

Installation, Start-Up, and Service Instructions

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SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Installation and servicing of air-conditioning equipment can be hazardous due to system pressure and electrical components. Only trained and qualified service personnel should install, repair, or service air-conditioning equipment.

Untrained personnel can perform basic maintenance functions of cleaning coils and filters and replacing filters. All other operations should be performed by trained service personnel. When working on air-conditioning equipment, observe precautions in the literature, tags and labels attached to the unit, and other safety precautions that apply.

Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Use quenching cloth for unbrazing operations. Have fire extinguishers available for all brazing operations.



Disconnect gas piping from unit when leak testing at pressure greater than $1/_2$ psig. Pressures greater than $1/_2$ psig will cause gas valve damage resulting in hazardous condition. If gas valve is subjected to pressure greater than $1/_2$ psig, it *must* be replaced before use. When pressure testing field-supplied gas piping at pressures of $1/_2$ psig or less, a unit connected to such piping must be isolated by manually closing the gas valve.

A WARNING

Before performing service or maintenance operations on unit, turn off main power switch to unit and install a lockout tag. Electrical shock could cause personal injury.

INSTALLATION

Unit is shipped in the vertical duct configuration. To convert to horizontal configuration, remove screws from side duct opening covers and remove covers. Using the same screws, install covers on vertical duct openings with the insulation-side down. Seals around duct openings must be tight. See Fig. 1.

Confirm before installation of unit that voltage, amperage and circuit protection requirements listed on unit data plate agree with power supply provided.

Step 1 — Provide Unit Support

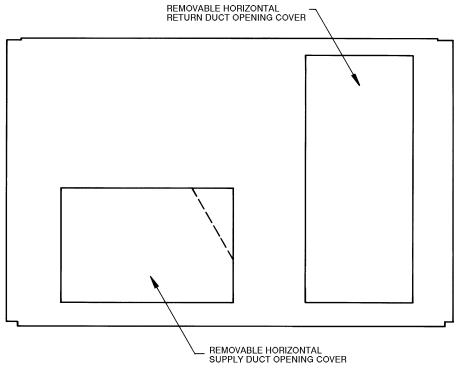
ROOF CURB — Assemble and install accessory roof curb in accordance with instructions shipped with curb. See Fig. 2. Install insulation, cant strips, roofing felt, and counter flashing as shown. Ductwork must be attached to curb, not to the unit. The accessory thru-the-bottom power and gas connection package must be installed before the unit is set on the roof curb. If field-installed (thru-the-roof curb) gas connections are desired, use factory-supplied $^{3}/_{4}$ -in. pipe coupling and gas plate assembly to mount the thru-the-roof curb connection to the roof curb. Gas connections and power connections to the unit must be field installed after the unit is installed on the roof curb.

If electric and control wiring is to be routed through the basepan, attach the accessory thru-the-bottom service connections to the basepan in accordance with the accessory installation instructions.

IMPORTANT: The gasketing of the unit to the roof curb is critical for a watertight seal. Install gasket supplied with the roof curb as shown in Fig. 2. Improperly applied gasket can result in air leaks and poor unit performance.

 Manufacturer reserves the right to discontinue, or change at any time, specifications or designs without notice and without incurring obligations.

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 PC 111
 Catalog No. 534-80000
 Printed in U.S.A.
 Form 48TF-1SI
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Curb should be level. Unit leveling tolerances are shown in Fig. 3. This is necessary for unit drain to function properly. Refer to Accessory Roof Curb Installation Instructions for additional information as required.

SLAB MOUNT (Horizontal Units Only) — Provide a level concrete slab that extends a minimum of 6 in. beyond unit cabinet. Install a gravel apron in front of condenser coil air inlet to prevent grass and foliage from obstructing airflow.

NOTE: Horizontal units may be installed on a roof curb if required.

Step 2 — **Field Fabricate Ductwork** — Secure all ducts to roof curb and building structure on vertical ducted units. *Do not connect ductwork to unit.* For horizontal applications, field-supplied flanges should be attached to horizontal duct openings and all ductwork should be secured to the flanges. Insulate and weatherproof all external ductwork, joints, and roof openings with counter flashing and mastic in accordance with applicable codes.

Ducts passing through an unconditioned space must be insulated and covered with a vapor barrier.

If a plenum return is used on a vertical unit, the return should be ducted through the roof deck to comply with applicable fire codes.

A minimum clearance is not required around ductwork. Cabinet return air static shall not exceed -.20 in. wg with EconoMi\$er, -.35 in. wg with Durablade economizer, or -.45 in. wg without economizer.

These units are designed for a minimum continuous heating return-air temperature of 50 F (dry bulb), or an intermittent operation down to 45 F (dry bulb), such as when used with a night set-back thermostat.

Step 3 — **Install External Trap for Condensate Drain** — The unit's ³/₄-in. condensate drain connections are

located on the bottom and side of the unit. Unit discharge connections do not determine the use of drain connections; either drain connection can be used with vertical or horizontal applications. When using the standard side drain connection, make sure the plug (Red) in the alternate bottom connection is tight before installing the unit.

To use the bottom drain connection for a roof curb installation, relocate the factory-installed plug (Red) from the bottom connection to the side connection. See Fig. 4. The piping for the condensate drain and external trap can be completed after the unit is in place.

All units must have an external trap for condensate drainage. Install a trap at least 4-in. deep and protect against freezeup. If drain line is installed downstream from the external trap, pitch the line away from the unit at 1 in. per 10 ft of run. Do not use a pipe size smaller than the unit connection (3/4 in.).

Step 4—**Rig and Place Unit**—Inspect unit for transportation damage. File any claim with transportation agency. Keep unit upright and do not drop. Spreader bars are not required if top crating is left on unit. Rollers may be used to move unit across a roof. Level by using unit frame as a reference. See Table 1 and Fig. 5 for additional information.

Lifting holes are provided in base rails as shown in Fig. 6. Refer to rigging instructions on unit.

All panels must be in place when rigging.

POSITIONING — Maintain clearance around and above unit to provide minimum distance from combustible materials, proper airflow, and service access. See Fig. 6. A properly positioned unit will have the following clearances between unit and roof curb: 1/4-in. clearance between roof curb and base rails on each side and duct end of unit; 1/4-in. clearance between roof curb and condenser coil end of unit. (See Fig. 2, section C-C.)

Do not install unit in an indoor location. Do not locate unit air inlets near exhaust vents or other sources of contaminated air.

Be sure that unit is installed such that snow will not block the combustion intake or flue outlet.

ROOF CURB ACCESSORY	Α	UNIT SIZE	N 1 2
CRRFCURB001A00	1′-2″ [356]	48TF004-007	3
CRRFCURB002A00	2′-0″ [610]	481F004-007	5 6

OTES:

Roof curb accessory is shipped disassembled.

Insulated panels.

Dimensions in [] are in millimeters.

Roof curb, galvanized steel.

Attach ductwork to curb (flanges of duct rest on curb).

Service clearance: 4 ft on each side.

7. Direction of airflow.

- UNIT

8. Connector packages CRBTMPWR001A00 and 002A00 are for thru-the-curb connections. Packages CRBTMPWR003A00 and 004A00 are for thru-the-bottom connections.

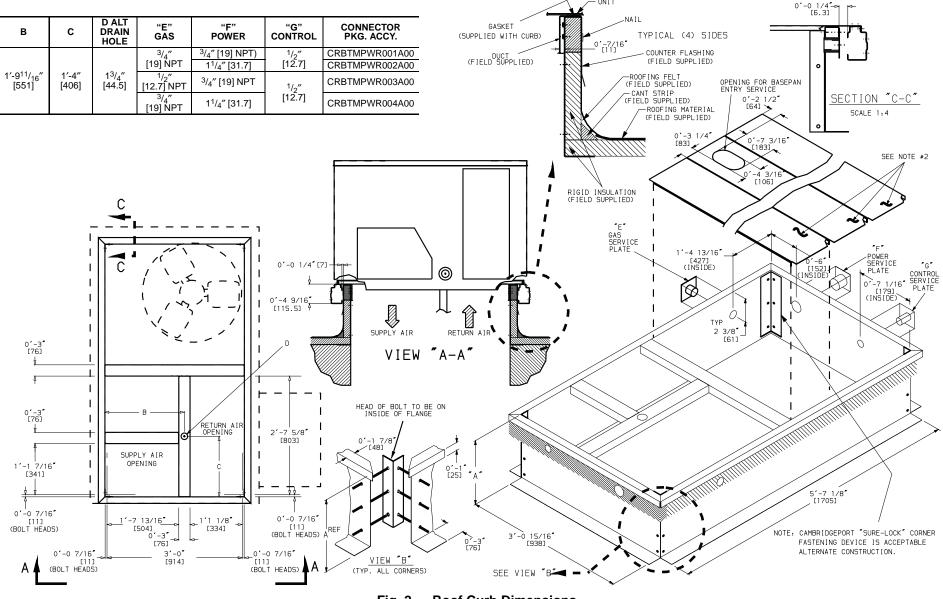


Fig. 2 — Roof Curb Dimensions

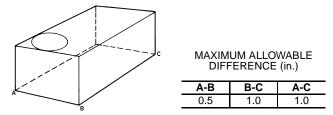
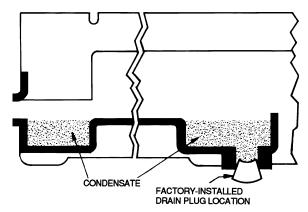


Fig. 3 — Unit Leveling Tolerances



NOTE: Drain plug is shown in factory-installed position.

Fig. 4 — Condensate Drain Connection

Unit may be installed directly on wood flooring or on Class A, B, or C roof-covering material when roof curb is used.

Although unit is weatherproof, guard against water from higher level runoff and overhangs.

Flue vent discharge must have a minimum horizontal clearance of 4 ft from electric and gas meters, gas regulators, and gas relief equipment.

Minimum distance between unit and other electrically live parts is 48 inches.

Flue gas can deteriorate building materials. Orient unit such that flue gas will not affect building materials.

Adequate combustion-air space must be provided for proper operation of this equipment. Be sure that installation complies with all local codes and Section 5.3, Air for Combustion and Ventilation, NFGC (National Fuel Gas Code), and ANSI (American National Standards Institute) Z223.1, and NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) 54 TIA-54-84-1. In Canada, installation must be in accordance with the CAN1-B149 installation codes for gas burning appliances.

After unit is in position, remove rigging skids and shipping materials.

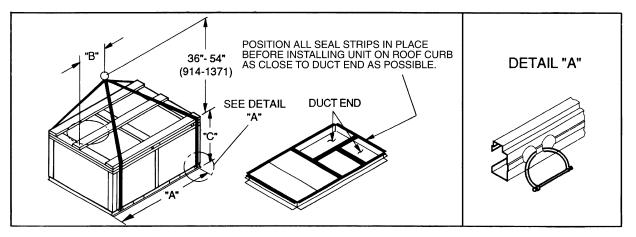
Step 5 — Install Flue Hood — Flue hood is shipped screwed to the basepan beside the burner compartment access panel. Remove from shipping location and using screws provided, install flue hood and screen in location shown in Fig. 7.

Step 6 — Install Gas Piping — Unit is equipped for use with type of gas shown on nameplate. Refer to local building codes, or in the absence of local codes, to ANSI Z223.1 entitled National Fuel Gas Code. In Canada, installation must be in accordance with the CAN1.B149.1 and CAN1.B149.2 installation codes for gas burning appliances.

For natural gas applications, gas pressure at unit gas connection must not be less than 4 in. wg or greater than 13.0 in. wg while unit is operating. On 48TF005,006,007 high heat units, the gas pressure at unit gas connection must not be less than 5 in. wg or greater than 13 in. wg while the unit is operating. For propane applications, the gas pressure must not be less than 5 in. wg or greater than 13 in. wg at the unit connection.

Size gas supply piping for 0.5 in. wg maximum pressure drop. Do not use supply pipe smaller than unit gas connection. Support gas piping as shown in the table in Fig. 8. For example, a $\frac{3}{4}$ -in. gas pipe must have one field-fabricated support beam every 8 ft. Therefore, an 18-ft long gas pipe would have a minimum of 2 support beams, a 48-ft long pipe would have a minimum of 6 support beams.

See Fig. 8 for typical pipe guide and locations of external manual main shutoff valve.



NOTES:

Dimensions in () are in millimeters. Hook rigging shackles through holes in base rail, as shown in detail "A." 2. Holes in base rails are centered around the unit center of gravity. Use wooden top skid when rigging to prevent rigging straps from damaging unit.

3. Unit weights do not include economizer. See Table 1 for economizer weights. **A** CAUTION

All panels must be in place when rigging.

UNIT	MAX W	/EIGHT	"/	٨"	"E	3"	"(2"
UNIT	Lb	Kg	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm
48TFE,TFF,TFM,TFN004	510	231						
48TFD,TFE,TFF,TFL,TFM,TFN005	520	236	73.69	1872	37.50	953	33.35	845
48TFD,TFE,TFF,TFL,TFM,TFN006	540	245	73.09	1072	37.50	955	33.35	040
48TFD,TFE,TFF007	615	279						

Fig. 5 — Rigging Details

Table 1 — Physical Data — 48TF004-007

UNIT SIZE 48TF		E/F/M/N004	D/E/F/L/M/N005	D/E/F/L/M/N006	D/E/F007
NOMINAL CAPACITY (tons)		3	4	5	6
OPERATING WEIGHT (Ib)					
Unit Al/Al*		460	470	490	565
Al/Cu*		465	476	497	576
Cu/Cu* Economizer		468	482	505	587
Durablade		34	34	34	34
EconoMi\$er Roof Curb†		47 115	47 115	47 115	47 115
COMPRESSOR		110	Reciprocating		Scroll
Quantity		1	I 1	1	1
No. Cylinders (per Circuit) Oil (oz)		2 50	2 50	2 50	2 54
REFRIGERANT TYPE				22	54
Expansion Device				tering Device	
Operating Charge (Ib-oz) Circuit 1		4-4	6-6	6-14	9-0
Circuit 2		—	-	—	<u> </u>
CONDENSER COIL			Enhanced Copper Tubes	, Aluminum Lanced Fins	3
RowsFins/in. Total Face Area (sq ft)		117 8.36	217 8.36	217 10.42	217 10.42
CONDENSER FAN		0.00	Propell		10.42
Nominal Cfm		3500	4000	4000	4000
QuantityDiameter (in.) Motor HpRpm		122.0 ¹ / ₄ 1100			
Watts Input (Total)		325	325	325	325
EVAPORATOR COIL			hanced Copper Tubes, A		
RowsFins/in. Total Face Area (sq ft)		215 4.17	215 5.5	315 5.5	415 5.5
EVAPORATOR FAN		4.17		gal Type	0.0
QuantitySize (in.)	Std	110 x 10	110 x 10	111 x 10	110 x 10
	Alt High-Static	110 x 10 110 x 10	110 x 10 110 x 10	110 x 10 111 x 10	 110 x 10
Type Drive	Std	Direct	Direct	Direct	Belt
	Alt High-Static	Belt Belt	Belt Belt	Belt Belt	 Belt
Nominal Cfm	-	1200	1600	2000	2400
Maximum Continuous Bhp	Std	.34	.75	1.20	2.40
	Alt High-Static	1.00 2.40	1.00 2.40	1.30/2.40** 2.90	2.90
Motor Frame Size	Std	48	48	48	56
	Alt High-Static	48 56	48 56	56 56	 56
Nominal Rpm High/Low	Std	860/800	1075/970	1075/970	<u> </u>
	Alt High-Static	1620 1725	1620 1725	1725 1725	1725
Fan Rpm Range	Std	_	—	—	1070-1460
	Alt High-Static	760-1000 1075-1455	835-1185 1075-1455	900-1300 1300-1685	1300-1685
Motor Bearing Type		Ball	Ball	Ball	Ball
Maximum Allowable Rpm Motor Pulley Pitch Diameter Min/Max (in.)	Std	2100	2100	2100	2100 2.8/3.8
	Alt	1.9/2.9	1.9/2.9	2.4/3.4	—
Nominal Motor Shaft Diameter (in.)	High-Static Std	2.8/3.8 1/2	2.8/3.8 1/2	3.4/4.4 1/2	3.4/4.4 ^{5/} 8
	Alt	1/2	1/2	5/-	_
Fan Pulley Pitch Diameter (in.)	High-Static Std	5/8	5/ <u>8</u>	5/8 —	⁵ / ₈ 4.5
	Alt	4.5	4.0	4.5	_
Belt, QuantityTypeLength (in.)	High-Static Std	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5 1A40
Son, waaningin goomeengin (iii.)	Alt	1A34	1A34	1A39	_
Pulley Center Line Distance (in.)	High-Static Std	1A39	1A39	1A40	1A40 14 7-15 5
	Alt	10.0-12.4	10.0-12.4	 14.7-15.5	14.7-15.5
Snood Change per Full Turn of	High-Static	10.0-12.4	10.0-12.4	14.7-15.5	14.7-15.5
Speed Change per Full Turn of Movable Pulley Flange (rpm)	Std Alt	48	70	80	80
	High-Static	65	65	60	60
Movable Pulley Maximum Full Turns From Closed Position	Stđ Alt	5	5	5	5
	High-Static	6	6	5	5
Factory Setting	Std Alt	3	3	3	3
	High-Static	3 ¹ /2	31/2	3 ¹ /2	3 ¹ / ₂
Factory Speed Setting (rpm)	Stđ Alt	 856	975	1060	1225
	High-Static	1233	1233	1396	1396
Fan Shaft Diameter at Pulley (in.)	-	5/8	5/8	5/8	5/8

LEGEND

AI — Aluminum Bhp — Brake Horsepower Cu — Copper

*Evaporator coil fin material/condenser coil fin material. Contact your local representative for details about coated fins. †Weight of 14-in. roof curb. **Single phase/three-phase.

