



# SIP IP Phone

*User Manual / Version 1.0*  
*IPP-120*

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## **Chapter 1 Overview of the SIP IP Phone (IPP-120)**

SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) is a full-featured IP-based telephone set for home telephony via Ethernet base communication. It supports SIP RFC3261 protocol. Two 10/100BaseT embedded switch/hub RJ-45 ports allow connect to office LAN and PC on your table. It is easily interface with ADSL/Cable Modem that is provided by ITSP, ISP or Carrier company to provide VoIP services to residential and SOHO application.

SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) provides two 10/100BaseT switch/hub RJ-45 ports. The internal two-port Ethernet switch allows for a direct connection to a 10/100BaseT Ethernet network via an RJ-45 interface with single LAN connectivity for both the phone and a co-located PC.

**Note:**

Marked with (\*\*): May be not available yet, please contact with your distributor.

## 1. Hardware Overview

### 1. Front View and Keypad function



- ◆ **System Indication LED:** When having not checked voice mail , system indication LED will be flashing until user checked voice mail.
- ◆ **MENU:** Press to enter LCD Menu when in standby mode; if already in LCD Menu, press this button can return to standby mode

- ◆ **MUTE:**
  1. Mute the voice of Microphone and let others can't hear from user in communication.
  2. Change input mode to be digit or character mode: When configuration in LCD menu can change input mode to be input digit only or input character.
- ◆ **▲▼:** Move to up/down, left/right ; increase/decrease value.
- ◆ **OK:** Press OK to confirm the modification.
- ◆ **Flash:**
  1. Transfer a call. User A can press FLASH button when in communication with user B, then input phone number can make call to User C, after talk with C, A can hang up, User B and User C can communicate.
  2. Back to upper level of menu: when in LCD Menu, press FLASH button can jump to upper level of menu.
- ◆ **REDIAL / HOLD:**
  1. Redial the last outgoing call or hold one call in communication.
  2. Upper-case/Lower-case character: change input character mode to be upper case or lower-case.
- ◆ **SPEAKER:** Speaking without picking up handset.
- ◆ **5 Graphic Memory key:** User presses these keys to do speed dial according to phone book data 1-5 (please refer to LCD configuration-Phone Book, Configuring the SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) through Telnet command lines - [pbook] command, or Web Configuration-Phone Book chapter).
- ◆ **Number 1 –10, \* and #:** The function is as the same as the general phone set.

**Corresponding list of keypad and symbol:**

1	"1"
2	"a" ; " b" ; "c" ; "2"
3	"d" ; "e" ; "f" ; "3"
4	"g" ; "h" ; "i" ; "4"
5	"j" ; "k" ; "l" ; "5"
6	"m" ; "n" ; "o" ; "6"
7	"p" ; "q" ; "r" ; "s" ; "7"
8	"t" ; "u" ; "v" ; "8"
9	"w" ; "x" ; "y" ; "z" ; "9"
*	" " ; "@" ; " _ " ; " - " ; " " ; " ! " ; " ? " ; " " " ; " + " ; " \$ " ; " * "
0	"Space" ; "0"
#	"#"

## 2.Back View

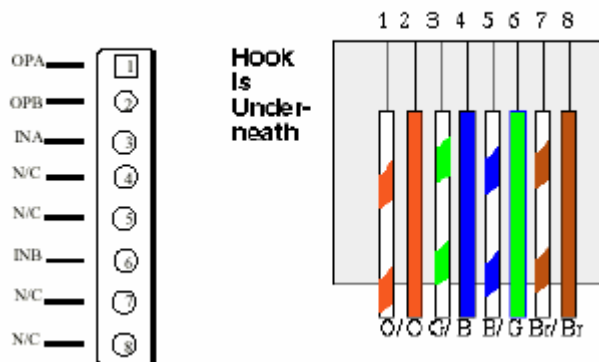


- ◆ **DC 5V:** DC 5V power input outlet
- ◆ **LAN:** 10/100 Base-T RJ-45 connector, connected directly to the **Hub** through the **straight** CAT-5 cable.
- ◆ **PC:** 10/100 Base-T RJ-45 connector, connected directly to the **PC** through the **straight** CAT-5 cable

## 3.Specification

### 1. Ethernet Port :

Ethernet port is for connecting SIP-Phone to network, transmit rate supports 10/100 Base-T.



Ethernet connector ( LAN )

2. Dimension: 200mm(W) x 79mm(H) x 210mm(D)
3. Weight: 830g

## **2. Software Features and Specification**

### **Application:**

- ISP/ITSP (Internet Telephony Service Provider)
- IP-PBX with office telephony services
- Multi-nation enterprise communication
- SOHO Telephony

### **Calling Features**

- Call Hold
- Call Transfer
- Call Forward
- 5 configurable speed dials

### **Network Supported**

- Fixed IP
- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
- PPPoE connection (When PPPoE disconnect, SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) can automatically re-connect)
- Behind NAT IP Sharing Device
- Support QOS by setting DSCP (Differentiated Service Code Point) parameters of VoIP packet

### **Audio Features**

- G.711 a/μ-Law, G.723.1, G.729, G.729a
- VAD, CNG
- Programmable Dynamic Jitter Buffer
- Bad Frame Interpolation
- Gain/Attenuation Settings

### **Provisioning and Configuration**

- SIP (RFC3261) compliance
- LCD configuration password protection
- Provide Proxy Mode or Peer-to-Peer Mode (Non Proxy Server needed) selection
- Ring tone, Speaker and Handset volume adjustable
- Support DNS server inquiry

### **Management Features:**



- Software Upgrade: TFTP/FTP download
- Three easy ways for system configuration
  - LCD Front Panel
  - Web Browser
  - TELNET

### **Environmental**

- Operating and storage Humidity: 10 to 95 % (Non-condensing)
- Operational Temperature: 0 to +40 °C
- Storage Temperature: -10 to 60°C

### **Certification**

- CE

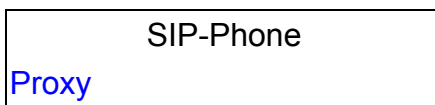
## Chapter 2 Configuring the SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) through LCD Phone menu

**Note:**

1. After any configuration has changed for the SIP IP Phone (IPP-120), user has to do **Reboot** in the selection 7 “Reboot”.
2. **We suggest user to set IP address via LCD menu 5→2.3.4.5 first, then go to chapter 3 to do other configurations via web browser. If user need to do more detail or advanced configurations, please refer to chapter 4 and use Telnet command lines.**
3. User can also try to enter web configuration via default IP address of SIP IP Phone (IPP-120): **10.1.1.3**

### 1. Initialize SIP IP Phone (IPP-120)

1. After SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) finish initializing, it will get into standby mode:



The main LCD screen would be shown as similar as above. “Proxy” means the SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) is in Proxy Mode.

**Note:**

If SIP-Phone didn't register to Proxy server, when SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) been off-hook, user will hear busy tone instead of dial tone.

2. When SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) is under peer-to-peer mode, on LCD will show “P2P” instead of “Proxy”.



3. Press **MENU** to enter configuration mode then press **OK** to enter sub menus; press **FLASH** can jump out current menu to previous level.

1. Call List
2. Forward
3. Phone Book
4. Ringer
5. Network
6. Advanced Set (can be protected by password)
7. Reboot

## 2. LCD Menu Configuration

User can set the following configurations via LCD keypad.

### Note:

1. Press **REDIAL/HOLD** before input data can switch characters to be capital or lowercase.
2. Press **MUTE** before input data can switch input mode to be character mode or IP mode; for example, user wants to enter IP address, after pressing **MUTE** can enter digits directly.
3. When user is inputting data, press **▲** will clear previous input data.

### 1. Call List

User can check all call records in this call list menu.

- **Missed Calls** : to see all missed calls in message box.
- **Received** : to see all received calls in message box.
- **Dialed No.:** to see all dialed numbers in message box.
- **Exit:** return to upper level of LCD Menu

### 2. Forward

There are 3 selections in Forward type, user must select under which condition to forward calls.

#### ■ **Busy**

When SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) is in busy status, the incoming call will be forwarded to the assigned phone number.

#### ◆ **Activate**

Enter a forwarded phone number to activate busy forward function.

#### ◆ **Deactivate**

Deactivate Busy Forward function.

#### ◆ **Exit**

Return to upper level of LCD Menu

#### ■ **No Answer**

When SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) has incoming call and hasn't been picked up for around 10 seconds, the incoming call will be forwarded to the assigned phone number.

#### ◆ **Activate**

Enter a forwarded phone number to activate No Answer Forward function.

◆ **Deactivate**

Deactivate No Answer Forward function.

◆ **Exit**

Return to upper level of LCD Menu

■ **Uncondition (Unconditional Forward)**

It is included the above two types. Whether the SIP-Phone is in which status, calls will be automatically forwarded to the assigned phone number.

◆ **Activate**

Enter a forwarded phone number to activate Unconditional Forward function.

◆ **Deactivate**

Deactivate Unconditional Forward function.

◆ **Exit**

Return to upper level of LCD Menu

■ **Delete All:** Delete all forward activated data.

■ **Exit:** Return to upper level of LCD Menu.

### 3. Phone Book

1. **List**

List all records of name, telephone number, and IP address in the phone address book.

2. **Edit/Del**

Edit or delete a record of name, telephone number, and IP address of the phone address book.

