User's Manual

DXAdvanced 721

DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000 Communication Interface

vigilantplant[®]



IM 04L41B01-17E 7th Edition Thank you for purchasing the DX1000/DX2000.

This Communication Interface User's Manual contains information about the Ethernet/ serial interface communication functions. To ensure correct use, please read this manual thoroughly before operation.

Keep this manual in a safe place for quick reference in the event a question arises. The following manuals, including this one, are provided as manuals for the DX.

• Paper manual

Manual Name	Manual No.	Description
DX1000/DX1000N	IM 04L41B01-02E	Explains concisely the operating procedure
Operation Guide		of the DX1000 and DX1000N.
DX2000	IM 04L42B01-02E	Explains concisely the operating procedure
Operation Guide		of the DX2000.
DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000	IM 04L41B01-91C	Gives a description of pollution control.
Control of Pollution Caused		
by the Product		

• Electronic manuals provided on the accompanying CD-ROM

Manual Name	Manual No.	Description
DX1000/DX1000N Operation	IM 04L41B01-02E	This is the electronic version of the paper
Guide		manual.
DX2000 Operation Guide	IM 04L42B01-02E	
DX1000/DX1000N	IM 04L41B01-01E	Describes how to use the DX. The
User's Manual		communication and network
DX2000 User's Manual	IM 04L42B01-01E	functions, custom display functions, and
		some of the options are excluded.
DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000	IM 04L41B01-03E	Describes how to use the multi batch
Multi Batch (/BT2)		function (/BT2 option).
User's Manual		
DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000	IM 04L41B01-04E	Describes how to use the custom display
Custom Display		function.
User's Manual		
DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000	IM 04L41B01-05EN	Describes how to use the advanced
Advanced Security Function		security function (/AS1 option).
(/AS1) User's Manual		
DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000	IM 04L41B01-17E	Explains the communication functions of
Communication Interface		the DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000 using the
User's Manual		Ethernet/serial interface.
DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000	IM 04L41B01-18E	Describes how to use communication
EtherNet/IP Communication		functions through the EtherNet/IP interface.
Interface User's Manual		
DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000	IM 04L41B01-19E	Describes how to use communication
PROFIBUS-DP (/CP1)		functions through the PROFIBUS-DP
Communication Interface		interface (/CP1 option).
User's Manual		

DAQSTANDARD Manuals

All manuals other than IM 04L41B01-66EN are contained in the DAQSTANDARD CD.

Manual Title	Manual No.
DAQSTANDARD Viewer User's Manual	IM 04L41B01-63EN
DAQSTANDARD Hardware Setup User's Manual	IM 04L41B01-64EN
DAQSTANDARD DX100P/DX200P Hardware Configurator User's Manual	IM 04L41B01-65EN
Installing DAQSTANDARD	IM 04L41B01-66EN

Notes	The contents of this manual are subject to change without prior notice as a result of continuing improvements to the instrument's performance and functions. The figures given in this manual may differ from those that actually appear on your screen. Every effort has been made in the preparation of this manual to ensure the accuracy of its contents. However, should you have any questions or find any errors, please contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer. Copying or reproducing all or any part of the contents of this manual without YOKOGAWA's permission is strictly prohibited. The TCP/IP software of this product and the document concerning the TCP/IP software have been developed/created by YOKOGAWA based on the BSD Networking Software, Release 1 that has been licensed from the Regents of the University of California. This manual follows the guidelines of Microsoft Corporation for displaying screen captures.	
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Revisions	1st edition:December 20052nd edition:October 20063rd edition:April 20074th edition:December 20075th edition:November 20086th edition:March 20107th edition:December 2010	

DX's version and functions described in this manual

The contents of this manual cover DXs with hardware style number 3 and firmware release number 4. For details on the functions that have been added or changed, see "DX' s Version and Functions Described in This Manual" in the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E)*.

Edition	DX	Description
2	Version 1.11	Additions and improvements to functionality.
	Version 1.21	
3	Release number 2	Additions and improvements to functionality.
	(Version 2.0x)	
	Style number 2	NEMA4 compliance.
4	Same as edition 3.	Additions and improvements to functionality.
		Changed the direction of the clamp input terminal (/H2 option).
5	Release number 3	Additions and improvements to functionality.
	(Version 3.0x)	
	Style number 3	Changed the boot ROM.
6	Release number 4	Additions and improvements to functionality.
	(Version 4.0x)	Added models with 400 MB of internal memory (internal memory
	Style number 3	suffix code -3).
7	Same as edition 6.	Additions and improvements to explanations.

Conventions Used in This Manual

Unit

- k: Denotes 1000. Example: 5 kg, 100 kHz
- K: Denotes 1024. Example: 640 KB

• Markings

The following markings are used in this manual.



Refer to corresponding location on the instrument. This symbol appears on dangerous locations on the instrument which require special instructions for proper handling or use. The same symbol appears in the corresponding place in the manual to identify those instructions.

WARNING

Calls attention to actions or conditions that could cause serious injury or death to the user, and precautions that can be taken to prevent such occurrences.

CAUTION	Calls attentions to actions or conditions that could cause light injury
	to the user or damage to the instrument or user's data, and precautions that can be taken to prevent such occurrences.
Note	Calls attention to information that is important for proper operation

· Bold characters

Bold characters are mainly characters and numbers that appear on the display. The \Diamond symbol indicates key and menu operations.

Models Covered in This Manual

This manual mainly describes the operating procedures on the DX1000. When the procedures differ between the DX2000 and the DX1000, the procedures (including the menu operation) on the DX2000 are also given.

High-Speed and Medium-Speed Model Groupings

of the instrument.

This manual uses the terms high-speed input model and medium-speed input model to distinguish between DX models as follows:

Model	Type Model
High-speed input model	DX1002, DX1004, DX1002N, DX1004N, DX2004, and MV2008
Medium-speed input model	DX1006, DX1012, DX1006N, DX1012N, DX2010, DX2020, DX2030,
	DX2040, and DX2048

Names and Uses of Parts and the Setup Procedures Using the Operation Keys

Front Panel



ESC key

Press this key to return to the previous screen or cancel the new settings.

Arrow keys

Press these keys to move between setup items displayed on the screen.

DISP/ENTER key

Press this key when confirming the setting or when closing the entry box.

Soft keys

Press these keys to select the menu displayed on the screen

MENU and FUNC keys

Press the MENU key and then hold down the FUNC key for approximately 3 s. The basic setting menu is displayed from which you can to enter the communication setup menus.

Rear Panel

DX1000

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(@)

Ethernet interface connector

A connector used for standard equipped Ethernet communications.

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(**Ð**)(**Ð**)





RS-232 interface connector (option) A serial communication connector that comes with the /C2 option.



PROFIBUS-DP port (release number 3 or later) A PROFIBUS connector that is provided on modes with the /CP1 option.



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App

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1.1 DX Features

This section gives an overview of the communication functions that the DX can control when it is connected to a network via the Ethernet interface.

Modbus Client

- The DX acting as a Modbus client device can connect to a Modbus server device and read or write to the internal register. The read data can be used as communication input data of the computation function^{*} on a computation channel. The data can also be handled on the external input channel^{**}. The data that can be written to the internal register is measured data and computed data.
 - * /M1 and /PM1 options
 - ** DX2000 with /MC1 option
- For details on the Modbus function codes that the DX supports, see section 6.3.
- For a description of the settings required to use this function, see section 1.10.



Modbus Server .	A Modbus client device can carry out the following operations on the DX that is
	operating as a Modbus server device.
	 Load data from measurement, computed,* and external input channels** (using the input register)
	 Load communication input data* (using the hold register)
	 Write communication input data* (using the hold register)
	 Write to external input channels* (using the hold register)
	Start and stop recording, write messages, and perform other similar operations
	(using the hold register; models with release number 3 or later)
	Load the recording start/stop condition, message strings, and other types of data
	(using the hold register; models with release number 3 or later)
	* /M1 and /PM1 options
•	For details on the Modbus function codes that the DX supports, see section 6.3.
•	For a description of the settings required to use this function, see section 1.9.
	DX (server)



Setting/Measurement Server

 This function can be used to set almost all of the settings that can be configured using the front panel keys. However, you cannot turn the power on and off or configure the following settings:

User registration^{*1}, the root password and authentication key of the password management function^{*2}, the key lock password, the connection destination of the FTP client function, SMTP authentication, and POP3 settings.

*1 Can be configured on DXs with the /AS1 option.

- *2 /AS1 option
- The following types of data can be output.
 - Measured, computed^{*3}, and external input^{*4} data.
 - Files in the internal memory or files on the external storage medium.
 - Setup information and status byte.
 - A log of operation errors and communications.
 - Alarm summary and message summary.
 - Relay status information.

The measured, computed^{*3}, and external input^{*4} data can be output to a PC in BINARY or ASCII format. Other types of data are output in ASCII format. For a description of the data output format, see chapter 4.

- *3 /M1 or /PM1 option
- *4 DX2000 with /MC1 option
- For details on how to use this function, see section 1.12.
- The commands that can be used with this function are setting commands (see sections 3.4 and 3.5), basic setting commands (see section 3.6), and output commands (see sections 3.7 and 3.8).
- This function can be used when communicating via the Ethernet interface or the serial interface (option).
- For information about the settings and operations for using this function through serial commands, see chapter 2.

Application timeout

This function closes the connection with the PC if there is no data transfer for a given time. For example, this function prevents a PC from being connected to the DX indefinitely without transferring data and prohibiting other users from making new connections for data transfer.

FTP Server

- You can use a PC to access the DX via FTP. You can perform operations such as retrieving directory and file lists from the external storage medium of the DX and transferring and deleting files. In addition, you can also retrieve the directory or file list and transfer files in the internal memory.
- On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option, you cannot create or delete files on the external storage media connected to the DX.
- For a description of the settings required to use this function, see section 1.6.



FTP Client

Automatic transferring of files

• The display data file, event data file, report data file, snapshot data file, setup file^{*1}, and change settings log file^{*1} that are created in the internal memory of the DX can be automatically transferred to a remote FTP server. The result of the transfer is recorded in the FTP log. The FTP log can be shown on the DX's display (see "Log Display" described later) or output to a PC using commands.



You can specify two destination FTP servers, primary and secondary. If the primary server is down, the file is transferred to the secondary server.

- For a description of the settings required to use this function, see section 1.7.
- FTP test
 - You can test whether files can be transferred by transferring a test file from the DX to a remote FTP server.
 - The result of the FTP test can be confirmed on the FTP log display.
 - For the procedure to use this function, see section 1.7.

Maintenance/Test Server

- This function can be used to output connection information, network information, and other information regarding Ethernet communications.
- The commands that can be used with this function are maintenance/test commands (see section 3.10).
- The close command cannot be used on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option. The close command closes the connection between a DX (other than the DX that you are operating) and a PC.

Instrument Information Server

- This function can be used to output the serial number, model name, and other information about the DX connected via the Ethernet network.
- The commands that can be used with this function are instrument information output commands (see section 3.12).

Login (On DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option)

- This function can be used only when using the setting/measurement server, maintenance/test server, and the FTP server functions.
- For a description of the settings required to use this function, see the DX1000/ DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E).
- For a description of the login process of the setting/measurement server and maintenance/test server, see appendix 2.

User registration

Users are registered using the login function of the DX. There are two user levels: administrator and user.

Administrator

An administrator has privileges to use all the functions of the setting/measurement server, maintenance/test server, and FTP server. An administrator can access the operator and monitor pages through the Web server function.

• User

A user has limited privileges to use the setting/measurement server, maintenance/test server, and FTP server. For the limitation on the commands, see section 3.2.

- Limitations on the use of the setting/measurement server
 A user is not authorized to change the settings that would change the operation of the DX. However, a user can output measured and setting data.
- Limitations on the use of the maintenance/test server
 A user cannot disconnect a connection between another PC and the DX. A user can disconnect the connection between the PC that the user is using and the DX.
- Limitations on the use of the FTP server
 A user cannot save files to the external storage medium of the DX or delete files on it. A user can load files.
- A user can access the monitor page through the Web server function.

Login (On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option)

- You have to log in to use the setting/measurement server and Web server functions.
- For a description of the settings required to use this function, see the Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM 04L41B01-05EN).
- For a description of the login process of the setting/measurement server, see appendix 2.

Setting/Measurement Server

User Registration

You can use the DX login function to register users. There are two user levels: administrator and user.

Administrator

There are two types of connections that can be made to the DX setting/measurement server: connections to the setting function (setting connection) and connections to the monitoring function (monitoring connections). When you connect to the setting function as an administrator, you can perform all the commands. When you connect to the monitoring function, you can only produce measurement and setup data and execute input commands for communication input data and external input channels. For information about what commands can be sent, see section 3.2.

User

If you log in to the monitoring function as a user, you can perform the same commands that you can perform when you log in as an administrator. When you connect to the setting function, in addition to the monitoring function commands, you can also perform some control commands. The commands that you can perform are those that have been enabled by the user privileges. See section 3.2.

Web Server

• User Registration

You can use the DX login function to register Web server users. There are two user levels: administrator and user.

Administrator

An administrator can access the operator and monitor pages through the Web server function. See section 1.5.

User

A user can access the monitor page through the Web server function.

Note

Accessing the Maintenance/Test Server

Log in with the user name "admin" or "user."

Accessing the FTP Server

Log in with the user name "admin," "user," or "anonymous."

Web Server

Microsoft Internet Explorer can be used to display the DX screen on the PC.

- The following two pages are available.
 - Monitor page: Screen dedicated for monitoring.
 - Operator page: You can switch the DX screen. You can also modify and write messages.
- You can set access control (user name and password specified with the login function) on each page.
- The screen can be updated at a constant period (approximately 10 s).



For the procedure to set the Web server function, see section 1.5. For operations on the monitor page and operator page, see section 1.5.

E-mail Transmission

Transmitting e-mail messages

The available types of e-mails are listed below. E-mail can be automatically transmitted for each item. You can specify two groups of destinations and specify the destination for each item. In addition, you can set a header string for each item.

- · Alarm mail
 - Reports alarm information when an alarm occurs or clears. Alternatively, reports alarm information only when an alarm occurs.
- · System mail
 - Notifies the time of the power failure and the time of recovery when the DX recovers from a power failure.

Notifies the detection of memory end when it is detected.

Notifies the error code and message when a media-related error occurs (an error on the external storage medium or when the data cannot be stored due to insufficient free space on the external storage medium).

Notifies the error code and message when an error related to FTP client (when a data transfer fails using the FTP client function) occurs.

On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option, this type of e-mail indicates that a user has been locked ("Invalid user").

Scheduled mail

Transmits an e-mail message when the specified time is reached. This can be used to confirm that the e-mail transmission function including the network is working properly. You can specify the reference time and the e-mail transmission interval for each destination.

Report mail (only on models with the computation function (/M1 or /PM1 option)) Notifies the report results.

For the procedure to set the e-mail transmission function, see section 1.4. For the e-mail transmission format, see section 1.4. For the procedure to start/stop e-mail transmission, see section 1.4.

Example of an e-mail sent at a scheduled	l time
From: DX1000@daqstation.com Date: Sun, 5 Oct 2003 08:00:45 +0900 (JST) Subject: Periodic_data To: user1@daqstation.com, user2@daq.co.jp	– Subject
LOOP1	— Header 1 — Header 2
Time Host name DX1000	
Time of transmission 10/05 08:00:01	

E-mail test

- · You can send a test message from the DX to the destination to check e-mail transmissions.
- You can confirm the result of the e-mail test on the e-mail log screen.
- · For the procedure to use this function, see section 1.4.

SNTP Server/Client

The client function retrieves time information from a specified SNTP server such as at the specified interval.

The server function provides time information to DXs connected to the same network.

DHCP Client

This function can be used to automatically retrieve IP addresses from a DHCP server. You can also manually request or release network information.

EtherNet/IP Server (Release number 3 or later)

The DX supports the following features.

- Loads data for measurement, computed, and external input channels.
- Writes to communication input data and external input channels.

For operating instructions, see the *EtherNet/IP Communication Interface User's Manual* (*IM04L41B01-18E*).

Other Functions

Checking the connection status of the Ethernet interface

You can check the connection status of the Ethernet interface on the rear panel or on the display of the DX.

For a description on the location and meaning of the connection status indicator, see section 1.3.

Keepalive (extension function of TCP)

This function drops the connection if there is no response to the inspection packet that is periodically transmitted at the TCP level.

For a description of the settings required to use this function, see section 1.3.

Log display

You can display operation logs on the log display. The log can also be confirmed using a communication command. In addition, the Web screen can show the log display (excluding the communication log and DHCP log).

- Error log screen: Log of operation errors
- Communication log screen: Log of communication input/output to the setting
- measurement server
- FTP log screen : Log of file transfers carried out using the FTP client function.
- WEB log screen : Log of operations using the Web server function
- Mail log screen : Log of E-mail transmissions
- Login log screen^{*1}: Log of login, logout, items related to time adjustment, and calibration management operations.
- SNTP log screen : Log of access to the SNTP server
- DHCP log screen : Log of access to the DHCP server
- Modbus log screen : Log of Modbus status (access to the master or client)
- Operation log screen^{*2}: Log of operations
- Change settings log screen^{*2}: Log of setting changes
 - *1 Only on DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option

*2 Only on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option

For the operating procedure of the log screen and the details on the displayed contents, see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E)*. For details on the Modbus status log, see section 1.10.

For details on the log output using communication commands, see section 4.2. For a description of the log display on the Web screen, see section 1.5.

1.2 Flow of Operation When Using the Ethernet Interface

Follow the flowchart below to set the Ethernet communications.



1.3 Connecting the DX

Connecting to the Port

Connector

Connect an Ethernet cable to the Ethernet port on the DX rear panel.



Connecting to the PC

Make the connection via a hub. For a one-to-one connection with a PC, make the connection as shown in the figure below. Multiple DXs can be connected to a single PC in a similar manner.



Setting the IP Address and Host Information

- DX1000
 - ◊ Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > IP address.
 - ◊ Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > Host settings.
 - ◊ Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > DNS settings.
- DX2000

Input

- Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > IP Address, Host settings.
- Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > DNS settings.

IP address setting		Host name setting	
Basic Setti	ng Mode Ethernet	Basic Setting Mode	thernet ink
IP-address		Host settings	
DHCP	Not	Host name	
		dx1000 Domain name	
Fixed IP-address		dagstation.com	_
IP-address	10. 0. 23. 75		
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0		
Default gateway	10. 0. 23. 1		
Use Not		Input Clear Copy	
DNC a attime			
DNS setting			
Basic Setti	ng Mode		
Server search order			
Primary	0. 0. 0. 0		
Secondary	. 0. 0. 0		
Primary Primary	der		

Set the IP address to a fixed IP address or obtain it automatically (DHCP). Consult with your network administrator for the network parameters such as the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, and DNS.

When using a fixed IP address

- DHCP
- Set DHCP to Not.
- IP address
 Set the ID address to easign to
- Set the IP address to assign to the DX.
- Subnet mask Set the subnet mask according to the system or network to which the DX belongs.
- Default gateway

Set the IP address of the gateway.

Host name

Set the DX's host name using up to 64 alphanumeric characters. You do not have to set this parameter.

• Domain name

Set the network domain name that the DX belongs to using up to 64 characters. You do not have to set this parameter.

• Server search order

Register up to two IP addresses for the primary and secondary DNS servers.

Domain suffix search order

Set up to two domain suffixes: primary and secondary.

When obtaining the IP address from DHCP

• DHCP

Set DHCP to Use.

DNS accession

To automatically obtain the DNS server address, select **Use**. Otherwise, select **Not**. If you select Not, you must set the server search order.

Host-name register

To automatically register the host name to the DNS server, select Use.

Host name

Set the DX's host name using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.

Domain name

Set the network domain name that the DX belongs to using up to 64 characters.

- Server search order (not necessary when DNS accession is enabled) Register up to two IP addresses for the primary and secondary DNS servers.
- **Domain suffix search order** Set up to two domain suffixes: primary and secondary.

Requesting/Releasing Network Information from DHCP

You can manually request or release network information such as the IP address. This operation applies when DHCP is set to Use. Perform the request or release after displaying the network information screen.

Requesting Network Information

1. Display the network information screen.

Press FUNC and select Network info.

- 2. Execute the network information request.
 - ◊ Press FUNC and select Network info > Request.

NETWORK INFO.	NETWORK INFO.
2006/09/18 03:35:24 👮DISP 🚺 thour 🚺	2006/09/18 03:35:31 😡DISP 🗾 Moure 🚺
IP address : 0. 0. 0. 0	IP address : 0. 0. 0. 0
Subnet mask : 0. 0. 0. 0	Subnet mask : 0. 0. 0. 0
Default gateway : 0. 0. 0. 0	Default gateway : 0. 0. 0. 0
MAC address : 00:00:64:88:26:28	MAC address : 00:00:64:88:26:28
DNS server	DNS server
Primary : 0.0.0.0	Primary : 0, 0, 0, 0
Secondary : 0.0.0.0	Secondary : 0, 0, 0, 0
Host name	Host name
dxadv	dxadv
Favorite System Network regist info info Next 3/3	Request

NETWORK INFO. <u>2006/09/18 03:35:</u>	49)IS		1	nour	0		
IP address Subnet mask Default gateway MAC address DNS server Primary		10. 255.2 10. 00:00	0. 55. 0. :64	. 233 . 254 . 232 1:88	.1 :2	40 0 1 5:28 0			
Secondary Host name dxadv	:	0.	0.	. 0		0			
Domain name daqstation.com									

The network information is displayed.

Releasing Network Information

- 1. Display the network information screen.
 - ♦ Press **FUNC** and select **Network info**.

IP address : 10. 0.233.140 Subnet mask : 255.255.254. 0 Default sateway : 10. 0.232. 1 MAC address : 00:00:64:88:26:28 DNS server Primary : 0. 0. 0. 0
MAC address : 00:00:64:88:26:28 DNS server Primary : 0. 0. 0. 0
DNS server Primary : 0, 0, 0, 0
Secondary : 0. 0. 0. 0
Host name dxadv
Domain name dagstation.com

- 2. Execute the network information release.
 - ◊ Press FUNC and select Network info > Release.



The network information is released.

DISP/ENTER key

Setting the Communication Status

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > Keep alive, Timeout.

Basic	Setting	Mode	Ethernet Link
Keep alive		0n	
Application time On/Off Time	out	0n 1	min
0n Off			

Setting the keepalive

To disconnect when there is no response to the test packets that are periodically sent, select **On**. Otherwise, select **Off**.

Setting the application timeout

Selecting On/Off

To use the application timeout function, select **On**. Otherwise, select **Off**. If you select **On**, a timeout item is displayed.

• Time

Set the timeout value between 1 and 120 (minutes).

Checking the communication status

The Ethernet communication status can be confirmed with the LED lamp that is provided on the Ethernet connector on the DX rear panel or the Ethernet link that is shown at the upper right of the basic setting screen.

1.4 Sending E-mail Messages

Settings for Sending E-mail

Set the server configuration and the contents of the e-mail transmission.

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > E-Mail.

Basic settings	Recipients
Basic Setting Mode	Basic Setting Mode
Basic settings SMTP server name Port number 25 Security Auth SMTP authorization User name Password #*****************	Recipients Recipient 1 Recipient 2 Sender
Input Clear Copy	Input Clear Copy
POP3 Settings	Alarm settings
Basic Setting Mode	Basic Setting Mode
POP3 Settings POP3 Server name Port number Login name Password Input Clear Copy	Alarm settings Recipient 1 Off Recipient 2 Off Active Alarms 1 1 Off 2 Include INST Off Include source URL Off Subject Alarm_summary Header 1 Header 2 Send alarm action On Include tag/ch in Subject On
Scheduled settings	System settings
Basic Setting Mode Ethermet Scheduled settings Recipient 2 Off Interval 24h Interval 24h Ref.time 00:00 Ref.time 00:00 Include INST Off Off Subject Periodic_data Header 1 Header 2	Basic Setting Hode Etherne System settings Recipient 1 Off Recipient 1 Off Recipient 2 Off Include source URL Off Subject System_warning Header 1 Header 2
0n Off	0n Off
Report settings	
Basic Setting Hode Ethernet Report settings Recipient 2 Off Include source URL Off Subject Report_data Header 1 Header 2	

Basic Settings

Set the SMTP server and mail address.

- SMTP server name
 Enter the host name or IP address of the SMTP server.
- Port number

Unless specified otherwise, set the number to the default value. The default value is 25.

• Security (release number 3 or later)

Select **PbS** if you want to enable POP before SMTP. To enable authenticated e-mail transmission (Authentication SMTP), select **Auth** (release numbers 4 and later). When you select **Auth**, the SMTP authorization items appear.

SMTP authorization (Release numbers 4 and later)

To enable support for authenticated e-mail transmission (Authentication SMTP), set a user name and password to use for authentication.

User name

Enter the user name. You can enter up to 32 characters.

Password

Enter the password. You can enter up to 32 characters.

Recipients

Recipient1 and Recipient2

Enter the e-mail address. Multiple e-mail addresses can be entered in the box of one recipient. When entering multiple addresses, delimit each address with a space. Up to 150 characters can be entered.

Sender

Enter the sender e-mail address. You can enter up to 64 characters.

POP3 Settings (release number 3 or later)

If you need to use POP before SMTP, specify the POP3 server that will be used for authentication.

For instructions on how to set the POP3 login method, see "Configuring the POP3 Server Connection" later in this section.

- POP3 Server name
 - Enter the POP3 server host name or IP address.
- Port number

Use the default setting unless you need to change it. The default value is 110.

- Login name
 - Enter the POP3 server login name.
- Password

Enter the POP3 server login password using up to 32 characters.

Alarm Settings

Specify the settings for sending e-mail when alarms occur or release.

- Recipient1 and Recipient2 Set the e-mail recipients. For Recipient1 and Recipient2, select On to send e-mail or Off to not send e-mail.
- Active alarms Sends an e-mail when an alarm occurs or releases. You can select On (send e-mail) or Off (not send e-mail) for alarms 1 to 4.
- Include instantaneous value Select On to attach instantaneous value data. The data that is attached is the instantaneous value that is measured at the time the e-mail is transmitted.

Include source URL

Select \mathbf{On} to attach the source URL. Attach the URL when the Web server is enabled.

- **Subject** Enter the subject of the e-mail using up to 32 alphanumeric characters. The default setting is Alarm summary.
- Header1 and Header2

Enter header 1 and header 2 using up to 64 characters.

- Send alarm action (Release number 3 or later) To send e-mail when an alarm occurs and when it is cleared, select **On+Off**. To only send e-mail when an alarm occurs, select **On**.
- Include tag/ch in Subject (Release number 3 or later) Select On to include a tag number in the subject. If the tag number is not set, the corresponding channel number is included.

Scheduled Settings

Specify the settings for sending e-mail at scheduled times.

- Recipient1 and Recipient2
 Set the e-mail recipients. For Recipient1 and Recipient2, select On to send e-mail or
 Off to not send e-mail.
- Interval

Select the interval for sending e-mail to Recipient1 and Recipient2 from 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, and 24 hours.

• Ref. time

Enter the time used as a reference for sending the e-mail at the specified interval to Recipient1 and Recipient2.

• Include instantaneous value, Include source URL, Subject, and Header These items are the same as the e-mail that is sent when an alarm occurs. The default subject is Periodic_data.

System Settings

Specify the settings for sending e-mail when the DX recovers from a power failure, at memory end, and when an error occurs.

Recipient1 and Recipient2

Set the e-mail recipients. For Recipient1 and Recipient2, select **On** to send e-mail or **Off** to not send e-mail.

• Include source URL, Subject, and Header

These items are the same as the e-mail that is sent when an alarm occurs. The default subject is System_warning.

Report Settings

Specify the settings for sending e-mail when reports are created.

- Recipient1 and Recipient2
 Set the recipients. For Recipient1 and Recipient2, select On to send e-mail or Off to
 - not send e-mail.
 Include source URL, Subject, and Header

These items are the same as the e-mail that is sent when an alarm occurs. The default subject is Report_data.

Configuring the POP3 Server Connection (Release number 3 or later)

- Specify how the DX operates when it connects to a POP server.
- ◊ Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode) and select the Environment tab > Communication > POP3 Details.

Basic Setting Mode	Ethernet Link
POP3 Details POP Before SHTP Send delay [second] 2 POP3 Login PLAIN	
Input	

Send delay [seconds]

Enter the delay between a POP3 server authentication and the transmission in the range of 0 to 10 seconds.

POP3 Login

To encrypt the password when logging into the POP3 server, select APOP. To send it in plain text, select PLAIN.

E-mail Test

Press FUNC and select E-mail test > Recipient1 or Recipient2.
 You can send a test e-mail to check the e-mail settings.

Starting/Stopping the E-mail Transmission

Starting the e-mail transmission

- Press FUNC and select E-Mail START.
 - The e-mail transmission function is enabled.

Stopping the e-mail transmission

Press FUNC and select E-Mail STOP.

The e-mail transmission function is disabled. Unsent e-mail messages are cleared.

E-mail retransmission

If the e-mail transmission fails, the message is retransmitted up to three times at 30-s, 1-minute, or 3-minute intervals. If retransmission fails, the e-mail message is discarded.

E-mail Format

The formats of alarm e-mails, scheduled e-mails, system e-mails, invalid user mails (/AS1 advanced security option), report e-mails, and test e-mails are given below. For details on the common display items, see "Common Display Items for All Formats" in this section.

Alarm Notification E-mail Format

Subject

Subject: Alarm Summary(-[tag number or channel number]) The tag number or channel number enclosed in parentheses is used only when they are configured to be included in the subject (on models with release number 3 or later).

```
    Syntax

  header1CRLF
  header2CRLF
  CRLF
  Alarm summary. CRLF
  <Host name>CRLF
  hostCRLF
  CRLF
  <CH>ccc···cCRLF
  <Type>lqCRLF
  <aaa>mo/dd hh:mi:ssCRLF
  CRLF
  <Inst._value>CRLF
  mo/dd hh:mi:ssCRLF
  ccc \cdot \cdot \cdot c = ddd \cdot \cdot \cdot dCRLF
  CRLF
  Access_the_following_URL_in_order_to_look_at_a_screen.CRLF
  http://host.domain/CRLF
  CRLF
     ccc···c Channel number, tag comment, or tag number
               (Up to 16 characters. Channels set to Skip or Off are not output. (For
               the channel number, see section 3.3.)
    1
               Alarm level (1 to 4)
               Alarm type (H, L, h, 1, R, or r)
     q
               H (high limit alarm), L (low limit alarm), h (difference high limit alarm),
               1(difference low limit alarm), R(high limit on rate-of-change alarm),
               r(low limit on rate-of-change alarm)
     aaa
               Alarm status (off or on)
     ddd...d Measured/Computed value (up to 10 digits including the sign and
               decimal point) + unit (up to 6 characters)
               +OVER:
                              Positive overrange
               -OVER:
                              Negative overrange
               Burnout:
                              Burnout data
               ****:
                               Error data
```

The DX transmits channel numbers, alarm types, and alarm statuses for up to 10 events in a single e-mail. If the DX is configured to include a tag number or a channel number in the e-mail subject, one e-mail is sent for each event.

```
Scheduled E-mail Format
 Subject
•
  Subject:Periodic_Data
• Syntax
  header1CRLF
  header2CRLF
  CRLF
  Periodic data.CRLF
  <Host name>CRLF
  hostCRLF
  CRLF
  <Time>CRLF
  mo/dd hh:mi:ssCRLF
  CRLF
  E-mail_message(s)_did_not_reach_intended_recipient(s).CRLF
  ttt···t
  Count=nnCRLF
  mo/dd hh:mi:ssCRLF
  CRLF
  <Time>CRLF
  mo/dd hh:mi:ssCRLF
  ccc \cdot \cdot \cdot c = ddd \cdot \cdot \cdot dCRLF
  CRLF
  Access the following URL in order to look at a screen.CRLF
  http://host.domain/CRLF
  CRLF
    ccc···c Channel number, tag comment, or tag number
             (Up to 16 characters. Channels set to Skip or Off are not output. (For
             the channel number, see section 3.3.)
    ttt···t Type of discarded e-mail
             Alarm_summary:
                                   Alarm mail
             Periodic data:
                                   Scheduled mail
             System warning:
                                   System mail
             Report_data:
                                   Report mail
             Number of discarded e-mails
    nn
    ddd...d Measured/Computed value (up to 10 digits including the sign and
             decimal point) + unit (up to 6 characters)
             +OVER:
                           Positive overrange
             -OVER:
                           Negative overrange
             Burnout:
                            Burnout data
             *****
                            Error data
```

The time that follows the type and count of discarded e-mails is the time when the e-mail is discarded last.

System Mail (Power Failure) Format

```
    Subject
```

```
Subject: System_warning
```

```
    Syntax
    header1CRLF
    header2CRLF
    CRLF
    Power_failure.CRLF
    <Host_name>CRLF
    hostCRLF
    CRLF
    CRLF
    CRLF
    <Power_fail>mo/dd_hh:mi:ssCRLF
    <Power_on>mo/dd_hh:mi:ssCRLF
    CRLF
    Access_the_following_URL_in_order_to_look_at_a_screen.CRLF
    http://host.domain/CRLF
    CRLF
```

System Mail (Memory Full) Format

Subject

Subject:System_warning

• Syntax

```
header1CRLF
header2CRLF
CRLF
Memory_full.CRLF
<Host_name>CRLF
hostCRLF
CRLF
<Memory_remain>ppp...pMbytesCRLF
<Memory_blocks>bbb/400CRLF
<Media_remain>rrr..rMbytesCRLF
CRLF
Access_the_following_URL_in_order_to_look_at_a_screen.CRLF
http://host.domain/CRLF
CRLF
```

```
ppp···pRemaining amount of internal memorybbbNumber of unsaved blocks (0 to 400)rrr··rRemaining free space on the external storage medium (when an<br/>external storage medium is connected)
```

System Mail (Error) Format

Subject

Subject:System_warning

```
• Syntax
 header1CRLF
 header2CRLF
 CRLF
 Error.CRLF
 <Host_name>CRLF
 hostCRLF
 CRLF
 mo/dd hh:mi:ssCRLF
 ERROR: fffCRLF
  "Operation_aborted_because_an_error_was_found_in_media."CRLF
 CRLF
 Access the following URL in order to look at a screen. CRLF
 http://host.domain/CRLF
 CRLF
```

 fff
 Error number (200, 201, 211, 281 to 285)

 For details on the error, see the DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E).

System Mail (Invalid User) Format

```
• Subject
 Subject: [System_warning]
• Syntax
 header1CRLF
 header2CRLF
 CRLF
 User lockedCRLF
 <Host name>CRLF
 hostCRLF
 CRLF
 mo/dd hh:mi:ssCRLF
 ERROR: fffCRLF
 <User_name>
 uuu•••u
  CRLF
 Access_the_following_URL_in_order_to_look_at_a_screen.CRLF
 http://host.domain/CRLF
 CRLF
   mo/dd_hh:mi:ss Time when the e-mail was created
```

uuu•••u Name of the invalid user (up to 20 characters)

Report Mail Format

```
• Subject
  Subject:Report_data
• Syntax
  header1CRLF
  header2CRLF
  CRLF
  ti report.CRLF
  <Host_name>CRLF
  hostCRLF
  CRLF
  mo/dd hh:mi:ssCRLF
  <CH>ccc···cCRLF
  <tp>eee···eCRLF
  <tp>eee···eCRLF
  <tp>eee···eCRLF
  <tp>eee···eCRLF
  <Unit>uuu···uCRLF
  CRLF
  Access_the_following_URL_in_order_to_look _at_ a_ screen.CRLF
  http://host.domain/CRLF
  CRLF
    ti
              Contents of the report mail (hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly report)
     ccc···c Channel number, tag comment, or tag number
              (Up to 16 characters. Channels set to Skip or Off are not output. For
              the channel number, see section 3.3.)
              Report content (average, maximum, minimum, instantaneous, and sum.
     tp
              Four items among these are output.)
     eee···e Measured/Computed value (up to 10 digits including the sign and
              decimal point). However, for the sum value, the value is output as a
              combination of the sign, mantissa, E, sign, and exponent such as in
              -3.8000000E+02.
              +OVER:
                             Positive overrange
              -OVER:
                             Negative overrange
                             Burnout data
              Burnout:
                             Error data
              Empty data:
    uuu...u Unit (up to 6 characters)
```

Test E-mail Format

Subject

- Subject: Test
- Syntax

```
Syntax
Test_mail.CRLF
<Host_name>CRLF
hostCRLF
CRLF
<Time>CRLF
mo/dd_hh:mi:ssCRLF
CRLF
<Message>CRLF
x:msCRLF
....
CRLF
x
```

A	Message number (± to ±0)
ms	Message content (only specified messages are output.)

Common Display Items for All Formats

- Time information
 - mo Month (01 to 12)
 - dd Day (01 to 31)
 - hh Hour (00 to 23)
 - mi Minute (00 to 59)
 - ss Second (00 to 59)

The month, day, hour, minute, and second of the time information are output in the order specified by the date format in the basic setting mode.

- · Host name, domain name, and header information
 - $\texttt{header1} \quad \textbf{Header1} (\textbf{displayed only when it is set})$
 - header2 Header 2 (displayed only when it is set)
 - host Host name or IP address (IP address when the host name is not assigned. In the case of an IP address, the <Host> section is set to <IP address>.)
 - domain Domain name
 - Space

1.5 Monitoring the DX on a PC Browser

Setting the Web Server Function

From the basic setting mode menu, set the server function and Web page of Communication (Ethernet).

Setting the Web server

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > Server > Server modes.

Basic	Setting	Mode	Link
Server			
FTP		Us	se
Web		Us	se
SNTP		No	ot
Modbus		No	ot
EtherNet/IP		No	ot
Use Not			

• Web

For the Web item under Server, select **Use** or **Not** (don't use). When **Use** is selected, the Web page item is added to the basic setting mode menu.

Port Number

The default value is 80. To change the setting,

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Environment tab > Communication > Service port.
 For the selectable range of port numbers, see section 6.1.

Setting the Web page

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > Web page.

On DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option

On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option


1.5 Monitoring the DX on a PC Browser

Page Type

Monitor

Configure the monitor page. You can carry out the following operations on the monitor page.

- Display the alarm summary
- Display the measured and computed values of all channels
- Display logs (message summary, error log, etc.)
- Print the DX screen with an attached title and comment
- Display reports
- · Connect to the DX via FTP and retrieve files
- Make an alarm sound when an alarm occurs on the DX.
- For screen examples, see "Monitoring with the Browser" in this section.
- Operator

Set the operator page. The following operations can be carried out in addition to the functions available on the monitor page.

- · Switch the operation screen
- · Control the DX's DISP/ENTER key, arrow keys, and favorite key
- Write messages (this operation cannot be performed on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option).
- · Search data by date and time
- For screen examples, see "Monitoring with the Browser" in this section.

Setting the monitor page

- Page type
 - Select Monitor.
- Setting On/Off
 - To display the monitor page on a browser, select **On**; otherwise, select **Off**.
- Access control
 - To use access control, select **On**.

On DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option:

If you set this to On, you must enter a user name and password to display the monitor page. Set the user name and password through the **Login** item. For details, see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E* or *IM04L42B01-01E*). On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option:

If you set this to On, you must enter a user name and password to display the monitor page. Set the user name and password through the **Login** item. See the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM04L41B01-05EN).*

Setting the operator page

- Page type
 - Select Operator.
- On/Off
- To display the operator page in the browser, select **On**. Otherwise, select **Off**.
- · Access control
- This is the same as the setting on the monitor page.
- Command input
 - On DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option:

To use message write commands, select On. Otherwise, select Off.

On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option:

You cannot use message write commands. This setting is fixed at Off.

Monitoring with a Browser

Setting the URL

Set the URL appropriately according to the network environment that you are using. You can access the DX by setting the URL as follows:

http://host name.domain name/file name

http

Protocol used to access the server.

Host name.domain name

Host name and domain name of the DX.

You can also use the IP address in place of the host name and domain name.

File name

File name of the monitor page and operator page of the DX.

File name of the monitor page: monitor.htm

File name of the operator page: operator.htm

Omitting the file name is equivalent to specifying the monitor page. However, if the monitor page is disabled, it is equivalent to specifying the operator page.

Example

To display the operator page on a PC in the same domain as the DX, enter the URL in the Address box of the browser as follows:

http://dx1000.adv.daqstation.com/operator.htm or

http://192.168.1.100/operator.htm

(In the example, the domain name is set to adv.daqstation.com, the host name to dx1000, and the IP address to 192.168.1.100.)

Login (On DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option)

You need to configure the following settings to use the login function.

No.	Setting	Description and Reference
1	Communication	To access the DX through a communication interface, you must
	login (Security >	log in. For details, see section 8.2 in the DX1000/DX1000N or
	Communication)	DX2000 User's Manual.
2	Login	Register the users who can access the Web server. For details,
		see section 8.2 in the DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's
		Manual.
3	Web page	Set Access control to On in the operator and monitor pages.

Only users whose mode is set to Web, Com, or Key+Com can access the DX Web page. When you access the page, you will be prompted for a user name and password. Enter the user name and password that you set in item 2 in the table.

Connect to 10.0.	23.75 ? X
	G
The server 10.0.2 password.	3.75 at requires a username and
Warning: This serv password be sent without a secure o	er is requesting that your username and in an insecure manner (basic authentication onnection).
<u>U</u> ser name:	2
Password:	
	Remember my password
	OK Cancel

You no	You need to configure the following settings to use the login function.				
No.	Setting	Description and Reference			
1	Communication	To access the DX through a communication interface, you must			
	login (Security >	log in. See section 1.3 in the Advanced Security Function (/AS1)			
	Communication)	User's Manual.			
2	Login	Register users whose mode is "Web." See section 1.3 in the			
		Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual.			
3	Web page	Set Access control to On in the operator and monitor pages.			

Login (On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option) You need to configure the following settings to use the login function

 3
 Web page
 Set Access control to On in the operator and monitor pages.

 Only users whose mode is set to Web can access the DX Web page. When you access

Only users whose mode is set to Web can access the DX Web page. When you access the page, you will be prompted for a user name and password. Enter the user name and password that you set in item 2 in the table.

Contents of the Monitor Page

Note _____

If the DX is in setting mode or basic setting mode, you cannot display the monitor page or the operator page. If you try to do so, an error message appears. For details on the different modes, see the *Operation Guide (IM04L41B01-02E or IM04L42B01-02E)*.



DX screen image

Refreshing the page

The monitor page can be refreshed automatically or manually.

- Auto Refresh ON
- Refreshes the monitor page once approximately every 10 seconds.
- Auto Refresh OFF

Does not automatically refresh the monitor page. If is refreshed when you click **Refresh**. You cannot refresh the page within approximately 10 seconds of the previous refreshing of the page, even if you click **Refresh**.

Zoom

Select the zoom factor from the list box to zoom into or out of the DX screen.

Sounding and Stopping Alarm Sounds

When an alarm occurs on the DX, the alarm sound popup window appears, and an alarm is sounded.

The alarm can be sounded on a PC that can produce sound. The popup blocking settings of your browser may prevent the alarm sound window from appearing.

Ø	ALARM SOUND - Windows In 💶 🗖 🗙
2	http://10.0.23.75/cgi-bin/moni/alm_popup.c
с	An alarm has occurred. lose this window to stop the alarm sound.
	Close
Ē	1
	Internet Protected Mode: Or + 100% -

The alarm sound stops when you click Close.

Note_

- Alarm Sound Output
 - Alarm detection occurs when the screen is refreshed. The screen can be refreshed through manual refreshing, automatic refreshing, menu operations, and screen operations. We recommend that you enable automatic refreshing when you use the alarm sound.
 - An alarm is sounded when the alarm status in the status display section is red, blinking red, or blinking green (for the meanings of the different alarm statuses, see the DX1000/ DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual).
 - Even if you release the alarm on the DX (so that no alarm status is displayed), the alarm will continue to sound on the PC until you stop it.
- Alarm Sound Off The DX is not affected when you stop the alarm sound. Stopping the alarm is not equivalent to performing the alarm ACK operation on the DX.
- Alarm Sound Specifications
- The alarm sound is stored in a WAV file on the DX. It cannot be changed.
- When the pages of multiple DXs are being displayed:
- If they are being displayed by the same browser, they all share one alarm sound window.

Contents of the Operator Page

When the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is not in use

<u>Refresh</u>	Alarm	ı sound OFF 💌	Auto Refresh 🖸	ON 🝸 Zoom 100%	-
<u>Alarm Summary</u>	All Channels	Log	<u>Message</u>	Report	
20410 4				<u>Data list</u> Print p	age
GRUUP 1 2008/12/02 13:20:52	💓 DISP 🛛 Sõmin 🖸 其			TREND	
-2.0 -1.2	-0.4 V 0.4 6	2 5 12		Select Group => 👻	
13:20				HISTORY	
				Select Group => 👻	
13:18				Data Range Sea	irch —
				OTHER	
1 2 2	1 0917 1 09	40		Select Screen => N	*
4 1.8510 v	1.5920 v 1.224	44 v		Evorite	

Message

Write a message. Does not appear on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option.

Select the trend screen Directly select the group you want to display.

Select the historical screen Directly select the group you want to display.

-Search by date and time Search data by date and time.

Select other displays

You can select the overview display, digital display, bar graph display, or custom display.

Arrow keys and DISP/ENTER key

Carry out the same operation as the corresponding keys on the DX.

-Favorite key

Carry out the same operation as the corresponding key on the DX.

When the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use Batch single mode



Batch overview mode

<u>Refresh</u>	Alarm sound OFF	🛛 Auto Refresh 🛛 🖸	Zoom 100% 🔽	
Alarm Summary All Cha	<mark>annels Log</mark>	Message	<u>Report</u>	
			<u>Data list</u> Print page	
BATCH OVERVIEW 2008/12/02 14:21:58 🕅 ALL BA	тен 🔯 式		SCREEN MODE -	 Select the screen mode.
[1] [3]			Select Screen Mode => 🔽	List box
AAA 11				SCREEN MODE
11 0				Select Screen Mode => 💌
RUNNING	OFF			Select Screen Mode =>
DISP 59min DISP	1hour		DISP	Batch Group1
[2] [4]			/ENTER	Batch Group2
BBB				Batch Group3 Batch Group4
1234 0				
RUNNING	OFF		Favorite	
DISP 59min DISP	1hour			

Switching the Screen (Operator page only)

Screen Mode (Only when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use)

From the **Select Screen Mode** list box, select **Batch Overview** (batch overview mode) or **Batch Group#** (batch single mode).

• Trend and Historical Trend

Using the **Select Group** list box, you can switch to the trend or historical trend display for the group that you specify.

If you are using the multi batch function (/BT2 option) and are displaying the batch single mode screen, you can switch between the screens in the displayed batch group.

• Other Screens

From the **Select Screen** list box, you can switch the screen by specifying digital, bar graph, overview, or custom.

If you are using the multi batch function (/BT2 option) and are displaying the batch single mode screen, you can switch between the screens in the displayed batch group.

• DISP/ENTER Key, Arrow Keys, and Favorite Key

If the DX is in operation mode, you can click the DISP/ENTER, arrow, and favorite keys to carry out the corresponding operation on the DX.

On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option, you cannot switch the screen when:

- There is a user who has logged in to the DX through key operations.
- There is a user who is connected to the DX setting function through an Ethernet connection.
- There is a user who is executing the LL command through serial communication.

Alarm Summary

Click Alarm Summary to display the alarm summary. Click Refresh to update the data.

- You can display information for up to 400 alarms.
- Based on the DX settings, the Channel column displays channel numbers, tag comments, or tag numbers and tag comments.
- Alarms are displayed using the specified alarm colors.
- When individual alarm acknowledgment is enabled, the channels and alarm levels are displayed.

Alarm summary example (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is not in use)

Refresh Close Creation date : 2008/12/06 16:51:				
Status	Channel	Type	Alarm Time	
ON	ABC-3	1L	2008/12/06 16:50:41	
OFF	ABC-1	1H	2008/12/06 16:49:45	
OFF	ABC-2	2H	2008/12/06 16:47:43	
ACK			2008/12/06 16:42:14	
ON	ABC-2	2H	2008/12/06 16:39:41	
ON	ABC-1	1H	2008/12/06 16:39:38	

Alarm summary example (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use; release number 3 or later)

Select the batch group from the list box. If you select **All**, the alarm information for every batch group is displayed.

Alarm Summary
Batch Group1 💌

Refresh	Close	Crea	ation date : 2008/12/06 16:59:52
Status	Channel	Type	Alarm Time
ACK			2008/12/06 16:59:28
ON	ABC-2	2H	2008/12/06 16:58:30
ON	ABC-1	1H	2008/12/06 16:58:27

All Channel Display

Click **All Channels** to display the measured values and alarm status of all channels. Click **Refresh** to update the data.

- Based on the DX settings, the Channel column displays channel numbers, tag comments, or tag numbers and tag comments.
- Alarms are displayed using the specified alarm colors.
- If you are using the annunciator function, the alarm display is based on the annunciator sequence. However, the indicators do not blink.
- Channels are not displayed in batch groups even if you are using the multi batch function (/BT2 option).

All channel display example

Refresh Close		Creation date : 200	8/12/02 13:29:32
Channel	Alarm status 1 2 3 4	Reading	Units
ABC-1	Н	-0.6014	V
ABC-2	Η	-1.0745	V
ABC-3	L	-1.4745	V
ABC-4		-1.7740	V
-		1 0505	TT

Log

Displays the message summary^{*1}, error log, FTP log, login log^{*2}, Web operation log, e-mail log, SNTP log, Modbus log, operation log^{*3}, and change settings log^{*3} in a separate window. From the **Log** list box, select the log you want to display. Click **Refresh** to update the data.

- *1 You can display up to 100 messages and up to 50 added messages.
- *2 Only on DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option
- *3 Only on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option. Up to 100 operation log items can be displayed.

Message summary example (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is not in use)

LOG
MESSAGE 🔽

Refresh Close]	Creation date : 2008/12/02 13:54:41			
Time	Message	Group	User Name		
2008/12/02 13:54:29	hold1	ALL	[Communication]		
2008/12/02 13:53:25	start	ALL	[Key]		
2008/12/02 13:53:15	hold1	ALL	[Key]		
2008/12/02 13:53:09	start	ALL	[Key]		
2008/12/02 13:52:56	stop	ALL	[Key]		
2000/12/02					

Message summary example (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use; release number 3 or later)

Displays the batch group that messages were written to.

LOG
MESSAGE 🔽

Refresh Close Creation date : 2008/12/02 14:30:33				
Time	Message	Batch Group	Group	User Name
2008/12/02 14:30:33	start	2	ALL	[Key]
2008/12/02 14:28:49	start	1	ALL	[Key]

Displaying and Printing Report Data (/M1 and /PM1 options; release number 3 or later)

You can display report data in the specified format (layout) and print it.

- Procedure
 - Set the report display layout before you carry out this operation. In the layout, set the report title, the report channels to display, and the item names.
 - From the operator or monitor page, open the create web report window, and select the report file and the layout to use.

Report layout example

Daily report

Daily report St	tart time: 2007	Water 7/03/01 01.00.0	0				
Timeout time	Timeout time Minimum pump Maximum pump Average pump Integrated Flow rate						
	volume [k]	volume [k]	volume [k]	pump volume [k]	[m3]		
03/02 1:00:00							
03/03 1:00:00							
03/04 1:00:00							
03/05 1:00:00							
03/06 1:00:00							
03/07 1:00:00							
03/08 1:00:00							
03/09 1:00:00							
03/10 1:00:00							
03/11 1:00:00							
03/12 1:00:00							
03/13 1:00:00							
03/14 1:00:00							
03/15 1:00:00							
03/16 1:00:00							
03/17 1:00:00							
03/18 1:00:00							
03/19 1:00:00							
03/20 1:00:00							
03/21 1:00:00							
03/22 1:00:00							
03/23 1:00:00							
03/24 1:00:00							
03/25 1:00:00							
03/26 1:00:00							
03/27 1:00:00							
03/28 1:00:00							
03/29 1:00:00							
03/30 1:00:00							
03/31 1:00:00							
04/01 1:00:00							

1.5 Monitoring the DX on a PC Browser

Daily and monthly reports

Plant Section	50 Industrial	water			
Daily report St	art time: 2007	/03/01 01:00:00)		
Timeout time	Minimum pump volume [k]	Maximum pump volume [k]	Average pump volume [k]	Integrated pump volume [k]	Flow rate [m3]
03/02 1:00:00					
03/03 1:00:00	•••	····	•••		•••
03/31 1:00:00					
04/01 1:00:00					
Monthly report	t Start time: 20	007/03/01 01:0	0:00		
Timeout time	Minimum pump volume [k]	Maximum pump volume [k]	Average pump volume [k]	Integrated pump volume [k]	Flow rate [m3]
04/01 1:00:00					
Please enter comments.					

Setting the Report Layout

This item only appears on models with the computation function (/M1 or /PM1 option) when the basic setting items are set as follows:

- The type of report to create is specified (Report > Basic settings).
- Web server is set to Use (Communication (Ethernet) > Server > Server modes).
- The operator or monitor page is set to On (Communication (Ethernet) > Web page).
- ◊ Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Web Report

GROUP 1 2008/12/02_11:2	3:49 📆 😡 🕺 🚺 3:49	••)
Web Report N	o <u>1</u>	
On∕Off Title	0n	
Item No	1-5	
Item	Channel Value Name	
1 0n	R01 Sum	
2 0++		
3 0ff		
4 0ff		
5 0ff		
Input +1	-1	

Web Report No

You can configure 10 different report layouts. Set the number in the range of 1 to 10.

On/Off

Select On to use the layout.

Title

The report title. This title is used to select the layout when displaying reports on the Web browser. Enter the title using up to 64 alphanumeric characters and symbols.

Item No (DX1000 and DX1000N only)

You can set up to 10 items. Select 1-5 or 6-10.

Item, Channel, Value, and Name

For each item number, set the report channel, computation type, and name to assign to the item.

Enter the name using up to 16 alphanumeric characters and symbols.

For the procedure to configure the report, see section 9.5 in the *DX1000/DX1000N* or *DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E)*.

• Displaying a Report

1. Click Report to open the Create Web Report window.

REPORT MENU:10.0.23.75 - Microsoft Internet Explorer の提供元: 🔳	
Create Web Report	
Crtate web Report	
Select Layout	
SECTIONxx 💌	
Select Report Data	
2008/12/02 14:00:42 TimeUp - Hourly 💌	
Status	
⊙ On	
O OII	
Font Size	
9 🔽	
Create	
	~

2. Select the layout and report data.

Select Layout

Select the layout title from the list box.

Select Report Data

Select the report data from the list box. The report data is the data in the DX internal memory. The report data is displayed using the date when the report was created and the report value.

Status

To display the report data status, select **On**.

Status Indication	Description
	A burnout occurred during the reporting period.
\diamond	A measurement or computation error occurred during the reporting period.
4	Over range or computation overflow occurred during the reporting period.
4	A power failure occurred during the reporting period.
Ŀ	The time was changed during the reporting period.

Font Size

Select a display font size from 6 points to 12 points.

3. Click Create.

The report data appears in a separate window.

ANTxx					
ly Start Time:2008/1:	2/06 19:04:55				
Time Up	PUMP 1[V]	PUMP 2[V]	PUMP 3[V]	PUMP 4[V]	PUMP 5[V]
12/06 20:00:00	6.811100E+00	2.147660E+01	1.1958	4.551670E+01	5.325290E+01
12/06 21:00:00	9.986400E+00	2.073220E+01	1.3666	3.734930E+01	4.208800E+01
12/06 22:00:00 ©	2.719522E+02	3.405181E+02	1.8375	4.049394E+02	3.964047E+02
12/06 23:00:00	3.777920E+01	3.988270E+01	1.9634	3.597750E+01	3.023500E+01

Please enter comments.

• Printing a Report

Title

You can edit the report title. Click within the report title box, and edit the text using up to 64 characters. The title that you enter here does not affect the DX setting.

Comment

You can enter two lines of comments in the comment text field. Click within the comment text field, and enter text.

Print

Print the report from the browser.

Data list (Release number 3 or later)

You can easily retrieve files via FTP using the data list link, without having to specify the URL.

For operating instructions, see section 1.6.

🚰 Data list – Microsoft Internet Explorer

Data list <u>Memory</u> <u>Media</u>

Printing the Screen (Release number 3 or later)

You can print a screen capture with an optional title and comment attached.

Title box

- The default title is the IP address or host name.
- You can overwrite the default title with your own title.



Click **Print** to open the Print window.

Writing Messages (Operator page only)

You can assign a text string to one of the DX messages 1 through 10 and write the message to a specified group at the same time. The maximum message length is 32 alphanumeric characters. The current message setting is overwritten. This operation is not available on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option.

Example of Writing a Message (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is not in use) Use message number 9 and write the message "ALARM" to all groups. Successful completion of the writing operation is indicated in the Command Response box.

COMMAND[MAIN]:10).0.23.75 – Microsoft Inte 🔳 🗖 🔀	
Active Message Message No. Write message to All Groups Group Number Input Characters	9 V GROUP 1 V ALARM Set & Write Cancel	— Specify a message number to display the corresponding character string.
Command Response 000:0K E	,	

Example of Writing a Message (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use) Use message number 1 and write the message "start" to all display groups in batch group 1. Successful completion of the writing operation is indicated in the Command Response box.

🗿 COMMAND[MAIN]:10.0.23.75 - Microsoft Inte 🔳 🗖 🔀				
Active Message				
Message No.	1 🕶			
Write message to				
Batch Group	1 💌			
Display Group				
💽 All Groups				
🔘 Group Number	BATCH1-1 🔽			
Input Characters	start			
	Set & Write Cancel			
Command Response				

Displaying the Measured Data at the Specified Date and Time (Operator page only; release number 3 or later)

You can search for measured data at the specified date and time and display the results. You can search the display data or event data in the DX internal memory.

- Note -
- This function uses the DX function that displays the measured data at the specified date and time.
- You can search the last 10 years of data excluding the data before year 2000.
- For details on the display conditions, see section 4.3 in the DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E).
- 1. Click Data Range Search to open the ENTER DATE & TIME RANGE window.
- 2. Set the date and time of the data recording and the data type.