††Rollout switch lockout is manually reset by interrupting power to unit or resetting thermostat.
|| Single-phase units have a single-stage gas valve. The heating input values are as follows:
48TFF004, 115,000 Btuh
48TFF005, 150,000 Btuh
48TFF006, 150,000 Btuh

NOTE: High-static motor not available on single-phase units.

Table 1 — Ph	ysical Data —	- 48TF004-007	(cont)
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UNIT SIZE 48TF			E/F/M/N004	D/E/F/L/M/N005	D/E/F/L/M/N006	D/E/F007			
FURNACE SECTION Rollout Switch Cutout Temp (F)†† Burner Orifice Diameter			195	195	195	195			
(indrill size) Natural Gas	Std	TFD TFE TFF TFL TFM TFN		.11333 .11333 .12930 .10238 .10238 .11632	.11333 .11333 .12930 .10238 .10238 .11632	.11333 .11333 .12930 — — —			
Liquid Propane Thermostat Heat Anticipator	Alt	TFD TFE TFF TFL TFM TFN	.08943 .08943 .08243 .08245 .08245	.08943 .08943 .10238 .08245 .08245 .08943	.08943 .08943 .10238 .08245 .08245 .08245	.08943 .08943 .10238 — — —			
Setting (amps) 208/230 v and 575 Stage 260 v Stage 460 v Stage Stage Gas Input (Btuh)∥ Stage	1 2 1 2	TFD TFE TFF TFL TFN TFN	.14 .14 .14 .14 .72,000 82,000 	.14 .14 .14 .14 72,000 115,000 120,000 60,000 90,000 120,000	.14 .14 .14 .14 .12,000 115,000 120,000 60,000 90,000 120,000	.14 .14 .14 .72,000 115,000 120,000 			
Stage (3-pha Efficiency (Steady State) (%)	2 ise units)	TFF	115,000 80	150,000 80	150,000 80	150,000 80			
Temperature Rise Range		TFD TFE TFF TFL TFM TFN	25-55 55-85 	25-55 35-65 50-80 20-50 30-60 40-70	25-55 35-65 50-80 20-50 30-60 40-70	25-55 35-65 50-80 — —			
Manifold Pressure (in. wg) Natural Gas Liquid Propane Gas Valve Quantity Gas Valve Pressure Range	Std Alt		3.5 3.5 1	3.5 3.5 1	3.5 3.5 1	3.5 3.5 1			
Psig in. wg Field Gas Connection			0.180-0.487 5.0-13.5	0.180-0.487 5.0-13.5	0.180-0.487 5.0-13.5	0.180-0.487 5.0-13.5			
Size (in.) HGH-PRESSURE SWITCH (ps Standard Compressor	sig)		1/2	$\frac{1}{2}$ 450 ± 50	1/2	$\frac{1}{2}$ 500 ± 50			
Internal Relief (Differential) Cutout Reset (Auto.)				428 320		428 320			
OSS-OF-CHARGE (LOW- PRESSURE SWITCH) (psig) Cutout Reset (Auto.)					± 3 ± 7				
REEZE PROTECTION THERMOSTAT (F) Opens Closes					±5 ±5				
OUTDOOR-AIR INLET SCREE QuantitySize (in.)	NS		45 ± 5 Cleanable 120 x 24 x 1						
RETURN-AIR FILTERS QuantitySize (in.)					waway x 25 x 2				

LEGEND

AI — Aluminum Bhp — Brake Horsepower Cu — Copper

*Evaporator coil fin material/condenser coil fin material. Contact your local representative for details about coated fins. †Weight of 14-in. roof curb. **Single phase/three-phase.

††Rollout switch lockout is manually reset by interrupting power to unit or resetting thermostat.
|| Single-phase units have a single-stage gas valve. The heating input values are as follows:
48TFF004, 115,000 Btuh
48TFF005, 150,000 Btuh
48TFF006, 150,000 Btuh

NOTE: High-static motor not available on single-phase units.

	UNIT		UNIT	DURA	BLADE ER WEIGHT		OMI\$ER GHT		A) R WEIGHT		B) R WEIGHT	(CORNER	C) WEIGHT	CORNER	D) R WEIGHT	"A" PANEL	THESE HO		D FOR ÚSE
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Fig. 6 — Base Unit Dimensions

7

Step 7 — Make Electrical Connections

🛦 WARNING

Unit cabinet must have an uninterrupted, unbroken electrical ground to minimize the possibility of personal injury if an electrical fault should occur. This ground may consist of electrical wire connected to unit ground lug in control compartment, or conduit approved for electrical ground when installed in accordance with NEC (National Electrical Code), ANSI/NFPA, latest edition, and local electrical codes. *Do not use gas piping as an electrical ground*. Failure to follow this warning could result in the installer being liable for personal injury of others.

FIELD POWER SUPPLY — All units except 208/230-v units are factory wired for the voltage shown on the nameplate. If the 208/230-v unit is to be connected to a 208-v power supply, the transformer *must* be rewired by moving the black wire with the $1/_4$ -in. female space connector from the 230-volt connection and moving to the 200-volt $1/_4$ -in. male terminal on the primary side of the transformer.

Refer to unit label diagram for additional information. Pigtails are provided for field wire connections. Use factorysupplied splices or UL (Underwriters' Laboratories) approved copper/aluminum connector.

When installing units, provide a disconnect per the NEC.

All field wiring must comply with NEC and local requirements.

Install field wiring as follows:

- 1. Install conduit through side panel openings. For units without electric heat, install conduit between disconnect and control box.
- 2. Install power lines to terminal connections as shown in Fig. 9.

Voltage to compressor terminals during operation must be within voltage range indicated on unit nameplate (see Table 2). On 3-phase units, voltages between phases must be balanced within 2% and the current within 10%. Use the formula shown in the legend for Table 2, Note 2 to determine the percent of voltage imbalance. Operation on improper line voltage or excessive phase imbalance constitutes abuse and may cause damage to electrical components. Such operation would invalidate any applicable Carrier warranty.

FIELD CONTROL WIRING — Install a Carrier-approved accessory thermostat assembly according to installation instructions included with the accessory. Locate thermostat assembly on a solid wall in the conditioned space to sense average temperature in accordance with thermostat installation instructions. Connect thermostat wires to terminal board.

Route thermostat cable or equivalent single leads of colored wire from subbase terminals through connector on unit to low-voltage connections (shown in Fig. 10).

NOTE: For wire runs up 50 ft, use no. 18 AWG (American Wire Gage) insulated wire (35 C minimum). For 50 to 75 ft, use no. 16 AWG insulated wire (35 C minimum). For over 75 ft, use no. 14 AWG insulated wire (35 C minimum). All wire larger than no. 18 AWG cannot be directly connected to

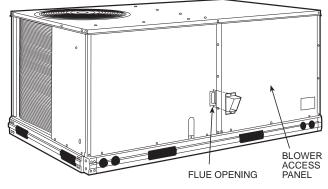
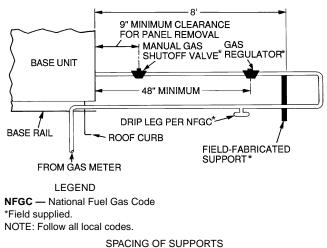


Fig. 7 — Flue Hood Details



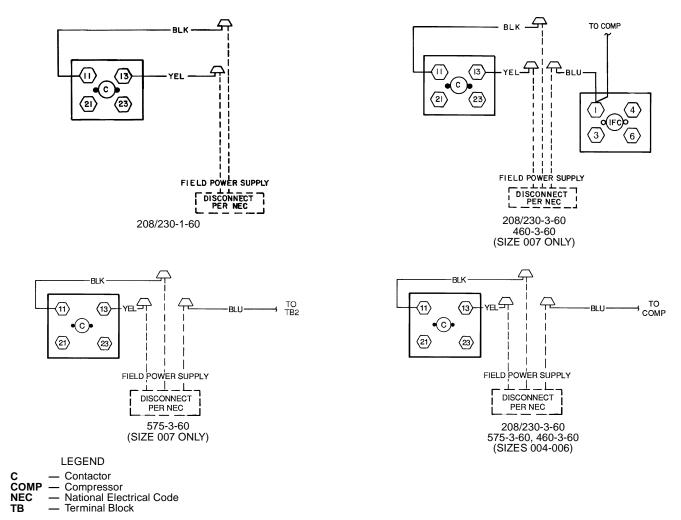
STEEL PIPE	Х
NOMINAL DIAMETER	DIMENSIONS
(in.)	(feet)
¹ / ₂	6
³ / ₄ or 1	8
1 ¹ / ₄ or larger	10

Fig. 8 — Gas Piping Guide (With Accessory Thru-the-Curb Service Connections)

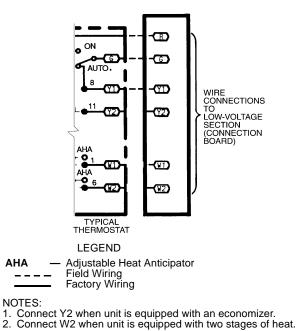
the thermostat and will require a junction box and splice at the thermostat.

Pass the control wires through the hole provided in the corner post; then feed wires through the raceway built into the corner post to the 24-v barrier located on the left side of the control box. See Fig. 11. The raceway provides the UL required clearance between high- and low-voltage wiring.

HEAT ANTICIPATOR SETTINGS — Set heat anticipator settings at .14 amp for the first stage and .14 amp for second-stage heating, when available.







LOW VOLTAGE CONNECTIONS

RACEWAY

INTEGRATED GAS UNIT CONTROLLER (IGC)

HOLE IN END PANEL (HIDDEN)





Table 2 — Electrical Data

UNIT 48TF	NOMINAL V-Ph-Hz	IFM TYPE		TAGE NGE		RESSOR a)		OFM (ea)		IFM FLA	COMBUSTION FAN MOTOR	POW SUP			NNECT ZE*
4011	V-F11-F12	TIFE	Min	Max	RLA	LRA	Qty	Нр	FLA	FLA	FLA	MCA	MOCP†	FLA	LRA
	208/230-1-60	Std	187	254	16.2	96.0	1	1/4	1.4	3.5	.6	24.5/24.5	30/30	23/23	106/106
	208/230-1-00	Alt	107	204	10.2	90.0	1	./4	1.4	4.9	.0	26.6/26.6	35/35	26/26	111/111
		Std								3.5		17.7/17.7	25/25	17/17	85/85
	208/230-3-60	Alt	187	254	10.2	75.0	1	1/4	1.4	4.9	.6	19.1/19.1	25/25	19/19	90/90
		High								5.2		19.4/19.4	25/25	19/19	109/109
004		Std								1.3		7.6	15	7	48/48
	460-3-60	Alt	414	508	4.4	40.0	1	1/4	0.8	2.1	.3	8.4	15	8	48/48
		High								2.6		8.9	15	9	57/57
		Std								1.3		6.3	15	7	35
	575-3-60	Alt	518	632	3.7	31.0	1	1/4	0.8	2.1	.3	6.9	15	8	37
		High								2.6		7.3	15	7	45
	000/000 4 00	Std	407	054	00.0	440.0		1/		3.5	•	34.0/34.0	40/40	32/32	129/129
	208/230-1-60	Alt	187	254	23.3	118.0	1	1/ ₄	1.4	4.9	.6	35.4/35.4	45/45	34/34	133/133
		Std								3.5		24.2/24.2	30/30	23/23	101/101
	208/230-3-60	Alt	187	254	15.4	90.0	1	1/4	1.4	4.9	.6	25.6/25.6	30/30	25/25	105/105
		High						-		5.2		25.9/25.9	30/30	25/25	124/124
005		Std								1.8		13.0	20	13	51
	460-3-60	Alt	414	508	8.3	45.0	1	1/4	0.8	2.1	.3	13.3	20	13	53
		High								2.6		13.8	20	13	62
		Std								1.8		10.1	15	10	41
	575-3-60	Alt	518	632	6.4	36.0	1	1/4	0.8	2.1	.3	10.3	15	11	42
		High								2.6		10.7	15	10	50
		Std						4.		5.9		43.3/43.3	60/60	42/42	161/161
	208/230-1-60	Alt	187	254	28.8	147	1	1/4	1.4	6.6	.6	44.0/44.0	60/60	42/42	184/184
		Std								5.9		27.3/27.3	35/35	29/29	128/128
	208/230-3-60	Alt	187	254	16.3	114	1	1/4	1.4	5.2	.6	26.6/26.6	35/35	26/26	148/148
		High						-		7.5		28.9/28.9	35/35	29/29	174/174
006		Std								3.1		13.2	20	13	72
	460-3-60	Alt	414	508	7.4	64	1	1/4	0.8	2.6	.3	12.7	15	12	81
		High						-		3.4		13.5	20	13	94
		Std								3.1		10.9	15	11	58
	575-3-60	Alt	518	632	6.2	62	1	1/4	0.8	3.0	.3	10.5	15	10	66
		High			-	-		. 4		3.4	-	12.6	15	11	76
		Std								5.2		30.2/30.2	35/35	29/29	180/180
	208/230-3-60	High	187	254	23.6	146	1	1/4	1.4	7.5	.6	32.5/32.5	40/40	32/32	205/205
		Std								2.6		15.4	20	15	90
007	460-3-60	High	414	508	10.6	73	1	1/4	0.6	3.4	.3	16.1	20	16	103
		Std								2.6		12.3	15	13	72
	575-3-60	Ju	518	632	8.5	58.4	1	1/4	0.6		.3				

LEGEND

 FLA
 — Full Load Amps

 HACR
 Heating, Air Conditioning and Refrigeration

 IFM
 — Indoor (Evaporator) Fan Motor

 LRA
 — Locked Rotor Amps

 MCA
 — Minimum Circuit Amps

 MOCP
 — Maximum Overcurrent Protection

 NEC
 — National Electrical Code

 OFM
 — Outdoor (Condenser) Fan Motor

 RLA
 — Rated Load Amps

*Used to determine minimum disconnect per NEC. †Fuse or HACR circuit breaker.



