

1. Fruit and vegetable crispers
2. Five half-width adjustable glass cantilever shelves
3. Detachable slide-out meat pan
4. Egg storage bin
5. Dairy storage compartments
6. Freezer door package shelf
7. Ice storage bucket
8. Ice service shelf
9. Temperature controls (both fresh food and freezer)
10. Power saver switch
11. Rollers (located behind grille)
12. Defrost water pan (behind grille)
13. Model and serial number—record these numbers here for future reference.

Model # _____ Serial # _____

Do not remove rating plate.

INSTALLATION

Allow 5/8 inch at each side and top for ease of installation and door clearance. When building a new home, consider providing water supply to refrigerator location. It will simplify connection of optional automatic icemaker should you wish to install one at a later date.

Your refrigerator should not be installed where the temperature will go below 60°F, because the refrigerator will not run frequently enough to maintain proper temperatures.

Be sure to install on a floor strong enough to support a fully loaded refrigerator.

Adjusting screws for raising or lowering rollers are located behind the grille. Set these screws so the refrigerator is firmly positioned on the floor and the front is raised just enough that the doors close easily when opened about half-way. Remove the grille by grasping at bottom and pulling up and out. (See Fig. 1).

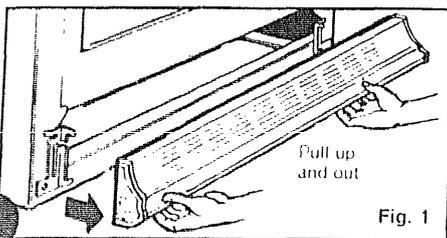


Fig. 1

Turn adjusting screws clockwise to raise the refrigerator, counterclockwise to lower. (See Fig. 2). Use an adjustable wrench or pliers.



Refrigerator
Use & Care

No Frost
Model
TBF21K

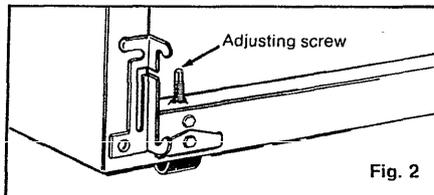


Fig. 2

To replace grille, set tabs on hooks at both ends and push top toward refrigerator until grille snaps into place. (See Fig. 3).

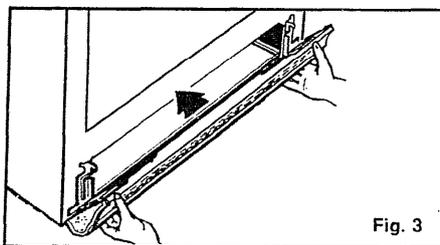


Fig. 3

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

IMPORTANT
(PLEASE READ CAREFULLY)

FOR PERSONAL SAFETY, THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE PROPERLY GROUNDED.

The power cord of this appliance is equipped with a three-prong (grounding) plug which mates with a standard three-prong (grounding) wall receptacle (Fig. 4) to minimize the possibility of electric shock hazard from this appliance. The customer should have the wall receptacle and circuit checked by a qualified electrician to make sure the receptacle is properly grounded.

PREFERRED METHOD

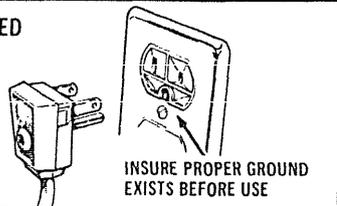


Fig. 4

INSURE PROPER GROUND EXISTS BEFORE USE

Where a standard two-prong wall receptacle is encountered, it is the personal responsibility and obligation of the customer to have it replaced with a properly grounded three-prong wall receptacle.

DO NOT, UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, CUT OR REMOVE THE THIRD (GROUND) PRONG FROM THE POWER CORD.