@ s	🧃 SEARCH MENU:10.0.23.75 - Microsoft Internet Explorer の提供元: Y 🔲 🗖 🗙					
	ENTER DATE & TIME RANGE					
	DATE	2008 🗸 / 12 🖌 / 2 👻				
	TIME	13 💌 : 57 💌				
	FILE TYPE	⊙ disp data ⊖ event data				
	Historical Display					
			\sim			

3. Click Historical Display.

The DX screen switches and the data at the specified date and time appears.

<u>Refresh</u>	Ala	rm sound OFF 🔽	Auto Refresh OFF	🖌 Zoom 100% 🖌
<u>Alarm Summary</u>	All Channels	Log	<u>Message</u>	<u>Report</u>
				<u>Data list</u> Print page
2008/12/02 13:59:35	DISP 16min 🔍	±ż 😶		TREND
	-0.4 V 0.4			Select Group => 💙
		1min/div		HISTORY
				Select Group => 💙
				Data Range Search
				OTHER
ABC-1 ABC	-2 ABC-3 FI-5012 -1-5012	12/02 13:55	[Select Screen => 🔽
		0. 1946.U		DISP JENTER

Favorite

1.6 Accessing the Measurement Data File on the DX from a PC

You can access data files stored on the external storage medium.

Setting the FTP Server

Server Function

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > Server > Server modes.

Basic	Setting	Mode	Ethernet Link
Server			
FTP		U	se
Web		U	se
SNTP		N	ot
Modbus		N	ot
EtherNet/IP		N	ot
Use Not			

• FTP

For the FTP item under Server, select Use or Not (don't use).

FTP Server Directory Output Format (Release number 3 or later)

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Environment tab > Communication > FTP Server Details.



Directory Output Format

Set the directory output format to MS-DOS or UNIX.

When Not Using the Login Function

You can connect to the server using the user name "admin," "user," or "anonymous." You can use a PC to access the DX via FTP. You can perform operations such as retrieving directory and file lists from the external storage medium of the DX and transferring and deleting files. In addition, you can also retrieve the directory or file list and transfer files in the internal memory.

Accessing Data Files from the Web Browser

- 1. Click Data list.
- 2. Click Memory or Media.
- **3.** From the file list, select the files you want to retrieve.

1.6 Accessing the Measurement Data File on the DX from a PC

Note_

- You can view the files by installing the provided DAQSTANDARD software on the PC and by associating DAQSTANDARD with the files you want it to receive.
- Memory is linked to ftp://hostname/MEM0/DATA.
- Media is linked to ftp://hostname/DRV0/. The external storage medium is the CF card.
- You cannot retrieve data files that are being created.
- · The display is not automatically updated. Perform the operation again if necessary.

Connecting from a PC via the FTP

An example of retrieving files using a browser is described below. In the Address box, enter the following:

ftp://host name.domain name/file name

Drag the data you want to retrieve from the /MEMO/DATA0 folder in the case of internal memory data or the /DRV0 folder in the case of data on the external storage medium to the PC. You can also use the IP address in place of the "host name.domain name."

When Using the Login Function (Standard)

You will be prompted for a user name and password when you access the server. Enter a user name and password that are registered on the DX to connect to it. For information about the operations that can be executed, see the explanation in section 1.1, "Login (On DXs without the /AS1 advanced security option)." You cannot perform the operations described under "Accessing Data Files from the Web Browser" or "Connecting from a PC via the FTP."

When Using the Login Function on a DX With the /AS1 Advanced Security Option

You can connect to the server using the user name "admin," "user," or "anonymous." The password is optional. You can only perform the operations that can be performed when you log into a DX as "anonymous." You cannot delete or change the names of files on the server (the DX), nor can you transfer files to the server.

Port Number

The default value is 21. To change the setting,

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Environment tab > Communication > Service port
 For the selectable range of port numbers, see section 6.1.

1.7 Transferring Data Files from the DX

The display and event data files, report data files, snapshot data files, setup files, and change settings log files created in the internal memory of the DX can be automatically transferred using FTP at the time the files are created.

Files to Be Transferred via FTP

The display or event data files are automatically transferred to the FTP destination described in the next section at appropriate times.

File Turne	Description
гие туре	Description
Display data file	Data files are automatically transferred at each file save interval.
Event data file	Files are automatically transferred when the data length of data is recorded.
Report data file	When the file division mode is Combine [†] or Separate, [†] data files are automatically transferred when a report file is closed (or divided). For example, data files are transferred once per month when generating only daily reports. When the mode is Seprt2, [†] an individual report file is output for each event.
	† See section 9.5 in the DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual.
Snapshot data file	The files are automatically transferred when a snapshot is executed. They are transferred regardless of the media storage setting. * Indicates snapshot using the FUNC key, communication command (EV2 command), USER key, or remote control function.
Setup file and change settings log file when the settings have changed ^{*2}	The DX automatically transfers the setup file and change settings log file that are automatically saved to the CF card when the settings are changed.

*1 When "FTP transfer at signing" is enabled on a DX with the /AS1 advanced security option, this file is automatically transferred after you sign in. See section 2.1 in the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual.*

*2 Only on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option

Shifting the Transfer Time (Release number 3 or later)

There may be cases when data cannot be transferred from the DX to the FTP server due to too many simultaneous connections to the FTP server. An example is when multiple files are created and need to be transferred at the same time from multiple DXs. By shifting the transfer time, you can avoid having too many simultaneous connections to the FTP server. The time that display data files, event data files, and report files are transferred can be shifted.

- Even if a new event that requires an FTP transfer occurs while the DX is waiting to transfer the data of the previous event, it does not affect the transfer wait time of the previous event. When the transfer shift time passes, all data files of the same type that have been created (all of the files that have not been transferred) are transferred via FTP. The following figure is an example for display data.
- To avoid accumulating too many files that have not been transferred, we recommend that you set the transfer wait time shorter than the interval at which events that require FTP transfers occur.



- Even if you turn the power off during FTP transfer wait time, the elapsed time is recorded.
- If you change the FTP transfer time settings during FTP transfer wait time, the data files that are being held are transferred using the previous setting. Subsequent data files are sent according to the new setting.
- If you initialize the DX during FTP transfer wait time (using Clear1, Clear2, or Clear3, Clear 4), the elapsed time is cleared.
- When "FTP transfer at signing" is enabled,^{*1} changes to the FTP transfer time settings for measured data are invalid.

*1 See the Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual.

Setting the FTP Client

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > FTP client > FTP transfer file.

FTP transfer file settings	FTP connection destination settings
Basic Setting Mode	Basic Setting Mode
FTP transfer file Disp&Event data Off Report Off Snapshot Off Setting Off	Hodbus client connect limits Use/Not Use Client number 1 On/Off On Allowed IP Address 0, 0, 0
Transfer wait time Disp&Event data Ø min Report Ø min	Use Not

Setting the FTP transfer files

- Display and Event Data
 - Select On when automatically transferring display and event data files.
- Report

Select **On** when automatically transferring report data files (including template-based report files).

Snapshot

Select **On** when automatically transferring snapshot data files.

• Setting

This item is only available on DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option. Select **On** when automatically transferring the setup file and change settings log file that are saved when the settings have changed.

Transfer wait time

Disp&Event data

Set the time to delay the data transfer to the FTP server in the range of 0 to 120 minutes.

When "FTP transfer at signing" is enabled on a DX with the /AS1 advanced security option, changes to the FTP transfer time settings are invalid. See section 2.1 in the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual.*

Report

Set the time to delay the data transfer to the FTP server in the range of 0 to 120 minutes.

Setting the FTP connection destination

Consult your network administrator when setting parameters such as the primary/ secondary FTP servers, port number, login name, password, account, and availability of the PASV mode.

• FTP connection

You can specify two destination FTP servers, **Primary** and **Secondary**. If the primary FTP server is down, the file is transferred to the secondary FTP server.

• FTP server name

Enter the name of the file transfer destination FTP server using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.

- If the DNS is used, you can set the host name as a server name. For details on setting the DNS, see section 1.3.
- You can also set the IP address. In this case, the DNS is not required.

Port number

Enter the port number of the file transfer destination FTP server in the range of 1 to 65535. The default value is 21.

Login name

Enter the login name for accessing the FTP server using up to 32 alphanumeric characters.

Password

Enter the password for accessing the FTP server using up to 32 alphanumeric characters.

• Account

Enter the account (ID) for accessing the FTP server using up to 32 alphanumeric characters.

• PASV mode

Select On when using the DX behind a firewall that requires the passive mode. The default setting is Off.

Initial path

Enter the directory of the file transfer destination using up to 64 alphanumeric characters. The delimiter for directories varies depending on the implementation of the destination FTP server.

Example) When transferring files to the "data" directory in the "home" directory of an FTP server on a UNIX file system.

/home/data

When There Is a File with the Same Name at the Transfer Destination

Under all circumstances, when there is a file with the same name at the transfer destination, it is overwritten

Operation When the Data Transfer Fails

If the DX fails to transfer files to both the primary and secondary FTP servers, the DX aborts the file transfer operation. If the connection to the destination recovers, the DX transfers new data files along with the files that the DX failed to transfer. Note that because the DX transfers data from its internal memory, if the data that the DX failed to transfer is overwritten, it is lost.

Testing the FTP Transfer

- You can test whether a test file can be transferred from the DX to an FTP server.
 - Press FUNC and select FTPtest.

Items to check before performing this test

- Connect the Ethernet cable correctly. For the connection procedure, see section 1.3.
- Check that the Ethernet interface settings are correct. For the procedure, see section 1.3.

Checking the results of the FTP test

- When an FTP test is executed, a test file named FTP_TEST.TXT is transferred to the directory indicated by the initial path at the FTP destination specified in this section.
- The result of the FTP test can be confirmed by displaying the FTP log (displayed on the DX (see the DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual)) or Web screen (see section 1.5) or by outputting the result using the FL command (see section 3.4).

1.8 Synchronizing the Time

The DX time can be synchronized to the time on an SNTP server. The DX can also function as an SNTP server.

Setting the SNTP Client

Synchronize the DX time to the time on an SNTP server.

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > SNTP client.

Basic Setting Mod	de Ethernet
SNTP client settings	
Use/Not Use	
Server name	
sntp.dagstation.com	
Port number	123
Access interval	8h
Access reference time	00:00
Access timeout	30s
Time adjust on Start action	Off
Use Not	

• Use/Not

Select **Use** to use the SNTP client function; Otherwise, select **Not**. If you select **Use**, the SNTP client settings are displayed.

SNTP server name

Set the SNTP server name using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.

- If the DNS is used, you can set the host name as a server name. For details on setting the DNS, see section 1.3.
- You can also set the IP address. In this case, the DNS is not required.
- Port number

Enter the port number of the SNTP server in the range of 1 to 65535. The default value is 123.

Access interval

Set the time interval for synchronizing the time with the server to OFF, 1, 8, 12, or 24h. If you select OFF, you can synchronize the time manually by operating soft keys. The time is not synchronized if the difference in the time between the DX and the server is greater than or equal to 10 minutes.

Access reference time

Set the reference time for making queries.

Access timeout

Set the time to wait for the response from the SNTP server when querying the time to 10, 30, 90s.

• Time adjust on Start action Select On to synchronize the time using SNTP when memory start is executed; Otherwise, select Off.

Manually Synchronizing the Time

You can synchronize the time at any time by operating the FUNC key. The SNTP client setting must be enabled.

◊ Press **FUNC** and select **SNTP**.

Setting the SNTP Server

- Carry out the steps below to run the DX as an SNTP server.
 - Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > Server > Server modes

Basic	Setting	Mode	Ethernet Link
Server			
FTP		Use	•
Web		Use	•
SNTP		Not	t
Modbus		Not	t
EtherNet/IP		Not	t
Use Not			

• SNTP

For the SNTP item under Server, select **Use** or **Not** (don't use). When an SNTP client on the network queries the time information to the DX, the DX sends the time information.

Port Number

- The default value is 123. To change the setting,
- Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Environment tab > Communication > Service port.
 For the selectable range of port numbers, see section 6.1.

1.9 Using the Modbus Server Function

The DX is used as a Modbus server. For the Modbus specifications, see section 6.3.

Setting the Modbus Server

Carry out the steps below to enable another device to read the DX data or write data to the DX using Modbus.

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > Server > Server modes.

Basic	Setting	Mode	Ethernet Link
Server			
FTP			Use
Web			Use
SNTP			Not
Modbus			Not
EtherNet/IP			Not
Use Not			

• Modbus

For the Modbus item under Server, select Use or Not (don't use).

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > Server > Allowed Modbus clients.

Basic Setting	Mode Ethernet
Modbus client connect limits	s
Use/Not	Use
Client number	1
Allowed IP Address	0. 0. 0. 0
Use Not	

Use/Not

To place a limitation on the IP addresses that can connect to the DX Modbus server, select **Use**. Only the IP addresses specified here can connect to the DX Modbus server. To not place a limitation, select **Not**.

- Client number
 - You can register up to 10 IP addresses. Select the client number from 1 to 10.
- On/Off

To allow connections, select **On**.

Allowed IP Address

Enter the IP address in the range of 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255. You cannot enter a host name.

Port Number

The default value is 502. To change the setting,

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Environment tab > Communication > Service port.
 For the selectable range of port numbers, see section 6.1.

Reading/Writing the DX Data on Another Device

Another device (client device) sends commands to the DX to read the DX data or write data to the DX. You can perform some operations, such as memory start, by writing in the registers.

For the function codes that the DX supports and the DX registers that the client device can access, see "Modbus Server Function" in section 6.3.

Specifying the Register Number

Specify the DX register on the client device according to the instructions below.

- If you are using a commercial SCADA system or something similar, specify the register number (a number such as 400001; referred to as the "reference number") listed under Modbus Server Function in section 6.3, "Modbus Protocol Specifications."
- If you are using a custom communication program, specify the "relative number" in relation to the reference number. Compute the relative number in the manner indicated in the examples below.

Examples

The relative number for input register 300100 is 99, which is the difference between 300100 and 300001.

300100 - 300001 = 99

The relative number for input register 400011 is 10, which is the difference between 400011 and 400001.

400011 - 400001 = 10

1.10 Using the Modbus Client Function

The DX is used as a Modbus client. For the Modbus specifications, see section 6.3.

Setting the Modbus Client

Carry out the steps below to enable the DX to read the data of another device or write data to another device using Modbus.

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > Modbus client.

Basic settings	Destination server settings
Basic Setting Mode	Basic Setting Mode
Modbus client basic settings	Server number 1-8
Read cycle 1s	Port Modbus server name Unit No.
Retry interval 10min	1 502 modbus.daqstation.com Auto
	2 502 192.168.1.80 Fixed 3
	3 502 Auto
	4 502 Auto
	5 502 Auto
	6 502 Auto
	7 502 Auto
	8 502 Auto
125ms 250ms 500ms 1s Next 1/2	1-8 9-16

Transmitted command settings

Basic	Setting	Mode	Ethernet Link
Client command nu	mber <mark>1-8</mark>		
First Last	Server	Regi.	Туре
1 R-M C01 - C08	← 1	30001	INT16
2 W 01 - 04	⇒ 1	40001	INT16
3 W-M 101 - 105	⇒ 2	40010	INT32_B
4 0ff			
5 Off			
6 Off			
7 0ff			
8 0ff			
1-8 9-16			

Basic settings

Read cycle

Set the read cycle to 125m, 250m, 500m, 1, 2, 5, or 10s.

• Retry interval

Set the interval for retrying the connection when the connection is interrupted for some reason. Select Off, 10, 20, or 30 s, 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, or 30 min, or 1 h. When Off is selected, the connection is not retried. The communication stops if the communication fails.

Destination server settings

Server number

Select 1 to 16 for the server registration numbers to be configured.

• Port

Enter the port number in the range of 0 to 65535 for the selected server. The default value is 502.

Modbus server name

Set the destination Modbus server name using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.

- If the DNS is used, you can set the host name as a server name.
- · You can also set the IP address. In this case, the DNS is not required.

• Unit

Select **Auto** if the unit number of the destination server is not required; Otherwise, select **Fixed**. If you select **Fixed**, the unit number item is displayed.

No.

Enter a fixed unit number in the range of 0 to 255.

Setting the transmitted commands

- Client command number
 - Select 1 to 16 for the transmitted command numbers to be configured.

Command type

Set the command type to Off, R, R-M, W, W-M, or E-M. If you select a command type other than **Off**, the client channel, server number, register, and data type items are displayed.

- R: Read to the external input channel (16-bit signed integer type) from the server.
- R-M: Read to the communication input data (32-bit floating point type) from the server.
- W: Write the measurement channel (16-bit signed integer type) to the server.
- W-M: Write the measurement channel (32-bit signed integer type) to the server.
- E-M: Read to the communication input data (32-bit floating point type) from the server/write the custom display value to the server (release numbers 4 and later).

R can be selected on DX2000s with the external input channel (/MC1 option) installed. **R-M**, **W-M**, and **E-M** can be selected on models with the computation function (/M1 or /PM1 option) installed.

• First/Last (client channels)

Enter the first and last channel numbers of input/output. The range of channels that you can enter varies depending on the command type as follows:

R: 201 to 440, R-M: C01 to C60, W: 1 to 48, W-M: 101 to 160, E-M: C01 to C60 Only specify one communication input data item in the E-M command. An error will occur if you specify multiple items (e.g., [C01]-[C03]).

• Server (server number)

Select the server number from 1 to 16.

Regi. (registers on the server)

Set the register number of the server.

For an input register, select in the range of 30001 to 39999 and 300001 to 365536. For a hold register, select in the range of 40001 to 49999 and 400001 to 465536. The register numbers you can specify vary depending on the command type. See section 6.3.

Specifying the Register Number

Specify the register number on the DX by using the "reference number" (such as the number 40001 written above). For example on the Yokogawa UT351 Digital Indicating Controller, the corresponding D-register numbers and reference numbers are listed; use the reference number.

D-Reg. No.	Ref. No.
D0001	40001

For a server device that calls the register using a "relative number," add 30001,

300001, 40001, 400001 or a	a similar number to	obtain a reference	number
----------------------------	---------------------	--------------------	--------

Register Type	Relative Number	Reference Number	Expression
Hold register	1004	41005	1004 + 40001
	14567	414568	14567 + 400001
Input register	0000	30001	0000 + 30001

 Type Data type.
 Select INT16, UINT16, INT32_B, INT32_L, UINT32_B, UINT32_L, FLOAT_B, or FLOAT_L.
 The data type you can specify vary depending on the command type. See section 6.3.

1.10 Using the Modbus Client Function

Examples of Setting Commands

The following are examples of setting commands for the Modbus Client function. For the Modbus Master function, substitute "master" for "client," and "slave" for "server."

Connection example	DXAdvanced	Instrument A	Instrument B	Instrument C
	(Modbus client)	(Modbus server 1)	(Modbus server 2)	(Modbus server 3)
	Eth	ernet		

Loading to Communication Input Data

The DX inputs data loaded from the server to communication input data as floating point type data.

• Example 1

Load the value of the 16-bit signed integer assigned to register 30001 of instrument A to C01.

Communication input data	Register of instrument A 30001 16-bit signed integer
Command setting	



• Example 2

Load the value of the 32-bit signed integer assigned to registers 30003 and 30004 of instrument B to C03. Only the smallest register number need be specified in commands.

Communication input data	Register	of instrumen	t B
C03 <	 30003	lower bytes	00 h 11 s 1 s s 1 s s s s
	30004	higher bytes	32-bit signed integer

Command setting

R-M	C03 - C03	+	2	30003	INT32_L
		-			

• Example 3

Load the values of the 16-bit signed integers assigned to registers 30001 and 30002 of instrument B to C01 and C02. Only the smallest register number need be specified in commands.

Communication input data	Register of instrument B
C01 <	30001 16-bit signed integer
C02 <	30002 16-bit signed integer

Command setting

R-M C01 - C02	+	2	30001	INT16
---------------	---	---	-------	-------

• Example 4

Load the values of the 32-bit floating point assigned to registers 30005 and 30006 of instrument B to C04. Only the smallest register number need be specified in commands.

Commu C04	nication input da	ata		Register of 30005 30006	f instrumen lower bytes higher bytes	t B 32-bit floating point
Comma	and setting					
R-M	C04 - C04 🗲	2	30005	FLOAT_I	_	

Loading to External Input Channels (DX2000 Only)

The DX inputs the data loaded from the server to the external input channel as a 16-bit signed integer type.

• Example 1

Load the values of the 16-bit unsigned integers assigned to register 30001 of instrument C to external input channel 201.

External input channel	Register of instrument C
201	30001 16-bit unsigned integer

Command setting

R 201-201 - 3 30001 UINT

• Example 2

Load the values of the 32-bit unsigned integers assigned to registers 32001 and 32002 of instrument C to external input channel 202. Only the smallest register number need be specified in commands.

External input channel	Register of instru	ument C
202	32001 higher 32002 lower b	bytes 32-bit unsigned integer

Command setting

R	202 - 202	+	3	32001	UINT32 B

Writing Measured Values to the Server

• Example

Write the measured value (16-bit signed integer) from channel 1 to register 40001 of instrument A.

Measurement channel		Register of instrument A
001		40001 16-bit signed integer

Command setting

W	001 - 001	 1	40001	INT16

Writing Computed Values to the Server

• Example

Write the computed values (32-bit signed integers) from channel 101 to registers 40001 and 40002 of instrument A, in the order lower 16 bits/higher 16 bits. Only the smallest register number need be specified in commands.



Register of instrument A

→ 400001 16-bit signed integer

Loading to Communication Input Data and Direct Writing of Values to the Server

Example				
Load the value of the signed 16-bit integer assigned to the hold register (400001) of				
instrument A to C05. The value of C05 is only written to the hold register (400001) of				
instrument A when a value write operation is performed from the custom display.				
Normal				
Communication input data	Register of instrument A			
<u>C05</u>	400001 16-bit signed integer			
When a value write operation is performed from the custom display				

Command setting

C05

Communication input data

•

E-M C05 - C05 —	1	400001	INT16
-----------------	---	--------	-------

Checking the Modbus Operating Status

Displaying the Modbus Operating Status

◊ Press **DISP/ENTER** and select **INFORMATION > MODBUS CLIENT**.

Note .

To display **MODBUS CLIENT** on the screen selection menu, you need to change the setting using the menu customize function. The operation is as follows:

 Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Menu customize > Display menu

- 1. Select INFORMATION > MODBUS CLIENT
- 2. Press the View soft key.



Communication Conditions

The Read cycle and Connect.retry settings are displayed.

Communication Status

The communication status is displayed using the status lamp and the detail code.

Status Lamp Detail Code		Meaning		
Green	Good	Communication is operating normally.		
Yellow		Command is readying.		
Orange		Trying to establish a TCP connection.		
Red		Communication is stopped.		
Common to yellow,	None	No response from the server device.		
orange, and red	Func	The server device cannot execute the command from the DX.		
	Regi	The server device does not have the specified register.		
	Err	There is an error in the response data from the server device.		
Link Eth		Ethernet cable is disconnected.		
	Host	Unable to resolve the IP address from the host name.		
	Cnct	Failed to connect to the server.		
	Send	Failed to transmit the command.		
	BRKN	Failed to received the response data or detected a disconnection.		
	(Space)	The detail code is not displayed until the status is confirmed when communication is started.		

Resuming Command Transmission

You can use the front panel keys to resume command transmission to a server device to which communication is stopped (red status) lamp

- 1. Using the up and down arrow keys, select the command corresponding to the server device to which transmission will be resumed. The message "Push [right arrow] key to refresh" appears.
- 2. Press the right arrow key. The DX starts command transmission to the specified server.

Data When Communication Is Stopped and during Connection Retrials

If the command transmission stops such as due to a connection drop, the status turns orange or red, and the communication input data and external input channel data are error data. On communication channels, "+OVER" or –OVER is displayed according to the DX settings. "*****" is displayed on external input channels.

Data Dropout

Data drop occurs when the commands from 1 to 16 do not complete within the read cycle (see appendix 1). When a data dropout occurs, the communication input data is held at the previous value. A message indicating the data dropout is also displayed on the Modbus operating status display. If this happens, take measures such as making the read cycle longer or reducing the number of commands. Confirm that no data dropout occurs on the modbus status log screen.

Function for Automatically Assigning MW100s to the Modbus Client (DX2000 Only)

The following setup is carried out from the DX using YOKOGAWA's MW100 Data Acquisition Unit as a Modbus server.

If the DX2000 is a Modbus client, MW100s, Modbus servers on the network, can be automatically assigned to the DX2000. This function can be used only on DX2000s with the external input channel function (/MC1 option).

Setup Preparation

Set the MW100s so that measurements can be started (IP address, system construction, range setting, and the like of the MW100s to be automatically assigned). For details, see the user's manual of the MW100.

Setup Procedure

If the IP address of the DX is not set, set it before carrying out the procedure below.

- Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > Modbus client > Auto setting.
- Carefully read the displayed precautions.
 Select Yes to execute the auto setting. Select No to return to the screen operation.
- From the list of MW100s that is displayed, select the MW100s to be connected using the up and down arrow keys, and press DISP/ENTER. The selected MW100s are assigned to the external input channel of the DX.

Displays the IP address or host name. Displays the MW100 unit number. The list displays up to 16 units from the smallest unit number.

			Displays the status of No settings: Not Ready: Numeric display:	the external input channel assignments. Status in which the MW100 is not assigned automatically Status in which the MW100 cannot be connected* Displays the number of the assigned
	Basic Setting Hode Inication (Ethernet) > Modbus client > Auto settin Ext. 1/0 name or IP 168.1.101 .168.1.102	8 it No. 88 81 N	Status 201/220 o settings	external input channels Example: If a MW100 is assigned to external input channels 201 to 220, the status displays 201/220. * For the corrective action, see the <i>DX1000</i> or <i>DX2000 User's Manual</i> .
Ca				

Pressing the **Call** soft key causes "--" to blink on the 7-segment LED display of the selected MW100 for 2 seconds. This allows you to check which MW100 is selected if multiple MW100s are connected.
Setup Items

The MW100 channels are assigned to the external input channels of the DX as follows:

Channel Number

The channels of the MW100 selected first are assigned consecutively from external input channel 201. The channels of the MW100 selected next are assigned to the available external input channels from the smallest number. You cannot select the external input channels to be assigned.



Range Settings

The range settings of the MW100 (including the span and unit) are set automatically to the external input channels.

If the span setting of the MW100 range exceeds the span setting range of the DX external input channel (–30000 to 30000), it is set to the span upper limit (30000) or lower limit (–30000).

Specify the settings such as the alarm, tag, and the area display of the color scale band of each channel after the auto setting is complete.

Note _

Precautions When Assigning Channels to the External Input Channels

- The MW100 channels are assigned in unit of 10 channels to the external input channels. If the MW100 measurement module consists of less than 10 channels, "OFF" is assigned to the external input channels for the section without channels.
- An error occurs if the number of MW100 channels to be automatically set is greater than the number of available external input channels.
- If the range setting of a MW100 channel is set to "SKIP," the external input channel of the DX is set to "OFF."
- If a MW100 unit contains a module that cannot be set automatically, only the channels that can be assigned are assigned to the external input channels of the DX.
- If a new MW100 is added, auto setting is executed again. At this point, all the settings are cleared. Therefore, you must execute the auto setting again for all MW100s.
- If you are connecting MW100s that can be automatically set and MW100s that cannot be automatically set or other Modbus devices, automatically set the MW100s that can be automatically set first and then manually set the connection of the remaining devices.

Note ____

About the MW100

- MW100s that support auto setting are those with firmware version R2.22 or later.
- MW100 modules that can be automatically set are the following input modules. The
- installable input modules vary depending on the MW100 firmware version. 4-CH, High-Speed Universal Input Module
 - 10-CH, Medium-Speed Universal Input Module
 - 6-CH, Medium-Speed Four-Wire RTD Resistance Input Module
- 10-CH, High-speed Input Module
- 30-CH, Medium-Speed DCV/TC/DI Input Module
- 10-CH, Medium-Speed Pulse Input Module
- If there are no channels to be assigned or the Modbus server setting is OFF, auto setting fails with an error. Check the settings.
- MW100s that are connected through auto setting automatically switches to the measurement mode.
- · Port number 34324 of the MW100 is used to perform auto setting.
- For details on the MW100 settings, see the user's manual of the MW100.

The first channel information of the MW100 that is automatically set to the external input channel can be displayed when the cursor is on the first or last channel.

GROUP 1 2007/01/01 10:10:10 😡 DISP	1hour 🖸
Ext. channel > Range, Alarm	First CH information
First-CH 201 Last-CH 201	External I/O : 192.168.1.101
Ext. range	Unit No. : 00 CH No. : 01
On/Off Span Lower Span Upper Un On -2.0000 2.0000 V	it
Ext. alarm	
1 Off	
2 0ff 3 0ff	
4 Off	
Input	

In addition, the status of the connected MW100 can be confirmed on the Modbus status display screen.

MODE 2007	US C /01/	LIENT 01 10	:10:10	👮 disi			1hour	0
Read Conn	cyc ect.	le retry	: 1s : 2min				Auto se Unit CH No	tting information No. :0 . :1/20
				Com	1. D	ata		. .
	No.		Status	First		Last	Server name	Registers
-	1	read	💛 Cnc	t 201	-	220	192.168.1.101	30001
	2							
	3							
	4							
	ő							
	7							
	8							
	.9							
	10							
	12							
	13							
	14							
	15							
	16							

1.11 Usage Example of the Modbus Function

Explains the setting example for both Modbus client and server on DX1000s connected via the Ethernet. This section refers to the DX1000 set to be a Modbus server as DX1000 server and the DX1000 set to be a Modbus client as DX1000 client.

System Configuration and Actions

Uses the measurement channel, computation channel, and communication input data as described in the figure below. Assumes other conditions are set properly.



Action

- The DX1000 client reads the measured value of channel 1 on the DX1000 server into the communication input data C01. C01 is displayed on a computation channel 101 by including the data in the equation. The computation channel 101 is assigned to Group1.
- The measured value of channel 1 on the DX1000 server is transferred to the DX1000 client as an integer in the range of –20000 to 20000.
- The DX1000 client displays the read data as -2.0000 to 2.0000 V using the computation channel 101. The following conversion is applied.

Value on the computation channel 101 of the DX1000 client = Communication input data C01 x 0.0001 1

Settings on the DX1000 Server (Modbus Server)

Setting the Modbus Server Function

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > Server > Server modes.

	Basi	c Setting	Mode	Ethernet Link
Server				
FTP			Not	_
Web			Use	_
SNTP			Not	
Modbus			Use	
EtherNet	t/IP		Not	
Use	Not			
ltem		Settings		

ltem	Settings
Modbus	Use

About the Port Number

The port number is 502 by default.

Setting the Measurement Channel

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Meas channel > Range, Alarm.

GROUP 1 2008/12/02 11:35:39 😡DISP1hour 🚺	
First-CH: 001 Last-CH: 001	
Range	
Mode Range Span_L Span_U	
Alarm	
1 Off	
2 Off	
3 Off	
4 0ff	
Input +1 -1	

ltem	Settings
First-CH, Last-CH	1
Mode	Volt
Range	2V
Span_L	-2.0000
Span_U	2.0000

1.11 Usage Example of the Modbus Function

Setting the DX1000 Client (Modbus Client)

Assumes the settings other than that for the server and the command are left to default values.

Registering the Destination Server

Register the DX1000 server to number 1.

The IP address of the DX1000 server is "190.168.1.101" as an example.

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > Modbus client > Modbus server settings.

		Basic Setting Mode	Etherne Link
Ser	ver nu	ımber <mark>1-8</mark>	
	Port	Modbus server name	Unit
1	502	192.168.1.101	Auto
2	502		Auto
3	502		Auto
4	502		Auto
5	502		Auto
6	502		Auto
- 7	502		Auto
8	502	[Auto

Item	Settings
Port	502
Modbus server name	192.168.1.101
Unit	Auto

Setting Command

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Ethernet) > Modbus client > Command settings.

	Basic	Setting	Mode	Ethernet Link
Client	command nu	mber <mark>1-8</mark>		
	First Last	: Server	Regi.	Туре
1 R-M	001 - 001	+ 1	30001	INT16
2 Off				
3 0ff				
4 Off				
5 Off				
6 Off				
7 0ff				
8 0ff				
1-8	9-16			

Item	Settings
Command type	R-M
First and Last	C01
Server	1
Regi.	30001
Туре	INT16

Setting the Computation Channel

◊ Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Math channel > Expression, Alarm.

GROUP 1 2008/12/02 12:53:50 💭 DISP 🗾 Ihour 💽
First-CH: 101 Last-CH: 101 Math On
Calculation expression
Span Lower Span Upper Unit
Alarm
1 0ff 2 0ff 3 0ff
4 Off
Item Settings

Item	Settings
First-CH, Last-CH	101
Math	On
Calculation expression	C01*K01
Span_L	-2.0000
Span_U	2.0000
Unit	V

◊ Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Math channel > Constant.

GROUP 1 2006/09/13 21:08:00 Poist Number of constant Value	Ihrour Ο K01 .0001	
Item	Settings	
Item Number of constant	Settings K01	

Assigning the channel to a Group

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Group set, Trip line.

GROUP 1 2008/12/02 12:58:25	👮 DISP Incur 🚺
Group number	1
Group set	
0n/0ff	0n
Group name	GROUP 1
CH set	101
Trip line	
1 044	
2 0ff	
3 0ff	
4 Off	
Input +1	-1
Item	Settings
Group number	1
On/Off	On
Group name	GROUP 1
CH set	101

1.11 Usage Example of the Modbus Function

Starting the Computation (DX1000 Client)

• Press **FUNC** and select **Math start**.

The computation starts. A computation icon is displayed on the status display section. The value of the computation channel 101 in the GROUP 1 of the DX1000 client varies in conjunction with the measured value of the measurement channel 1 on the DX1000 server.



Confirming the Communication Status (DX1000 Client)

Showing a Menu to Switch to the Modbus Client Screen This is the operation to show INFORMATION > MODBUS CLIENT on the display

selection menu.

- Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Menu customize
 > Display menu.
- 1. Select **INFORMATION > MODBUS CLIENT** using the arrow keys.
 - * Select **INFORMATION > MODBUS MASTER** when you use the Modbus master via the serial communication.
- 2. Press the View soft key.

The selected item displays in white.



3. Press the ESC key to return to the operation screen.

Displaying the Modbus Client Screen

- ◊ Press DISP/ENTER and select INFORMATION > MODBUS CLIENT.
 - * Select INFORMATION > MODBUS MASTER when you use the Modbus master via the serial communication.

MODBUS CLIENT 2006/09/13 09:0 Read cycle	7:17 😡 DISP	ihour 🚺	÷
Conect.retry :	2min		
No. Status	Comm.Data First Last	Server name	Registers
➡ 1 R Good 2	C01 - C01	192.168.1.101	30001
3 4 5			
6			
10			
11 12 13			
14 15			

1.12 Using the Setting/Measurement Server

This section explains how to use the setting/measurement server. You can use this function to send commands to retrieve data from the DX and to control it. For information about the maximum number of simultaneous connections, see section 6.1.

When Not Using the Login Function

Access the server using the user name "admin" or "user." Of the commands in chapter 3, you can use either the administrator (admin) or user commands, depending on which name you used to log in.

When Using the Login Function (Standard)

Log in as a administrator or user who has been registered on the DX. Of the commands in chapter 3, you can use either the administrator or user commands, depending on which name you used to log in.

On DXs with the /AS1 Advanced Security Option

When Not Using the Login Function

Access the server using the user name "user." You can use the monitoring function commands. You cannot access the server using the user name "admin."

When Using the Login Function

Connect (log in) to the monitoring function or the setting function as a administrator or user who has been registered on the DX.



Monitoring Function

You can produce measurement and setup data and execute input commands for communication input data and external input channels. Administrators and users can connect to the monitoring function. Users can connect regardless of whether they log in through key operations or serial communication.

Setting Function

Administrators and users can connect to the setting function. Administrators can execute all the commands. In addition to the monitoring function commands, users can execute some operations, such as the starting and stopping of recording. However, users cannot perform operations that are forbidden by the user privilege settings. For details, see section 3.2.

When you are using the multi-login function, you can log in to the setting function in the circumstances listed below, but all commands other than the monitoring function commands will result in errors.

- When a user who has logged in through key operations is in setting mode or basic setting mode.
- There is a user who is using serial communication to execute a command to enter setting mode.

When you are not using the multi-login function, you will be unable to log in to the setting function if an administrator or user has logged in to the DX through key operations or if there is a user who is executing the LL command through serial communication.

Logging In

Perform the operations that are appropriate for your PC, software, and network environment.

This section explains the operations that a user performs on the PC before he or she logs in and how the DX responds to those operations. For information about the flow of login processing, see appendix 2.

Note.

- Regardless of the connection types—key login, a setting or monitoring connection to the setting/measurement server, or connection through the LL command using serial communication—two users cannot be logged in with the same name.
- If you try to connect to the DX from a PC when no administrators have been registered, the DX returns the following response:
 - E1 402 Select username from 'admin' or 'user'
 - Selecting admin is the same as logging in to the setting function at the administrator level.
 - Selecting user is the same as logging in to the monitoring function at the user level except that you can't use the CM or CE commands.

Logging In Before the Password Has Been Set

Immediately after you register a user on the DX, the default password is used as the login password for that user. When you log in for the first time, you will be prompted to change the password.

1. Specify the host name or IP address of the DX that you want to connect to. Or, specify the port number (34260) of the setting/measurement server.

The DX returns the following message: E1 406 "Select function from 'setting' or 'monitor'."

2. Enter "setting" to log in to the setting function.

Enter "monitor" to log in to the monitoring function. The DX returns the following message: E1 400 "Input username."

- Enter the user name.
 The DX returns the following message: E1 405 "Input user ID."
- Enter the user ID.
 The DX returns the following message: E1 401 "Input password."

5. Enter the default password.

User	Default password
Administrator 1 to 5	Admin1 to Admin5
User 1 to 90	User01 to User90

The DX returns the following message:

E1 407 "Password has expired. Please enter a new password."

6. Enter a new password.

Note_

- You cannot use the same combination of user ID and password as another user.
- Enter a password that is between 6 and 20 characters in length.
- You cannot register a character string that contains spaces or the word "quit."

The DX returns the following message: E1 408 "Enter password again for confirmation."

7. Enter the password that you entered in step 6. The DX returns the following message:

E0

You are now logged in.

Logging In after the Password Has Been Set

 Specify the host name or IP address of the DX that you want to connect to. Or, specify the port number (34260) of the setting/measurement server. The DX returns the following message: E1 406 "Select function from 'setting' or 'monitor'."

- Enter "setting" to log in to the setting function.
 Enter "monitor" to log in to the monitoring function.
 The DX returns the following message:
 E1 400 "Input username."
- Enter the user name.
 The DX returns the following message: E1 405 "Input user ID."
- Enter the user ID. The DX returns the following message: E1 401 "Input password."
- 5. Enter the password.The DX returns the following message:E0You are now logged in.

You will need to enter a new password after the current one expires. Follow the directions that appear to enter the new password.

Invalid User

If a user tries to log in with the wrong password consecutively for the number of times specified by the password retry frequency setting, that user is made invalid, and he or she will be unable to log in.

Releasing the Invalid User Status

The administrator can release the invalid user status. For instructions on how to do this, see the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM04L41B01-05EN)*.

Error Messages and Dealing with Them

If an error message appears while you are logging in, see chapter 10 in the *DX1000/ DX1000N User's Manual* or chapter 11 in the *DX2000 User's Manual*.

Sending Commands

Use the dedicated DX commands. The commands that you can use are listed below. For details about the commands, see chapter 3. For information about the responses to the commands, see chapter 4.

Connected Function	Administrator	User	
Setting function	All the commands are available.	All the output commands except for ME and MO and some of the control commands are available (operations that are forbidden by the user privilege settings are not available).	
Monitoring function	All the output commands except for MI and CE.	ut commands except for ME and MO and control commands CM	

Main Functions and Commands

Outputting the Most Recent Measured and Computed Data

Command	Function
FD	The most recent measured and computed data is output in binary or ASCII
	format. When the data is output in binary format, only the significands of the
	measured and computed data are output. To acquire the correct values, you
	must combine the values output by this command with the decimal place
	information output by the FE command.
	Example: A value of 12.345 is output as "12345" in binary format.
BO	When data is output in binary format, this command specifies whether to output
	the data from the MSB (most significant bit) or from the LSB (least significant bit).
FE	Outputs the decimal place and unit information of the measured and computed
	data. This command can be used when data is output in binary format.

• Outputting Measured and Computed Data at a Specific Interval

The DX outputs the data from a FIFO buffer (First-In First-Out; see appendix 5).

Command	Function
FF	Outputs the significands of the measured and computed data in binary format. To acquire the correct values, you must combine the values output by this command with the decimal place information output by the FE command.
	See appendix 5, "Flow Chart of the FIFO Data Output."
BO	See the explanation for "Outputting the Most Recent Measured and Computed Data."
FE	See the explanation for "Outputting the Most Recent Measured and Computed Data."

Outputting Status Information

For information about status information, see chapter 5.

Command	Function
IS	The status information is output in ASCII format.
IF	A status filter is set.
	I.

Starting and Stopping Measurement and Computation
 Command Exactly Function

	Commanu	Function	
	PS	PS0: memory start, PS1: memory stop	
TL TL0: computation start, TL1: computation stop		TL0: computation start, TL1: computation stop	

Writing Messages

		5
	Command	Function
	MS	Writes a registered character string (message).
BJ Writes the specified character string (message).		Writes the specified character string (message).

Setting the Batch Name

Command	Function
BT	Sets the batch and lot numbers.

Disconnection

The connection is closed when:

- A command is sent that closes the connection. The CC0 command is sent.
- A command that results in the exiting of basic setting mode has been executed. If you log in to the setting function and initialize the setup data (EC command), load settings (YO command), or close system mode (YE command), the communication connection is closed, along with other connections.
- The DX disconnects according to its automatic logout and communication timeout settings.

When you are logged in, if you do not send commands for the specified time indicated below, the DX will automatically log out and close the connection.

Specified time: The DX auto logout time (see section 2.1 in the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual*) or the communication timeout time (see section 1.3), whichever is shorter.

• There is a communication error.

The connection is closed when there is a transfer error, a reception error, or when the keepalive function times out (see "Setting/Measurement Server" in section 1.1).

Note -

When the connection to the setting function is closed, the DX returns to the operation mode screen, and the user is logged out.

1.13 Using the Maintenance/Test Server

When Not Using the Login Function

Access the server using the user name "admin" or "user." You can use either the administrator (admin) or user commands, depending on which name you used to log in.

When Using the Login Function (Standard)

Log in as an administrator or user who has been registered on the DX. Of the commands in chapter 3, you can use either the administrator or user commands, depending on which name you used to log in.

On DXs with the /AS1 Advanced Security Option

Access the server using the user name "admin" or "user." You can use either the administrator (admin) or user commands, depending on which name you used to log in.

Telnet Operation Example

The example below shows how to perform operations using Telnet on Windows XP. The necessary operations vary depending on the operating environment. Perform the operations that are appropriate for your environment.

Connecting

Type "telnet" in the Windows command prompt, and then press ENTER to start Telnet. If you enter "display," the Telnet settings are displayed. Configure the settings as indicated below.

- Use local echo
- set localecho
- Send CR and LF by pressing ENTER set crlf

Connect to the DX using the "open" command.

open (the DX IP address or host name) 34261

* Put a space between the DX IP address or host name and "34261." "34261" is the port number of the maintenance/test server.

The DX returns the following message: E1 402 "Select username from 'admin' or 'user'."

Access the server using the user name "admin" or "user."

Sending Commands

For information about commands, see section 3.2.

Disconnection

The connection is closed when:

- A command is sent that closes the connection.
 - The quit command is sent.
- A communication timeout occurs.

The DX automatically closes the connection of clients with whom no communication has taken place for 15 minutes.

 There is a communication error.
 The connection is closed when there is a transfer error, a reception error, or when the keepalive function times out (see "Other Functions" in section 1.1).

1.14 Using the Password Management Function (/AS1 option)

Overview

System Configuration

The following figure shows the configuration of the authentication system.



Terminology

• KDC Server (Key Distribution Center)

Manages the DX account (host account) and the user accounts for operating the DX.

• Encryption Method

The method for encrypting the authentication data.

Authentication

The process by which the DX determines whether or not a user is qualified to operate it.

Host Account

The DX user account on the KDC server.

Host Principal

The DX name used on the application.

User Account

The account of a user who can operate the DX.

Mapping

The establishment of an association between the host principal and the host account.

Realm Name

The name of the domain that contains the KDC server and the DX.

1.14 Using the Password Management Function (/AS1 option)

Flow of Operation

To use the password management function, you must configure a KDC server and the DX.

First configure the KDC server, and then configure the DX.



Configuring the KDC Server

An example of how to configure a KDC server is provided in this section.

Configuring the DX

Set the SNTP Client

For the password management function to work, the times on the KDC server and the DX must be synchronized. Configure the DX to always synchronize itself with an SNTP server on the network. For the setup procedure, see section 1.8.

Note .

Be sure to set DST (daylight saving time) and the time zone correctly. For the setup procedures for DST and the time zone, see sections 2.1 and 2.2 in the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual*.

Set the IP Address and DNS

See section 1.3 for information about the IP address and DNS settings.

- Turn the Password Management Function On See section 2.1 in the Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM04L41B01-05EN).
- **Register Users** Specify operation modes, user names, and restrictions for each user. See section 2.1 in the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM04L41B01-05EN)*.
- Set the Root User Password See section 2.1 in the Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM04L41B01-05EN).
- Set the KDC Server to Connect to and the Authentication Key Set the server information, the encryption method, etc. This section will explain how to do this.

DX Settings (KDC server to connect to and authentication key)

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication(Ethernet) > Password management > KDC connection, Certification key.

KDC connection		Certification key		
Basic Setting Mode	Ethernet Link	Basic	Setting Mode	Ethernet Link
KDC connection Primary KDC server name Port number 88		Certification key Host principal Realm name Password Encryption	**************************************	0 :****
Primary Second		Input C	lear Copy	

KDC Connection

You can specify a primary and a secondary KDC server.

- KDC server name
 - Enter the KDC server name here using up to 64 alphanumeric characters.
- Port number

You can specify a value from 1 to 65535. If you do not specify a port number, the default port number, which is 88, is used.

Certification Key

• Host principal

The DX account name registered on the KDC server. You can enter up to 20 alphanumeric characters.^{*1}

*1 You cannot use forward slashes or at signs.

Realm name

The name of the domain that contains the KDC server and the DX. You can enter up to 64 alphanumeric characters. $^{\ast 2}$

*2 You cannot use forward slashes or at signs. Characters are case-sensitive.

Password

Set the password to use to access the KDC server using up to 20 characters. The password is displayed as "********."

Encryption Method

Select an encryption method that the server supports from AES128, AES256, and ARC4. ARC4 (ARCFOUR) is an encryption algorithm that is compatible with RC4.

Note -

- The host principal is converted within the DX as shown below. host/(host principal)@(realm name)
- · Cross-realm authentication (authentication of different domain names) is not supported.

1

KDC Server Configuration Example

The example below shows how to configure a KDC server. In the example, a Windows Server 2008 KDC server that supports Active Directory management is used on an English OS.

Overview

The necessary Active Directory management steps on Windows Server 2008 are the creation of a host account, property changes, mapping of the host principal to the host account^{*1}, and the creation of a key tab file (this step can be omitted). The conditions are as follows:

Item	Description	
Domain name	The name of the domain that you are using	
Realm	The name of the realm that you are using ^{*2}	
Encryption method	AES256	
Port number	88	
Preauthentication	Enabled	

Item	Registered name	Password
Host name	dxadv	record-1

- *1 You need to use mapping to use Active Directory to perform user registration on a non-Windows device.
- *2 The realm name is the domain name (all caps).

Creating a DX Host Account

1. Open Server Manager, and select New > User.



1.14 Using the Password Management Function (/AS1 option)

2. Enter dxadv into the First name, Full name, and User logon name boxes.

w Object - User	
•	
Create	in: Tradit put profile the time of
First name:	duadu la taxta
<u>r</u> iischame.	
Last name:	
Full name:	dvadv
r ar n <u>o</u> me.	
User logon name:	
dxadv	@
User logon name	pre- <u>W</u> indows 2000):
NUMBER OF	dxadv
	Z Rock Nexts Cancel

3. Enter record-1 in the **Password** box. Select the **Password never expires** check box.

New Object - User		×
Create in:	pr national principana	
Password:	••••	
Confirm password:	•••••	3
User must change password at	next logon	
User cannot change password		
Password never expires		
Account is disabled		
	< Back Next >	Cancel

4. Click Finish to complete the creation of the new account.

New Object - User	×
Create in:	
When you click Finish, the following object will be created:	
Full name: dxadv	A
User logon name: dxadv@	
The password never expires.	
	-
< Back Finish	Cancel

1.14 Using the Password Management Function (/AS1 option)

Changing the Properties of the New Account

Select the check boxes listed below. Clear all other check boxes.

This account supports Kerberos AES 256 bit encryption

Password never expires

- The "Password never expires" check box was selected previously in step 3, so it will also be selected in this window.
- If you clear all the encryption method check boxes, RC4 will be used.

dxadv Properties	
Organization Member Of Dial-in Environment Sessions Remote control Terminal Services Profile COM+ General Address Account Profile Telephones Delegation	
User logon name: host/dxadv	— "hos
User logon name (pre-Windows 2000): dxadv	It is
Logon Hours Log On To	perl
Account options:	
Use Kerberos DES encryption types for this account This account supports Kerberos AES 128 bit encryption. This account supports Kerberos AES 256 bit encryption. Do not require Kerberos preauthentication	
Account expires	
C End of:	
OK Cancel Apply Help	

"host" is not attached before mapping. It is attached after mapping is performed successfully.

Mapping the host principal to the host account

Open the command prompt, and execute the following command.

ktpass –princ host/dxadv@(the name of the realm you are using) -pass record-1 – mapuser dxadv –ptype KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL –crypto All –out C:\yokogawa\dxadv. keytab

The file dxadv.keytab is created in the C:\yokogawa folder.



Create an Active Directory User Account and Change Its Properties

Create an Active Directory DX user account. Change the properties of the account to match those of the host.

In this example, select the following check box:

This account supports Kerberos AES 256 bit encryption

Be sure to select the same encryption method as the one used by the DX host account.

iser1 Properties	<u>? ×</u>		
Member Of Dial-in Environment Remote control Terminal Services Profile General Address Account Profile Telephones	Sessions COM+ Organization		
User logon name: User 1 User logon name (pre-Windows 2000): User 1	•		
Logon Hours			
Account options: Use Kerberos DES encryption types for this account This account supports Kerberos AES 128 bit encryption. This account supports Kerberos AES 256 bit encryption. Do not require Kerberos preauthentication	•		
Account expires			
OK Cancel Apply	Help		

About Mapping

Mapping is the establishment of an association between the host principal and the host account. In the example below, the setting "princ" is associated with the setting "mapuser." The association is accomplished through the use of the ktpass tool.

• Open the command prompt, and execute the ktpass command.

ktpass Settings

Setup Item		Windows Server 2003	Windows Server 2008	Example
princ	princ host/(host principal)@(realm name)		realm name)	host/dxadv@EXAMPLE. COM
pass		Password		record-1
crypto	ARC4	RC4-HMAC-NT RC4-HMAC-NT		RC4-HMAC-NT
	AES128		AES128-SHA1	
	AES256		AES256-SHA1	
mapuser		Host account		dxadv
ptype	ptype KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL			KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL
out	ut (Destination folder name)\(file name).keytab		e)\(file name).keytab	c:\temp\dxadv.keytab

Mapping Example

ktpass -princ host/dxadv@EXAMPLE.COM -pass record-1 -crypto
RC4-HMAC-NT -mapuser dxadv -ptype KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL -out c:\
temp\dxadv.keytab

Note_

- · Use the ktpass tool after you install the support tools offered by the server.
- · Be sure to make the realm name all caps.
- You can only set crypto to All when using Windows Server 2008.
- Use the same encryption method for the user and host accounts.
- ARC4 (ARCFOUR) is an encryption algorithm that is compatible with RC4.
- The "out" setting can be omitted.

ktpass Execution Example (Windows Server 2003)

This execution example is different from the configuration example.



ktpass Execution Example (Windows Server 2008)

This execution example is different from the configuration example on the previous page.



Settings on the DX

Configure the following settings on the DX. For the setup procedure, see page 1-80.

-	
Item	Setup Items
Host principal	dxadv
Realm name	Specify the realm name.
Password	record-1
Encryption method	AES256
KDC server name	Specify the KDC server name.
Port number	88

Note

The realm name is the domain name in all caps.

2.1 DX Features

Serial communication can be performed using RS-232 or RS-422/485. Explains the serial communication functions.

Modbus Master

- The DX can connect to a Modbus slave device and read or write to the internal register. The read data can be used as communication input data of the computation function* on a computation channel. The data can also be handled on the external input channel. The data that can be written to the internal register is measured data and computed data.
 - * /M1 or /PM1 option
 - ** DX2000 with /MC1 option
- For a description of the settings required to use this function, see section 2.4. For details on the Modbus function codes that the DX supports, see section 6.3.
- For the setting procedure, see sections 2.4, 2.6, and 2.7.



Modbus Slave	A Modbus master device can carry out the following operations on the DX that is
	operating as a Modbus slave device.
	 Load data from measurement, computed,[*] and external input channels^{**} (using the input register)
	 Load communication input data[*] (using the hold register)
	 Write communication input data[*] (using the hold register)
	 Write to external input channels[*] (using the hold register)
	Start and stop recording, write messages, and perform other similar operations
	(using the hold register; models with release number 3 or later)
	• Load the recording start/stop condition, message strings, and other types of data (using the hold register; models with release number 2 or later)
	(using the hold register, models with release number 5 of later)
	** DX2000 with /MC1 option
•	For details on the settings required to use this function and the Modbus function codes that the DX supports, see section 6.3.
•	For the setting procedure, see sections 2.4, 2.5, and 2.7.



Setting/Measurement Function

- This function can be used to set almost all of the settings that can be configured using the front panel keys. For details, see section 1.1.
- For a description of the settings required to use this function, see section 2.4. For information about how to use the function, see section 2.8.

PROFIBUS-DP (/CP1 option; release number 3 or later)

As a PROFIBUS-DP slave device, the DX can:

- Output measured values of measurement channels.
- Output a portion of the computed values of computation channels.
- Enter data to a portion of the communication input data.

For operating instructions, see the *PROFIBUS-DP Communication Interface User's Manual (IM04L41B01-19E)*.

2.2 Flow of Operation When Using the Serial Interface

The flow chart below shows the procedure to set the communication using RS-232 or RS-422/RS-485.

The procedure varies for RS-232 and RS-422/RS-485.



2.3 Connecting the DX

Connecting the cable

Connect a cable to the serial port on the DX rear panel.

RS-232 Connection Procedure

Connect a cable to the 9-pin D-sub RS-232 connector.

Connector pin arrangement and signal names



Each pin corresponds to the signal indicated below.

The following table shows the signal name, RS-232 standard, JIS, and ITU-T standard signals.

Pin	Pin Signal Name			Name	Meaning
	JIS	ITU-T	RS-232		
2	RD	104	BB(RXD)	Received data	Input signal to the DX.
3	SD	103	BA(TXD)	Transmitted data	Output signal from the DX.
5	SG	102	AB(GND)	Signal ground	Signal ground.
7	RS	105	CA(RTS)	Request to send	Handshaking signal when receiving data from the PC. Output signal from the DX.
8	CS	106	CB(CTS)	Clear to send	Handshaking signal when receiving data from the PC. Input signal to the DX.

* Pins 1, 4, 6, and 9 are not used.

Connection

Signal direction



· Connection example

OFF-OFF/)	(ON-XON
PC	DX

XON-RS(XON-RTS)

		_	
SD		3	SD
RD		2	RD
RS		7	RS
CS	\vdash \sqcup	8	CS
SG		5	SG

CS-RS(CTS-RTS)				
PC		0	X	
SD		3	SD	
RD		2	RD	
RS		7	RS	
CS		8	CS	
SG		5	SG	

PC DX SD J3 SD The corr

		-	
SG		5	SG
CS		8	CS
RS	····	7	RS
RD		2	RD
00		5	00

The connection of RS on the PC and CS on the DX is not necessary. However, we recommend that you wire them so that the cable can be used in either direction.

Handshaking

When using the RS-232 interface for transferring data, it is necessary for equipment on both sides to agree on a set of rules to ensure the proper transfer of data. The set of rules is called handshaking. Because there are various handshaking methods that can be used between the DX and the PC, you must make sure that the same method is chosen by both the DX and the PC.

You can choose any of the four methods on the DX in the table below.

	Data transmission control (Control used when sending data to a computer)			Data Reception Control (Control used when receiving data from a computer)		
	Software Handshaking	Hardware Handshaking		Software Handshaking	Hardware Handshaking	
Handshaking	Stops transmission when X-OFF is received. Resume when X-ON is received.	Stops sending when CS (CTS) is false. Resumes when it is true.	No handshaking	Sends X-OFF when the receive data buffer is 3/4 full. Sends X-ON when the receive data buffer is 1/4th full.	Sets RS (RTS) to False when the receive data buffer is 3/4 full. Sets RS (RTS) to True when the receive data buffer becomes 1/4 full.	No handshaking
OFF-OFF			Yes			Yes
XON-XON	Yes			Yes		
XON-RS	Yes				Yes	
CS-RS		Yes			Yes	

Table of Handshaking Methods (Yes indicates that it is supported)

• OFF-OFF

Data transmission control

There is no handshaking between the DX and the PC. The "X-OFF" and "X-ON" signals received from the PC are treated as data, and the CS signal is ignored.

Data reception control

There is no handshaking between the DX and the PC. When the received buffer becomes full, all of the data that overflows are discarded. RS = True (fixed).