3. **New**

Add a new record of name, telephone number, and IP address of the phone address book.

4. **Exit**

Return to upper level of LCD Menu

### 4. Ringer

1. **Volume**

User can adjust ring volume by press ▼ or ▲ on the keypad to decrease or increase ringer volume.

## 2. Style

There are three tone styles for SIP IP Phone (IPP-120). Move the “>” symbol by press ▼ or ▲ on the keypad to select the tone style preferred, then press **OK** to confirm it.

## 3. Exit

Return to upper level of LCD Menu

## 5. Network

### 1. Information

All information of network will slide through LCD screen slowly, if user wants to see each item only can press ▼ or ▲ to check detail information.

- Mode: Display current network connection mode of SIP-Phone to be Static (Fixed IP), DHCP, or PPPoE.
- IP, Mask, Gateway: display current IP information.

### 2. Get IP Mode

Set network mode of SIP-Phone to be Fix (Fixed IP), DHCP, or PoE (PPPoE).

### 3. IP address

Set IP address of SIP IP Phone (IPP-120).

### 4. Subnet Mask:

Set subnet mask address of SIP IP Phone (IPP-120).

### 5. Default GW

Set default gateway address of SIP IP Phone (IPP-120).

### 6. DNS (Domain Name Server)

Set IP address of Domain Name Server. Once SIP-Phone can connect to DNS server, user can set URL address for Proxy server or Phone book instead of IP address.

#### (1) Primary

Set Primary DNS server IP address

#### (2) Secondary

Set Secondary DNS server IP address

#### (3) Exit

Return to upper level of LCD Menu

## 7. PoE Config (PPPoE Configuration)

### (1) User Name

Set PPPoE connection authentication user name.

### (2) Password

Set PPPoE connection authentication password.

### (3) Reconnect

Select ON or OFF to enable or disable this function. If user enables this function, after PPPoE disconnected, SIP-Phone will automatically reboot to re-connect, and after reboot, if SIP-Phone still can't connect with server, SIP-Phone will keep trying to connect. On the other hand, if user disables this function, SIP-Phone won't reboot and keep trying to connect.

### (4) Exit

Return to upper level of LCD Menu

## 8. IP-Sharing

- If SIP-Phone is behind IP sharing or NAT device, and SIP-Phone is under Peer-to-Peer mode or Proxy mode (doesn't support endpoint behind NAT function), on IP sharing must enable "**DMZ**" function or set "**Virtual Server**" to open ports (UDP port: 5060 and 16384, 16385). SIP-Phone must enable this IP sharing function.

- User must enter public IP address of IP sharing.

## 9. Exit: Return to upper level of LCD Menu

## 6. Advanced Set (can be protected by password)

### ● Password:

User must key in password to enter this menu if password has been set, items under this command are all important ones, which can only be configured by advanced users. If password hasn't been set, user can enter this menu directly without entering password.

### Note:

1. If user forget password, please contact with your distributor, we will generate a specific password according to your MAC address of SIP-Phone.
2. User can also try to configure SIP-Phone via Telnet or Web browser with

default IP address: 10.1.1.3. (If IP haven't been changed)

- **SIP**

- **Mode**

- Select SIP connection mode to be peer-to-peer mode or Proxy mode.

- **Proxy**

- ◆ **Proxy**

- Set Proxy IP address or Domain Name.

- ◆ **Outbound**

- Set Outbound Proxy IP address or Domain Name.

- ◆ **Px port**

- Set Proxy port for SIP-Phone to send messages.

- ◆ **Expire (in seconds)**

- Set expire time of registration, in the duration of 2/3 expire time, SIP-Phone will re-register to Proxy Server again.

- ◆ **Exit**

- Return to upper level of LCD Menu

- **User Info**

- ◆ **User Name (Mandatory)**

- Set User Name of SIP-Phone to register to Proxy Server. If Proxy server doesn't request specific User name, please enter Line number here.

- ◆ **Line No.**

- Set Line Number of SIP-Phone to register to Proxy Server.

- ◆ **Password**

- Set User Password of SIP-Phone to register to Proxy Server. This configuration is not necessary, if Proxy server doesn't request client to set password, user only has to set User Name the same as Line Number.

- ◆ **Exit**

- Return to upper level of LCD Menu

- **Exit**

- Return to upper level of LCD Menu

- **SW Update**

- **Method**

- There are two methods to download new version file, please move the ">" symbol by press ▲ or ▼ on the keypad to select TFTP or FTP



method, then press **OK** to confirm it.

■ **Sever**

User has to offer one TFTP/FTP server IP Address and set this IP Address via keypad. The IP Address is necessary for upgrading SIP-Phone new application rom file.

■ **Account**

User has to input user name for FTP server login .It is necessary for upgrading SIP-Phone new application rom file via FTP method.

■ **Password**

User has to input user password for FTP server login .It is necessary for upgrading SIP-Phone new application rom file via FTP method.

■ **File Name**

User has to press the file name of new application rom file prepared for upgrading

■ **Version**

Show versions of all software and hardware. (\*\*)

■ **Upgrade**

Select YES or NO to start upgrade.

■ **Exit**

Return to upper level of LCD Menu

**Note:**

Download via LCD command can only upgrade new *application* rom file.

**3. Menu Password**

Set entry password of phone LCD menu.

**4. Exit**

Return to upper level of LCD Menu

**7. Reboot**

Reboot machine. It is necessary and important for user to reboot SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) after any configurations has been made. SIP-Phone will ask user again before reboot.

## **Chapter 3 Configuring the SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) through Web Pages**

The HTTPD web management interface provides user an easier way to configure rather than command line method through TELNET.

The configuration function and steps are similar with the way through command line. Please refer to the chapter 4-Configuring the SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) through Telnet command lines for more detail information. Below is a guide for user to configure via web interface.

## Step 1. Browse the IP Address predefined via Keypad

Please enter IP address (user have to set via LCD menu first) of SIP-Phone in web browser. If user failed to set IP address via LCD menu, the **default IP address of SIP-Phone is 10.1.1.3**, user can also try to connect to SIP-Phone with this default IP via web interface.




## Step 2. Input the login name and password

- Login name: **root** or **administrator**

User who requests authorization to execute **all** configuration commands needs to login with “root”. If a user login with “administrator”, commands below are not functional:

1. **Password:** set password of login: “root” users.
2. **Flash clean:** clean all current configurations
3. **Rom configuration:** upgrade boot sector
4. **Rom configuration:** upgrade whole 2m software file

- Password (The same with TELNET): Null (just press confirm, no need to key in password in default value)



輸入網路密碼

請輸入您的使用者名稱與密碼。

網站: 192.168.13.101

範圍: SIP-Phone Configuration Web Server

使用者名稱(U): root

密碼(P):

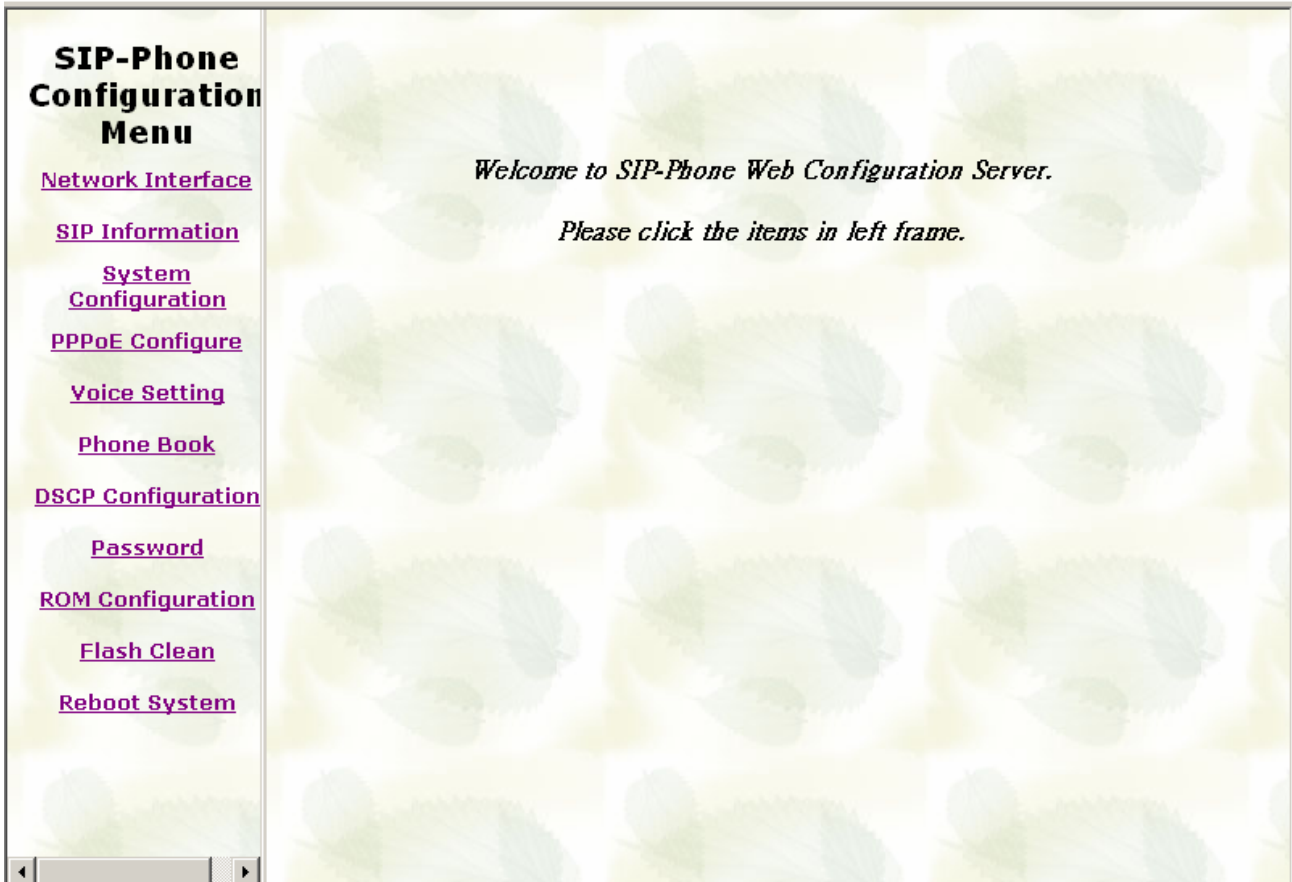
將這個密碼存到您的密碼清單(S)

確定 取消

Note: User can set password later in **8.PASSWORD** via web interface.