NOTES:

 In compliance with NEC requirements for multimotor and combination load equipment (refer to NEC Articles 430 and 440), the overcurrent protective device for the unit shall be fuse or HACR breaker. Canadian units may be fuse or circuit breaker.

2. Unbalanced 3-Phase Supply Voltage Never operate a motor where a phase imbalance in supply voltage is greater than 2%. Use the following formula to determine the percent of voltage imbalance.

% Voltage Imbalance

max voltage deviation from average voltage = 100 x average voltage

Example: Supply voltage is 460-3-60.

$$AB = 452 v BC = 464 v AC = 455 v Average Voltage = $\frac{452 + 464 + 455}{3}$$$

$$=\frac{1371}{3}$$

3

= 457 $\begin{array}{c} = 457\\ \text{Determine maximum deviation from average voltage.}\\ (AB) 457 - 452 = 5 v\\ (BC) 464 - 457 = 7 v\\ (AC) 457 - 455 = 2 v \end{array}$

Maximum deviation is 7 v.

Determine percent of voltage imbalance.

% Voltage Imbalance = 100 x $\frac{7}{457}$

This amount of phase imbalance is satisfactory as it is below the maximum allowable 2%.

IMPORTANT: If the supply voltage phase imbalance is more than 2%, contact your local electric utility company immediately.

Step 8 — Make Outdoor-Air Adjustments and Install Outdoor-Air Hood

MANUAL OUTDOOR-AIR DAMPER — The outdoor-air hood and screen are attached to the basepan at the bottom of the unit for shipping.

Assembly:

- 1. Determine quantity of ventilation required for building. Record amount for use in Step 8.
- 2. Remove and save outdoor air opening panel and screws. See Fig. 12.
- 3. Separate hood and screen from basepan by removing the 4 screws securing them. Save all screws.
- 4. Replace evaporator coil access panel.

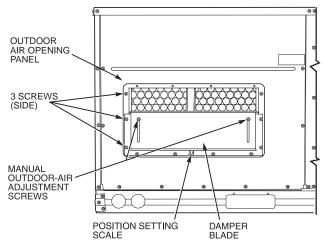


Fig. 12 — Damper Panel with Manual Outdoor-Air Damper Installed

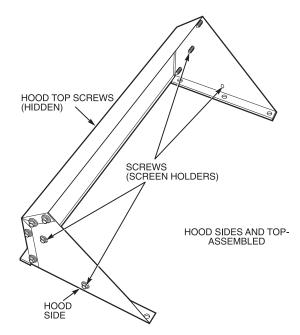


Fig. 13 — Outdoor-Air Hood Details

- 5. Place hood on front of outdoor air opening panel. See Fig. 13 for hood details. Secure top of hood with the 4 screws removed in Step 3. See Fig. 14.
- 6. Remove and save 6 screws (3 on each side) from sides of the manual outdoor-air damper.
- 7. Align screw holes on hood with screw holes on side of manual outdoor-air damper. See Fig. 13 and 14. Secure hood with 6 screws from Step 6.
- 8. Adjust minimum position setting of the damper blade by adjusting the manual outdoor-air adjustment screws on the front of the damper blade. See Fig. 12. Slide blade vertically until it is in the appropriate position determined by Fig. 15. Tighten screws.
- Remove and save screws currently on sides of hood. Insert screen. Secure screen to hood using the screws. See Fig. 14.

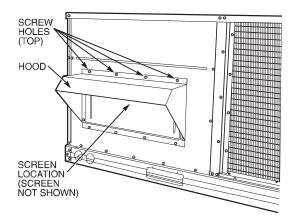
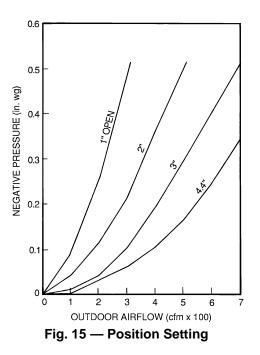


Fig. 14 — Outdoor-Air Damper with Hood Attached



OPTIONAL DURABLADE ECONOMIZER — The optional economizer hood assembly is packaged and shipped in the filter section. Damper blades and control boards are installed at the factory and the economizer is shipped in the vertical discharge position.

NOTE: Horizontal discharge block-off plate is shipped with the air hood package. If unit is to be used for vertical discharge application, discard this plate.

Assembly:

- 1. Determine if ventilation air is required in building. If so, determine minimum amount to be supplied by each unit and record quantity of ventilation air needed for use in Step 6.
- 2. Remove filter access panel by raising panel and swinging panel outward. Panel is now disengaged from track and can be removed. No tools are required to remove filter access panel. Remove outdoor-air opening panel. Save panels and screws. See Fig. 16. Remove optional outdoor-air damper hood package from filter section.
- 3. Assemble outdoor-air hood top and side plates as shown in Fig. 17. Install seal strips on hood top and sides. Put aside screen retainer and screws for later assembly. *Do not attach hood to unit at this time*.
- 4. To convert to horizontal discharge application:
 - a. Rotate economizer 90 degrees until the economizer motor faces the condenser section (see Fig. 18).
 - b. Rotate the barometric relief damper hinge 90 degrees. Barometric relief damper should open vertically to operate properly.
 - c. Install horizontal discharge block-off plate over the opening on the access panel. (Block-off plate MUST be installed before installing hood assembly.) See Fig. 19.
- 5. Insert economizer plug into economizer harness. Remove tape from barometric relief damper. See Fig. 20.
- 6. If ventilation air is not required, proceed to Step 7. If ventilation air is required, determine minimum position setting for required airflow. See Fig. 21. Adjust minimum position setting by adjusting the screws on the position setting bracket. Slide bracket until the top screw is in the position determined by Fig. 21. Tighten screws.
- Remove tape from outdoor-air thermostat (OAT). Fasten OAT to inside of hood using screws and speed clips provided. See Fig. 22. Make sure OAT terminals are positioned up.
- 8. Replace outdoor-air opening panel using screws from Step 2. Replace filter access panel. Ensure the filter access panel slides along the tracks and is securely engaged.
- 9. Fasten hood top and side plate assembly (Fig. 17) to outdoor-air opening panel with screws provided.
- 10. Place knob supplied with economizer on OAT. See Fig. 22. Set for 3° F below indoor room thermostat setting. If accessory enthalpy control (EC) is used in place of OAT, see instructions shipped with EC for installation and adjustment. See Fig. 22.
- 11. Connect OAT per Fig. 23.
- 12. Slide outdoor-air inlet screen into screen track on hood side plate. While holding screen in place, fasten screen retainer to hood using screws provided.

NOTE: Refer to Fig. 24 for economizer barometric relief damper characteristics.

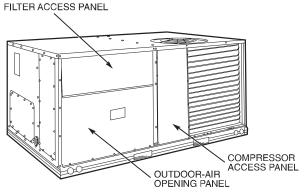
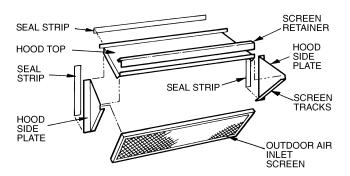


Fig. 16 — Typical Access Panel Locations



OUTDOOR AIR HOOD - UNASSEMBLED



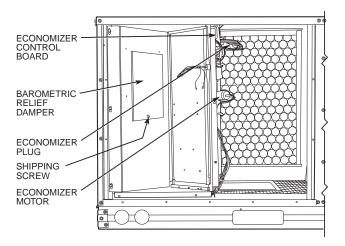


Fig. 18 — Horizontal Durablade Economizer Installation

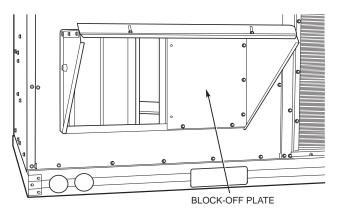
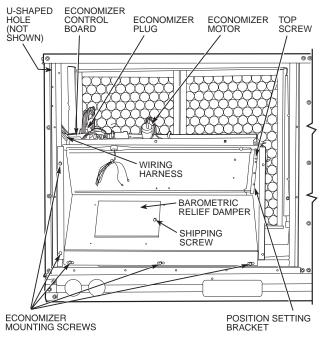
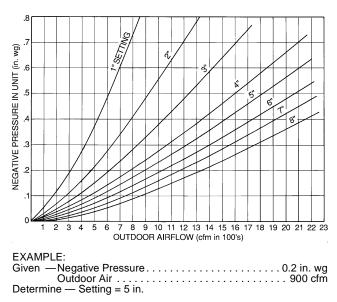


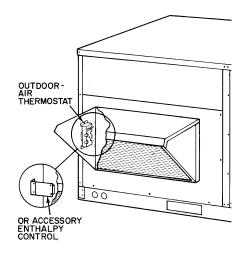
Fig. 19 — Horizontal Discharge Block-Off Plate

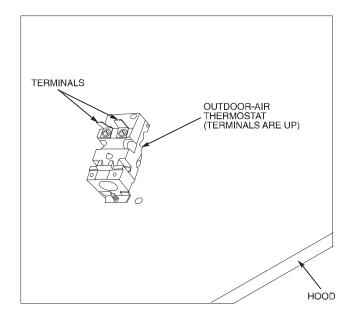












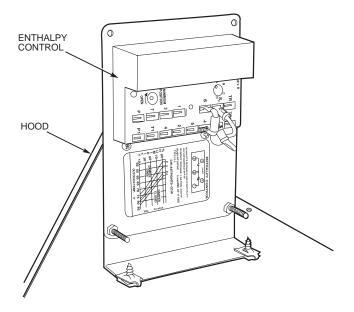
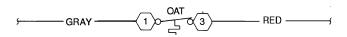


Fig. 22 — Outdoor-Air Thermostat/ Enthalpy Control Installation



LEGEND OAT — Outdoor-Air Thermostat NOTE: See unit wiring diagram for details.



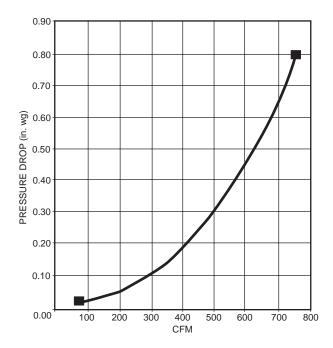


Fig. 24 — Durablade Economizer Barometric Relief Damper Characteristics

OPTIONAL ECONOMI\$ER — See Fig. 25 for EconoMi\$er component locations.

1. To remove the existing unit filter access panel, raise the panel and swing the bottom outward. The panel is now disengaged from the track and can be removed. Remove the indoor coil access panel and discard. See Fig. 26.

If installing an optional Power Exhaust Assembly, refer to the *EconoMi*\$*er Power Exhaust Installation Instructions*. Controller should be mounted in vertical position as

- shown in Fig. 25.
- 2. Assemble the hood assembly as follows:

Remove the EconoMi\$er hood from its packaging. Remove shipping brackets holding hood package to EconoMi\$er. Locate the outdoor-air opening panel. See Fig. 27. Remove hood assembly shipping brackets located on the back (sloped) side of the EconoMi\$er assembly. These brackets are used to retain the hood assembly during shipping only.

- 3. Installs the ¹/₈ x ³/₄-in. seal strip on the exhaust air hood side panels and the bottom bracket. Assemble the exhaust air hood to the outdoor-air opening panel as shown in Fig. 27, using the screws provided. *Do not attach hood assembly to unit at this time*.
- 4. Install the $1/8 \times 3/4$ -in. seal strip on the outdoor-air hood top and side panels. Assemble the outdoor-air hood to the outdoor-air opening panel as shown in Fig. 28, using the screws provided. *Do not attach hood assembly to the unit at this time*.

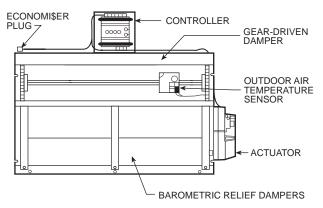


Fig. 25 — EconoMi\$er Component Locations

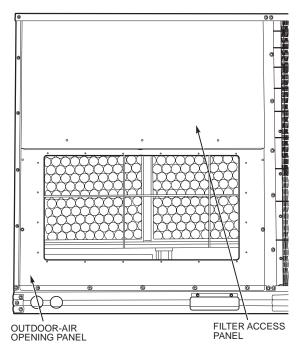


Fig. 26 — Typical Access Panel Locations

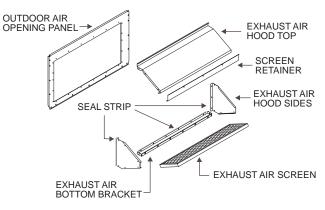


Fig. 27 — Exhaust Air Hood Assembly

- 5. Slide the outdoor-air inlet screens into the screen track on the hood side panels. While holding the screens in place, fasten the screen retainer to the hood using the screws provided. Repeat the process for the barometric exhaust air screen. *Do not attach completed (Fig. 29) hood assembly to unit at this time.*
- Slide the EconoMi\$er assembly into the rooftop unit. See Fig. 30 and 31.
 NOTE: Be sure to engage rear EconoMi\$er flange under

tabs in return-air opening of the unit base. See Fig. 30. 7. Install the outdoor-air block-off plate, then secure the

- 7. Install the outdoor-air block-off plate, then secure the EconoMi\$er with the screws provided. See Fig. 31.
- 8. Remove and discard the 12-pin jumper plug from the unit wiring harness located in the upper left corner and insert the EconoMi\$er plug into the unit wiring harness. Refer to wiring diagram Fig. 32 and 33. Also refer to Fig. 34 if installing an accessory power exhaust.
- 9. Install the complete hood assembly on the unit and secure using the screws provided.
- 10. Remove the indoor fan motor access panel. See Fig. 35.
- 11. Mount the supply-air temperature sensor to the lower left portion of the indoor blower housing with the two (2) screws provided (see Fig. 36). Connect the violet and pink wires to the corresponding connections on the supply-air temperature sensor. Replace the indoor fan motor access panel.