XON-XON

Data transmission control

Software handshaking is performed between the DX and the PC. When an "X-OFF" code is received while sending data to the PC, the DX stops the data transmission. When the DX receives the next "X-ON" code, the DX resumes the data transmission. The CS signal received from the PC is ignored.

 Data reception control Software handshaking is performed between the DX and the PC. When the free area of the received buffer decreases to 1537 bytes, the DX sends an "X-OFF" code. When the free area increases to 511 bytes, the DX sends an "X-ON" code. RS = True (fixed).

- XON-RS
 - Data transmission control

The operation is the same as with XON-XON.

Data reception control

Hardware handshaking is performed between the DX and the PC. When the free area of the received buffer decreases to 1537 bytes, the DX sets "RS=False." When the free area increases to 511 bytes, the DX sets "RS=True."

CS-RS

Data transmission control

Hardware handshaking is performed between the DX and the PC. When the CS signal becomes False while sending data to the PC, the DX stops the data transmission. When the CS signal becomes True, the DX resumes the data transmission. The "X-OFF" and "X-ON" signals are treated as data.

 Data reception control The operation is the same as with XON-RS.

Note.

- The PC program must be designed so that the received buffers of both the DX and the PC do not become full.
- · If you select XON-XON, send the data in ASCII format.

RS-422/485 Connection Procedure

Terminal arrangement and signal names

Connect a cable to the clamp terminal.



Each terminal corresponds to the signal indicated below.

Signal Name	Meaning
FG	Frame ground of the DX.
SG	Signal ground.
SDB	Send data B (+).
SDA	Send data A (–).
RDB	Receive data B (+).
RDA	Receive data A (–).

Connection

· Connecting the Cable

As shown in the figure below, remove approximately 5 mm of the covering from the end of the cable to expose the conductor. Keep the exposed section from the end of the shield within 5 cm.

· Connection of a four-wire system



Connecting to the host device

The figure below illustrates the connection of the DX to a host device. If the port on the host device is an RS-232 interface, connect a converter.



Connection example to the host device

A connection can be made with a host device having a RS-232, RS422, or RS-485 port. In the case of RS-232, a converter is used. See the connection examples below for a typical converter terminal. For details, see the manual that comes with the converter.

RS-422/485 Port	Converter
SDA(–)	TD(-)
SDB(+)	TD(+)
RDA(–)	RD(-)
RDB(+)	RD(+)
SG	SHIELD
FG	EARTH

There is no problem of connecting a $220-\Omega$ terminator at either end if YOKOGAWA's PLCs or temperature controllers are also connected to the communication line.

• Four-wire system

Generally, a four-wire system is used to connect to a host device. In the case of a four-wire system, the transmission and reception lines need to be crossed over.



Do not connect terminators to #1 through #n-1.

• **Two-wire system** Connect the transmission and reception signals with the same polarity on the RS-422/485 terminal block. Only two wires are used to connect to the external device.



Do not connect terminators to #1 through #n-1.

Note

- The method used to eliminate noise varies depending on the situation. In the connection example, the shield of the cable is connected only to the DX's ground (one-sided grounding). This is effective when there is a difference in the electric potential between the computer's ground and the DX's ground. This may be the case for long distance communications. If there is no difference in the electric potential between the computer's ground and the DX's ground, the method of connecting the shield also to the computer's ground may be effective (two-sided grounding). In addition, in some cases, using two-sided grounding with a capacitor connected in series on one side is effective. Consider these possibilities to eliminate noise.
- When using the two-wire interface (Modbus protocol), the 485 driver must be set to high impedance within 3.5 characters after the last data byte is sent by the host computer.

Serial interface converter

The recommended converter is given below. SYSMEX RA CO.,LTD./MODEL RC-770X, LINE EYE/SI-30FA, YOKOGAWA/ML2



CAUTION

Some converters not recommended by Yokogawa have FG and SG pins that are not isolated. In this case, do not follow the diagram on the previous page (do not connect anything to the FG and SG pins). Especially in the case of long distance communications, the potential difference that appears may damage the DX or cause communication errors. For converters that do not have the SG pin, they can be used without using the signal ground. For details, see the manual that comes with the converter.

On some non-recommended converters, the signal polarity may be reversed (A/B or +/indication). In this case, reverse the connection.

For a two-wire system, the host device must control the transmission driver of the converter in order to prevent collisions of transmit and received data. When using the recommended converter, the driver is controlled using the RS (RTS) signal on the RS-232.

When instruments that support only the RS-422 interface exist in the system

When using the four-wire system, up to 32 DXs can be connected to a single host device. However, this may not be true if instruments that support only the RS-422 interface exist in the system.

When YOKOGAWA's recorders that support only the RS-422 interface exist in the system

The maximum number of connection is 16. Some of YOKOGAWA's conventional recorders (HR2400 and μ R, for example) only support the RS-422 driver. In this case, only up to 16 units can be connected.

Note.

In the RS-422 standard, 10 is the maximum number of connections that are allowed on one port (for a four-wire system).

Terminator

When using a multidrop connection (including a point-to-point connection), connect a terminator to the DX if the DX is connected to the end of the chain. Do not connect a terminator to a DX in the middle of the chain. In addition, turn ON the terminator on the host device (see the manual of the host device). If a converter is being used, turn ON its terminator. The recommended converter is a type that has a built-in terminator. Select the appropriate terminator (120 Ω), indicated in the figure, according to the characteristic impedance of the line, the installation conditions of the instruments, and so on.

2.4 Setting the Serial Communication

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Serial) > Basic settings.

Basic Setti	ng Mode	Ethernet Link
Serial basic settings		
Baud rate	9600	bps
Data length	8	bit
Parity	Even	
Handshaking	Off:Off	
Address	1	
Protocol	Standard	
1200 2400 4800	9600	Nevt 1/2

For RS-232

Baud rate

Select 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, or 38400 (bps).

Data length

Select 7 or 8 (bits). To output the data in binary format, select 8.

• Parity

Set the parity check method to Odd, Even, or None.

• Handshaking

Select Off:Off, XON:XON, XON:RS, or CS:RS.

Address

For Modbus protocol, enter a value in the range of 1 to 99. For a general purpose communication protocol, this value is not set.

• Protocol

Select [Standard] for a general purpose communication protocol, [Modbus] for Modbus slave, and [Master-M] for Modbus master. On DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option, you can select [Barcode] to use the barcode protocol.

If Modbus master is selected, Modbus master settings must be entered.

For RS-422/485

- Baud rate Select 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, or 38400 (bps).
- Data length
 - Select 7 or 8 (bits). To output the data in binary format, select 8.
- Parity

Set the parity check method to Odd, Even, or None.

- Handshaking
- Not specified.
- Address
 Select a number from 1 to 99.
- **Protocol** This is the same as with the RS-232.

2.5 Using the Modbus Slave Function

The DX is used as a Modbus slave. For the Modbus specifications, see section 6.3.

Setting the Serial Communication

Select **Modbus** as a protocol on the **Basic settings**. For detail, see section 2.4, "Setting the Serial Communication."

Reading/Writing the DX Data on Another Device

Another device (master device) sends commands to the DX to read the DX data or write data to the DX. You can perform some operations, such as memory start, by writing in the registers.

For the function codes that the DX supports and the DX registers that the master device can access, see "Modbus Server Function" in section 6.3.

2.6 Using the Modbus Master Function

The DX is used as a Modbus master. For the Modbus specifications, see section 6.3.

Setting the Serial Communication

Select **Modbus-M** as a protocol on the **Basic settings**. For detail, see section 2.4, "Setting the Serial Communication."

Setting the Modbus Master

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Serial) > Modbus master > Basic settings or Command settings.

Basic settings		Command settings
Basic Setting Mode	Ethernet Link	Basic Setting Mode
Modbus master basic settings		Master command number 1-8
Read cycle1sTimeout1sRetrials1Inter-block delayOffAuto recovery10min		First Last Addr. Regi. Type 1 R-H C01 -C08 1 30001 1NT16 40001 1NT16 40010 1NT32_B 40017 0ff 0 0<
125ms 250ms 500ms 1s 🚺	lext 1/2	1-8 9-16

Basic settings

- Read cycle
 - Set the read cycle to 125ms, 250ms, 500ms, 1s, 2s, 5s, or 10s.
- Timeout

Set the timeout value to 125 ms, 250 ms, 500 ms, 1 s, 2 s, 5 s, 10 s, or 1 min. The timeout value is the maximum amount of time the DX waits for a response from the specified slave after the DX sends a command.

• Retrials

Set the number of retrials when there is no response from the slave. Select Off, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, or 20.

• Inter-block delay

Set the amount of time the DX waits after receiving a response to send the next command. Set the amount of time to Off, 5 ms, 10 ms, 15 ms, 45 ms, or 100 ms.

Auto recovery

Set the auto recovery time from communication halt. Select Off, 1min, 2min, 5min, 10min, 20min, 30min, or 1h.

Command settings

Master command number

Select 1-8 or 9-16 for the command numbers to be configured.

- Command type
 - Set the transmitted command type to Off, R, R-M, W, W-M, or E-M.
 - R: Read to the external input channel (16-bit signed integer type) from the slave.
 - R-M: Read to the communication input data (32-bit floating point type) from the slave.
 - W: Write the measurement channel (16-bit signed integer type) to the slave.

W-M: Write the measurement channel (32-bit signed integer type) to the slave.

E-M: Read to the communication input data (32-bit floating point type) from the server/write the custom display value to the server (release numbers 4 and later).

R can be selected on DX2000s with the external input channel (/MC1) installed. **R-M**, **W-M**, and **E-M** can be selected on models with the computation function (/M1 or /PM1) option installed.

• First/Last (DX's channel numbers)

Enter the first and last channel numbers of input/output. The range of channels that you can enter varies depending on the command type as follows:

R: 201 to 440, R-M: C01 to C60, W: 1 to 48, W-M: 101 to 160, E-M: C01 to C60

- Address
 - Enter the address of the slave device in the range of 1 to 247.
- Regi.

Set the register number of the slave.

For an input register, select in the range of 30001 to 39999 and 300001 to 365536. For a hold register, select in the range of 40001 to 49999 and 400001 to 465536. The register numbers you can specify vary depending on the command type. See section 6.3.

• Type

Select INT16, UINT16, INT32_B, INT32_L, UINT32_B, UINT_L, FLOAT_B, or FLOAT_L.

The register numbers you can specify vary depending on the command type. See section 6.3.

Examples of Setting Commands

See page 1-36.

Checking the Modbus Operating Status

Displaying the Modbus Operating Status

◊ Press **DISP/ENTER** and select **INFORMATION > MODBUS MASTER**.

Note

To display the **MODBUS MASTER** on the screen selection menu, you need to change the setting using the menu cutomize function. Operate as follows:

- Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Menu customize > Diamber menu;
 - Display menu.
 - 1. Select INFORMATION > MODBUS MASTER.
 - 2. Press the **View** soft key.

AAA-1234-000 2006/01/17 1	573 7:28:26 🔝DISP	59min 🕻	≥tż⊳	(••)	
Read cycle Time out Retrials	:5s Ir :1s Au :1	ter-block d to recovery	elay:04 :20	in _	-Communication condition
No. State	Comm.Data us First Last	Slave Address R	egisters		
1 R ● Go	ood C01 - C01 one 1 - 1 one 101 - 101	1 1 1	30001 40001 40003		
4 5 6 7 8					Register number
9 10 11					Address for a slave device
12 13 14 15 16					– DX channels
Detail code					
Curso (Used	Cursor to select a command (Used when resuming command transmission				

Communication conditions

The read cycle, Inter-block delay, Time out, Auto recovery, and Retrials settings are displayed.

Communication Status

The communication status is displayed using the status lamp and the detail code.

Status Lamp	Detail Code	Meaning
Green	Good	Communication is operating normally.
Yellow		Command is readying.
Red		Communication is stopped.
Common to yellow	None	No response from the slave device.
and red	Func	The slave device cannot execute the command from the DX.
	Regi	The slave device does not have the specified register.
	Err	The response data from the slave device is broken (communication error).
	(Space)	The detail code is not displayed until the status is confirmed when communication is started.

Resuming Command Transmission

You can use the front panel keys to resume command transmission to a slave device to which communication is stopped (red status lamp).

- 1. Using the up and down arrow keys, select the command corresponding to the slave device to which transmission will be resumed. The message "Push [right arrow] key to refresh" appears.
- 2. Press the right arrow key. The DX starts command transmission to the specified slave.

Data When Communication Is Stopped and during Connection Retrials

For Modbus master, the communication input data and external input channel data are held at the previous values while the command is being retried.

If the command transmission stops such as due to a connection drop, the status turns red, and the communication input data and external input channel data are error data. On communication channels, "+OVER" or –OVER is displayed according to the DX settings. "******" is displayed on external input channels.

Data Dropout

Data drop occurs when the commands from 1 to 16 do not complete within the read cycle (see appendix 1). When a data dropout occurs, the communication input data is held at the previous value. A message indicating the data dropout is also displayed on the Modbus status display. If this happens, take measures such as making the read cycle longer or reducing the number of commands. Confirm that no data dropout occurs on the modbus status log screen.
2.7 Usage Example of the Modbus Function

Explains the setting example for both Modbus master and slave on DX1000s connected via the serial communication. This section refers to the DX1000 set to be a Modbus master as DX1000 master and the DX1000 set to be a Modbus slave as DX1000 slave.

System Configuration and Actions

Uses the measurement channel, computation channel, and communication input data as described in the figure below. Assumes other conditions are set properly.



Action

- The DX1000 master reads the measured value of channel 1 on the DX1000 slave into the communication input data C01. C01 is displayed on a computation channel 101 by including the data in the equation. The computation channel 101 is assigned to Group1.
- The measured value of channel 1 on the DX1000 slave is transferred to the DX1000 master as an integer in the range of –20000 to 20000.
- The DX1000 master displays the read data as -2.0000 to 2.0000 V on the computation channel 101. The following conversion is applied.
 - Value on the computation channel 101 of the DX master = Communication input data C01 x 0.0001

Settings on the DX1000 Slave (Modbus Slave)

- Setting the Modbus Slave Function
- Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Serial) > Basic settings.

Serial Baud rate 9600 bps Data length 8 bit Parity Even Handshaking Off:Off Address 1 Protocol Nodbus	Basic Setti	ns Mode 🗄 🗄	hernet nk
Baud rate 9600 bps Data length 8 bit Parity Even Handshaking Off:Off Address 1 Protocol Nodbus	Serial		
	Baud rate Data length Parity Handshaking Address Protocol Normal Modbus Modbus-M	9600 bps 8 bit Even Off:Off 1 Modbus	
14 Q - 44	14	0	

ltem	Settings	
Address	1	
Protocol	Modbus	

Setting the Measurement Channel

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Meas channel > Range, Alarm.

GROUP 1 2008/12/02 13:	02:05 👮	DISP iho	ur 🚺
First-CH:	001	Last-CH	001
Range			
Mode Volt	Range 2V	Span_L -2.0000	Span_U 2.0000
Alarm			
1 Off			
2 Off			
3 0ff			
4 0ff			
Input +	-1 -	-1	

Item	Settings	
First-CH, Last-CH	1	
Mode	Volt	
Range	2V	
Span_L	-2.0000	
Span_U	2.0000	

Setting the DX1000 Master (Modbus Master)

Assumes the settings other than those below are left to default values.

Setting the Modbus Master Function

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Serial) > Basic settings.

Basic Setti	ng Mode	Ethernet Link
Serial		
Baud rate	9600	bps
Data length	8	bit
Parity	Even	
Handshaking	Off:Off	
Address	2	
Protocol	Modbus-M	
Nerwel Medbus Medbus-M		
Morman Hodbus Hodbus-H		

ltem	Settings
Address	2
Protocol	Modbus-M

Setting Command

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Serial) > Modbus master > Command settings.

	Basic Setting M	ode ^{Ethernet}
Master com	mand number 1-8	
Fir 1 R-H C0 2 Off 3 Off 4 Off 5 Off 6 Off 7 Off 8 Off	rst Last Addr. Re 1 -[C01 ← 1 3	зі. Туре 0001 INT16
1-8 9	-16	

ltem	Settings
Command type	R-M
First and Last	C01
Addr.	1
Regi.	30001
Туре	INT16

Setting the Computation Channel

See "Usage Example of the Modbus Function" in section 1.11.

Assigning the channel to a Group

See "Usage Example of the Modbus Function" in section 1.11.

Starting the Computation

See "Usage Example of the Modbus Function" in section 1.11.

Confirming the Communication Status

See "Usage Example of the Modbus Function" in section 1.11.

2.8 Using the Setting and Measurement Function

This section explains the setting and measurement function. You can use this function to send commands to retrieve data from the DX and to control it.

Connecting to the DX

Perform the operations that are appropriate for your PC, software, and network environment.

RS-232

The DX is ready to receive commands as soon as you connect it to the PC.

RS-422A/485

The DX is ready to receive commands after you connect it to the PC and open it with the open command (ESC o).

RS-422A/485 Disconnection

The connection is closed when:

- A command is sent that closes the connection. The close command (ESC c) is sent.
- A connection is opened with another device. Example: If you open the DX at address 1 and then open the DX at address 2, the connection with the DX at address 1 is closed automatically.

When the /AS1 Advanced Security Option Is Not in Use

For the commands that you can use, see section 3.2.

When the /AS1 Advanced Security Option Is in Use

You can perform some commands without logging into the DX. There are other commands that you can only use if you are logged into the DX. For details about the commands, see chapter 3.

Commands That You Can Perform without Logging In (Monitoring function commands)

You can execute some output and control commands.

Group	Command
Control	CM, CE
Output commands (control)	BO, CS, IF, CB
Output commands (setting, measured, and computed data output)	FC, FE, FD, FF, FL, FI, IS, FU, FA
Dedicated commands for RS-422A/485	Esc O, Esc C
Login commands	LL

Commands That You Can Perform after Logging In

To log in, a user must be registered on the DX and have permission to log in through communication commands. The commands that administrators and users can execute are listed in the table below. For details about the commands, see chapter 3. For information about the responses to the commands, see chapter 4.

Group	Comr	nand	Administrator	User
Setting co	omman	ds		
	SY	Sets a four panel display	Yes	Yes
	SD	Sets the date and time	Yes	No
	FR	Sets the interval for acquiring data to the FIFO buffer	Yes	No
Control			4	4
	PS	Starts or stops recording	Yes	Yes
	EV	Executes manual sample, takes a snapshot, or causes a timeout	Yes	Yes
	MS	Writes a message	Yes	Yes
	TL	Starts, stops, resets computation (MATH) or clears the computation dropout status display	Yes	Yes
	IR	Resets a relative timer	Yes	Yes
	AK	Clears alarm output	Yes	Yes
	CV	Switches between normal and secondary trend interval	Yes	Yes
	EM	Starts or stops the e-mail transmission function	Yes	Yes
	CU	Recovers Modbus manually	Yes	Yes
	BJ	Writes a free message	Yes	Yes
	EJ	Changes the login password	Yes	Yes
	BT	Sets a batch name	Yes	Yes
	BU	Sets a batch comment	Yes	Yes
	MH	Sets a batch text field	Yes	Yes
	CL	Executes manual SNTP	Yes	Yes
	LO	Loads setup data for setting mode	Yes	Yes
	MA	Resets a match time timer	Yes	Yes
	UD	Switches the screen	Yes	Yes
	BQ	Locked ACK	Yes	No
	CW	Sets an event switch	Yes	No

2.8 Using the Setting and Measurement Function

Users cannot execute operations (commands) that are not allowed under their user privileges. The correspondence between the commands that can be used and the user privilege settings are indicated in the table below. For information about how to configure the settings using key operations, see section 2.1 in the *Advanced Security Function* (/AS1) User's Manual (IM 04L41B01-05EN).

User Privilege Settings		Command	
Key operations	START	PS0	Memory start
	STOP	PS1	Memory stop
External storage operations	Setup loading	LO	Loads a setup file
Function	Alarm ACK	AK	Alarm acknowledge
	Message and	MS	Writes a message
	batch	BJ	Writes a free message
		BT	Sets a batch name
		BU	Sets a batch comment
		MH	Sets a batch text field
	Math	TL	Starts or stops computation
	Data save	EV	Executes manual sampling or causes a timeout
		IR	Resets a relative timer
		MA	Resets a match time timer
		LI	Saves a setup file
	E-mail/FTP	EM	Starts or stops e-mail
		CU	Recovers Modbus manually
	Time settings	CL	Executes manual SNTP
	Screen	SY	Sets a four panel display
	operations	CV	Switches between normal and secondary
			trend interval

LL Command

Use the LL command to log in. In the LL command, specify the user name, user ID, and password. After the LL command, use sub delimiters to make a list of commands. You log into the DX when you execute the command, and you are automatically logged out after the command is executed.

Example Log in as user a (whose user ID is "aaaa" and whose password is "aaaaa"), start computation, and execute memory start.

LLa,aaaa, aaaaaa;TL0;PS0

Login Limitations

Depending on the key and Ethernet login conditions, there may be limitations when you log into the setting and measurement function using the LL command. You can execute the monitoring function commands regardless of other login conditions. For details, see section 1.3 in the *Advanced Security Function (/AS1) User's Manual (IM 04L41B01-05EN)*.

2.9 Using Barcode Input (/AS1 option)

You can use barcode input to supplement the key input. You can only use barcode input on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

Settings on the DX

Press MENU (to switch to setting mode), hold down FUNC for 3 s (to switch to basic setting mode), and select the Menu tab > Communication (Serial) > Basic settings. See section 2.4.

Protocol

Select [Barcode] to use the barcode protocol.

Connecting to the DX

Follow the standard operating procedure for the barcode reader that you are using.

- **1.** Turn off the DX, and connect the barcode reader to the RS-232 interface connector.
- 2. Turn on the DX.

The DX is ready to receive commands.

Commands That You Can Use

The commands that you can enter using barcodes are listed in the table below. Users cannot execute operations (commands) that are not allowed under their user privileges. For details about the commands, see chapter 3.

Туре	Comma	and	Administrator	User
Dedic	ated barc	ode commands		·
	KE	Key operations	Yes	Yes
	BV	Enters a string	Yes	Yes
	BP	Supports login	Yes	Yes
Contro	ol comma	inds		
	PS	Starts or stops recording	Yes	Yes
	EV	Executes manual sample, takes a snapshot, or causes a timeout	Yes	Yes
	MS	Writes a message	Yes	Yes
	TL	Starts, stops, resets computation (MATH) or clears the computation dropout status display	Yes	Yes
	IR	Resets a relative timer	Yes	Yes
	AK	Clears alarm output	Yes	Yes
	CV	Switches between normal and secondary trend interval	Yes	Yes
	EM	Starts or stops the e-mail transmission function	Yes	Yes
	CU	Recovers Modbus manually	Yes	Yes
	BJ	Writes a free message	Yes	Yes
	EJ	Changes the login password	Yes	Yes
	BT	Sets a batch name	Yes	Yes
	BU	Sets a batch comment	Yes	Yes
	MH	Sets a batch text field	Yes	Yes
	CL	Executes manual SNTP	Yes	Yes
	LO	Loads setup data for setting mode	Yes	Yes
	LI	Saves setup data	Yes	Yes
	MA	Resets a match time timer	Yes	Yes
	UD	Switches the screen	Yes	Yes
	BQ	Locked ACK	Yes	No
	CM	Sets communication input data	Yes	Yes

2.9 Using Barcode Input (/AS1 option)

Туре	Comma	and	Administrator	User
	CE	Sets communication input of an external	Yes	Yes
		input channel		
	EC	Clears setup data	Yes	No
	YO	Loads a setup file for basic setting mode	Yes	No
Output	commar	nds (control)		
	BO	Sets the byte output order	Yes	Yes
	CS	Sets the checksum	Yes	Yes
	IF	Sets status filters	Yes	Yes
	CB	Sets the data output format	Yes	Yes
Output	commar	nds (setting, measured, and computed data out	tput)	
	FC	Outputs screen image data	Yes	Yes
	FE	Outputs setup data	Yes	Yes
	FD	Outputs the most recent measured and	Yes	Yes
		computed data		
	FF	Outputs FIFO data	Yes	Yes
	FL	Outputs a log, alarm summary, or message summary	Yes	Yes
	FI	Outputs an operation log	Yes	Yes
	IS	Outputs status information	Yes	Yes
	FU	Outputs user levels	Yes	Yes
	FA	Outputs internal DX information	Yes	Yes
Dedica	ted com	mands for RS-422A/485		
	Esc O	Open	Yes	Yes
	Esc C	Closed	Yes	Yes

Dedicated barcode commands

Command	Function	Description
BV	Enters a string	This command is valid when on the DX screen, the cursor is on an item that you need to specify a string for or when a window for entering a string appears. You cannot use this command to enter passwords.
BP	Supports login	Enters the user name or the user name and user ID for logging in. You have to set the password using key operations.
KE	Key operations	Performs the same operations as pressing a key on the DX.

How to Use

A user who is registered on the DX can use barcodes to supplement key input. Scan the communication commands encoded in bar codes to operate the DX with a barcode reader. You can perform the same operations that you can perform using the DX keys.

Handling of Barcode Input

Barcode input is handled as key input.

Operations

You can only use the following commands when you have logged into the DX using the keys.

The KE and BV commands and all control commands other than CM and CE. Users cannot execute operations (commands) that are not allowed under their user privileges. See section 2.8 for the correspondence between the commands that can be used and the user privilege settings.

Operation Log

Operations are recorded in the DX operation log. The operator is the user who was logged in using the DX keys.

Barcode Readers

The DX recognizes the following barcode readers:

- Model name: MS9540-RS (RS-232 interface)
 - Maker: Metrologic Instruments Inc.
- Model name: LS1902T-RS (RS-232 interface)
 Maker: Symbol Technologies Inc.

Because only a small number of characters can be specified in the header, the input method may be limited when you use this barcode reader with the DX.

Operation Examples

This section contains operation examples.

Note_

In this section, "CRLF" is used to indicate a terminator. For information about terminators, see page 3-2.

Operation Example 1

Logging in with a User Name of ABC2001 and a User ID of 5555

While logged out, enter the command "BP2,ABC2001,5555CRLF" using barcodes. The user name and user ID are entered, and a window for entering the password appears (you have to use the keys to enter the password).

Note -

 When you enter commands using bar codes, you can enter them separated or all at once. You can separate commands however you want to. For instance, in example 1, you could scan the data as indicated below:

 $\texttt{``BP2"} \rightarrow \texttt{``,"} \rightarrow \texttt{``ABC2001"} \rightarrow \texttt{``,"} \rightarrow \texttt{``5555"} \rightarrow \texttt{``CRLF"}$

 If you use a barcode reader that automatically attaches a footer and a header to every transmission, set the header to "BP2," the footer to "CRLF" and scan "ABC2001,5555."

Operation Example 2

Entering into a Measurement Ready State with a Batch Number of Process1 and a Lot Number of 0031

When recording has not been started, scan the command "BT1,Process1,0031;KESTAR TCRLF" with the barcode reader.

The batch and lot number are set and the start window appears.

Operation Example 3

In setting mode, set the file header to "process sample."

- 1. In the screen for setting the file header in setting mode, move the cursor to the box for entering a character string.
 - After this, if you press the **Input** soft key and display the window for entering a character string, you can still enter a character string with the barcode reader.
- 2. Use the barcode reader to enter "BV0, process sampleCRLF."

The "Header" box is set to "process sample."

3.1 Command Syntax

Command Syntax

The syntax of the setting/basic setting/output commands (see sections 3.4 to 3.9) of the DX is given below. ASCII codes (see appendix 1) are used for the character codes. For the syntax of the maintenance/test commands (see section 3.10) and instrument information output commands (see section 3.11), see the corresponding sections or the examples for each command.



Command example



Command Name

Defined using two alphabet characters.

Parameters

- Command parameters.
- Set using alphabet characters or numeric values.
- · Parameters are separated by delimiters (commas).
- · All numeric values are specified using integers.
- When the parameter is a numeric value, the valid range of the value varies depending on the command.
- Spaces around the parameter are discarded. (However, spaces are valid for parameters (units) specified using an ASCII character string.) In the examples given in this manual, spaces are not used.
- You can omit the parameters that do not need to be changed from their current settings. However, delimiters cannot be omitted.

Example SR001,,2V<terminator>

• If multiple parameters are omitted and delimiters occur at the end of the command, those delimiters can be omitted.

Example SR001, VOLT, , , <terminator> → SR001, VOLT<terminator>

- The number of digits of the parameters below is fixed. If the number is exceeded when entering the command, a syntax error results.
 - Date YY/MM/DD (8 characters)
 - YY: Enter the lower two digits of the year.
 - MM: Month
 - DD: Day
 - Time HH:MM:SS (8 characters)
 - HH: Hour
 - MM: Minute
 - SS: Second
 - Channel number: 3 characters
 - Relay number: 3 characters

3.1 Command Syntax

Query

- A question mark is used to specify a query.
- By placing a query after a command or parameter, the setting information of the corresponding command can be queried. Some commands cannot execute queries. For the query syntax of each command, see sections 3.4 to 3.7.
 - **Example 1** SR[p1]? SR? or SRp1? can be executed.

Example 2 SA[p1[,p2]]? SA?, SAp1?, and SAp1, p2? can be executed.

Delimiter

- A comma is used as a delimiter.
- · Parameters are separated by delimiters.

Sub Delimiter

- A semicolon is used as a sub delimiter.
- By separating each command with a sub delimiter, up to 10 commands can be specified one after another. However, the following commands and queries cannot be specified one after another. Use them independently.
 - Output commands other than BO, CS, IF, or CB
 - YO command
 - Query
 - * If there are consecutive sub delimiters, they are considered to be single. In addition, sub delimiters at the front and at the end are ignored.

Terminator

Use either of the following two characters for the terminator.

- CR+LF (ODH OAH in ASCII code)
- LF (OAH in ASCII code)

Note -

- Do not specify a channel or relay number that is not available on the DX. If you do, an error will occur.
- The total data length from the first character to the terminator must be less than 2047 bytes.
- · Commands are not case sensitive (with the exception of user-specified character strings).
- All the commands that are listed using sub delimiters are executed even if one of the commands is erroneous.
- Spaces that are inserted before and after a parameter are ignored. However, if spaces are inserted before a command, after a sub delimiter, or after a query, an error occurs.

Response

The DX returns a response (affirmative/negative response) to a command that is delimited by a single terminator.* The controller should follow the one command to one response format. When the command-response rule is not followed, the operation is not guaranteed. For the response syntax, see section 4.1.

* Commands dedicated to RS-422/485 (see section 3.9) and instrument information output commands (section 3.11) are exceptions.

3.2 A List of Commands

When the /AS1 Advanced Security Option Is Not in Use

DX Execution Modes

There are two execution modes on the DX. If you attempt to execute a command in a mode that is different from the specification, a syntax error occurs. Use the DS command to switch to the appropriate execution mode, and then execute the command. Query commands can be executed in either mode.

Basic setting mode

Measurement and computation are stopped, and settings are changed in this mode.

Operation mode

As a general rule, commands other than those for the basic setting mode described above are used in this mode.

Administrator and User

The administrator and user specifications in the table indicate the user level that is specified using the login function for Ethernet communications.

"Yes" and "No" in the table indicate the following:

- Yes: Command usable
- No: Command not usable

Setting Commands

Note ____

If the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is enabled, you cannot use the SR, SO, SK, TJ, SW, TE, SJ, ER,TQ, and TK commands unless all batch recording operations are stopped.

Group	Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Administrator	User	Page
	SR	Sets an input range	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-19
	SO	Sets a computing equation	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-20
	ER	Sets the range of an external input channel	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-20
	TJ	Sets memory sampling	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-21
	SA	Sets an alarm	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-21
	SW	Sets the trend interval and auto save interval	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-22
	TI	Sets the circular display offset time	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-22
	TO	Sets how the DX operates after one circular display cycle	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-23
	TW	Sets the secondary trend interval	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-23
	TM	Sets manual sampling	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-23
	TE	Sets sampling conditions for event data	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-23
	SZ	Sets a zone	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-23
	SP	Sets a partial expanded display	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-24
	ST	Sets a tag	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-24
	SX	Sets a display group (release number 2 or earlier)	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-24
	SL	Sets a trip line (release number 2 or earlier)	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-24
	NX	Sets a display group (release number 3 or later)	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-25
	NL	Sets a trip line (release number 3 or later)	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-25
	SG	Sets a message	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-25
	TH	Sets the directory on the external storage medium for saving data	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-25
	ΤZ	Sets a file header	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-26
	TF	Sets a data file name	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-26
	SD	Sets the date and time	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-26
	TD	Sets daylight saving time	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-26
	TT	Sets the trend display	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-26
	SE	Sets the line width and the number of grids to use on the trend graph	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-27
	ТВ	Sets the bar graph display	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-27
	SB	Sets the bar graph for a channel	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-27

3.2	Α	List	of	Commands
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Group	Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Administrator	User	Page
	TN	Sets a scale	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-27
	SV	Sets a measurement channel's moving average	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-27
	SC	Sets a channel display color	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-27
	TA	Sets an alarm point mark	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-27
	TG	Sets a color scale band	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-28
	SQ	Sets the LCD brightness and the screen backlight saver	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-28
	TC	Sets the background color	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-28
	ΤP	Sets the automatic switching back to default display	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-28
	NF	Sets the favorite key operation	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-28
	TR	Sets the automatic switching back to default display	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-28
	TQ	Sets a timer	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-28
	TK	Sets a match time timer	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-29
	TU	Sets an event action	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-29
	SK	Sets a constant	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-31
	SI	Sets the rolling average function of a computation channel	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-31
	SJ	Sets a TLOG timer	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-31
	TX	Sets the ancillary operation of the start key	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-32
	BH	Sets a batch text field	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-32
	EH	Sets calibration correction	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-32
	BD	Sets an alarm delay	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-32
	NC	Sets a comment text field	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-33
	NB	Sets a comment text block	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-33
	NW	Sets an annunciator display	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-33
	NG	Sets a Web report layout	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-33
	NH	Sets Web report layout details	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-33
	FR	Sets the interval for acquiring data to the FIFO buffer	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-33
	SY	Sets a four panel display	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-34
	SM	Sets the custom menu	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-34

3.2 A List of Commands

Group	Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Administrator	User	Page
	BT	Sets a batch name	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-37
	BU	Sets a batch comment	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-37
	MH	Writes a batch text field	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-37
	UD	Switches the screen	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-37
	PS	Starts or stops recording	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-39
	AK	Clears alarm output (acknowledge alarms)	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-39
	EV	Executes manual sample, generates a manual trigger,	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-39
	CT	takes a snapshot, or causes a timeout	Operation mode	Voc	No	3 30
	CL	Executes manual SNTP	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-39 2-20
	CV MO	Writes a message (diablew and write)	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-39
	M5 DT	Writes a message (display and write)	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-40
	BJ	Whites a free message	Operation mode	Yes	INO Maa	3-40
	EJ	Changes the login password	Operation mode	Yes	res	3-40
	TL	Starts, stops, resets computation (MATH) or	Operation mode	res	INO	3-40
	DS	Switches the execution mode between operation	All modes	Yes	No	3-40
		and setting				
	LO	Loads setup data for setting mode	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-41
	LI	Saves setup data	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-41
	CM	Sets communication input data	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-41
	CE	Sets communication input of an external input channel	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-41
	EM	Starts or stops the e-mail transmission function	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-41
	CU	Recovers Modbus manually	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-42
	BV	Enters a string (can only be used during serial communications)	All modes	Yes	No	3-44
	KE	Key operation command	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-44
	YO	Loads a setup file for basic setting mode	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-42
	YC	Clears measured and computed data and initializes setup data	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-42
	IR	Resets a relative timer	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-42
	MA	Resets a match time timer	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-42
	CW	Sets an event switch	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-42
	LR	Loads custom display screens	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-42
	LW	Saves custom display screens	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-43

Control Commands

Basic Setting Commands

- In order to activate the settings that are changed using the basic setting commands, the settings must be saved using the YE or XE command. Make sure to save the settings before changing from the basic setting mode to the operation mode. Otherwise, new settings will not be activated.
- The settings that are returned in response to a query in basic setting mode contain the new settings even if they are not saved. However, the new settings are not activated unless they are saved. If the settings are cleared or if you change from basic setting mode to operation mode before saving the settings, the settings that are returned in the response to a query contain the settings that were used before they were changed.

Note_

- The settings that are changed using the YA, YK, RU, YQ, YS, YB, YD, WS, WW, and WQ commands are activated after saving the new settings using the XE command and restarting the DX.
- When you execute the YE or YO command, communication is disconnected. Commands listed after the YO or YE command are ignored.

Group	Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Administrator	User	Page
	WU	Sets the environment	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-45
	WE	Sets calibration management	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-47
	WO	Sets alarm and DO settings	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-48
	WH	Sets alarm hysteresis	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-48
	XV	Sets the scan interval and A/D integral time	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-48
	XB	Sets burnout detection	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-49
	XJ	Sets RJC	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-49
	XM	Sets memory sampling conditions	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-49
	XT	Sets the temperature unit	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-49
	RF	Sets key lock	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-49
	RN	Sets basic key login	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-50
	RP	Sets user limitations	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-50
	RO	Sets the type of report and when to create reports	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-51
	RM	Sets a report channel	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-52
	XG	Sets the time zone	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-52
	XN	Sets the date format	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-52
	YB	Sets host information	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-52
	ΥD	Sets network parameters	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-53
	YA	Sets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-53
	YK	Sets keepalive	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-53
	RU	Sets DNS parameters	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-53
	WS	Sets a server	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-53
	WW	Sets Webpage parameters	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-53
	YQ	Sets communication timeout	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-53
	ΥT	Sets FTP transfer timing	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-54
	YU	Sets what kind of information to send using e-mail	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-54
	YV	Sets an e-mail recipient address	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-55
	ΥW	Sets the e-mail sender address	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-55
	YX	Sets the e-mail SNTP server name	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-55
	YJ	Sets the Modbus client's destination server	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-55
	ΥP	Sets basic Modbus client settings	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-55
	YR	Sets the Modbus client's transmit command	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-55
	WB	Sets SNTP client parameters	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-56
	WC	Sets the SNTP operation when memory start is executed	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-56
	YS	Sets the serial interface	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-56

3.2 A List of Commands

Group	Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Administrator	User	Page
Setting	(continued	d)				
-	YL	Sets the operation of the Modbus master function	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-57
	YМ	Sets a transmit command of the Modbus master function	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-57
	WR	Sets the instrument information output	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-58
	WI	Sets the relay operation	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-58
	WF	Sets the Modbus connection limitation	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-58
	WG	Sets an IP address that is allowed to connect via Modbus	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-59
	WJ	Sets the FTP transfer wait time	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-59
	WQ	Sets PROFIBUS-DP	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-59
	XE	Activates basic settings	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-59
	YE	Activates basic settings (cold reset)	Basic setting mode	Yes	No	3-59

Output Commands

Note_

Output commands except BO, CS, and IF cannot be placed in a command sequence.

Group	Command Name	Function	Execution Mode	Administrator	User	Page
Contro	bl					
	BO	Sets the byte output order	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-60
	CS	Sets the check sum (can only be used during serial communications)	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-60
	IF	Sets status filters	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-60
	CB	Sets the data output format	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-60
	CC	Disconnects the Ethernet connection (can only be used for Ethernet communications)	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-60
Setup,	measuren	nent, and control data output				
	FC	Outputs screen image data	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-61
	FE	Outputs setup data	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-61
	FD	Outputs the most recent measured/computed data	Operation mode	Yes	Yes	3-61
	FF	Outputs FIFO data	Operation mode	Yes	Yes	3-61
	FL	Outputs a log, alarm summary, or message summary	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-62
	IS	Outputs status information	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-62
	FU	Outputs user levels	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-63
	FA	Outputs internal DX information	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-63
	ME	Outputs data stored on the external storage medium and internal memory	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-63
	MO	Outputs the data stored in the internal memory.	Operation mode	Yes	No	3-63
Dedica	ated comm	ands for RS-422/485				
	Esc O	Opens an instrument	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-64
	Esc C	Closes an instrument	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-64
Comm	ion comma	nds among instruments				
	*I	Outputs instrument information	All modes	Yes	Yes	3-65

Maintenance/Test Commands (Available when using the maintenance/test server function via Ethernet communications)

Command Name	Function	Administra	ator User	Page
close	Closes another device's connection	Yes	No	3-65
con	Outputs connection information	Yes	Yes	3-65
eth	Outputs Ethernet statistics	Yes	Yes	3-65
help	Outputs help	Yes	Yes	3-66
net	Outputs network statistics	Yes	Yes	3-66
quit	Closes the connection to the instrument that you are operating	Yes	Yes	3-66

Instrument Information Output Commands (Available when using the instrument information server function via Ethernet communications)

Parameter Name	Function	Page
serial	Outputs the serial number	3-67
host	Outputs the host name	3-67
ip	Outputs the IP address	3-67

When the /AS1 Advanced Security Option Is in Use

DX Execution Modes

The DX has five execution modes. The modes that each command can be executed in are predetermined. Trying to execute a command in the wrong mode results in a syntax error. Before executing a command, use a mode switching command to switch to the appropriate mode. Queries can be executed in any mode. The letters in parentheses in the titles below are the used to represent the different modes in explanations.

- Basic Setting Mode (B) Basic setting mode when recording is stopped.
- Basic Setting Mode during Memory Sampling (b) The basic setting mode that appears during recording.
- Setting Mode (S) Setting mode when recording is stopped.
- Setting Mode during Memory Sampling (s) The setting mode that appears during recording.
- **Operation Mode (O)** The mode in which operations are performed.

Switching Execution Modes

The figure below indicates the commands that can make the DX switch between different modes and operation modes.



Note_

If there is no CF card in the DX, an error will occur when you change the settings and then try to switch to operation mode from basic setting mode, basic setting mode during memory sampling, or setting mode.

Administrators and Users

The distinction between administrators and users indicates the user levels set through the DX Ethernet login function. For details, see section 1.2.

"Yes" and "No" in the table indicate the following:

Yes: The command can be used.

No: The command cannot be used.

Connecting to the Setting Function and Connecting to the Monitoring Function

There are two types of Ethernet connections that can be made to the DX setting/ measurement server: connections to the setting function (setting connection) and connections to the monitoring function (monitoring connections). For details, see section 1.12.

Setting Commands (/AS1)

To apply settings that you have changed using the setting commands, you need to save the settings using the BE command.

Command	Function	Execution	Setting Connec	ction	Monitor	Page
Name		Mode	Administrator	User	Connection	
SR	Sets an input range	S	Yes	No	No	3-19
SO	Sets a computing equation	S	Yes	No	No	3-20
ER	Sets the range of an external input channel	S	Yes	No	No	3-20
TJ	Sets memory sampling	S	Yes	No	No	3-21
SA	Sets an alarm	Ss	Yes	No	No	3-21
SW	Sets the trend interval and auto save interval	S	Yes	No	No	3-22
ТІ	Sets the circular display offset time	S	Yes	No	No	3-22
ТО	Sets how the DX operates after one circular	S	Yes	No	No	3-23
_	display cycle	-			-	
TW	Sets the secondary trend interval	S	Yes	No	No	3-23
ТМ	Sets manual sampling	S	Yes	No	No	3-23
TE	Sets sampling conditions for event data	S	Yes	No	No	3-23
SZ	Sets a zone	S	Yes	No	No	3-23
SP	Sets a partial expanded display	S	Yes	No	No	3-24
ST	Sets a tag	S	Yes	No	No	3-24
SX	Sets a display group (release number 2 or	S	Yes	No	No	3-24
	earlier)					
SL	Sets a trip line (release number 2 or earlier)	S	Yes	No	No	3-24
NX	Sets a display group (release number 3 or later)	S	Yes	No	No	3-25
NL	Sets a trip line (release number 3 or later)	S	Yes	No	No	3-25
SG	Sets a message	S	Yes	No	No	3-25
TH	Sets the directory on the external storage	Ss	Yes	No	No	3-25
	medium for saving data					
TZ	Sets a file header	S	Yes	No	No	3-26
TF	Sets a data file name	S	Yes	No	No	3-26
SD	Sets the date and time	OSs	Yes	No	No	3-26
TD	Sets daylight saving time	S	Yes	No	No	3-26
TT	Sets the trend display	S	Yes	No	No	3-26
SE	Sets the line width and the number of grids to	S	Yes	No	No	3-27
	use on the trend graph.					
ТВ	Sets the bar graph display	S	Yes	No	No	3-27
SB	Sets the bar graph for a channel	S	Yes	No	No	3-27
TN	Sets a scale	S	Yes	No	No	3-27
SV	Sets a measurement channel's moving average	S	Yes	No	No	3-27
SC	Sets a channel display color	S	Yes	No	No	3-27
TA	Sets an alarm point mark	S	Yes	No	No	3-27
TG	Sets a color scale band	S	Yes	No	No	3-28
SQ	Sets the LCD brightness and the screen	S	Yes	No	No	3-28
	backlight saver					
TC	Sets the background color	S	Yes	No	No	3-28
TP	Sets automatic display group switching	S	Yes	No	No	3-28
NF	Sets the favorite key operation.	S	Yes	No	No	3-28
TR	Sets the automatic switching back to default	S	Yes	No	No	3-28
	display	-				
TQ	Sets a timer	S	Yes	No	No	3-28
ТК	Sets a match time timer	S	Yes	No	No	3-29
TU	Sets an event action	S	Yes	No	No	3-29
SK	Sets a constant	S	Yes	No	No	3-31
SI	Sets the rolling average function of a	s	Yes	No	No	3-31
						0.04
SJ	Sets a ILOG timer	S	Yes	NO	NO	3-31
	Sets the ancillary operation of the start key	S	Yes	NO	NO	3-32
ВН	Sets a batch text field	S	Yes	NO	NO	3-32
	Sets calibration correction	SS	Yes	NO	NO	3-32
RD RD	Sets an alarm delay	SS	Yes	NO	NO	3-32
NC	Sets a comment text field	S	Yes	NO	NO	3-33
NB	Sets a comment text block	S	Yes	NO	NO	3-33

3.2 A List of Commands

Command	Function	Execution	Setting Connection		Monitor	Page
Name		Mode	Administrator	User	Connection	
NW	Sets an annunciator display	S	Yes	No	No	3-33
NG	Sets a Web report layout	S	Yes	No	No	3-33
NH	Sets Web report layout details	S	Yes	No	No	3-33
FR	Sets the interval for acquiring data to the FIFO buffer	OSsb	Yes	No	No	3-33
SY	Sets a four panel display	OS	Yes	Yes	No	3-34
SM	Sets the custom menu	S	Yes	No	No	3-34

* Operations are limited by the user privilege settings.

Control Commands (/AS1)

To apply settings that you have changed using the basic setting commands, you need to save the settings using the YE command.

Command	Function	Execution	Setting Connec	ction	Monitor	Page
Name		Mode	Administrator	User	Connection	
BT	Sets a batch name	0	Yes	Yes [*]	No	3-37
BU	Sets a batch comment	0	Yes	Yes [*]	No	3-37
MH	Writes a batch text field	0	Yes	Yes [*]	No	3-37
UD	Switches the screen	0	Yes	Yes*	No	3-37
PS	Starts or stops recording	0	Yes	Yes*	No	3-39
AK	Clears alarm output (acknowledge alarms)	0	Yes	Yes	No	3-39
EV	Executes manual sample, takes a snapshot, or	0	Yes	Yes	No	3-39
	causes a timeout					
CL	Executes manual SNTP	0	Yes	Yes [*]	No	3-39
CV	Switches between normal and secondary trend	0	Yes	Yes [*]	No	3-39
	interval					
MS	Writes a message (display and write)	0	Yes	Yes [*]	No	3-40
BJ	Writes a free message	0	Yes	Yes [*]	No	3-40
EJ	Changes the login password	0	Yes	Yes	No	3-40
TL	Starts, stops, resets computation (MATH) or clears	0	Yes	Yes [*]	No	3-40
	the computation dropout status display					
LO	Loads setup data for setting mode	OS	Yes	Yes	No	3-41
LI	Saves setup data	S	Yes	Yes	No	3-41
CM	Sets communication input data	OSsb	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-41
CE	Sets communication input of an external input channel	OSsb	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-41
EM	Starts or stops the e-mail transmission function	0	Yes	Yes [*]	No	3-41
CU	Recovers Modbus manually	0	Yes	Yes [*]	No	3-42
YO	Loads a setup file for basic setting mode	В	Yes	No	No	3-42
IR	Resets a relative timer	0	Yes	Yes [*]	No	3-42
MA	Resets a match time timer	0	Yes	Yes [*]	No	3-42
CW	Sets an event switch	0	Yes	No	No	3-42
LR	Loads custom display screens	S	Yes	No	No	3-42
LW	Saves custom display screens	S	Yes	No	No	3-43
BQ	User locked ACK (/AS1 advanced security option)	0	Yes	No	No	3-43
EC	Clears setup data (and executes a cold reset; /AS1 advanced security option)	В	Yes	No	No	3-43
EE	Switches out of operation mode (/AS1 advanced security option)	0	Yes	No	No	3-44
BE	Returns to operation mode (/AS1 advanced security option)	Ss	Yes	No	No	3-44
Dedicated B	arcode Commands (Handled as key input)			I		1
BV	Enters a string (can only be used during serial	ALL	_	<u> </u>	_	3-44
	communication)					
KE	Performs key operations	OSsb	—	<u> </u>	_	3-44
BP	Supports login (/AS1 advanced security option)	0	_	_	_	3-44
Dedicated S	erial Communication Commands	1	1	1	1	1
LL	Logs in through serial communication (/AS1	ALL	 _	_	_	3-44
	advanced security option)					

* Operations are limited by the user privilege settings.

Basic Setting Commands (/AS1)

- To apply settings that you have changed using the basic setting commands, you need to save the settings using the YE command.
- The settings that are returned in response to a query in basic setting mode contain the new settings even if they are not saved. However, the new settings are not activated unless you save them.
- To configure login items, use the following commands: RN, RP, EK, and EL

Note _

The connection is closed when you execute the YE command. Commands listed after the YE command are ignored.

