum product.

T1 CLOCKING {GPS | OCXO}

Determines the source of Transmit Clock (TxCk). When set to **GPS**, the DSU/CSU transmits clocking at a Stratum 1 rate set by a GPS Antenna.

When set to **OCXO**, the DSU/CSU transmits clocking at a Stratum IIIe rate set by an internal oven controlled oscillator.

Note: T1 Clocking **OCXO** is only available for the Prima•Stratum as an upgradable option.

T1 Equalization {ON | OFF}

Enables or disables the Equalizer feature, which provides automatic receive line sensitivity adjustment. T1 Equalizer should be on when the T1 signal level is below 10dB. In general it is fine to have the Equalizer ON for all installations, but typically is not needed.

T1 MODE {Term | Monitor}

Sets the interface mode of T1 interface. Term is used when the T1 interface is the only one connecting to the T1 device. This setting should always be set for **Term**.

T1 LBO {CSU {0dB | -7.5dB | -15 dB | -22.5dB} | DSX-1 NNN}

This setting determines the transmitted data (TxD) waveform to compensate for attenuation on the T1 line. Typically **Line Build Out** is set to the **CSU** mode, where the build out is specified in dB. In applications where the T1 cabling is short, (the T1 interface is within 20 feet of the network termination), set **T1 LBO** for **0 dB**.

T1 FRAMING {ESF | D4}

Selects whether **ESF**, (Extended Super Frame), or **D4** framing is to be used. This parameter is determined by the T1 equipment interface.

T1 CODING {B8ZS | AMI}

Selects whether **B8ZS** or **AMI**, (Alternate Mark Inversion), line coding is used. The T1 service provider will specify.

T1 IDLECHARACTER 0xNN

Not needed for Prima•Stratum operation.

T1 CHANNELS {FULL}

FULL will utilize all channels.

E1 Interface

The Prima•Stratum is available with an E1 interface, providing connection speeds up to 2.048 Mbps. The following Serial Interface commands are applicable to Prima•Stratum models connecting to E1 interfaces. The serial interface commands include those for the E1 DSU/CSU parameters.

TYPE {T1 | E1}

The **TYPE** parameter is user configurable to match the Serial port's hardware and should be set to **E1**.

E1 TXUNDERRUN AIS {ON | OFF}

ON Enable the transmission of an unframed All Ones BLUE Alarm Code out the E1 interface if the E1 transmitter underruns.

OFF disables generation of an **AIS**.

Note: Not relevant for Prima•Stratum product.

E1 DATA {NORMAL | INVERTED}

Can be set for **Normal** or **Inverted** and must agree with the setting of the DSU/CSU on the other end.

E1 CLOCKING {GPS | OXCO}

Determines the source of Transmit Clock (TxCk). When set to **GPS**, the DSU/CSU transmits clocking at a Stratum 1 rate set by a GPS Antenna.

When set to **OCXO**, the DSU/CSU transmits clocking at a Stratum IIIe rate set by an internal oven controlled oscillator.

Note: T1 Clocking **OCXO** is only available for the Prima•Stratum as an upgradable option.

E1 Equalization {ON | OFF}

Enables or disables the Equalizer feature, which provides automatic receive line sensitivity adjustment. E1 Equalizer should be on when the E1 signal level is below 10dB. In general it is fine to have the Equalizer ON for all installations, but typically is not needed.

E1 MODE {Term | Monitor}

Sets the interface mode of E1 interface. **Term** is used when the E1 interface is the only one connecting to the E1 device. This setting should always be set for **Term**

E1 FRAMING {CRC4 | FAS | UNFRAMED}

Selects the desired E1 framing format, including **Unframed**.

E1 CODING {HDB3 | AMI}

Selects whether **HDB3** or **AMI**, (Alternate Mark Inversion), line coding is used.

E1 IDLE CHARACTER 0xNN

Not needed for Prima•Stratum operation.

E1 CHANNELS {FULL}

FULL will utilize all channels.

Chapter 6

Prima•Stratum Configuration & Operation

This chapter provides operational theory and configuration details specific to the Prima•Stratum for T1's and E1's. With built-in DSU/CSU interfaces, these models have unique requirements regarding their interface to other T1/E1 equipment.