### Step 3. Enter the web interface main screen

After enter login name and password, user can see web interface main screen as below.



### Step 4. Start to configure

Most important items are [Network Interface](#), [SIP Information](#), and [Phone Book \(in Peer-to-Peer mode\)](#). Please remember to configure these commands before start to work with SIP-Phone.

#### Note:

After change any settings, please remember to **reboot** (in [Reboot System](#)) SIP-Phone so that changes can take effect.

## 1. Network Interface

Please refer to chapter 4.9 [ifaddr] command.

SIP-Phone Configuration Menu	
<a href="#">Network Interface</a>	
<a href="#">SIP Information</a>	
<a href="#">System Configuration</a>	
<a href="#">PPPoE Configure</a>	
<a href="#">Voice Setting</a>	
<a href="#">Phone Book</a>	
<a href="#">DSCP Configuration</a>	
<a href="#">Password</a>	
<a href="#">ROM Configuration</a>	
<a href="#">Flash Clean</a>	
<a href="#">Reboot System</a>	

Network Interface	
IP Address:	192 . 168 . 13 . 101
Subnet Mask:	255 . 255 . 248 . 0
Default routing gateway:	192 . 168 . 8 . 254
Get IP Mode:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Fixed IP <input type="radio"/> DHCP <input type="radio"/> PPPoE
SNTP:	<input type="radio"/> enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> disable
SNTP Server Address:	168 . 95 . 195 . 12
GMT:	8
IP Sharing:	<input type="radio"/> enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> disable
IP Sharing Server Address:	218 . 32 . 223 . 134
Primary DNS Server:	168 . 95 . 1 . 1
Secondary DNS Server:	168 . 95 . 1 . 2
<input type="button" value="OK"/>	

- **IP Address:** Set IP Address of SIP-Phone
- **Subnet Mask:** Set the Subnet Mask of SIP-Phone
- **Default routing gateway:** Set Default routing gateway of SIP-Phone
- **Get IP Mode:** User has to set SIP-Phone to use which network mode.
  1. **Fixed IP:** User has to assign a fixed IP to SIP-Phone.
  2. **DHCP:** When DHCP function enables, SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) will automatically search DHCP server after reboot.
  3. **PPPoE:** If SIP-Phone is working with PPPoE connection, user have to set related parameters in “**PPPoE Configure**” page.

**Note:**

If User set “Get IP mode” as DHCP or PPPoE, IP address, Subnet Mask, and Default routing gateway will become 10.1.1.3 and not allow to be configured.

- **SNTP:** Enable / Disable the Simple Network Time Protocol function

- **SNTP Server Address:** Set SNTP Server Address  
When SNTP server is available, enable SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) SNTP function to point to SNTP server IP address so that SIP-Phone can get correct current time.
- **GMT:** Set time zone for SNTP Server time  
User can set different time zone according to the location of SIP-Phone. For example, in Taiwan the time zone should be set as 8, which means GMT+8.
- **IP Sharing:** Enable it if SIP-Phone is behind IP Sharing router.
- **UPnP:** Enable it if IP sharing or NAT device supports UPnP function so that no need to configure IP sharing or SIP-Phone when SIP-Phone is behind NAT device.
- **IP Sharing Server Address:** Set Public IP Address of IP Sharing router for SIP-Phone to work behind IP sharing.
- **Primary DNS Server:** Set Primary Domain Name Server IP address.  
User can set Domain Name Server IP address. Once SIP-Phone can connect with DNS server, user can specify URL address instead of IP address for Proxy and phone book IP address.
- **Secondary DNS Server:** Set Secondary Domain Name Server IP address.

## 2. SIP Information

Please refer to chapter 4.13 [SIP] command

SIP Configuration	
Run Mode:	<input type="radio"/> Peer-2-Peer <input checked="" type="radio"/> Proxy
Proxy IP Address:	<input type="text" value="192.168.14.238"/>
Outbound Proxy:	<input type="text" value="null"/>
Proxy port:	<input type="text" value="5060"/>
Phone Book Search:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Prefix String:	<input type="text" value="null"/>
Line Number:	<input type="text" value="3071"/>
Line Account:	<input type="text" value="3071"/>
Line Password:	<input type="text" value="*****"/>
SIP port:	<input type="text" value="5060"/>
RTP Port:	<input type="text" value="16384"/>
Expire:	<input type="text" value="60"/>
<input type="button" value="OK"/>	

- **Run Mode:** Select SIP-Phone to work under Peer-to-Peer mode or Proxy mode.
- **Proxy IP Address:** Set Proxy IP Address or URL address (Domain Name Server must be configured. Please refer to **Network Interface**).
- **Outbound Proxy:** Set IP Address or URL address (Domain Name Server must be configured. Please refer to **Network Configure**) of outbound Proxy server.
- **Proxy port:** Set Proxy port for SIP-Phone to send message, default value is 5060, if there is no special request of Proxy server, please don't change this value.
- **Phone Book Search:** enable/disable phone book search function. If user enabled this function, SIP-Phone will search dialed number in phone book to see if there is any matched table before send to Proxy server, and if there is a matched data in phone book, SIP-Phone will make call to related IP address.
- **Prefix String:** set prefix string. If user ID contains alphabets, user can set it as prefix



string here. For example, if Account Name is 123, SIP-Phone will send out messages as Account Name @"IP address of Proxy", if user sets prefix as abc, SIP-Phone will send out as abc123@"IP address of Proxy". This function is for special proxy server.

- **Line Number:** identify one number for the SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) to register to the Proxy.
- **Line Account:** set user name of SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) for registering. User can set user name and password for registering. If password is not needed, please set user name the same as line number or SIP-Phone won't register successfully.
- **Line Password:** set password for registering.
- **SIP Port:** set SIP UDP port.
- **RTP Port:** set RTP port for sending voice data.
- **Expire:** set expire time of registration. SIP-Phone will keep re-registering to proxy server before expire timed out

### 3. System Configuration

Please refer to chapter 4.12 [sysconf] command

The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface. On the left is a sidebar menu titled "SIP-Phone Configuration Menu" with various options: Network Interface, SIP Information, System Configuration (highlighted with a dashed border), PPPoE Configure, Voice Setting, Phone Book, DSCP Configuration, Password, ROM Configuration, Flash Clean, and Reboot System. The main area displays a "System Configuration" dialog box with the following fields:

System Configuration	
Keypad DTMF Type:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> In-Band <input type="radio"/> RFC2833
RFC2833 Payload Type:	<input type="text" value="96"/>
Inter Digit Time:	<input type="text" value="3"/>
End of Dial Digit:	<input type="radio"/> NONE <input type="radio"/> * <input checked="" type="radio"/> #
<input type="button" value="OK"/>	

- **Keypad DTMF Type:** set DTMF type. User can select DTMF type SIP-Phone transmits.
- **RFC2833 Payload Type:** change RFC2833 Payload type. This is for special request from the other site, if RFC2833 payload type of 2 sites are different, it may cause some problem of connection.
- **Inter Digit Time:** Set the DTMF inter digit time (second)  
To set the duration (in second) of two pressed digits in dial mode as timed out. If after the duration user hasn't pressed next number, SIP-Phone will dial out all number pressed.
- **End of Dial Digit:** select end of dialing key, e.g. set end of dial key as \* button, after finished pressing dialing number then press \* will dial out.

## 4. PPPoE Configure

Please refer to chapter 4.10 [pppoe] command

<b>SIP-Phone Configuration Menu</b> <a href="#">Network Interface</a> <a href="#">SIP Information</a> <a href="#">System Configuration</a> <a href="#">PPPoE Configure</a> <a href="#">Voice Setting</a> <a href="#">Phone Book</a> <a href="#">DSCP Configuration</a> <a href="#">Password</a> <a href="#">ROM Configuration</a> <a href="#">Flash Clean</a> <a href="#">Reboot System</a>	PPPoE Device Information and Configuration	
	User Name:	0123456789012345678901234.
	Password:	*****
	Reboot After Remote Host Disconnection:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off
	Authenticate:	PAP
	Protocol:	TCP/IP
	Device:	PPP/PPPoE
	<input type="button" value="OK"/>	

- **User Name:** Set PPPoE authentication User Name.
- **Password:** Set PPPoE authentication password.
- **Reboot After Remote Host Disconnection:** Enable/Disable auto reboot after PPPoE disconnection  
If user enables this function, after PPPoE being disconnected, SIP-Phone will automatically reboot to re-connect, and after reboot, if SIP-Phone still can't get contact with server, SIP-Phone will keep trying to connect. After re-connected, SIP-Phone will also restart system. On the other hand, if user disables this function, SIP-Phone won't reboot and keep trying to connect.
- **Other items:** for reference only, cannot allow to be configured.