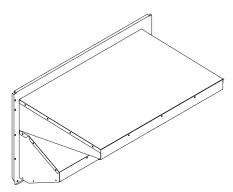


Fig. 29 — Completed Hood Assembly

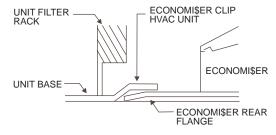


Fig. 30 — Rear EconoMi\$er Flange Installation

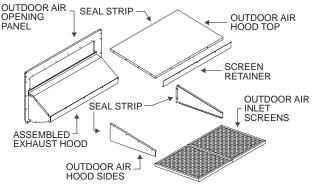


Fig. 28 — Outdoor-Air Hood Assembly

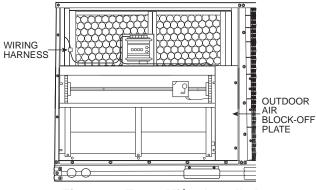
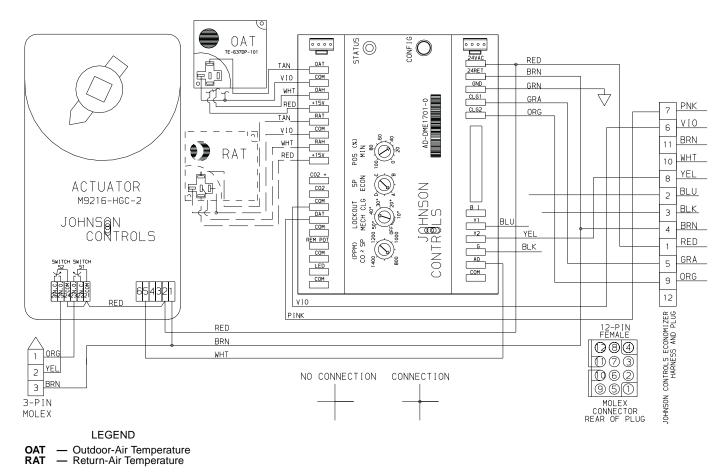


Fig. 31 — EconoMi\$er Installed





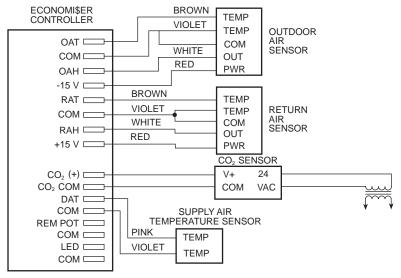


Fig. 33 — EconoMi\$er Sensor Wiring

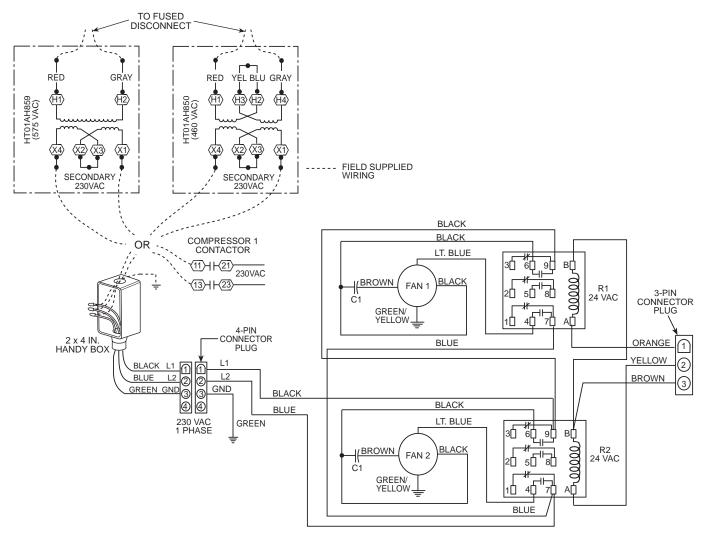


Fig. 34 — Wiring Diagram for Power Exhaust System

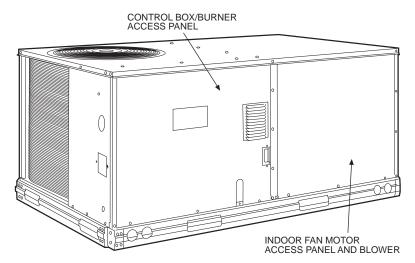


Fig. 35 — Typical Access Panel Locations (Standard Efficiency Unit Shown)

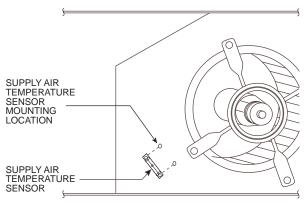


Fig. 36 — Supply-Air Sensor Placement

<u>CO₂ Control Setup</u> — If a CO₂ sensor is not being used, proceed to the next section. If a CO₂ sensor is being used, perform the following:

- 1. Determine the value at which you want the minimum position of the dampers to begin opening to allow a greater amount of outdoor air to enter. The range is 800 to 1,400 ppm.
- 2. Locate the CO₂ SP (PPM) potentiometer and adjust to the desired set point. See Fig. 37.

<u>Mechanical Cooling Lockout</u> — Determine the outdoor-air temperature at which you want the mechanical cooling (compressors) to be disabled. Locate the mechanical cooling lockout (MECH CLG LOCKOUT) potentiometer. To disable this feature, turn the potentiometer counterclockwise (CCW) to the OFF position. Otherwise, set the value between 10 and 60 F. Mechanical cooling will not operate when the outdoor air temperature is below this value. See Fig. 37.

Dry Bulb Changeover Set Up — Determine the dry bulb changeover set point from Table 3. The settings are A, B, C and D. Locate the ECON SP potentiometer and set the dry bulb changeover set point. See Fig. 37. When the OAT is above this set point, the damper is limited to minimum position setting.

Table 3 — Chan	geover Set	Points
----------------	------------	--------

SETTINGS	Α	В	С	D
Dry Bulb (°F)	73	69	66	63
Single Enthalpy* (Btu/lb)	27	25	24	22
Differential Temperature* (°F, Not Adjustable)	2	2	2	2
Differential Enthalpy* (Btu/lb, Not Adjustable)	1	1	1	1

*Field-installed accessory.

If a potentiometer fails, its setting will default to the values in Table 4.

Table 4 — Default Potentiometer Settings

POTENTIOMETER	DEFAULT SETTING
CO ₂ SP (PPM)	1,000
MECH CLG LOCKOUT	47°
ECON SP	D
MIN POS (%)	20

<u>Ventilation Air (Minimum Position Set Up)</u> — If ventilation air is not required, proceed to Step 5. If ventilation air is required, perform the following:

- 1. The indoor fan must be on to set the ventilation air. Either put the thermostat in the continuous fan mode or jumper the R and G terminals at the rooftop unit connection board.
- 2. Locate the minimum position (MIN POS) potentiometer. Turn the potentiometer full CCW to fully close the outdoor air dampers. Turn the potentiometer gradually clockwise (CW) to the desired position. See Fig. 37.
- 3. Replace the filter access panel. See Fig. 26. Ensure the filter access panel slides along the tracks and is securely engaged.
- 4. Calculate the minimum airflow across the EconoMi\$er.
 - a. Calculate % of outside air using the following formula.

% Outdoor air through EconoMi\$er

% Outdoor air = $\frac{\text{Mixture Temp} - \text{Return Air Temp}}{\text{Outdoor Temp} - \text{Return Air Temp}}$

- b. Divide total CFM by percentage outdoor air, this gives outdoor air volume in CFM.
- 5. Turn on base unit power.

NOTE: The EconoMi\$er begins operation three minutes after power up.

A WARNING

Personal Injury Hazard. Avoid possible injury by keeping fingers away from damper blades.

6. See Fig. 38 for barometric relief damper characteristics.

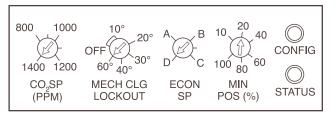


Fig. 37 — EconoMi\$er Control Adjustment Potentiometers (Factory Settings)

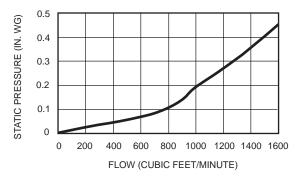


Fig. 38 — Barometric Relief Capacity

Step 9 — **Adjust Evaporator-Fan Speed** — Adjust evaporator-fan rpm to meet jobsite conditions. Table 5 shows fan rpm at motor pulley settings. Table 6 shows motor performance. See Table 7 for Accessory/FIOP Static Pressure. Refer to Tables 8-29 to determine fan speed settings.

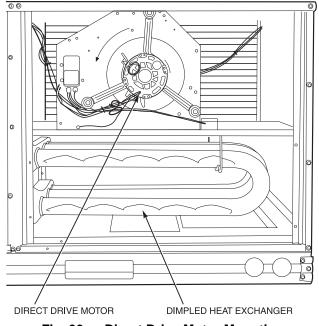
DIRECT-DRIVE MOTORS — The evaporator-fan motor factory speed setting is shown on label diagram affixed to base unit. If other than factory setting is desired, refer to label diagram for motor reconnection. See Fig. 39 for direct drive motor location.

BELT-DRIVE MOTORS — Fan motor pulleys are factory set for speed shown in table 1. See Fig. 40 for belt drive motor location.

NOTE: Before adjusting fan speed, make sure the new fan speed will provide an air temperature rise range as shown in Table 1.

To change fan speed:

- 1. Shut off unit power supply.
- 2. Loosen belt by loosening fan motor mounting nuts. See Fig. 40.
- 3. Loosen movable pulley flange setscrew (see Fig. 41).
- 4. Screw movable flange toward fixed flange to increase speed and away from fixed flange to decrease speed. Increasing fan speed increases load on motor. Do not exceed maximum speed specified in Table 1.
- 5. Set movable flange at nearest keyway of pulley hub and tighten setscrew. (See Table 1 for speed change for each full turn of pulley flange.)





To align fan and motor pulleys:

- 1. Loosen fan pulley setscrews.
- 2. Slide fan pulley along fan shaft.
- Make angular alignment by loosening motor from mounting.

To adjust belt tension:

- 1. Loosen fan motor mounting nuts.
- 2. Slide motor mounting plate away from fan scroll for proper belt tension (1/2)-in. deflection with one finger).
- 3. Tighten motor mounting nuts.
- 4. Adjust bolt and tighten nut to secure motor in fixed position.

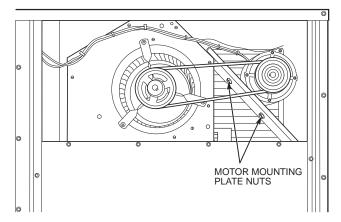


Fig. 40 — Belt Drive Motor Mounting

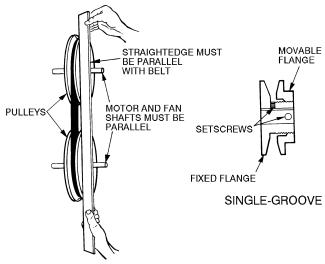


Fig. 41 — Evaporator-Fan Pulley Adjustment

UNIT						MOTOR PL	JLLEY TU	RNS OPE	N				
48TF	0	1/ ₂	1	1 ¹ / ₂	2	2 ¹ /2	3	3 ¹ /2	4	4 ¹ / ₂	5	5 ¹ /2	6
004†	1000	976	952	928	904	880	856	832	808	784	760	—	—
004**	1455	1423	1392	1360	1328	1297	1265	1233	1202	1170	1138	1107	1075
005†	1185	1150	1115	1080	1045	1010	975	940	905	870	835	—	—
005**	1455	1423	1392	1360	1328	1297	1265	1233	1202	1170	1138	1107	1075
006†	1300	1260	1220	1180	1140	1100	1060	1020	980	940	900	_	_
006**	1685	1589	1557	1525	1493	1460	1428	1396	1364	1332	1300	—	—
007††	1460	1420	1380	1345	1305	1265	1225	1185	1150	1110	1070	_	—
007**	1685	1589	1557	1525	1493	1460	1428	1396	1364	1332	1300	_	—

*Approximate fan rpm shown.

†Indicates alternate motor and drive package.

**Indicates high-static motor and drive package. ††Indicates standard motor and drive package.

UNIT 48TF	EVAPORATOR-FAN MOTOR	UNIT VOLTAGE	MAXIMUM ACCEPTABLE CONTINUOUS BHP*	MAXIMUM ACCEPTABLE OPERATING WATTS	MAXIMUM AMP DRAW
		208/230			2.8
	Standard	460	0.34	440	1.3
	Γ	575			1.3
		208/230			4.9
004	Alternate	460	1.00	1000	2.1
	Γ	575			2.1
		208/230			6.0
	High Static	460	2.40	2120	3.0
	Γ	575			3.0
		208/230			3.5
	Standard	460	0.75	850	1.8
	Ī	575			1.8
		208/230			4.9
005	Alternate	460	1.00	1000	2.1
	Ī	575			2.1
		208/230			6.0
	High Static	460	2.40	2120	3.0
	Ī	575			3.0
		208/230			5.9
	Standard	460	1.20	1340	3.2
	Ī	575			3.2
		208/230			10.1/6.7†
006	Alternate	460	1.30/2.40†	2120	3.0
	Γ	575			3.0
		208/230			8.6
	High Static	460	2.90	2562	3.9
		575			3.9
		208/230			6.7
	Standard	460	2.40	2120	3.0
007	Į Ē	575			3.0
007		208/230			8.6
	High Static	460	2.90	2562	3.9
	i ř	575	1		3.9

Table 6 — Motor Data

LEGEND

BHP — Brake Horsepower

*Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full horsepower range of the motors can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the horsepower ratings shown in this table will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. †Single phase/three-phase.

NOTES:

All indoor-fan motors 5 hp and larger meet the minimum efficiency requirements as established by the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (EPACT) effective October 24, 1997.
 High-static motor not available on single-phase units.

Table 7 — Accessory/FIOP Static Pressure* (in. wg) –

COMPONENT					C	FM				
COMPONENT	900	1200	1400	1600	1800	2000	2200	2400	2600	3000
Durablade Economizer	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
EconoMi\$er	0.05	0.09	0.13	0.17	0.22	0.27	0.32	0.39	0.45	0.53

LEGEND FIOP — Factory-Installed Option *The static pressure must be added to external static pressure. The sum and the evaporator entering-air cfm should then be used in conjunction with the Fan Performance tables to determine blower rpm and watts.

Table 8 — Fan Performance 48TF004 — Vertical Discharge Units, Standard Motor

48TF004 (3 TO	NS) — STA	NDARD MC	TOR (DIRE	CT DRIVE)			-					
			Low S	Speed					High	Speed		
Airflow (Cfm)		208 V		23	80, 460, 575	5 V		208 V	_	23	80, 460, 575	i V
(0111)	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts
900	0.49	0.21	253	0.50	0.23	277	0.51	0.26	307	0.55	0.31	363
1000	0.42	0.23	270	0.43	0.25	292	0.43	0.27	321	0.51	0.32	374
1100	0.37	0.24	287	0.38	0.26	307	0.39	0.28	335	0.46	0.33	385
1200	0.33	0.26	304	0.33	0.27	323	0.34	0.29	349	0.40	0.34	397
1300	0.27	0.27	321	0.28	0.29	338	0.28	0.31	364	0.34	0.34	408
1400	0.20	0.29	338	0.23	0.30	354	0.25	0.32	378	—	_	_
1500	0.16	0.30	355	0.18	0.31	369	0.20	0.33	392	—		_

LEGEND

Bhp — Brake Horsepower Input to Fan Esp — External Static Pressure (in. wg)

Esp — External Static Pressure **FIOP** — Factory-Installed Option

NOTES:

40TE004 (2 TONC)

Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information.

ALTERNATE MOTOR (RELT PRIVE)

2. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for additional information. Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your 3. Carrier representative for details.

Table 9 — Fan Performance 48TF004 — Vertical Discharge Units, Alternate Motor

							E	External	Static F	ressure	e (in. wg	g)						
Airflow (Cfm)		0.1			0.2			0.3			0.4			0.5			0.6	
(onn)	Rpm	Rpm Bhp Watts 581 0.12 119			Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
900				673	0.18	179	736	0.22	219	805	0.25	249	865	0.29	288	911	0.34	338
1000 1100	644 687	0.19 0.22	189 219	709 746	0.22 0.26	219 259	782 806	0.28 0.30	279 298	835 867	0.30 0.35	298 348	900 929	0.35 0.40	348 398	937 964	0.38 0.40	378 398
1200	733	0.26	259	785	0.32	318	843	0.35	348	903	0.41	408	960	0.47	467	994	0.50	497
1300 1400	754 810	0.29 0.35	288 348	826 868	0.38 0.45	378 448	891 937	0.43 0.51	428 507	942 984	0.48 0.57	477 567	991 1032	0.53 0.62	527 617	1047 1067	0.60 0.67	597 666
1500	841	0.42	418	911	0.53	527	985	0.61	607	1029	0.66	656	1073	0.72	716	1109	0.77	766

48TF004 (3 TONS) — ALTERNATE MOTOR (BELT DRIVE)* (cont)

							E	External	Static F	Pressure	e (in. w	g)						
Airflow (Cfm)		0.7			0.8			0.9			1.0			1.1			1.2	
(Onn)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
900	957	0.39	388	988	0.43	428	1039	0.47	448	1061	0.51	487	1083	0.54	527	1105	0.58	567
1000	992	0.44	438	1039	0.49	487	1061	0.55	507	1088	0.60	547	1111	0.66	587	1136	0.72	627
1100	1013	0.49	487	1068	0.55	547	1091	0.61	577	1109	0.66	607	1127	0.73	637	1145	0.80	666
1200	1045	0.56	557	1090	0.64	637	1109	0.68	647	1156	0.73	676	1203	0.81	706	1250	0.86	736
1300	1075	0.64	637	1122	0.70	696	1152	0.76	716	1190	0.82	756	1228	0.87	796	1266	0.94	836
1400	1110	0.73	726	1160	0.78	766	1181	0.83	806	1237	0.88	845	1293	0.94	885	1349	0.99	925
1500	1150	0.78	816	1190	0.84	855	1225	0.89	895	1271	0.95	945	1317	1.00	995	1383	1.05	1044

LEGEND

 Brake Horsepower Input to Fan
 Factory-Installed Option Bhp

FIOP

Watts - Input Watts to Motor

*Motor drive range is 760 to 1000 rpm. All other rpms require a fieldsupplied drive.