Prima•Stratum Installation Steps

The process of installing an Prima•Stratum involves the following steps:

- Installing the Prima•Stratum hardware
- Configuring System and Ethernet parameters
- Configuring the Prima•Stratum interface parameters
- Making Ethernet, T1/E1 and GPS cabling connections
- Verifying Prima•Stratum connectivity

Note: A T1/E1 crossover cable is typically required to connect the Prima•Stratum T1/E1 interface to the external T1/E1 equipment, which is supplied with shipment.

System and Ethernet Parameters

The Prima•Stratum System parameters and LAN interface configuration items are described in Chapter 5: *Command Line Interface* for specific syntax requirements. This portion of the manual is dedicated to the installation parameters associated with the T1 and E1 interfaces.

T1 Parameters

T1 interface commands are configured by first selecting **INTERFACE S1**, (these ports are marked on the Prima•Stratum as "Tel1", "Tel2", "Tel3", "Tel4").

T1 DSU/CSU Parameters

The Prima•Stratum T1 serial interface number 1, S1, is configured for T1 operation. The following T1 parameters must match the configuration of the DS1/T1 interface to which it is connected. **Note: T1 Clocking is global for all ports, controlled by S1.**

Interface S1

Type	T1
T1 Mode	{Term Monitor}
T1 Data	{Normal Invert}
T1 Clocking	{GPS OCXO}
T1 LBO	{CSU {0dB -7.5dB -15 dB -22.5dB} DSX-1 NNN}}
T1 Framing	{ESF D4}
T1 Coding	{B8ZS AMI}
T1 IdleCharacter	0xNN
T1 Channels	{Full}

Note: T1 Clocking OCXO is available as an upgradable option.

E1 Parameters

The Prima•Stratum E1 parameters are similar to those for T1 except as noted here:

E1 DSU/CSU Parameters

The following E1 parameters must match the configuration of the E1 interface to which it is connected. The E1 clock setting is dependent upon the source of the E1 Clock. **Note: E1 Clocking is global for all ports, controlled by S1.**

Interface S1

Type E1	
E1 Mode	{Term Monitor}
E1 Data	{Normal Invert}
E1 Clocking	{GPS OCXO}
E1 Framing	{CRC4 FAS Unframed}
E1 Coding	{HDB3 AMI}
E1 IdleCharacter	0xNN
E1 Channels	{Full}

Note: E1 Clocking OCXO is available as an upgradable option.

T1/E1 Clocking Considerations

When set to **GPS**, the DSU/CSU transmits clocking at a Stratum 1 rate set by a GPS Antenna.

When set to **OCXO**, the DSU/CSU transmits clocking at a Stratum IIIe rate set by an internal oven controlled oscillator.

Note: T1 Clocking **OCXO** is only available for the Prima•Stratum as an upgradable option.

Prima•Stratum Cabling

The Prima•Stratum use standard or crossover 10/100BaseT Ethernet cabling to connect to any Ethernet equipment. The cabling that is used to connect the Prima•Stratum T1 Port or E1 Port to the T1/E1 interface depends upon the equipment it is connecting to. In the case of a connection to the interface of T1/E1 Equipment a cross over cable is required. Refer to the *Appendices* for the details of the wiring of this cable. Connections to T1 lines is done with a standard T1 cable. An E1 connection utilizes the RJ45 to DB15 male adapter and standard RJ45 cabling with all 8 connections.

Appendix

Prima•Stratum Specifications

GPS Locked Frequency Stability

- GPS Locked - Stratum 1 timing

GPS Holdover Frequency Stability - TCXO (loss of satellite signal)

- Temperature Stability ± 0.5 ppm
- Vcc Stability 0.1 ppm
- Yearly Aging 2 ppm

OCXO Frequency Stability - Stratum IIIe

- Stability Vs. Voltage ($\pm 5\%$ Change) ± 2 PPB
- Short Term Aging (3 weeks min operation) ± 0.5 PPB/Day
- Long Term Aging (After 60 days operation) ± 50 PPB/Year

GPS Antenna Specifications

- 50 Ω BNC maximum cable length - 10 meters
- Antenna cable is active. DC voltage needed for antenna operation

Ethernet Port

- 10/100 BaseT Full/Half Ethernet

Serial Interfaces Options

- T1 DSU/CSU
- E1 DSU/CSU

Power Supply

- External 12 Volts DC, 3Amp, with standard AC plug. International power supplies available