## 5. Voice Setting

Please refer to chapter 4.15 [voice] command

Voice Setting				
Codec Priority	1st G.729	2nd G.723.1	3rd G.711mu-Law	4th G.711A-Law
Frame Size	G.723.1 30ms	G.729 20ms	G.711mu 20ms	G.711A 20ms
G.723 Silence Suppression:	<input type="radio"/> enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> disable			
Volume:	voice 4		ring 7	
OK				

- **Codec Priority:** set codecs priority in order. Please notice that user can set from 1 to 5 codecs as their need. For example, user can only set first priority as G.723.1, and set the others as x, that means only G.723.1 is available.
- **Frame Size:** User can set different packet size for each codec.
- **G.723 Silence Suppression:** Enable / Disable sound compression and comfort noise generation. It is only for codec G.723.1
- **Volume:** Adjust the volume in "Voice" (sending out); "Input" (receiving); "DTMF" (DTMF sending out).

## 6. Phone Book

Please refer to chapter 4.5 [pbook] command

The screenshot displays the SIP-Phone Configuration Menu on the left, with the Phone Book section selected. The main area is divided into two sections: 'Phone Book' and 'New Record'.

**Phone Book**

Index	Name	IP_Address	e164

**New Record**

Index	Name	IP Address	E164 No.
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Buttons:

- **Add Data:** User can specify only 10 sets of phone book via web interface. Please input index, Name, IP Address and E.164 number of the destination device. From Telnet command line can set up to 100 sets of phone book data.
- **Delete Date:** User can delete any configured phone book data by assign index.

## 7. DSCP Configuration

Please refer to chapter 4.16 [tos] command

The screenshot displays the 'SIP-Phone Configuration Menu' on the left, with 'DSCP Configuration' selected. The main area is titled 'DiffServ Code Point(DSCP) Configuration' and is divided into two sections: 'Signal Packet' and 'RTP Packet'. Each section contains radio buttons for 'Assured Forwarding (AF) PHB', 'Expedited Forwarding(EF) PHB', and 'Default'. The 'Assured Forwarding (AF) PHB' option is selected in both sections. In the 'Signal Packet' section, the 'Delay Priority' is set to 'Class 1' and 'Drop Precedence' is set to 'Low'. The 'RTP Packet' section has the same settings. There is also a 'User Assign Special DSCP Code:' field in both sections. An 'OK' button is located at the bottom right of the configuration area.

Set Signal or RTP Packet DSCP value:

- **Assured Forwarding (AF) PHB:** Select Delay priority and Drop Precedence
- **Expedited Forwarding (EF) PHB:** Select TOS value as EF
- **Default:** Select TOS value as 0
- **User Assign Special DSCP Code:** User can set other unspecified value here.

TOS/DiffServ (DS) priority function can discriminate the Differentiated Service Codepoint (DSCP) of the DS field in the IP packet header, and map each Codepoint to a corresponding egress traffic priority. As per the definition in RFC2474, the DS field is Type-of-Service (TOS) octet in IPv4. The recommended DiffServ Codepoint is defined in RFC2597 to classify the traffic into different service classes. The mapping of Codepoint value of DS-field to egress traffic priorities is shown as follows.

<b>DROP Precedence</b>	<b>Class #1</b>	<b>Class #2</b>	<b>Class #3</b>	<b>Class #4</b>
<b>Low Drop Precedence</b>	(AF11) 001010	(AF21) 010010	(AF31) 011010	(AF41) 100010
<b>Medium Drop Precedence</b>	(AF12) 001100	(AF22) 010100	(AF32) 011100	(AF42) 100100
<b>High Drop Precedence</b>	(AF13) 001110	(AF23) 010110	(AF33) 011110	(AF43) 100110

1. High priority with DS-field.

(1) Expected Forwarding (EF) 101110 ==> 46 (Decimal System)  
(2) Assured Forwarding (AF) 001010 ==> 10 (Decimal System)  
010010 ==> 18 (Decimal System)  
011010 ==> 26 (Decimal System)  
100010 ==> 34 (Decimal System)

2. Low Priority with DS-field:

Assured Forwarding (AF) 001100 ==> 12 (Decimal System)  
010100 ==> 20 (Decimal System)  
011100 ==> 28 (Decimal System)  
100100 ==> 36 (Decimal System)  
001110 ==> 14 (Decimal System)  
010110 ==> 22 (Decimal System)  
011110 ==> 30 (Decimal System)  
100110 ==> 38 (Decimal System)  
000000 ==> 0 (Decimal System)

Please refer to RFC standard documents for more information about what is DSCP.

## 8. Password

Please refer to chapter 4.19 [password] command

The screenshot displays the 'SIP-Phone Configuration Menu' on the left side, with the 'Password' option selected. The main window is titled 'Password' and contains a dropdown menu for the login name (currently set to 'root'), three input fields for 'Current Password', 'New Password', and 'Confirm New Password', and two buttons: 'CHANGE' and 'ABORT'.

- **Change:** First select login name as root or administrator, then enter current password, new password and confirm new password again to set new password.
- **Abort:** Press abort will clean all inputs.

User who requests authorization to execute **all** configuration commands needs to login with “root”. If a user login with “administrator”, commands below are not functional:

1. **Password:** set password of login: “root” users.
2. **Flash clean:** clean all current configurations
3. **Rom configuration:** upgrade boot sector
4. **Rom configuration:** upgrade whole 2m software file



## 9. Rom Configuration

Please refer to chapter 4.18 [rom] command

The screenshot displays the 'SIP-Phone Configuration Menu' on the left and the 'ROM Configuration' dialog box on the right. The menu includes options like Network Interface, SIP Information, System Configuration, PPPoE Configure, Voice Setting, Phone Book, DSCP Configuration, Password, ROM Configuration (highlighted), Flash Clean, and Reboot System. The ROM Configuration dialog box contains the following fields:

ROM Configuration	
FTP/TFTP server IP Address:	<input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/>
Target File name:	<input type="text"/>
Method:	TFTP ▾
FTP Login:	name <input type="text"/> passwd <input type="text"/>
Target File Type:	Application Image ▾
OK	

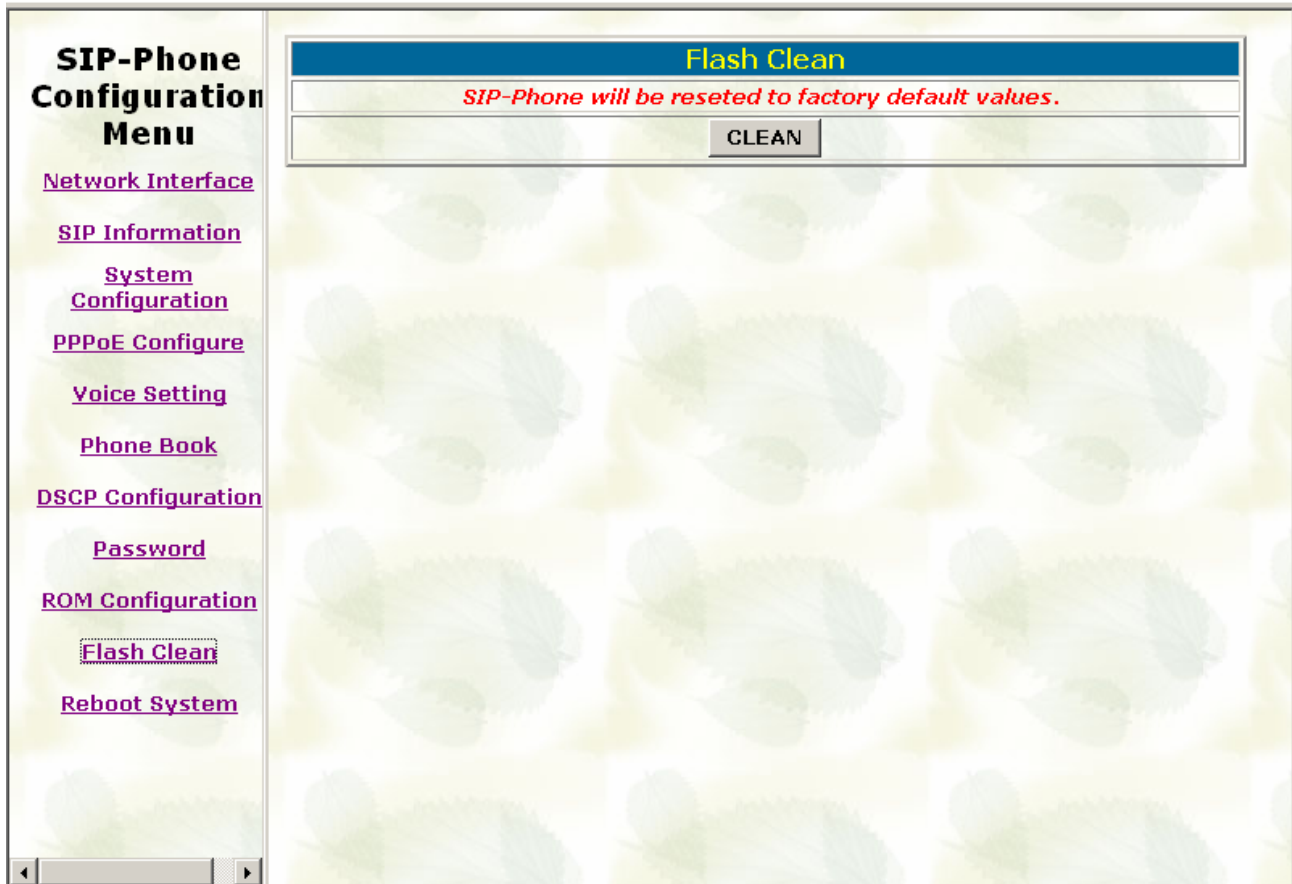
- **FTP/TFTP Server IP Address:** Set TFTP server IP address
- **Target File name:** Set file name prepared to upgrade
- **Method:** Select download method as TFTP or FTP
- **FTP Login:** Set FTP login name and password
- **Target File Type:** Select which sector of SIP-Phone to upgrade. For now, only application can be upgraded.