USAGE SITUATIONS WHERE APPLIANCE'S POWER CORD WILL BE DISCONNECTED INFREQUENTLY

TEMPORARY METHOD
(ADAPTER PLUGS NOT PERMITTED IN CANADA)

ALIGN LARGE PRONGS/SLOTS

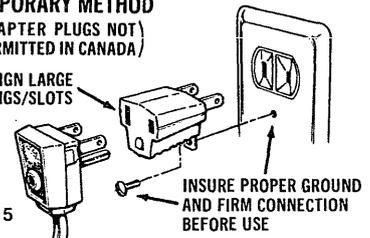


Fig. 5

INSURE PROPER GROUND AND FIRM CONNECTION BEFORE USE

Because of potential safety hazards under certain conditions, we strongly recommend against the use of an adapter plug. However, if you still elect to use an adapter, where local codes permit, a TEMPORARY CONNECTION may be made to a properly grounded two-prong wall receptacle by the use of a UL listed adapter which is available at most local hardware stores (Fig. 5). The larger slot in the adapter must be aligned with the larger slot in the wall receptacle to provide proper polarity in the connection of the power cord.

CAUTION: Attaching the adapter ground terminal to the wall receptacle cover screw does not ground the appliance unless the cover screw is metal, and not insulated, and the wall receptacle is grounded through the house wiring. The customer should have the circuit checked by a qualified electrician to make sure the receptacle is properly grounded.

When disconnecting the power cord from the adapter, always hold the adapter with one hand. If this is not done, the adapter ground terminal is very likely to break with repeated use. Should this happen, DO NOT USE the appliance until a proper ground has again been established.

USAGE SITUATIONS WHERE APPLIANCE'S POWER CORD WILL BE DISCONNECTED FREQUENTLY

Do not use an adapter plug in these situations because frequent disconnecting of the power cord places undue strain on the adapter and leads to eventual failure of the adapter ground terminal. The customer should have the two-prong wall receptacle replaced with a three-prong (grounding) receptacle by a qualified electrician before using the appliance.

The refrigerator should always be plugged into its own individual electrical outlet (115 volt, 60 hertz, single phase AC.)

GENERAL  ELECTRIC

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TEMPERATURE CONTROLS

Your refrigerator has dual temperature controls for the freezer and the fresh food compartments (Fig. 6).

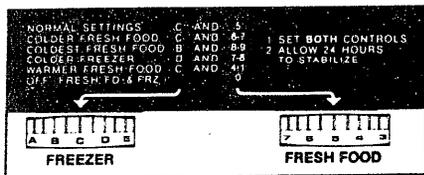


Fig. 6

Initially set the Freezer control at "C" and the Fresh Food control at "5".

For colder Fresh Food compartment, leave the Freezer control at "C" and set the Fresh Food control at "6" or "7".

For coldest Fresh Food compartment, set the Freezer control at "B" and the Fresh Food control at "8" or "9".

For colder Freezer, set the Freezer control at "D" and the Fresh Food control at "7" or "8".

For warmer Fresh Food compartment, leave the Freezer control at "C" and set the Fresh Food control at "4", "3", "2", or "1".

After adjusting the temperature controls, allow 24 hours for temperatures to stabilize.

Note: Turning the Fresh Food control to "O" also turns off refrigeration in the Freezer compartment.

Guide To Proper Temperatures:

If a container of milk is too warm or too cold to your taste after being on the top shelf in the Fresh Food compartment for a day, adjust the Cold Control Dials accordingly.

If a gallon of ice cream remains firm to the touch after being in the Freezer for a day, the Cold Control Dials are at the proper setting. If the ice cream's firmness is not to your liking, adjust the dials accordingly.

Check a day after resetting either dial to make sure new setting is providing the temperature you desire.

If you advance the Freezer compartment Cold Control Dial to "E" to freeze a quick supply of ice cubes or a large amount of food, be sure to reset the dial to its previous setting within a day.

POWER CONSUMPTION

The kilowatt hours per month (Kwh/Mo.) shown on the fact tag attached to the inner door is the measure of the power consumed when tested in accordance with AHAM Standard HRF-2ECFT with power saver switch at the normal setting and at the setting recommended when moisture forms on refrigerator exterior.

The approximate monthly cost of operation can be calculated by multiplying the Kwh/Mo. by the cost per kilowatt hour from your local power company. Cost of operation varies under actual usage conditions.

POWER SAVER SWITCH

Your refrigerator is equipped with a power saver switch located on the left side of the refrigerator near the top of the fresh food compartment (Fig. 7). This switch allows you to turn heaters on to eliminate moisture on the exterior, if and when it forms.