Physical

- Standard 19 inch rack mount kit available
- Dimensions: 6.0 x 4.0 x 1.5 inches
- Weight: approximately 1 lbs., excluding external power adapter

T1 Specifications

- One to Four Port Models
- Connects directly to T1 Line or to a DS1 interface with a Crossover Cable
- Framing - ESF or D4
- Coding - B8ZS or AMI
- Supports DS0 assignments from 1 to 24
- Non-Contiguous Configuration x-y,z supported

E1 Specifications

- One to Four Port Models
- Connects directly to E1 Line or to a DS1 interface with a Crossover Cable
- Framing - E1Framed or Transparent
- Coding - HDB3 or AMI
- Supports DS0 assignments from 1 to 24
- Not Contiguous Configuration x-y,z Supported

TFTP Online Upgrade Capable (FLASH ROMs)

- Prima•Stratum can be upgraded remotely using TFTP

Management

- Telnet support with Edit and Paste Template Files (See Chapter 4: *Configuration Examples*)
- Console Port for Out of Band Management
- SNMP support (MIB I, MIB II)
- Remote configuration & monitoring

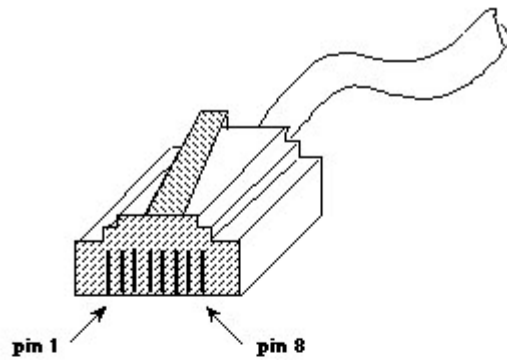
Prima•Stratum Dip Switch Settings-All Models

The Prima•Stratum has a single push-button switch (SW2). When holding this switch during the boot cycle it will do the following:

- Force operation from Base Flash and delete downloaded upgrades.
- Allows login without a password when forgotten

The rear panel must be removed and the motherboard slid out slightly to access the switch.

10/100BaseT Port Specification with Crossover cable pinout



10BaseT Plug pin numbering

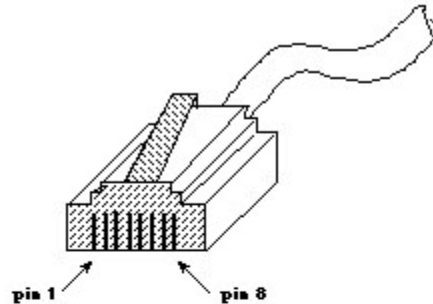
Pin 1	TxD+
Pin 2	TxD-
Pin 3	RxD+
Pin 6	RxD-

For 10BaseT Crossover (allowing connection directly between two 10BaseT devices) wire:

(TD+)	Pin 1	to	Pin 3	(RD+)
(TD-)	Pin 2	to	Pin 6	(RD-)
(RD+)	Pin 3	to	Pin 1	(TD+)
(RD-)	Pin 6	to	Pin 2	(TD-)

Table 1 - 10/100BaseT Port Specification

T1 and E1 Port Specification with Crossover Pinouts



T1/fracT1 DSU/CSU Pin numbering

1	RxRing
2	RxTip
4	TxRing
5	TxTip

For T1 Crossover (allowing connection directly between two T1/fracT1 DSU/CSU devices) wire:

(TxTip)	Pin 5	to	Pin 2	(RxTip)
(TxRing)	Pin 4	to	Pin 1	(RxRing)
(RxRing)	Pin 1	to	Pin 4	(TxRing)
(RxTip)	Pin 2	to	Pin 5	(TxTip)

Table 2 - 10/100BaseT Port Specification #2

E1 RJ45 to db15 Cable

Signal	RJ45	db15 Male
TxD Tip	5	1
RxD Tip	2	3
TxD Ring	4	9
RxD Ring	1	11

Table 3 - RJ45 to DB9 Cable Pinout

Console Port Information

RJ45 Console Port Pinout

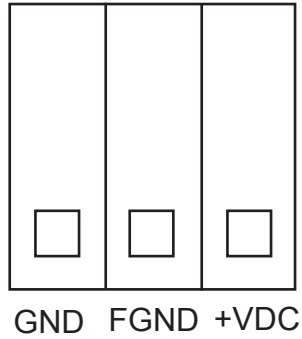
RJ45 pin	Signal Name
3	TxData
6	RxData
1	RTS
8	CTS
4	Gnd
2	DTR