Note:

After upgrade Application, please remember to execute Flash Clean, which will clean all configurations become factory values except Network Interface.

## 10. Flash Clean

Please refer to chapter 4.11 [flash] command

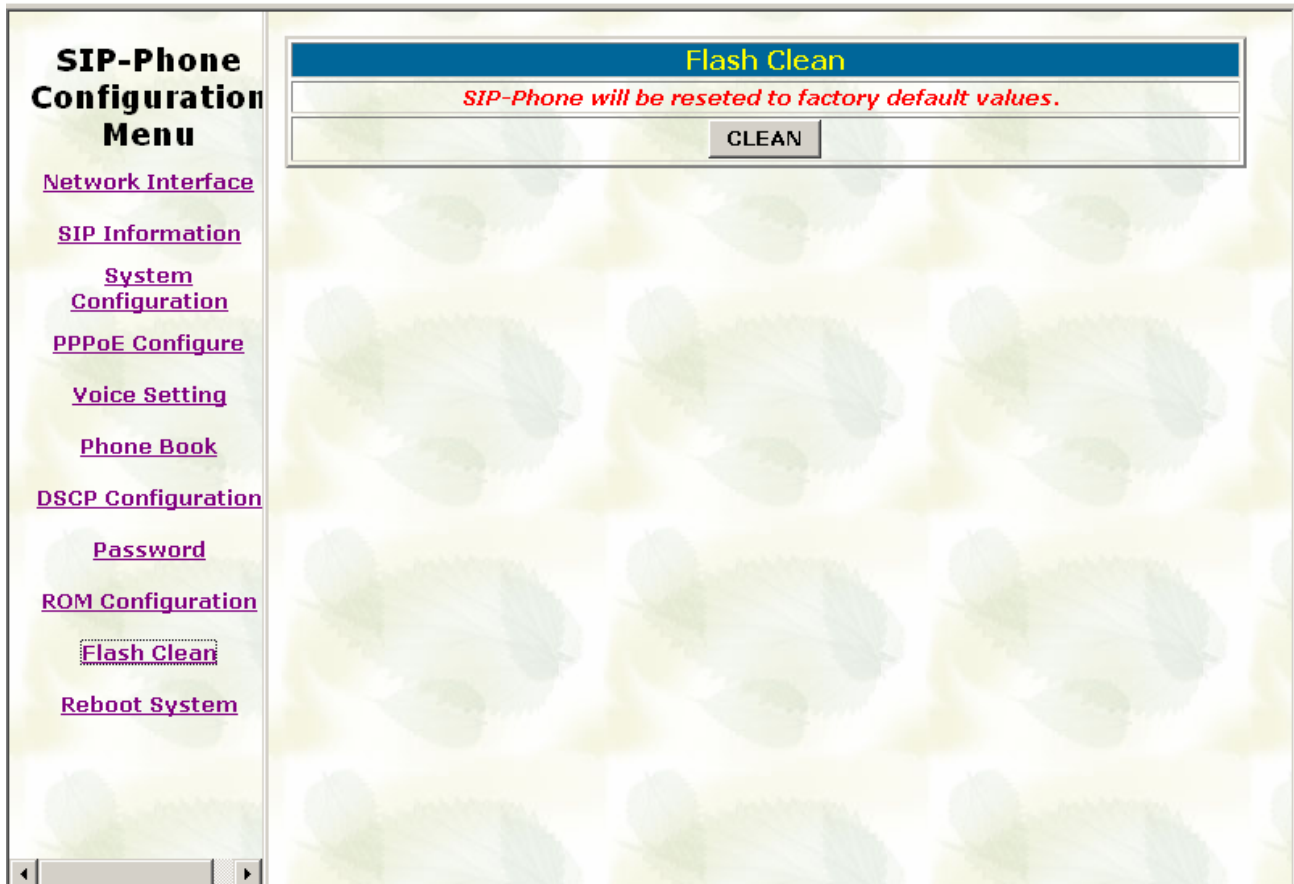


- Press CLEAN will clean all configurations of SIP-Phone and reset to factory default value. Please reboot after flash clean.

**Note:** User must re-configure all commands all over again (except Network Configure) once execute this function,

## 12. Reboot System

Please refer to chapter 4.4 [reboot] command



- Press reboot will reset SIP-Phone.

Note: To execute reboot via web browser, SIP-Phone will automatically save all data before reboot. To execute reboot via TELNET command, please remember to do **commit** before **reboot**.

## Chapter 4 Configuring the SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) through Telnet command lines

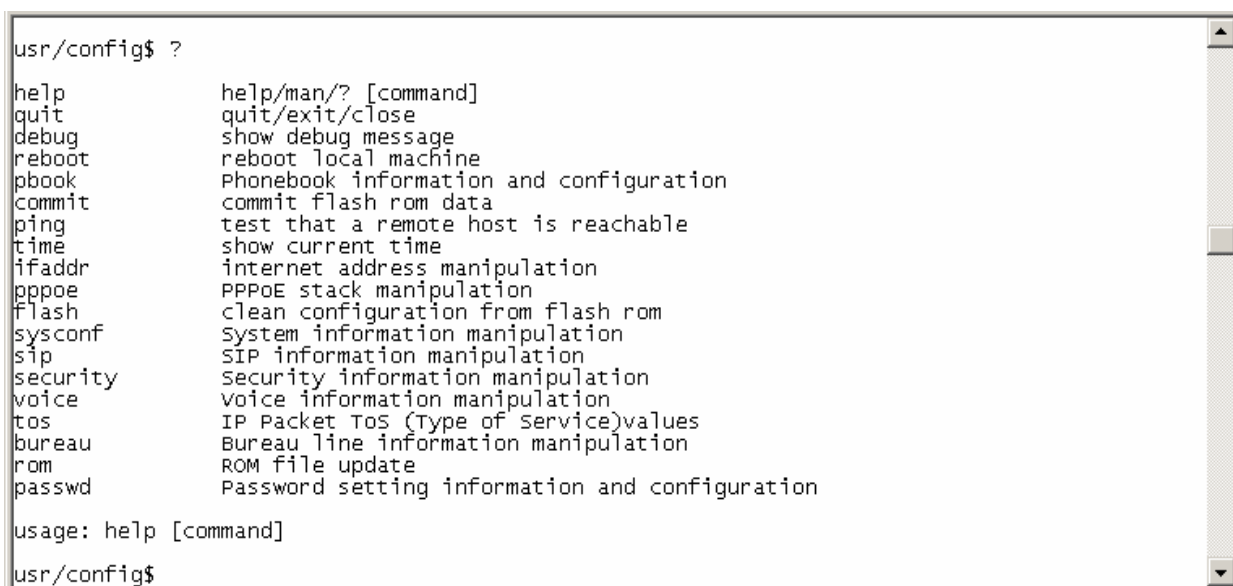
After setting the IP Address of SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) and reboot, (please refer to LCD Menu: 5-3.4.5), user can enter into Telnet command lines.

### Note:

1. After user enter SIP-Phone configuration via telnet, please use login: "root", password: null, press enter to enter command lines.
2. If user forget login password, please contact with your distributor, we will generate one new password according to LAN Phone's MAC address. Please login with "mac" and this new password.
3. User must input lower-case command, but contents of configurations such as SIP alias or user name etc, user can set as capital case.
4. After any change of configuration, please remember to do **commit** command to save changes and then **reboot** command to reboot system.