NOTES:

1. Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

2. indicates field-supplied motor and drive are required.

Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information. 3.

4. Maximum continuous bhp is 1.0 and the maximum continuous watts are 1000. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for additional information.

5. Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your Carrier representative for details.

6. Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate.

Table 10 — Fan Performance 48TF004 — Vertical Discharge Units, High-Static Motor

						Ext	ernal Sta	tic Press	sure (in. v	vg)					
Airflow (Cfm)		0.2			0.4			0.6			0.8			1.0	
(onn)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
900	673	0.18	179	805	0.25	249	911	0.34	338	988	0.43	428	1061	0.47	487
1000	709	0.22	219	835	0.30	298	937	0.38	378	1039	0.49	487	1086	0.55	547
1100	746	0.26	259	867	0.35	348	964	0.40	398	1068	0.55	547	1109	0.61	607
1200	785	0.32	318	903	0.41	408	994	0.50	497	1090	0.64	637	1156	0.68	676
1300	826	0.38	378	942	0.48	477	1047	0.60	597	1122	0.70	696	1190	0.76	756
1400	868	0.45	448	984	0.57	567	1067	0.67	666	1160	0.84	766	1237	0.85	845
1500	911	0.53	527	1029	0.66	656	1109	0.77	766	1190	1.00	855	1271	0.95	945

48TF004 (3 TONS) - HIGH-STATIC MOTOR (BELT DRIVE)* (cont)

						Ex	ternal Sta	atic Pres	sure (in. v	vg)					
Airflow (Cfm)		1.2			1.4			1.6			1.8			2.0	
(OIIII)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
900	1105	0.57	567	1140	0.63	622	1170	0.68	674	1198	0.73	723	1224	0.77	771
1000	1136	0.63	627	1172	0.69	688	1203	0.75	745	1232	0.80	799	1258	0.86	852
1100	1145	0.67	666	1181	0.73	731	1213	0.80	792	1242	0.85	850	1268	0.91	906
1200	1210	0.74	736	1248	0.81	808	1282	0.88	875	1312	0.94	939	1340	1.01	1000
1300	1266	0.84	836	1306	0.92	917	1341	1.00	993	1373	1.07	1066	1402	1.14	1136
1400	1349	0.93	925	1391	1.02	1015	1492	1.11	1100	1463	1.19	1180	1494	1.26	1257
1500	1383	1.05	1044	1426	1.15	1146	1465	1.25	1242	1500	1.34	1332	1532	1.43	1419

LEGEND

 Bhp
 —
 Brake Horsepower Input to Fan

 FIOP
 —
 Factory-Installed Option

 Watts
 —
 Input Watts to Motor

*Motor drive range is 1075 to 1455 rpm. All other rpms require a fieldsupplied drive.

NOTES:

- Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.
 Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information. 2.

Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your 4. Carrier representative for details.

5. Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate.

Table 11 — Fan Performance 48TF005 — Vertical Discharge Units, Standard Motor

			Low S	Speed					High	Speed		
Airflow (Cfm)		208 V		23	0, 460, 575	i V		208 V	_	23	80, 460, 575	i V
(onn)	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts
1200	0.68	0.41	458	0.74	0.45	506	0.74	0.51	572	0.85	0.56	632
1300	0.61	0.42	471	0.67	0.46	521	0.66	0.52	589	0.78	0.58	651
1400	0.53	0.45	503	0.59	0.49	556	0.59	0.54	616	0.70	0.60	681
1500	0.45	0.47	536	0.51	0.52	593	0.52	0.56	631	0.63	0.62	698
1600	0.36	0.49	557	0.42	0.54	616	0.45	0.58	654	0.56	0.64	723
1700	0.26	0.52	584	0.32	0.57	646	0.37	0.60	678	0.48	0.66	750
1800	0.15	0.54	610	0.22	0.60	674	0.30	0.62	698	0.41	0.68	772
1900	0.04	0.56	629	0.11	0.62	696	0.23	0.64	720	0.34	0.70	796
2000	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.16	0.66	744	0.26	0.73	823

LEGEND

Bhp—Brake Horsepower Input to FanEsp—External Static Pressure (in. wg)FIOP—Factory-Installed Option

Esp FIOP

NOTES:

Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information. 1.

Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that 2. the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for additional information.

Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your 3. Carrier representative for details.

^{3.} Maximum continuous bhp is 2.4 and the maximum continuous watts are 2120. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for additional information.

Table 12 — Fan Performance 48TF005 — Vertical Discharge Units, Alternate Motor

48TF005 (4	4 TONS) — AL	TERNA	TE MO	TOR (B	ELT DF	RIVE)*														
									Exteri	nal Stat	tic Pres	sure (i	n. wg)								
Airflow (Cfm)		0.1	-		0.2	_		0.3	_		0.4	_		0.6	_		0.7			0.8	
(Onli)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1200	596	0.20	210	665	0.25	263	722	0.31	320	779	0.36	378	872	0.48	504	915	0.54	567	957	0.60	630
1300	633	0.24	252	699	0.30	315	754	0.36	378	809	0.42	441	902	0.55	578	943	0.61	641	984	0.67	704
1400	672	0.30	315	735	0.36	378	788	0.42	441	840	0.48	504	933	0.62	651	972	0.69	720	1011	0.75	788
1500	711	0.35	368	770	0.42	441	822	0.49	510	873	0.55	578	963	0.69	725	1002	0.77	804	1041	0.84	858
1600	751	0.42	441	835	0.49	515	871	0.56	588	907	0.63	662	993	0.77	787	1033	0.85	869	1072	0.93	950
1700	791	0.49	515	873	0.57	599	907	0.65	678	941	0.72	757	1024	0.87	889	1064	0.96	976	1103	1.04	1063
1800	831	0.58	609	881	0.66	693	929	0.74	772	976	0.81	851	1057	0.97	991	1095	1.06	1078	1132	1.14	1165
1900	872	0.67	704	919	0.75	788	965	0.84	877	1011	0.92	967	1091	1.08	1104	1127	1.17	1191	1162	1.25	1277
2000	913	0.77	809	958	0.86	904	1002	0.95	993	1046	1.03	1082	1125	1.21	1237	1160	1.30	1323	1195	1.38	1410

48TF005 (4 TONS) - ALTERNATE MOTOR (BELT DRIVE)* (cont)

				_					Exteri	nal Stat	ic Pres	sure (i	n. wg)								
Airflow (Cfm)		0.9			1.0			1.1			1.2			1.4			1.6			1.8	
(0111)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1200	993	0.65	678	1028	0.69	725	1056	0.72	751	1083	0.74	778	1134	0.80	935	1185	0.88	965	1331	0.99	1000
1300	1021	0.74	772	1058	0.80	841	1090	0.85	888	1121	0.89	935	1171	0.94	988	1219	1.00	999	1268	1.10	1029
1400	1049	0.82	837	1086	0.89	885	1120	0.96	950	1153	1.00	976	1210	1.12	1071	1257	1.17	1105	1307	1.25	1190
1500	1077	0.92	922	1113	0.99	985	1147	1.06	1054	1180	1.13	1081	1241	1.27	1215	1295	1.37	1294	1339	1.43	1350
1600	1107	1.00	998	1141	1.09	1084	1174	1.17	1134	1207	1.25	1196	1269	1.40	1339	1326	1.54	1454	1376	1.65	1558
1700	1137	1.12	1128	1171	1.20	1194	1203	1.29	1278	1235	1.37	1310	1296	1.53	1463	1354	1.70	1605	1407	1.84	1738
1800	1167	1.23	1239	1202	1.32	1313	1233	1.41	1398	1263	1.49	1425	1323	1.67	1597	1381	1.85	1747	1436	2.02	1907
1900	1197	1.35	1360	1232	1.45	1442	1263	1.54	1532	1294	1.63	1559	1351	1.81	1731	1408	2.00	1889	1463	2.19	2068
2000	1229	1.48	1491	1262	1.58	1572	1294	1.68	1671	1325	1.78	1702	1362	1.97	1884	1436	2.16	2040	1489	2.36	2229

LEGEND

- Brake Horsepower Input to Fan Bhp

 Brake Horsepower Input
 Factory-Installed Option
 Input Watts to Motor FIOP

Watts

*Motor drive range is 835 to 1185 rpm. All other rpms require a field-supplied drive.

NOTES:

1. Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

2. indicates field-supplied motor and drive are required. 3.

Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information. Maximum continuous bhp is 1.0 and the maximum continuous watts are 1000. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your 4. fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for additional information.

Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your Carrier representative for details. Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate. 5.

6.

Table 13 — Fan Performance 48TF005 — Vertical Discharge Units, High-Static Motor

						E	cternal Sta	atic Press	sure (in. w	g)					
Airflow (Cfm)		0.2			0.4			0.6			0.8			1.0	
(onn)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1200	665	0.25	263	779	0.36	378	872	0.48	504	957	0.60	630	1028	0.69	725
1300	699	0.30	315	809	0.42	441	902	0.55	578	984	0.67	704	1058	0.80	841
1400	735	0.36	378	840	0.48	504	933	0.62	651	1011	0.75	788	1086	0.89	885
1500	770	0.42	441	873	0.55	578	963	0.69	725	1041	0.84	858	1113	0.99	985
1600	835	0.49	515	907	0.63	662	993	0.77	787	1072	0.93	950	1141	1.09	1084
1700	873	0.57	599	941	0.72	757	1024	0.87	889	1103	1.04	1063	1171	1.20	1194
1800	881	0.66	693	976	0.81	851	1057	0.97	991	1132	1.14	1165	1202	1.32	1313
1900	919	0.75	788	1011	0.92	967	1091	1.08	1104	1162	1.25	1277	1232	1.45	1442
2000	958	0.86	904	1046	1.03	1082	1125	1.21	1237	1195	1.38	1410	1262	1.58	1572

48TF005 (4 TONS) - HIGH-STATIC MOTOR (BELT DRIVE)* (cont)

						E	xternal Sta	atic Press	sure (in. w	g)					
Airflow (Cfm)		1.2			1.4			1.6			1.8			2.0	
(onn)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1200 1300 1400	1083 1121 1153	0.74 0.89 1.00	778 935 967	1134 1171 1210	0.80 0.94 1.12	935 988 1071	1185 1219 1257	0.88 1.00 1.17	965 999 1105	1331 1268 1307	0.99 1.10 1.25	1000 1029 1190	1374 1309 1349	1.09 1.21 1.37	1083 1203 1367
1500 1600	1180 1207	1.13 1.25	1081 1196	1241 1269	1.27 1.40	1215 1339	1295 1326	1.37 1.54	1294 1454	1339 1376	1.43 1.65	1350 1558	1382 1420	1.57 1.81	1564 1805
1700 1800 1900	1235 1263 1294	1.37 1.49 1.63	1310 1425 1559	1296 1323 1351	1.53 1.67 1.81	1463 1597 1731	1354 1381 1408	1.70 1.85 2.00	1605 1747 1889	1407 1436 1463	1.84 2.02 2.19	1738 1907 2068	1452 1482 —	2.02 2.22 —	2013 2210 —
2000	1325	1.78	1702	1362	1.97	1894	1436	2.16	2040	1489	2.36	2229	-		_

LEGEND

Brake Horsepower Input to Fan

Bhp FIOP FIOP — Factory-Installed Option Watts — Input Watts to Motor

*Motor drive range is 1075 to 1455 rpm. All other rpms require a fieldsupplied drive.

NOTES

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. 2. Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information.

Maximum continuous bhp is 2.4 and the maximum continuous watts are 3. 2120. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for additional information.

Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your 4. Carrier representative for details.

5. Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate.

Table 14 — Fan Performance 48TF006 — Vertical Discharge Units, Standard Motor

			Low S	Speed					Medium	Speed					High S	Speed		
Airflow (Cfm)		208 V		230),460,57	'5 V		208 V		230),460,57	'5 V		208 V		230),460,57	75 V
(0111)	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts
1500	0.69	0.67	750	1.01	0.71	791	1.00	0.70	782	1.20	0.76	845	1.22	0.79	875	1.28	0.85	949
1600	0.49	0.70	780	0.85	0.74	824	0.85	0.74	821	1.06	0.79	883	1.09	0.82	913	1.17	0.89	988
1700	0.29	0.73	810	0.70	0.77	857	0.70	0.77	861	0.93	0.83	921	0.97	0.85	950	1.06	0.92	1027
1800	0.09	0.75	839	0.54	0.80	891	0.55	0.81	900	0.80	0.86	959	0.84	0.89	988	0.95	0.96	1066
1900			—	0.39	0.83	924	0.40	0.84	940	0.67	0.90	997	0.72	0.92	1025	0.84	0.99	1105
2000	—	—	—	0.23	0.86	957	0.25	0.88	979	0.54	0.93	1035	0.59	0.95	1063	0.73	1.03	1144
2100	—	—	—	0.08	0.89	990	0.10	0.91	1018	0.41	0.96	1073	0.46	0.99	1101	0.62	1.06	1183
2200	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.28	1.00	1111	0.34	1.02	1138	0.51	1.10	1222
2300	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.15	1.03	1149	0.21	1.06	1176	0.40	1.13	1261
2400	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	1.07	1187	0.09	1.09	1213	0.29	1.17	1300
2500		—	—	—	—	—	_	_	—	_	_	—		_	—	0.18	1.20	1340

LEGEND

 Brake Horsepower Input to Fan
 External Static Pressure (in. wg)
 Factory-Installed Option Bhp

Esp FIOP

NOTES:

Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information.

2. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for Additional information. Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your

3 Carrier representative for details.

ANTENNE (E TONE)	ALTERNATE MOTOR	
48TF006 (5 TONS) —	ALIERNAIE MOTOR	(DELI DRIVE)

							E	External	Static F	Pressure	e (in. w	g)						
Airflow (Cfm)		0.1			0.2			0.4			0.6			0.8			1.0	
(0111)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1500	729	0.36	368	788	0.42	429	896	0.56	572	981	0.69	705	1070	0.85	869	1144	1.01	1032
1600	770	0.42	429	826	0.49	501	930	0.64	654	1015	0.78	797	1098	0.94	961	1173	1.11	1134
1700	811	0.50	511	864	0.57	582	964	0.72	736	1051	0.88	899	1124	1.03	1053	1203	1.21	1237
1800	852	0.58	593	903	0.66	674	999	0.82	838	1085	0.98	1001	1155	1.13	1155	1231	1.32	1349
1900	893	0.68	695	942	0.76	777	1035	0.92	940	1119	1.10	1124	1191	1.26	1288	1288	1.43	1461
2000	935	0.78	797	982	0.87	889	1070	1.04	1063	1153	1.22	1247	1227	1.40	1431	1287	1.57	1604
2100	977	0.89	910	1022	0.99	1012	1107	1.17	1196	1187	1.35	1380	1260	1.54	1574	1323	1.72	1758
2200	1019	1.02	1042	1063	1.12	1145	1144	1.30	1328	1222	1.49	1523	1294	1.70	1737	1359	1.89	1931
2300	1061	1.16	1185	1104	1.26	1288	1182	1.47	1502	1258	1.65	1686	1328	1.80	1901	1393	2.07	2115
2400	1103	1.30	1328	1145	1.41	1441	1220	1.61	1645	1293	1.80	1860	1362	2.03	2074	1426	2.26	2310
2500	1145	1.46	1492	1186	1.57	1604	1259	1.78	1819	1329	2.00	2044	1397	2.22	2269	1460	2.45	2504

48TF006	(5 TONS	6) — AL	TERNAT	E MOTO	OR (BEI	LT DRIVI	E)* (con	t)	
			Exte	rnal Sta	tic Pres	sure (in	. wg)		
Airflow (Cfm)		1.2			1.4			1.6	
(Only	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1500	1226	1.19	1216	1301	1.46	1492	1380	1.69	1757
1600	1242	1.28	1308	1318	1.49	1523	1392	1.78	1800
1700	1270	1.39	1420	1335	1.58	1615	1408	1.80	1850
1800	1300	1.52	1553	1361	1.71	1747	1423	1.91	1952
1900	1329	1.64	1676	1391	1.80	1891	1448	2.05	2095
2000	1355	1.77	1809	1420	1.99	2034	1477	2.21	2258
2100	1381	1.91	1952	1449	2.14	2167		_	—
2200	1413	2.08	2126	1474	2.30	2350	_	_	—
2300	1449	2.26	2310	_	_	—	_	_	—
2400	1485	2.47	2524	—	_	—	_	—	—
2500	_	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

LEGEND

 Bhp
 —
 Brake Horsepower Input

 FIOP
 —
 Factory-Installed Option

 Watts
 —
 Input Watts to Motor
 Brake Horsepower Input to Fan

*Motor drive range is 900 to 1300 rpm. All other rpms require a fieldsupplied drive.