RJ45/db9F Null Modem Adapter

RJ45 pin	db9pin
3	2
6	3
1	8
4	5
2	6

Table 4 - Console Port Pinout

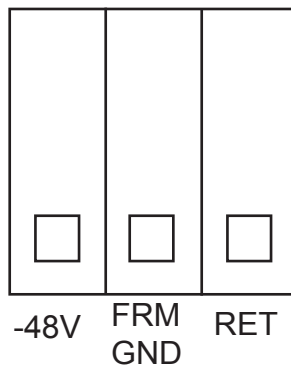
12 - 24 VDC Screw Terminal Interface Specifications



GND:	Ground
FGND:	Frame Ground
+VDC:	12 - 24 DC Voltage

Table 5 - 12 - 24 DCV Power Connector

-48V Interface Specifications



-48V:	-48 Voltage
FRM GND:	Frame Ground
RET:	Return

Table 6 - -48 Power Connector

Glossary

Terms and Concepts

Before using the Engage Prima•Stratum, you should be familiar with the terms and concepts that describe TCP/IP, Networking and T1/E1 Telecommunications.

General Networking Terms

Network

A network is a collection of computers, server devices, and communication devices connected together and capable of communication with one another through a transmission medium.

Internet

An internet is any grouping of two or more networks connected by one or more internet routers.

Network Services

Network services are the capabilities that the network system delivers to users, such as print servers, file servers, and electronic mail.

Addresses

Transmitting information in a network system is made possible by an addressing scheme that identifies the sender and destination of the transmission, using network and node addresses. Data is transmitted to and from these addresses in the form of packets.

Routing Table

A routing table is maintained in each router. This table lists all networks and routers in the internet and enables routers to determine the most efficient route for each packet. The routing table serves as a logical map of the internet, specifying the address of the next router in the path to a given destination network and the distance in hops. The router uses the routing table to determine where and whether to forward a packet.

Each router periodically broadcasts its routing table to other routers on each of its directly connected networks, enabling them to compare and update their own tables with the most recent record of connected networks and routes. In this way, routing tables are kept current as changes are made on the internet.

Hop

A hop is a unit count between networks on the internet. A hop signifies “one router away.”

Node

Device on the network

TCP/IP Networking Terms

FTP

File Transfer Protocol gives users the ability to transfer files between IP hosts. It uses TCP to provide connection initiation and reliable data transfer.

Host

A computer with one or more uses that can act as an endpoint of communication if it has TCP/IP.

ICMP

Internet Control Message Protocol provides a means for intermediate gateways and hosts to communicate. There are several types of ICMP messages and they are used for several purposes including IP flow control, routing table correction and host availability.

IP

Internet Protocol which routes the data.

IP Datagram

The basic unit of the information passed across and IP Internet. It contains address information and data.

PING

Packet InterNet Groper is a program which uses **ICMP** echo request message to check if the specifies IP address is accessible from the current host.

Port

A Destination point used by transport level protocols to distinguish among multiple destinations within a given host computer.

SubNet Address

An extension of the **IP** addressing scheme which enables an **IP** site to use a single **IP** address for multiple physical networks. Subnetting is applicable when a network grows beyond the number of hosts allowed for the **IP** address class of the site.

TCP

Transmission Control Protocol ensures reliable, sequential, delivery of data. **TCP** at each end of the connection ensures that the data is delivered to the application accurately, sequential, completely and free of duplicates. The application passes a stream of bytes to **TCP** which breaks it into pieces, adds a header, forming a segment, and then passes each segment to **IP** for transmission.

Telnet

The **TCP/IP** standard protocol for remote terminal connection service. A user can **telnet** from the local host to a host at a remote site.

UDP

User Datagram Protocol provides simple, efficient protocol which is connectionless and thus unreliable. The **IP** address contained in the **UDP** header is used to direct the datagram to a specific destination host.

Well-Known Port

Any set of port numbers reserved for specific uses by transport level protocols (**TCP & UDP**). Well-known ports exist for echo servers, time servers, **telnet** and **FTP** servers.

Other Terms

TCXO

Temperature Controlled Oscillator

OCXO

Oven Controlled Oscillator