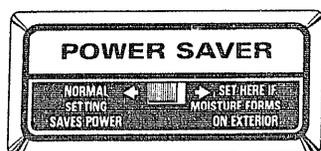


Fig. 7

This moisture can be expected only when the weather is humid and if your kitchen is not air conditioned. The switch should be left on the "normal" position to save power except when moisture does form. Remember to switch it back to normal when the weather is no longer humid.

POWER-SAVING TIPS

- Don't open doors more often than necessary and close them as soon as possible, particularly in hot, humid weather.
- Store only foods requiring refrigeration in your refrigerator.
- Wipe all moisture from bottles and cartons before putting them into the refrigerator, and keep all foods covered to reduce moisture build-up inside.
- Don't waste ice cubes by letting many melt while using a few.
- If you turn control to coldest position for quick chilling or freezing, don't forget to turn it back to normal setting.
- Don't overcrowd your refrigerator—overcrowding can require extra electrical energy to keep everything cool.
- Before leaving the house or retiring for the night, check to be sure doors haven't been left ajar inadvertently.
- Don't locate your refrigerator adjacent to your range, a heating vent or where sunshine will strike it if any other kitchen arrangement is possible.

SUGGESTED STORAGE TIMES—MEAT & POULTRY

STORAGE PERIOD
(To maintain its quality)

REFRIGERATOR 35° to 40° F.
FREEZER 0° F.

| PRODUCT | DAYS | MONTHS |
|--|----------|------------|
| FRESH MEATS | | |
| Roasts (Beef and Lamb) | 3 to 5 | 8 to 12 |
| Roasts (Pork and Veal) | 3 to 5 | 4 to 8 |
| Steaks (Beef) | 3 to 5 | 8 to 12 |
| Chops (Lamb and Pork) | 3 to 5 | 3 to 4 |
| Ground and Stew Meats | 1 to 2 | 2 to 3 |
| Variety Meats | 1 to 2 | 3 to 4 |
| Sausage (Pork) | 1 to 2 | 1 to 2 |
| PROCESSED MEATS | | |
| Bacon | 7 | 1 |
| Frankfurters | 7 | ½ |
| Ham (Whole) | 7 | 1 to 2 |
| Ham (Half) | 3 to 5 | 1 to 2 |
| Ham (Slices) | 3 | 1 to 2 |
| Luncheon Meats | 3 to 5 | Freezing |
| Sausage (Smoked) | 7 | not recom- |
| Sausage (Dry and Semi-Dry) | 14 to 21 | mended. |
| COOKED MEATS | | |
| Cooked Meats and Meat Dishes | 1 to 2 | 2 to 3 |
| Gravy and Meat Broth | 1 to 2 | 2 to 3 |
| FRESH POULTRY | | |
| Chicken and Turkey | 1 to 2 | 12 |
| Duck and Goose | 1 to 2 | 6 |
| Giblets | 1 to 2 | 3 |
| COOKED POULTRY | | |
| Pieces (Covered with Broth) | 1 to 2 | 6 |
| Pieces (Not Covered) | 1 to 2 | 1 |
| Cooked Poultry Dishes | 1 to 2 | 6 |
| Fried Chicken | 1 to 2 | 4 |

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FREEZER SECTION

AUTOMATIC ICEMAKER (optional)

If your refrigerator did not come already equipped with an automatic icemaker, you may add one at any time. Contact your local GE dealer; request Cat. No. GE-KIT-1. (Be sure to shut off water supply to icemaker when going on vacation or away for extended period of time.)

TIPS ON FREEZING FOODS

There are three essential requirements for efficient home freezing. First, of course, is initial quality. Only top-quality foods should be frozen. Freezing retains quality and flavor; it cannot improve quality. Second is speed. The quicker fruits and vegetables are frozen after picking, the better the frozen product will be. You'll save time, too, because less culling and sorting will be necessary. The third requirement is proper packaging. Use food wraps designed especially for freezing; they're readily available in a wide selection at your favorite store. **Limit freezing of fresh (unfrozen) meats or seafoods to 21 pounds at a time.**

MAKE YOUR OWN SELF-SERVICE CHECK BEFORE CALLING FOR GE SERVICE TECHNICIAN

If your refrigerator appears to have stopped operating (except during the defrost cycle when the motor and fan are normally shut off completely for the length of the cycle), make these simple tests before calling for service:

1. Check temperature control dial. It may be turned to the OFF position.
2. If interior light is not on, check to see if refrigerator is plugged in at wall receptacle.
3. If plug is secure and the refrigerator still

fails to operate, plug another appliance into the same outlet to determine if there is a burned-out fuse.