NOTES:

1. Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

2. indicates field-supplied motor and drive are required.

5.

6.

^{3.}

Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information. Maximum continuous bhp is 1.30 for single-phase units and 2.40 for 3-phase units and the maximum continuous watts are 2120. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using watt for metare up to the wattage reliance the provide the result. 4. your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in voi fail finders up to the wardge failings shown with hot result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for additional information. Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your Carrier representative for details. Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate.

Table 16 — Fan Performance 48TF006 — Vertical Discharge Units, High-Static Motor

48TF006 (5	rons) —	HIGH-ST	ATIC MOT	FOR (BEL	T DRIVE)*									
						Ext	ternal Sta	atic Pres	sure (in. v	vg)					
Airflow (Cfm)		0.2			0.4			0.6			0.8			1.0	
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1500	808	0.42	429	914	0.56	572	1001	0.69	705	1084	0.85	869	1168	1.01	1032
1600	846	0.49	501	950	0.64	645	1034	0.78	797	1111	0.94	961	1194	1.11	1134
1700	884	0.57	592	983	0.72	736	1068	0.88	899	1145	1.03	1053	1218	1.21	1237
1800	942	0.66	674	1018	0.82	838	1105	0.98	1001	1179	1.13	1155	1246	1.32	1349
1900	965	0.78	777	1057	0.92	940	1143	1.10	1124	1212	1.26	1288	1280	1.43	1481
2000	1008	0.87	889	1096	1.04	1063	1177	1.22	1247	1247	1.40	1431	1300	1.57	1604
2100	1051	0.99	1012	1136	1.17	1196	1210	1.35	1380	1284	1.54	1574	1347	1.72	1758
2200	1095	1.12	1145	1173	1.30	1328	1245	1.49	1523	1322	1.70	1737	1380	1.89	1931
2300	1140	1.28	1288	1210	1.47	1502	1284	1.65	1686	1356	1.80	1901	1418	2.07	2115
2400	1185	1.41	1441	1249	1.61	1645	1323	1.80	1860	1389	2.03	2074	1456	2.26	2310
2500	1231	1.57	1604	1289	1.78	1819	1363	2.00	2044	1424	2.22	2269	1500	2.45	2504

48TF006 (5 TONS) - HIGH-STATIC MOTOR (BELT DRIVE)* (cont) External Static Pressure (in. wg) Airflow 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 (Cfm) Rpm Bhp Watts 1500 1199 1.19 1216 1126 1.46 1492 1250 1.69 1757 1301 1.91 1944 1349 2.12 2164 1600 1263 1.28 1308 1275 1.49 1523 1299 1.78 1800 1352 2.01 2047 1401 2.23 2280 1700 1295 1.39 1420 1351 1.58 1615 1352 1.80 1850 1407 2.03 2070 1459 2.26 2305 1389 1800 1747 1453 2446 1319 1.52 1553 1.71 1.91 1952 1494 2.15 1548 2.40 2197 1900 1343 1.64 1676 1415 1.80 1891 1478 2.05 1095 1538 2.31 2358 1594 2.57 2625 2000 1374 1.77 1809 1438 1.99 2034 1505 2.21 2258 1566 2.49 2542 1624 2.77 2830 2100 1409 1.91 1952 1465 2.14 2167 1533 2.45 2501 1596 2.77 2821 1654 3.08 3141 2200 1442 2.08 2126 1498 2.30 2350 1568 2688 1632 2.97 3031 1691 3.31 3375 2.64 2300 1475 2.26 2310 1554 2.64 2698 1627 3.03 3091 3.42 3486 1693 1755 3.81 3881 2400 1565 2.47 2524 1649 2.89 2948 1726 3.31 3379 2500 1596 2.95 3010 1682 3.45 3522 1760 3.96 4036 ____

LEGEND

Bhp FIOP Brake Horsepower Input to Fan

_ Factory-Installed Option

Watts Input Watts to Motor

*Motor drive range is 1300 to 1685 rpm. All other rpms require a fieldsupplied drive.

NOTES:

1. Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

2. indicates field-supplied motor and drive are required.

Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See 3. Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information. Maximum continuous bhp is 2.9 and the maximum continuous

4. watts are 2562. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 - Motor Data for additional information.

5. Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your Carrier representative for details. Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate.

6.

Table 17 — Fan Performance 48TF007 — Vertical Discharge Units, Standard Motor

48TF007 (6	TONS)	— STAN	NDARD	MOTOR	(BELT	DRIVE)'	•											·
							E	xternal	Static F	ressure	e (in. w	g)						
Airflow (Cfm)		0.1			0.2			0.4			0.6			0.8			1.0	
(Only)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1800	942	0.70	646	978	0.66	700	1063	0.82	771	1147	0.97	891	1248	1.20	1081	1322	1.33	1190
1900	982	0.80	739	1023	0.78	779	1097	0.91	843	1175	1.11	1006	1266	1.29	1156	1356	1.47	1310
2000	1022	0.91	835	1068	0.90	867	1132	1.01	924	1218	1.23	1106	1303	1.41	1258	1397	1.52	1353
2100	1063	0.99	916	1115	1.00	998	1180	1.17	1056	1261	1.35	1207	1340	1.53	1361	1428	1.66	1473
2200	1104	1.13	1039	1159	1.15	1081	1214	1.28	1148	1310	1.52	1353	1375	1.63	1447	1459	1.80	1595
2300	1130	1.26	1156	1202	1.29	1140	1248	1.38	1233	1358	1.69	1499	1410	1.72	1526	1488	1.93	1709
2400	1174	1.37	1258	1237	1.41	1224	1292	1.55	1378	1392	1.81	1604	1460	1.90	1683	1532	2.14	1892
2500	1201	1.48	1361	1272	1.53	1335	1335	1.71	1517	1427	1.94	1718	1518	2.16	1910	1575	2.35	2076
2600	1246	1.62	1491	1320	1.68	1482	1368	1.81	1604	1458	2.06	1823	1562	2.42	2136	1620	2.59	2283
2700	1285	1.75	1613	1361	1.82	1595	1400	1.91	1691	1490	2.19	1936	1602	2.64	2326	1666	2.85	2504
2800	1304	1.87	1726	1402	1.95	1639	1439	2.08	1840	1543	2.43	2145	1642	2.86	2512	_		
2900	1345	2.07	1910	1446	2.16	1814	1477	2.16	1989	1585	2.65	2335	_	_	—	_		—
3000	1378	2.26	2084	1489	2.36	2032	1529	2.52	2223	1598	2.73	2444	_	_	—	_	_	—

48TF007 (6	TONS)	— STAN	DARD	MOTOR	(BELT	DRIVE)*	(cont)		
			Exte	rnal Sta	tic Pres	ssure (ir	n.wg)		
Airflow (Cfm)		1.2			1.4			1.6	
(enii)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1800	1395	1.46	1301	1475	1.56	1387	1542	1.71	1517
1900	1430	1.58	1404	1504	1.69	1499	1556	1.82	1613
2000	1459	1.67	1482	1532	1.82	1613	1588	1.97	1744
2100	1489	1.80	1595	1567	1.99	1761	1626	2.16	1910
2200	1528	1.95	1726	1603	2.17	1919	1666	2.37	2093
2300	1561	2.13	1884	1637	2.35	2076	1710	2.54	2272
2400	1584	2.28	2015	1671	2.55	2249	1756	2.70	2467
2500	1633	2.53	2232	1698	2.72	2405	_	_	—
2600	1675	2.77	2436	_	_	—	_		—
2700	—	—	—	_		—	_		—
2800	—	—	—	—	_	—	—	_	—
2900	—	—	—	—		—	—		—
3000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

LEGEND

 Bhp
 —
 Brake Horsepower Input to Fan

 FIOP
 —
 Factory-Installed Option

 Watts
 —
 Input Watts to Motor

*Motor drive range is 1070 to 1460 rpm. All other rpms require a fieldsupplied drive.

NOTES:

- 1. Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.
- 2. indicates field-supplied motor and drive are required.

- Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information.
 Maximum continuous bhp is 2.40 and the maximum continuous watts are 2120. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with accelerate the provider up to the unotone rations of hours confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for addi-
- tional information. Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your Carrier representative for details. 5.
- 6. Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate.

Table 18 — Fan Performance 48TF007 — Vertical Discharge Units, High-Static Motor

	-					Fxt	ternal Sta	tic Pres	sure (in v	va)					
Airflow		0.2			0.4			0.6		-9/	0.8			1.0	
(Cfm)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1800	978	0.66	700	1063	0.82	771	1147	0.97	891	1248	1.20	1081	1322	1.33	1190
1900	1023	0.78	779	1097	0.91	843	1175	1.11	1006	1266	1.29	1156	1356	1.47	1310
2000	1068	0.90	867	1132	1.01	924	1218	1.23	1106	1303	1.41	1258	1397	1.52	1353
2100	1115	1.00	988	1180	1.17	1056	1261	1.35	1207	1340	1.53	1361	1428	1.66	1473
2200	1159	1.15	1081	1214	1.28	1148	1310	1.52	1353	1375	1.63	1447	1459	1.80	1595
2300	1202	1.29	1140	1248	1.38	1233	1358	1.69	1499	1410	1.72	1526	1488	1.93	1709
2400	1237	1.41	1224	1292	1.55	1378	1392	1.81	1604	1460	1.90	1683	1532	2.14	1892
2500	1272	1.53	1335	1335	1.71	1517	1427	1.94	1718	1518	2.16	1910	1575	2.35	2076
2600	1320	1.68	1482	1368	1.81	1604	1458	2.06	1823	1562	2.42	2136	1620	2.59	2283
2700	1361	1.82	1595	1400	1.91	1691	1490	2.19	1936	1602	2.64	2326	1666	2.85	2504
2800	1402	1.95	1639	1439	2.08	1840	1543	2.43	2145	1642	2.86	2512	1775	3.62	3290
2900	1446	2.16	1814	1477	2.16	1989	1585	2.65	2335	1753	3.58	3262	_	-	—
3000	1489	2.36	2032	1529	2.52	2223	1598	2.73	2444	1767	3.69	3360	_	_	—

						Ext	ternal Sta	atic Press	sure (in. v	vg)					
Airflow (Cfm)		1.2			1.4			1.6			1.8			2.0	
(onn)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1800	1395	1.46	1301	1475	1.56	1387	1542	1.71	1517	1607	1.94	1761	1667	2.16	1967
1900	1430	1.58	1404	1504	1.69	1499	1556	1.82	1613	1621	2.06	1874	1682	2.30	2093
2000	1459	1.67	1482	1532	1.82	1613	1588	1.97	1744	1655	2.23	2029	1717	2.49	2266
2100	1489	1.80	1595	1567	1.99	1761	1626	2.16	1910	1694	2.44	2224	1758	2.73	2485
2200	1528	1.95	1726	1603	2.17	1919	1666	2.37	2093	1736	2.68	2441		_	—
2300	1561	2.13	1884	1637	2.35	2076	1710	2.54	2272	1782	2.87	2616			—
2400	1584	2.28	2015	1671	2.55	2249	1756	2.70	2467	_	—	—		_	—
2500	1633	2.53	2232	1698	2.72	2405	1779	3.13	2848	—	—	—			—
2600	1675	2.77	2436	1768	3.26	2964	—	_	—	—	—	—			—
2700	1776	3.45	3141	_	_	—	_	—	—	—	—	—			—
2800	_	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2900	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

LEGEND

Bhp—Brake Horsepower Input to FanFIOP—Factory-Installed OptionWatts—Input Watts to Motor

*Motor drive range is 1300 to 1685 rpm. All other rpms require a fieldsupplied drive.

NOTES:

1. Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

2. indicates field-supplied motor and drive are required.

 Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information.
 Maximum continuous bhp is 2.9 and the maximum continuous watts are 2562. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your for motors up to the upstream tribute about will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for addi-

tional information. Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your Carrier representative for details. 5.

6. Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate.

Table 19 — Fan Performance 48TF004 — Horizontal Discharge Units, Standard Motor

18TF004 (3 TC	NS) — STA	NDARD MC	•	CT DRIVE) Speed			l		High	Speed		
Airflow (Cfm)		208 V		23	80, 460, 575	5 V		208 V	Ť	23	80, 460, 575	i V
(Cilli)	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts
900	0.54	0.21	253	0.57	0.23	277	0.55	0.26	307	0.60	0.31	363
1000	0.49	0.23	270	0.51	0.25	292	0.52	0.27	321	0.53	0.32	374
1100	0.43	0.24	287	0.45	0.26	307	0.46	0.28	335	0.49	0.33	385
1200	0.39	0.26	304	0.40	0.27	323	0.38	0.29	349	0.43	0.34	397
1300	0.33	0.27	321	0.35	0.29	338	0.35	0.31	364	0.36	0.34	408
1400	0.26	0.29	338	0.28	0.30	354	0.29	0.32	378	—	_	—
1500	0.21	0.30	355	0.23	0.31	369	0.24	0.33	392	—	—	—

LEGEND

Bhp Brake Horsepower Input to Fan

_ Esp FIOP External Static Pressure (in. wg)

_ Factory-Installed Option

NOTES:

Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information. 1.

Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that 2. the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for Additional information. Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your 3. Carrier representative for details.

Table 20 — Fan Performance 48TF004 — Horizontal Discharge Units, Alternate Motor

48TF004 (3	3 TONS)	— ALT	ERNATE	Е МОТО	R (BEL	T DRIVE	E)*											
							E	xternal	Static F	ressure	e (in. wg	g)						
Airflow (Cfm)		0.1			0.2			0.3			0.4			0.5			0.6	
(enii)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
900	526	0.06	70	584	0.08	99	656	0.12	139	734	0.22	219	818	0.25	269	875	0.27	269
1000	570	0.09	109	627	0.13	149	738	0.19	189	800	0.26	259	848	0.29	288	895	0.31	308
1100	614	0.13	149	670	0.16	189	758	0.23	229	812	0.29	288	863	0.32	308	914	0.35	348
1200	658	0.16	189	710	0.23	229	780	0.28	279	840	0.32	318	889	0.36	358	938	0.40	398
1300	703	0.20	239	752	0.27	269	808	0.32	318	868	0.37	368	916	0.41	408	963	0.45	448
1400	725	0.29	288	776	0.31	308	845	0.38	378	891	0.42	418	937	0.47	467	983	0.51	507
1500	755	0.33	328	816	0.38	378	870	0.43	428	924	0.48	477	969	0.53	527	1014	0.58	577

48TF004 (3 TONS) — ALTERNATE MOTOR (BELT DRIVE)* (cont)

							E	xternal	Static F	ressure	e (in. w	g)						
Airflow (Cfm)		0.7			0.8			0.9			1.0			1.1			1.2	
(0111)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
900	924	0.32	308	953	0.35	348	989	0.38	388	1028	0.42	438	1074	0.45	487	1120	0.50	537
1000	936	0.35	348	977	0.39	388	1020	0.44	438	1064	0.48	477	1124	0.52	537	1185	0.55	597
1100	960	0.39	388	1005	0.43	428	1052	0.49	487	1100	0.52	527	1163	0.56	587	1225	0.60	647
1200	988	0.45	448	1038	0.50	497	1076	0.53	527	1136	0.59	577	1201	0.61	647	1266	0.64	716
1300	1012	0.51	507	1061	0.56	557	1094	0.61	607	1172	0.65	647	1239	0.69	716	1306	0.72	786
1400	1027	0.56	557	1071	0.60	597	1108	0.67	666	1208	0.70	706	1278	0.75	786	1347	0.79	865
1500	1056	0.63	627	1097	0.68	676	1117	0.70	696	1245	0.74	776	1315	0.80	865	1385	0.85	955

LEGEND

Bhp Brake Horsepower Input to Fan

 Factory-Installed Option
 Input Watts to Motor FIOP

Watts

*Motor drive range is 760 to 1000 rpm. All other rpms require a fieldsupplied drive.