NameImageModeAdministratorUserConnectionWUSets the environmentBYesNoNo3.47WUSets calibration managementBYesNoNo3.47BIConfigures signature settingsBYesNoNo3.48WUSets alarm and DO settingsBYesNoNo3.48WHSets alarm and DO settingsBYesNoNo3.48XVSets the scan interval and A/D integral timeBYesNoNo3.49XJSets RuCBYesNoNo3.49XJSets themory sampling conditionsBYesNoNo3.49XISets the main strator settings (/AS1 advancedBYesNoNo3.60RPSets user limitationsBYesNoNo3.50ELConfigures authentication server settings (/AS1BYesNoNo3.51option)BYesNoNo3.523.51ROSets the tippe of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3.52YASets the tippe of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3.52YASets the tippe of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3.52YASets the tippe of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3.52YASe	Command	Function	Execution	Setting Conne	ction	Monitor	Page	
WU Sets the environment B Yes No No 3-45 WE Sets calibration management B Yes No No 3-47 BI Configures signature settings B Yes No No 3-47 WO Sets alarm hysteresis B Yes No No 3-48 XW Sets burnout detection B Yes No No 3-48 XJ Sets RuC B Yes No No 3-49 XL Sets burnout detection B Yes No No 3-49 XT Sets back login B Yes No No 3-40 XT Sets back login B Yes No No 3-50 RC Configures administrator settings (/AS1 advanced security Bb Yes No No 3-51 WD Configures subnet fuentation server settings (/AS1 advanced security option) Sets the proof export and when to create reports B <	Name		Mode	Administrator User		Connection		
WE Sets calibration management B Yes No No 3.47 BI Configures signature settings B Yes No No 3.47 WO Sets alarm and DO settings B Yes No No 3.48 WV Sets the scan interval and AD integral time B Yes No No 3.48 XV Sets the scan interval and AD integral time B Yes No No 3.48 XU Sets the scan interval and AD integral time B Yes No No 3.49 XJ Sets the scan interval and AD integral time B Yes No No 3.49 XI Sets the scan interval and AD integral time B Yes No No 3.49 XI Sets the scan interval and AD integral time B Yes No No 3.49 XI Sets thair Sets their Sets their No No 3.50 EX Configures antininstrator settings (/AS1 advanc	WU	Sets the environment	В	Yes	No	No	3-45	
BI Configures signature settings B Yes No No 3-47 WO Sets alarm nysteresis B Yes No No No 3-48 XV Sets alarm hysteresis B Yes No No 3-48 XV Sets the can interval and AD integral time B Yes No No 3-49 XJ Sets humout detection B Yes No No 3-49 XI Sets hemory sampling conditions B Yes No No 3-49 XT Sets basic login B Yes No No 3-49 RN Sets salarm initations B Yes No No 3-50 EK Configures administrator settings (/AS1 advanced security option) Bb Yes No No 3-51 Option Option RO Sets report and when to create reports B Yes No No 3-52 RO Sets the tipe of report and when to cr	WE	Sets calibration management	В	Yes	No	No	3-47	
WO Sets alarm and DO settings B Yes No No 3-48 WH Sets alarm hysteresis B Yes No No 3-48 XV Sets the scan interval and AD integral time B Yes No No 3-48 XB Sets bround detection B Yes No No 3-49 XJ Sets themory sampling conditions B Yes No No 3-49 XT Sets the temperature unit B Yes No No 3-49 XT Sets basic login B Yes No No 3-50 EK Configures administrator settings (/AS1 advanced Bb Yes No No 3-51 option) Configures authentication server settings (/AS1 B Yes No No 3-51 RO Sets the type of report and when to create reports B Yes No No 3-52 RM Sets the type of report and when to create reports B	BI	Configures signature settings	В	Yes	No	No	3-47	
WHSets alarm hysteresisBYesNoNo3-48XVSets burnout detectionBYesNoNo3-49XJSets RUCBYesNoNo3-49XJSets RUCBYesNoNo3-49XTSets memory sampling conditionsBYesNoNo3-49XTSets the temperature unitBYesNoNo3-49RNSets susci limitationsBYesNoNo3-50EKConfigures administrator settings (/AS1 advancedBbYesNoNo3-50ELConfigures authentication server settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BYesNoNo3-51WDConfigures authentication server settings (/AS1BYesNoNo3-52XGSets the type of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3-52XGSets the fume zoneBYesNoNo3-52XRSets host informationBYesNoNo3-52YDSets healte formationBYesNoNo3-53YASets the IP address, subnet mask, and defaultBYesNoNo3-53YASets the IP address, subnet mask, and defaultBYesNoNo3-53YASets the IP addressBYesNoNo3-53YASets the IP addressB <td>WO</td> <td>Sets alarm and DO settings</td> <td>В</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>No</td> <td>No</td> <td>3-48</td>	WO	Sets alarm and DO settings	В	Yes	No	No	3-48	
XVSets hes can interval and A/D integral timeBYesNoNo3.48XBSets burnout detectionBYesNoNo3.49XJSets RJCBYesNoNo3.49XMSets memory sampling conditionsBYesNoNo3.49RNSets the temperature unitBYesNoNo3.49RNSets basic loginBYesNoNo3.40RNSets user limitationsBYesNoNo3.50REConfigures administrator settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BYesNoNo3.51ELConfigures authentication server settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BYesNoNo3.51ROSets the type of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3.52RGSets the type of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3.52XISets the time zoneBYesNoNo3.52XISets the time zoneBYesNoNo3.52YBSets network parametersBYesNoNo3.52YBSets network parametersBYesNoNo3.53YASets the time zoneBYesNoNo3.53YASets network parametersBYesNoNo3.53YASets network parameter	WH	Sets alarm hysteresis	В	Yes	No	No	3-48	
XBSets burnout detectionBYesNoNo3-49XJSets RJCBYesNoNo3-49XMSets memory sampling conditionsBYesNoNo3-49RNSets basic loginBYesNoNo3-50RPSets user limitationsBYesNoNo3-50EKConfigures administrator settings (/AS1 advancedBbYesNoNo3-50ELConfigures user settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BbYesNoNo3-51WDConfigures authentication server settings (/AS1 advanced security option)PresNoNo3-51ROSets the type of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3-52XGSets the type of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3-52XGSets host informationBYesNoNo3-52YBSets host informationBYesNoNo3-52YDSets heap defress, subnet mask, and default gatewayBYesNoNo3-53YGSets the ParametersBYesNoNo3-53YUSets keepaliveBYesNoNo3-53YMSets heap address, subnet mask, and default gatewayBYesNoNo3-53YUSets heap address, subnet mask, and default gatewayBYesNo </td <td>XV</td> <td>Sets the scan interval and A/D integral time</td> <td>В</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>No</td> <td>No</td> <td>3-48</td>	XV	Sets the scan interval and A/D integral time	В	Yes	No	No	3-48	
XJSets RJCBYesNoNo3-49XMSets memory sampling conditionsBYesNoNo3-49RNSets the temperature unitBYesNoNo3-50RPSets user limitationsBYesNoNo3-50RPSets user limitationsBYesNoNo3-50ELConfigures administrator settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BbYesNoNo3-51ELConfigures authentication server settings (/AS1BbYesNoNo3-51ROSets the type of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3-51RMSets a report channelBYesNoNo3-52XNSets the date formatBYesNoNo3-52XNSets the tage parametersBYesNoNo3-52XNSets the parametersBYesNoNo3-53YASets the IP address, subnet mask, and defaultBYesNoNo3-53YASets the IP address, subnet mask, and defaultBYesNoNo3-53YGSets the IP addressBYesNoNo3-53YGSets the IP addressBYesNoNo3-53YGSets the IP addressBYesNoNo3-53YGSets the IP addressBYesNo <td>ХВ</td> <td>Sets burnout detection</td> <td>В</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>No</td> <td>No</td> <td>3-49</td>	ХВ	Sets burnout detection	В	Yes	No	No	3-49	
XMSets memory sampling conditionsBYesNoNo3-49XTSets the temperature unitBYesNoNo3-50RNSets basic loginBYesNoNo3-50RPSets user limitationsBYesNoNo3-50EKConfigures administrator settings (/AS1 advancedBbYesNoNo3-50ELConfigures user settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BbYesNoNo3-51WDConfigures authentication server settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BYesNoNo3-51RMSets are port channelBYesNoNo3-52XGSets the type of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3-52XGSets the dired formatBYesNoNo3-52YBSets hot port channelBYesNoNo3-53YASets the lime zoneBYesNoNo3-53YGSets network parametersBYesNoNo3-53YASets help address, subnet mask, and defaultBYesNoNo3-53QatewaySets base polyce nameersBYesNoNo3-53YGSets sets polyce nameersBYesNoNo3-53YGSets the paddress, subnet mask, and defaultBYesNoNo3-53QU<	XJ	Sets RJC	В	Yes	No	No	3-49	
XTSets the temperature unitBYesNoNo3-49RNSets basic loginBYesNoNo3-50RPSets user limitationsBYesNoNo3-50EKConfigures administrator settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BbYesNoNo3-50ELConfigures authentication server settings (/AS1BbYesNoNo3-51WDConfigures authentication server settings (/AS1BYesNoNo3-51advanced security option)BYesNoNo3-51ROSets the type of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3-52XGSets the type of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3-52XGSets the date formatBYesNoNo3-52XBSets the date formatBYesNoNo3-52YDSets informationBYesNoNo3-53YASets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gatewayBYesNoNo3-53YWSets keepaliveBYesNoNo3-53WWSets Set serverBYesNoNo3-53YASets keepaliveBYesNoNo3-53YUSets network parametersBYesNoNo3-53YUSets what kind of information to send usi	XM	Sets memory sampling conditions	В	Yes	No	No	3-49	
RNSets basic loginBYesNoNo3-50RPSets user limitationsBYesNoNo3-50EKConfigures administrator settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BbYesNoNo3-51ELConfigures user settings (/AS1 advanced security advanced security option)BbYesNoNo3-51WDConfigures authentication server settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BYesNoNo3-51ROSets the type of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3-52XGSets the time zoneBYesNoNo3-52YBSets host informationBYesNoNo3-52YBSets host informationBYesNoNo3-52YDSets the dadress, subnet mask, and default gatewayBYesNoNo3-53YKSets begaliveBYesNoNo3-53WSSets NDA parametersBYesNoNo3-53WSSets new addressBYesNoNo3-53YUSets the different differentBYesNoNo3-53YKSets depaliveBYesNoNo3-53YKSets best a serverBYesNoNo3-53YUSets NDA parametersBYesNoNo3-53YUSets	XT	Sets the temperature unit	В	Yes	No	No	3-49	
RPSets user limitationsBYesNoNo3-50EKConfigures administrator settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BbYesNoNo3-50ELConfigures authentication server settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BbYesNoNo3-51WDConfigures authentication server settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BYesNoNo3-51ROSets the type of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3-52XGSets the time zoneBYesNoNo3-52XGSets the date formatBYesNoNo3-52XNSets the date formatBYesNoNo3-52YBSets host informationBYesNoNo3-53YASets the IP address, subnet mask, and defaultBYesNoNo3-53QuetwaySets Nos InformationBYesNoNo3-53YKSets NeparametersBYesNoNo3-53WWSets NDN parametersBYesNoNo3-53WWSets NeparametersBYesNoNo3-53YUSets nerverBYesNoNo3-53YUSets nerverBYesNoNo3-53YUSets nerverBYesNoNo3-53YUSets nerverBYes	RN	Sets basic login	В	Yes	No	No	3-50	
EK security option)Configures administrator settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BbYesNoNo3-50EL configures user settings (/AS1 advanced security option)Configures authentication server settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BbYesNoNo3-51WDConfigures authentication server settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BYesNoNo3-51ROSets the type of report and when to create reports BBYesNoNo3-52XGSets the time zoneBYesNoNo3-52XNSets the date formatBYesNoNo3-52YDSets network parametersBYesNoNo3-53YASets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gatewayBYesNoNo3-53YKSets keepaliveBYesNoNo3-53WWSets Webpage parametersBYesNoNo3-53YQSets ommunication timeoutBYesNoNo3-53YUSets the I-mal sender addressBYesNoNo3-53YUSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-53YUSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-53YUSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNo	RP	Sets user limitations	В	Yes	No	No	3-50	
EL option)Configures user settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BbYesNoNo3-51WDConfigures authentication server settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BYesNoNo3-51ROSets the type of report and when to create reports sets are port channelBYesNoNo3-52XGSets the time zoneBYesNoNo3-52XGSets the date formatBYesNoNo3-52YBSets he date formatBYesNoNo3-52YDSets the date formatBYesNoNo3-52YASets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gatewayBYesNoNo3-53YKSets kepaliveBYesNoNo3-53RUSets NoparametersBYesNoNo3-53YQSets webpage parametersBYesNoNo3-53YUSets webpage parametersBYesNoNo3-53YUSets munucation timeoutBYesNoNo3-54YVSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-53YUSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YUSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55 </td <td>EK</td> <td>Configures administrator settings (/AS1 advanced security option)</td> <td>Bb</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>No</td> <td>No</td> <td>3-50</td>	EK	Configures administrator settings (/AS1 advanced security option)	Bb	Yes	No	No	3-50	
WDConfigures authentication server settings (/AS1 advanced security option)BYesNoNo3-51ROSets the type of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3-51RMSets areport channelBYesNoNo3-52XGSets the time zoneBYesNoNo3-52XNSets the date formatBYesNoNo3-52YBSets host informationBYesNoNo3-53YDSets network parametersBYesNoNo3-53gatewaySets host informationBYesNoNo3-53YKSets keepaliveBYesNoNo3-53RUSets NeepaliveBYesNoNo3-53WWSets Webpage parametersBYesNoNo3-53YQSets report infiningBYesNoNo3-53YUSets the c-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-53YUSets met maifer timingBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail SMTP server nameBYesNoNo3-55YJSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55YJSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-55YKSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-5	EL	Configures user settings (/AS1 advanced security option)	Bb	Yes	No	No	3-51	
ROSets the type of report and when to create reportsBYesNoNo3-51RMSets a report channelBYesNoNo3-52XGSets the time zoneBYesNoNo3-52XNSets the date formatBYesNoNo3-52YBSets host informationBYesNoNo3-52YDSets network parametersBYesNoNo3-53YASets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gatewayBYesNoNo3-53YKSets keepaliveBYesNoNo3-53RUSets DNS parametersBYesNoNo3-53WWSets Webpage parametersBYesNoNo3-53YQSets ommunication timeoutBYesNoNo3-53YUSets Webpage parametersBYesNoNo3-53YUSets what kind of information to send using e-mailBYesNoNo3-53YVSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YXSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55YPSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55YZSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-55YPSets the SNTP operation	WD	Configures authentication server settings (/AS1 advanced security option)	В	Yes	No	No	3-51	
RMSets a report channelBYesNoNo3-52XGSets the time zoneBYesNoNo3-52XNSets the date formatBYesNoNo3-52YBSets host informationBYesNoNo3-52YDSets network parametersBYesNoNo3-53YASets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gatewayBYesNoNo3-53YKSets keepaliveBYesNoNo3-53WSSets a serverBYesNoNo3-53WWSets Ubpage parametersBYesNoNo3-53YQSets communication timeoutBYesNoNo3-53YUSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-54YUSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YJSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YFSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the serial interfaceBYesNo<	RO	Sets the type of report and when to create reports	В	Yes	No	No	3-51	
XGSets the time zoneBYesNoNo3-52XNSets the date formatBYesNoNo3-52YBSets host informationBYesNoNo3-52YDSets network parametersBYesNoNo3-53YASets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gatewayBYesNoNo3-53YKSets keepaliveBYesNoNo3-53RUSets DNS parametersBYesNoNo3-53WWSets a serverBYesNoNo3-53WWSets communication timeoutBYesNoNo3-53YQSets communication to send using e-mailBYesNoNo3-54YUSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YJSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YJSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-56WESets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the operation of the Mo	RM	Sets a report channel	В	Yes	No	No	3-52	
XNSets the date formatBYesNoNo3-52YBSets host informationBYesNoNo3-52YDSets network parametersBYesNoNo3-53YASets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gatewayBYesNoNo3-53YKSets keepaliveBYesNoNo3-53RUSets DNS parametersBYesNoNo3-53WWSets a serverBYesNoNo3-53WWSets Webpage parametersBYesNoNo3-53YQSets communication timeoutBYesNoNo3-53YUSets the ermai sender addressBYesNoNo3-54YUSets the ermai sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the ermai sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YUSets the ermai sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YFSets the ermai sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YFSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YFSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55YFSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-56YFSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedB <td>XG</td> <td>Sets the time zone</td> <td>В</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>No</td> <td>No</td> <td>3-52</td>	XG	Sets the time zone	В	Yes	No	No	3-52	
YBSets host informationBYesNoNo3-52YDSets network parametersBYesNoNo3-53YASets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gatewayBYesNoNo3-53YKSets keepaliveBYesNoNo3-53RUSets DNS parametersBYesNoNo3-53WSSets a serverBYesNoNo3-53WWSets Webpage parametersBYesNoNo3-53YQSets communication timeoutBYesNoNo3-53YUSets FTP transfer timingBYesNoNo3-54YUSets an e-mail recipient addressBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YVSets the e-mail SMTP server nameBYesNoNo3-55YPSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55YPSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the instrument information outputBYes <td>XN</td> <td>Sets the date format</td> <td>В</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>No</td> <td>No</td> <td>3-52</td>	XN	Sets the date format	В	Yes	No	No	3-52	
YDSets network parametersBYesNoNo3-53YASets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gatewayBYesNoNo3-53YKSets keepaliveBYesNoNo3-53WKSets keepaliveBYesNoNo3-53WSSets a serverBYesNoNo3-53WWSets Webpage parametersBYesNoNo3-53YQSets communication timeoutBYesNoNo3-53YTSets FTP transfer timingBYesNoNo3-54YUSets what kind of information to send using e-mailBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YXSets the e-mail SMTP server nameBYesNoNo3-55YJSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-56WBSets SNTP client parametersBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedYesNoNo3-56YLSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the instrument information output	YB	Sets host information	В	Yes	No	No	3-52	
YASets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gatewayBYesNoNo3-53YKSets keepaliveBYesNoNo3-53RUSets DNS parametersBYesNoNo3-53WSSets a serverBYesNoNo3-53WWSets Webpage parametersBYesNoNo3-53YQSets communication timeoutBYesNoNo3-53YUSets fTP transfer timingBYesNoNo3-54YUSets what kind of information to send using e-mailBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YJSets the dodbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YFSets basic Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YFSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55VBSets SNTP client parametersBYesNoNo3-56VCSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-57YKSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-57YLSets the instrument of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57 <tr< td=""><td>YD</td><td>Sets network parameters</td><td>В</td><td>Yes</td><td>No</td><td>No</td><td>3-53</td></tr<>	YD	Sets network parameters	В	Yes	No	No	3-53	
YKSets keepaliveBYesNoNo3-53RUSets DNS parametersBYesNoNo3-53WSSets a serverBYesNoNo3-53WWSets Webpage parametersBYesNoNo3-53YQSets communication timeoutBYesNoNo3-53YTSets FTP transfer timingBYesNoNo3-54YUSets what kind of information to send using e-mailBYesNoNo3-54YVSets an e-mail recipient addressBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YUSets the modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YPSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-57YRSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-56YZSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-57 <td>YA</td> <td>Sets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway</td> <td>В</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>No</td> <td>No</td> <td>3-53</td>	YA	Sets the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway	В	Yes	No	No	3-53	
RUSets DNS parametersBYesNoNo3-53WSSets a serverBYesNoNo3-53WWSets Webpage parametersBYesNoNo3-53YQSets communication timeoutBYesNoNo3-53YTSets FTP transfer timingBYesNoNo3-54YUSets what kind of information to send using e-mailBYesNoNo3-54YVSets an e-mail recipient addressBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YXSets the e-mail SMTP server nameBYesNoNo3-55YPSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55WBSets the SNTP client parametersBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-57	YK	Sets keepalive	В	Yes	No	No	3-53	
WSSets a serverBYesNoNo3-53WWSets Webpage parametersBYesNoNo3-53YQSets communication timeoutBYesNoNo3-53YTSets FTP transfer timingBYesNoNo3-54YUSets what kind of information to send using e-mailBYesNoNo3-54YVSets an e-mail recipient addressBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YXSets the e-mail SMTP server nameBYesNoNo3-55YJSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YPSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-57YKSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-56YZSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-57YKSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo <t< td=""><td>RU</td><td>Sets DNS parameters</td><td>В</td><td>Yes</td><td>No</td><td>No</td><td>3-53</td></t<>	RU	Sets DNS parameters	В	Yes	No	No	3-53	
WWSets Webpage parametersBYesNoNo3-53YQSets communication timeoutBYesNoNo3-53YTSets FTP transfer timingBYesNoNo3-54YUSets what kind of information to send using e-mailBYesNoNo3-54YVSets an e-mail recipient addressBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YXSets the e-mail SMTP server nameBYesNoNo3-55YJSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YPSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-56WBSets the SNTP client parametersBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets a transmit command of the Modbus masterBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the instrument of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3	WS	Sets a server	В	Yes	No	No	3-53	
YQSets communication timeoutBYesNoNo3-53YTSets FTP transfer timingBYesNoNo3-54YUSets what kind of information to send using e-mailBYesNoNo3-54YVSets an e-mail recipient addressBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YXSets the e-mail SMTP server nameBYesNoNo3-55YJSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YPSets basic Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-57YMSets a transmit command of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-57YMSets a transmit command of the Modbus masterBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-57	WW	Sets Webpage parameters	В	Yes	No	No	3-53	
YTSets FTP transfer timingBYesNoNo3-54YUSets what kind of information to send using e-mailBYesNoNo3-54YVSets an e-mail recipient addressBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YXSets the e-mail SMTP server nameBYesNoNo3-55YJSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YPSets basic Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55WBSets SNTP client parametersBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets a transmit command of the Modbus masterBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-57YMSets a transmit command of the Modbus masterBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-57	YQ	Sets communication timeout	В	Yes	No	No	3-53	
YUSets what kind of information to send using e-mailBYesNoNo3-54YVSets an e-mail recipient addressBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YXSets the e-mail SMTP server nameBYesNoNo3-55YJSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YPSets basic Modbus client settingsBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55WBSets the SNTP client parametersBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-57	YT	Sets FTP transfer timing	В	Yes	No	No	3-54	
YVSets an e-mail recipient addressBYesNoNo3-55YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YXSets the e-mail SMTP server nameBYesNoNo3-55YJSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YPSets basic Modbus client settingsBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55WBSets SNTP client parametersBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-57	YU	Sets what kind of information to send using e-mail	В	Yes	No	No	3-54	
YWSets the e-mail sender addressBYesNoNo3-55YXSets the e-mail SMTP server nameBYesNoNo3-55YJSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YPSets basic Modbus client settingsBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55WBSets SNTP client parametersBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-57	YV	Sets an e-mail recipient address	В	Yes	No	No	3-55	
YXSets the e-mail SMTP server nameBYesNoNo3-55YJSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YPSets basic Modbus client settingsBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55WBSets SNTP client parametersBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-56YSSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-57	YW	Sets the e-mail sender address	В	Yes	No	No	3-55	
YJSets the Modbus client's destination serverBYesNoNo3-55YPSets basic Modbus client settingsBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55WBSets SNTP client parametersBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-56YSSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-57	YX	Sets the e-mail SMTP server name	В	Yes	No	No	3-55	
YPSets basic Modbus client settingsBYesNoNo3-55YRSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55WBSets SNTP client parametersBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-56YSSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets a transmit command of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57WRSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-58	YJ	Sets the Modbus client's destination server	В	Yes	No	No	3-55	
YRSets the Modbus client's transmit commandBYesNoNo3-55WBSets SNTP client parametersBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-56YSSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets a transmit command of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57WRSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-58	YP	Sets basic Modbus client settings	В	Yes	No	No	3-55	
WBSets SNTP client parametersBYesNoNo3-56WCSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-56YSSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets a transmit command of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57WRSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-58	YR	Sets the Modbus client's transmit command	В	Yes	No	No	3-55	
WCSets the SNTP operation when memory start is executedBYesNoNo3-56YSSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets a transmit command of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57WRSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-58	WB	Sets SNTP client parameters	В	Yes	No	No	3-56	
YSSets the serial interfaceBYesNoNo3-56YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets a transmit command of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57WRSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-58	WC	Sets the SNTP operation when memory start is executed	В	Yes	No	No	3-56	
YLSets the operation of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57YMSets a transmit command of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57WRSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-58	YS	Sets the serial interface	В	Yes	No	No	3-56	
YMSets a transmit command of the Modbus master functionBYesNoNo3-57WRSets the instrument information outputBYesNoNo3-58	YL	Sets the operation of the Modbus master function	В	Yes	No	No	3-57	
WR Sets the instrument information output B Yes No No 3-58	YM	Sets a transmit command of the Modbus master function	В	Yes	No	No	3-57	
	WR	Sets the instrument information output	В	Yes	No	No	3-58	

3.2 A List of Commands

Command	Function	Execution	Setting Conne	ection	Monitor	Page
Name		Mode			Connection	
WI	Sets the relay operations	В	Yes	No	No	3-58
WF	Sets the Modbus connection limitation	В	Yes	No	No	3-58
WG	Sets an IP address that is allowed to connect via Modbus	В	Yes	No	No	3-59
WJ	Sets the FTP transfer wait time	В	Yes	No	No	3-59
WQ	Sets PROFIBUS-DP	В	Yes	No	No	3-59
YE	Activates basic settings (cold reset)	Bb	Yes	No	No	3-59

Output Commands (/AS1)

Note_

Output commands except BO, CS, and IF cannot be placed in a command sequence.

Command	Function	Execution	Setting Conne	ction	Monitor	Page
Name		Mode	Administrator	User	User Connection	
Control	·					
BO	Sets the byte output order	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-60
CS	Sets the check sum (can only be used during serial communication)	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-60
IF	Sets status filters	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-60
СВ	Sets the data output format	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-60
CC	Disconnects the Ethernet connection (can only be used for Ethernet communications)	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-60
Setup, meas	urement, and computed data output				•	
FC	Outputs screen image data	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-61
FE	Outputs setup data	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-61
FD	Outputs the most recent measured and computed data	OSsb	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-61
FF	Outputs FIFO data	OSsb	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-61
FL	Outputs a log, alarm summary, or message summary	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-62
FI	Outputs an operation log	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-62
IS	Outputs status information	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-62
FU	Outputs user levels	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-63
FA	Outputs internal DX information	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-63
ME	Outputs data stored on the external storage medium and internal memory	OSsb	Yes	No	No	3-63
MO	Manages and outputs the data stored in the internal memory	OSsb	Yes	No	No	3-63
Dedicated co	ommands for RS-422/485					
Esc O	Opens an instrument	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-64
Esc C	Closes an instrument	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-64
Common co	mmands among instruments	•				-
*	Outputs instrument information	ALL	Yes	Yes	Yes	3-65

Maintenance/Test Commands (Available when using the maintenance/test server function via Ethernet communications)

The administrator is "admin." The user is "user."

Command Name	Function	Administrator	User	Page
close	Closes another device's connection	No	No	3-65
con	Outputs connection information	Yes	Yes	3-65
eth	Outputs Ethernet statistics	Yes	Yes	3-65
help	Outputs help	Yes	Yes	3-66
net	Outputs network statistics	Yes	Yes	3-66
quit	Closes the connection to the instrument that you are operating	Yes	Yes	3-66

Instrument Information Output Commands (Available when using the instrument information server function via Ethernet communications)

Parameter	Function	Page
serial	Outputs the serial number	3-67
host	Outputs the host name	3-67
ip	Outputs the IP address	3-67

3.3 Setup Parameters

The measurement range and setup range of parameters used in a command vary depending on the combination of the command, range, and options.

Parameter Input Example of Measurement Range

The span upper and lower limit parameters of the SR command (input range setting command) requires all digits including those to the right of the decimal to be entered. For example, if you want to set the upper limit to 1.0000 V when the measurement range is -2.0000 V to 2.0000 V, the value is 10000. If you want to set the limit to 0.5000 V, the value is 5000.

Input Type Parameter	Selectable Range of the Measurement Range	Specified Range	Parameter
20mV	-20.000mV to 20.000mV	-10.000mV to 20.000mV	-10000 to 20000
2V	-2.0000V to 2.0000V	-2.0000V to 0.5000V	-20000 to 5000
R	0.0 to 1760.0	0.0 to 400.0	0 to 4000
K	-200.0 to 1370.0	-200.0 to 1370.0	-2000 to 13700
Pt100	-200.0 to 600.0	-10.0 to 500.0	-100 to 5000
LEVEL	0 to 1	0 to 1	0 to 1
	Input Type Parameter 20mV 2V R K Pt100 LEVEL	Input Type Parameter Selectable Range of the Measurement Range 20mV -20.000mV to 20.000mV 2V -2.0000V to 2.0000V R 0.0 to 1760.0 K -200.0 to 1370.0 Pt100 -200.0 to 600.0 LEVEL 0 to 1	Input Type Parameter Selectable Range of the Measurement Range Specified Range 20mV -20.000mV to 20.000mV -10.000mV to 20.000mV 2V -2.0000V to 2.0000V -2.0000V to 0.5000V R 0.0 to 1760.0 0.0 to 400.0 K -200.0 to 1370.0 -200.0 to 1370.0 Pt100 -200.0 to 600.0 -10.0 to 500.0 LEVEL 0 to 1 0 to 1

The table below gives configuration examples.

Measurement Range Parameters

The table below shows the relationship between the input types and range parameters.

Input Type	Input Type Parameter	Range	Range Parameter	Required Option
DC Voltage	VOLT	20 mV	20MV	
		60 mV	60MV	
		200 mV	200MV	
		2 V	2V	
		6 V	6V	
		20 V	20V	
		50 V	50V	
Thermocouple	TC	R	R	
		S	S	
		В	В	
		К	K	
		E	E	
		J	J	
		Т	Т	
		N	N	
		W	W	
		L	L	
		U	U	
		Kp vs Au7Fe	KP	/N3
		PLATINEL	ΡΓΑΤΤ	/N3
		PR40-20	PR	/N3
		NiNiMo	NTMO	/N3
		WRA	WRE	/ 110
		W/WRo26	W/WRE	/N3
		TypeN (AWG14)	N2	/N3
		TYPEN (TWOTH)	AK WZ	/N3
חדם	חידים	D+		/ 11 3
RID	RID			
		D+ 50		/ \\T 0
		PL30	PTSU	/ N.3
		NIIOU (SAMA)	NII	/ N 3
		N1100 (DIN)	NIZ	/ N 3
		N1120	N13	/N3
		J263*B	J263	/ N 3
		Cu53	CU53	/N3
			CU100	/N3
		Cul0:GE	CUI	/ N 1
		Cul0:L&N	CU2	/ N 1
		Cul0:WEED	CU3	/N1
		Cul0:BAILEY	CU4	/N1
		Cu10:0.000392at20	CU5	/N1
		Cu10:0.000393at20	CU6	/N1
		Cu25:0.00425at0	CU25	/N1
		Pt25	PT25	/N3
		Pt100 GOST	Pt100G	/N3
		Cu100 GOST	Cu100G	/N3
		Cu50 GOST	Cu50G	/N3
		Cul0 GOST	CulOG	/N3
		Pt46 GOST	Pt46G	/N3
		Pt200W(WEED)	Pt200W	/N3
Contact input	DI	Level	LEVEL	
		Cont	CONT	
1-5V voltage	1-5V	1-5V	1-5V	

3.3 Setup Parameters

Туре	Model	Notation and Valid Range	Notes
Measurement channels	DX1000	001 to 012	Varies depending on the number of inputs
	DX2000	001 to 048	Varies depending on the number of inputs
Computation channels	DX1000	101 to 112	High-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
		101 to 124	Medium-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
	DX2000	101 to 112	High-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
		101 to 160	Medium-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
External input channels	DX1000		No setting
	DX2000	201 to 440	/MC1
Manual	DX1000		No setting
sample	DX2000	001 to 120	/MC1
Report channels	DX1000	R01 to R12	High-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
		R01 to R24	Medium-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
	DX2000	R01 to R12	High-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
		R01 to R60	Medium-speed input model, /M1, /PM1
Internal switches	DX1000/DX2000	S01 to S30	
Output relays	DX1000	101 to 106	_Varies depending on the /A# option
	DX2000	101 to 106, 111 to 116,	
		121 to 126, 131 to 136	
Constants	DX1000/DX2000	K01 to K60	/M1, /PM1
Communication input data	DX1000	C01 to C24	_/M1, /PM1
Disalar	DX2000		
Display groups	DX1000		(DTO
		batch function (/BT2 option)	/B12
	DX2000	1 to 36	
		1 to 12 when using the multi batch function (/BT2 option)	/BT2
Remote control terminals	DX1000/DX2000	D01 to D08	/R1, /PM1
Pulse inputs	DX1000/DX2000	P01 to P08,	/PM1
		Q01 to Q08	
Flags	DX1000/DX2000	F01 to F08	/M1, /PM1
Batch groups	DX1000/DX2000	1 to (the number of batch groups specified using the WU command)	/BT2
Timers	DX1000/DX2000	1 to 4	/M1, /PM1
		1 to 12 Models with the /BT2 multi batch option	/M1, /PM1, /BT2
Match time timers	DX1000/DX2000	1 to 4	/M1, /PM1
		1 to 12 Models with the /BT2 multi batch option	/M1, /PM1, /BT2
Comment text fields	DX1000	1 to 100	
	DX2000	1 to 200	
Comment text blocks	DX1000	1 to 50	
	DX2000	1 to 100	
Report groups (integral bar	DX1000	1 to 4	/M1, /PM1
graph)	DX2000	1 to 6	_
Annunciator display	DX1000	1 to 24	
windows	DX2000	1 to 80	

Channel Number and Other Notations and Valid Ranges

High-speed input models DX1002, DX1004, DX1002N, DX1004N, DX2004, DX2008 Medium-speed input models DX1006, DX1012, DX1006N, DX1012N DX2010, DX2020, DX2030, DX2040, DX2048

Multi batch is an option (/BT2 option) for DXs with release number 3 or later.

SR Sets a input range

When Setting Channels to Skip

Syntax SR p1,p2<terminator>

- p1 Measurement channel number
- p2 Setting type (SKIP)

```
Query SR[p1]?
```

Example Skip channel 001.

SR001,SKIP

- Description You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
 - · Channels set to SKIP are not measured.
 - Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

When Setting the Channels to Voltage, TC, RTD, or ON/OFF Input

- Syntax SR p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
 - p1 Measurement channel number
 - p2 Input type
 - VOLT DC voltage
 - TC Thermocouple
 - RTD Resistance temperature detector
 - DI ON/OFF input
 - p3 Measurement range
 - p4 Span lower limit
 - p5 Span upper limit
- Query SR[p1]?
- Example Set the channel 001 input type to TC type R, the span lower limit to 0°C, and the span upper limit to 1760.0°C.

SR001, TC, R, 0, 17600

- Description You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
 - Set p1 and p3 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - For parameters p4 and p5, enter values with five digits or less excluding the decimal point.

When Computing the Difference between Channels

- SR p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>
 - p1 Measurement channel number
 - p2 Setting type (DELTA)
 - p3 Input type
 - VOLT DC voltage
 - TC Thermocouple
 - RTD Resistance temperature detector
 - DI ON/OFF input
 - p4 Measurement range

Syntax

p6 Span upper limitp7 Reference channel number (measurement channel number)

p5 Span lower limit

Query SR[p1]?

Example Set the channel 010 setting type to differential computation between channels with the reference channel set to 001, and set the input type to TC. Set the measurement range to R. Set the span lower limit to 10.0°C and span upper limit to 100.0°C.

SR010, DELTA, TC, R, 100, 1000, 001

- Description You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
 - Set p1 and p4 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - For parameters p5 and p6, enter values with five digits or less excluding the decimal point.

When Setting Channels to Scaling

Syntax SR p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10 <terminator>

- p1 Measurement channel number
- p2 Setting type (SCALE)
- p3 Input type
 - VOLT DC voltage
 - TC Thermocouple
 - RTD Resistance temperature detector
 - DI ON/OFF input
- p4 Measurement range
- p5 Span lower limit
- p6 Span upper limit
- ${\tt p7}$ $\,$ Scaling lower limit (-30000 to 30000) $\,$
- $\mathtt{p8}$ $\,$ Scaling upper limit (-30000 to 30000) $\,$
- ${\tt p9}$ $\,$ Scaling decimal place (0 to 4) $\,$
- <code>p10</code> Unit (up to 6 characters)

Query SR[p1]?

- Example Convert the DC voltage measured on channel 002 to DC current. Set the measurement range to 6 V, the span lower limit to 1 V, the span upper limit to 5 V, the scaling lower limit to 1.00 A, and the scaling upper limit to 5.00 A. SR002, SCALE, VOLT, 6V, 1000, 5000, 100, 500, 2, A
- Description You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
 - Set p1 and p4 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - For parameters p5 and p6, enter values with five digits or less excluding the decimal point.

3

 For parameters p7, p8, and p9, either set all three parameters or omit all three parameters.

When Setting Channels to Square Root Computation

Syntax SR p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10, p11<terminator>

- p1 Measurement channel number
- p2 Setting type (SQRT)
- p3 Measurement range
- p4 Span lower limit
- p5 Span upper limit
- p6 Scaling lower limit (-30000 to 30000)
- p7 Scaling upper limit (-30000 to 30000)
- p8 Scaling decimal place (0 to 4)
- p9 Unit (up to 6 characters)
- p10 Low-cut function (OFF, ON)
- p11 Low-cut point (0 to 50)

Query SR[p1]?

Example Convert the DC voltage measured on channel 001 to an amount of flow using the square root computation. Set the measurement range to 6 V, the span lower limit to 1 V, the span upper limit to 5 V, the scaling lower limit to 10.0 m³/s, and the scaling upper limit to 100.0 m³/s. SR001, SQRT, 6V, 1000, 5000, 100, 1000, 1,

m3/s

- Description You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
 - Set p1 and p3 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - For parameters p4 and p5, enter values with five digits or less excluding the decimal point.
 - For parameters p6, p7, and p8, either set all three parameters or omit all three parameters.

For 1-5V DC Voltage Input

Syntax SR p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10 <terminator>

- p1 Measurement channel number
- p2 Input type (1-5V)
- p3 Measurement range (1-5V)
- p4 Span lower limit (800 to 5200)
- p5 Span upper limit (800 to 5200)
- p6 Scaling lower limit (-30000 to 30000)
- p7 Scaling upper limit (-30000 to 30000)
- p8 Scaling decimal place (0 to 4)
- p9 Unit (up to 6 characters)
- p10 Low-cut function (ON, OFF)

Query SR[p1]?

Example Set the channel 005 input type to 1-5V, the span lower limit to 1 V, the span upper limit to 5 V, and turn the 1-5V low-cut function ON.

SR005,1-5V,1-5V,1000,5000,,,,,ON

- Description You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
 - Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - For parameters p4 and p5, enter values with four digits or less excluding the decimal point.
 - For parameters p6, p7, and p8, either set all three parameters or omit all three parameters.

<u>SO</u> Sets a computing equation

- Syntax SO p1, p2, p3, p4, p5, p6, p7<terminator>
 - p1 Computation channel number
 - p2 Computation (ON, OFF)
 - p3 Computing equation (up to 120 characters)
 - p4 Span lower limit (-99999999 to 99999999)
 - p5 Span upper limit (-99999999 to 99999999)
 - p6 Span decimal place (0 to 4)
 - p7 Unit (up to 6 characters)

Query SO[p1]?

Example Compute the sum of channels 001 and 002 using channel 106. Set the span lower limit to -10.0000, the span upper limit to 15.0000, and the unit to V.

S0106,ON,001+002,-100000,150000,4,V

- Description You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.
 - You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
 - For details on computing equations, see the DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual.
 - Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - For parameters p4 and p5, enter values with seven digits or less, excluding the decimal, for negative numbers and with eight digits or less for positive numbers.
 - For parameters p4, p5, and p6, either set all three parameters or omit all three parameters.

ER Sets the range of an external input channel

SyntaxER p1, p2, p3, p4, p5, p6<terminator>p1External input channel numberp2External input channel (ON, OFF)p3Span lower limit (-30000 to 30000)p4Span upper limit (-30000 to 30000)p5Decimal place (0 to 4)p6Unit (up to 6 characters)QueryER[p1]?

Commands

	3.4 Setting Commands
R	High limit on rate-of-change alarm
r	Low limit on rate-of-change alarm
Т	Delay high limit alarm
t	Delay low limit alarm
	(Characters are ease consitive)

- (Characters are case-sensitive.)
- p5 Alarm value
- p6 Relay setting
 - ON Relay setting on
 - OFF Relay setting off
- p7 Relay number when p6 is set to ON Space when p6 is set to OFF
- p8 Detection of alarm (ON, OFF)

Query SA[p1[,p2]]?

Set a high limit alarm (alarm value = 1000) on Example channel 002 alarm number 1, and activate relay 101 when an alarm occurs.

- SA002,1,ON,H,1000,ON,I01
- Description For a channel whose input range is set to SKIP (using the SR command), p3 cannot be set to ON.
 - For a channel whose computation channel is set to OFF (using the SO command), p3 cannot be set to ON.
 - · For a channel whose external input channel is set to OFF (ER command), p3 cannot be set to ON.
 - All alarm settings on a channel are set to OFF when:
 - Its input type is changed (VOLT, TC, etc).
 - · Its measurement range is changed.
 - · Its span or scaling values are changed during scaling display (includes changing the decimal place).
 - · The channel is a computation channel, and the channel is turned on or off or an expression or a span value is changed.
 - · The h and I settings of p4 are valid only when the measurement range is set to differential computation between channels.
 - If p4 is set to R or r, set the interval for the high/low limit on the rate-of-change using the XA command.
 - If p4 is set to T or t, set the alarm delay for the delay high/low limit alarm using the BD command.
 - Set the p5 alarm value in the following range based on the p4 alarm type or the target channel.
 - Upper, Lower, Delay Upper and Delay Lower alarms
 - DC voltage, thermocouple, or RTD input Within in the measurable range of the selected range
 - Contact input
 - 0 or 1

-150.00 to 150.00. 201, ON, -15000, 15000, 2 Description • You can use this command on models with the /MC1 external input channel option. · You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).

Set the external input channel 201 span to

TJ Sets memory sampling

- Syntax TJ p1,p2<terminator>
 - p1 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
 - p2 Memory sampling (OFF, ON)
- Query TJ[p1]?

Example

- Example Perform memory sampling on channel 002. TJ002,ON
- Description · You can specify computation channels on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You can specify external input channels on models with the /MC1 external input channel option.
 - · You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).

SA Sets an alarm

When Not Using Alarms

- Svntax SA p1,p2,p3<terminator>
 - p1 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
 - p2 Alarm number (1 to 4)
 - p3 Alarm on/off (OFF)
- Query SA[p1[,p2]]?
- Example Turn Off alarm number 1 of channel 010. SA010,1,OFF
- Description You can specify computation channels on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You can specify external input channels on models with the /MC1 external input channel option.

When Using Alarms

- Syntax SA p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8 <terminator>
 - p1 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
 - p2 Alarm number (1 to 4)
 - p3 Alarm on/off (ON)
 - Alarm type p4
 - Н High limit alarm
 - T, Low limit alarm
 - h Difference high limit alarm 1 Difference low limit alarm

- Scaling input (1-5V, scaling, and square root)
 -5 to 105% of span (except, within –
- 30000 to 30000)
- Difference high limit and difference low limit alarms
 - Within the measurable range
- High limit on rate-of-change and low limit
 on rate-of-change alarms
 - A value that consists of at least one nonzero digit. For example, 0.0001 for the 2 V range.
 - The maximum value is within the measurable range (except within –30000 to 30000).
 - For example, 3.0000 for the 2 V range. For contact input, only the value of "1" can be specified.
- Computation channels
 For computation channels –99999999 to
 999999999 (excluding the decimal point. Set using an integer.)
- External input channels –30000 to 30000
- An error occurs if p7 is set to a number of a relay that is not installed.
- You can specify computation channels on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.
- For computation channels and external input channels, the only alarm types that you can specify are H (high limit alarm), L (low limit alarm), T (delay high limit alarm), and t (delay low limit alarm).
- For computation channels, the alarm hysteresis is fixed at zero. Use the XA command to set the alarm hysteresis.

<u>SW</u> Sets the trend interval and auto save interval

Syntax SW p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>

T-Y Display

- p1 **1**
- p2 Waveform type (specify T-Y)
- p3 Trend interval (5S, 10S, 15S, 30S, 1MIN, 2MIN, 5MIN, 10MIN, 15MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H, 2H, 4H, 10H)
- p4 Auto save interval (10MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 6H, 8H, 12H, 1DAY, 2DAY, 3DAY, 5DAY, 7DAY, 10DAY, 14DAY, 31DAY)

Query SW?

Description • You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).

- The selectable auto save intervals (p4) vary depending on the trend interval (p3). For details, see the *DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual*.
- You can only set the trend interval (p3) to 5S and 10S for high-speed input models (DX1002, DX1002N, DX1004, DX1004N, DX2004,and DX2008).
- You can only set the trend interval (p3) on medium-speed models to 15S if fast sampling mode is enabled.
- Set the trend interval (p3) to a value less than the scan interval.
- The p4 setting is valid when the saving method to the external storage medium is set to auto (using the XM command with p1 set to AUTO).

Circular Display

- p1 **1**
- p2 Waveform type (CIRCULAR)
- p3 Time length of one cycle (20MIN, 30MIN, 1H, 2H, 6H, 8H, 12H, 16H, 1DAY, 2DAY, 1WEEK, 2WEEK, 4WEEK)
- p4 Auto save interval (10MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 6H, 8H, 12H, 1DAY, 2DAY, 3DAY, 5DAY, 7DAY, 10DAY, 14DAY, 31DAY)

Query SW?

TL

- Example Set the waveform type to CIRCULAR, the time length of one cycle to 20 minutes, and the auto save interval to 1 hour. SW1, CIRCULAR, 20MIN, 1H
- Description You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) in progress.
 - The selectable auto save intervals (p4) vary depending on the time length of one cycle (p3). For details, see the DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual.
 - The p4 setting is valid when the saving method to the external storage medium is set to auto (using the XM command with p1 set to AUTO).
 - Set the time length of one cycle (p3) to a value less than the scan interval.

Sets the circular display offset time

Syntax	TI p1,p2 <terminator></terminator>
	pl 1
	p2 Offset time (OFF, 1H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 5H, 6H,
	7H, 8H, 9H, 10H, 11H, 12H, 13H, 14H, 15H,
	16H, 17H, 18H, 19H, 20H, 21H, 22H, 23H)
Query	TI[p1]?
Example	Set the offset time to 1 hour.
	TI1,1H
Description	Set the offset time to a value that is lower than
	the time length of one cycle (set by the SW
	command).

TO	Sets how the DX operates after one circular display cycle		p2 Sample interval (25MS, 125MS, 250MS, 500MS, 1S, 2S, 5S, 10S, 30S, 1MIN, 2MIN,
Svntax	TO p1 <terminator></terminator>		5MIN, 10MIN, 15MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN)
e j'illan	p1 Operation after one cycle		p3 Sample mode
	ALLCLEAR Clears the entire waveform		FREE Starts data acquisition at memory start and stops data acquisition at
	now waveform		memory stop.
	DIVCLEAR Clears a section of the		SINGLETRIGGER Acquires data once
	waveform display and starts		for a specified time length after the
	drawing a new waveform		trigger occurs and then stops.
Querv	TO?		REPEATTRIGGER Acquires data for
Example	Set the operation after one cycle to all clear.		a specified time length after the
	TOALLCLEAR		trigger occurs and then enters the
			trigger wait condition.
т\//	Sats the secondary trend interval		p4 Sample time length (10MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN,
Ountrus			1H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 6H, 8H, 12H, 1DAY, 2DAY,
Syntax	TW pl <terminator></terminator>		3DAY, 5DAY, 7DAY, 10DAY, 14DAY, 31DAY)
			po Pretrigger length as percentage (0, 5, 25,
			50, 75, 95, 100)
Query	TW2		or ON)
Example	Set the interval to 2 minutes		Parameters n5 to n6 are valid when n3 is set to
Example	TW2MIN		SINGLETRIGGER or REPEATTRIGGER
Description	• Set the trend interval (p1) to a value less than	Querv	TE[p1]?
·	the scan interval.	Example	Acquire data at a sampling rate of 125 ms for 10
	• You can only set the trend interval (p3) to 5S		minutes using single trigger mode.
	and 10S for high-speed input models (DX1002,		TE1,125MS,SINGLETRIGGER,10MIN
	DX1002N, DX1004, DX1004N, DX2004, and	Description	You cannot choose a sample interval that is
	DX2008).		shorter than the scan interval.
	 You can only set the trend interval (p3) on 		You cannot use this command while recording
	medium-speed models to 15S if fast sampling		(memory sampling) in progress. If you are
	mode is enabled.		using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot
	You cannot use this command when multi		use this command if any of the batch groups
	batch /BT2 is enabled.		is recording (memory sampling).
			You cannot set SINGLE I RIGGER or
ТМ	Sets manual sampling		REPEAT I RIGGER as a sample mode when
Syntax	TM p1,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>		On models with the /AS1 advanced security
	p1 Manual sample number		option you cannot set p3 to SINGLETRIGGER
	p2 Enable or disable (ON or OFF)		or REPEATTRIGGER.
	p3 Measurement, computation, or external		
<u> </u>	input channel number	97	Sate a zono
Query	TM[p1]?	Suntau	
Example	Assign measurement channel 002 to manual	Syntax	S2 p1, p2, p3 <terminator></terminator>
			p1 Measurement, computation, or external
Description	• You can use this command on models with the		r_{2}^{2} Lower zone boundary position (0 to 95) [%]
Description	/MC1 external input channel option		p3 Upper zone boundary position (5 to 100) [%]
	You can specify computation channels on	Querv	SZ[p1]?
	models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.	Example	Display channel 002 in a zone between 30% and
			50%.
тс	Sate the compling conditions for		SZ002,30,50
	ovent data	Description	You can specify computation channels on
Quality			models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You
Syntax	<pre>rb p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6<terminator> </terminator></pre>		can specify external input channels on models
	P⊤ I		with the /MC1 external input channel option.
			Set the boundary positions as percentages
		I	of the entire amplitude axis in the waveform

••••••••••	5		
	display area.	Query	ST[p1
	• The zone size must be at least 5%.	Example	Set the
	Set the upper zone boundary position greater		ST002
	than the lower zone boundary position.	Description	• For
			see
SP	Sets a partial expanded display		Note
Syntax	SP p1,p2,p3,p4 <terminator></terminator>		com
,	p1 Measurement, computation, or external		• You
	input channel number		moc
	p2 Partial expanded display (ON, OFF)		can
	p3 Boundary position (1 to 99) [%]		with
	p4 Boundary value		• Para
Query	SP[p1]?		usin
Example	Partially expand the display of channel 001. Set		prev
	the boundary position to 25% and the boundary		_
	value to 1.00 V.	<u>SX</u>	Sets
	SP001, ON, 25, 100		num
Description	You can specify computation channels on	Syntax	SX pl
	models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.		pl Di
	You can specify external input channels on		p2 Di
	models with the /MC1 external input channel		p3 Di
	option.		p4 Cl
	For a channel whose input range is set to	Query	SX[p1
	SKIP (using the SR command), p2 cannot be	Example	Assign
	set to UN.		numbe
	 For a channel whose computation channel is turned off (using the SO command), p2 cannot 		SX1,0
	turned on (using the SO command), p2 cannot		Assign
	 For a chapped whose external input chapped 		each c
	is set to OEE (using the EP command), p2		channe
	cannot be set to ON	Description	• For
	 Set n3 as a percentage of the range defined 		nam
	by the span upper and lower limits (scale		Cod
	upper and lower limits when scaling is		Or C
	enabled)		• IT YO
	 Set p4 to a value from (span upper limit – 1) to 		uns truc
	(span lower limit + 1) If scaling is enabled set		• II yu
	p4 to a value from (scaling lower limit -1) to		anu
	(scaling upper limit + 1).		• Set
	The decimal place and the number of digits		001
	are the same as those for the span or scaling		•
	settings (see the SR command).	<u>SL</u>	Sets
	You can use this command (includes the		or ea
	query) when the partial expanded display	Syntax	SL pl
	function is set to USE (using the XU		p1 Di
	command).		p2 Tr
	You cannot use this command if the partial		p3 Tr
	expanded display range does not exist (for		p4 Di
	example when the span range is 1).		p5 Di
			B.
ST	Sets a tag		Y.
Syntax	ST pl.p2.p3 <terminator></terminator>		LI
Cyntax	p1 Measurement computation or external		L
	input channel number		L. D.
			0

- p2 Tag comment (up to 32 characters)
- p3 Tag number (up to 16 characters)

]?

channel 002 tag (tag comment) to TAG2. , TAG2

- the characters that you can use for tags, appendix 3, "ASCII Character Codes." e that you cannot use semicolons or imas.
 - can specify computation channels on dels with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You specify external input channels on models the /MC1 external input channel option.
 - ameter p3 is invalid when you are not g the tag number. The DX returns the vious value in response to a query.

a display group (release ber 2 or earlier)

Syntax	SX p1,p2,p3,p4 <terminator></terminator>
	p1 Display group number
	p2 Display group (ON, OFF)
	p3 Display group name (up to 16 characters)
	p4 Channel configuration
Query	SX[p1]?
Example	Assign channels 001, 003, 004 to 006 to group
	number 1 and name the group GROUP2.
	SX1,ON,GROUP2,001.003.004-006
	Assign channels by using periods to separate
	each channel or a hyphen to specify a range of
	channels.
Description	For the characters that you can use for group
	names, see appendix 3, "ASCII Character
	Codes." Note that you cannot use semicolons
	or commas.
	• If you are using the multi batch feature /BT2,
	this command affects batch group 1.
	If you are using the multi batch feature /BT2
	and batch group 1 is recording (memory
	sampling), you cannot use this command.

p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

a trip line (release number 2 arlier)

ntax SI	_ p1,	p2,p3,	p4,p5,	,p6 <termina< th=""><th>ator></th></termina<>	ator>
ntax SI	_ p1,	p2,p3,	p4,p5,	,p6 <termina< th=""><th>ator></th></termina<>	ator>

- isplay group number
- rip line number (1 to 4)
- rip line display (ON, OFF)
- isplay position (0 to 100) [%]
- isplay color (RED, GREEN, BLUE, VIOLET, BROWN, ORANGE, GREEN, LIGHTBLUE, VIOLET, GRAY, IME, CYAN, DARKBLUE, YELLOW, GHTGRAY, PURPLE, BLACK, PINK, BROWN, L.GREEN, DARKGRAY, OLIVE, ARKCYAN, S.GREEN)
- p6 Line width (1, 2, 3)

Query	SL[p1[,p2]]?		p2 Display group number
Example	Display trip line 1 in red at the 10% position of		p3 Trip line number (1 to 4)
	group 1. Set the line width to 1.		p4 Trip line display (ON, OFF)
	SL1,1,ON,10,RED,1		p5 Display position (0 to 100) [%]
Description	• Set the position as percentages of the entire		p6 Display color (RED. GREEN, BLUE.
	amplitude axis in the waveform display area		B VIOLET BROWN ORANGE
	 If you are using the multi batch feature /BT2 		YGREEN LIGHTBILLE VIOLET GRAY
	this command affects batch group 1		LIME CYAN DARKBLUE YELLOW
	If you are using the multi batch feature /BT2		
	and batch group 1 is recording (memory)		
	and batch group 1 is recording (memory		DARKOVIN, L.GREEN, DARKGRAT, OLIVE,
	Sampling), you cannot use this command.		DARKCTAN, S.GREEN) r_{1}^{7} Line width (1, 2, 2)
	Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.	0	p/Line width (1, 2, 3)
		Query	NL[p1, [p2, [,p3]]]?
NX	Sets a display group (release	Example	Display trip line 2 in red at the 10% position of
	number 3 or later)		batch group 3's display group 1. Set the line
Syntax	NX p1.p2.p3.p4.p5 <terminator></terminator>		width to 1.
oyman	p1 Batch group number		NL3,1,2,ON,10,RED,1
	Set the number to 1 if multi batch /BT2 is not	Description	Set the position as percentages of the entire
	in use		amplitude axis in the waveform display area.
	n2 Display group number		 If you are using the multi batch feature /BT2,
	p^3 Enable or disable (ON or OEE)		this command affects batch group 1.
	p_{3} Enable of disable (ON of OT T)		 If you are using the multi batch feature /BT2,
	p ² Display group fiame (up to to characters)		you cannot use this command on a batch
0			group that is recording (memory sampling).
Query	NA[p1, [p2]] :		 Set p1 and p2 by referring to the table in
Example	Assign channels 001, 003, 004 to 006 to batch		section 3.3.
	group 3's group number 1 and name the group		
	GROUPZ.	SG	Sets a message
	NX3,1,0N,GROUP2,001.003.004-006	Ourstau	
	Assign channels by using periods to separate	Syntax	SG p1,p2 <terminator></terminator>
	each channel or a hypnen to specify a range of		p1 Message number (1 to 100)
D	channels.	0	p2 Message (up to 32 characters)
Description	• For the characters that you can use for group	Query	SG[p1]?
	names, see appendix 3, "ASCII Character	Example	Assign character string "MESSAGE1" to
	Codes." Note that you cannot use semicolons		message number 2.
	or commas.		SG2,MESSAGE1
	 If you are using the multi batch feature /BT2, 	Description	For the characters that you can use for
	you cannot use this command on a batch		messages, see appendix 3, "ASCII Character
	group that is recording (memory sampling).		Codes." Note that you cannot use semicolons or
	 Set p1 and p2 by referring to the table in 		commas.
	section 3.3.		
		тн	Sets the directory on the external
NL	Sets a trip line (release number 3		storage medium for saving data
	or later)	Syntax	TH pl <terminator></terminator>
Syntax	NI. n1.n2.n3.n4.n5.n6 n7 <terminator></terminator>	Gyntax	n1 Directory name (up to 20 characters)
Syntax	n1 Batch group number	Query	
	P± Datch group number	Exemple	Soloot the DATA1 folder on the outernal stars as
		Livampie	Select the DATATIONED OF the external storage

in use.

medium for saving data.

THDATA1

TZ	Sets a file header		
Syntax	TZ p1,p2 <terminator></terminator>		
	p1 Batch group number		
	Set the number to 1 if multi batch /BT2 is not		
	in use.		
	p2 File header (up to 50 characters)		
Query	TZ[p1]?		
Example	Set the batch group 2's header to DX1000DATA.		
Description	Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3		
Description			
TF	Sets a data file name		
Syntax	TF p1,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>		
	p1 Batch group number		
	Set the number to 1 if multi batch /BT2 is not		
	in use.		
	p2 Configuration		
	BATCH File name based on the batch		
	name		
	DATE User-assigned character string +		
	date		
	SERIAL User-assigned character string +		
	p3 User assigned name (up to 16 characters)		
	(valid when n2 is set to DATE or SERIAL)		
Querv	TF[p1]?		
Example	Set the batch group 2's file name configuration		
·	to BATCH and set the user-assigned string to		
	DX1DATA.		
	TF2,BATCH,DX1DATA		
Description	Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.		
20	Coto the data and time		
20	Sets the date and time		
Syntax	SD p1,p2 <terminator></terminator>		
	p1 Date in the YY/MM/DD format (fixed)		
	Y Year (00 to 79)		
	p2 Time in the HH:MM:SS format (fixed)		
	HH Hour (00 to 23)		
	MM Minute (00 to 59)		
	SS Second (00 to 59)		
Query	SD?		
Example	Set the internal clock to 13:00:00 on October 1,		
	2005.		
	SD05/10/01,13:00:00		
Description	The p1 and p2 format is fixed at eight		
	characters. Use the format below. Do not		
	insert spaces. If you do, an error will occur.		
	p1 = YY/MM/DD (lower two digits of the year/		
	month/day)		
	p2 = HH:MM:SS (hour:minute:second)		

- On a DX whose release number is 3 or earlier When you send an SD command, the DX switches to setting mode and sets the date and time.
- On a DX whose release number is 4 or later When you send an SD command, the DX sets the date and time without switching to setting mode.

TD Sets daylight saving time

Syntax	TD p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9
	<terminator></terminator>

- p1 Enable or disable (USE or NOT)
- p2 Daylight saving time start month (JAN, FEB, MAR, APR, MAY, JUN, JUL, AUG, SEP, OCT, NOV, DEC)
- p3 Daylight saving time start week (1ST, 2ND, 3RD, 4TH, LAST)
- p4 Daylight saving time start day (SUN, MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI, SAT)
- p5 Daylight saving time start hour (0 to 23)
- p6 Daylight saving time end month (JAN, FEB, MAR, APR, MAY, JUN, JUL, AUG, SEP, OCT, NOV, DEC)
- p7 Daylight saving time end week (1ST, 2ND, 3RD, 4TH, LAST)
- p8 Daylight saving time end day (SUN, MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI, SAT)
- p9 Daylight saving time end hour (0 to 23) TD?

Query

Example Switch to daylight saving (summer) time on the first Sunday of June and switch out of it on the first Sunday in December. TDUSE, JUN, 1ST, SUN, 0, DEC, 1ST, SUN, 0

TT Sets the trend display

Syntax TT p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>

p1	Graph display direction		
	HORIZONTAL	Horizontal display	
	VERTICAL	Vertical display	
	WIDE	Horizontal wide	
		display	
	SPLIT	Horizontal split	
		display	
p2	Clear waveform at start (ON or OFF)		

- p3 Message display direction HORIZONTAL VERTICAL
- p4 Scale digits NORMAL 3-digit display
 - FINE 4-digit display
- p5 Current value display
- MARK Displays using a mark BARGRAPH Display using a bar graph

For the circular display, only p1=HORIZONTAL is valid.

Query	TT?	Query	TN[p1]?
Example	Display waveform horizontally, set the message	Example	Set the scale position for channel 003 to 2, and
	direction to vertical, and display waveforms by		the number of divisions to 10.
	clearing the current waveforms at memory start.		TN003,2,10
Description	TTHORIZONTAL, ON, VERTICAL $(1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3,$		
Description	fixed at ON.	<u>sv</u>	Sets a measurement channel's
		Questions	
SE	Sets the line width and the	Syntax	sv p1, p2, p3 <terminator></terminator>
	number of grids to use on the		p2 Moving average (OFE ON)
	trend graph		p3 Number of moving average samples (2 to
Syntax	SE pl,p2 <terminator></terminator>		400)
	p1 Trend line width (1 to 3) [dots]	Query	SV[p1]?
	p2 Number of grids (4 to 12, AUTO)	Example	Set the number of moving average samples for
Query	SE?		channel 002 to 12.
Example	Set the trend waveform line width to 1 dot and the number of grids to 10		SV002,0N,12
	se1,10		
	,	sc	Sets a channel display color
TB	Sets the bar graph display	Syntax	SC p1,p2 <terminator></terminator>
Suptor			p1 Measurement, computation, or external
Syntax	n1 Bar graph display direction		niput channel number
	HORIZONTAL	Querv	SC[p1]?
	VERTICAL	Example	Set the channel 002 display color to blue.
Query	TB?		SC002,BLUE
Example	Display the bar graph horizontally.	Description	You can specify computation channels on
	TBHORIZONTAL		models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You
			can specify external input channels on models
<u>SB</u>	Sets the bar graph for a channel		with the /MCT external input channel option.
Syntax	SB p1,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>		
	p1 Measurement, computation, or external		Sets an alarm point mark
	input channel number	Syntax	TA p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7 <terminator></terminator>
	NORMAL Normal (lower limit)		input channel number
	CENTER Center		p2 Mark type
	LOWER Lower limit		ALARM Alarm mark
	UPPER Upper limit		FIXED Fixed mark
	p3 Number of scale divisions (4 to 12)		p3 Scale board (ON, OFF)
Query	SB[p1]?		p4 Alarm level 1 color (AUTO or 24 colors (see
Example	Set the number of scale divisions on the bar		NL; sets a trip line))
	graph for channel 002 to five, and display the bar		AUTO The same color as the alarm color p5 Alarm level 2 color (AUTO or 24 colors (see
	limit if scale is enabled)		NI · sets a trip line))
	SB002,NORMAL,5		AUTO The same color as the alarm color
Description	You can specify computation channels on		p6 Alarm level 3 color (AUTO or 24 colors (see
	models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You		NL; sets a trip line))
	can specify external input channels on models		AUTO The same color as the alarm color
	with the /MC1 external input channel option.		p7 Alarm level 4 color (AUTO or 24 colors (see
			NL; sets a trip line))
TN	Sets a scale	Query	TA [n1]?
Syntax	<pre>TN p1,p2,p3<terminator></terminator></pre>	Example	Display alarm marks on the channel 004 scale
	p1 Measurement, computation, or external		TA004, ALARM, ON
	Input channel number		
	p_2 Display position (OFF, 1 to 10) p3 Number of divisions (4 to 12 C10)		
		•	
3.4 Setting Commands

TG	Sets a color scale band	<u>TP</u>	Sets automatic display group
Syntax	TG p1,p2,p3,p4,p5 <terminator></terminator>	_	switching
	p1 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number	Syntax	TP pl <terminator> p1 Auto switching interval (5S, 10S, 20S, 30S,</terminator>
	p2 Area (OFF, IN, OUT)	Quert	1MIN)
	trin lino))	Query	Switch botwoon display groups at 5 s intervals
	p_{1}^{4} Lower display position limit	Lxample	
	p5 Upper display position limit		
Query	TG[p1]?	NE	Sate the favorite key operation
Example	Set the channel 005 color scale band to the		
	range from -1.0000 to 0.5000 V (2-V range), and	Syntax	NF p1, p2, p3 <terminator></terminator>
	set the color to green.		FAVORITE Operates as a favorite key
	TG005, IN, GREEN, -10000, 5000		HISTORY Operates as a key for switching to the historical display
SQ	Sets the LCD brightness and the		p2 Display group
	screen backlight saver		SAVED Displays the display group that
Syntax	SQ p1,p2,p3,p4 <terminator></terminator>		was selected when you registered
	p1 LCD brightness		the favorite key
	1 to 8 DX1000		CURRENT Displays the current display group
	1 to 6 DX2000		p3 Historical trend time axis zoom
	p2 Screen backlight saver type		SAVED Displays the historical trend using
	DIMMER Dims the backlight		was used when you registered the
	TIMEOFF Turns off the backlight		favorite key
	p3 Amount of time until the DX switches to		CURRENT Displays the historical trend using
	saver mode		the current time axis zoom setting
	1MIN, 2MIN, 5MIN, 10MIN, 30MIN,1H	Query	NF?
	p4 Event that causes the DX to return from	Example	Set the favorite key as a key used to switch to
	saver mode		the historical display.
	KEY+ALM Pressing of a key or an alarm	Description	Parameters n2 and n3 are valid when n1 is set to
		Description	FAVORITE.
Query	SQ?		
Example	Set the LCD brightness to 2 and the screen backlight saver type to dimmer. Set the amount	<u>TR</u>	Sets the automatic switching back to default display
	time of until the DX switches to saver mode to	Svntax	TR pl <terminator></terminator>
	5 minutes and the event that causes the DX to	,	p1 Automatic return time limit (OFF, 1MIN,
	SO2. DIMMER. 5MIN. KEY		2MIN, 5MIN, 10MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H)
Description	If p2 is set to OFF, do not set p3 or p4.	Query	TR?
·		Example	Set the automatic return time limit to 5 minutes.
TC	Sets the background color		TR5MIN
Syntax	TC p1,p2 <terminator></terminator>	ΤQ	Sets a timer
	p1 Screen (WHITE, BLACK)	When n2	is set to OFF (no timer)
	p2 Historical trend screen (WHITE, CREAM,	Syntax	TQ p1,p2 <terminator></terminator>
Quant		- ,	p1 Timer number
Query Example	Set the screen background to black and the		p2 Timer type (OFF)
Linnie	historical trend screen background to cream.	When n?	is set to ABSOI LITE (absolute timer)
	TCBLACK, CREAM	Syntax	TQ p1,p2,p3,p4 <terminator></terminator>
			p1 Timer number
			p2 Timer type (ABSOLUTE)
			p3 Time interval (1MIN to 6MIN, 10MIN, 12MIN,

12MIN, 15MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H to 4H, 6H, 8H, 12H, 24H)

3

Commands

p4 Reference time (hh; fixed format) Hour (00 to 23) hh

When p2 is set to RELATIVE (relative timer)

- TQ p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>
 - p1 Timer number
 - p2 Timer type (RELATIVE)
 - p3 Time (hh:mm; fixed format)
 - Hour (00 to 24) hh
 - Minute (00 to 59) mm
 - p4 Reset at computation start (OFF, ON)
- Query [[1q]OT

Svntax

- Set the timeout value of timer number 1 to 10 Example hours 30 minutes. Do not reset the timer when computation is started.
 - TQ1, RELATIVE, 10:30, OFF
- Description Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - · You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) in progress. If you are using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
 - You can set up to 24:00 time when using a relative timer.