4. Follow check list below for other possible trouble spots.

Moisture forms on outside of refrigerator

- Moisture not unusual during periods of high humidity
- Move power saver switch to right



Moisture collects inside

- Too-frequent and too-long door openings
- Hot-humid weather increases rate of frost build-up and internal sweating

Cabinet has odor

- Certain foods produce odor—should be covered
- Interior needs cleaning
- Defrost-water pan needs cleaning

Refrigerator runs too long

- Modern refrigerators are larger and run colder—require more running time
- Doors kept open too long
- Temperature controls set too cold
- Normal at time of installation or after refrigerator has been turned off
- Grille and condenser need cleaning

Refrigerator runs too frequently

- Required to provide even temperature
- Too-frequent and too-long door openings

Cabinet vibrates

- Roller screws need adjusting
- Check for weak floor

Slow ice cube freezing

- Freezer door may have been left ajar

Fresh food temperature too warm

- Temperature control not set in cold enough position
- Too-frequent and too-long door openings
- Package holding door open
- Grille and condenser need cleaning

Fresh foods dry out

- Foods should be covered

Fresh food temperature too cold

- Temperature control dial set in too cold position

Noisy

- Noise level is slightly higher on modern, larger refrigerators
- Fan air flow—this is normal
- Defrost-water pan not in correct position
- Roller screws need adjusting
- Check for weak floor

Refrigerator does not run

- Temperature control in OFF position
- Not plugged in
- No power at outlet
- House fuse blown

Hot air from bottom of refrigerator

- Normal air flow of fan-cooled condenser

In the refrigeration process, it is normal that heat be expelled in area under refrigerator. Some synthetic floor coverings which are relatively new on the market will discolor at these normal and safe operating temperatures. Your floor covering supplier should be consulted if you object to this discoloration.

Water on floor

- Defrost-water pan full, missing, or not in position

Interior light does not light

- No power at outlet
- Light bulb needs replacing

Freezer too warm

- Freezer door may have been left ajar
- Package may be holding door open
- Grille and condenser need cleaning

Frost on frozen food

- Too-frequent and too-long freezer door openings
- Freezer door may have been left ajar

Frozen foods dry out

- Packages not wrapped or sealed properly

**RAPID
ELECTRICAL
DIAGNOSIS**

Your refrigerator is wired for accurate electrical diagnosis in your home — takes only about 6 minutes. No need to move or unplug refrigerator to make diagnosis.



If you need to call a GE service technician, be sure to give the model number of your refrigerator. It may be found at the front of your refrigerator at the bottom of the fresh food section near the hinge (see model sketch, front cover).

When service is required, be sure to specify genuine General Electric renewal parts.

Complaint Handling

We maintain a staff of Customer Relations Managers at major market locations to whom you may appeal for service help if you are not satisfied with the assistance received through the normal channels specified in the warranty on the back cover under "How To Obtain Service." A listing of locations and telephone numbers is provided with the product. We also

maintain a working relationship with MACAP, the Major Appliance Consumer Action Panel, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606, so that you may contact them for help in resolving a complaint but only after you have tried to resolve the problem through our Customer Relations Offices.

Dear Consumer:

This guide will help you to get the best use from your new refrigerator, offering money, time and energy saving tips. If you have any further questions, contact the Consumer Coordinator near you whose number is available from your dealer or call or write me. We would like to hear from you.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Butel, Manager
Consumers Institute, General Electric Company
Appliance Park AP 4 - 119, Louisville, Ky. 40225

FULL ONE-YEAR WARRANTY— GENERAL ELECTRIC REFRIGERATOR

From General Electric to You—This warranty is extended by General Electric to the original purchaser and to any succeeding owner and applies to products purchased in the United States, retained within the 48 contiguous States, the State of Hawaii, or the District of Columbia and employed in ordinary home use.