NOTES:

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.
 Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information.

3. Maximum continuous bhp is 1.00 and maximum continuous watts are 1000. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit war-ranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for additional information.

Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your 4. Carrier representative for details.

5. Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate.

Table 21 — Fan Performance 48TF004 — Horizontal Discharge Units, High-Static Motor

48TF004 (3 1						/	tornal Sta	tic Pros	sure (in. v	va)					
Airflow (Cfm)		0.2			0.4			0.6	sure (iii. v	· 9)	0.8			1.0	
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
900 1000 1100 1200 1300 1400 1500	584 627 670 710 752 776 816	0.08 0.13 0.16 0.23 0.27 0.31 0.38	99 149 189 229 269 308 378	734 800 812 840 868 891 924	0.22 0.26 0.29 0.32 0.37 0.42 0.48	219 259 288 318 368 418 477	875 895 914 938 963 983 1014	0.27 0.31 0.35 0.40 0.45 0.51 0.58	269 308 348 398 448 507 577	953 977 1005 1038 1061 1071 1097	0.36 0.39 0.43 0.50 0.56 0.60 0.68	348 388 428 497 557 597 676	1028 1064 1000 1136 1172 1208 1245	0.42 0.48 0.52 0.59 0.65 0.70 0.74	438 477 527 577 647 706 776

48TF004 (3 TONS) — HIGH-STATIC MOTOR (BELT DRIVE)* (cont)

						Ext	ternal Sta	atic Pres	sure (in. v	vg)					
Airflow (Cfm)		1.2			1.4			1.6			1.8			2.0	
(0111)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
900	1120	0.54	537	1155	0.59	589	1186	0.64	639	1215	0.69	685	1240	0.73	730
1000	1185	0.60	597	1222	0.66	655	1255	0.71	709	1285	0.77	761	1312	0.82	811
1100	1225	0.65	647	1263	0.71	709	1298	0.77	769	1328	0.83	825	1357	0.88	879
1200	1266	0.72	716	1306	0.79	786	1341	0.86	851	1373	0.92	914	1402	0.98	973
1300	1306	0.79	786	1347	0.87	862	1383	0.94	934	1416	1.01	1003	1446	1.07	1068
1400	1347	0.87	865	1389	0.95	950	1427	1.03	1029	1461	1.11	1104	1492	1.18	1176
1500	1385	0.96	955	1428	1.05	1048	1467	1.14	1135	1502	1.22	1218	1534	1.30	1298

LEGEND

_

 Bhp
 —
 Brake Horsepower Input to Fan

 FIOP
 —
 Factory-Installed Option

 Watts
 —
 Input Watts to Motor

*Motor drive range is 1075 to 1455 rpm. All other rpms require a fieldsupplied drive.

NOTES:

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.
 Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information.

3. Maximum continuous bhp is 2.4 and maximum continuous watts are 2120. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confi-dence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit war-ranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for additional information.

Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your Carrier representative for details.
 Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate.

48TF005 (4 TO	NS) — STA	NDARD MO	DTOR (DIRI	ECT DRIVE)							
			Low	Speed					High	Speed		
Airflow (Cfm)		208 V	_	23	30, 460, 575	V		208 V	_	23	80, 460, 575	v
(onn)	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts
1200	0.75	0.41	458	0.81	0.45	506	0.87	0.51	572	0.92	0.56	632
1300	0.68	0.42	471	0.74	0.46	521	0.79	0.52	589	0.85	0.58	651
1400	0.60	0.45	503	0.66	0.49	556	0.71	0.54	616	0.77	0.60	681
1500	0.51	0.47	536	0.58	0.52	593	0.64	0.56	631	0.70	0.62	698
1600	0.42	0.49	557	0.49	0.54	616	0.56	0.58	654	0.63	0.64	723
1700	0.32	0.52	584	0.39	0.57	646	0.48	0.60	678	0.55	0.66	750
1800	0.21	0.54	610	0.29	0.60	674	0.41	0.62	698	0.48	0.68	772
1900	0.09	0.56	629	0.18	0.62	696	0.33	0.64	720	0.41	0.70	796
2000	—	—	—	0.06	0.65	731	0.26	0.66	744	0.33	0.73	823

LEGEND

Brake Horsepower Input to Fan External Static Pressure (in. wg) Bhp Esp FIOP

Factory-Installed Option

NOTES:

Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See 1. Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information.

2. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for Additional information.

3. Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your Carrier representative for details.

Table 23 — Fan Performance 48TF005 — Horizontal Discharge Units, Alternate Motor

48TF005 (4 TONS) - ALTERNATE MOTOR (BELT DRIVE)* External Static Pressure (in. wg) Airflow 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.6 0.7 0.8 (Cfm) Bhp Watts Watts Watts Watts Rpm Bhp Watts Bhp Rpm Rpm Bhp Rpm Bhp Rpm Bhp Rpm Watts Rpm Bhp Watts 1200 569 189 242 701 0.29 299 761 0.34 0.18 641 0.23 357 859 0.46 483 901 546 943 0.58 609 0.521300 604 0.22 231 673 0.28 294 731 0.34 352 788 0.39 410 887 0.52 546 928 0.59 615 968 0.65 683 1400 640 0.27 284 705 0.33 347 761 0.39 410 817 0.45 473 914 0.59 620 955 0.66 688 996 0.72 757 1500 0.38 0.45 676 0.32 336 738 399 793 468 847 0.51 536 940 0.65 683 982 0.73 767 1024 0.81 851 1600 399 462 536 1009 851 1051 0.89 713 0.38 772 0.44 825 0.51 877 0.58 609 967 0.73 767 0.81 935 1037 940 1030 1700 750 0.45 473 806 0.51 536 857 0.59 615 908 0.66 693 997 0.81 851 0.90 1077 1 01 1800 788 0.52 546 841 0.59 620 890 0.67 704 939 0.75 788 1026 0.91 956 1065 1.01 1040 1104 1.07 1124 1900 826 0.60 630 876 0.68 714 924 0.76 799 971 0.84 883 1056 1.01 1061 1094 1151 1132 1240 1.10 1.18 1162 1087 2000 864 0.70 735 912 0.77 809 958 0.86 898 1004 0.94 988 1.12 1177 1125 1.21 1271 1.30 1366

48TF005 (4 TONS) - ALTERNATE MOTOR (BELT DRIVE)* (cont)

									Extern	al Stat	ic Pre	ssure (in. wg))							
Airflow (Cfm)		0.9			1.0			1.1			1.2			1.4			1.6			1.8	
	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1200	987	0.64	652	1030	0.70	695	1068	0.79	792	1106	0.87	889	1134	0.98	998	1189	1.12	1138	1245	1.21	1358
1300	1006	0.71	709	1044	0.77	736	1086	0.84	833	1128	0.91	930	1183	1.10	1052	1226	1.23	1215	1297	1.35	1406
1400	1033	0.79	797	1069	0.86	838	1104	0.93	925	1139	1.01	1012	1218	1.14	1090	1286	1.34	1282	1320	1.48	1463
1500	1060	0.88	891	1095	0.95	930	1129	1.02	1022	1162	1.09	1114	1228	1.24	1186	1303	1.40	1339	1343	1.60	1530
1600	1087	1.01	1001	1123	1.05	1073	1156	1.13	1150	1185	1.20	1226	1250	1.35	1291	1319	1.51	1444	1382	1.68	1607
1700	1114	1.07	1108	1151	1.15	1185	1183	1.23	1262	1215	1.31	1339	1276	1.48	1415	1334	1.64	1569	1398	1.80	1722
1800	1141	1.17	1221	1178	1.26	1318	1211	1.35	1390	1243	1.43	1461	1303	1.61	1540	1359	1.78	1702	1418	1.95	1865
1900	1168	1.28	1371	1204	1.37	1502	1238	1.47	1548	1271	1.56	1594	1330	1.74	1664	1386	1.93	1846	1439	2.11	2018
2000	1197	1.39	1485	1231	1.48	1604	1265	1.59	1666	1298	1.69	1727	1358	1.89	1808	1413	2.08	1989	1466	2.27	2171

LEGEND

Brake Horsepower Input to Fan Bhp

Factory-Installed Option Input Watts to Motor FIOP _ Watts

*Motor drive range is 835 to 1185 rpm. All other rpms require a fieldsupplied drive.

NOTES

1. Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

indicates field-supplied motor and drive are required. 2.

Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information. 3.

- Maximum continuous bhp is 1.00 and the maximum continuous 4. watts are 1000. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for additional information.
- 5. Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your Carrier representative for details.

Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate. 6.

Table 24 — Fan Performance 48TF005 — Horizontal Discharge Units, High-Static Motor

48TF005 (4	IONS) —	HIGH-ST	ATIC MOT	OR (BEL	T DRIVE	/									
				-		Ex	ternal Sta	atic Pres	sure (in. v	vg)					
Airflow (Cfm)		0.2			0.4			0.6			0.8			1.0	
(Onli)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1200	641	0.23	242	761	0.34	357	859	0.46	483	943	0.58	609	1030	0.70	695
1300	673	0.28	294	788	0.39	410	887	0.52	546	968	0.65	683	1044	0.77	736
1400	705	0.33	347	817	0.45	473	914	0.59	620	996	0.72	757	1069	0.86	838
1500	738	0.38	399	847	0.51	536	940	0.65	683	1024	0.81	851	1095	0.95	930
1600	772	0.44	462	877	0.58	609	967	0.73	767	1051	0.89	935	1123	1.05	1073
1700	806	0.51	536	908	0.66	693	997	0.81	851	1077	1.01	1030	1151	1.15	1185
1800	841	0.59	620	939	0.75	789	1026	0.91	956	1104	1.07	1124	1178	1.26	1318
1900	876	0.68	714	971	0.84	883	1056	1.01	1061	1132	1.18	1240	1204	1.37	1502
2000	912	0.77	809	1004	0.94	988	1087	1.12	1177	1162	1.30	1366	1231	1.48	1604

48TF005 (4 TONS) - HIGH-STATIC MOTOR (BELT DRIVE)* (cont)

· · ·	Í			•		Ext	ternal Sta	atic Press	sure (in. v	vg)					
Airflow (Cfm)		1.2			1.4			1.6			1.8			2.0	
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts									
1200 1300 1400	1106 1128 1139	0.87 0.91 1.01	889 930 1012	1134 1183 1218	0.98 1.10 1.14	998 1052 1090	1189 1226 1286	1.12 1.23 1.34	1138 1215 1282	1245 1297 1320	1.21 1.35 1.48	1358 1406 1463	1292 1346 1370	1.35 1.51 1.65	1345 1500 1645
1500 1600	1162 1185	1.09 1.20	1114 1226	1228 1250	1.24 1.35	1186 1291	1303 1319	1.40 1.51	1339 1444	1343 1382	1.60 1.68	1530 1607	1393 1434	1.79 1.88	1778 1867
1700 1800 1900	1215 1243 1271	1.31 1.43 1.56	1339 1461 1594	1276 1303 1330	1.48 1.61 1.74	1415 1540 1664	1334 1359 1386	1.64 1.78 1.93	1569 1702 1846	1389 1418 1439	1.80 1.95 2.11	1722 1865 2018	1451 1471 1493	2.01 2.18 2.36	2001 2167 2345
2000	1298	1.69	1727	1358	1.89	1808	1413	2.08	1989	1468	2.27	2171	—	—	—

LEGEND

 Bhp
 —
 Brake Horsepower Input to Fan

 FIOP
 —
 Factory-Installed Option

 Watts
 —
 Input Watts to Motor

*Motor drive range is 1075 to 1455 rpm. All other rpms require a fieldsupplied drive.

NOTES:

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.
 Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information.

3. Maximum continuous bhp is 2.4 and maximum continuous watts are 2120. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 - Motor Data for additional information.

- Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your 4. Carrier representative for details.
- 5. Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate.

Table 25 — Fan Performance 48TF006 — Horizontal Discharge Units, Standard Motor

48TF006 (5	TONS)	— STA	NDARD	MOTOF	R (DIRE	CT DRIV	Έ)											
			Low S	Speed					Medium	Speed					High S	Speed		
Airflow (Cfm)		208V		230	, 460, 5	75 V		208 V		230	, 460, 5	75 V		208 V		230	, 460, 5	75 V
(0111)	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts	Esp	Bhp	Watts
1500	0.74	0.67	750	1.06	0.71	791	1.07	0.70	782	1.27	0.76	845	1.26	0.79	875	1.33	0.85	949
1600	0.54	0.70	780	0.90	0.74	824	0.92	0.74	821	1.13	0.79	883	1.14	0.82	913	1.22	0.89	988
1700	0.34	0.73	810	0.75	0.77	857	0.77	0.77	861	1.00	0.83	921	1.01	0.85	950	1.11	0.92	1027
1800	0.14	0.75	839	0.59	0.80	891	0.62	0.81	900	0.87	0.86	959	0.89	0.88	988	1.00	0.96	1066
1900	—	_	—	0.44	0.83	924	0.47	0.84	940	0.74	0.90	997	0.77	0.92	1025	0.89	0.99	1105
2000	—	_	—	0.28	0.86	957	0.32	0.88	979	0.61	0.93	1035	0.64	0.95	1063	0.78	1.03	1144
2100	—	_	—	0.13	0.89	990	0.17	0.91	1018	0.48	0.96	1073	0.51	0.99	1101	0.67	1.06	1183
2200	—	_	—	_	—	—	0.02	0.95	1058	0.35	1.00	1111	0.39	1.02	1138	0.56	1.10	1222
2300	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.22	1.03	1149	0.26	1.06	1176	0.45	1.13	1261
2400	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.09	1.07	1187	0.14	1.09	1213	0.34	1.17	1300
2500	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	_	—	—	0.23	1.20	1340

LEGEND

Bhp—Brake Horsepower Input to FanEsp—External Static Pressure (in. wg)FIOP—Factory-Installed Option

NOTES:

Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information. 1.

Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for Additional information.
 Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your Carrier representative for details.

Carrier representative for details.