Sets a match time timer TK

When p2 is set to OFF (disable the match time timer)

Syntax TK p1,p2<terminator>

- p1 Timer number
- p2 Timer type (OFF)

When p2 is set to DAY

- Syntax TK p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
 - p1 Timer number
 - p2 Timer type (DAY)
 - p3 Day (1 to 28)
 - p4 Hour (hh:mm; fixed format; 00:00 to 23:59)
 - p5 Timer operation (SINGLE, REPEAT) SINGLE Executes the action once when the condition is met.
 - REPEAT Executes the action at every specified time.

When p2 is set to WEEK

- TK p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator> Syntax
 - p1 Timer number
 - p2 Timer type (WEEK)
 - p3 Day of week (SUN, MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI, SAT)
 - p4 Hour (hh:mm; fixed format; 00:00 to 23:59)
 - p5 Timer operation (SINGLE, REPEAT)

- When p2 is set to MONTH
- Syntax TK p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
 - p1 Timer number
 - p2 Timer type (MONTH)
 - p3 Day (1 to 28)
 - P4 Hour (hh:mm; fixed format; 00:00 to 23:59)
 - p5 Timer operation (SINGLE, REPEAT)

When p2 is set to YEAR

Syntax	ΤK	p1,p2	,p3,	,p4,p5,p6 <terminator></terminator>
	p1	Timer	num	ber

- p2 Timer type (YEAR)
 - p3 Month (JAN, FEB, MAR, APR, MAY, JUN, JUL, AUG, SEP, OCT, NOV, DEC)
- p4 Day (1 to 31; varies depending on the specified month)
- p5 Hour (hh:mm; fixed format; 00:00 to 23:59)
- p6 Timer operation (SINGLE, REPEAT)

TK[p1]? Query

- Example Set timer number 2 to expire at hour 21 every Thursday.
 - TK2, WEEK, THU, 21:00, REPEAT
- Description Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - · You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) in progress. If you are using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).

TU

Syr

Sets an event action

When multi batch /BT2 is not in use

itax	TU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8
	<terminator></terminator>

- p1 Logic number (1 to 40)
 - p2 Event type NONE REMOTE RELAY Alarm output relay SWITCH Internal switch AT.ARM Alarm TIMER MATCHTIMETIMER USERKEY EVENTLEVELSWITCH EVENTEDGESWITCH RELAY-OFF SWITCH-OFF

Timer Match time USER key Event level switch Event edge switch Alarm output relay off Internal switch off Alarm off EVENTLEVELSWITCH-OFF Event level switch off

p3 Event details p2=REMOTE

p2=RELAY

p2=SWITCH

p2=TIMER

ALARM-OFF

Remote number Relay number p2=RELAY-OFF Relav number Internal switch number p2=SWITCH-OFF Internal switch number Timer number

3.4 Setting Commands

	p2=MATCHTIMETIN	MER		p7	Action details 4			
	Match tir	me timer number			p4=MESSAGE and	p6=SELECT		
	p2=EVENTLEVELS	WITCH	Display group number					
	Event le	vel switch number						
	p2=EVENTLEVELS	WITCH-OFF	When multi batch /BT2 is in use					
	Event level switch numbe		Syntax TU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8					
	p2=EVENTEDGESW	TTCH		<te< td=""><td>erminator></td><td></td></te<>	erminator>			
	Event ec	tae switch number		p1	Same as when m	ulti batch is not in use		
	n2=Other	Snace		p2	Same as when m	ulti batch is not in use		
~ 1	Action tune	Opace		pЗ	Same as when m	ulti batch is not in use		
p4				p4	Same as when m	ulti batch is not in use		
	MEMORISIARI/SIC	JE		p5	Action details 2			
	MEMORISTART				Same as when m	ulti batch is not in use		
	MEMORYSTOP	E satura s			except the followi	ng:		
	TRIGGER	Event trigger			p4=MEMORYSTART/	STOP, MEMORYSTART,		
	ALARMACK	Alarm acknowledge			MEMORYS	STOP, SAVEDISPLAY,		
	MATHSTART/STOP				SAVEEVE	ENT, MATHRESET		
	MATHSTART				ALL	All batch groups		
	MATHSTOP				SELECT	A specific batch group		
	MATHRESET				p4=MATHRESET			
	SAVEDISPLAY	Saves display data to the			ALL	All computation channels		
		external storage medium			SELECT	A specific batch group		
	SAVEEVENT	Saves event data to the		26	Action dotails 3	ropeone baton group		
		external storage medium		рo	nd=MESSAGE	Method of specifying the		
	MESSAGE	Writes a message			рч-народаа	destination to write the		
	SNAPSHOT							
	MANUALSAMPLE				אד ד	All diaplay groups in the batch		
	TIMERRESET	Resets the relative timer			ALL	All display groups in the batch		
	DISPLAYRATE1/2	Switches the trend interval			OPTECE	group specified using po		
	DISPLAYGROUPCHA	NGE Switches the display group			SELECT	A specific display group in the		
	FLAG	Raises a flag				batch group specified by p8		
	TIMEADJUST	Adjusts the time			p4=DISPLAYGROUP	PCHANGE		
	PANELLOAD	Loads settings				Batch group number		
	ALARMDISPLAYRE	SET Resets the alarm display			p4=MEMORYSTAR	T/STOP, MEMORYSTART,		
	COMMENTDISPLAY	Displays the comment			MEMORY	STOP, SAVEDISPLAY,		
		screen			SAVEEV	/ENT, MATHRESET and		
	FAVORITEDISPLAY	Y Displays the favorite			p5=SEI	JECT		
		screen				Batch group number		
ъ5	Action details 2				p4=MATHRESET ar	nd p5=SELECT		
L +	p4=TIMERRESET	Timer number				Batch group number		
	p4=DISPLAYGROU	PCHANGE		p7	Action details 4			
	F	Display group number			p4=MESSAGE and	p6=SELECT		
	D/=FLAC					Display group number		
	p4-ring	Massage number (1 to 100)			p4=MESSAGE and	p6=ALL		
	p4-MESSAGE	Setup file number (1 to 2)				You can specify any value.		
	p4-PANELLOAD	Setup lie number (1 to 3)				The DX returns 1 in response		
	p4=COMMENTDISP					to this query.		
		Comment text block number		p8	Action details 5			
	p4=FAVORITEDIS	PLAY			p4=MESSAGE			
	KEY	Presses the favorite key			Batch gro	oup number		
	SELECT	Specifies a registered screen	Querv	TU	[p1]?			
рб	Action details 3			lf th	If there is a parameter whose setting is invalid			
	p4=MESSAGE	Method of specifying the		the	DX responds to a	eries for that parameter		
		destination to write the		with	a fixed value			
		message		• 1	f p4 = MEMORYS			
	ALL	All display groups		- 1		IEMORVSTOP		
	SELECT	A specific display group		ľ				
	p4=FAVORITEDISPLAY and p5=SELECT			5	DAVEDISPLAY, SA	DV rotures "ALL "		
	Number	of the screen registered to the		á	and poils invalid, th			
	favorite l	key (1 to 8)		•	T P4 = DISPLAYGR	KOUPCHANGE and p6 is		

nds

			3.4 Setting Commands
Example	 invalid, the DX returns "1." If p4 = MESSAGE and p7 or p8 is invalid, the DX returns p7 = "1" or p8 = "1." Examples are given below. p1 through p3 are indicated by an ellipsis. The set values of invalid parameters are bolded. When the multi batch function is invalid: TU,MEMORYSTART/STOP,ALL TU,DISPLAYGROUPCHANGE,2,1 TU,MESSAGE,5,ALL,1,1 TU,MESSAGE,5,SELECT,10,1 When the multi batch function is valid TU,MESSAGE,5,ALL,1,3 Execute memory start with the remote control input (terminal 1). TUREMOTE, 1, MEMORYSTART Set various numbers (relay number, internal switch number, etc.) by referring to the table in 	<u>SI</u> Syntax	 You cannot use this command while recording (memory sampling) or computation is in progress. When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling). Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3. Sets the rolling average function of a computation channel SI p1, p2, p3, p4<terminator></terminator> Computation channel number Moving average (ON, OFF) Sampling interval (1S, 2S, 3S, 4S, 5S, 6S, 10S, 12S, 15S, 20S, 30S, 1MIN, 2MIN, 3MIN, 4MIN, 5MIN, 6MIN, 10MIN, 12MIN, 15MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H)
	 section 3.3. You cannot select some of the p4 (action type) settings depending on the p2 (event type) setting. You cannot select some of the p4 (action type) settings depending on other DX settings or depending on the installed options. The p4=ALARMDISPLAYRESET setting is valid when the annunciator function is enabled and the annunciator sequence is set to ISA-M. Set the batch group number by referring to the table in section 3.3. 	Query Example Descriptior	 p4 Number of samples (1 to 1500) SI[p1]? Turn on the rolling average function of computation channel 107, set the sampling interval to 1 minute, and the number of samples to 20. SI107, ON, 1MIN, 20 Nou can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. Do not set p3 or p4 when p2 is set to OFF. Set the sampling interval to a value greater than the scan interval.
	 When multi batch /BT2 is in use, p4 is set to MATHRESET, and p5 is set to ALL, the calculated values for all computation channels are reset. An event that has "-OFF" attached to it responds to the logical negation of the corresponding event that does not have "-OFF" attached to it. The actions and settings that the event can support are the same as those that the corresponding event that does not have "-OFF" attached to it can support. On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, you cannot set p4 to TRIGGER or PANELLOAD. 	<u>SJ</u> Syntax	SJ p1, p2, p3, p4, p5 <terminator> p1 Computation channel number p2 Timer number p3 Conversion of the unit of time for TLOG. SUM computation OFF Do not convert. /S Converts as though the physical values are integrated in units of seconds. /MIN Converts as though the physical values are integrated in units of minutes.</terminator>
Syntax	Sets a constant SK p1,p2 <terminator> p1 Constant number p2 Constant (-9.9999E+29 to -1.0000E-30, 0, 1.0000E-30 to 9.9999E+29, 5 significant digits)</terminator>	0	 Participation of the physical values are integrated in units of hours. P4 Reset (ON, OFF) P5 Timer type TIMER Timer MATCHTIMETIMER Match time timer
Query Example Description	 SK [p1]? Set the constant in constant number K01 to 1.0000E-10. SKK01, 1.0000E-10 You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. 	Query Example	Assign timer 1 to computation channel number 110. Do not convert the unit of time and enable the reset setting. SJ110,1,OFF,ON,TIMER

Commands

3.4 Setting Commands

- Description You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.
 - Set parameters p1 and p2 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - You cannot use this command while computation in progress.
 - When using the /BT2 multi batch option, you cannot use this command if any of the batch groups is recording (memory sampling).
 - About p3

Because the DX integrates sampled data over each scan interval, the physical value integrated over a given unit of time may be different from the actual integrated value. This occurs if the unit of time is different from the scan interval. If this occurs, set p3 to the same unit of time as that for the physical value that you are measuring. The DX calculates the integrated value using one the following conversion formulas based on p3.

OFF Σ(measured value)

- /S Σ(measured value) × scan interval
- /MIN Σ (measured value) × scan interval/60

The scan interval unit is seconds.

TX Sets the ancillary operation of the start key

TX pl<terminator>

p1 Computation operation (OFF, START, RESET+START)

Query TX?

Syntax

Example Configure the start key so that computation also starts when the start key is pressed. TXSTART

BH Sets a batch text field

Syntax	BH p1,p2,p3,p4 <terminator></terminator>			
	p1 Batch group number			
	Set this parameter to 1 when multi batch			
	/BT2 is not in use			
	p2 Field number (1 to 24)			
	p3 Field title (up to 20 characters)			
	p4 Field string (up to 30 characters)			
Query	BH[p1,[p2]]?			
Example	Register the title "OPERATOR" and the string			
	"DAQSTATION" to batch group 1's field number			
	2.			
	BH1,2,OPERATOR,DAQSTATION			
Description	• If you are using the /BT2 multi batch option,			
	you cannot use this command on a batch			
	group that is recording (memory sampling).			
	 For the characters that you can use, see 			
	appendix 3.			

• Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

EH Sets calibration correction

When p2 is set to BEGIN

Syntax EH p1,p2,p3<terminator>

- p1 Measurement channel number
- p2 Type of operation (BEGIN)
- p3 Number of break points of the calibration segment (OFF, 2 to 16)
 - OFF Turns off calibration
 - $2 \ \ to \ \ 16 \ \ Number of break points$

When p2 is set to SET

Syntax EH	p1,p2,p3,p4,	,p5 <terminator></terminator>
-----------	--------------	-------------------------------

- p1 Measurement channel number
 - p2 Type of operation (SET)
 - p3 A specific break point (1 to 16)
 - p4 Input value of the specific break point
 - p5 Output value of the specific break point
- Description Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - The selectable range for p4 and p5 varies
 - depending on the currently specified range.When the measurement range is set to scale,
 - the selectable range for p4 and p5 is -30000 to 30000.
 - Set input value p4 so that the value increases as break point p3 increases.

When p2 is set to END

Syntax

- EH pl,p2<terminator>
 - p1 Measurement channel number
 - p2 Type of operation (END)
- Example Set three break points for CH2.
 - EH002, BEGIN, 3 EH002, SET, 1, 0, 1 EH002, SET, 2, 50, 49
 - EH002, SET, 2, 30, 49 EH002, SET, 3, 100, 101

- Description First, use this command with p2 set to BEGIN to specify the number of break points.
 - Then, use this command with p2 set to SET to specify the value of each break point.
 - Finally, use this command with p2 set to END to finalize the settings.
 - The command "EH2?" causes the DX to return the CH2 settings.
 - The DX returns the settings in the format shown in the above example.
 - You cannot use this command when computation is in progress.

BD Sets an alarm delay

On DXs without the /AS1 Advanced Security Option

- Syntax BD p1,p2<terminator>
 - p1 Measurement, computation, or external input channel number
 - p2 Alarm delay (1 to 3600)

EH002,END

3.4 Setting Commands

S Commands

	Query	BD[p1]?	Ex
	Example	Set the channel 001 alarm delay to 120 s.	
		BD001,120	
	Description	• Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.	_
		The p2 unit is seconds.	De
		ith the /AS1 Advanced Security Ontion	
	Syntax	BD p1,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>	
	,	p1 Measurement, computation, or external	
		input channel number	
		p2 Alarm delay (1 to 3600)	NC
		p3 Unit (SEC, HOUR)	Sv
	Query	BD[p1]?	U y
	Example	Set the channel 001 alarm delay to 2 hours.	
	Description	BDUUL, 2, HUOR	
	Description	 When n3 = HOLIR you can set n2 to a value 	Qu
		from 1 to 24.	Ex
	NC	Sets a comment text field	De
1	Curatavi		
	Syntax	nc p1, p2 <terminator></terminator>	
		p2 Comment string (up to 32 characters)	
	Query	NC[p1]?	
	Example	Set comment text field 30 to "P1 end."	
		NC30,P1 end	
	Description	Set parameter p2 by referring to the table in	NF
		section 3.3.	Sv
			-)
,	NB	Sets a comment text block	
	Syntax	NB p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6 <terminator></terminator>	
		p1 Comment text block number	
		p2 Comment text field number of line 1	
		p3 Comment text field number of line 2	0
		p4 Comment text field number of line 3	
		p5 Comment text field number of line 5	
	Querv	ps comment text lield hamber of line o	
	Example	Set comment text block 5's lines 1, 2, and 3 to	
		comment text field 10, 11, and 14, respectively.	De
		NB5,10,11,14	
	Description	Set parameters p1 through p6 by referring to the	
		table in section 3.3.	
ł	NW	Sets an annunciator display	
	Syntax	NW p1,p2,p3 p4,p5 <terminator></terminator>	
		p1 Display window number	
		p2 On/Off (ON, OFF)	
		input channel number	FR
		p4 Alarm level (1 to 4 Al I)	<u> </u>

p5 Label (comment text block number) NW[p1]?

Query NW

Example Description	 Assign the channel 2's alarm level 1 alarm to display window 4 and display the comment text block 3 label. №4, ON, 2, 1, 3 Set parameters p1 and p5 by referring to the table in section 3.3. You cannot use this command when the annunciator mode is set to Off (using the WU command).
NG	Sets the Web report layout
Syntax	NG p1,p2,p3 <terminator> p1 Report page number (1 to 10) p2 Creation (ON, OFF) p3 Report title string (up to 64 characters)</terminator>
Query	NG[p1]?
Example	NG2, ON, Factory 3
Description	 You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You cannot use this command if: The Web server function is set to Not (using the WS command).
	The operator and monitor pages are both set to Off (using the WW command).
<u>NH</u>	Sets Web report layout details
Syntax	 NH p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6<terminator></terminator> p1 Report page number (1 to 10) p2 Item number (1 to 10) p3 Creation (ON, OFF) p4 Report channel number (R01 to R60) p5 Value (MIN, MAX, AVE, SUM, INST) p6 Item name string (up to 16 characters)
Query	NH[p1,[p2]]?
Example	Assign the title "Average" to report page 2 item 6, and display the average of the measured values for the channel assigned to report channel R07. NH2, 6, R07, AVE, Average
Description	 You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. The selectable values for p4 varies depending on the model. You cannot use this command if: The Web server function is set to Not (using the WS command). The operator and monitor pages are both set to Off (using the WW command).
<u>FR</u>	Sets the interval for acquiring data to the FIFO buffer
Syntax	FR pl <terminator></terminator>
	pl 1(fixed)

p1 FIFO acquisition interval (25MS, 125MS, 250MS, 500MS, 1S, 2S, 5S)

3.4

3.4 Settin	ig Comma	nds			
Query	FR?			p7	Number of the group to display in screen 2
Example	Set the FIF	O acquisition interval to 1 s.		- 8q	Screen 3 type (see p4)
	FR1,1S			р9	Number of the group to display in screen 3
Description	• Set the a	acquisition interval to a value greater		p10	0 Screen 4 type (see p4)
	than the	scan interval.		p11	1 Number of the group to display in screen 4
	 If you set 	et the scan interval to a value greater	Query	SY	[p1, [p2]]?
	than the	acquisition interval using the XV	Example	Set	t screen number 1 as follows:
	commar	nd or from the screen, the acquisition	-	F	Four panel name: Temperature
	interval i	is automatically set equal to the scan		5	Screen 1: Trend display, group 1
	interval.			5	Screen 2: Digital display, group 3
	The DX	has a circular FIFO (First In First		5	Screen 3: Alarm summary
	Out) buf	fer. The DX acquires measured/		9	Screen 4: Overview
	compute	ed values to the internal memory at		SYI	1,1, Temperature , TREND,1, DIGITAL, 3, A
	predeter	mined time intervals from the time		LAF	RM,1,OVERVIEW
	the powe	er is turned on. The DX outputs the	Descriptio	n• I	Parameters p5, p7, p9, and p11 are invalid
	data who	en you send an FF command. The		١	when the corresponding screen types (p4, p6,
	DX reme	embers the previous output position		F	p8, and p10) are not set to TREND, DIGITAL,
	for each		(or BAR.	
	when the		• -	The setting p4=MODBUS-M is only valid if the	
	when yo		5	serial interface protocol is set to MODBUS-M.	
	scheme		• -	The setting p4=REPORT or COLUMN_BAR is	
	the proc		(only valid on models with the math option.	
	PCs and		• \	When multi batch /BT2 is in use, the four	
	data to b		F	panel display can only be displayed in batch	
	measure		5	single mode. Therefore, you cannot specify	
	ring buff		t	the following screens.	
	FIFO da		ſ	Modbus master status display, Modbus client	
				5	status display, relay status display, report
<u>SY</u>	Sets a f		(display, stacked bar graph, annunciator	
Syntax	SY pl,p2	,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10,		(Cost p1 by referring to the table in paction 2.2
-	p11 <term< td=""><td>inator></td><td></td><td>•</td><td>Set priby releasing to the table in section 3.3.</td></term<>	inator>		•	Set priby releasing to the table in section 3.3.
	p1 Batch	group number		_	
	Set thi	is parameter to 1 when multi batch	<u>SM</u>	Se	ets the custom menu
	/BT2 is	s not in use	Setting t	he m	nain menu
	p2 Scree	n number (1 to 4)	Syntax	SM	p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9
	p3 Scree	n group name (up to 16 characters)		<te< td=""><td>erminator></td></te<>	erminator>
	p4 Scree	n 1 type		p1	Type (DISP_MAIN)
	TRENI	Trend display		p2	to p9 Menu items to display
	DIGIT	TAL Digital value display			The DX displays the menu items in the
	BAR	Bar graph display			specified order.
	OVERV	VIEW Overview			The DX does not display menu items that
	ALARN	4 Alarm summary			are not specified.
	MESSA	AGE Message summary			TREND
	MEMOR	Memory summary			DIGITAL
	MODBU	JS-M Modbus master status display			BAR
	MODBU	JS-C Modbus client status display			OVERVIEW
	RELAY	Relay status display			INFORMATION
	REPOF	REPORT display			TRENDHISTORY
	COLUN	1N_BAR			LOG
		Stacked bar graphs			4 PANEL
		1011 000			ESC
	ANNUN	NCIATOR	1		EXPAND

Annunciator display EVENT_SWITCH Event switch status display $\tt p5$ $\,$ Number of the group to display in screen 1 $\,$

p6 Screen 2 type (see p4)

CUSTOM_PANEL

ANNUNCIATOR

SEPARATOR

3.4 Setting Commands

To the digital display To the bar graph display

Alarm summary Message summary Memory summary ModbusTCP status display ModbusRTU status display Relay status display Event switch status

display Report display To the historical display To historical (display data) To historical (event data) To the overview display Sort key switching Sort order switching Date/user name switching

Data type switching Date/file name switching

Selects the report group

Example	Set the first menu item to T	REND and the	When p2 is set to TRENDHISTORY (sele		
	second menu item to TRE	NDHISTORY.		from the items below)	
	SMDISP_MAIN, TREND, TF	RENDHISTORY,		GROUP1 to GROUP36	Display group
Description	 If parameter p2 and sub 	sequent parameters		SEPARATOR	
	are omitted, all menus a	ire hidden.		When p2 is set to OVI	ERVIEW (select from
	A command error occurs	s if you specify the		the items below)	
	same menu item multipl	e times.		CURSOR	Cursor display
	 You can specify up to th 	ree separators. If you		TO_ALARM	Alarm summary
	specify more than three	, an error occurs.		TO_TREND	To the trend display
	You cannot omit parame	eters using delimiters		TO_DIGITAL	To the digital display
	(, ,).			TO_BAR	To the bar graph displa
	 "4PANEL" is available o 	nly on the DX2000.		EXPAND	Expand
	You cannot set the first	menu item to		TAG_PRIORITY	Tag prioritized display
	"SEPARATOR."			ALARMACK1 Individual (level 1)	alarm acknowledgment
Setting th	ne submenu			ALARMACK2 Individual	alarm acknowledgment
Syntax	SM p1,p2,p3, <ter< td=""><td>minator></td><td></td><td>(level 2)</td><td>alaini aolino agino li</td></ter<>	minator>		(level 2)	alaini aolino agino li
	p1 Type (DISP_SUB)			ALARMACK3 Individual	alarm acknowledgment
	p2 Menu type (TREND, D	DIGITAL, BAR,		(level 3)	alarm aoknowlodgmont
	TRENDHISTORY, OV	ERVIEW,		ALARMACK4 Individual	alarm acknowledgment
	INFORMATION, LOG	, 4PANEL,		(level 4)	alarm aoknowlodgmont
	CUSTOM_PANEL, AN	INUNCIATOR)		SEPARATOR	
	p3 ≥ Submenu items to	display		When n2 is set to INE	
	The DX displays the it	ems in the specified		from the items below)	ORMATION (Select
	order.			ALARM	Alarm summary
	The DX does not disp	lay menu items that		MESSAGE	Message summary
	are not specified.			MEMORY	Memory summary
	When p2 is set to TRE	END (select from the		MODDING CITENT	ModbusTCP status displa
	items below)			MODBUS_CLIENT	Modbus PTLL status displa
	GROUP1 to GROUP36	Display group		MODBUS_MASIER	Rolov status display
	CIRCULAR_KIND	Circular type		RELAI	
	ALL_CHANNEL	All channel display		EVENT_SWITCH	Event switch status
	SCALE	Scale display		55505 5	display
	DIGITAL	Digital display		REPORT	Report display
	MESSAGE_DISP	Message display		TO_HISTORY	To the historical display
	TREND_SPACE	Trend space		TO_HISTORY_D	To historical (display data)
	AUTO	Auto switching		TO_HISTORY_E	To historical (event data
	EXPAND	Expand		TO_OVERVIEW	To the overview display
	FINE_GRID	Fine grid		SORT_KEY	Sort key switching
	AUTO_ZONE	Auto zone display or		SORT_ORDER	Sort order switching
		normal display		DISP_ITEM	Date/user name
	TAG_PRIORITY	Tag prioritized display			switching
	SEPARATOR			DATA_KIND	Data type switching
	When p2 is set to DIG	ITAL (select from the		DATE/FILE	Date/file name switchin
	items below)	,		SELECT_SAVE	Select save
	GROUP1 to GROUP36	Display group		REPORT_CHANNEL	Report channel display
	AUTO	Auto switching			switching
	EXPAND	Expand		ALL_SAVE	All save
	TAG PRIORITY	Tag prioritized display		MANUAL_SAVE	Save manual samples
	SEPARATOR	51		REPORT_SAVE	Save reports
	When p2 is set to BAF	R (select from the		EXPAND	Expand
	items below)			DATA_SAVE_MODE	Data save mode
	GROUP1 to GROUP36	Display group		COLUMN_BAR	Stacked bar graph
	AUTO	Auto switching		COLUMN_BAR_DISP	Single graph or dual
	EXPAND	Expand			graph
	TAG PRIORITY	Tag prioritized display		COLUMN_BAR_SELECT	Selects bar or group
	SEPARATOR	g prioritzoa aropiay		REPORT_GROUP1 to R	EPORT_GROUP6
					Selects the report grou

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3.4 Setting Commands

	TAG_PRIORITY DISP_GROUP	Tag prioritized display Group number display		
	SEPARATOR			
	When p2 is set to LOG (select from the			
items below)				
	LOGIN LOG	Login log		
	ERROR LOG	Error log		
	COMMU LOG	Communication log		
	FTP LOG	FTP log		
	WEB LOG	Web log		
	MAIL LOC	E mail log		
	MAIL_LOG			
	SNTP_LOG			
	DHCP_LOG	DHCP log		
	MODBUS_LOG	Modbus log		
	OPERATE_LOG	Operation log		
	SETTING_LOG	Change settings log		
	DISP_ITEM	Switches the displayed items		
	SEPARATOR			
	When p2 is set to 4PA	NEL (select from the		
	items below)			
	4PANEL1 to 4PANEL4	Selects 4-panel		
	SEPARATOR			
	When p2 is set to CUS	STOM PANEL (select		
	from the items below)			
	INTERNAL 1 to INTE	ERNAL3		
	Selects on	e from internal 1 to 3		
	EVERDIAL 1 to EVE			
	EXTERNALI to EXTERNAL25			
	Selects one	e from external 1 to 25		
	NEW	New		
	When p2 is set to ANN	IUNCIATOR (select		
	from the items below)			
	EXPAND	Expand		
	SEPARATOR			
Example	Register the following items menu's sub menu: SCALE	and DIGITAL.		
Description	Items that you can set for	r n3 and subsequent		
Description	nerometere very depend	ing on n2		
	parameters vary depend	ing on pz.		
	If parameter p3 and subs	sequent parameters		
	are omitted, all menu iter	ms are hidden.		
	 A command error occurs 	if you specify the		
	same menu item multiple	e times.		
	 You can specify up to thr 	ee separators. If you		
	specify more than three,	an error occurs.		
	You cannot specify EXPA	AND for log and		
	4-panel.			
	You cannot omit parame	ters using delimiters		
	(, ,).			
	 The SM DISP_SUB? cor DX to return sub menu it turned off 	mmand causes the ems whose display is		
	You cannot set the first n	nenu item to		
	"SEPARATOR."			
	 The display group param "GROUP36" and the autor 	neter "GROUP1" to o switching parameter		

"AUTO" on/off setting apply to the trend,

digital, bar graph, and historical trend menus. (For example, if you set AUTO to off for the trend menu, and then set AUTO to on for the digital menu, AUTO is turned on for the trend, digital, bar graph, and historical trend menus.)

- · When p2 is set to ANNUNCIATOR, the DX1000 does not have submenus.
- When p2 is set to INFORMATION, you can only set p3 to DISP_GROUP on the DX1000.
- When p2 is set to OVERVIEW, you can only set p3 to ALARMACK on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.
- When p2 is set to LOG, you can only set p3 to OPERATE_LOG, SETTING_LOG, or DISP_ITEM on models with the /AS1 advanced security option. LOGIN_LOG cannot be specified on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

Setting the function menu

- p1 Type (FUNC)
- p2 ≥ Menu items to display The DX displays the functions that you select from below in the menu in the specified order. The DX does not display menu items that are not specified.

ALARMACK	Alarm acknowledge
ALARM_RESET	Alarm display reset
MESSAGE	
FREE_MESSAGE	
MEDIA_EJECT	
SNAPSHOT	
MANUAL_SAMPLE	
TRIGGER	Event trigger
SAVE_DISPLAY	
SAVE_EVENT	
SAVE_STOP	
MATH_START/STOP	
MATH_RESET	
MATH_ACK	Computed data dropout
	acknowledge
EDGE_SWITCH	Presses event edge
	switch
TIMER_RESET	
MATCH_T_RESET	Resets single match
	time timer
KEYLOCK	Enables or disables key
	lock
LOGOUT	
PASSWORD_CHANGE	
RATE_CHANGE	Display rate 1 or display
	rate 2
BATCH	
TEXT_FIELD	
FAVORITE_REGIST	Registers as favorite
4PANEL	
JUMP_DISPLAY	Registers the screen to
	return to

3.4 Setting Commands / 3.5 Control Commands

		SYSTEM_INFO		
		NETWORK_INFO		
		SNTP		
		EMAIL_START/STO	P	
		EMAIL_TEST		
		FTP_TEST		
		BUILDER	Custom display builder	
		USRLOCKACK	User locked ACK	
Example	Dis	play FREE MESSA	GE and SNAPSHOT in	
	the	function menu.		
	SM	FUNC, FREE_MESSA	GE, SNAPSHOT	
Description	• ,	A command error or	curs if you specify the	
	:	same menu item mu	ultiple times.	
	• `	You cannot specify	'SEPARATOR."	
	• `	You cannot omit par	ameters using delimiters	
	((, ,).		
	• `	You cannot hide "LO	GOUT." If you do not	
	i	include it in the para	meters, it is displayed as	
	1	the last item.		
	• `	You can only set p2 to USRLOCKACK on		
	I	models with the /AS1 advanced security		
	(option.		
	• `	You cannot set p2 to	TRIGGER or KEYLOCK	
	(on models with the	AS1 advanced security	
	(option.		
Query	SM	?		
		When querying al	menus	
	SM	DISP_MAIN?		
		When querying al	main menu items	
	SM	DISP_SUB?		
		When querying al	submenu items	
	SM	DISP_SUB, TREND)?	
		When querying th	e trend submenu	
	SM	FUNC?		
		When querying al	function menu items	

3.5 Control Commands

BT	Sets a batch name
Syntax	BT p1,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>
	p1 Batch group number
	Set this parameter to 1 when multi batch
	/BT2 is not in use
	p2 Batch number (up to 32 characters)
	p3 Lot number (up to 8 digits)
Query	BT[p1]?
Example	Assign the batch number "PRESS5LINE" and lot
	number 007 to batch group 1.
	BT1, PRESS5LINE, 007
Description	Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
BU	Sets a batch comment

Syntax	BU p1,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>		
	p1 Batch group number		
	Set this parameter to 1 when multi batch		
	/BT2 is not in use		
	p2 Comment number (1 to 3)		
	p3 Comment string (up to 50 characters)		
Query	BU[p1,[p2]]?		
Example	Set comment number 2 to "THIS_PRODUCT_IS		
	_COMPLETED."		
	BU1,2,THIS_PRODUCT_IS_COMPLETED		
Description	Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.		

MH	Writes a Batch Text Field
Syntax	MH p1,p2,p3,p4 <terminator></terminator>
	p1 Batch group number
	Set this parameter to 1 when multi batch
	/BT2 is not in use
	p2 Field number (1 to 24)
	p3 Field title (up to 20 characters)
	p4 Field string (up to 30 characters)
Query	MH[p1,[p2]]?
Example	Set batch group 2 text field 1 title to "Ope" and
	the string to "DX."
	MH2,1,Ope,DX
Description	Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
	This command can only be performed when
	memory sampling for the specified batch
	group is not taking place.
UD	Switches the screen
To return	to the screen that was used before you

started using communication commands

	J
Syntax	UD pl <terminator></terminator>
	p1 Screen type (0)
Example	Return to the screen that was used before you
	started using communication commands.
	UDO

Description	On	models with t	he /AS1 advanced security		t	the cur	rently displayed batch group.
	option, use the BE command to return to			• 3	Set paran	neter p3 by referring to the table in	
	ope	ration mode.			5	section 3.	.3.
					• -	The settir	ng p2=ANNUNCIATOR is only valid
To switch	To switch to one panel display		lisplay		١	when the	annunciator mode is turned on (by
Syntax	UD	p1,p2,p3 <t< td=""><td>cerminator></td><td></td><td>t</td><td>he WU c</td><td>ommand).</td></t<>	cerminator>		t	he WU c	ommand).
	p1	Screen type	(1)				
	p2	Display item		To switcl	ו to	four pa	nel display
		TREND	Trend display	Syntax	UD	p1,p2,	p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9
		DIGITAL	Digital display		<te< td=""><td>erminat</td><td>or></td></te<>	erminat	or>
		BAR	Bar graph display		p1	Screen	type (2)
		OVERVIEW	Overview display		p2	Screen	1 type (see SY; sets a screen group)
			(alarm indicator)		pЗ	Numbe	r of the group to display in screen 1
		ALARM	Alarm summary display		p4	Screen	2 type (see SY; sets a screen group)
		MESSAGE	Message summary display		p5	Numbe	r of the group to display in screen 2
		MEMORY	Memory summary display		рб	Screen	3 type (see SY; sets a screen group)
		MODBUS-M	Modbus master status display		p7	Numbe	r of the group to display in screen 3
		MODBUS-C	Modbus client status display		p8	Screen	4 type (see SY; sets a screen group)
		RELAY	Relay status display		p9	Numbe	r of the group to display in screen 4
		REPORT	Report display	Example	Ass	sign grou	p 1 to screen 1, group 2 to screen 2,
		HISTRICAL	Historical trend display		gro	up 3 to s	creen 3, group 4 to screen 4, and set
		COLUMN_BAR			the	screen t	ype of all screens to trend.
			Stacked bar graph		UD2	2, TREND	,1,TREND,2,TREND,3,TREND,4
		INTERNAL1	to INTERNAL3	Description	י • ו	You can ι	use this command on the DX2000.
			Custom display,		• \	Nhen mu	Ilti batch /BT2 is in use, you cannot
			internal 1 to 3		5	specify a	display group that does not belong
		EXTERNAL1	to EXTERNAL25		t	o the cur	rently displayed batch group. You
			Custom display,		c	cannot us	se this command in batch overview
			external 1 to 25		r	node.	
		ANNUNCIATO	R				
			Annunciator display	To displa	iy a	specific	: four panel display
		EVENT SWIT	СН	Syntax	UD	p1,p2<	terminator>
		—	Event switch status display		p1	Display	type (3)
	n 3	Display grou	in number		p2	Four pa	anel configuration number
Example	Set	the display to	one screen trend, and set the			0	Displays the four panel
Example	nun	the display to	oun to display in the screen to 4				configuration that you specify
	1101	TREND 4					directly.
Description	• 1	The eatting n?	-MODRUS Mis only valid if the			1 to 4	Displays a four panel configuration
Description	• 1	ne setting pz	-MODBOS-M is only valid if the				that you set using SY (sets a
							screen group).
	• 1	ne setting pz		Description	י • ו	You can ι	use this command on the DX2000.
	r		te /MT of /PMT math option.		• \	Nhen mu	llti batch /BT2 is in use, you cannot
	• ٧	vnen multi ba	lich /BTZ IS in use, there are		ι	use this c	command in batch overview mode.
	II	mitations on t	the screens that the DX can				
	S	switch to depe	nding on the screen mode.	Io switch	n the	e operat	tion screen
	E	Batch overvie	ew mode	Syntax	UD	p1,p2,	,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10
	(Overview disp	lay, Modbus master status		<te< td=""><td>erminat</td><td>or></td></te<>	erminat	or>
	C	lisplay, Modbu	us client status display, relay		pl	Screen	type (4)
	S	status display,	report display, stacked bar		p2	Automa	atic display switching (ON, OFF)
	ç	graph, custom	display, annunciator display,		pЗ	Switche	es between all channel display and
	a	and event swit	tch status display			group d	lisplay (ALL, GROUP)
	E	Batch single	mode		p4	Scale d	lisplay (ON, OFF)
	٦	Frend display,	digital display, bar graph		p5	Digital of	display (ON, OFF)
	C	lisplay, overvi	ew display, alarm summary		рб	Messag	ge display options
	c	lisplay, messa	age summary display, memory			1	Normal display
	s	summary disp	lay, historical trend display, and			2	List display
	C	ustom display	ý		p7	Trend s	pace (ON, OFF)
	• \	Vhen multi ba	tch /BT2 is in use, you cannot		p8	Auto zo	ne (ON, OFF)
	S	pecify a displ	ay group that does not belong		p9	Fine gri	d (ON, OFF)

- 2 Resets alarm display
- p2 Channel number
- p3 Alarm level (1 to 4)

Example Clear alarm output (acknowledge alarms). AK0

- Description If you set p1 to 2 when annunciator mode is on and the sequence is not ISA-M, an error occurs
 - If you send this command with p1 set to 2 before acknowledging the alarms, nothing happens.
 - Set p2 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - p2 and p3 are only valid when p1=1. The setting p1=1 is only valid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.
- UD p1,p2,p3<terminator> p1 Display type (5) p2 Operation screen mode (COMMON, EV Executes manual sample, BATCH) generates a manual trigger, takes COMMON Batch overview mode a snapshot, or causes a timeout BATCH Batch single mode p3 Batch group number EV p1,p2<terminator> Syntax Description • You can use this command when multi batch /BT2 is in use. 0 · Parameter p3 is valid when p2 is set to 1 BATCH. 2 • Set parameter p3 by referring to the table in 3 section 3.3. 4 0 Starts or stops recording PS p1,p2<terminator> Example p1 Recording start or stop EV0 0 Start 1 Stop p2 Batch group number 0 All groups 1, 2, ... Batch group number Example Start recording. PS0 Description • When you start recording, the DX records display, event, and report data to the internal section 3.3. memory. · Parameter p2 is valid when multi batch /BT2 is CL in use. If you omit p2, it is the same as setting Syntax p2 to zero. · When the /AS1 advanced security option is Example in use and the DX is in setting mode, it will CT₁0 not start recording even if you send a PS0 command · Set parameter p2 by referring to the table in CV section 3.3. Svntax **Clears alarm output** (acknowledge alarms) \cap

p10 Tag prioritized display (ON, OFF)

Description • Parameter p2 is valid for the trend, digital, and

off the digital display.

display.

To switch the operation screen mode

UD4, ON, GROUP, ON, OFF

set the switching interval.

Enable automatic display switching, switch to the

group display, turn on the scale display, and turn

bar graph displays. Use the SE command to

• Parameters p3 to p7 are valid for the trend

· When multi batch /BT2 is in use, you cannot

use this command in batch overview mode.

Example

Syntax

PS

Syntax

- p1 Type of operation Executes manual sampling. Generates a manual trigger. Takes a snapshot. Causes a timeout in display data. Causes a timeout in event data. p2 Batch group number All aroups 1, 2, ... Batch group number Execute manual sampling. Description • EV1 is only valid when the key trigger is set to ON using the event data sampling condition command (TE command). This command is equivalent to a key trigger. When multi batch /BT2 is in use, p2 is valid when p1 is set to 3 or 4. If you omit p2, it is the same as setting p2 to zero. Set parameter p2 by referring to the table in **Executes manual SNTP** CL pl<terminator> p1 Executes manual SNTP(0) Synchronize the clock. Switches between normal and secondary trend interval CV pl<terminator> p1 Trend interval (0. 1)
 - Switches to the normal trend interval
 - 1 Switches to the secondary trend interval

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AK

Syntax

AK p1,p2,p3<terminator>

0

1

p1 Executes alarm acknowledge (0)

Alarm acknowledge

Individual alarm acknowledgment

Example	Set the trend interval to the secondary trend
	interval.
	CV1

MS	Writes a message (display and
	write)

- Syntax MS p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>
 - p1 Message number (1 to 100)
 - p2 Message write destination
 - GROUP A specified display group
 - ALL All display groups All display groups in the specified batch group number (p4) when multi batch /BT2 is in use
 - p3 Display group number The display group number when p2 is set to GROUP
 - Carries no meaning when p2 is set to ALL
 - p4 Message write destination batch group number
- Example Write the message in message number 8 to display group 1.

MS8,GROUP,1

- Description If you omit p2, the message is written to all display groups.
 - Parameter p4 is only valid when multi batch /BT2 is in use. When multi batch /BT2 is in use, you cannot omit p4.
 - Set parameters p3 and p4 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

BJ Write a free message

SyntaxBJ p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>p1Message number (1 to 10)p2Message (up to 32 characters)

- p3 Message write destination
 - GROUP
 A specified display group

 ALL
 All display groups

 All display groups in the specified batch group number (p5) when
- multi batch /BT2 is in use p4 Display group number The display group number when p2 is set to GROUP

Carries no meaning when p2 is set to ALL

- p5 Message write destination batch group number
- Example Using message number 3, write the string "ALARM" to all groups.

BJ3,ALARM,ALL

- Description If you omit p3, the message is written to all display groups.
 - Parameter p5 is only valid when multi batch /BT2 is in use. When multi batch /BT2 is in use, you cannot omit p5.

• Set parameters p3, p4, and p5 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

EJ	Changes the login password
Syntax	EJ p1,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>
	p1 Old password (see the description)
	p2 New password (see the description)
	p3 New password (see the description)
Example	Change the password from "PASS001" to
	"WORD005."
	EJPASS001,WORD005,WORD005
Description	The password character lengths are indicated
	below
	Release numbers 3 and earlier
	Lin to 8 characters
	Release numbers 4 and later
	Lin to 20 characters
	On models with the /AS1 advanced security
	ontion: Detween 6 and 20 sheresters
	option. Between 6 and 20 characters
	• When you use password management (the
	WU command) on models with the /AS1
	advanced security option, this command is
	invalid.
TL	Starts, stops, resets
	computation (MATH) or clears
	the computation dropout status
	display
Suntay	TL n1 n2 <terminator></terminator>
Oyntax	p1 Type of operation
	Stop computation
	2 Reset computation
	3 Clear the computation data
	dropout display
	p2 Batch group number
	0 All computation channels
	1, 2, Batch group number
Example	Start computation.
	TLO
Description	 You cannot use this command while the DX is
	saving or loading setup data.
	· You can use this command on models with the
	/M1 or /PM1 option.
	• When multi batch /BT2 is in use, p2 is valid
	when p1 is set to 2 (reset computation). If you
	omit p2, it is the same as setting p2 to zero. If
	p2 is set to zero, the DX resets the values of
	all computation channels.
	Set parameter p2 by referring to the table in
	section 3.3
	56600H 0.0.
DS	Switches the execution mode

between operation and setting

Syntax DS p1<terminator>

3

Commands

- p1 Mode
 - 0 Operation mode
 - 1 Basic setting mode
- Example Set the mode to basic setting.
 - DS1
- Description You cannot set p1 to 1 when the DX is recording (memory sampling) or computing, is formatting an external storage medium, or is storing data to an external storage medium.
 - You cannot set p1 to zero when the DX is formatting an external storage medium or is storing data to an external storage medium.
 - To activate the settings you have changed using basic setting commands, you must use the XE command to save the settings. Be sure to use the XE command to save the settings before switching the execution mode back to operation. If you do not save the settings and change the execution mode back to operation, the DX returns to the previous settings.
 - This command is invalid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

LO Loads setup data for setting mode

- Syntax LO p1,p2<terminator>
 - <code>p1 File name (up to 32 characters)</code>
 - p2 Medium
 - 0 CF slot
 - 1 USB
- Example Load setup data for setting mode from the setup file named SETFILE1.

LOSETFILE1

- Description Do not specify the extension when specifying the file name.
 - You can set p2 to 1 on models with the /USB1 USB interface option.
 - If you omit parameter p2, the medium is set to CF slot.
 - You cannot use this command to load setup data for basic setting mode. To load setup data for both setting and basic setting modes, use the YO command.
 - You cannot use this command when there is no external storage medium inserted in the DX.

LI Saves setup data

- Syntax LI p1<terminator>
 - p1 File name (up to 32 characters)
 - p2 Medium
 - 0 CF slot
 - 1 USB

- Example Saves setup data for both setting and basic setting modes to a file named SETFILE2 on the CF card.
- Description Do not specify the extension when specifying the file name.
 - You can set p2 to 1 on models with the /USB1 USB interface option.
 - If you omit parameter p2, the medium is set to CF slot.
 - An extension is attached to the file that you save.
 - You cannot use this command when there is no external storage medium inserted in the DX.
- CM

Sets communication input data

Syntax	CM pl.p2 <terminator></terminator>
Oymax	p1 Communication input datal number
	p ² Communication input data
	The selectable range is -0 0000E+20
	to -1 0000E-30, 0, and 1 0000E-30 to
	0 0000E+20
	5.5555L+25. Five significant digits
Quany	
Query	Enter 1 0000E 10 to communication input data
Example	
	CMC01 1 0000E-10
Description	Veu con use this command on models with the
Description	• You can use this command on models with the
	On models with the (CD1 DDCEIDUS DD
	interface ention the communication input
	data far CO1 to CO1 (an the DX1000) or far
	data for C01 to C24 (on the DX 1000) or for
	C01 to C32 (on the DX2000) is reserved for
	PROFIBUS-DP. The client device cannot
	specify values for this communication input
	data.
CE	Sets communication input of an
	external input channel
Syntax	CE p1,p2 <terminator></terminator>
	p1 External input channel number
	p2 Data value (-30000 to 30000)
Query	CE[p1]?
Example	Set external input channel number 440 to 12345.
·	CE440,12345
Description	You can use this command on models with the
	/MC1 external input channel option.
	· ·
EM	Starts or stops the o-mail
	transmission function

Syntax

EM pl<terminator>

- p1 Type of operation
 - 0 Start
 - 1 Stop

Example	Start the e-mail transmission function.		2 Measured and computed data,
Description	To use the e-mail transmission function you		and log data
2000	must configure the Ethernet interface, set e-mail		("Clear 3" on the DX)
	addresses, and enter the contents you want to	Example	Perform "Clear 3" on the DX.
	transmit.		YC2
CU1	Pasayara Madhua manually	Description	n This command is invalid on models with the /AS1
	Recovers mousus manually	-	advanced security option.
Syntax	CU pl <terminator></terminator>		
	p1 Communication type	IR	Resets a relative timer
	 Modbus client (Ethernet) Modbus moster (serial) 	Syntax	
		Syntax	n1 Number of the timer to reset
			0 All timers
YO	Loads a setup file for basic		1 2 Timer number
	setting mode	Example	Reset timer 2.
Syntax	YO p1,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>		IR2
	p1 Name of the file to load (up to 32 characters)	Description	n Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
	p2 Medium		
	0 CF slot	МА	Resets a match time timer
	p3 What to load (0 to 2)	Syntax	MA pl <terminator></terminator>
	 Basic setting mode and setting mode settings 		p1 Number of the timer to reset
	1 Basic sotting mode settings	Example	L, 2, Timer number
	⊥ Dasic setting mode settings	Example	
	setting mode settings	Description	• Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3
	2 Login settings	Description	This command is valid for expired match time
Example	Only load the CONFIG1 login settings from the		timers whose operation is set to single.
	CF card.		
	YOCONFIG1,0,2	CW	Sata an avant awitah
Description	Do not include the extension when specifying		Sets an event switch
	the file name.	Syntax	CW p1,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>
	• You can set p2 to 1 on models with the /USB1		p1 Type of operation (LEVEL, EDGE)
	USB interface option.		p2 Event switch number (1 to 30)
	• If you omit parameter p2, the medium is set to		P3 OII/0II (OFF, ON) Parameter n3 is valid when n1 is set to
	CF slot.		
	 p3 is only valid on models with the /AS1 	Example	Set event level switch 2 to ON
	advanced security option.		CWLEVEL, 2, ON
	• Omitting p3 is the same as setting it to 0.		
VO		LR	Loads custom display screens
YC	Clears measured and computed	Syntax	LR n1 n2 n3 n4 <terminator></terminator>
	data and initializes setup data	Oymax	p1 Medium (fixed at 0)
Syntax	YC pl <terminator></terminator>		0 External CF card
	p1 The types of data to be initialized and		p2 Screen range (ALL, SELECT)
	cleared		ALL All screens
	• Basic setting mode settings,		Loads all of the custom display
	and computed data, custom		screens that are stored in the
	display screen setup data, and log		specified directory.
	data		SELECT A specific screen
	("Clear 1" on the DX)		Loads a specific custom display
	1 Setting mode settings. measured		setup file to the screen that you
	and computed data, custom		specify.
	display screen setup data, and log		When p2 is set to ALL
	data		p 3 Name of the directory to load from (up to 20
	("Clear 2" on the DX)		cnaracters)
		1	

When p2 is set to SELECT

- p3 Custom display screen to load into (INTERNAL1 to INTERNAL3 or EXTERNAL 1 to EXTERNAL 25)
- p4 Name of the file to load from (up to 32 characters)
 - Do not specify the extension.
 - The directory to load from is fixed to the root directory.
- Example Load the custom display setup file named CD1 from the root directory to INTERNAL2. LR0, SELECT, INTERNAL2, CD1
- Description An error occurs when there is no external storage medium (CF) inserted in the DX or when there is an error in the external storage medium.
 - An error occurs if the external storage medium (CF) does not contain the directory or file name that you specify.

<u>LW</u> Saves custom display screens

- Syntax LW p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>
 - p1 Medium (fixed at 0)
 - 0 External CF card
 - p2 Screen range (ALL, CLEAR+ALL, SELECT) ALL All screens
 - Saves all of the custom display screens that is currently in use to the specified directory.
 - CLEAR+ALL All screens
 - Clears all files in the save destination directory, and then saves all of the custom display screens that is currently in use to that directory.
 - SELSECTA specific screen Saves a specific custom display screen to a file that you specify. If there is a file with the same name, it is overwritten.

When p2 is set to ALL

p3 Name of the directory to save to (up to 20)

When p2 is set to SELECT

- p3 Custom display screen to save (INTERNAL1 to INTERNAL 3, EXTERNAL1 to EXTERNAL 25)
- $\tt p4$ $\,$ Name of the file to save to (up to 32) $\,$
 - Do not specify the extension.
 - The directory to save to is fixed to the root directory.

- Example Save the custom display setup file named INTERNAL3 to a file named CD3 in the root directory. LW0, SELECT, INTERNAL3, CD3
- Description An error occurs when there is no external storage medium (CF) inserted in the DX or when there is an error in the external storage medium.
 - An error does not occur even if there is not enough free space on the external storage medium (CF).
 - To check whether or not the save operation was successful, check the status byte. For details on the status byte, see section 5.2.

BQ User Locked ACK (/AS1 advanced security option)

- Syntax BQ p1<terminator> p1 Executes ACK (0)
- Example Execute the User Locked ACK operation.
- Description This command is only valid when the user is locked.

EC Clears setup data (and executes a cold reset; /AS1 advanced security option)

Syntax	EC pl <tern< th=""><th>ninator></th></tern<>	ninator>
	p1 The type	es of data to be initialized and
	cleared	(0 to 3)
	0	Basic setting mode settings,
		setting mode settings, measured
		and computed data, custom
		display screen setup data, and log
		data
		("Clear 1" on the DX)
	1	Setting mode settings, measured
		and computed data, custom
		display screen setup data, and log
		data
		("Clear 2" on the DX)
	2	Measured and computed data,
		custom display screen setup data,
		and log data
		("Clear 3" on the DX)
	3	Basic setting mode settings
		(except for login settings), setting
		mode settings, measured and
		computed data, custom display
		screen setup data, and log data
		("Clear 4" on the DX)
Example	Perform "Cle	ar 1" on the DX.
	EC0	

3

Commands

EE	Switches out of operation mode (/AS1 advanced security option)				
Syntax	EE p1 <termi< td=""><td>-</td></termi<>	-			
	p1 Mode swi	tch destination (EI	NG, SYS)		
	Memory sampling	ENG	SYS		
	In progress	Setting mode during memory sampling	Basic setting mode during memory sampling		
	Stopped	Setting mode	Basic setting mode		
Example	Switch to settin	ng mode.			
	EEENG				
BE	Returns to	o operation r	node (/AS1		
	advanced	security opt	lion)		
Syntax	BE pl <termi< td=""><td>.nator></td><td></td></termi<>	.nator>			
	p1 Mode swi	tch operation (ENI	D)		
	Current Mode	END			
	Setting mode	Returns to operation m	ode. Creates a setup		
	Setting mode during memory sampling	Returns to operation m	ode.		
BV	Enters a s during se	string (can oi rial commun	nly be used ication)		
Svntax	BV p1,p2 <te< td=""><td>erminator></td><td></td></te<>	erminator>			
,	p1 0				
	p2 Character	string (up to 100	characters)		
Evampla	Enter "user12?	300 (up to 100) 8 "	characters)		
схаптріє	DVO user123).)			
Description	. You con use	, this command to	ontor oboroctor		
Description	• You can use	e this command to	enter character		
	strings when the DX is displaying the				
	character in	put window.			
	On models with the /USB1 USB interface option, this command can be used through the				
	use of USB	barcodes.			
	On models	with the /AS1 adva	anced security		
	option, this	command can only	y be used		
	through the	use of the serial c	ommunication		
	barcode pro	otocol or through a	USB barcode		
	reader.				
KE	Performs	key operatio	ons		
Syntax	KE pl <termi< td=""><td>.nator></td><td></td></termi<>	.nator>			
	p1 Kev				
	F1 to F	7 Soft keys 1 to	7		
	ESC	ESC key			
	MENIT	MENILLAN			
	PINIO DIGINO				
	FUNC	FUNC Key			
	START	START key			
	STOP	STOP key			
	USER	USER key			
	FAVORIT	E Favorite kev			
	0 + 0 9	Number keve) to 9		
	MINITO				
	MITINDS		aint kay:		
	DOT	The decimal po	ыпт кеу		
	DISP	The DISP/ENT	ER key		
	UP	The up arrow k	key		

DOWN	The down arrow key
RIGHT	The right arrow key
LEFT	The left arrow key

Example Press the DISP/ENTER key. KEDISP

BP

- Description This command performs the same operations as pressing the keys on the DX. When you send multiple key operations, send them in the same order that you would perform them on the DX.
 - When you perform this command, it is logged on the DX as "KEY." This command is valid regardless of whether or not the key lock is on.
 - On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, this command can only be used through the use of the serial communication barcode protocol or through a USB barcode reader.