What We Will Do—If your General Electric Refrigerator fails because of a manufacturing defect within one year from the date of original purchase, we will repair the product without charge to you. Parts and service labor are included. Service will be provided in the home in the 48 contiguous States, in the State of Hawaii, or in the District of Columbia.

How To Obtain Service—Service will be provided by our local Customer Care® factory service organization or by one of our franchised Customer Care service centers during normal business hours after you notify us of the need for service. Service can be arranged by telephone. Look up "General Electric Customer Care Service" in the yellow pages or write to the address given below.

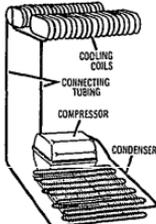
What Is Not Covered—This warranty does not cover the failure of your refrigerator if it is damaged while in your possession, used for commercial purposes, or if the failure is caused by unreasonable use including use on house wiring not in conformance with electrical codes, low power voltage, and failure to provide reasonable and necessary maintenance. *In no event shall General Electric be liable for consequential damages.* This warranty does not apply to the State of Alaska, nor to the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa or the Canal Zone or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

Some States do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so that the preceding limitations or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

ADDITIONAL FULL FOUR-YEAR WARRANTY ON THE SEALED REFRIGERATING SYSTEM

The sealed refrigerating system (compressor, condenser, evaporator and connecting tubing—see diagram) is covered in the above full warranty. In addition to that warranty we will repair this sealed system if it fails because of a manufacturing defect within the second through fifth year after original purchase. We will bear the cost of both parts and labor.

All other provisions are the same as those stated in the above full warranty.



REFRIGERATING SYSTEM

LIMITED WARRANTY Applicable to the State of Alaska

In the State of Alaska, free service including parts will be provided to correct manufacturing defects at our nearest service shop location or in your home, but we do not cover the cost of transportation of the product to the shop or for the travel cost of a technician to your home. You are responsible for those costs. All other provisions of this limited warranty are the same as those stated in the above warranties.

GENERAL  ELECTRIC

General Electric Company, Appliance Park, Louisville, Ky. 40225

If you wish further help or information concerning this warranty, contact:
Manager - Customer Relations, General Electric Company
Appliance Park, WCE - Room 316 • Louisville, Kentucky 40225

TO FREEZE MEAT, FISH AND POULTRY

Wrap well in freezer-weight foil (or other heavy-duty wrapping material), forming it carefully to the shape of the contents. This expels air. Fold and crimp ends of the package to provide a good, lasting seal. Don't refreeze meat that has completely thawed; meat, whether raw or cooked, can be frozen successfully only once.

SUGGESTED FREEZER STORAGE TIMES (other than for meat and poultry)

| | |
|---|--------------------|
| Most fruits and vegetables. | 8-12 months |
| Lean fish | 6-8 months |
| Fatty fish, rolls and breads soups, stew, casseroles | 2-3 months |
| Cakes, pies, sandwiches, left-overs (cooked), ice cream (original carton) | 1 month maximum |

New techniques are constantly being developed. Consult the State College or County Extension Service or your local Utility Company for the latest information on freezing and storing foods.

ICE CREAM STORAGE

Fine-quality ice cream, with high cream content, will normally require slightly lower temperatures than more "airy" already-packed brands with low cream content. It will be necessary to experiment to determine the exact setting to keep your favorite ice cream at the right serving temperature. Also, the rear of the freezer is slightly colder than the front.

ADJUSTABLE SHELF

This model has a two-position freezer shelf. To remove shelf: lift front straight up, tilt and pull out.

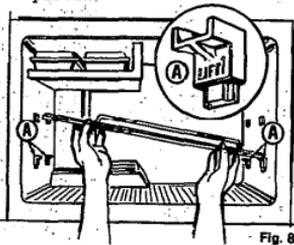


Fig. 8

To relocate shelf:

1. Lift front of shelf straight up and hold it up with one hand, keeping pins on back of shelf in holes on back wall of freezer.
2. Remove shelf supports "A" by sliding them upward, and reposition them on lower set of base mounts (Fig. 8).
3. Pull shelf forward with both hands, insert pins on back of shelf into lower set of holes on back wall of freezer, and lower front of shelf onto relocated shelf supports.

ICE 'N EASY

To release cubes, invert tray, insert one end in slot at rear of ice storage bin and press at front on right side (Fig. 9).