### 1. [help] command

Type **help** or **man** or **?** to display all the command lists. The following figure is shown all commands of SIP IP Phone (IPP-120).



```
usr/config$ ?
help          help/man/? [command]
quit         quit/exit/close
debug       show debug message
reboot     reboot local machine
pbook     Phonebook information and configuration
commit    commit flash rom data
ping      test that a remote host is reachable
time      show current time
ifaddr    internet address manipulation
pppoe     PPPoE stack manipulation
flash     clean configuration from flash rom
sysconf   System information manipulation
sip       SIP information manipulation
security  Security information manipulation
voice     Voice information manipulation
tos       IP Packet ToS (Type of Service)values
bureau   Bureau line information manipulation
rom       ROM file update
passwd   Password setting information and configuration

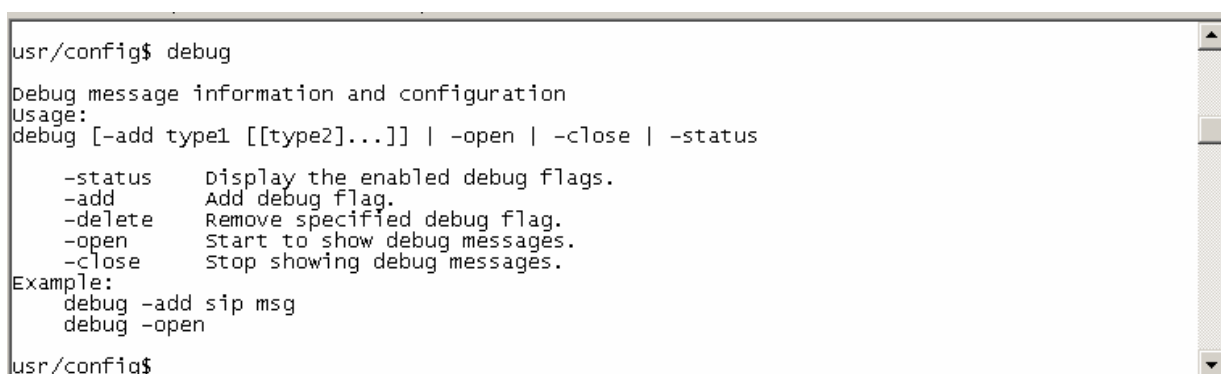
usage: help [command]
usr/config$
```

## 2. [quit] command

Type **quit/exit/close** will logout SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) and Telnet Program.

## 3. [debug] command

This command is for engineers to debug system of SIP IP Phone (IPP-120). User can add debug flag via command **debug –add “debug flags”**, and then start debug function via command **debug –open**. When SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) is working on screen will display related debug messages. Most frequently used debug flag are “sip”, “fsm”, “msg”...etc.



```
usr/config$ debug
Debug message information and configuration
Usage:
debug [-add type1 [[type2]...]] | -open | -close | -status
    -status    Display the enabled debug flags.
    -add       Add debug flag.
    -delete    Remove specified debug flag.
    -open      Start to show debug messages.
    -close     Stop showing debug messages.
Example:
debug -add sip msg
debug -open
usr/config$
```

## 4. [reboot] command

After typing **commit** command, type **reboot** to restart the SIP IP Phone (IPP-120). Sometimes after user type reboot, on terminal screen will display: "Data modified, commit to flash rom?" which means SIP-Phone will record call history or not. (Ex. REDIAL, outgoing and incoming call data)

## 5. [pbook] command

This command is functional both in Proxy mode and Peer-to-Peer mode. In proxy mode, use speed dial or 10 DL button will dial out e.164 number in phone book. In the other hand, in peer-to-peer mode, SIP-Phone will dial out IP address.

1. **-print**: display phone book data. User can print all data in phone book by command (**pbook –print**). Furthermore, user can also print only a section of data by indicate parameter “start index” and “end index” (**pbook –print “start index” “end index”**). If parameter “end index” is omitted, only record “start index” will be displayed. (**pbook –print “start prefix”**).
2. **-add**: add a new record in phone book table by giving name, IP address, and e.164 number of callee endpoint.

(**pbook -add name "X" ip "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx" e164 "X"**)

3. **-delete**: delete a record of certain listed index in phone book table. (**pbook -delete "index number"**)

4. **-modify**: modify record of a certain index in phone book . Please notice that the name, IP address and e164 number must be modified together; user cannot just modify one parameter only.

(**pbook -modify "index" name "X" ip "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx" e164 "X"**)

```
usr/config$ pbook
Phonebook information and configuration
Usage:
pbook [-print [start_record] [end_record]]
pbook [-add [ip ipaddress] [name Alias] [e164 phonenumber]]
pbook [-delete index]
pbook [-modify [index] [ip ipaddress] [name Alias] [e164 phonenumber]]

    -print      Display phonebook data.
    -add        Add an record to phonebook.
    -delete     Delete an record from phonebook.
    -modify     Modify an exist record.
Example:
pbook -print
pbook -add name Test ip 210.59.163.202 e164 1001
pbook -delete 3
pbook -modify 3 name Test ip 210.59.163.202 e164 1001
usr/config$
```

## 6. [commit] command

Save any changes after configuring the SIP IP Phone (IPP-120).

```
usr/config$ commit

This may take a few seconds, please wait....

Commit to flash memory ok!
usr/config$
```

## 7. [ping] command

Command **ping** can test which the IP address is reachable or not.

Usage: **ping "IP address"**

The message will display packets transmitting condition or no answer from the IP address.

```

usr/config$ ping
usr/config$ ping 192.168.2.107
PING 192.168.2.107: 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 192.168.2.107: icmp_seq=0. time=5. ms
64 bytes from 192.168.2.107: icmp_seq=1. time=0. ms
64 bytes from 192.168.2.107: icmp_seq=2. time=0. ms
64 bytes from 192.168.2.107: icmp_seq=3. time=0. ms
----192.168.2.107 PING Statistics----
4 packets transmitted, 4 packets received, 0% packet loss
round-trip (ms)  min/avg/max = 0/1/5
usr/config$ ping 192.168.99.99
PING 192.168.99.99: 56 data bytes
no answer from 192.168.99.99
usr/config$ █

```

### 8. [time] command

When SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) enable SNTP function and be able to connect with SNTP server, type **time** command will show the current time retrieved from SNTP server.

```

usr/config$ time
Current time is TUE FEB 03 14:50:08 2004
usr/config$

```

### 9. [ifaddr] command

Configure and display the SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) IP information.

1. **-print:** print out all current configurations of ifaddr command.
2. **-ip, -mask, -gate:** Set SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) IP Address, subnet mask and default gateway respectively.
  1. **-ipmode:** Set SIP-Phone network mode to be Fixed IP, DHCP or PPPoE.
 

When User set IP mode to be fixed IP, please set IP, subnet Mask, default gateway as mentioned in item 2.

If User set IP mode to be DHCP, SIP-Phone will search for DHCP server to capture IP address after reboot.

If user set IP mode to be PPPoE, please remember to set related parameters under **[pppoe] command.**
  2. **-sntp:** When SNTP server is available, enable SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) SNTP function and assign SNTP server IP address so that SIP-Phone can capture current time from SNTP server. (**ifaddr -sntp 1 "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx"**)
  3. **-dns:** User can set primary and secondary Domain Name Server IP address. Once SIP-Phone can connect with DNS server, user can specify URL address instead of IP address for Proxy Server and phone book IP address...etc. (**ifaddr -dns 1 "primary DNS server address" -dns 2 "secondary DNS server address"**)
  4. **-timezone:** User can set different time zone according to the location SIP-Phone is. For example, in Taiwan the time zone should be set as 8, which means GMT+8.

(GMT+8: **ifaddr -timezone 8**)

5. **-timeformat**: Set time display format as 12 or 24 hours. (**ifaddr -timeformat 0/1**, 0 as 24 hours, 1 as 12 houts)
6. **-ipsharing**: If SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) is behind a IP-sharing , user must enable IP sharing function and specify public IP address.(**ifaddr -ipsharing 0/1 "public IP address of IP sharing"** , 0 for disable and 1 for enable)

**Note:**

Some Proxy servers support endpoint behind NAT function, in this case SIP-Phone doesn't have to enable IP sharing function, please contact with your Proxy Server vendor for detail information.

```
usr/config$ ifaddr

LAN information and configuration
Usage:
ifaddr [-print][[-dhcp used]][-sntp mode [server]]
ifaddr [-ip ipaddress] [-mask subnetmask] [-gate defaultgateway]
ifaddr [-dns index [dns server address]]

    -print      Display LAN information and configuration.
    -ip         Specify ip address.
    -mask       Set Internet subnet mask.
    -gate       Specify default gateway ip address
    -ipmode     Set get IP mode(0:Fixed IP/1:DHCP/2:PPPoE)
    -sntp       Set SNTP server mode and specify IP address.
    -dns        specify IP address of DNS Server.
    -timezone   Set local timezone.
    -timeformat Set time format(1:12/0:24)
    -ipsharing  Specify usage of an IP sharing device and specify IP address
.
Note:
  Range of ip address setting (0.0.0.0 ~ 255.255.255.255).
  SNTP mode (0=no update, 1=specify server IP, 2=broadcast mode).
Example:
ifaddr -ip 210.59.163.202 -mask 255.255.255.0 -gate 210.59.163.254
ifaddr -ipmode 1
ifaddr -sntp 1 210.59.163.254
ifaddr -ipsharing 1 210.59.163.254
ifaddr -dns 1 168.95.192.1

usr/config$
```

## 10. [pppoe] command

1. **-print**: display all current configurations and information.
2. **-id**: to set PPPoE authentication user name.
3. **-pwd**: to set PPPoE authentication password.
4. **-reboot**: Select enable or disable this function. If user enables this function, after PPPoE disconnected, SIP-Phone will automatically reboot to re-connect, and after



reboot, if SIP-Phone still can't connect with server, SIP-Phone will keep trying to connect. On the other hand, if user disables this function, SIP-Phone won't reboot and keep trying to connect. (**pppoe -reboot 0/1**)

5. **-echo**: to set PPPoE send echo request function or not. Under some ISP sending echo request will cause abnormal behavior for LAN Phone, however, if user disable echo function, when ISP disconnect, LAN Phone will not try to reconnect. Suggest for most ISPs this function need to be enabled. Please refer to **pppoe -reboot** function.

```
usr/config$ pppoe
PPPoE device information and configuration
Usage:
pppoe [-print]
pppoe [-id username][-pwd password]

    -print      Display PPPoE device information.
    -id         Connection user name.
    -pwd        Connection password.
    -reboot     Reboot after remote host disconnection.
    -echo

usr/config$
```

## 11. [flash] command

This command will clean the configuration stored in the flash rom to default value and reboot the SIP IP Phone (IPP-120).