Supports login (/AS1 advanced security option)

Syntax	BP p1,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>
	p1 Input type
	1 User name
	2 User name and user ID
	p2 User name (up to 20 characters)
	p3 User ID (up to 8 characters)
Example	Set the user name to "DX."
	BP1,DX
Description	 If you execute this command when p1=1, the DX displays the user ID input window. If you execute this command when p1=2, the DX displays the password input window. p3 is valid when p1=2. On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, this command can only be used through the use of the serial communication barcode protocol or through a USB barcode reader.
<u>LL</u>	Logs in through serial communication (/AS1 advanced security option)
Syntax	LL p1,p2,p3,p4,p5 <terminator> p1 User name (up to 20 characters)</terminator>

- p2 User ID (up to 8 characters) This parameter is meaningless if you are not using a user ID.
- ${\tt p3}$ $\,$ Password (up to 20 characters)
- p4 The new password to use if the current one has expired (up to 20 characters)
 This parameter is meaningless if the current password has not yet expired. This parameter can be omitted

3.5 Control Commands / 3.6 Basic Setting Commands

p5 Reconfirmation of the new password to use if the current one has expired (up to 20 characters)

This parameter is meaningless if the current password has not yet expired. This parameter can be omitted.

Example Log in as user a (whose user ID is "aaaa" and whose password is "aaaaaa"), start computation, and execute memory start.

LLa, aaaa, aaaaaa; TL0; PS0

- Description This command can be used if the login function has been enabled (by an administrator).
 - After the LL command, use sub delimiters to make a list of commands to execute.
 - You log into the DX when you execute this command, and you are automatically logged out after the command is executed.
 - The LL command communication responses, including those for errors, are the same as those for other commands.

3.6 Basic Setting Commands

WU Sets the environment

Settings GENERAL, BATCH, DISPLAY, MESSAGE, INPUT, ALARM, SECURITY, MEDIA, MATH, REPORT, SERVICEPORT, DECIMALPOINT, POP3, ALARM_LEVEL, ALARM_ COLOR, TAG, MENU, REMOTE, and FTPSERVER

General environment settings

Syntax WU p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>

- p1 Setting type (GENERAL)
- p2 Selects tag or channel number TAG Tag
 - CHANNEL Channel number
- p3 Language ENGLISH
 - JAPANESE
 - CHINESE
 - GERMAN
 - FRENCH
- p4 Remote control ID (OFF, 0 to 31)

Batch settings

- Syntax WU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
 - p1 Setting type (BATCH)
 - p2
 Batch function (OFF, ON, MULTIBATCH)

 OFF
 Disables the batch function

 ON
 Enables the batch function

 MULTIBATCH

Enables the multi batch function

- p3 Number of lot number digits (OFF, 4, 6, 8)
- p4 Auto increment (ON, OFF)
- p5 Number of batch groups (DX1000: 2 to 6. DX2000: 2 to 12)
- Description Parameters p3 and p4 are valid when p2 is set to ON.
 - Parameters p3, p4, and p5 are valid when p2 is set to MULTIBATCH.

Display settings

- Syntax WU p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>
 - p1 Setting type (DISPLAY)
 - p2 Trend type
 - T-Y T-Y display
 - CIRCULAR Circular display
 - p3 Partial expansion(OFF, ON)
 - p4 Trend interval switching (OFF, ON)
- Description Parameters p3 and p4 are valid when p2 is set
 - to T-Y.
 - When multi batch is in use, p4 is fixed at OFF.

Message settings

Syntax WU p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>

p1 Setting type (MESSAGE)

p2	Where to wi	rite messages that you enter
	using keys	
	COMMON	All display groups
	SEPARATE	Display group that you specify
pЗ	Power failur	e message (OFF, ON)

p4 Message change (OFF, ON)

Input settings

Syntax WU p1,p2<terminator>

- p1 Setting type (INPUT)
- p2 How to detect values that exceed the scale FREE When the measurement range is exceeded
 - OVER When ±105% of the scale is exceeded

Alarm settings

Syntax WU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>

- p1 Setting type (ALARM)
- p2 Alarm suppression function (OFF, ON)
- p3 Annunciator mode (OFF, ON)
- p4 Sequence (ISA-A-4, ISA-A, ISA-M) ISA-A-4 No lock-in
 - ISA-A Lock-in
 - ISA-M Double lock-in
- p5 Color when no alarms are activated (GREEN, WHITE)
- Description Parameters p4 and p5 are valid when p3 is set to ON.

Security settings

Syntax WU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>

- p1 Setting type (SECURITY)
- p2 Key
 - OFF Disables security features
 - KEYLOCK Locks the keys
 - LOGIN Enables the login function
- p3 Communication OFF Disables security features LOGIN Enables the login function
- p4 Multi login (ON, OFF)
- p5 Password management (ON, OFF)
- Description p4 and p5 are only valid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.
 - On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, p2 is fixed at LOGIN.

Media settings

- Syntax WU p1,p2,p3<terminator> p1 Setting type (MEDIA)
 - p2 Automatic saving (OFF, ON)
 - p3 Media FIFO (OFF, ON)
- Example Use media FIFO.
 - WUMEDIA, ON, ON

Description Parameter p3 is valid when p2 is set to ON.

Computation settings

Syntax WU p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator> p1 Setting type (MATH) p3 Data when the SUM or AVE value overflows ERROR Sets the computed result to computation error SKIP Discards the data that overflowed and continues the computation T.TMTT Process the data as follows: · For measurement channels that do not have linear scaling specified, the DX sets the data to the upper or lower limit of the measurement range. For measurement channels that have linear scaling specified, the DX sets the data to the specified scan upper or lower

p2 Display on error

-OVER

+OVER Positive overflow

Negative overflow

- For computation channels, the DX sets the data to the specified span upper or lower limit.
- p4 Data when the MAX, MIN, or P-P value overflows

limit.

- OVER Computes using the overflow data
- SKIP Discards the data that overflowed
 - and continues the computation

Report settings

Syntax	WU	p1,	p2,p3	,p4,	p5,	р6,	p7 <terminator></terminator>
--------	----	-----	-------	------	-----	-----	------------------------------

- p1 Setting type (REPORT)
- p2 Report computation type 1
 - MAX Maximum value
 - MIN Minimum value
 - AVE Average value
 - SUM Integrated value
 - INST Instantaneous value
- p3 Report computation type 2
- OFF Disables report computation
- MAX Maximum value
 - MIN Minimum value
 - AVE Average value
- SUM Integrated value
- INST Instantaneous value
- p4 Report computation type 3 Same as p3.
- p5 Report computation type 4 Same as p3.
- p6 Creation of "hourly+daily," "daily+weekly,", and "daily+monthly" files
 COMBINE Saves reports to one file.
 SEPARATE Saves reports to separate files.
 - SEPARATE2 Saves reports to separate files (DX100/DX200 format).
- p7 Report template function (USE, NOT)
- Description For parameters p2 to p5, you cannot specify the same computation type except OFF.

· When p6 is set to SEPARATE2, p7 can only be set to OFF.

Service ports

Svntax WU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>

- p1 Setting type (SERVICEPORT)
- p2 FTP service port (1 to 65535)
- p3 Web service port (1 to 65535)
- p4 SNTP service port (1 to 65535)
- p5 Modbus service port (1 to 65535)

Decimal point type

- WU p1,p2<terminator> Syntax
 - p1 Setting type (DECIMALPOINT)
 - Decimal type (POINT, COMMA)
 - POINT Uses a period for the decimal point.
 - COMMA Uses a comma for the decimal point.

Detailed POP3 settings

- Syntax WU p1,p2,p3<terminator>
 - p1 Setting type (POP3)
 - p2 Delay after accessing POP3 until transmission (seconds; 0 to 10)
 - p3 POP3 login method (PLAIN, APOP)

Alarm level settings

Syntax WU p1,p2<terminator>

- p1 Setting type (ALARM_LEVEL)
- Levels (1-2-3-4, 1-4-2-3, 1-4-3-2) p2

Alarm color settings

- WU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator> Svntax
 - p1 Setting type (ALARM_ COLOR)
 - p2 Alarm level 1 color (RED, ORANGE, YELLOW, PINK)
 - p3 Alarm level 2 color (RED, ORANGE, YELLOW, PINK)
 - p4 Alarm level 3 color (RED, ORANGE, YELLOW, PINK)
 - p5 Alarm level 4 color (RED, ORANGE, YELLOW, PINK)

Tag basic setting

Syntax

- WU pl,p2<terminator> Syntax
 - p1 Setting type (TAG)
 - p2 Tag number usage (USE, NOT)

Basic setting mode menu display settings

- WU p1, p2<terminator>
 - p1 Setting type (MENU)
 - Basic setting mode menu display (ON, OFF) p2

Remote contact input operation

WU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9 Svntax

- <terminator>
- p1 Setting type (REMOTE)
- p2 Remote contact 1 input (N.O, N.C)
 - N.O Normally opened
 - Normally closed N.C
- p3 Remote contact 2 input (N.O, N.C)

- p4 Remote contact 3 input (N.O, N.C) Remote contact 4 input (N.O, N.C) ъ5
- р6 Remote contact 5 input (N.O, N.C)
- p7 Remote contact 6 input (N.O, N.C)
- Remote contact 7 input (N.O, N.C) р8
- Remote contact 8 input (N.O, N.C) p9
- Description Use this command on models with the remote control option
 - · On models with the pulse input option, if you use the remote control input terminal as a pulse input terminal, the DX counts the rising pulse edges, independent of the remote control input settings.

Detailed FTP server settings

Syntax WU p1,p2<terminator>

p1 Setting type (FTPSERVER) p2 Directory output format (MS-DOS, UNIX) MS-DOS UNTX

?[1q]UW

Query Example This is an example for general environment settings. Display tags, display in English, and turn remote control off. WUGENERAL, TAG, ENGLISH, OFF

WE

Syntax

Sets calibration management

- WE p1,p2,p3<terminator> p1 Whether or not to use calibration
- management (USE, NOT) p2 Alarm (days; 1 to 10)
- This setting determines how many days before the specified calibration due date to start displaying notifications.
- p3 Renotification interval (10min, 30min, 1h, 8h 24h)

Query WE?

Example Use the calibration management function. Start notifications a day before the calibration due date and continue producing notifications every 8 hours afterwards. WEUSE, 1, 8h

Description • p2 and p3 are valid when p1 is set to USE.

- You can make settings with this command on models with the /CC1 input calibration option.
- **Configures signature settings** (/AS1 advanced security option) BI p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator> Syntax
 - p1 Process type (BATCH, CONTINUE) p2 Signature on the DX (OFF, SIGNIN1, SIGNIN1+2, SIGNIN1+2+3) Signature at batch stop (ON, OFF) pЗ p4 FTP transfer at signing (ON, OFF)

BT ? Query

BI

Example Set the command so that the process type is BATCH, only signatures 1 and 2 are used on the

DX, the DX switches to the signature window at memory stop, and there is no FTP transfer at signing.

BIBATCH, SIGNIN1+2, ON, OFF

Description p3 and p4 are valid when p2 is set to SIGNIN1, SIGNIN1+2, or SIGNIN1+2+3.

WO Sets alarm and DO settings

Alarm and DO settings

- Syntax WO p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
 - p1 Alarm setting (ALARM)
 - p2 Reflash operation (ON, OFF, ON-1S, ON-2S,)
 - p3 Interval for the low limit on the rate-ofchange (1 to 32)
 - p4 Interval for the high limit on the rate-ofchange (1 to 32)
 - p5 Hold/Not hold the alarm status display HOLD

NONHOLD

Description • If annunciator is set to ON in the alarm environment settings (using WU ALARM), p2 and p5 are fixed to the following values based on the annunciator sequence.

Sequence	p2	p5
ISA-A-4	OFF	NONHOLD
ISA-A	OFF	HOLD
ISA-M	OFF	HOLD

• The meanings of the different p2 options are indicated below.

p2	Duration for which the Reflash Relays Are Deactivated
ON	500 ms
ON-1S	1 s
ON-2S	2 s

Internal switch settings

Syntax WO p1, p2<terminator>

- p1 DO type (SWITCH)
- p2 AND switch number

NONE	No AND setting
S01	Only specify S01
S01-Sxx	Specify S01 to Sxx
	where xx = {02 to 30}

Output relay settings

Syntax	WO	p1,p2,p3,p4,p5 <terminator></terminator>
--------	----	--

n1		tyne)
PT	00	iype)

p2 Relay number

NONE	No AND setting
I01	Only specify I01
	0 10 10 1 1

- I01-Ixx Specify I01 to Ixx
- where xx = {02 to 36} p3 Energize/De-energize the relay

DE_ENERGIZE ENERGIZE

p4 Hold/Not hold the relay NONHOLD HOLD

	рS	Relay Action on ACK
		NORMAL
		RESET
Description	Set	parameter p2 by referring to the table in
	sect	ion 3.3.
	lf an	nunciator is set to ON in the alarm
	envi	ronment settings (using WU ALARM), p4 and
	p5 a	re fixed to the following values based on the
	annu	unciator sequence.

.

. ..

— ·

Sequence	p4	p5	
ISA-A-4	NONHOLD	RESET	
ISA-A	HOLD	RESET	
ISA-M	HOLD	RESET	

Query WO[p1]?

Example Specify no AND operation of the output relays, set the relay action to energize, and release the relay output when the alarm ACK operation is performed regardless of the alarm status. WORLY, NONE, ENERGINE, HOLD, RESET

WH Sets alarm hysteresis

Measurement channels

Syntax WH p1,p2,p3<terminator>

- p1 Channel type (MEASURE)
- p2 Hysteresis on high and low limit alarms (0 to 50)
- p3 Hysteresis on difference high and low limit alarms (0 to 50)

Computation channels

Syntax

Syntax

- WH p1,p2<terminator>
- p1 Channel type (MATH)
- p2 Hysteresis on high and low limit alarms (0 to 50)

External input channels

- WH p1,p2<terminator>
- p1 Channel type (EXTERNAL)
- p2 Hysteresis on high and low limit alarms (0 to 50)

Query WH[p1]?

Example Set the high and low limit alarm hysteresis for measurement channels to 4.0%, and the difference high and low limit alarm hysteresis to 0.0%.

WHMEASURE,40,0

Description You can specify computation channels on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option. You can specify external input channels on models with the external input channel option.

<u>XV</u> Sets the scan interval and A/D integral time

Syntax XV p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>

- pl 1 (fixed)
- p2 Scan interval mode
 - NORMAL
 - FAST Fast sampling

- p3 Scan interval (25MS, 125MS, 250MS, 1S, 2S, 5S)
- p4 A/D integration time (AUTO, 600Hz, 50Hz, 60Hz, 100ms)

Query XV?

Example Set the scan interval to 1 second in normal mode.

XV1, NORMAL, 1S

- Description The combinations of available scan interval modes and scan intervals vary depending on the model. For details, see the DX1000/ DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E).
 - You can set p4 to 600 Hz for fast sampling mode. You can choose 100 ms when the scan interval is set to 2 s or 5 s.
 - · On models with multi batch /BT2, you can only set p2 to NORMAL and p3 to 1S, 2S, or 5S.

XB Sets burnout detection

XB p1,p2<terminator>

- p1 Measurement channel number
- p2 Burnout processing
 - OFF No processing
 - UP Sets the computed result to positive overflow.
 - DOWN Sets the computed result to negative overflow.

Query XB[p1]?

Syntax

Example Set the measured result to UP (positive overflow) when channel 001 burns out. XB001.UP

Description Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

<u>XJ</u> Sets RJC

When using the internal compensation circuit

Syı Syntax XJ p1,p2<terminator> p1 Measurement channel number p2 RJC mode (INTERNAL) Query XJ[p1]? pЗ Example Set the channel 001 RJC to internal compensation circuit. XJ001, INTERNAL When using an external RJC p7 Syntax XJ p1,p2,p3<terminator> p1 Measurement channel number p2 RJC mode (EXTERNAL) p3 External RJC value (-20000 to 20000) Query XJ[p1]? Example Set the channel 002 RJC to external, and set the compensation value to 0 µV. XJ002, EXTERNAL, 0 Description • Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3. - The unit of p3 is the μ V.

		3.	6 Basic Setting Comman
<u>XM</u>	Se co	ts memo nditions	ory sampling
Syntax	XM	pl <termin< th=""><th>ator></th></termin<>	ator>
	p1	Data type	
		DISPLAY	Display data
		EVENT	Event data
		E+D	Display data and event data
Query	XM3	?	
Example	Set	the memory	sampling condition to display
	data	a.	
	XMI	DISPLAY	
Description	ί Υοι	i cannot spec	cify E+D when:
	• 1	/ulti batch /E	BT2 is in use.
	•]	Frend interva	I switching is on.
	• •		a DV with the AS1 education

You are using a DX with the /AS1 advanced security option.

XT Sets the temperature unit

Syntax XT p1 <terminator></terminator>					
	p1	Temperature	unit	(C,	F)
Query	XT?	,			
Example	Set	the temperature	e unit to	Cels	ius.
	XTC	2			

Sets key lock RF

When p1 is set to KEY

Syntax

RF	p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7 <terminator></terminator>
p1	Type (KEY)

- p2 START key (FREE, LOCK)
- p3 STOP key (FREE, LOCK)
- p4 MENU key (FREE, LOCK)
- p5 USER key (FREE, LOCK)
- p6 DISP/ENTER key (FREE, LOCK)
- p7 FAVORITE key (FREE, LOCK)

When p1 set to FUNC (function key)

ntax	RF p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8
	<terminator></terminator>

- p1 Type (FUNC)
- p2 Alarm ACK (FREE, LOCK)
- Message/batch key (FREE, LOCK)
- p4 Math key (FREE, LOCK)
- p5 Data save (FREE, LOCK)
- p6 E-mail/FTP (FREE, LOCK)
- Time set (FREE, LOCK)
- p8 Display Function (FREE, LOCK)

When p1 is set to MEDIA (external storage media)

Syntax	RF p1,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>
	p1 Type (MEDIA)
	p2 External storage media operation (FREE,
	LOCK)
	p3 Setup loading operation (FREE, LOCK)
Query	RF[p1]?
Example	Lock the MENU key (leave other keys unlocked)
	RFKEY, FREE, FREE, LOCK, FREE, FREE, FREE

3

Description	This command is invalid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.		The parame p2 is set as
		p2=KEY	
RN	Sets basic key login		p3 START
Syntax	RN p1,p2,p3,p4 <terminator></terminator>		p4 STOP
	p1 Auto logout (OFF, 1MIN, 2MIN, 5MIN,		p5 MENU
	10MIN)		p6 USER
	p2 Operation when logged out		p7 DISP/E
	OFF Disables DX operation		p8 FAVOR
	DISPLAY Only enables screen operations	n2=ACTI	N (Eunctic
	p3 Whether or not to use a user ID (USE, NOT)	p2-A010	
	p4 Number of password retries (OFF, 3, 5)		pa Messar
Query	RN?		p5 Compu
Example	Set the auto logout time to 1 minute, and disable		n6 Data sa
	the DX operation when logged out. Use a user		po Data St
	ID. Set the number of password retries to 5.		p ⁸ Time of
	RN1MIN, OFF, ON, 5		
Description	 p3 and p4 are only valid on models with the 		p10 Calibra
	/AS1 advanced security option.		
	When you use password management (the	p2=MEDI	A (External
	WU command) on models with the /AS1		p3 Externa
	advanced security option, p3 is fixed at OFF.		p4 Setting
		p2=SIGN	N (Signatu
RP	Sets user limitations		p3 Signatu
			p4 Signatu
On DXs w	lithout the IAS1 Advanced Security		p5 Signatu
Option		Query	RP[p1,[p2
Syntax	RP p1,p2,••• <terminator></terminator>	Example	Lock the ST
			RP1,KEY,L
Description	p2 User limitation item (KEY, FUNC, MEDIA)	Description	When p2=A
Description	depending on the p2 setting as follows:		managemer
When p2	is set to KEY	EK	Configu
	p3 START key (FREE, LOCK)		settings
	p4 STOP key (FREE, LOCK)		option)
	p5 MENU key (FREE, LOCK)	Suptox	
	p6 USER key (FREE, LOCK)	Syntax	n1 Degistr
	p7 DISP/ENTER key (FREE, LOCK)		
	p8 FAVORITE key (FREE, LOCK)		
When no	est to FUNC (function key)		n3 Llear no
when p2			
	Managa (bateb key (EREE LOCK)		n5 Passwe
	p4 Message/balch key (FREE, LOCK)		po rasswo
	po Mali Rey (FREE, LOCK)		
	po Dala save (FREE, LOCK)	Query	EK[n1]2
	p ² E-IIIall/FTF (FREE, LOCK)	Query	Password o
	po Time set (FREE, LOCK)		Default nasswo
	ps Display Function (FREE, LOCK)		Valid password
When p2	is set to MEDIA (external storage media)		Expired passwo
	p3 External storage media operation (FREE,	Example	Configure th
	LOCK)		can log in us
	p4 Setup loading operation (FREE, LOCK)		to "A," the u
On DXs w	vith the /AS1 Advanced Security Option		password va
Syntax	RP p1,p2, <terminator></terminator>		EK1,KEY,A
	p1 Authority of user number (1 to 10)	Description	 About use
	p2 Authority of user item (KEY, ACTION,		 You ca
	MEDIA, SIGNIN)	I	same

eters after p3 vary depending on how indicated below.

- key (FREE, LOCK)
- key (FREE, LOCK)
- key (FREE, LOCK)
- key (FREE, LOCK)
- ENTER key (FREE, LOCK)
- RITE key (FREE, LOCK)

ons)

- ACK (FREE, LOCK)
 - ge and batch (FREE, LOCK)
- utation (FREE, LOCK)
- ave (FREE, LOCK)
- /FTP (FREE, LOCK)
- perations (FREE, LOCK)
- operations (FREE, LOCK)
- ation settings (FREE, LOCK)

media)

- al media operations (FREE, LOCK)
- load operations (FREE, LOCK)

re permissions)

	pЗ	Signature1 (FREE, LOCK)
	p4	Signature2 (FREE, LOCK)
	p5	Signature3 (FREE, LOCK)
ry	RP[p1,[p2]]?
mple	Lock the START, STOP, and DISP/ENTER keys.	
	RP1	, KEY, LOCK, LOCK, , , LOCK
cription	Whe	en p2=ACTION, p10 is valid if calibration
	man	agement (/CC1 option) is enabled.

ires administrator (/AS1 advanced security

Syntax	EK p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6 <terminator> p1 Registration number (1 to 5) p2 Login method (OFF, KEY, KEY+COMM,</terminator>		
	User name (up 4 User ID (up to 8	to 20 chara 6 character	acters) s)
	 Password Period of passv 3MONTH, 6MC 	vord validit NTH)	y (OFF, 1MONTH,
Query	EK[p1]?	,	
	Password output in response to queries:		o queries:
	Default password		******
	Valid password specified b	y a user	******
	Expired password		
Example Configure the settings for an admir		dministrator who	
	can log in using the	DX keys. S	Set the user name
	to "A," the user ID to	"0000," ar	nd the period of
	password validity to	3 months.	
	EK1,KEY,A,0000,	, 3MONTH	
Description	About user name	S	
	You cannot sho	acify more	than one of the

annot specify more than one of the same user name.

- You cannot set the user name to "quit" or all spaces, and you cannot use spaces inside the user name.
- When p2 is set to KEY or KEY+COMM
 - p5 is invalid. Regardless of the setting, the default password is used.
 - When password management is enabled (by the WU command), p4 is invalid (the DX responds to queries with a string of spaces), and p6 is fixed at off.
 - When the user ID is disabled (by the RN command), p4 is invalid (the DX responds to queries with a string of spaces).
- When p2=WEB
 - p4 is invalid (the DX responds to queries with a string of spaces).
 - You can set a password for p5 (6 characters or more).
 - p6 is fixed at OFF.

EL Configures user settings (/AS1 advanced security option)

- Syntax EL p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>
 - p1 Registration number (1 to 90)p2 Login method (OFF, KEY, COMM, KEY+COMM, WEB)
 - p3 User name (up to 20 characters)
 - p4 User ID (up to 8 characters)
 - p5 Password
 - p6 Period of password validity (OFF, 1MONTH, 3MONTH, 6MONTH)
 - ${\tt p7}$ $\,$ User privilege setting (OFF or 1 to 10) $\,$

Query EL[p1]?

Password output in response to queries:		
Default password	******	
Valid password specified by a user	******	
Expired password		

Example Configure the settings for a user who can log in using the DX keys and communication commands. Set the user name to "User," the user ID to "1234," and the period of password validity to 3 months. Use user privilege setting 1. EL1, KEY+COMM, User, 1234, , 3MONTH, 1

Description • About user names

- You cannot specify more than one of the same user name.
- You cannot set the user name to "quit" or all spaces, and you cannot use spaces inside the user name.
- When p2 is set to KEY, KEY+COMM, or COMM
 - p5 is invalid. Regardless of the setting, the default password is used.
 - When password management is enabled (by the WU command), p4 is invalid (the DX responds to queries with a string of spaces), and p6 is fixed at off.

- When the user ID is disabled (by the RN command), p4 is invalid (the DX responds to queries with a string of spaces).
- When p2=WEB
 - p4 is invalid (the DX responds to queries with a string of spaces).
 - You can set a password for p5 (6 characters or more).
 - p6 is fixed at OFF.

WD Configures authentication server settings (/AS1 advanced security option)

- Syntax WD p1,p2,p3<terminator>
 - p1 Priority (PRIMARY, SECONDARY)
 - p2 Server name (up to 64 characters)
 - p3 Port number (0 to 65535)
- Query WD[p1]?
- Example Set the primary server to WIN111. Use port 88. WDPRIMARY, WIN111, 88
- Description The settings made by this command are valid when password management is enabled (by the WU command).

<u>RO</u> Sets the type of report and when to create reports

For creating no reports

	•
Syntax	RO p1 <terminator></terminator>
	p1 Report type (OFF)
Query	RO?
Example	Create no reports.
	ROOFF
D · ··	

Description You can use this command on models with the /M1 or /PM1 math option.

For creating hourly, daily, hourly + daily and daily + monthly reports

Syntax	RO	p1,p2,p3<	terminator>
	p1	Report type	
		HOUR	Hourly report
		DAY	Daily report
		HOUR+DAY	Hourly and daily reports
		DAY+MONTH	Daily and monthly reports
	p2	Day to creat	te reports (dd; fixed format)
		dd	Day (01 to 28)
	pЗ	Hour to crea	ate reports (hh; fixed format)
		hh	Hour (00 to 23)
Query	RO?		
Example	Cre	ate a daily re	port at 9 O'clock everyday
	(pai	rameter p2 ("(05" in this example) is invalid in
	this	case).	
	ROE	AY,05,09	
Description	• `	/ou can use tl	his command on models with the
	/	M1 or /PM1 n	nath option.
	• F	Parameter p2	is invalid even if it is specified
	f	or reports oth	er than monthly and daily
	r	eports.	

For creati	ng daily + weekly reports R0 p1,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>		
ojinak	p1 Report type (DAY+WEEK)		
	p2 Day of week to create reports (SUN MON		
	TUE WED THU FRI SAT)		
	p3 Hour to create reports (hh: fixed format)		
	hh Hour (00 to 23)		
Querv	RO?		
Example	Create a daily report at 9 O'clock every day and		
	a weekly report at 9 O'clock every Tuesday.		
	RODAY+WEEK, TUE, 09		
Description	You can use this command on models with the		
	/M1 or /PM1 math option.		
RM	Sets a report channel		
When not	using report channels		
Syntax	RM p1,p2 <terminator></terminator>		
	p1 Report channel number		
	p2 Report channel usage (OFF)		
Query	RM[p1]?		
Example	Disable the channel 001 report channel.		
Description	You can use this command on models with the		
	/M1 or /PM1 math option.		
	• Set p1 by referring to the table in section 3.3.		
When usi	ng a report channel		
Syntax	RM p1,p2,p3,p4 <terminator></terminator>		
	p1 Report channel number		
	p2 Report channel usage (ON)		
	p3 Measurement, computation, or external		
	input channel number on which to report		
	p4 Conversion of the unit of time for integration		
	OFF Do not convert.		
	/S Converts as though the physical		
	values are integrated in units of		
	seconds.		
	/MIN Converts as though the physical		
	values are integrated in units of		
	minutes.		
	/H Converts as though the physical		
	values are integrated in units of		
	IDUIS.		
	/ DA1 Converts as though the physical		
	dave		
Query	RM[n1]?		
Example	Use the report channel number R01. Set the		
Example	channel number on which to report to 001		
	and convert the unit of time for integration to		
	seconds.		
	RM001,ON,001,/S		
Description	You can use this command on models with the		
	/M1 or /PM1 math option.		
	Set parameters p1 and p3 by referring to the		
	table in section 3.3.		

•	About	p4
	7 10001	PT

Because the DX integrates sampled data over each scan interval, the physical value integrated over a given unit of time may be different from the actual integrated value. This occurs if the unit of time is different from the scan interval. If this occurs, set p4 to the same unit of time as that for the physical value that you are measuring. The DX calculates the integrated value using one the following conversion formulas based on p3.

OFF	Σ(measured value)
/S	Σ (measured value) × scan
	interval
/MIN	Σ (measured value) × scan
	interval/60
/HOUR	Σ (measured value) × scan
	interval/3600
/DAY	Σ (measured value) × scan
	interval/86400
The seen inter	val unit in anondo

The scan interval unit is seconds.

XG Sets the time zone

Syntax	 XG p1, p2<terminator></terminator> p1 Offset time from GMT (-1300 to 1300) Upper 2 digits: Hour (00 to 13) Lower 2 digits: Minute (00 to 59 p2 Time deviation limit (OFF, 10S, 20S, 30S, 1MIN, 2MIN, 3MIN, 4MIN, 5MIN) Set the offset time from the GMT to 9 hours
	ahead and the deviation limit to 30 s. xG0900, 30S
XN	Sets the date format
Syntax	<pre>XN p1, p2<terminator> p1 Date format (Y/M/D, M/D/Y, D/M/Y, D.M.Y) p2 Starting day of the week on the calendar (SUN, MON)</terminator></pre>
Query	XN?
Example	Set the date format to Y/M/D. Set the starting day of the week on the calendar to Monday. $XNY/M/D$, MON
YB	Sets host information
Syntax	<pre>YB p1,p2<terminator> p1 Host name (up to 64 characters) p2 Domain name (up to 64 characters)</terminator></pre>
Query	YB?
Example	Set the host name to dx1000 and the domain name to dxadv.daqstation.com. YBdx1000,dxadv.daqstation.com

YD	Sets network parameters	Example	Set domain suffix 1 to rec1.daqstation.com and
When no	ot obtaining network parameters		domain suffix 2 to rec2.daqstation.com.
automat	ically		RUSUFFIX, recl.daqstation.com, rec2.
Syntax	YD p1,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>		daqstation.com
	p1 Automatic retrieval (NOT)		
Whon of	taining notwork parameters automatically	WS	Sets a server
Syntax	YD p1.p2.p3 <terminator></terminator>	Syntax	WS p1,p2 <terminator></terminator>
Oymax	p1 Automatic retrieval (USE)		p1 Server type (FTP, WEB, MODBUS, SNTP,
	p2 DNS information retrieval (USE NOT)		ETHERNETIP)
	p_{2}^{3} Automatic host name registration (USE		p2 Server on/off (USE, NOT)
	NOT)	Query	WS[p1]?
Querv	YD?	Example	Enable the Web server.
Example	Automatically retrieve the IP address and DNS		WSWEB,USE
	information and automatically register the host		
	name.	ww	Sets Webpage parameters
	YDUSE,USE,USE	Syntax	WW pl p2 p3 p4/torminator
		Syntax	n1 Webpage type
VA	Sate the ID address, subnot		
	mask and default dateway		
	mask, and default gateway		n2 Webpage (ON OFF)
Syntax	YA pl,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>		p3 Authentication
	p1 IP address (0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255)		OFF No authentication
	p2 Subnet mask		ADMIN Administrator privileges
	(0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255)		USER User privileges
	p3 Default gateway		p4 Command input on/off (USE NOT)
0	(0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255)	Querv	WW[p1]?
Query	IA?	Example	Enable the operator page, disable authentication.
Example	Set the IP address to 192.168.111.24, the subhet		and enable command input.
	to 0.0.0		WWOPERATOR, USE, OFF, USE
		Descriptio	n • Parameters p3 and p4 are valid when p2 is set
	14192.100.111.24,233.233.233.0,0.0.0.0		to ON.
	• · · • •		• Parameter p3 is OFF or ADMIN when p1 is set
YK	Sets keepalive		to OPERATOR.
Syntax	YK pl <terminator></terminator>		 Parameter p4 is valid when p1 is set to
	p1 Keepalive (ON, OFF)		OPERATOR.
Query	YK?		 p4 is invalid on models with the /AS1
Example	Disable keepalive.		advanced security option.
	YKOFF		
		YQ	Sets communication timeout
RU	Sets DNS parameters	When us	ing no timeouts
Server s	ettings	Syntax	YQ pl <terminator></terminator>
Syntax	RU p1,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>		p1 Communication timeout (OFF)
	p1 Setting type (SERVER)	Query	YQ?
	p2 Primary DNS server address	Example	Disable the communication timer.
	(0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255)		YQOFF
	p3 Secondary DNS server address	When up	ing time outo
	(0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255)	Suptox	VO pl p2 <terminator></terminator>
Suffix se	attings	Syntax	p1 Communication timeout (ON)
Syntax	RU p1,p2,p3 <terminator></terminator>		p_{\pm} = Communication timeout (ON) p2 Timeout value in minutes (1 to 120)
- ,	p1 Setting type (SUFFIX)	Querv	YO?
	p2 Domain suffix 1 (up to 64 characters)	Example	Enable the communication timer and set the

p3 Domain suffix 2 (up to 64 characters)

Query RU[p1]? hen using timeouts YQ p1,p2<terminator> ntax p1 Communication timeout (ON) p2 Timeout value in minutes (1 to 120) lery YQ? ample Enable the communication timer and set the timeout value to 3 minutes. YQON, 3

3

<u>YT</u>	Sets FTP transfer timing		p14 Whether to include tag number or channel
Syntax	YT p1,p2,p3,p4 <terminator></terminator>	0	number in the subject (ON, OFF)
	p1 Automatically transfer data when display	Query	YU[p1]?
	and event data files are created (ON, OFF)	Example	Send the status of alarm numbers 1 to 4 to
	p2 Automatically transfer data when report data		recipient 1. Include instantaneous data but
	files are created (ON, OFF)		not the source URL. Set the subject to "ALM,"
	p3 Automatically transfer data when snapshot		header 1 to "LP2" and header 2 to "DX." Only
	data files are created (when snapshot is		send e-mail when alarms occur. Include the tag
	executed) (ON, OFF)		or channel number in the subject.
	p4 Transfer data when the DX creates a setup		YUALARM, ON, OFF, ON, ON, ON, ON, ON, OFF,
	file as a result of setting changes (OFF, ON)		ALM, LP2, DX, ON, ON
Query	YT?	To send	e-mail at scheduled times
Example	Automatically transfer display and event data	Syntax	YU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10,
	files. Do not transfer report data files. Do not	·	p11,p12 <terminator></terminator>
	transfer screen image data files. Transfer a setup		p1 Information to send (TIME)
	file when the settings change.		p2 Recipient 1 (ON, OFF)
	YTON, OFF, OFF, ON		p3 Interval for sending e-mail to recipient 1
Descriptio	n • When the method to save data to the external		(1H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 6H, 8H, 12H, 24H)
	storage medium is set to "Auto," the DX		p4 Time for sending e-mail to recipient 1 (00:00
	automatically transfers relevant data files		to 23:59)
	when they are created. For the procedure to		p5 Recipient 2 (ON, OFF)
	save various data files to the storage medium,		p6 Interval for sending e-mail to recipient 2
	see the DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's		(1H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 6H, 8H, 12H, 24H)
	Manual.		p7 Time for sending e-mail to recipient 2 (00:00
	p2 is only valid on models with the /M1 or		to 23:59)
	/PM1 math option.		p8 Whether to include instantaneous data (ON,
	 p4 is only valid on models with the /AS1 		OFF)
	advanced security option.		p9 Whether to include source URL (ON, OFF)
			p10 Subject (up to 32 characters)
VII	Sets what kind of information to		p11 Header 1 (up to 64 characters)
10	sond using o-mail		p12 Header 2 (up to 64 characters)
-		Query	YU[p1]?
lo send	changes in the alarm status	Example	Send e-mail at 17 hours 15 minutes every day
Syntax	YU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10,		to recipient 1. Do not include instantaneous data
	pii,pi2,pi3,pi4 <terminator></terminator>		but include the source URL. Set the subject to
			"GOOD" and header 1 to "LP2."
	p2 Recipient 1 (ON, OFF)		YUTIME, ON, 24H, 17:15, OFF, ,, OFF, ON,
	p3 Recipient 2 (ON, OFF)		GOOD,LP2
	p4 Whether to send the alarm number 1 status		
	(ON, OFF)	To send	system notifications
	p5 Whether to send the alarm number 2 status	Syntax	YU p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7 <terminator></terminator>
	(ON, OFF)		p1 Information to send (SYSTEM)
	p6 Whether to send the alarm number 3 status		p2 Recipient 1 (ON, OFF)
	(ON, OFF)		p3 Recipient 2 (ON, OFF)
	p7 Whether to send the alarm number 4 status		p4 Whether to include source URL (ON, OFF)
	(ON, OFF)		p5 Subject (up to 32 characters)
	p8 Whether to include instantaneous data (ON,		p6 Header 1 (up to 64 characters)
	OFF)		p7 Header 2 (up to 64 characters)
	p9 Whether to include source URL (ON, OFF)	Query	YU[p1]?
	p10 Subject (up to 32 characters)	Example	Send system notification e-mail that includes
	p11 Header 1 (up to 64 characters)		the source URL to recipient 1. Set the subject to
	p12 Header 2 (up to 64 characters)		"SystemAlert" and header 1 to "LP2."
	p13 Alarm transmission operation		YUSYSTEM, ON, OFF, ON, SystemAlart, LP2
	ON+OFF Send e-mail when alarms occur	To cond	report generation potifications
	and when alarms clear	Suntax	
	ON Only send e-mail when alarms	Syntax	10 p1, p2, p3, p4, p3, p0, p7, cerminator>

p1 Information to send (REPORT)

p2 Recipient 1 (ON, OFF)

	p3 Recipient 2 (ON, OF	F)	Example	Set the SMTP server to "smtp.daqstation.
	p4 Whether to include s	ource URL (ON, OFF)		com" and port number to "25." Use POP3
	p5 Subject (up to 32 cha	aracters)		authentication.
	p6 Header 1 (up to 64 c	haracters)		YX smtp.daqstation.com,25,
	p7 Header 2 (up to 64 c	haracters)		POPBEFORESMTP
Query	YU[p1]?		Description	n For details on e-mail settings, see section 1.4.
Example	Send report generation ne	otification e-mail that		
	includes the source URL	to recipient 1. Set the	VI	Sets the Modbus client's
	subject to "Report" and he	eader 1 to "LP2."	<u> </u>	destination server
	YUREPORT, ON, OFF, ON,	Report,LP2		
Descriptior	• For details on system r	notifications, see section	Syntax	YJ pl,p2,p3,p4,p5 <terminator></terminator>
	1.4.			pl Server number (1 to 16)
	You can use report ger	neration notification on		p2 Port number (0 to 65535)
	models with the /M1 or	/PM1 math option.		p3 Host name (up to 64 characters)
	For details on e-mail s	ettings, see section 1.4.		p4 Unit number registration
		-		AUTO Do not use the unit number
VV	Soto on a mail ray	ainiant address		FIXED Use a fixed unit number
TV	Sets an e-mail ree	cipient address		p5 Unit number (0 to 255)
Syntax	YV p1,p2 <terminator< td=""><td>:></td><td>Query</td><td>YJ[p1]?</td></terminator<>	:>	Query	YJ[p1]?
	p1 Recipient		Example	For server number 3, set the port number to
	1 Recipient 1			502, the host name to dx2000, the unit number
	2 Recipient 2	2		registration to FIXED, and the unit number to
	p2 Recipient address (u	p to 150 alphanumeric		127.
	characters)			YJ3,502,dx2000,FIXED,127
Query	YV[p1]?			
Example	Set recipient 1 to "dxuser	1@daqstation.com" and	YP	Sets basic Modbus client
	"dxuser2@daqstation.cor	n."	<u> </u>	settings
	YV1,dxuser10daqstat	ion.com dxuser20		Settings
	daqstation.com		Syntax	YP pl,p2 <terminator></terminator>
Descriptior	• To specify multiple rec	ipients, separate each		p1 Read cycle (125MS, 250MS, 500MS, 1S,
	recipient with a space.			2S, 5S, 10S)
	· For details on e-mail s	ettings, see section 1.4.		p2 Retry interval (OFF, 10S, 20S, 30S,1MIN,
		-		2MIN, 5MIN, 10MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H)
V/M	Sata the a mail of	andor oddrooo	Query	YP?
TVV	Sets the e-mail se	enuer auuress	Example	Set the read cycle to 500 ms and the retry
Syntax	YW pl <terminator> p1 Sender address (up to 64 alphanumeric</terminator>			(reconnection) interval to 10 min.
				YP500MS,10MIN
	characters)			
Query	YW?		YR	Sets the Modbus client's
Example	Set the sender address to	o "dxadv."	<u> </u>	transmit command
	YWdxadv		Curatavi	
Descriptior	n For details on e-mail setti	ngs, see section 1.4.	Syntax	IR p1, p2, p3···· <terminator></terminator>
				p1 Command number (1 to 16)
YX	Sets the e-mail S	MTP server	Description	p2 Command type (OFF, R, R-IVI, W, W-IVI)
	name		Description	n Parameters p3 and subsequent parameters vary
. .				depending on the p2 setting as follows:
Syntax	1X pl,p2,p3 <termina< td=""><td>itor></td><td>When p2</td><td>is set to OFF</td></termina<>	itor>	When p2	is set to OFF
	p1 SMTP server name ((up to 64 characters)		There are no parameters after p2.
	p2 Port number (0 to 65	535)		
	p3 Authentication (OFF,	POPBEFORESMIP,	When p2	is set to R (read external input channels)
	AUTH)			p ³ First channel (external input channel
	OFF	Authentication is not		number)
		used		p4 Last channel (external input channel
	POPBEFORESMTP	POP before SMTP is		number)
		used		p5 Server number (1 to 16)
	AUTH	SMTP authentication		p6 First register number (30001 to 39999,
		is used		40001 to 49999, 300001 to 365536, 400001
Query	YX?			to 465536)
			1	

p7 Register data type (INT16, UINT16, INT32_B, INT32_L, UINT32_B, UINT32_L)

When p2 is set to R-M (read communication input data)

- p3 First channel (communication input data number)
- p4 Last channel (communication input data number)
- p5 Server number (1 to 16)
- p6 First register number (30001 to 39999, 40001 to 49999, 300001 to 365536, 400001 to 465536)
- p7 Register data type (INT16, UINT16, INT32_B, INT32_L, UINT32_B, UINT32_L, FLOAT_B, FLOAT_L)

When p2 is set to W (write to measurement channels)

- p3 First channel (measurement channel number)
- p4 Last channel (measurement channel number)
- p5 Server number (1 to 16)
- p6 First register number (40001 to 49999, 400001 to 465536)
- p7 Register data type (INT16, FLOAT_B, FLOAT_L)

When p2 is set to W-M (write to computation channels)

- p3 First channel (computation channel number)
- p4 Last channel (computation channel number)
- p5 Server number (1 to 16)
- p6 First register number (40001 to 49999, 400001 to 465536)
- p7 Register data type (INT16, UINT16, INT32_B, INT32_L, FLOAT_B, FLOAT_L)

When p2=E-M (Communication input channel data exchange)

- p3 First channel (communication input data number)
- p4 Last channel (communication input data number)

p4 can only be set to the same value as p3. (Only one register can be loaded per command.)

- p5 Server number (1 to 16)
- p6 First register number (40001 to 49999, 400001 to 465536)
- p7 Register data type (INT16, UINT16, INT32_B, INT32_L, UINT32_B, UINT32_L, FLOAT_B, FLOAT_L)

Query YR[p1]?

Example For command number 5, set the command type to W, the first channel to 01, the last channel to 04, the server number to 1, the first register

number to 40001, and the register data type to INT16.

YR5,W,01,04,1,40001,INT16

- Description Set p3 to a value that is less than or equal to p4.
 - The number of registers that are read from or written to is determined by the values that you set for p3, p4, and p7. An error occurs if the specified number of registers exceeds the number of registers that actually follow the first register (p6).

WB Sets SNTP client parameters

- Syntax
- WB p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6<terminator>
- p1 SNTP client function (USE, NOT)
- p2 SNTP server name (up to 64 alphanumeric characters)
- p3 SNTP port number (0 to 65535)
- p4 Access interval (OFF, 1H, 8H, 12H, 24H)
- p 5 Reference time for the access interval (00:00 to 23:59)
- p6 Timeout value (10S, 30S, 90S)

Parameters p2 to p6 are invalid when p1 is set to NOT.

Query WB?

Example Enable the SNTP client function, set the server name to sntp.daqstation.com, the port number to 123, the access interval to 24 hours, the reference time to 12:00, and the timeout value to 30 seconds. WBUSE, sntp.daqstation.com, 123, 24H, 12:00, 30S

WC Sets the SNTP operation when memory start is executed

Syntax	WC pl <terminator></terminator>
	p1 Time adjustment using SNTP at memory
	start (ON, OFF)
Query	WC?
Example	Set the DX so that time is adjusted using SNTP
	at memory start.
	WCON
Description	This command is valid when the SNTP client
	function is enabled (WB command).
YS	Sets the serial interface
Syntax	YS p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6 <terminator></terminator>
	pl Baud rate (1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200,
	38400)
	p2 Data length (7, 8)
	p3 Parity check (NONE, ODD, EVEN)
	p4 Handshaking (OFF:OFF, XON:XON, XON:
	RS, CS:RS)
	p5 RS-422/485 address (01 to 99)
	p6 Protocol (NORMAL, MODBUS,

Query YS? Example Set the baud rate to 9600, the data length to 8, the parity check to ODD, handshaking to OFF: OFF, the RS-422/485 address to 02, and the protocol to NORMAL. YS9600,8,ODD,OFF:OFF,02,NORMAL Description • You can use this command on models with the Querv /C2 or /C3 serial interface option. · The setting p6=BARCODE is only valid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option. YL Sets the operation of the Modbus master function Syntax YL p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator> p1 Read cycle (125MS, 250MS, 500MS, 1S, Syntax 2S, 5S, 10S) p2 Timeout (125MS, 250MS, 500MS, 1S, 2S, 5S. 10S. 1MIN) p3 Retrials (OFF, 1 to 5, 10, 20) p4 Command wait time (OFF, 5MS, 10MS, 15MS, 45MS, 100MS) p5 Auto recovery (OFF, 1MIN, 2MIN, 5MIN, 10MIN, 20MIN, 30MIN, 1H) Query YL? Example Set the read cycle to 500 ms, the timeout to 250 ms, the number of retrials to 2, the command wait time to 10 ms, and the automatic return time limit to 5 min YL500MS,250MS,2,10MS,5MIN Description • You can use this command on models with the /C2 or /C3 serial interface option. · You can use this command when the serial interface protocol is set to "Master." For information about the serial interface settings, see section 2.3. YM Sets a transmit command of the Modbus master function To not set a command Syntax YM p1,p2<terminator> p1 Registration number (1 to 16) p2 Computation usage (OFF) Query YM[p1]? Do not set command registration number 1. Example YM1,OFF To set a command that reads external input channels Syntax YM p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator> p1 Registration number (1 to 16) p2 Command type (R) p3 First channel (external input channel number) p4 Last channel (external input channel number) p5 Slave device address (1 to 247)

 p6 First register number (30001 to 39999, 40001 to 49999, 300001 to 365535, 400001 to 465535)

p7 Type of data assigned to the registers (INT16, UINT16, INT32_B, INT32_L, UINT32_B, UINT32_L)

YM[p1]?

Example Register the following command in command registration number 2: Read the 32-bit signed integer data that is assigned to registers 30002 (upper 16 bits) and 30004 (lower 16 bits) in the slave device at address 5 into the DX channels 201 to 203. YM2, R, 201, 203, 5, 30002, INT32 B

To set a command that reads communication input data

YM p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>

- p1 Registration number (1 to 16)
- p2 Command type (R-M)
- p3 First channel (communication input data number)
- p4 Last channel (communication input data number)
- p5 Slave device address (1 to 247)
- p 6 First register number (30001 to 39999, 40001 to 49999, 300001 to 365535, 400001 to 465535)
- p7 Type of data assigned to the registers (INT16, UINT16, INT32_B, INT32_L, UINT32_B, UINT32_L, FLOAT_B, FLOAT_L)

Query YM[p1]?

Example Register the following command in command registration number 2: Read the 32-bit signed integer data that is assigned to registers 30003 (upper 16 bits) and 30004 (lower 16 bits) in the slave device at address 5 into the DX channels C02 to C05. YM2, R-M, C02, C05, 5, 30003, INT32 B

IM2, IC M, CO2, CO3, 3, 300003, INI32_D

To set a command that writes to measurement channels

YM p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7 <terminator></terminator>
p1 Registration number (1 to 16)
p2 Command type (W)
p3 First channel (measurement channel
number)
p4 Last channel (measurement channel
number)
p5 Slave device address (1 to 247)
p6 First register number (40001 to 49999,
400001 to 465535)
p7 Type of data assigned to the registers
(INT16, F LOAT_B, FLOAT_L)
YM[p1]?
Register the following command in command
registration number 3: Write the measured data

3

Commands

of channels 003 to 006 in registers 40003 to 40006 in the slave device at address 7. YM3, W, 003, 006, 7, 40003, INT16

To set a command that writes to computation channels

Syntax YM p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7<terminator>

- p1 Registration number (1 to 16)
- p2 Command type (W-M)
- ${\tt p3}$ $\,$ First channel (computation channel number)
- ${\tt p4}$ $\,$ Last channel (computation channel number)
- p5 Slave device address (1 to 247)
- p6 First register number (40001 to 49999, 400001 to 465535)
- p7 Type of data assigned to the registers (INT16, UINT16, INT32_B, INT32_L, FLOAT_B,FLOAT_L)

To set a command for communication input channel data exchange

- p1 Registration number (1 to 16)
- p2 Command type (E-M)
- p3 First channel (communication input data number)
- p4 Last channel (communication input data number)

p4 can only be set to the same value as p3. (Only one register can be loaded per command.)

- $\tt p5$ $\,$ Address of the slave device (1 to 247).
- p6 First register number (40001 to 49999, 400001 to 465536)
- p7 Register data type (INT16, UINT16, INT32_B, INT32_L, UINT32_B, UINT32_L, FLOAT_B, FLOAT_L)

Query YM[p1]?

Example Register the following command in command registration number 2: Write the computed 16-bit signed integer data of channels 101 to 105 to the first register 40003 in the slave device at address 5.

YM2,W-M,101,105,5,40003,INT16

- Description You can use this command on models with the /C2 or /C3 serial interface option.
 - You can use this command when the serial interface protocol is set to "Master." For information about the serial interface settings, see section 2.3.
 - Set p3 to a value that is less than or equal to p4.
 - The number of registers that are read from or written to is determined by the values that you set for p3, p4, and p7. An error occurs if the specified number of registers exceeds the number of registers that actually follow the first register (p6).

WRSets the instrument information
outputSyntaxWR p1,p2,p3,p4,p5<terminator>
p1Memory and media status (OFF, ON)
p2Self diagnosis (OFF, ON)
p3communication errors (OFF, ON)

- Moment etca (OFF, C
- p4 Memory stop (OFF, ON) p5 Alarms (OFF, ON)

Query WR?

Example Set the DX to transmit various types of information.

WI Sets the relay operations

On DXs without the /AS1 Advanced Security Option

- Syntax WI p1,p2<terminator> p1 FAIL relay (Fail, Status) p2 Status relay (Fail, Status) Fail FAII Status Instrument information Query WT? Example Output FAIL to the FAIL relay and the instrument information to the status relay. WIFail, Status Description This command is valid on models with the /F1 or /F2 option. On DXs with the /AS1 Advanced Security Option Svntax WI pl,p2<terminator> p1 FAIL relay (Fail, Status, MemorySample, UserLocked, Login) p2 Status relay (Fail, Status, MemorySample, UserLocked, Login) Fail FAII Status Instrument information MemorySsmple Memory sampling UserLocked Invalid user Login Login Query WI? Example Output FAIL to the FAIL relay and login information to the status relay. WIFail, Login Description This command is valid on models with the /F1 or /F2 option. WF Sets the Modbus connection limitation
- Syntax
 WF pl<terminator>

 p1
 Modbus connection limitation (USE, NOT)

 Query
 WF?

 Example
 Place limitations on Modbus connections.

 WFUSE

WG Sets an IP address that is allowed to connect via Modbus

- Syntax WG p1,p2<terminator> p1 Registration number (1 to 10)
 - p2 Whether or not to register (ON, OFF)

p3 IP address (0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255)

- Query WG[p1]?
- Example Allow connection from 192.168.111.24. Use registration number 1.

WG1, ON, 192.168.111.24

Description This command is valid when the Modbus connection limitation is placed (WF command).

WJ Sets the FTP transfer wait time

 Syntax
 WJ p1, p2<terminator>

 p1
 Display data and event data [minutes] (0 to 120)

 p2
 Reports [minutes] (0 to 120)

 Query
 WJ?

 Example
 Set the FTP transfer wait time for report data to 30 minutes. Do not set a wait time for display data and event data.

 WJ0, 30

WQ Sets PROFIBUS-DP

- Syntax
 WQ pl<terminator>

 p1
 Node address (0 to 125)

 Query
 WQ ?

 Example
 Set the node address to 121.

 WQ121
 WQ
- Description You can use this command on models with the /CP1 PROFIBUS-DP option.

XE Activates basic settings

- XE pl<terminator>
 - p1 Whether or not to save settings (STORE, ABORT)

Example Save basic settings.

Syntax

- XESTORE
- Description To activate the settings you have changed using basic setting commands, you must use the XE command to save the settings. Be sure to use the XE command to save the settings before switching the execution mode back to operation. If you do not save the settings and change the execution mode back to operation, the DX returns to the previous settings.
 - This command is invalid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

Activates	basic	settings	(cold
reset)			

YE

	/		
Syntax	YE pl <terminator></terminator>		
	p1 Whether or not to activate settings		
	STORE Save basic settings and restart		
	ABORT Restart without saving basic		
	settings		
Example	Saves basic settings and restart.		
	YESTORE		
Description	If the settings are changed during memory		
	sampling in basic setting mode, a cold reset is		
	not executed. The login status is sustained.		

3.7 Output Commands (Control)

BO Sets the output byte order BO p1<terminator> Syntax p1 Byte order 0 Outputs data MSB first. 1 Outputs data LSB first. Query BO? Output data MSB first. Example BOO Description This command applies to the byte order of numeric data for BINARY output. CS Sets the check sum (can only be used during serial communications) CS pl<terminator> Syntax p1 Checksum usage 0 Do not calculate (value fixed at zero) Calculate 1 CS? Query Example Enable (Calculate) the checksum. CS1 Description You can use this command only for serial communications. IF Sets status filters Syntax IF p1, P2<terminator> p1 Filter values for status information numbers 1 to 4 (0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255) p2 Filter values for status information numbers 5 to 8 (0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255) Query IF? Set the status filter values to 1.0.4.0 and Example

255.127.63.31. IF 1.0.4.0,255.127.63.31 Description For details, see chapter 5.

<u>CB</u> Sets the data output format

Syntax	CB p1 <terminator></terminator>			
	p1 Output format			
	0 Normal output (includes data from			
	channels set to SKIP and OFF)			
	1 Do not output data from channels			
	set to SKIP or OFF			
Query	CB?			
Example	Set the output format to normal output.			
	CBO			
Description • This setting is separate for each connection.				

- This command only affects the communication section and does not affect the front panel settings.
- · Effective range of commands

Dutput information	Corresponding command
Instantaneous data output (binary)	FD1, FF
Instantaneous data output (ASCII)	FD0
Decimal place information (ASCII)	FE1
Setup channel information (binary)	FE5
Configured alarm information (binary)	FE6

<u>CC</u> Disconnects the Ethernet connection (can only be used for Ethernet communications)

- SyntaxCC pl<terminator>p1Disconnection (0)ExampleDisconnect the connection.
- CC0

Note ____

values again.

Initialization of settings specified using the BO, CS, IF, and CB commands
 Serial communications
Settings specified using the BO, CS, IF, and CB commands
are reset to the following default values when you reset the DX
(when you turn the DX off and then back on or when you exit
from basic setting mode).
 Output byte order, checksum, output format: 0
 Status filter: 255.255.255.255
If you reset the DX, you must set these values again.
Ethernet communications
Settings specified using the BO, IF, and CB commands
are reset to their default values when you disconnect the
connection to the DX. After reconnecting to the DX, set these

3.8 Output Commands (Setting, Measured, and Computed Data Output)

3.8 Output Commands (Setting, Measured, and Computed Data Output)

FC Outputs screen image data

- Syntax FC pl<terminator>
 - p1 GET (Output screen image data)
- Example Output screen image data from the DX. FCGET
- Description The DX captures the currently displayed screen and outputs the data in PNG format.