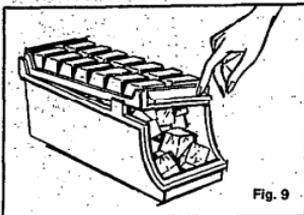


Fig. 9

Inverted tray may also be held over bin, and ends twisted to release cubes (Fig. 10).

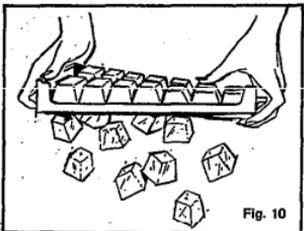


Fig. 10

For only one or two cubes, leave tray right-side up, twist ends slightly and pluck out cubes with ease.

Wash trays and storage bin in lukewarm water only. Don't place in automatic dishwasher.

NO DEFROSTING

You never have to defrost the freezer. It has been pre-set at the factory to defrost itself, automatically.

REFRIGERATOR SECTION

ADJUSTABLE SHELVES

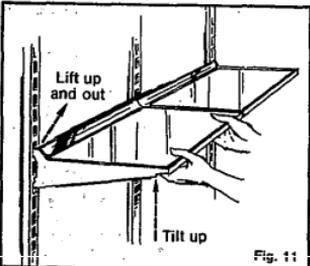


Fig. 11

Half-Width Adjustable Shelves—this model has five. To adjust, remove shelf by tilting up at front, then lifting up and out of slots at rear (Fig. 11).

To replace, select desired shelf height. With shelf front raised slightly, engage top lug on rear shelf with proper notches. Then lower front until shelf locks into position.

DETACHABLE MEAT PAN

Meat pan and shelf to which it attaches can be relocated at any level. Slide-out pan can be removed and taken to sink or food preparation area.

FOOD STORAGE

Unfrozen Meats, Fish and Poultry

Meats, fish and poultry purchased from the store vary in quality and age; consequently, safe storage time in your refrigerator will vary. Always remove store wrapping from meats, fish and poultry. Rewrap in foil, film or wax paper and refrigerate immediately.

Cheese

Cheese should be well wrapped with wax paper, aluminum foil or placed in a plastic bag. Carefully wrap to expel air and prevent mold. Packaged cheese can be stored in its own wrapping.

Vegetables

Vegetable drawers have been specially designed to preserve natural moisture and freshness. Crispness can be maintained by covering vegetables with a moist towel. As a further aid to freshness, it is suggested that pre-packaged vegetables be stored in their original wrapping.

CLEANING

Inside—Clean both refrigerator and freezer sections at least once a year. It is recommended that the refrigerator be unplugged before cleaning. If this is not practical, wring excess moisture out of sponge or cloth when cleaning in the vicinity of switches, lights, or controls.

Use warm water and baking soda solution—about a tablespoon of baking soda to a quart of water. Rinse thoroughly with water and wipe dry. Follow this same procedure for cleaning door gaskets, vegetable and meat pans and all plastic parts. Wash ice trays and ice storage bucket in lukewarm water only.

To remove crispers when refrigerator is installed tightly in a corner and fresh food compartment door cannot open fully:

1. Remove food from crispers and crisper covers.
2. Grip crisper and crisper cover farthest from door simultaneously with both hands, and pull straight out (Fig. 12).

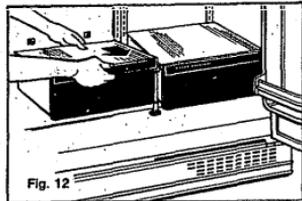


Fig. 12

3. Remove crisper cover shelf support post (Fig. 13).

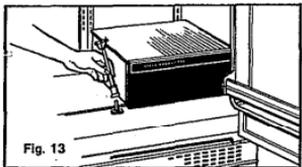


Fig. 13

4. Pull remaining crisper and crisper cover forward to disengage from pins on rear wall of cabinet, move crisper and crisper cover sideways until clear of door, and pull them out (Fig. 14).

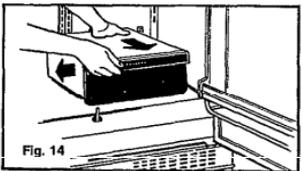


Fig. 14

To replace: reverse procedure, making sure crisper covers engage support pins at rear and rest on support post at front of refrigerator.