Note:

1. After user upgrade new software version, suggested to execute this command to make sure new software work well on SIP IP Phone (IPP-120).
2. To execute the command **flash -clean**, all configuration of SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) stored in flash will be cleaned. It is authorized for the user whose login name is "root" only.

```
usr/config$ flash
Flash memory information and configuration
Usage:
flash -clean

Note:
    This command will clean the configuration stored in
    the flash and reboot it.

usr/config$
```

## 12. [sysconf] command

1. **-print**: display all current configurations.
2. **-idtime**: set the duration(in second) of two pressed digits in dial mode as timed out. If after the duration user hasn't pressed next number, SIP-Phone will dial out all number pressed.
3. **-keypad**: set DTMF type .User can select DTMF type SIP-Phone receive and transmit.(**sysconf -keypad 0/1** , 0 for in band ,1 for RFC2833.)
4. **-2833type**: change RFC2833 Payload type.
5. **-eod**: select end of dialing key, e.g. set end of dial key as "\*" button , after finished pressing dialing number then press "\*" will dial out. (**sysconf -eod 0/1/2** , 0 for no end of dial key , 1 for "\*" button, 2 for "#" button )
6. **-privacy**: this function can only work in Japan and also user's service platform supports Japan standard telecom CLIR specification. When this function is set as Japan mode, other users can hide their caller ID by press special code before dial out phone number.

```
usr/config$ sysconf
System information and configuration
Usage:
sysconf [-idtime digit] [-keypad dtmf]
        [-2833type type] [-eod digit]
sysconf -print

-print          Display system overall information and configuration.
-idtime        Inter-Digits time.(1~10 sec)
-service       Specify lanphone service type. (0: Normal service,
               1: HotLine service.)
-keypad        Select DTMF type: 0=In-band,
               1=RFC2833.
-2833type      RFC2833 Payload Type (range:96~128 inter-used:100,102~105)
-eod           End of Dial Digit setting(0: NONE, 1: *, 2: #)
-privacy       Privacy Number Type(0: NONE, 1: Japan)
Example:
sysconf -keypad 0 -eod 2
usr/config$
```

## 13. [sip] command

1. **-print**: display all current configurations.
2. **-mode**: configure SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) as Proxy or Peer-to-Peer Mode.  
Usage: **sip -mode 0/1**(1 for Proxy mode, 0 for Peer-to-Peer mode)
3. **-px**: set proxy server IP address or URL address (**sip -px "IP address or URL of Proxy server"**).

4. **-pxport:** set listening port of Proxy server.
5. **-outpx:** set IP address of outbound proxy server. After user set outbound proxy, all packets from SIP-Phone will be sent to outbound proxy server.
6. **-prefix:** set prefix string. If user ID contains alphabets, user can set it as prefix string here. For example, if Account Name is 123, SIP-Phone will send out messages as Account Name @”IP address of Proxy”, if user set prefix as abc, SIP-Phone will send out as abc123@”IP address of Proxy”. This function is for special proxy server.
7. **-line:** identify one number for the SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) to register to the Proxy (**SIP -line “line number”**).

<p><b>Note:</b> In proxy mode please remember to set user account information under security command.</p>
---

8. **-pbsearch:** enable/disable phone book search function under Proxy Mode. If user enabled this function, SIP-Phone will search dialed number in phone book to see if there is any matched table before send to Proxy server, and if there is a matched data in phone book, SIP-Phone will make call to related IP address.
9. **-expire:** set expire time of registration. SIP-Phone will keep re-registering to proxy server before expire timed out.
10. **-port:** set listening UDP port of SIP-Phone.
11. **-rtp:** set RTP port number. SIP-Phone will use this port to send and receive voice.
12. **-sexpire:** set session expire timer. When user set session timer time, LAN Phone will keep checking if connection is still available in communication. If the other side doesn't response session timer request, LAN Phone will drop this call after session timer timed out. (**sip -sexpire “time”**, 0 is disabled, time unit is in seconds.)

```

usr/config$ sip

SIP stack information and configuration
Usage:
sip [-mode pxmode]
sip [-px address] [-prefix prefixstring]
  [-pxport ProxyPort] [-outpx address] [-line number]
  [-expire t1] [-port udpPort] [-rtp rtpPort]
sip -print

  -print      Display SIP stack information and configuration.
  -mode       Configure as Proxy mode or Peer-to-Peer mode.
  -px         Proxy server address. (Proxy IPv4 address or Proxy dns name)
  -pxport     Proxy server port. (the port of proxy)
  -outpx      OutBound Proxy server address. (Proxy IPv4 address or Proxy dns name)
              specify as null)
  -prefix     Specify prefix string, use it when UserID contains alphabets
              (if UserID uses numerals, specify as null)
  -line       TEL Phone number.
  -pbsearch   Search phone book      0:off/1:on.
  -expire     The relative time after which the message expires(0 ~ (2^31-1))
  -port       SIP local UDP port number (5060~5070), Default: 5060
  -rtp        RTP receive port number (2326~65534), Default: 16384
Example:
  sip -mode 1
  sip -px 210.59.163.171 -line 70
usr/config$

```

## 14. [security] command

1. **-print**: display all current configurations.
2. **-name**: set user ID of SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) for registering. User can set user name and password for registering. If password is no need, please set user name the same as line number or SIP-Phone won't register successfully.
3. **-pwd**: set account password for registering.

```

usr/config$ security

Security information and configuration
Usage:
security [-name username] [-password password]
security [-print]

  -print      Display system account information and configuration.
  -name       Specify user name.
  -pwd        Specify password.
Example:
  security -name 1001 -pwd 1001
usr/config$

```

## 15. [voice] command

The voice command is associated with the voice codec setting information.

1. **-print**: display voice codec information and configuration.
2. **-send**: three voice packet size can be configured as 20 ms, 40 ms or 60 ms.(only 30 and 60 ms for G.723.1)

3. **-priority**: set codecs priority in order. Please notice that user can set from 1 to 5 codecs as their need, for example, **voice -priority g723** or **voice -priority g723 711a g711u g729 g729a** means SIP-Phone can support only one codec or four codecs.
4. **-volume**: There are three types can be adjustable, voice volume, input gain and DTMF volume. Voice volume means the volume user can hear, input gain means the volume the other side can hear from SIP-Phone, DTMF means DTMF transmitting volume. (**voice -volume voice "value of volume"**, **voice -volume input "value of volume"**, **voice -volume dfmt "value of volume"**)

**Note:**

If value of volume set as 0 means -32db, 1 means -31db...etc.

5. **-nscng**: enable or disable sound compression and comfort noise generation. It is only for codec G.723.1. (0 for off, 1 for on)

Note: It is for advanced administrator use only. Please ask your distributor before changing any settings of this command.

```
usr/config$ voice
Voice codec setting information and configuration
Usage:
voice [-send [G729 ms] [G723 ms] [G711U ms] [G711A ms] ]
      [-volume line [voice level] [ring level] [input level] [dtmf level]]
      [-nscng [G711U used1] [G711A used2] [G723 used3]]
voice -print
voice -priority [G729] [G723] [G711U] [G711A]

  -print      Display voice codec information and configuration.
  -send       Specify sending packet size.
              G.729 (20/40/60 ms)
              G.723 (30/60/90 ms)
              G.711U (20/40/60 ms)
              G.711A (20/40/60 ms)
  -priority   Priority preference of installed codecs.
              G.729
              G.723
              G.711U
              G.711A
  -volume     Specify the following levels:
              voice volume (0~9, default: 7),
              ring volume (0~9, default: 7),
  -nscng     No sound compression and CNG. (G.723.1 only, On=1, Off=0).
Example:
voice -send g729 60 g723 60 g711u 60 g711a 60
voice -volume voice 7 ring 7
1
usr/config$
```

## 16. [tos] command

TOS/DiffServ (DS) priority function can discriminate the Differentiated Service Code Point (DSCP) of the DS field in the IP packet header, and map each Code Point to a corresponding egress traffic priority. As per the definition in RFC2474, the DS field is Type-of-Service (TOS) octet in IPv4. The recommended DiffServ Code Point is defined in RFC2597 to classify the traffic into different service classes. The mapping of Code Point value of DS-field to egress traffic priorities is shown as follows.