FE Outputs setup data

Syntax FE p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator>

- p1 Output data type
 - 0 Setup data of setting mode
 - 1 Decimal place and unit information
 - 2 Setup data of basic setting mode
 - 4 Setup data file
 - 5 Setup channel information output
 - 6 Configured alarm information output
- p2 First channel number (measurement, computation, or external input channel)
- p3 Last channel number (measurement, computation, or external input channel)
- p4 Format version (see "Setup Channel Information Output" in "Response Format.")
 - 1 Format for Release number 2 or Earlier (format version 1)
 - 2 Format for Release number 3 or later (format version 2)
- Example Output the setup data of setting mode for channels 001 to 005 from the DX. FE0,001,005
- Description Make sure that the last channel number is greater than or equal to the first channel number.
 - Parameters p2 and p3 are valid when p1 is set to 0, 1, 2, 5, or 6. If you omit p2 or p3, all channels are specified.
 - Set parameters p2 and p3 by referring to the table in section 3.3.
 - Parameter p4 is valid when p1 is set to 5. If you omit p4 when it is valid, p4 is set to 1.

FD Outputs the most recent measured/computed data

Syntax FD p1,p2,p3<terminator>

0

- p1 Output data type
 - Most recent measured, computed, and external input data in ASCII format

- Most recent measured, computed, and external input data in binary format Relay status and internal switch
- 6 Relay status and internal switch status
 - Event level switch status
- p2 First channel number (measurement, computation, or external input channel)
- p3 Last channel number (measurement, computation, or external input channel)

Example Output the most recent measured and computed data for channels 001 to 005 from the DX in ASCII format.

FD0,001,005

- Description The most recent measured and computed data correspond to the most recent measured and computed data in the internal memory when the DX receives the FD command.
 - Make sure that the last channel number is greater than or equal to the first channel number.
 - Parameters p2 and p3 are valid when p1 is set to 0 or 1. If you omit p2 or p3, all channels are specified.
 - Set parameters p2 and p3 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

Outputs FIFO data

FF

Syntax	FF	p1,p2,p3,p4 <terminator></terminator>					
	p1	□ Type of operation					
		GET	Output starting with the next block				
		RESEND	Retransmit the previous output				
		RESET	Set the most recent data position				
			(block) to the FIFO buffer read				
			position (block)				
	p2	First cha	nnel number (measurement,				
		computation, or external input channel)					
	pЗ	Last channel number (measurement,					
		computation, or external input channel) 4 Maximum number of blocks to read out					
	p4						
		1200	DX1002/DX1004/DX2004/DX2008				
		240	DX1006/DX1012/DX2010/				
			DX2020/DX2030/DX2040/DX2048				
		60	Models with the /MC1 external				
		input channel option					
		If the amount of measured, computed, and					
		external input data is less than the specified					
		number of blocks, the DX sends all of the					
		available data.					
Example	Out	Output two blocks of FIFO data from channels 1					
	to 10.						
	FFG	GET,001,	010,2				
Descriptior	י ר	The FIFO	buffer is a cyclic buffer in which the				
	oldest data is overwritten first. Use the FR						
	command to set the acquisition interval.						
	The DX sends the specified number of blocks						
	((p4) of EIEO data starting with the next block					

3.8 Output Commands (Setting, Measured, and Computed Data Output)

Be sure to read the data within the following buffer period to prevent data dropouts.

• DX1004 FIFO buffer size

240 cycles (scan interval)

Maximum buffer period

240 × (acquisition interval) You cannot resend data if the buffer period elapses.

- · Parameters p2 to p4 are valid when p1 is set to GET.
- · If you omit p4, all blocks are specified.
- Make sure that the last channel number is greater than or equal to the first channel number.
- · For details on the FIFO data output process, see appendix 5.
- · Set parameters p2 and p3 by referring to the table in section 3.3.

FL Outputs a log, alarm summary, or message summary

Syntax	FL	p1,p	2,p3<	terminator>				
	p1	Log	type					
		COM		Communication				
		FTPO	2	FTP client				
		ERR		Operation errors				
		LOGIN WEB EMAIL SNTP		Login log				
				Web operation				
				E-mail				
				SNTP access log				
		DHCI	2	DHCP access log				
		ALAI	RM	Alarm summary				
		MSG		Message summary				
		MODI	BUS	Modbus communication log				
		SET	CIN	Change settings log				
	p2	Maximum log readout length						
		1 to	200	When p1 is set to COM,				
				MODBUS, or SETTING				
		1 to	1000	when p1 is set to ALARM				
		1 to	450	when p1 is set to MSG				
		1 to	50	When p1 is set to a value other				
				than those listed above				
	pЗ	Batc	h group	number				
Example	Output the 10 most recent operation error logs.							
	FLERR,10							
Description	• (Dutput	s the lo	g that is stored in the DX.				
	• If you omit p2, all written logs are output.							
	• Parameter p3 is valid when multi batch /BT2							
	is in use and p1 is set to ALARM or MSG (all							
	other parameters are don't care).							
	All logged items are output when you omit p3							
	• Set parameter p3 by referring to the table in							
	section 3.3.							

• The setting p1=LOGIN is invalid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

• The setting p1=SETTING is only valid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

Outputs an operation log (/AS1 FL advanced security option)

FL p1,p2,p3,p4<terminator> Syntax

- p1 Output format 0 Fixed length

Details attached 1

p2 User name You can specify multiple user names (up to five) by delimiting them with commas.

- p3 Operations You can specify multiple operations (up to five) by delimiting them with commas. Specify operations by using the notation that is used in the operation log (see appendix 1 in IM04L41B01-05EN).
- p4 Maximum number of items to output (1 to 100)
- Example Output up to 100 items from the log of User1's operations.

FI0,User1,,100

- Description Omitting p2 is the same as specifying all users.
 - If you specify more than five users for p2, users from the sixth user onwards are invalid.
 - If you enter five colons for p2 without specifying any user names, users from the sixth user onwards are invalid.
 - · Omitting p3 is the same as specifying all operations.
 - If you specify more than five items for p3, items from the sixth item onwards are invalid.
 - · If you enter five colons for p3 without specifying any items, items from the sixth item onwards are invalid.
 - p4 cannot be omitted.
 - p3 is not case sensitive. Items that start with the specified characters are output. Example Error Specifies all errors Error213 Specifies error 213
 - If p2 and p3 are both specified, the DX outputs items that match the logical AND of p2 and p3

Outputs status information

IS

Syntax IS pl<terminator> p1 Status information output 0 Status information 1 and 4 1 Status information 1 and 8 Output status information 1 to 4. Example TS0

3.8 Output Commands (Setting, Measured, and Computed Data Output)

Description You can mask the output status using status filters (see the IF command). For details on status information, see chapter 5.

FU Outputs user levels

- Syntax FU p1<terminator>
 - p1 User information output
 - 0 Information about the users currently logged in
 - 1 Information about the users currently logged into a generalpurpose service
- Example Output information about the users logged into a general-purpose service.
- Description This command sends information about users that are connected to the DX.

FA Outputs internal DX information

FA p1<terminator>

Syntax

- p1 Type of operation
 - IP Address information that includes the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, DNS server as well as the host name and domain name

ME Outputs data stored on the external storage medium and internal memory

ME p1,p2,p3<terminator> Syntax p1 Type of operation DIR File list output GET Output (first time) NEXT Output (subsequent times). This parameter is used to output the remaining data when the first output operation is not enough to output all of the data. RESEND Retransmit the previous output DEL Delete DIRNEXT Output the subsequent file list after the file list is output using the DIR or LIST command. The number of output lists is the p3 value specified using the DIR command. If you use this command after all lists have been output, the following data is output. EACRLF ENCRLF CHKDSK Checks the disk.Outputs information about the free space

p2 Path name (up to 100 characters)

Set the path name using a full path.

on the external storage medium.

- p3 Maximum number of file lists to output (1 to 1000)If you omit this parameter, the DX outputs
 - the entire file list of the specified directory.
- Example Output the entire file list of the DRV0 directory $_{\rm MEDIR,/DRV0/}$
 - Output the DRV0 directory file list for 10 files. MEDIR, /DRV0/, 10
 - Output the data in the file 72615100.DAD in the DRV0/DATA0 directory.
- $\label{eq:meget_$
 - GET, DEL, or CHKDSK.Parameter p3 is valid when p1 is set to DIR.
 - If an error occurs during data transmission, you can set p1 to RESEND to retransmit data.
 - The setting p1=DEL is invalid on models with the /AS1 advanced security option.

Path name specifications

The first level directories point to the following locations.

Path that starts with /MEM0/DATA/Internal memory

Path that starts with /DRV0/External storage medium

- Path names are case-sensitive.
- You can access files whose name is less than or equal to 48 characters that are within three directory levels.
- Wild cards have the following limitations.
 - Asterisks can be used in p2 when p1 is set to DIR.
 - If a path ends with a slash, it is equivalent to specifying * for the path.
 Example) /DRV0/DATA0/ and /DRV0/ DATA0/* are equivalent.
 - For the file name and for the extension, characters at the asterisk and subsequent characters can be any characters.
 - Example) Let us assume that there are five files: ab001.ef1, ab002. ef1, ab001.ef2, ab002.ef2, and ab001.yyy. If you specify ab*01.ef1, ab001.

ef1 and ab002.ef1 are selected. If you specify ab001.e^{*}1, ab001.ef1 and ab001.ef2 are selected.

MO

Syntax

Outputs the data stored in the internal memory

- MO p1,p2,p3<terminator> p1 Type of operation DIR Data list output
 - DIRData list outputGETData outputSIZEData size output
3.8 Output Commands (Setting,...) / 3.9 Output Commands (RS-422/485 ...)

- p2 Output data type
 - MANUAL Manual sampled data REPORT Report
- p3 Specified file name
- Example Output report data, 000142_080102_004127 H .DAR from the DX.

MOGET, REPORT, 000142_080102_004127H_.

Description Parameter p3 is valid when p1 is set to GET or SIZE.

3.9 Output Commands (RS-422/485 Dedicated Commands)

ESC O Opens an instrument ESC in ASCII code is 1BH. For details, see appendix 3. Syntax ESC 0 pl<terminator> pl Instrument address (01 to 99) Example Open the instrument at address 99, and enable all commands. ESC 099 Description • Description • Specifies the address of the instrument that you want to communicate with. • You can only open one instrument at any given time.

- If you execute ESC O, any instrument that is already open is automatically closed.
- When the DX receives this command successfully, the DX returns "**ESC** □ □ ".
- Normally, the terminator can be CR+LF or LF for communication commands. However, you must terminate this command with CR+LF.

must terminate this command with CR+LF.

ESC C Closes an instrument

	ESC in ASCII code is 1BH. For details, see		
	appendix 3.		
Syntax	ESC C pl <terminator></terminator>		
	p1 Instrument address (01 to 99)		
Example	Close the device whose address is 77.		
	ESC C77		
Description	This command closes the connection to the		
	instrument you are communicating with.		
	 When the DX receives this command 		
	successfully, the DX returns " ESC $\square \square$ ".		
	Normally, the terminator can be CR+LF or LF		
	for communication commands. However, you		

3.10 Output Commands (Special Response Commands)

<u>*I</u> Outputs instrument information

Syntax *I<terminator>

Description This command sends the maker, model, serial number, and firmware version in a commaseparated ASCII string with a terminator at the end.

Example YOKOGAWA, DX1000, 99AA0123, F1.01

3.11 Maintenance and Test Commands (Available when using the maintenance/ test server function via Ethernet)

<u>close</u>	Closes another device's connection		
Syntax	<pre>close, p1, p2:p3<terminator> p1 Port on the DX side (1 to 65535) p2 IP address on the PC side (0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255) p3 Port on the PC side (0 to 65535)</terminator></pre>		
Example	close,34159,192.168.111.24:1054 E0		
Description	You cannot use this command to disconnect a server port. You cannot use this command to disconnect from the DX that you are operating. Use the quit command instead.		
con	Outputs connection information		
Syntax Example con EA 00/00/00 12:	con <terminator></terminator>		
Active conne	ections		
Proto Local TCP 192.1 TCP 0. TCP 0. TCP 0. EN	Address Foreign Address State .68.111. 24:34159 192.168.111. 24:1053 ESTABLISHED 0. 0. 0:34155 0. 0. 0. 0 LISTEN 0. 0. 0:34159 0. 0. 0. 0 LISTEN 0. 0. 0:34150 0. 0. 0. UISTEN		
	TCP Protocol used		
	Local Address		
	DX socket address DX socket address. Displays "IP address:port number." Foreign Address Destination socket address Displays "IP address:port number." State Connection state. ESTABLISHED Connection established.		
eth Syntax Example eth EA 00/00/00 12:	Outputs Ethernet statistics eth <terminator></terminator>		

3.11 Maintenance and Test Commands

Ethern	net	Stat	istics			
Name	In	Pkt	In Err	Out Pkt	Out Err	16 Coll
100	0		0	0	0	0
mb0	74		0	64	0	0
EN						

help	Outputs help
Syntax	help [,p1] <tern< th=""></tern<>

Syntax	help	[,p1] <terminator></terminator>
	p1 C	ommand name

(close, con, eth, help, net, quit)

Example	
help	
EA	
con	- echo connection information
eth	- echo ethernet information
help	- echo help
net	- echo network status
quit	- close this connection
EN	

Outputs network statistics net

Syntax

net<terminator> Example

net ΕA 00/00/00 12:34:56

Network Status

```
APP: power on time = 00/00/00 12:34:56
APP: applalive = disable
               = 0
APP: genedrops
               = 0
APP: diagdrops
APP: ftpsdrops
                 = 0
TCP: keepalive
                 = 30 s
                = 14
TCP: connects
TCP: closed
                 = 0
TCP: timeoutdrop = 0
TCP: keepdrops
                 = 0
                 = 53
TCP: sndtotal
TCP: sndbyte
                 = 0
TCP: sndrexmitpack = 0
TCP: sndrexmitbyte = 1
TCP: rcvtotal
                 = 0
TCP: rcvbyte
                 = 0
DLC: 16 collisions = 0
ΕN
```

```
TCP: keepalive
```

```
Keepalive check cycle
```

```
TCP: connects
```

Total number of connections established

TCP: closed

Total number of closed connections TCP: timeoutdrop

Total number of closed connections due to TCP retransmission timeout. When the transmitted packet is not received, the DX retransmits the packet at a predetermined time interval. If the packet is not received after 14 retransmissions, a timeout occurs, and the connection is closed.

TCP: keepdrops Total number of closed connections due to TCP keepalive timeout TCP: sndtotal Total number of transmitted packets TCP: sndbyte Total number of transmitted bytes TCP: sndrexmitpack Total number of retransmitted packets TCP: sndrexmitbyte Total number of retransmitted bytes TCP: rcvtotal Total number of received packets TCP: rcvbyte Total number of received bytes DLC: 16 collisions Number of collisions. A collision occurs when two or more instruments on the network attempt to transmit simultaneously. The tendency for collisions to occur increases when the network is congested. 16 collisions would mean 16 consecutive collisions.

Closes the connection to the quit instrument that you are operating

quit<terminator> Syntax

```
IM 04L41B01-17E
```

3.12 Instrument Information Output Commands (Available when using the instrument information server function via Ethernet)

The instrument information server function interprets one UDP packet to be one command and returns a single packet (containing DX information) in response to the command.

Port number	34264/udp
Transfer data	ASCII
Receive buffer size	128
Transmit buffer size	512
Maximum number of parameters	32

In the command packet, you arrange the parameters that correspond to information you want to receive.

Parameter	Description
serial	Outputs the serial number.
host	Outputs the host name (host name that you specified in section 1.3).
ip	Outputs the IP address (the IP address that you specified in section 1.3).

Example Query the IP address and host name. (The first frame below contains the command packet. The second frame contains the response packet.)

ip host

```
EA
ip = 192.168.111.24
host = DX1000-1
EN
```

- Description Separate each parameter with one or more spaces (space, tab, carriage return, or line feed).
 - Parameters are not case sensitive.
 - · Undefined parameters are ignored.
 - Parameters after the 32nd parameter are ignored.

4.1 Response Syntax

The following table shows the types of responses for various commands described in the previous chapter.

The DX returns a response (affirmative/negative response) to a command that is delimited by a single terminator. The controller should follow the one command to one response format. When the command-response rule is not followed, the operation is not guaranteed.

Commands	Response		
	Group	Affirmation	Negation
Setting commands	Setting	Affirmative response	Single negative
	Control		response or multiple
Basic Setting comma	nds		negative responses
Output commands	Control		
	Setup, measurement, and	ASCII output	
	control data output	Binary output	
	RS-422/485 dedicated	Dedicated response	No response
	Special resonse	Dedicated response	
	commands		

For the responses to the instrument information server function, see section 4.4. For the responses to special commands, see section 3.10.

Note_

The "CRLF" used in this section denotes carriage return line feed.

Affirmative Response

When the command is processed correctly, an affirmative response is returned.

- Syntax
 - E0*CRLF*
- Example E0

Single Negative Response

When a command is not processed correctly, a single negative response is returned.

- Syntax
- E1_nnn_mmm···m*CRLF* nnn Error number (001 to 999) mmm···m Message (variable length, one line) _ Space • Example

E1 001" System error"

Multiple Negative Responses

- If there is an error in any one of the multiple commands that are separated by sub delimiters, multiple negative responses are returned.
- The response is generated for each erroneous command.
- If there are multiple commands that have errors, the negative responses are separated by commas.
- The error position number is assigned to the series of commands in order starting with "1" assigned to the first command.

- Syntax
 - E2_ee:nnn*CRLF*
 - E2_ee:nnn,ee:nnn,...,ee:nnn*CRLF*
 - ee Error position (01 to 10)
 - nnn Error number (001 to 999)
 - _ Space

• Example

E2 02:001

Text Output

For details on the text data types and their formats, see section 4.2.

(When there is only one error)

(When there are multiple errors)

```
• Syntax
EACRLF
:
....CRLF
ENCRLF
```

Binary Output

Conceptual Diagram



EBCRLF

Indicates that the data is binary.

Data Length

The byte value of "flag + identifier + header sum + binary data + data sum."

Header Sum

The sum value of "data length + flag + identifier."

Binary Value

For the output format of various data types, see section 4.3.

Data Sum

The sum value of the binary data.

Note

The data length of the binary header section is output according to the byte order specified with the BO command.

Fla	g				
E	Bit	Name (Abbreviation)	Flag 0	1	Meaning of the Flag
7	,	BO	MSB	LSB	Output byte order
6	;	CS	No	Yes	Existence of a checksum
5		-	-	-	
4		-	-	-	
3		-	-	-	
2		_	_	-	
1		-	-	-	
0)	END	Middle	End	In the middle or at the end of the continuous data

• When the BO flag is "0," the high byte is output first. When the BO flag is "1," the low byte is output first.

- If the check sum is enabled (parameter = 1) using the CS command parameter, each sum value is inserted in the header sum and data sum sections. If the check sum is disabled (parameter = 0), a zero is inserted in the header sum and data sum sections. For a sample program that calculates the sum value, see "Calculating the sum value" on the next page.
- If the amount of data output in response to a ME/MO command is large, not all the data may be returned in one output request (parameter GET). In this case the END flag becomes 0. You must send output requests (parameter NEXT) to receive the rest of the data until the END flag becomes 1.
- The bits that have "•" for the name and flag are not used. The value is undefined.

ID

An ID number indicating the binary data type. The table below indicates the data types and the corresponding output commands. Binary data that is not indicated in the above table is considered undefined files.

ID Number	Binary Data Type	Туре	Format	Output Command
0	Undefined file	file (* . *)	-	ME
1	Instantaneous data	Data	Yes	FD
1	FIFO data	Data	Yes	FF
13	Screen data file	File (*. PNG)	_	ME,FC
15	Display data file	File (*.DAD)	No	ME
16	Event data file	File (*.DAE)	No	ME
17	Manual sample file	File (* . DAM)	Yes	ME,MO
18	Report file	File (*.DAR)	Yes	ME,MO
19	Setup data file	File (*.PDL)	No	ME,FE4
25	Setup channel information output	Data	Yes	FE5
26	Configured alarm information output	Data	Yes	FE6
31	Display data file ^{*1}	File (*.DSD)	No	ME
32	Event data file ^{*1}	File (*.DSE)	No	ME
33	Setup data file ^{*1}	File (*.PEL)	No	ME, FE4
34	Change settings log file ^{*1}	File (*.TXT)	-	ME
35	Report file (for a report template) ^{*2}	File (*.xml)	_	ME

*1 Advanced security (/AS1 option)

*2 Release numbers 4 and later

Yes: Disclosed. No: Undisclosed. -: Common format.

- The table above shows the different types of binary data.
- · Binary data comes in two types, data and file.

Data

- Measured/computed data can be output using the FD command.
- · FIFO data can be output using the FF command.
- The data format is disclosed. See section 4.3.

4

File

- Display data, event data, and setup data files can be used on the DXA120 DAQSTANDARD Software that comes with the package. For details, see the user's manuals of the DXA120 DAQSTANDARD (IM04L41B01-63EN and IM04L41B01-64EN).
- Files that are in common formats can be opened using software programs that are sold commercially.
- Other formats are written in ASCII code. A text editor can be used to open these types of files.

Calculating the Sum Value

If you set the parameter of the CS command to 1 (enabled), the checksum value is output only during serial communications. The check sum is the same as that used in the TCP/IP and is derived according to the following algorithm.

Buffer on Which the Sum Value Is Calculated

- For the header sum, it is calculated from "data length + flag + identifier" (fixed to 6 bytes).
- For the data sum, it is calculated from the binary data.



If the data length of the buffer is odd, a zero is padded so that it is even. (1) through (6) are summed as unsigned two-byte integers (unsigned short). If the digit overflows a 1 is added. Finally, the result is bit-wise inverted.

Sample Program

The sum value is determined using the following sample program, and the calculated result is returned. The sum determined by the sample program can be compared with the header sum of the output binary header section and the data sum of the output binary footer section.

```
* Sum Calculation Function (for a 32-bit CPU)
                     Pointer to the top of the data on which the sum is calculated
* Parameter
              buff:
              len:
                     Length of the data on which the sum is calculated
* Returned value:
                     Calculated sum
*/
int cksum(unsigned char *buff, int len)
{
                               /* Pointer to the next two-byte data word in the buffer that is
  unsigned short *p;
                                 to be summed */
                      csum; /* Checksum value */
  unsigned int
  int i;
  int odd;
  csum = 0;
                               /* Initialize. */
  odd = len %2;
                               /* Check whether the number of data points is even. */
  len >>= 1;
                               /* Determine the number of data points using a "short"
                                 data type. */
  p = (unsigned short *)buff;
  for(i=0;i<len;i++)</pre>
                               /* Sum using an unsigned short data type. */
     csum += *p++;
```

```
if(odd){
                   /* When the data length is odd */
                   /* Pad with a 0, and add to the unsigned short data. */
    union tmp{
    unsigned short s;
    unsigned char
                            c[2];
    }tmp;
    tmp.c[1] = 0;
    tmp.c[0] = *((unsigned char *)p);
    csum += tmp.s;
  }
  if((csum = (csum & 0xfff) + ((csum>>16) & 0xfff)) 0xfff)
                                   /* Add the overflowed digits *
    csum = csum - 0xfff;
                                   /* If the digit overflows again, add a 1. */
  return((~csum) & Oxffff); /* bit inversion */
}
```

RS-422/485 Dedicated Responses

The following table shows dedicated commands for the RS-422/RS-485 interface and their responses.

Command Syntax	Meaning	Response
ESC Oxx CRLF	Opens the device.	Response from the device with the specified address ESC Oxx CRLF
		No response when the device with the specified address does not exist*
ESC Cxx CRLF	Closes the instrument	. • Response from the device with the specified address ESC Cxx CRLF
		No response when the device with the specified address does not exist*

* Some of the possible reasons that cause the condition in which the device with the specified address cannot be found are a command error, the address not matching that of the device, the device is not turned ON, and the device not being connected via the serial interface.

- The "xx" in the table indicates the device address. Specify the address that is assigned to the instrument from 01 to 99.
- Only one device can be opened at any given time.
- When a device is opened with the ESC O command, all commands on the device become active.
- When a device is opened with the ESC O command, any other device that is open is automatically closed.
- Normally, either CR+LF or LF can be used as a terminator for communication commands. However, the terminator for these commands must be set to CR+LF.

Note .

• The ASCII code of ESC is 1BH. See appendix 3.

4.2 Output Format of ASCII Data

The following types of ASCII data are available. The format for each type is described in this section. The table below indicates the data types and the corresponding output commands.

Data Type	Corresponding Output Command
Setting data/basic setting data	FE0,FE2
Decimal position/unit information	FE1
Measured, computed, and external input data	FDO
Relay status and internal switch status	FD6
Communication log	FLCOM
FTP client log	FLFTPC
Operation error log	FLERR
Login log	FLLOGIN
Operation log (/AS1 option)	FI
Web operation log	FLWEB
E-mail log	FLEMAIL
SNTP access log	FLSNTP
DHCP access log	FLDHCP
Modbus communication log	FLMODBUS
Alarm summary	FLALARM
Message summary	FLMSG
Change settings log (/AS1 option)	FLSETTING
Status information	ISO,IS1
Ethernet information	FAIP
File list	MEDIR
Check disk	MECHKDSK
Manual sampled/report data information	MODIR
User information	FU0,FU1
Event level switch status (Release number 3 or later)	FD7

Note -

The "CRLF" used in this section denotes carriage return line feed.

Setting Data/Basic Setting Data

- The FE command is used to output the data.
- The setting/basic setting data is output in the order of the listed commands in the table in section 3.2, "A List of Commands." However, the setting information for the following commands is not output.
 - Setting commands (setting)
 SD/FR command
 - Setting commands (control) All commands from BT to IR
 - Basic setting commands XE, YO, YE, and YC commands
- The output format of the setting/basic setting data conforms to the syntax of each command.
- Some commands are output in multiple lines. (Example: Commands that are specified for each channel.)

• Syntax

The two-character command name and the subsequent parameters are output in the following syntax.

```
EACRLF
ttsss···sCRLF
.....
ENCRLF
```

```
tt Command name (SR, SA…, XA, XI…)
sss…s Setting/basic setting data (variable length, one line)
```

```
    Example
```

```
EA
SR001,VOLT,20mV,0,20
SR002,VOLT,20mV,0,20
.....
```

Decimal Point Position/Unit Information

- The FE command is used to output the data.
- You can use the CB command to specify whether to output the data of measurement channels set to skip and computation channels set to OFF.
- Syntax
 - The data is output for each channel in the following syntax.

EACRLF

```
s_cccuuuuuu,ppCRLF
```

ENCRLF

- s Data status (N, D, or S) N: Normal D: Differential input $\ensuremath{\mathbb{S}}$: Skip (When the measurement range is set to SKIP for a measurement channel or when the channel is turned OFF for a computation channel) CCC Channel number (3 digits) 001 to 048: Measurement channel 101 to 160: Computation channel 201 to 440: External input channel uuuuuu Unit information (6 characters, left-justified) mV___: mV v____: V ^C___: °C xxxxxx: (User-defined character string) рр Decimal point position (00 to 04) No decimal (00000) for 00. One digit to the right of the decimal (0000.0) for 01. Two digits to the right of the decimal (000.00) for 02. Three digits to the right of the decimal (00.000) for 03. Four digits to the right of the decimal (0.0000) for 04. Space
- Example

	-	
Ν	001mV	,01
Ν	002mV	,01
El	N	

Measured, computed, and external input data

The FD command is used to output the data.

• You can use the CB command to specify whether to output the data of measurement channels set to skip and computation channels set to OFF.

• Syntax

The measured/computed data is output in the following syntax along with the date and time information for each channel.

EACRLF

DATE_yy/mo/dd*CRLF* TIME hh:mm:ss.mmmt*CRLF*

s ccca1a2a3a4uuuuuufdddddE-pp*CRLF*

ENCRLF

УУ	Year (00 to	o 99)
----	-------------	--------------

- mo Month (01 to 12)
- dd Day (01 to 31)
- hh Hour (00 to 23)
- mm Minute (00 to 59)
- ss Second (00 to 59)
- mmm Millisecond (000 to 999. A period is placed between seconds and milliseconds.)
- t Reserved (Space.)
- s Data status (N, D, S, O, E, or B)
 - N: Normal
 - D: Differential input
 - S:Skip
 - ○: Over
 - $\mathbb{E}: Error$
 - B: Burnout
- ccc Channel number (3 digits)
 - 001 to 048: Measurement channel
 - 101 to 160: Computation channel
 - 201 to 440: External input channel
- a1a2a3a4 a1 Alarm status (level 1)
 - a2 Alarm status (level 2)
 - a3 Alarm status (level 3)
 - a4 Alarm status (level 4)

(Each status is set to H, L, h, l, R, r, T, t, or space.)

((H: high limit alarm, L: low limit alarm, h: difference high-limit alarm, 1: difference low-limit alarm, R: high limit on rate-of-change alarm, r: low limit on rate-of-change alarm, T: delay high limit alarm, t: delay low limit alarm, space: no alarm)

(User-defined character string)

uuuuuu Unit information (6 characters, left-justified)

mV

∨ °C

mV___: V___: ^C__: xxxxxx:

f

ddddd Mantissa (00000 to 99999, 5 digits)

- Eight digits for computed data.
 - For abnormal data (data status is E) or data of which the mantissa or the exponent exceeds the range (data status is O), the mantissa is set to 99999 (999999999 for computed data).

pp Exponent (00 to 04)

```
_ Space
```

• Example

```
EA
DATE 99/02/23
TIME 19:56:32.500
N 001h mV +12345E-03
N 002 mV -67890E-01
S 003
EN
```

Note .

- · Data for non-existing channels are not output (not even the channel number).
- · For channels set to skip, output values from alarm status to exponent are spaces.

Relay Status and Internal Switch Status

The FD command is used to output the DO status and internal switch status.

```
• Syntax
```

```
EACRLF
I01-I06:aaaaaaCRLF
I11-I16:aaaaaaCRLF
I21-I26:aaaaaaCRLF
I31-I36:aaaaaaCRLF
S01-S30:aaa...CRLF
ENCRLF
```

 $\mathtt{aaa}{\cdots}$ Indicates the relay statuses in ascending order by relay number from the

left.

- 1: Relay ON
- 0: Relay OFF
- -: Relay not installed

• Example 1

When relays I01 to I04 are ON, and I05 and I06 are not installed (for the DX1000).

Communication Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- A log of setting/basic setting/output commands and responses is output. Up to 200 logs are retained. Logs that exceed 200 are cleared from the oldest data.

• Syntax EACRLF

```
yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_n_uuu···ufd_mmm···mCRLF
```

ENCRLF

n

f

- YY Year (00 to 99)
- mo Month (01 to 12)
- dd Day (01 to 31)
- hh Hour (00 to 23)
- mm Minute (00 to 59)
- ss Second (00 to 59)
 - Connection ID. A number used to identify the user that is connected.
 - 0: Serial
 - 1 to 3: Ethernet
- uuu...u User name (up to 20 characters)
 - Multiple command flag
 - Space: Single
 - *: Multiple

(If multiple commands are separated by sub delimiters and output at once, "*" is displayed. The multiple commands are divided at each sub delimiter and stored as individual logs (1 log for 1 command and 1 log for 1 response.)

d Input/Output

- >: Input
- <: Output
- mmm · · · m Message (up to 20 characters)
 - The communication log contains only the error number and not the error message section.
 - Normally, the transfer data are transmitted as they are, but in some cases, a special message is output. The special messages are shown below.

Reception

(Over length):	Command length exceeded.
(Over number):	Number of commands exceeded.
(Serial error):	Received an error character through serial
	communications.

Transmission	
(ddd byte):	Data output (where ddd is the number of
	data values)
(Login):	Login
(Logout):	Logout
(Disconnected):	Forced disconnection (occurs when the
	connection was disconnected when
	transmitting data using Ethernet).
(Time out):	Timeout, keepalive, TCP retransmission, etc.
El nnn:	Single negative response (where nnn is the
	error number)
E2 ee:nnn:	Multiple negative response (where ee is the
	error position and nnn is the error number)

Space

Advanced security (/AS1 option)

- The parameters of commands whose parameters include the user password (EK, EL, EJ, and LL) are not output.
- Commands performed through the barcode protocol are not logged in the communication log (operations performed through the barcode protocol are logged in the operation log).

• Example

The following example shows the log when multiple commands separated by sub delimiters, "BO1;???;PS0," are transmitted. The commands are separated and output in order with the multiple command flags "*."

```
EA

99/05/11 12:31:11 1 12345678901234567890*> BO1

99/05/11 12:31:11 1 12345678901234567890*< EO

99/05/11 12:31:11 1 12345678901234567890*> ???

99/05/11 12:31:11 1 12345678901234567890*< E2 01:124

99/05/11 12:31:11 1 12345678901234567890*< E0

EN
```

FTP Client Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The FTP client log is output. Up to 50 file transfer logs are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.
- For the meanings of the error codes, see the DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E).
- Syntax

```
EACRLF
```

```
yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_nnn_xxxxxxxx_k_ffffffff_...cRLF
```

УУ	Year (00 to 99)
mo	Month (01 to 12)
dd	Day (01 to 31)
hh	Hour (00 to 23)
mm	Minute (00 to 59)
SS	Second (00 to 59)
nnn	Error code (001 to 999)
******	Detailed code (9 characters)
k	Server type (P, S)
	P: Primary
	S:Secondary
fff···	File name (up to 51 characters including the extension)
_	Space

• Example

```
ΕA
```

```
99/07/26 10:00:00 P display.dsp
99/07/27 10:00:00 P setting.pnl
99/07/28 10:00:00 123 HOSTADDR P trend.png
EN
```

Operation Error Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The operation error log is output. Up to 50 operation error logs are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.
- Other communication messages (400 to 999) and status messages (500 to 599) are not output.
- For the meanings of the error codes, see the DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E).

```
    Syntax
```

```
EACRLF
yy/mo/dd hh:mm:ss nnn uuu···uCRLF
ENCRLF
        Year (00 to 99)
УУ
mo
        Month (01 to 12)
        Day (01 to 31)
dd
hh
        Hour (00 to 23)
        Minute (00 to 59)
mm
        Second (00 to 59)
SS
nnn
        Error code (001 to 999)
uuu···u Error message
        Space
```

```
• Example
```

```
99/05/11 12:20:00 212 Range setting error
99/05/11 12:30:00 217 Media access error
EN
```

Login Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- A log of users that have logged in and logged out is output. Up to 50 login/logout logs are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.
- If the power goes down while logged in, you will be logged out. In this case, however, it will not be recorded as a logout.
- Syntax

EACRLF

yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_xxxxxxxx_nnn_uuu...uCRLF

ENCRLF

•

УУ	Year (00 to 99)
mo	Month (01 to 12)
dd	Day (01 to 31)
hh	Hour (00 to 23)
mm	Minute (00 to 59)
SS	Second (00 to 59)

******	Login history is output left-justified.	
	Login:	Login
	Logout:	Logout
	NewTime:	New time
	TimeChg:	Time change
	PowerOff:	Power Off
	PowerOn:	Power On
	TRevStart:	Start of gradual time adjustment
	TRevEnd:	End of gradual time adjustment
	TimeDST:	Switching of the daylight savings time
	SNTPtimset:	Time change by SNTP
	CCSetEnd:	Completion of calibration correction
	CCExpire:	Passing of the calibration due date
nnn	Operation property	
	KEY:	Key operation
	COM:	Communication
	REM:	Remote
	ACT:	Event action
	SYS:	System
uuu···u	User name (up to 2	0 characters)
_	Space	
Example EA		
00/05/11 10 0		

```
      99/05/11 12:20:00 Login
      KEY administrator

      99/05/11 12:30:00 Logout
      KEY administrator

      99/05/11 12:20:00 Login
      COM user

      99/05/11 12:30:00 Logout
      COM user

      EN
```

Operation Log (/AS1 option)

•

- The operation log is output by the FI command.
 - An operation history is output. Up to the most recent 100 log items can be output.

Sy EA	/ntax						
уу	/mo/dd_hh:	mm:ss_xxxx	xxxxxxx_n	nn_uuu•	•••u_ddd•••dCRLF		
••	•••••	•••••	• • • • • • • • •	••••			
ΕN	ICRLF						
	уу Ү	ear (00 to 99))				
	mo N	lonth (01 to 1	2)				
	dd D	ay (1 to 31)	,				
	hh H	our (00 to 23)				
	mm N	linute (00 to 5	, 59)				
	ss S	econd (00 to	59)				
			/				
	*****	The operation	ation. It is le	eft justifie	d.		
		See Appe	endix 1 in the	e Advano	ced Security Function (/AS1) Us	er's	
		Manual (I	IM04L41B0	1-05EN).			
	nnn	Operation	n type	,			
		KEY:	•••	Key oper	ration		
		COM:		Commur	nication operation (includes seria	al	
				and Mod	bus communication)		
		REM:		Remote	operation		
		ACT:		Event ac	tion		
		SYS:	SYS: System operation				
	uuu•••u	User nam	User name (20 characters) Detailed information				
	ddd•••d	Detailed i					
		See Appe	endix 1 in the	e Advano	ced Security Function (/AS1) Us	er's	
		Manual (I	IM04L41B01	1-05EN).			
	_	Space					
E١	amnlo						
-	EA						
1	99/05/11	1 12:20:00	AlarmACK	KEY	voshino		
2	99/05/11	1 12:30:00	ChqPassw	d KEY	tsuchiya		
3	01/06/11	1 10:00:00	TimeAdj	REM	tsuchiya		
4	01/06/12	2 12:30:00	MathStar	t KEY	uchiyama		
5	01/06/13	3 12:30:00	MathStop	KEY	uchiyama		
6	01/06/14	4 12:30:00	Message	KEY	uchiyama		
7	01/06/15	5 12:30:00	MathStar	t KEY	tsuchiya		
8	01/06/10	6 12:30:00	MathStop	KEY	tsuchiya		

EN

•

In response to the command "FI0, yoshino:tsuchiya, 10," 1, 2, 3, 7, and 8 are output. In response to the command "FI0,,MathStart:MathStop,10," 4, 5, 7, and 8 are output. In response to the command "FI0,,MathStart:MathStop,2," 7 and 8 are output. In response to the command "FI0,uchiyama,MathStart,10," 4 is output. In response to the command "FI0,MathStart,1," 7 is output.

Web Operation Log

• The FL command is used to output the data.

- The log of operations on the Web screen is output. Up to 50 operations are retained. Logs that exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.
- Syntax

```
EACRLF
yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_ffffff_eee_???···?CRLF
```

ENCRLF

УУ	Year	Year (00 to 99)			
mo	Mon	Month (01 to 12)			
dd	Day	(01 to 31)			
hh	Hou	r (00 to 23)			
mm	Minu	ute (00 to 59)		
SS	Seco	ond (00 to 59	9)		
ffffff	Requ	uested opera	ation		
	SCRI	EEN:	Screen change		
	KEY	:	Key operation		
	MSG	:	Message assignment/write		
	SEAL	RCH:	View data by searching		
	BAT	СН:	Batch switch		
	Erro	r oodo whon	evenuting the requested operation		
eee					
			Success		
222		10 999.	ralidie (erfor code)		
. \\/	: Pala				
• • • •		III - SCR			
УУ	/mo/do	1_nn:mm:ss	s_ffffff_eee_ddddd_nn <i>CRLF</i>		
aa	aaa	Screen type			
		TREND:	I rend display		
		DIGIT:	Digital display		
		BAR:	Bar graph display		
		HIST:	Historical trend display		
	OV: Overview display		Overview display		
nn		Group num	lber (01 to 36)		
• Wi	nen fff	fff = KEY	·		
УУ	/mo/do	l_hh:mm:ss	s_ffffff_eee_kkkkk <i>CRLF</i>		
kk	kkk	Type of key	/ that was operated		
		DISP:	DISP/ENTER key		
		UP:	Up key		
		DOWN:	Down key		
		LEFT:	Left key		
		RIGHT:	Right key		
		FAVOR:	Favorite key		
• WI	nen fff	fff = MSG	, ,		
УУ	/mo/do	l_hh:mm:ss	s_ffffff_eee_mmmmCRLF		
mm	m•••m	Message (ι	up to 32 characters)		

 When ffffff = SEARCH yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_ffffff_eee_dddddCRLF ddddd Data search method TIME: Time designation

- When ffffff = BATCH
 - yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_ffffff_eee_nnCRLF
 - nn Batch group number (00 to 12)
 - 00 Batch overview mode screen
 - 01 to 12 Batch group number
- Space

• Example

EA 01/02/11 12:20:00 SCREEN 275 TREND 01 01/02/11 12:21:00 SCREEN BAR 01/02/11 12:30:00 KEY UP 01/02/11 12:31:00 KEY RIGHT 01/02/11 12:40:00 MSG Hello-Hello EN E-mail Log

• The	 The FL command is used to output the data. 					
• The	The e-mail transmission log is output. Up to 50 operations are retained. Logs that					Logs that
exc	exceed 50 are cleared from the oldest data.					
• Sy	ntax					
EA	CRLF					
УУ	/mo/dd_hh	:mm:ss_fffff	f_eee_n	_uuu···u <i>CRL</i>	F	
••		•••••	• • • • • • •	• • • • •		
EN	CRLF					
	уу Ү	′ear (00 to 99)				
1	mo N	<i>lonth</i> (01 to 12))			
	dd 🛛	Day (01 to 31)				
	hh 占	lour (00 to 23)				
I	mm N	/linute (00 to 59))			
	ss S	Second (00 to 59	9)			
	fffff E	-mail type				
	A	LARM:	Alarm m	ail		
	Т	IME:	Schedul	ed mail		
	R	REPORT:	Report ti	meout mail		
	E	AIL:	Power fa	ailure recovery i	mail	

	REPORT:	Report timeout mail
	FAIL:	Power failure recovery mail
	FULL:	Memory full mail
	TEST:	Test mail
	ERROR:	Error message mail
	PASSWD:	Invalid user mail
eee	Error code	
	All spaces:	Success
	001 to 999:	Error code
n	Recipient list	
	1: List 1	
	2: List 2	
	+: List 1 and I	ist 2
uuu•••u	Series of recipier	nt e-mail addresses (up to 30 characters)
_	Space	

• Example

When list 1 is "user1@daqstation.com user2@daqmaster.com" and list 2 is "adv1@daqmaster.com adv2@daqstation.com" ΕA 01/05/11 12:20:00 ALARM + user1 user2 adv1 adv2 01/05/11 12:30:00 REPORT 375 1 user1 user2 ΕN

SNTP Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The SNTP log is output. Up to 50 accesses to the SNTP server are retained.

• Syntax EACRLF

yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_nnn_xxxxxxxxCRLF

ENCRLF

УУ	Year (00 to 99))	
mo	Month (01 to 12)		
dd	Day (01 to 31)	
hh	Hour (00 to 23	3)	
mm	Minute (00 to	59)	
SS	Second (00 to	959)	
nnn	Error number	(000 to 999)	
xxxxxxxxx Detailed code (9 characters)			
	SUCCESS:	Success	
	OVER:	Over the limit	
	DORMANT:	Internal processing error	
	HOSTNAME:	Failed to look up the host name	
	TCPIP:	Internal processing error	
	SEND:	Failed to send the request	
	TIMEOUT:	A response timeout occurred	
	BROKEN:	Packet was corrupt	
	LINK:	The data link is disconnected	
_	Space		

• Example

```
EA
01/05/11 12:20:00 SUCCESS
01/05/11 12:21:00 SUCCESS
01/05/11 12:30:00 292 HOSTNAME
EN
```

DHCP Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The DHCP log is output. Up to 50 accesses to the DHCP server are retained.
- Syntax

```
EACRLF
```

```
yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_nnn_xxxxxxxCRLF
```

ENCRLF

λλ	Year (00 to 99)
mo	Month (01 to 12)
dd	Day (01 to 31)
hh	Hour (00 to 23)
mm	Minute (00 to 59)
SS	Second (00 to 59)
nnn	Error number (000 to 999)
	Description given in the table.
*****	Detailed code (9 characters)
	Description given in the table.
_	Space

The table below shows the contents of the log during normal operation.

Error Number	Detail Code	Description
562	ON	Detected that an Ethernet cable was connected.
	OFF	Detected that an Ethernet cable was disconnected.
563	RENEW	Requesting address renewal to the DHCP server.
	RELEASE	Requesting address release to the DHCP server.
564	RENEWED	Address renewal complete.
	EXTENDED	Address release extension request complete.
	RELEASED	Address release complete.
565	IPCONFIG	IP address configured.
566	NOREQUEST	Configured not to register the host name.
567	UPDATE	Registered the host name to the DNS server.
568	REMOVE	Removed the host name from the DNS server.

Error Number	Detail Code	Description
295	REJECT	Address obtained by DHCP is inappropriate.
296	ESEND	Failed to send to the DHCP server.
	ESERVER	DHCP server not found
	ESERVFAIL	No response from the DHCP server.
	ERENEWED	Address renewal rejected by the DHCP server.
	EEXTENDED	Address lease extension request rejected by the DHCP server.
	EEXPIRED	Address lease period expired by the DHCP server.
297	INTERNAL	Host name registration failure (transmission error reception timeout, etc.)
	FORMERR	Host name registration failure (format error: DNS message syntax error)
	SERVFAIL	Host name registration failure (server failure: DNS server processing error)
	NXDOMAIN	Host name registration rejection (non existent domain)
	NOTIMP	Host name registration rejected (not implemented)
	REFUSED	Host name registration rejected (operation refused)
	YXDOMAIN	Host name registration rejected (name exists)
	YXRRSET	Host name registration rejected (RR set exists)
	NXRRSET	Host name registration rejected (RR set does not exist)
	NOTAUTH	Host name registration rejection (not authoritative for zone)
	NOTZONE	Host name registration rejection (different from zon section)
	NONAME	Host name not entered on the DX.
298	INTERNAL	Host name removal failure (transmission error, reception timeout, etc.)
	FORMERR	Host name removal failure (format error: DNS message syntax error)
	SERVFAIL	Host name removal failure (server failure: DNS server processing error)
	NXDOMAIN	Host name removal rejection (non existent domain)
	NOTIMP	Host name removal rejected (not implemented)
	REFUSED	Host name removal rejected (operation refused)
	YXDOMAIN	Host name removal rejected (name exists)
	YXRRSET	Host name removal rejected (RR set exists)
	NXRRSET	Host name removal rejected (RR set does not exist)
	NOTAUTH	Host name removal rejection (not authoritative for zone)
	NOTZONE	Host name removal rejection (different from zone section)
	NOTLINKED	Physical layer was disconnected when removing the host name.

• Example

EA 01/05/11 12:20:00 563 RENEW 01/05/11 12:20:01 564 RENEWED 01/05/11 12:20:01 565 IPCONFIG 01/05/11 12:21:02 567 UPDATE EN

Modbus Communication Log

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The Modbus communication log is output. Up to 50 Modbus communication events are retained.
- Syntax EACRLF

```
yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_c_xxxxxx_kkkk_nn_dCRLF
```

ENCRLF

	УΥ	Year (00 to 99)	
	mo	Month (01 to 12	2)
	dd	Day (01 to 31)	
	hh	Hour (00 to 23))
	mm	Minute (00 to 5	9)
	SS	Second (00 to !	59)
	С	Communication	n type (⊂ or ĭ)
		C: Modbus c	lient (Ethernet)
		M: Modbus n	naster (serial)
	XXXXXXX	Even that occur	rred (7 characters)
		DROPOUT:	Communication could not keep up and drop out
			occurred.
		ACTIVE:	Activated.
		READY:	Command ready state.
		CLOSE:	Disconnected.
		HALT:	Command halted.
	kkkk	Detail (4 charac	oters)
		GOOD:	Normal operation
		NONE:	No response from the slave device.
		FUNC:	Received a function error.
		REGI:	Received a register error.
		ERR:	Received a packet error.
		LINK:	Ethernet cable disconnected (Modbus client).
		HOST:	Unable to result the IP address from the host name
			(Modbus client).
		CNCT:	Failed to connect to the server (Modbus client).
		SEND:	Failed to send the command (Modbus client).
		BRKN:	Failed to receive the command.
		Space	At command start
	nn	Command num	ber (1 to 16, space)
	d	Command type	(R, W, E, space)
		R:	Read
		W:	Write
		E:	E-M command
	_	Space	
	Examplo		
-	EA		
	01/05/11	12:20:00 C DR	OPOUT
	01/05/11	12:21:00 C RE	ADY NONE 01 R
	01/05/11	12:25:00 C HA	LT NONE 01 R
	EN		

Alarm Summary

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The alarm summary is output. Up to 1000 alarm events are retained. Alarm events that exceed 1000 are cleared from the oldest data.
- Syntax EACRLF

yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_kkk_ccc_ls_nnnnnnnnCRLF

ENCRLF

yy/mo/dd	hh:mm:ss	Time when the alarm occurred
УУ	Year (00 to	99)
mo	Month (01	to 12)
dd	Day (01 to	31)
hh	Hour (00 to) 23)
mm	Minute (00	to 59)
SS	Second (00	0 to 59)
kkk	Alarm caus	e
	OFF:	Alarm release
	ON:	Alarm occurrence
	ACK:	Alarm acknowledge
CCC	Measurem	ent, computation, or external input channel number
1	Alarm leve	(1 to 4)
S	Alarm type	(H, h, L, l, R, r, T, or t)
nnnnnnnr	nn Alarm sequ	ience
_	Space	

For all-channel alarms, the channel number, alarm level, and alarm status items are all set to asterisk.

The channel numbers and alarm levels of individual alarm acknowledgments are logged.

• Example

EA					
01/05/11	12:20:00	ON	001	1L	1
01/05/11	12:30:00	OFF	131	3t	2
01/05/11	12:31:00	OFF	* * *	* *	2
01/05/11	12:32:00	ACK			4
EN					

Message Summary

- The FL command is used to output the data.
- The message summary is output. Up to 100 messages are retained. Messages that exceed 100 are cleared from the oldest log.
- Syntax EACRLF

```
yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_mmm···_ggg···_zzz_uuu···_nnn···CRLF
```

ENCRLF

- yy Year (00 to 99)
- mo Month (01 to 12)
- dd Day (01 to 31)
- hh Hour (00 to 23)
- mm Minute (00 to 59)
- ss Second (00 to 59)
- mmm · · · Message (32 characters. Spaces are embedded when the number of characters is less than 32 characters.)
- ggg··· Message write destination display group (11 characters)
 - xx, xx, xx, xx: The groups in which the message is written are delimited by commas and displayed.
 (Up to four groups)
 - When the multi batch function is not in use:

All display groups.

- When the multi batch function is in use:
 - All display groups in the specified batch group
- zzz Operation property

ALL:

- KEY: Key operation
- COM: Communication
- REM: Remote
- ACT: Event action
- SYS: System
- uuu · · · · User name (up to 20 characters)
- nnn... Message sequence number (0 for add messages)
- _ Space

• Example

ΕA

```
01/05/11 12:20:00 operation-start 01,02,03,04 KEY admin 11
01/05/11 12:20:00 operation-start 01,02 KEY admin 11
01/05/11 12:20:00*0123456789abcdefg 01,02,03,04 KEY admin 12
EN
```

Change Settings Log (/AS1 option)

• The change settings log is output by the FLSETTING command.

• Syntax EACRLF yy/mo/dd_hh:mu CRLF	m:ss_ffffffff_zzz_uuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuu
ENCRLF	
уу Үеа	r (00 to 99)
mo Mor	nth (01 to 12)
dd Day	(1 to 31)
hh Hou	ır (00 to 23)
mm Min	ute (00 to 59)
ss Sec	cond (00 to 59)
fffffff	File name (no extension, 8 characters)
ZZZ	Operation type
	KEY Key operation
	COM Communication operation
uuu	User name (20 characters)
XXXXXXXXXX	File serial number (10 characters)
_	Space
Example	

EA

09/08/12 11:07:00 81211079 KEY Admin678901234567890 1234567890 09/08/12 11:07:00 81211069 KEY Admin678901234567890 123 EN

Status Information

- The IS command is used to output the data. The output format varies between IS0 and IS1.
- The operation status of the recorder is output.
- For details on the status information, see section 5.2, "The Bit Structure of the Status Information."

Output for the IS0 command

```
• Syntax

EACRLF

aaa.bbb.ccc.dddCRLF

ENCRLF

aaa Status information 1 (000 to 255)

bbb Status information 2 (000 to 255)

ccc Status information 3 (000 to 255)

ddd Status information 4 (000 to 255)
```

• Example

```
EA
000.000.032.000
EN
```

Output for the IS1 Command

```
    Syntax

  EACRLF
  aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd.eee.fff.ggg.hhhCRLF
  ENCRLF
             Status information 1 (000 to 255)
     aaa
    bbb
             Status information 2 (000 to 255)
             Status information 3 (000 to 255)
     CCC
     ddd
             Status information 4 (000 to 255)
             Status information 5 (000 to 255)
     eee
     fff
             Status information 6 (000 to 255)
             Status information 7 (000 to 255)
     ggg
     hhh
             Status information 8 (000 to 255)
```

Example

```
EA
000.000.032.000.000.000.000
EN
```

- Status information 3, 4, 7, and 8 are edge operation. They are cleared when read by the IS command.
- Status information 1, 2, 5, and 6 are level operation. They are not cleared when read. They are cleared when the event clears.
- The status information is made up of bits that correspond to each event. Each bit can be turned ON/OFF with a filter.
- If an event occurs for a bit set to OFF by the filter, status information 3, 4, 7, and 8 discard the event. Status information 1, 2, 5, and 6 hold the event.
- The default filter setting is all ON.

Ethernet Information

• The FA command is used to output the data.

```
• Syntax
EACRLF
```

IP_Address	:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxxCRLF
Subnet_mask	:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxxCRLF
Default_Gateway_	:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxxCRLF
Primary_DNS	:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxxCRLF
Secondary_DNS	:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxxCRLF
Host	_: yyyCRLF
Domain	_:zzzCRLF
ENCRLF	

XXX	IP address number (000 to 255)
ууу	Host name (up to 64 characters)
Z Z Z • • •	Domain name (up to 64 characters)

File List

- The ME command is used to output the data.
- The file sizes and a list of files from the specified directory in the external storage medium or internal memory are output.
- Syntax

LIIOUT	
<pre>yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_ssssssss_fffn_x</pre>	XX•••CRLF

ENCRLF

УУ	Year (00 to 99)		
mo	Month (01 to 12)		
dd	Day (01 to 31)		
hh	Hour (00 to 23)		
mm	Minute (00 to 59)		
SS	Second (00 to 59)		
SSSSSSSSSS	Data size of the file (0 to 99999999) [byte(s)]		
fff···	File name (51 characters including the extension. If it is less thar		
	51, spaces are entered.)		
	If this is a directory, the characters <dir> are shown at the</dir>		
	position displaying the file data size.		
n	Batch group number (0, A to H, J to M)		
	0: No multi batch		
	A to H: Batch group number 1 to 8		
	J to M: Batch group number 9 to 12		
*****	Data serial number (16-digit hexadecimal)		
_	Space		

The "." and ".." directories are not output.

The batch group number and data serial number are included only for files in the internal memory DATA directory. For all other files, the numbers are empty.

• Example 1

File list output of an external storage medium

EA 05/02/24 20:07:12 1204 setting.pnl 05/02/24 20:18:36 <DIR> DATAO EN

• Example 2

Output of a file list in the DATA directory in the internal memory EA

```
05/02/24 20:07:12 1204 006607_050101_000402.DAD 0 1ABCDE123
05/02/24 20:07:12 1204 006608_050101_000403.DAD 0 1234567890123456
EN
```

Check Disk

The ME command is used to output the free space on the storage medium.

```
    Syntax
EACRLF
zzz···_Kbyte_freeCRLF
ENCRLF
    zzz··· Free space on the storage medium (16 digits)
_ Space
    Example
```

```
EA
12345678 Kbyte free
EN
```

Manual Sampled/Report Data Information

The MO command is used to output the data.

```
• Syntax
  EACRLF
  slll..._yy/mo/dd_hh:mm:ss_bbbb_fff...CRLF
  ENCRLF
             Data flag
    s
             Space Confirmed data
             +:
                    Data that was overwritten
             *:
                    Data being added
    111...
             File number (10 digits)
             Year (00 to 99)
    УУ
             Month (01 to 12)
    mo
             Day (01 to 31)
    dd
    hh
             Hour (00 to 23)
             Minute (00 to 59)
    mm
             Second (00 to 59)
    SS
    bbbb
             Number of events (4 characters)
    fff···
             File name (up to 48 characters including the extension)
             Space
    _
```

When the mode is Seprt2, an individual report file is output for each event. Because of this, the file numbers of the report files saved to the CF card will be different.

• Example

EA					
+	6	05/03/04	00:00:00	20	aaaa30312345.DAR
	7	05/03/05	00:00:00	20	30400005.DAR
	8	05/03/06	00:00:00	20	30500005.DAR
*	9	05/03/06	13:00:00	20	uuuu0005.DAR
EN					

User Information

- The FU command is used to output the data.
- · User name, user level, and other information are output.
- Syntax EACRLF p_1_uuu...CRLF
 - ENCRLF
 - p Login method
 - E: Ethernet
 - On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, this indicates connection to the setting function.
 - e: Ethernet
 - On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, this indicates connection to the monitoring function.
 - s: RS-232 or RS-422/485
 - K: Login using keys
 - 1 User level
 - A: Administrator
 - U: User
 - uuu · · · User name (up to 20 characters)
 - _ Space

• Example 1

When the FU0 command is used, information only on the user himself or herself that is logged in is output.

```
EA
E A admin
EN
```

• Example 2

When the FU1 command is used, information on all users logged in through a generalpurpose service or using keys is output.

```
EA
K A admin_abc
E A admin_def
E U user0033
E U user0452
EN
```

Event Level Switch Status (Release number 3 or later)

• The FD command is used to output the event level switch status.

```
    Syntax
EACRLF
    aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaCRLF
    ENCRLF
    aaa...Event level switch status in ascending numerical order.

            ON
            OFF

    Example
```

```
EA
```

11111111110000000001111111111 EN
4.3 Output Format of Binary Data

This section describes the output format of the binary data. For information on other binary data, see section 4.1.

- · Instantaneous data (measured/computed/external input) and FIFO data
- Configured channel information data
- · Configured alarm information data
- · Manual sample file
- · Report sample file

The measured data and computed data are output using signed 16-bit integer and signed 32-bit integer, respectively. These integers can be understood as physical values by adding the decimal point and the unit. The decimal point position can be determined using the FE command.