Outside—To clean and protect the finish, use liquid polish or wax suitable for use on appliances. Never use oily furniture polish, cleaning powders, or alkaline soaps.

When moving refrigerator, always pull cabinet straight out and return to position by pushing straight in. Moving refrigerator in a side direction can cause damage to floor covering by rollers.

Defrost Water Pan—Pan located behind grille should be cleaned at least once a year.

Condenser—For most efficient operation, remove the grille and either sweep away or vacuum up dust that's readily accessible. This easy cleaning operation should be done at least once a year.



Condenser

NO DEFROSTING

It is not necessary to defrost the fresh food section of your refrigerator; it will defrost itself automatically.

VACATION?

If you shut off the house power for extended vacations, remove food and clean interior with soda solution using one tablespoon of soda per each quart of water. Wipe dry. To prevent formation of odor, place open box of soda in refrigerator and leave doors open.

If you leave for shorter absences, remove perishable foods and leave control dials at normal setting. If, however, room temperature is expected to go below 60°F., turn control dials to OFF, remove food, clean interior, leave doors open and remove plug from wall receptacle.

If you have an icemaker, flip manual switch to OFF position and be sure to shut off water supply to icemaker. (Ask installer to point out location of shut-off valve at time of installation.)

MOVING?

Disconnect power cord from wall receptacle. Remove all foods and clean interior. Such loose items as grille, shelves, storage pans, ice trays, ice storage bucket, covers and remaining parts should be protected or secured with tape. This prevents their coming loose and causing damage. Your refrigerator is on wheels; be sure it is properly secured in moving van to prevent rolling and damage. Handle with care; exterior should be protected with blanket covering.

SAFETY SUGGESTIONS

The suggestions noted below apply to the operation of your household electric refrigerator. The General Electric Company recommends these safety precautions:

1. If your old refrigerator is still around the house but not in use, be sure to remove the doors. This will reduce the possibility of danger to children.
2. Some refrigerators are equipped with automatic icemakers. Do not place fingers or hands on the automatic icemaking mechanism while the refrigerator is plugged in. This will prevent contact with the moving parts of the ejector mechanism, or with the heating element that releases the cubes.

3. The refrigerator should always be plugged into its own individual electrical outlet (115 volt, 60 cycle, single phase AC). This is recommended for best performance and to prevent overloading house wiring circuits, which could cause a possible fire hazard from overheating wires.

USE OF EXTENSION CORDS—Because of potential safety hazards under certain conditions, we strongly recommend against the use of an extension cord. However, if you still elect to use an extension cord, it is absolutely necessary that it be a UL listed 3-wire grounding type appliance extension cord and that the current carrying rating of the cord in amperes be equal to or greater than the branch circuit size shown on the rating nameplate of this appliance. Such extension cords are obtainable through your local service organization.

4. Repair or replace immediately all electric service cords that have become frayed or otherwise damaged. Do not use a cord that shows cracks or abrasion damage along its length or at either the plug or connector end.
 5. Never unplug your refrigerator by pulling on the wire. Always grip the plug firmly and pull straight out from the receptacle.
 6. Your refrigerator is equipped with rollers so that it can be easily moved out from the wall. When rolling out the refrigerator be careful not to roll over the service cord.
 7. Do not operate your refrigerator in the presence of explosive fumes.
 8. A burned-out light bulb might break when being replaced. In order to avoid contact with a live wire filament, it is recommended that the refrigerator first be unplugged when replacing a light bulb. **Note:** Turning control to OFF position does not remove power to the light circuit.
 9. Always remove the power cord from wall outlet before removing the base grille.
 10. Don't refreeze frozen foods which have thawed completely unless you cook them after they have thawed. The United States Department of Agriculture in Home and Garden Bulletin No. 69 says, "...if foods have thawed only partially and there are still ice crystals in the package, they may safely be refrozen... Refrozen food should be used as soon as possible.
- "If foods have slowly thawed and have warmed gradually over a period of several days to a temperature of 40°F., they are not likely to be fit for refreezing. Under these conditions, meats, poultry, most vegetables and some prepared foods may become unsafe to eat; most fruits and fruit products soon develop an undesirable flavor."

Also note and follow other precautions contained in this Use & Care Book.