### 1. High priority with DS-field.

Expected Forwarding (EF)	101110	====>	46 (Decimal System)
Assured Forwarding (AF)	001010	====>	10 (Decimal System)
	010010	====>	18 (Decimal System)
	011010	====>	26 (Decimal System)
	100010	====>	34 (Decimal System)

### 2. Low Priority with DS-field:

Assured Forwarding (AF)	001100	====>	12 (Decimal System)
	010100	====>	20 (Decimal System)
	011100	====>	28 (Decimal System)
	100100	====>	36 (Decimal System)
	001110	====>	14 (Decimal System)
	010110	====>	22 (Decimal System)
	011110	====>	30 (Decimal System)
	100110	====>	38 (Decimal System)
	000000	====>	0 (Decimal System)

1. **-print** : display all current configurations.
2. **-rtptype**: set DSCP value of signaling packets from 0 to 63
3. **-siptype**: set DSCP value of RTP packets from 0 to 63

#### **Note:**

This command won't be functional until whole network environment support DSCP function, e.g. all routers or switches in your network have enabled DSCP feature.

```
usr/config$ tos
IP Packet ToS(type of Service)/Differentiated service configuration
Usage:
tos [-rtptype dscp]
tos [-sigtype dscp]
tos -print
tos [-rtpreliab mode]
tos -print

Example:
tos -rtptype 10 -sigtype 0

usr/config$ █
```

## 17. [bureau] command

1. **-print**: display all current configurations.
2. **-hotline**: set hotline IP and remote phone number. If user has enable Hotline function, once SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) been off-hook, it will automatically dial out to assigned IP and phone number.

(bureau **-hotline** "IP of destination" "Phone number of destination")

### Note:

To set SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) under hotline mode must set following configurations:

1. Peer-to-Peer mode: **sip -mode 0**
2. Hotline service: **sysconf -service 1**

```
usr/config$ bureau
Bureau line setting information and configuration
Usage:
bureau [-hotline [Port DestIP TELnum]]
bureau -print

-print      Display Bureau line information and configuration.
-hotline    set Hot line information.

Note:
Hotline feature should be used together with:
$sysconf -service 1 (HotLine service)
$sip -mode 0 (peer-to-peer mode)

Example:
bureau -hotline 192.168.4.69 628

usr/config$
```

## 18. [rom] command

1. **-print**: show all current configurations and version information.
2. **-app,-boot, -dsptest, -dspcore, -dspapp**,: upgrade main boot code, main application code, DSP testing code, DSP kernel code, DSP application code, Ring Back Tone PCM file and Hold Tone .

### Note:

After upgrade Application, please remember to execute **flash -clean** command,

which will clean all configurations become factory values except IP address.

3. **-boot2m**: to upgrade 2mb rom file, which includes all firmware file mentioned in item 2.
4. **-s**: it is necessary to prepare TFTP/FTP server IP address for upgrading firmware rom file.
5. **-f**: the file name prepared for upgrading is necessary as well.
6. **-method**: specify download method to be TFTP or FTP(0 for TFTP.1 for FTP)
7. **-ftp**: specify user name and password for FTP download method.

For example: User prepares to upgrade the latest app rom file – lpsip.100, the TFTP server is 192.168.1.1, User has to input command as below:

**rom -app -s 192.168.1.1 -f lpsip.100**

```
usr/config$ rom
ROM files updating commands
Usage:
rom [-print][-app][-boot][-dsptest][-dspcore][-dspapp]
-s TFTP/FTP server ip -f filename
rom -print
  -print      show versions of rom files. (optional)
  -app        update main application code(optional)
  -boot       update main boot code(optional)
  -boot2m     update 2M code(optional)
  -dsptest    update DSP testing code(optional)
  -dspcore    update DSP kernel code(optional)
  -dspapp     update DSP application code(optional)
  -s          IP address of TFTP/FTP server (mandatory)
  -f          file name(mandatory)
  -method     download via TFTP/FTP (TFTP: mode=0, FTP: mode=1)
  -ftp        specify username and password for FTP
Note:
  This command can run select one option in 'app', 'boot',
  , 'dsptest', 'dspcore', and 'dspapp'.
Example:
  rom -method 1
  rom -ftp vwusr vwusr
  rom -app -s 192.168.4.101 -f app.bin
usr/config$
```

Command **rom -print** can show current version installed in SIP IP Phone (IPP-120).

(\*\*)

```
usr/config$ rom -print
Download Method   : TFTP
      Boot Rom    : lp302
Application Rom   : lp302sip1113.bin
usr/config$
```



## 19. [passwd] command

For security protection, user has to input the password before entering **application user/config mode**. Two configurations of login name/password are supported by the system.

1. **-set**: set password of "root" users or "administrator" users.  
(**passwd -set root/administrator "password"**)
2. **-clean**: clean up password restored before, and user can login : "root/administrator", password: "press enter".

User who requests authorization to execute **all** configuration commands needs to login with "root". If a user login with "administrator", commands below are not functional:

## Chapter 5 Upgrading Software on the SIP IP Phone (IPP-120)

SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) supports three methods to upgrade the new version. All methods are necessary to prepare the **TFTP** or **FTP** program on the host PC as **TFTP/FTP server**. After installing **TFTP/FTP** program on one PC and connecting to network, SIP IP Phone (IPP-120) is ready to be upgraded.

1. LCD Panel Control
2. Remote Control: Telnet
3. Web Management

### 1.From LCD Phone Menu

Please select the 6→2 selection-**SW Upgrade**. Press **OK** to enter into the sub-selection as below.

- **SW Update**

- **Method**

- There are two methods to download new version file, please move the “>” symbol by press ▲ or ▼ on the keypad to select TFTP or FTP method, then press **OK** to confirm it.

- **Sever**

- User has to offer one TFTP/FTP server IP Address and set this IP Address via keypad. The IP Address is necessary for upgrading SIP-Phone new application rom file.

- **Account**

- User has to input user name for FTP server login .It is necessary for upgrading SIP-Phone new application rom file via FTP method.

- **Password**

- User has to input user password for FTP server login .It is necessary for upgrading SIP-Phone new application rom file via FTP method.

- **File Name**

- User has to press the file name of new application rom file prepared for upgrading

- **Version**

- Show versions of all software and hardware. (\*\*)

- **Upgrade**

- Select YES or NO to start upgrade.

- **Exit**

- Return to upper level of LCD Menu

**Note:**

Download via LCD command can only upgrade new *application* rom file.

## 2. Web Management

Please refer to chapter 4.18 [rom] command

The screenshot displays the 'SIP-Phone Configuration Menu' on the left and the 'ROM Configuration' form on the right. The menu includes options like Network Interface, SIP Information, System Configuration, PPPoE Configure, Voice Setting, Phone Book, DSCP Configuration, Password, ROM Configuration, Flash Clean, and Reboot System. The ROM Configuration form has the following fields:

ROM Configuration	
FTP/TFTP server IP Address:	<input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/>
Target File name:	<input type="text"/>
Method:	TFTP ▾
FTP Login:	name <input type="text"/> passwd <input type="text"/>
Target File Type:	Application Image ▾
<input type="button" value="OK"/>	

- **FTP/TFTP Server IP Address:** Set TFTP server IP address
- **Target File name:** Set file name prepared to upgrade
- **Method:** Select download method as TFTP or FTP
- **FTP Login:** Set FTP login name and password
- **Target File Type:** Select which sector of SIP-Phone to upgrade

**Note:**

1. After 2mb file download is finished, all configurations might change to default values, user has to configure again.
2. After upgrade Application, please remember to execute Flash Clean, which will clean all configurations become factory values except IP address.

### 3. Telnet command lines

Please refer to chapter 4.17 **[rom] command**

1. **-print**: show all current configurations and version information.
2. **-app, -boot, -dsptest, -dspcore, -dspapp**,: upgrade main boot code, main application code, DSP testing code, DSP kernel code, DSP application code, Ring Back Tone PCM file and Hold Tone .

**Note:**

After upgrade Application, please remember to execute flash –clean command, which will clean all configurations become factory values except IP address.

3. **-boot2m**: to upgrade 2mb rom file, which includes all firmware file mentioned in item 2.
  4. **-s**: it is necessary to prepare TFTP/FTP server IP address for upgrading firmware rom file.
  5. **-f**: the file name prepared for upgrading is necessary as well.
  6. **-method**: specify download method to be TFTP or FTP(0 for TFTP.1 for FTP)
  7. **-ftp**: specify user name and password for FTP download method.
- For example: User prepares to upgrade the latest app rom file – lpsip.100, the TFTP server is 192.168.1.1, User has to input command as below:
- rom –app –s 192.168.1.1 –f lpsip.100**

```
usr/config$ rom
ROM files updating commands
Usage:
rom [-print][-app][-boot][-dsptest][-dspcore][-dspapp]
-s TFTP/FTP server ip -f filename
rom -print
-print          show versions of rom files. (optional)
-app           update main application code(optional)
-boot         update main boot code(optional)
-boot2m       update 2M code(optional)
-dsptest      update DSP testing code(optional)
-dspcore      update DSP kernel code(optional)
-dspapp       update DSP application code(optional)
-s            IP address of TFTP/FTP server (mandatory)
-f           file name(mandatory)
-method       download via TFTP/FTP (TFTP: mode=0, FTP: mode=1)
-ftp         specify username and password for FTP
Note:
This command can run select one option in 'app', 'boot',
, 'dsptest', 'dspcore', and 'dspapp'.
Example:
rom -method 1
rom -ftp vwusr vwusr
rom -app -s 192.168.4.101 -f app.bin
usr/config$
```