Typical Examples to Obtain Physical Values from Binary Data

Binary Value	Decimal Position Code	Physical Value (Measured Value)
10000	0	10000
10000	1	1000.0
10000	2	100.00
10000	3	10.000
10000	4	1.0000

Note -

The "CRLF" used in this section denotes carriage return line feed.

Measured/Computed Data and FIFO Data

- The FD command is used to output the measured/computed data.
 - The FF command is used to output the FIFO data.
 - You can use the CB command to specify whether to output the data of measurement channels set to skip and computation or external input channels set to OFF.
 - The ID number of the output format is 1. See "ID" in section 4.1.

2 byte ← ───	2 byte	
Number of blocks	Number of bytes	N
Block 1		
Block n		

Binary data (The binary data section on the "Conceptual diagram" in section 4.1.)

Number of Blocks

This is the number of blocks.

Number of Bytes

This is the size of one block in bytes.

Block

1 b	yte 1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	2 bytes	1 byte	1 byte
•		$ \longrightarrow $	$ \longrightarrow $	↓	\leftarrow	×>		
Ye	ar Month	Day	Hour	Min	s	ms	Summer/ winter	Flag
Туре	Channel	A2A1	A4A3	Measu	ired data			
							_	
Туре	Channel	A2A1	A4A3		Compu	ted data		
Туре	Channel	A2A1	A4A3	Externa	l input data		-	
\leftarrow	<>					-		

4 bits

• Flag

The meaning of the each flag is given in the table below. The flags are valid during FIFO data output. The flags are undefined for other cases.

Bit	Flag		Meaning of the Flag
	0	1	
7	No	Yes	Indicates that the screen snapshot was executed.
6	-	_	
5	-	_	
4	_	_	
3	_	_	
2	No	Yes	Indicates that the decimal position or unit information was changed during measurement.
1	No	Yes	Indicates that the FIFO acquiring interval was changed with the FR command during measurement.
0	No	Yes	Indicates that the internal process took too much time (computation, for example) and that the measurement could not keep up at the specified scan interval.

The bits that have "•" for the flag column are not used. The value is undefined.

Block Member	
Name	Binary Value
Year	0 to 99
Month	1 to 12
Day	1 to 31
Hour	0 to 23
Minute	0 to 59
Second	0 to 59
Millisecond	0 to 999
Summer/winter	0: Winter time, 1: Summer time
Туре	0x0: 16-bit integer (measurement channel/external input channel)
	0x8: 32-bit integer (computation channel)
Channel	1 to 48, 101 to 160, or 201 to 440
Alarm status*	
A1 (Bit 0 to 3)	
A2 (Bit 4 to 7)	0 to 8
A3 (Bit 0 to 3)	
A4 (Bit 4 to 7)	
Measured data/external input data	0 to 0xFFFF

Computed data 0 to 0xFFFFFFF * A binary value 0 to 8 is entered in the upper and lower 4 bits of a byte (8 bits) for the alarm status. The binary values 0 to 8 correspond to H (high limit alarm), L (low limit alarm), h (difference high-limit alarm), I (difference low-limit alarm), R (high limit on rate-of-change alarm), r (low limit on rate-of-change alarm), T (delay high limit alarm), and t (delay low limit alarm) as follows:

0: no alarm, 1: H, 2: L, 3: h, 4: l, 5: R, 6: r, 7: T, and 8: t.

Special Data Values

•

The measured/computed data take on the following values under special conditions.

Special Data Value	Measured Data	Computed Data	
+ Over	7FFFH	7FFF7FFH	
– Over	8001H	80018001H	
Skip	8002H	80028002H	
Error	8004H	80048004H	
Undefined	8005H	80058005H	
Power failure data	7F7FH	7F7F7F7FH	
Burnout (up setting)	7FFAH	7FFF7FFH	
Burnout (down setting)	8006H	80018001H	

The number of blocks, number of bytes, and measured/computed data are output according to the byte order specified with the BO command.

Configured Channel Information Data

- The FE5 command is used to output the data.
- The ID number of the output format is 25.
- You can use the CB command to specify whether to output the data of measurement channels set to skip and computation channels set to OFF.
- The figure below indicates the format.

1 byte < →	1 byte	2 bytes ← →	2 bytes	1 byte	1 byte →		
Version	(Reserved)	Number of blocks	Block size	(Reserved)	(Reserved)	N	
		Configure	ed channel informati	on block 1			1
	•••						1
Configured channel information block n						(

Format for Release Number 2 or Earlier (Format version 1)

• Format Details

Item	Description	Output Value	
Version	Format version		
Number of blocks*	Number of configured channel information blocks	Up to 348	
Block size*	Configured channel information block size	72 (fixed)	
Block 1 to n	Configured channel information blocks	Up to 25056 bytes See Block Details.	

* Output in the byte order specified by the BO command.

Block Details

Item	Number of Bytes	Description
Channel number*	2	1 to 440
Decimal place	1	0 to 4
(Reserved)	1	0
Channel type*	4	2H for measurement and external input channels and 4H for computation channels. This value is ORed with 800H when the range mode is DI or 8000H when the range mode is skip.
Unit information	8	The terminator is '\0.'
Tag information	24	You can enter up to 16 characters for the tag comment. The terminator is '\0.'
Minimum input value*	4	Measurement channels: Allowable input range under the current setting
Maximum input value	*4	Computation channels: -99999999, +999999999 (fixed)
		External input channels: -30000, +30000 (fixed)
Span lower limit*	4	Measurement channels (when scaling is not used): Same value as the DX span setting
Span upper limit*	4	Measurement channels (when scaling is used): Same value as the DX scale setting Computation and external input channels (when scaling is not used): Same value as the DX span setting
Scale lower limit*	4	Measurement channels: Same value as the span
Scale upper limit*	4	Computation and external input channels: Same value as the span
FIFO type*	2	1
Area in the FIFO*	2	Indicates the position of its own channel in the FIFO block of one sample. The value starts from zero.
(Reserved)	4	0

* Output in the byte order specified by the BO command.

Format for Release Number 3 or Later (Format version 2)

Format Details

Item	Description	Output Value
Version	Format version	2
Number of blocks	Number of configured channel information blocks	348 maximum
Block size	Configured channel information block size	176 (fixed)
Blocks 1 to n	Configured channel information block	61248 bytes maximum

Block Details

Description	Bytes	Description
Channel number	2	Same as format version 1.
Decimal place	1	Same as format version 1.
(Reserved)	1	Same as format version 1.
Channel type	4	Same as format version 1.
Unit information	8	Same as format version 1.
Tag information	24	You can enter up to 23 characters for the tag comment. The terminator is '\0.'
Minimum input value	4	Same as format version 1.
Maximum input value	4	
Span lower limit	4	Same as format version 1.
Span upper limit	4	
Scale lower limit	4	Same as format version 1.
Scale upper limit	4	
FIFO type	2	Same as format version 1.
Area in the FIFO	2	Same as format version 1.
(Reserved)	4	Same as format version 1.
Tag comment	64	The terminator is '\0.'
Tag number usage,	1	0: Do not use. 1: Use.
use or not use		
(Reserved)	7	0 (fixed)
Tag No.	32	The terminator is '\0.'
		If tag number usage is set to zero (do not use): All zeroes.

Configured Alarm Information Data

- The FE6 command is used to output the data.
- The ID number of the output format is 26.
- You can use the CB command to specify whether to output the data of measurement channels set to skip and computation channels set to OFF.
- The figure below indicates the format.



Format Details

ltem	Description	Output Value
Version	Format version	1
Number of blocks*	Number of configured alarm information blocks	Up to 348
Block size*	Size of the of configured alarm information blocks	24
Block 1 to n	Configured alarm information blocks	Up to 8352 bytes See Block Details.

* Output in the byte order specified by the BO command.

Block Details

ltem	Number of Bytes	Notes
Channel number*	2	1 to 440
Decimal place	1	0 to 4
(Reserved)	1	0
Alarm type	4	The following settings are entered in order from level 1 to 4. 0: Setting off, 1: H (high limit), 2: L (low limit), 3: h (difference high limit),4: I (difference low limit), 5: R (high limit on rate-of-change), 6: r (low limit on rate-of-change), 7: T (delay high limit), 8: t (delay low limit)
Alarm value*	4×4	The alarm values are entered in order from level 1 to 4.

* Output in the byte order specified by the BO command.

Manual Sampled Data

- The ME or MO command is used to output the data.
- The ID number of the output format is 17. See section 4.1.
- For the data format, see the DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E).

Report Data

- The ME or MO command is used to output the data.
- The ID number of the output format is 18. See section 4.1.
- For the data format, see the DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual (IM04L41B01-01E or IM04L42B01-01E).

4.4 Output Format of Instrument Information

This section describes the instrument information output format of the instrument information server.

Note

The "CRLF" used in this section denotes carriage return line feed.

Response

The parameters of the packet that are returned as a response are lined up according to the following format.

EACRLF

(Parameter 1)_=_(value of parameter 1)*CRLF* (Parameter 2)_=_(value of parameter 2)*CRLF*

- The parameter values are output in the order specified by the command parameter.
- The output order of the parameters when all is specified is not constant.
- Even if the same parameters are specified numerous times, only the first occurrence is output.
- · Lower-case characters are used for the parameters.
- An underscore (_) indicates a space.

The following table shows the parameter types.

Parameter	Output Information	
serial	Serial number	
host	Host name	
ip	IP address	

Output Example

Several output examples are indicated below.

Packet Parameter Sent as Commands	Response
Parameters are not case sensitive.	
ip HoSt	EA
	ip = 192.168.111.24
	host = DX2000
	EN
Even if the same parameters are specified numerous	us times, only the first occurrence is output.
host ip host ip host	EA
	host = DX2000
	ip = 192.168.111.24
	ĒN
Undefined parameters will be ignored.	
(Space)	EA
	EN

5.1 Status Information and Filter

The following figure illustrates the status information and filter on the DX.

								les	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Status information
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
									Filter
[1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Condition register

- The IF command can be used to set the filter.
- When a status indicated on the following page is entered, the corresponding bit in the condition register is set to 1. The logical AND of the condition register and the filter becomes the status information.
- The IS command is used to output the status information. Status information 3, 4,
 7, and 8 are cleared when they are output. Status information 1, 2, 5, and 6 are not cleared when it is output, and remains at 1 while the event is occurring.
- When multiple connections are up, filters can be specified for the individual connection. Therefore, the status information can be held for each connection.
- Empty bits indicated as "-" are fixed to 0.

5.2 Bit Structure of the Status Information

The following four groups of status information are output in response to a status information output request using the IS command. For the output format, see "Status Information" in section 4.2, "Output Format of ASCII Data."

Status Information 1

Bit	Name	Description
0	Basic setting	Set to 1 during basic setting mode.
1	Memory sampling	Set to 1 during recording (memory sampling). On models with the multi batch (/BT2 option), this bit is set to 1 if any batch group is recording (memory sampling).
2	Computing	Set to 1 while computation is in progress.
3	Alarm activated	Set to 1 while the alarm is activated.
4	Accessing medium	Set to 1 while the display, event, manual sampled, report, or screen image data file are being saved to the external storage medium.
5	E-mail started	Set to 1 while the e-mail transmission is started
6	Invalid user check operation ^{*1}	Set to 1 only during the period when there is an invalid user and the invalid user acknowledge operation has not finished (the period during which the invalid user icon appears on the DX screen).
7	-	_

*1 Advanced security (/AS1 option)

Status Information 2

Bit	Name	Description
0	Setting function communication login ^{*1}	Set to 1 while a user is logged in to the DX setting function through Ethernet communication.
1	-	-
2	Memory end	Set to 1 while the free space in the internal memory or external storage medium is low. This is the same as the internal memory and CF card status of the device information output (/F1 or /F2 options; see section 1.9 in the <i>DX1000/DX1000N or DX2000 User's Manual</i>).
3	Logged in through keys	Set to 1 while logged in through keys.
4	Login not possible ^{*1}	Set to 1 while the multi-login function is not being used and login through key operations, login to the setting function through Ethernet communication, and login through the sending of the LL command through serial communication are not possible, because another user is logged in.
5	-	-
6	Detecting measurement error	Set to 1 while error is being detected in the A/D converter or a burnout is being detected.
7	Detecting communication error	Set to 1 if any command is stopping the communication on the Modbus master or Modbus client.

*1 Advanced security (/AS1 option)

Status Information 3

Bit	Name	Description
0	Measurement dropout	Set to 1 when the measurement process could not keep up.
1	Decimal point/unit information change	Set to 1 when the decimal point/unit information is changed.
2	Command error	Set to 1 when there is a command syntax error.
3	Execution error	Set to 1 when an error occurs during command execution.
4	SNTP error when memory	Set to 1 when the time could not be adjusted using SNTP
5	Custom display setup error	Set to 1 if an error occurs when a custom display setup file is saved or
		loaded.
6	-	-
7	-	-

Status Information 4

Bit	Name	Description
0	A/D conversion complete	Set to 1 when the A/D conversion of the measurement is complete.
1	Medium access complete	Set to 1 when the display, event, manual sampled, report, or screen image data file are finished being saved to the external storage medium.
		Set to 1 when setup data is successfully saved or loaded.
2	Report generation complete	Set to 1 when report generation is complete.
3	Timeout	Set to 1 when the timer expires.
4	Custom display setup complete	Set to 1 when the custom display setup is successfully saved or loaded.
5	-	-
6	USER key detection	Set to 1 when the USER key is pressed.
7	-	-

Status Information 5

Bit	Name	Description
0	Batch group #1 memory sampling	Set to 1 during memory sampling.
1	Batch group #2 memory sampling	Same as above
2	Batch group #3 memory sampling	Same as above
3	Batch group #4 memory sampling	Same as above
4	Batch group #5 memory sampling	Same as above
5	Batch group #6 memory sampling	Same as above
6	Batch group #7 memory sampling	Same as above
7	Batch group #8 memory sampling	Same as above

Status Information 6

Bit	Name	Description
0	Batch group #9 memory sampling	Set to 1 during memory sampling.
1	Batch group #10 memory sampling	Same as above
2	Batch group #11 memory sampling	Same as above
3	Batch group #12 memory sampling	Same as above
4	-	-
5	-	-
6	-	-
7	_	-

Status Information 7 to 8

All bits are zeroes.

6.1 Ethernet Interface Specifications

Basic Specifications

Electrical and mechanical specifications:

Transmission medium type: Protocol: Conforms to IEEE 802.3 (Ethernet frames conform to the DIX specification) 10BASE-T TCP, IP, UDP, ICMP, ARP, FTP, HTTP, SNTP, SMTP

Maximum Number of Connections and Number of Simultaneous Uses

The following table indicates the number of simultaneous uses (number of users that can use the function simultaneously), the maximum number of connections, and the port number for each function.

Function	Maximum	Number of Sim	Port Number ^{*4}	
	Number of Connections	Administrator	User	-
Setting/measurement server	3	1	2*1	34260/tcp*2
Maintenance/test server	1	1	1 ^{*1}	34261/tcp*2
FTP server	2	2	2 ^{*1}	21/tcp*3
Web server (HTTP)	1	-	-	80/tcp ^{*3}
SNTP server	-	-	-	123/udp ^{*3}
Modbus server	2	-	-	502/tcp*3
Instrument information server	-	-	-	34264/udp ^{*2}
EthereNet/IP				
Explicit message	10	-	-	44818/tcp
EthereNet/IP	-	-	-	44818/udp
Explicit messagee				
EthereNet/IP	-	-	-	2222/udp
Implicit message				

*1 There are user limitations. For details, see section 1.1.

*2 The port numbers are fixed.

*3 The default port number. You can set the value in the range of 1 to 65535. Use the default port number unless there is a special reason not to do so.

*4 Make sure that port number settings are not duplicated.

*5 On models with the /AS1 advanced security option, connections to the setting/measurement server are divided into connections to the setting function and connections to the monitoring function.

lanouon				
Function	Maximum	Number of Sir	Port Number	
	Number of Connections	Setting	Monitoring	
		Connection	Connection	
Setting/measurement	3	1	2	34260/tcp
server				

6.2 Serial Interface Specifications

RS-232 Specifications

	Connector type:	D-Sub 9-pin plug			
	Electrical and mechanica	al specifications:			
		Conforms to the EIA-574 standard (for the 9-pin interface of the			
		EIA-232 (RS-232) standard)			
	Connection:	Point-to-point			
	Transmission mode:	Half-duplex			
	Synchronization:	Start-stop synchronization			
	Baud rate:	Select from 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, and 38400 [bps].			
	Start bit:	1 bit (fixed)			
Data length:		Select 7 or 8 bits (To output data in BINARY format, be sure to			
		set the data length to 8 bits.)			
	Parity:	Select odd, even, or none			
	Stop bit:	1 bit (fixed)			
	Hardware handshaking:	Select whether to fix the RS and CS signals to TRUE or to use			
		the signal for flow control.			
	Software handshaking:	Select whether to use the X-ON and X-OFF signals to control			
		the transmitted data only or both the transmitted and received			
		data.			
		X-ON (ASCII 11H), X-OFF (ASCII 13H)			
	Received buffer size:	2047 bytes			

RS-422/485 Specifications

6 point, terminal block, terminal screws: ISO M4/nominal length 6 mm						
Electrical and mechanical specifications:						
Conforms to EIA-422 (RS-422) and EIA-485 (RS-485)						
standards						
Multidrop	Four-wire type	1:32				
	Two-wire type	1:31				
Half-duplex						
Start-stop synchr	onization					
Select from 1200	, 2400, 4800, 9600), 19200, and 38400 [bps].				
1 bit (fixed)						
Select 7 or 8 bits						
Select odd, even,	, or none					
1 bit (fixed)						
2047 bytes						
Open and close						
FG, SG, SDB, SE	DA, RDB, and RDA	A (six points)				
SG, SDB, SDA, F	RDB, and RDA terr	minals and the internal				
circuit of the DX is functionally isolated.						
FG terminal is the frame ground.						
:Up to 1.2 km						
erminator: External: recommended resistance 120 Ω, 1/2 W						
	6 point, terminal 8 6 mm Il specifications: Conforms to EIA- standards Multidrop Half-duplex Start-stop synchr Select from 1200 1 bit (fixed) Select 7 or 8 bits Select odd, even, 1 bit (fixed) 2047 bytes Open and close FG, SG, SDB, SE SG, SDB, SDA, F circuit of the DX i FG terminal is the Up to 1.2 km External: recomm	6 point, terminal block, terminal scr 6 mm I specifications: Conforms to EIA-422 (RS-422) and standards Multidrop Four-wire type Two-wire type Half-duplex Start-stop synchronization Select from 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 1 bit (fixed) Select 7 or 8 bits Select odd, even, or none 1 bit (fixed) 2047 bytes Open and close FG, SG, SDB, SDA, RDB, and RDA SG, SDB, SDA, RDB, and RDA SG, SDB, SDA, RDB, and RDA SG terminal is the frame ground. :Up to 1.2 km External: recommended resistance				

Modbus Client Function

Basic Operation

- The DX, as a Modbus client device, communicates with Modbus servers periodically by sending commands at specified intervals.
- The Modbus client function operates independently from the Modbus master function via the serial communication.
- The supported functions are "reading data from the input registers and hold registers on the server" and "writing data into the hold registers on the server."

Modbus Client Specifications

Communicate v	ia Modbu	ISTCP						
Communication	media:	Ethernet 10Base-T						
Read cycle:		Select from the following:						
		125 ms, 250 ms	125 ms, 250 ms, 500 ms, 1 s, 2 s, 5 s, and 10 s					
Connection retry	y:	Select the recon	nection interval after disconnecting the					
		connection after	the connection wait time has elapsed from the					
		following:						
		OFF, 10 s, 20 s,	30 s, 1 min, 2 min, 5 min, 10 min, 20 min, 30					
		min, and 1 h						
Connection time	out value:	1 min						
		However, when the IP address is not established with DHCP, a						
		communication error results immediately.						
Command timed	out value	. 10 s						
Server:		Set up to 16 ser	vers					
Supported funct	ions:	Supported Modbus client functions are as follows:						
		The server device must support these functions.						
Function Code	Functio	n	Operation					
3	Read the	e hold register	The DX reads the hold register of the server					
(4XXXX,		, 4XXXXX)	device into the communication input data or					
	Decide		external input channel.					
4	Read the input register		I ne DX reads the input register of the server					
	(38888	, 3XXXXX)	external input channel					
16	Write to	the hold register	The DX writes the measured or computed data to					
	(4XXXX, 4XXXXX)		the hold register of the server device.					

On Models with the PROFIBUS-DP Interface (/CP1 option)

On models with the PROFIBUS-DP interface (/CP1 option), the communication input data for C01 to C24 (on the DX1000) or for C01 to C32 (on the DX2000) is reserved for PROFIBUS-DP. The DX cannot load values into this received data.

Command					
Command type:	R, R-M, W, W-M, E-M				
Number of commands:	Set up to 16 commands				
Data type:	See the table below.				
	Symbol	Description			
	INT16	16-bit signed integer			
	UINT16	16-bit unsigned integer			
	INT32_B	32-bit signed integer (higher and lower order)			
	INT32_L	32-bit signed integer (lower and higher order)			
	UINT32_B	32-bit unsigned integer (higher and lower order)			
	UINT32_L	32-bit unsigned integer (lower and higher order)			
	FLOAT_B	32-bit floating point (higher and lower order)			
	FLOAT_L	32-bit floating point (lower and higher order)			

• Reading Values into the External Input Channels (DX2000 Only)

- External input channels are an option (/MC1).
- Reads values from the server register into the external input channels of the DX.
- The data type of external input channels is signed 16-bit integer.
- The measurement range and unit are set using the external input channels. The decimal point position is determined by the Span L settings.

DX2000			Server	
Command	External input channel		Register	Data type
type	Number: 201 to 440		30001 to 39999	INT 16, UINT 16,
R	Data type: 16-bit signed integer	e ad	300001 to 365536 40001 to 49999 400001 to 465536	INT 32_B, INT 32_L, UINT 32_B, UINT 32_L

External Input Channel Values

The range of external input channel values is –30000 to 30000 excluding the decimal. If this range is exceeded, the value is set to +Over or -Over.

Value in the register on the server	Value on the external input channel
More than 30000	+ Over (7FFFH)
-30000 to 30000	-30000 to 30000
Less than -30000	- Over (8001H)

Reading Values into Communication Input Data

- Reads values from the server register into the communication input data of the DX.
- Communication input data is an option (/M1, /PM1 option).
- The data type of the communication input data is 32-bit floating point.
- Communication input data can be displayed on a computation channel by including the data in the equation of a DX computation channel (/M1, /PM1 option). The measurement range and unit are also set using the computation channel.

DX1000, DX2000			Server		
Command	Communic	ation input data		Register	Data type
type	Number:	C01 to C24 (DX1000)		30001 to 39999	INT 16, UINT 16,
R-M	Data type:	C01 to C60 (DX2000) 32-bit floating point	e	300001 to 365536 40001 to 49999	INT 32_B, INT 32_L, UINT 32_B, UINT 32_L,
			Read	400001 to 465536	FLOAT_B, FLOAT_L

When the Data Type of the Read Source Server Is Not Floating Point Type

Because the data type of the communication input data is 32-bit floating point, the value never overflows. However, if the absolute value of the data is large for INT32_B, INT32_L, UINT32_B, or UINT32_L, a rounding error may appear. This is because the mantissa of the floating point type is 24 bits.

• Writing the Measured Values of the Measurement Channels

- Writes the measured values of the measurement channels to the server registers.
- The data type of measured values is signed 16-bit integer.
- The values can be written directly including special data (See "Special Data Values" in section 4.3). Perform data processing on the slave device.

DX1000, DX2000				Se	erver
Command	Measurem	ent channel		Register	Data type
type	Number:	001 to 012 (DX1000)		40001 to 49999	INT 16
W	Data type:	001 to 048 (DX2000) 16 bit signed integer	Write	400001 to 465536	FLOAT_B, FLOAT_L

• Writing the Computed Values of the Computation Channels

- Writes the computed values of the computation channels to the server registers.
- The computation function is an option (/M1, /PM1 option).
- · The data type of computed values is signed 32-bit integer.

DX1000, DX2000			Server		
Command	Computatio	on channel		Register	Data type
type	Number:	101 to 124 (DX1000)		40001 to 49999	INT 16, UINT 16,
W-M	Data type:	101 to 160 (DX2000) 32-bit signed integer	◆ Write	400001 to 465536	INT 32_B, INT 32_L FLOAT_B, FLOAT_L

When the Data Type of the Write Destination Server Is Identical (INT32_B or INT32_L)

The values can be written directly including special data (See "Special Data Values" in section 4.3). Perform data processing on the slave device.

When the Data Type of the Write Destination Server Is Different (INT16 or UINT16)

INT16: A value in the range of -32768 to 32767 (excluding the decimal point) can be written. If lower than -32768 the value reverts to -32768, and if higher than 32767 it reverts to 32767.

UINT16: A value in the range of 0 to 65535 (excluding the decimal point) can be written. If lower than 0 the value reverts to 0, and if higher than 65535 it reverts to 65535.

Computed value	Data type of the write destination		
	INT16	UINT16	
More than 32767	32767		
-32768 to 32767	-32768 to 32767		
Less than -32767	-32768		
More than 65535		65535	
0 to 65535		0 to 65535	
Less than 0		0	

Special values

Computed value	Data type of the write destination			
	INT16	UINT16		
+ Over	32767	65535		
Burnout (Up)				
- Over				
Burnout (Down)	-32768	0		
Skip				
Error				
Undefined				
Power failure data				

- Loading to Communication Input Data and Direct Writing of Values to the Server
 - Values from the server register are loaded into the DX communication input data. When you perform the appropriate operation from the custom display, the values are written to the server register.
 - · Loading and writing occur in sync with the communication interval.



- Values are only written to the server when the state of communication is normal (the lamp in the Modbus status display is green), otherwise an error occurs. The DX only attempts to write to the server once. It does not retry after failing.
- Communication input data is an option (/M1, /PM1 option).
- The data type of the communication input data is 32-bit floating point.
- You can display communication input data on a computation channel by including the data in the equation of a DX computation channel (/M1, /PM1 option). You can also set the measurement range and unit for computation channels.

DX1000, DX2000			Server Device		
Comman Communication input data			Register	Data format	
type	Number: C01 to C24 (DX1000)		40001 to 49999	INT 16, UINT 16,	
	C01 to C60 (DX2000)	Load	400001 to 465536	INT 32_B, INT 32_L,	
E-M	Format: 32-bit floating point			UINT 32_B, UINT 32_L,	
		Write		FLOAT_B, FLOAT_L	

Modbus Server Function

Modbus Ser	Modbus Server Specifications						
Communicatio	n media.	Ethernet 10Base-T					
Port:	in mould.	502/tcp (default value)					
Command wait timeout:		1 minute. However, the timeout to receive the command after					
		starting to receive the command is 10 seconds.					
Maximum num	nber of con	nections:					
		2					
Supported fun	ctions:	The functions that the DX supports are listed below.					
Function Fun	ction	Operation					
3 Rea	d the hold re	poister (4XXXXX) The client device reads the communication input data					

3	Read the hold register (47777	 The client device reads the communication input data.
4	Read the input register	The client device reads the computed, measured,
	(3XXXXX)	alarm, and time data of the DX.
6	Single write to hold register	The client device writes to the communication input
	(4XXXXX)	data or external input channel of the DX.
8	Loopback test	The client device performs a loopback test of the DX.
16	Write to the hold register	The master device writes to the communication input
	(4XXXXX)	data or external input channel of the DX.

Register assignments (shared with the Modbus slave function)

Data		Input register			
		Number	Data type		
Measurement ch.	Measured data	300001 to 300048	16-bit signed integer		
	Alarm status	301001 to 301048	Bit string		
Computation ch.	Computed data	302001 to 302120	32-bit signed integer		
	Alarm status	303001 to 303060	Bit string		
External input ch.	Measured data	304001 to 304240	16-bit signed integer		
	Alarm status	305001 to 305240	Bit string		
Measurement ch.	Alarm list	306001 to 306012	Bit string		
Computation ch.	Alarm list	306021 to 306035	Bit string		
External input ch.	Alarm list	306041 to 306100	Bit string		
Time		309001 to 309008	16-bit signed integer		



Data	Hold register			
Data	Number	Data type		
Communication input data	400001 to 400060	16-bit signed integer		
	400301 to 400420	32-bit floating point		
Measured data on external input ch.	401001 to 401240	16-bit signed integer		
	Write			

Client

On Models with the PROFIBUS-DP Interface (/CP1 option)

On models with the PROFIBUS-DP interface (/CP1 option), the communication input data for C01 to C24 (on the DX1000) or for C01 to C32 (on the DX2000) is reserved for PROFIBUS-DP. The client device cannot write values to this communication input data.

Input Register (shared with the Modbus slave function)

- Common Items
 - The client device can only read the input registers.
 - Decimal position and unit are not included. Specify them on the client device.
 - External input channels are DX2000 option (/MC1).
- Details

Input Registe	r Data	Data Type
300001	Measured data of measurement channel 001	16-bit signed integer
300048	ا Measured data of measurement channel 048	
There	is no decimal position information.	
301001	Alarm status of measurement channel 001	Bit string
ا 301048	Alarm status of measurement channel 048	
Regist	er structure and alarm status values	
-	1 1 2	
4 bits	Alarm level	
4-bits	value Meaning	
0	No alarm	
1	High limit alarm	
2	Low limit alarm	
3	Difference high limit alarm	
4	Difference low limit alarm	
5	High limit on rate-of-change alarm	
6	Low limit on rate-of-change alarm	
7	Delay high limit alarm	
8	Delay low limit alarm	
302001 302002 1 302119 302120 • Regist Exam	Lower bytes of the computed data of computation chain Higher bytes of the computed data of computation chain Lower bytes of the computed data of computation chain Higher bytes of the computed data of computation chain refer structure ple: Channel 101 Register 302002 Higher bytes Lower bytes Low	tes
303001	Alarm status of computation channel 101	Bit String
303060 • Regist measu	Alarm status of computation channel 160 er structure and alarm status values: Same as the alarr urement channels.	m status of the
304001	Measured data of external input channel 201	16-bit signed integer
304240 • There	Measured data of external input channel 440 is no decimal position information.	
305001	Alarm status of external input channel 201	Bit string
305240 • Regist measu	Alarm status of external input channel 440 er structure and alarm status values: Same as the alarr urement channels.	m status of the

Input Register	Data	Data Type
306001 	List of alarms of measurement channels 001 to 004	Bit string
306012	List of alarms of measurement channels 045 to 048	
 Registe 	r structure	
4ch	Level 2 Level 4 Sch 2ch 1ch	
Indicates activated.	the alarm status of four channels in one register. Set to a	1 when alarm is
I he figure	is an example of register 306001 (measurement channel	els 001 to 004).
306021 	List of alarms of computation channels 101 to 104	Bit string
306035	List of alarms of computation channels 157 to 160	
Registe	r structure: Same as the list of alarms of measurement c	hannels.
306041 	List of alarms of external input channels 201 to 204	Bit string
306100	List of alarms of external input channels 437 to 440	
 Registe 	r structure: Same as the list of alarms of measurement c	hannels.
* Input registe are read as :	rs 306001 to 306100 can be accessed consecutively. All zeroes.	unassigned register bits
Input Register	Data	Data Type
309001	Year	16-bit signed integer
309002	Month	
309003	Day	

Hour Minute Second Millisecond DST

Hold Register (shared with the Modbus slave function)

Common Items

- The client device can read and write to the hold registers.
- Communication input data is an option (/M1, /PM1).
- External input channels are DX2000 option (/MC1).

When Writing

- Communication input data can be handled on a computation channel by including the data in the equation of a DX computation channel.
- External input channel data can be handled on an external input channel.
- Details

Hold Register	Data	Data Type
400001 	Communication input data C01	16-bit signed integer
400060	Communication input data C60	
 Precautio 	ns to be taken when the client device reads the data	
The comm signed 16	nunication input data of the DX is floating point type, -bit integer when the data is read.	but the data is converted to
 Precautio 	ns to be taken when the client device writes the data	
Only data written.	in signed 16-bit integer type can be written. Floating	point values cannot be
400301	Lower bytes of communication input data C01	32-bit floating point
400302	Higher bytes of communication input data C01	
400419	Lower bytes of communication input data C60	
400420	Higher bytes of communication input data C60	
 Precautio 	ns to be taken when the client device writes the data	
Input rang	ge: -9.9999E29 to -1E-30, 0, 1E-30 to 9.9999E29	
If values of	outside this range are used on a computation channe	I, a computation error
occurs.		
401001	External input channel write register 201	16-bit signed integer
401240	External input channel write register 440	
 Precautio 	ns to be taken when the client device writes the data	
Only data	in signed 16-bit integer type can be written.	
The meas point posi	surement range and unit are set using the external inp tion is determined by the Span_L settings.	out channels. The decimal

Extended Hold Registers (Shared with the Modbus slave function; release number 3 or later)

The following hold registers have been added. You can perform a portion of the operations by writing in the registers. You can write to these registers when a DX with the /AS1 advanced security option is in operation mode.

- Internal switch
- Lot number or lot number for each batch group (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use)
- Batch number or batch group number for each batch group (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use)
- Recording (memory sampling) start and stop or recording (memory sampling) start and stop for each batch group (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use)
- Alarm ACK
- Alarm display reset
- Computation start, computation stop, computation reset, computation dropout ACK, and computation reset for each batch group (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use)
- · Manual sampling, event data sampling start trigger, and snapshot
- Message and free message writing or message and free message writing for each batch group (when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use)
- Event edge switch
- Event level switch

	List	of Registers				
Register	Description	Supplementary Information	Туре	Access	Simultaneous Access	
					Write	Read
406061	Internal switch 1	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R	_	
406062	Internal switch 2	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R	-	_
406063	Internal switch 3	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R	-	_
406064	Internal switch 4	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R	-	_
406065	Internal switch 5	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R	-	_
406066	Internal switch 6	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R	-	_
406067	Internal switch 7	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R	-	_
406068	Internal switch 8	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	IR	-	_
406069	Internal switch 9	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R	-	_
406070	Internal switch 10	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	IR	-	_
406071	Internal switch 11	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R	-	_
406072	Internal switch 12	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	IR	-	_
406073	Internal switch 13	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	IR	-	_
406074	Internal switch 14	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R	-	_
406075	Internal switch 15	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	IR	-	_
406076	Internal switch 16		INT 16	R	-	_
406077	Internal switch 17		INT 16	R	-	_
406078	Internal switch 18		INT 16	R	-	_
406079	Internal switch 19	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT 16	IR	-	_
406080	Internal switch 20	UFF: 0. 0N: 1.	INT16	IR III	-	_
406081	Internal switch 21	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R R	-	_
406082	Internal switch 22	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R	-	_
406083	Internal switch 23	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R R	-	_
406084	Internal switch 24	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	IR I	-	_
406085	Internal switch 25	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT 16	IR III	-	_
406086	Internal switch 26		INT 16	IR I	-	_
406087	Internal switch 27		INT 16	R	-	_
406088	Internal switch 28		INT 16	R	-	_
406089	Internal switch 29	UFF: 0. 0N: 1.	INT16	IR III	-	_
406090		UFF: 0. 0N: 1.		R	-	-
407833 to		(When the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use, this is the lot number of batch group 1.)	IN 132_L	R/W		
407835 to 407851	Batch number	Up to 17 registers (up to 33 characters with '\0' termination). The batch number must be 32 characters or less. (When the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use, this is the batch number of batch group 1.)	STR34	R/W		
409503	Memory start or stop	Stop: 0. Start: 1.	INT16	R/W		
		(When the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use, this register controls memory start and stop of batch group 1.)				
409504	Alarm acknowledge	Applies to all alarms.				
	-	<when writing=""></when>				
		Execute alarm ACK: 1 (fixed)				
		<pre><when (alarm="" reading="" summary)=""></when></pre>	IN I 16	R/W		
		Alarm off: 0 Alarm illuminated: 1 Alarm blinking				
		(occurring): 2. Alarm blinking (not occurring): 3				
409505	Alarm display reset	Execute alarm display reset: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
409506	Computation operation	<pre></pre> ///////////////////////////////////				
		Stop: 0. Start: 1. Reset: 2. Computation dropout ACK: 4. (When the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use, this register performs computation reset of batch group 1.) <when reading=""></when>	INT16	R/W		
		(You cannot read this register when the multi batch function (/BT2 option) is in use.)				

Register	Description	Supplementary Information	Туре	Access	Simulta	Simultaneous Access	
					Write	Read	
409512	Manual sampling start or other action	Manual sampling: 0. Manual trigger: 1. Snapshot: 2.	INT16	W			
410001 to 410002	Batch 1 lot number	Valid range: 0 to 99999999	INT32_L	R/W			
410003 to 410020	Batch 1 batch number	Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination). The batch number must be 32 characters or less	STR36	R/W			
410021 to 410050	(Reserved) batch 1	-	-	-			
410051 to 410052	Batch 2 lot number	Valid range: 0 to 99999999	INT32_L	R/W			
410053 to 410070	Batch 2 batch number	Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination). The batch number must be 32 characters or less.	STR36	R/W			
410071 to 410100	(Reserved) batch 2	-	-	-			
410101 to 410102	Batch 3 lot number	Valid range: 0 to 99999999	INT32_L	R/W			
410103 to 410120	Batch 3 batch number	Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).	STR36	R/W			
410121 to	(Reserved) batch 3		-	-			
410151 to 410152	Batch 4 lot number	Valid range: 0 to 99999999	INT32_L	R/W			
410153 to 410170	Batch 4 batch number	Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).	STR36	R/W			
410171 to	(Reserved) batch 4	-	-	-			
410201 to 410202	Batch 5 lot number	Valid range: 0 to 99999999	INT32_L	R/W			
410203 to 410220	Batch 5 batch number	Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination).	STR36	R/W			
410221 to 410250	(Reserved) batch 5	-	-	-			
410251 to 410252	Batch 6 lot number	Valid range: 0 to 99999999	INT32_L	R/W			
410253 to 410270	Batch 6 batch number	Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination). The batch number must be 32 characters or less.	STR36	R/W			
410271 to 410300	(Reserved) batch 6	-	-	-			
410301 to 410302	Batch 7 lot number	Valid range: 0 to 99999999	INT32_L	R/W			
410303 to 410320	Batch 7 batch number	Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination). The batch number must be 32 characters or less	STR36	R/W			
410321 to 410350	(Reserved) batch 7	-	-	-			
410351 to 410352	Batch 8 lot number	Valid range: 0 to 99999999	INT32_L	R/W			
410353 to 410370	Batch 8 batch number	Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination). The batch number must be 32 characters or less	STR36	R/W			
410371 to 410400	(Reserved) batch 8	-	-	-	1		

Register	Description	Supplementary Information	Туре	Access	Simultan Access	eous
					Write	Read
410401 to 410402	Batch 9 lot number	Valid range: 0 to 99999999	INT32_L	R/W		
410403 to 410420	Batch 9 batch number	Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination). The batch number must be 32 characters or less.	STR36	R/W		
410421 to 410450	(Reserved) batch 9	-	-	-		
410451 to 410452	Batch 10 lot number	Valid range: 0 to 99999999	INT32_L	R/W		
410453 to 410470	Batch 10 batch number	Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination). The batch number must be 32 characters or less.	STR36	R/W		
410471 to 410500	(Reserved) batch 10	-	-	-		
410501 to 410502	Batch 11 lot number	Valid range: 0 to 99999999	INT32_L	R/W		
410503 to 410520	Batch 11 batch number	Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination). The batch number must be 32 characters or less.	STR36	R/W		
410521 to 410550	(Reserved) batch 11	-	-	-		
410551 to 410552	Batch 12 lot number	Valid range: 0 to 99999999	INT32_L	R/W		
410553 to 410570	Batch 12 batch number	Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0' termination). The batch number must be 32 characters or less	STR36	R/W		
410571 to 410600	(Reserved) batch 12	-	-	-		
410601	Preset message writing	Message number (1 to 100)	INT16	W		1
410602		Message write destination • When the multi batch function is not in use 0: All groups. 1 to 36: Specified group number. • When the multi batch function is in use 0: All groups of a specified batch number (410603)	INT16	W		
		1 to 12: Specified group number				
410603		Batch number designation for multi batch: 1 to 12 (Valid only when the multi batch function is available. Any value when the multi batch function is not available)	INT16	W		
410604 to 410610	(Reserved) Preset message	-	-	-		

Register	Description	Supplementary Information	Туре	Access	Simulta Access	Simultaneous Access	
					Write	Read	
410611	Free message writing	Message number (1 to 10)	INT16	W			
410612		Message write destination	INT16	W			
		When the multi batch function is not in use					
		0: All groups. 1 to 36: Specified group number.					
		When the multi batch function is in use					
		0: All groups of a specified batch number					
		(410613)					
		1 to 12: Specified group number					
410613	_	Batch number designation for multi batch: 1 to 12	INT16	W			
		(Valid only when the multi batch function is					
		available. Any value when the multi batch function					
		is not available)					
410614 to		Free message	STR36	W			
410631		Up to 18 registers (up to 35 characters with '\0'					
		termination).					
		The message must be 32 characters or less.					
410632 to	(Reserved) Free	-	-	-			
410680	message			_			
410681	Batch 1 memory start	Stop: 0. Start: 1.	INT16	R/W			
	and stop						
410682	Batch 2 memory start	Stop: 0. Start: 1.	IN I 16	R/W			
440000	Detab 2 memory start	Chart O. Chart 1				_	
410683	Batch 3 memory start	Stop: 0. Start: 1.	10110	R/W			
410684	Batch 4 momony start	Stop: 0. Start: 1	INIT16			_	
410004	and stop						
410685	Batch 5 memory start	Stop: 0. Start: 1	INT16	R/W		-	
110000	and stop						
410686	Batch 6 memory start	Stop: 0. Start: 1.	INT16	R/W		1	
	and stop						
410687	Batch 7 memory start	Stop: 0. Start: 1.	INT16	R/W			
	and stop						
410688	Batch 8 memory start	Stop: 0. Start: 1.	INT16	R/W			
	and stop						
410689	Batch 9 memory start	Stop: 0. Start: 1.	INT16	R/W			
	and stop						
410690	Batch 10 memory start	Stop: 0. Start: 1.	INT16	R/W			
	and stop					_	
410691	Batch 11 memory start	Stop: 0. Start: 1.	INT16	R/W			
	and stop					_	
410692	Batch 12 memory start	Stop: 0. Start: 1.	INT16	R/W			
	and stop		1				

Register	Description	Supplementary Information	Туре	Access	Simultaneous	
					Access	
					Write	Read
410693	Batch 1 computation reset	Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410694	Batch 2 computation reset	Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410695	Batch 3 computation	Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410696	Batch 4 computation reset	Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed)	INT16	w		
410697	Batch 5 computation reset	Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410698	Batch 6 computation reset	Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed)	INT16	w		
410699	Batch 7 computation reset	Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410700	Batch 8 computation reset	Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410701	Batch 9 computation reset	Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410702	Batch 10 computation reset	Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410703	Batch 11 computation reset	Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410704	Batch 12 computation reset	Execute computation reset: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410705	Event edge switch 1	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	w		
410706	Event edge switch 2	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		7
410707	Event edge switch 3	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W	1	7
410708	Event edge switch 4	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410709	Event edge switch 5	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410710	Event edge switch 6	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410711	Event edge switch 7	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410712	Event edge switch 8	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410713	Event edge switch 9	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410714	Event edge switch 10	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410715	Event edge switch 11	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410716	Event edge switch 12	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410717	Event edge switch 13	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410718	Event edge switch 14	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410719	Event edge switch 15	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		_
410720	Event edge switch 16	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		_
410721	Event edge switch 17	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		_
410722	Event edge switch 18	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410723	Event edge switch 19	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		_
410724	Event edge switch 20	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		_
410725	Event edge switch 21	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410726	Event edge switch 22	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410727	Event edge switch 23	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410728	Event edge switch 24	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410729	Event edge switch 25	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410730	Event edge switch 26	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410731	Event edge switch 27	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410732	Event edge switch 28	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410733	Event edge switch 29	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		
410734	Event edge switch 30	Execute event edge switch: 1 (fixed)	INT16	W		

Register	Description Supplementary Information Type		Туре	Access	Simultaneous Access	
					Write	Read
410765	Event level switch 1	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		1 1
410766	Event level switch 2	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		1
410767	Event level switch 3	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		1
410768	Event level switch 4	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		1
410765	Event level switch 5	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		- i
410770	Event level switch 6	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		- i
410771	Event level switch 7	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		7
410772	Event level switch 8	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410773	Event level switch 9	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		7
410774	Event level switch 10	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410775	Event level switch 11	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410776	Event level switch 12	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410777	Event level switch 13	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410778	Event level switch 14	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410779	Event level switch 15	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410780	Event level switch 16	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410781	Event level switch 17	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410782	Event level switch 18	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410783	Event level switch 19	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410784	Event level switch 20	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410785	Event level switch 21	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410786	Event level switch 22	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410787	Event level switch 23	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410788	Event level switch 24	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410789	Event level switch 25	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410790	Event level switch 26	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		_
410791	Event level switch 27	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		_
410792	Event level switch 28	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		_
410793	Event level switch 29	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		_
410794	Event level switch 30	OFF: 0. ON: 1.	INT16	R/W		
410801	Setting function communication login	The value is 1 only when a user has logged into the DX setting function through Ethernet communication. This only applies to DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option.	INT16	R	_	
410802	Key login	The value is 1 when a user has logged into the DX through key operations. This only applies to DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option.	INT16	R	_	
410803	Login not possible	The value is 1 when login through key operations, login to the setting function through Ethernet communication, and login through the sending of the LL command through serial communication are not possible, because another user is logged in. This only applies to DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option.	INT16	R	_	
410804	Individual alarm ACK channel number	Specifies the alarm released by an individual alarm ACK operation. The channel and alarm	INT16	W		
410805	Individual alarm acknowledgment alarm level	level are accessed successively. This only applies to DXs with the /AS1 advanced security option.	INT16	W		

Notation used in the Access column

- W:Writable
- R: Readable
- If you read a write-only (W) register, zero is always read.

If you write to a read-only (R) register, an error occurs.

Notation used in the Simultaneous access column

- Blank: Indicates a range of registers that can be written to or read from simultaneously.
 - You cannot simultaneously access across a solid line.
- -: Not accessible.

How to Use					
Item	Description				
Data type STRnn	Registers in which ASCII codes are entered starting with the specified				
	register. It is terminated with a NULL character (\0).				
	The number of	characters that can be	entered that includes the NULL		
	character is ind	icated in the nn section	l.		
	Example of setting the batch number (STR36 type) of batch group 1 to "ABCD" "**" denotes any value.				
	Pagiatar	Value to Write	Hovadooimal Notation		
	410003				
	410003	<u>'C"D'</u>	(4344H)		
	410005	<u>'\0'*</u>	(00**H)		
	410006 to	10			
	410020	**	(****H)		
			(,		
	Write the entire character string using one command. In the above example, registers 410003 to 410005 must be written using one command.				
Lot number	A zero is read v	vnen you read a write-c	only register.		
Lot number	Access the Xou con on	ly access from the first	al a lime.		
	fou can on On models	without the multi batch	function (/BT2 option) or on models		
	with the m	lti batch function (/BT2	option) but with the multi batch		
	function dis	abled, if you access a	ot number of a batch group, an error		
	occurs.				
Batch number	You can only access from the first register.				
	On models with the mu function dis error occur	without the multi batch Iti batch function (/BT2 abled, if you access a l s.	function (/BT2 option) or on models option) but with the multi batch batch number of a batch group, an		
Message	You can on	ly write from the first re	gister.		
	 A message is written using one command. In other words, write to registers 410601 to 410603 using one command. On models without the multi batch function, you only have to write to registers 410601 and 410602 instead. 				
	On models without the multi batch function, the message write destination can be omitted (write only to 410601). If you omit it, the operation is the same as when all groups are specified.				
Free message	You can only write from the first register.				
	A free message is written using one command.				
	If you omit the free message section, an all-space message is written.				
	On models without the multi batch function, the message write destination				
	and subsequent registers can be omitted (write only to 410611). If you omit				
	them, an all-spa	ace message is written	to every group.		
	Example: To wi	ite the free message "A	ABCD" to all display groups in batch		
	group number 4 using message number 10, write the values in the				
	Bogistor	Ving table using one col	Hexadeoimal Notation		
	A10611				
	410612	0			
	410613	4	(0004H)		
	410614		(4142H)		
	410615	<u>יר</u> שי	(4344H)		
	410616	<u>ار ک</u> ۱\۱	(00**H)		
Computation reset	On models with	out the multi batch fun	ction (/BT2 option) or on models		
Computation 1036t	with the multi b	atch function (/BT2 opti	ion) but with the multi batch function		
	disabled, if you access computation reset of a batch group, an error occurs.				

Item	Description	
Simultaneous access	Batch num each batch	bers and lot numbers can be written using one command for n.
	Example 1:	On models without the multi batch function (/BT2 option), you can write to registers 407833 to 407851 using one command.
	Example 2:	For batch group 1, you can write to registers 410001 to 410020 using one command.
	Example 3:	To set the batch number of batch group 1 to "ABCD" (see the explanation for "Data type STRnn" for details), you can write registers 410001 to 410005 using one command.
	 You canno multiple ba 	t simultaneously access batch numbers or lot numbers across ttch groups.
	When readInternational	ling, you can access the following registers simultaneously. Il switches 1 to 30
	Memore Event	ry start/stop for batches 1 to 12

When the Data Type in a Command Differs from the DX Data Type

Every DX data value has a set data type.

If you access the DX using the same data type, all of the data, including special data, are sent to the DX without any change. If you access the DX using a data type that is different from the DX data type, the data type is converted. For details on the conversion rules, see "Communication Considerations" in the *DX1000/DX1000N/DX2000 EtherNet/ IP Communication Interface User's Manual (IM04L41B01-18E)*.

Modbus Error Response (Common to Modbus server and Modbus slave)

The DX returns the following error codes to a client or master device.

Code	Error	Description	
1	ILLEGAL FUNCTION	An attempt was made to execute a function that is not	
2	ILLEGAL DATA ADDRESS Invalid register number	Failed to access the register.	
3	ILLEGAL DATA VALUE Invalid number of registers	When reading, the specified number of registers was less than or equal to zero or greater than or equal to 126. When writing, the specified number of registers was less than or equal to zero or greater than or equal to 124.	
7	NEGATIVE ACKNOWLEDGE Invalid contents written	 A lot number that is outside the valid range was entered. Invalid characters (such as '¥x1b') were written in batch number or free message registers. Failed to control the following operations. Writing messages Writing free messages Writing batch numbers and lot numbers 	

However, no response is returned for the following errors.

CRC error

• Errors other than those shown above

Modbus Master Function

Basic Operations

- The DX, as a Modbus master device, communicates with Modbus slaves periodically by sending commands at specified intervals.
- The Modbus master function operates independently from the Modbus client function via the Ethernet communication.
- The supported functions are "reading data from the input registers and hold registers on the slave" and "writing data into the hold registers on the slave."

Serial Communication Specifications (Common to the Modbus Slave Function)

Communicate via ModbusRTU

Communication media:	RS-232, RS-422, or RS-485		
Control system:	No flow control (none only)		
Baud rate:	Select from 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, and 38400		
Start bit:	1 bit (fixed)		
Data length:	8 bit (fixed)		
Parity:	Select odd, even, or none		
Stop bit:	1 bit (fixed)		
Message termination de	termination:		
	Time a survive level to 40 bits		

Time equivalent to 48 bits

Modbus Master Specifications

Read cycle:	Select the cycle at which data is read from other devices from				
	the following: 125, 250, 500 ms, 1, 2, 5, and 10 s				
Timeout value:	Select the timeout value when there is no response from the				
	specified slave af	ter sending a command from the DX from the			
	following: 125, 250, 500ms, 1, 2, 5, 10 s, and 1 min				
Retry count:	Select the retry count when there is no response for a				
	command sent from the DX to the specified slave.				
	OFF, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, and 20				
Auto recovery cycle:	Select the cycle for automatically recovering from the following:				
	OFF, 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 30 min, and 1 h				
Wait between commands	s:Select the wait time [*] after receiving a response of a command				
	until sending the	next command from the following:			
	OFF, 5, 10, 15, 45, and 100 ms				
	* When communicating using an RS-485 two-wire system, the				
	signals may collide, because the master and slave devices				
	driving the communication switch in half-duplex mode. If the				
	communication does not work, increase the wait time.				
Command type:	R, R-M, W, W-M				
Command setting:	Set up to 16 commands				
Command items:	Read channel 201 to 440, C01 to C60				
	Write channel 001 to 048, 101 to 160 (varies depending on the				
	model)				
	Address:	1 to 247			
	Input register:	30001 to 39999, 300001 to 365535			
	Hold register:	40001 to 49999, 400001 to 465535			
Access method:	Same as the Modbus client.				
Supported functions:	ns: Same as the Modbus client.				
Data type: Same as the Modbus client.					

Modbus Slave Function

Serial Communication Specifications:

Same as the Modbus Master Function
1 to 99.
Same as the Modbus server.
Same as the Modbus server.
Same as the Modbus server.

Appendix 1 Data Dropout during Modbus Communication

Data Dropout during Modbus Client

If the response to the previous command is not complete when the DX attempts to issue a command to a server device, the DX command cannot issue the command causing a data dropout. Take appropriate measures by referring to the following figures.

1. When the response from the server device takes a long time



2. When the connection is dropped because there is no response from the server device



3. When the communication recovers by connection retry



Data Dropout during Modbus Master

If the response to the previous command is not complete when the DX attempts to issue a command to a slave device, the DX command cannot issue the command causing a data dropout. Take appropriate measures by referring to the following figures.

1. When the response from the slave device takes a long time



2. When there is no response from the slave device



3. When the slave device that is not responding is disconnected (retry count is set to 1)



Appendix 2 Login Procedure

You log into the DX from your PC to use the functionality of the setting/measurement server and the maintenance/test server via the Ethernet interface. If you complete the procedure successfully up to login complete in the following figure, the commands in chapter 3 become functional.

When Using the Login Function (Standard Security Function) of the DX



When Not Using the Login Function of the DX

Login as "admin" or "user."

- The user name "admin" can be used to login to the DX as an administrator.
- The user name "user" can be used to access the DX as a user.



When Using the Login Function on a DX With the /AS1 Advanced Security Option


Appendix 3 ASCII Character Codes

							ι	Jppe	r 4 bi	ts							
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	в	С	D	Е	F
	0			SP	0	@	Ρ		р					À	Ð	à	ð
	1				1	Α	Q	а	q			i		Á	Ñ	á	ñ
	2				2	В	R	b	r				2	Â	Ò	â	ò
	3			#	3	С	S	С	S				3	Ã	Ó	ã	Ó
	4				4	D	Т	d	t					Ä	Ô	ä	ô
er 4 bits	5			%	5	Е	U	е	u				μ	Å	Õ	å	õ
	6			&	6	F	V	f	v					Æ	Ö	æ	ö
	7				7	G	W	g	w					Ç	×	ç	÷
We	8			(8	Н	X	h	x					È	Ø	è	ø
L	9)	9	I	Y	i	У					É	Ù	é	ù
	Α	LF		*	:	J	Ζ	j	z					Ê	Ú	ê	ú
	В		ESC	+	;	Κ]	k						Ë	Û	ë	û
	С			,		L		I						Ì	Ü	ì	ü
	D	CR		-		М]	m						Í	Ý	í	ý
	Е					Ν	•	n						Î	Þ	î	þ
	F			1	?	0		0					5	Ï	ß	ï	

• The delimiter (,), sub delimiter (;), query symbol (?), and terminator (CR+LF) characters are reserved. You cannot use them as parameter characters.

German and French only

	Command	
Tag	Тад	ST
Message	Message	SG
Arbitrary message	Message	BJ
Group	Group name	SX
File header	File header	TZ
Batch text field	Field title	BH
	Field characters	
Batch comment	Comment character string	BU
Four panel display	Screen group name	SY
E-mail	Header 1	YU
	Header 2	

Appendix 4 Output Flow of the File or the File List on the External Storage Medium and Internal Memory

Example in Which the File 10101000.DAD Is Output

The figure below shows the output flow of the file 10101000.DAD in the DATA0 directory of the external storage medium.



Appendix 4 Output Flow of the File or the File List on the External Storage Medium and Internal Memory

Example in Which the File List Is Output 10 Files at a Time

The figure below shows the flow in which the file list in the DATA0 directory of the external storage medium is output 10 files at a time.



Appendix 5 Flow Chart of the FIFO Data Output

Overview of the FIFO Buffer

The DX has a dedicated internal memory for outputting measured/computed data. This memory is structured as a FIFO (First-In-First-Out). Measured/computed data are constantly acquired to the internal memory at the specified acquiring interval (FIFO acquiring interval, set with the FR command). By using this function, it is possible to read measured/computed data that have been saved at the specified intervals regardless of the frequency at which the PC periodically reads the measured/computed data.

The following example shows the case when the acquisition interval is 1 s and the capacity of the FIFO memory is for 8 intervals.



Acquiring of the Measured/Computed Data

position (WP).

- The measured/computed data are acquired to the internal memory at 1 s intervals.
- Measured/computed data is acquired to positions 1 through 8 in order. After acquiring to position 8, the next data is acquired to position 1.
- Reading the Measured/Computed Data (FF GET command is used) Outputs the data from the previous read position (RP1) to the most recent acquisition

In this example, more than 2 s has elapsed from the previous read operation. Therefore, data in blocks 5 and 6 are output.

The size of the internal memory reserved for FIFO (FIFO buffer data size) varies depending on the model.

Model	Data size
DX1002, DX1004, DX2004, and DX2008	1200 intervals (30 s at the fastest acquisition interval
	of 25 ms)
DX1006, DX1012, DX2010, DX2020,	240 intervals (30 s at the fastest acquisition interval of
DX2030, DX2040, and DX2048	125 ms)
Models with the external channel input	60 intervals (60 s at the fastest acquisition interval of
option	1 s)

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