Table 26 — Fan Performance 48TF006 — Horizontal Discharge Units, Alternate Motor

48TF006 (5	48TF006 (5 TONS) — ALTERNATE MOTOR (BELT DRIVE)*																	
							E	xternal	Static F	ressure	ə (in. w	g)						
Airflow (Cfm)	0.1			0.2			0.4			0.6			0.8			1.0		
(onn)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1500	730	0.34	357	789	0.40	420	896	0.53	557	990	0.67	704	1072	0.83	872	1153	1.00	1051
1600	770	0.40	420	826	0.46	483	931	0.61	641	1020	0.75	788	1101	0.91	956	1178	1.09	1145
1700	811	0.47	494	865	0.54	567	966	0.69	725	1051	0.84	883	1133	1.01	1061	1205	1.18	1240
1800	852	0.55	578	905	0.62	651	1002	0.78	820	1084	0.93	977	1163	1.10	1156	1235	1.29	1355
1900	894	0.54	567	945	0.72	757	1037	0.88	925	1119	1.04	1093	1194	1.21	1271	1266	1.40	1471
2000	936	0.74	778	984	0.82	862	1072	0.98	1030	1154	1.16	1219	1226	1.33	1397	1297	1.53	1608
2100	978	0.85	893	1024	0.93	977	1108	1.10	1156	1192	1.29	1355	1259	1.47	1545	1327	1.66	1744
2200	1021	0.97	1019	1064	1.05	1103	1145	1.22	1282	1225	1.43	1503	1294	1.62	1702	1359	1.80	1902
2300	1064	1.10	1156	1104	1.18	1240	1183	1.36	1429	1260	1.57	1650	1330	1.78	1870	1392	1.97	2070
2400	1107	1.24	1303	1145	1.32	1387	1222	1.45	1524	1296	1.73	1818	1365	1.94	2038	1426	2.15	2259
2500	1150	1.39	1460	1186	1.48	1555	1262	1.68	1765	1331	1.89	1986	1400	2.12	2227	1461	2.34	2459

48TF006 (5	TONS) — ALTERNATE MOTOR (BELT DRIVE)* (cont)												
	External Static Pressure (in. wg)												
Airflow (Cfm)		1.2			1.4			1.6		1.8			
(OIIII)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	
1500	1221	1.17	1229	1256	1.30	1366	1283	1.32	1387	1303	1.22	1282	
1600	1252	1.27	1334	1311	1.45	1524	1340	1.58	1660	1330	1.61	1692	
1700	1278	1.37	1439	1345	1.57	1650	1397	1.76	1849	1424	1.89	1986	
1800	1303	1.48	1555	1371	1.69	1776	1433	1.90	1996	1480	2.09	2196	
1900	1330	1.59	1671	1396	1.80	1902	1460	2.03	2133	1517	2.25	2364	
2000	1362	1.73	1818	1422	1.94	2038	1485	2.16	2270	1544	2.40	2522	
2100	1393	1.87	1965	1452	2.08	2185	1510	2.31	2427	1570	2.55	2674	
2200	1423	2.02	2122	1483	2.24	2354	1538	2.46	2585	1594	2.71	2821	
2300	1454	2.18	2291	1515	2.41	2532	1571	2.64	2758	1623	2.88	2976	
2400	1485	2.36	2480	1544	2.59	2721	1604	2.84	2947	1657	3.07	3152	
2500	1518	2.55	2679	1574	2.78	2905	1633	3.03	3134	1692	3.28	3345	

LEGEND

Brake Horsepower Input to Fan Factory-Installed Option Input Watts to Motor Bhp

Bhp — FIOP — Watts —

*Motor drive range is 900 to 1300 rpm. All other rpms require a fieldsupplied drive.

- NOTES: 1. **Boldface** indicates field-supplied drive is required.
- 2. indicates field-supplied motor and drive are required.

- Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information. Maximum continuous bhp is 1.30 for single-phase units and 2.40 3.
- 4. for 3-phase units and the maximum continuous watts are 2120. for 3-phase units and the maximum continuous watts are 2120. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 — Motor Data for additional information. Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your Carrier representative for details
- 5. Carrier representative for details. 6. Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate.

Table 27 — Fan Performance 48TF006 — Horizontal Discharge Units, High-Static Motor

48TF006 (5	TONS)	— HIGI	I-STATI	с мото	R (BEL	T DRIVE	Ξ)*											
							E	xternal	Static F	ressure	ə (in. w	g)						
Airflow (Cfm)		0.2		0.4		0.6		0.8		1.0			1.2					
(0111)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1500	789	0.40	420	896	0.53	557	990	0.67	704	1072	0.83	872	1153	1.00	1051	1221	1.17	1229
1600	826	0.46	483	931	0.61	641	1020	0.75	788	1101	0.91	956	1178	1.09	1145	1252	1.27	1334
1700	865	0.54	567	966	0.69	725	1051	0.84	883	1133	1.01	1061	1205	1.18	1240	1278	1.37	1439
1800	905	0.62	661	1002	0.78	820	1084	0.93	977	1163	1.10	1156	1235	1.29	1355	1303	1.48	1555
1900	945	0.72	757	1037	0.88	925	1119	1.04	1093	1194	1.21	1271	1266	1.40	1471	1330	1.59	1671
2000	984	0.82	862	1072	0.98	1030	1154	1.16	1219	1226	1.33	1397	1297	1.53	1608	1362	1.73	1818
2100	1024	0.93	977	1108	1.10	1156	1192	1.29	1355	1259	1.47	1545	1327	1.66	1744	1393	1.87	1965
2200	1064	1.05	1103	1145	1.22	1282	1225	1.43	1503	1294	1.62	1702	1359	1.80	1902	1423	2.02	2122
2300	1104	1.18	1240	1183	1.36	1429	1260	1.57	1650	1330	1.78	1870	1392	1.97	2070	1454	2.18	2291
2400	1145	1.32	1387	1222	1.45	1524	1296	1.73	1818	1365	1.94	2038	1426	2.15	2259	1485	2.36	2480
2500	1186	1.48	1555	1262	1.68	1765	1331	1.89	1986	1400	2.12	2227	1461	2.34	2459	1518	2.55	2679

48TF006 (5	ISTF006 (5 TONS) — HIGH-STATIC MOTOR (BELT DRIVE)* (cont)															
		External Static Pressure (in. wg)														
Airflow (Cfm)	T	1.4			1.6			1.8			2.0					
(0111)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts				
1500	1256	1.30	1366	1283	1.32	1387	1303	1.22	1282	1345	1.34	1390				
1600	1311	1.45	1524	1340	1.58	1660	1330	1.61	1692	1373	1.77	1834				
1700	1345	1.57	1650	1397	1.76	1849	1424	1.89	1986	1470	2.08	2153				
1800	1371	1.69	1776	1433	1.90	1996	1480	2.09	2196	1528	2.30	2381				
1900	1396	1.80	1902	1460	2.03	2133	1517	2.25	2364	1566	2.47	2563				
2000	1422	1.94	2038	1485	2.16	2270	1544	2.40	2522	1594	2.64	2734				
2100	1452	2.08	2185	1510	2.31	2427	1570	2.55	2674	1620	2.80	2905				
2200	1483	2.24	2354	1538	2.46	2585	1594	2.71	2821	1645	2.98	3087				
2300	1515	2.41	2532	1571	2.64	2758	1623	2.88	2976	1675	3.17	3280				
2400	1544	2.59	2721	1604	2.84	2947	1657	3.07	3152	1710	3.38	3497				
2500	1574	2.78	2905	1633	3.03	3134	1692	3.28	3345	1746	3.61	3736				

LEGEND

Bhp—Brake Horsepower Input to FanFIOP—Factory-Installed OptionWatts—Input Watts to Motor

*Motor drive range is 1300 to 1685 rpm. All other rpms require a fieldsupplied drive.

- NOTES: 1. **Boldface** indicates field-supplied drive is required.
- indicates field-supplied motor and drive are required. 2.

- 3.
- Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information. Maximum continuous bhp is 2.9 and the maximum continuous watts are 2562. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 Motor Data for addi-tional information. 4. tional information.
- Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your Carrier representative for details. Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate. 5.
- 6.

Table 28 — Fan Performance 48TF007 — Horizontal Discharge Units, Standard Motor

48TF007 (6	TONS)	— STA	NDARD	MOTOR	(BELT	DRIVE)	*											
							E	xternal	Static F	ressure	ə (in. w	g)						
Airflow (Cfm)		0.1			0.2			0.4			0.6			0.8			1.0	
(onn)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1800	885	0.63	623	942	0.73	700	1047	0.90	835	1139	1.05	956	1193	1.14	1031	1276	1.30	1165
1900	928	0.73	700	982	0.83	779	1084	1.02	932	1160	1.11	1006	1223	1.24	1114	1301	1.38	1233
2000	971	0.84	787	1022	0.94	867	1121	1.12	1014	1188	1.22	1097	1254	1.36	1216	1329	1.44	1284
2100	1015	0.97	891	1063	1.10	998	1140	1.18	1064	1196	1.27	1140	1272	1.45	1292	1354	1.58	1404
2200	1060	1.10	998	1104	1.20	1081	1159	1.23	1106	1229	1.41	1258	1306	1.53	1361	1363	1.70	1508
2300	1104	1.25	1123	1130	1.27	1140	1196	1.37	1224	1264	1.56	1387	1340	1.66	1473	1397	1.86	1648
2400	1138	1.30	1165	1174	1.37	1224	1245	1.57	1396	1305	1.63	1447	1373	1.84	1630	1440	1.95	1726
2500	1183	1.43	1275	1201	1.50	1335	1284	1.65	1465	1338	1.75	1552	1402	1.99	1761	1469	2.04	1805
2600	1210	1.58	1404	1246	1.67	1482	1312	1.76	1560	1366	1.96	1735	1435	2.10	1858	1494	2.19	1936
2700	1254	1.76	1560	1285	1.80	1595	1354	1.95	1726	1403	2.14	1892	1474	2.21	1954	1536	2.46	2171
2800	1274	1.82	1613	1304	1.85	1639	1374	2.12	1875	1459	2.25	1989	1514	2.42	2136	1570	2.66	2343
2900	1318	1.95	1726	1345	2.05	1814	1412	2.32	2050	1496	2.54	2240	1529	2.61	2300	1603	2.87	2521
3000	1362	2.20	1945	1378	2.30	2032	1451	2.40	2119	1534	2.66	2343	1560	2.81	2470	1611	3.01	2648

48TF007 (6	48TF007 (6 TONS) — STANDARD MOTOR (BELT DRIVE)* (cont)													
	External Static Pressure (in. wg)													
Airflow (Cfm)		1.2			1.4			1.6						
(onn)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts					
1800	1341	1.40	1250	1413	1.55	1378	1474	1.58	1404					
1900	1374	1.53	1361	1437	1.62	1439	1490	1.67	1482					
2000	1396	1.66	1473	1460	1.68	1491	1509	1.77	1569					
2100	1413	1.75	1552	1475	1.73	1534	1529	1.92	1700					
2200	1434	1.81	1604	1487	1.85	1639	1554	2.07	1831					
2300	1459	1.88	1665	1520	2.07	1831	1576	2.24	1980					
2400	1502	2.06	1823	1552	2.24	1980	1604	2.42	2136					
2500	1524	2.24	1980	1585	2.42	2136	1638	2.60	2292					
2600	1552	2.40	2119	1616	2.63	2317	1671	2.80	2462					
2700	1584	2.61	2300	1646	2.83	2487	1706	2.97	2653					
2800	1624	2.85	2504	1677	2.99	2661								
2900	1671	3.03	2725	_	_		_		—					
3000			—	—	—	—	—	—	—					

LEGEND

Brake Horsepower Input to Fan Factory-Installed Option Input Watts to Motor

ыр — FIOP — Watts —

*Motor drive range is 1070 to 1460 rpm. All other rpms require a fieldsupplied drive.

- NOTES: 1. **Boldface** indicates field-supplied drive is required.
- 2. indicates field-supplied motor and drive are required.

- Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information.
 Maximum continuous bhp is 2.4 and maximum continuous watts are 2120. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confi-dence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit war-repty will not be offorded. See Table 6. ranty will not be affected. See Table 6 - Motor Data for additional information.
- Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your Carrier representative for details.
 Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate.

Table 29 — Fan Performance 48TF007 — Horizontal Discharge Units, High-Static Motor

48TF007 (6	TONS)	— HIGI	I-STATI	с мото	R (BEL	T DRIVI	E)*											
							E	xternal	Static F	ressure	e (in. w	g)						
Airflow (Cfm)		0.2			0.4			0.6			0.8			1.0			1.2	
(0111)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts
1800	942	0.73	700	1047	0.90	835	1139	1.05	956	1193	1.14	1031	1276	1.30	1165	1341	1.40	1250
1900	982	0.83	779	1084	1.02	932	1160	1.11	1006	1223	1.24	1114	1301	1.38	1233	1374	1.53	1361
2000	1022	0.94	867	1121	1.12	1014	1188	1.22	1097	1254	1.36	1216	1329	1.44	1284	1396	1.66	1473
2100	1063	1.10	998	1140	1.18	1064	1196	1.27	1140	1272	1.45	1292	1354	1.58	1404	1413	1.75	1552
2200	1104	1.20	1081	1159	1.23	1106	1229	1.41	1258	1306	1.53	1361	1363	1.70	1508	1434	1.81	1604
2300	1130	1.27	1140	1196	1.37	1224	1264	1.56	1387	1340	1.66	1473	1397	1.86	1648	1459	1.88	1665
2400	1174	1.37	1224	1245	1.57	1396	1305	1.63	1447	1373	1.84	1630	1440	1.95	1726	1502	2.06	1823
2500	1201	1.50	1335	1284	1.65	1465	1338	1.75	1552	1402	1.99	1761	1469	2.04	1805	1524	2.24	1980
2600	1246	1.67	1482	1312	1.76	1560	1366	1.96	1735	1435	2.10	1858	1494	2.19	1936	1552	2.40	2119
2700	1285	1.80	1595	1354	1.95	1726	1403	2.14	1892	1474	2.21	1954	1536	2.46	2171	1584	2.61	2300
2800	1304	1.85	1639	1374	2.12	1875	1459	2.25	1989	1514	2.42	2136	1570	2.66	2343	1624	2.85	2504
2900	1345	2.05	1814	1412	2.32	2050	1496	2.54	2240	1529	2.61	2300	1603	2.87	2521	1671	3.03	2725
3000	1378	2.30	2032	1451	2.40	2119	1534	2.66	2343	1560	2.81	2470	1611	3.01	2648	1692	3.49	3140

48TF007 (6	TONS)	TONS) — HIGH-STATIC MOTOR (BELT DRIVE)* (cont)												
				E	xternal	Static F	ressur	e (in. w	g)					
Airflow (Cfm)		1.4			1.6			1.8			2.0			
(Cilli)	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts	Rpm	Bhp	Watts		
1800	1413	1.55	1378	1474	1.58	1404	1522	1.74	1564	1566	1.89	1704		
1900	1437	1.62	1439	1490	1.67	1482	1538	1.84	1653	1583	2.00	1801		
2000	1460	1.68	1491	1509	1.77	1569	1558	1.95	1752	1603	2.12	1909		
2100	1475	1.73	1534	1529	1.92	1700	1578	2.11	1901	1624	2.30	2070		
2200	1478	1.85	1639	1554	2.07	1831	1604	2.28	2049	1651	2.48	2232		
2300	1520	2.07	1831	1576	2.24	1980	1627	2.46	2218	1674	2.68	2415		
2400	1552	2.24	1980	1604	2.42	2136	1656	2.66	2396	1704	2.90	2609		
2500	1585	2.42	2136	1638	2.60	2292	1691	2.86	2574	1740	3.12	2804		
2600	1616	2.63	2317	1671	2.80	2462	1725	3.08	2772	1775	3.35	3019		
2700	1646	2.83	2487	1706	2.97	2653	1761	3.27	2941	_	_	—		
2800	1677	2.99	2661	1739	3.33	2998	1795	3.67	3299	—	—	—		
2900	1742	3.43	3090	_	_	—	_	_	—	—	_	—		
3000	1764	3.95	3558	_	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	<u> </u>		

LEGEND

Bhp—Brake Horsepower Input to FanFIOP—Factory-Installed OptionWatts—Input Watts to Motor

*Motor drive range is 1300 to 1685 rpm. All other rpms require a fieldsupplied drive.

- NOTES: 1. **Boldface** indicates field-supplied drive is required.
- 2. indicates field-supplied motor and drive are required.

- Values include losses for filters, unit casing, and wet coils. See Table 7 for accessory/FIOP static pressure information.
 Maximum continuous bhp is 2.9 and the maximum continuous watts are 2562. Extensive motor and electrical testing on these units ensures that the full range of the motor can be utilized with confidence. Using your fan motors up to the wattage ratings shown will not result in nuisance tripping or premature motor failure. Unit warranty will not be offered Soc Table 6. Motor Data for oddi warranty will not be affected. See Table 6 - Motor Data for additional information.
- Use of a field-supplied motor may affect wire sizing. Contact your Carrier representative for details. Interpolation is permissible. Do not extrapolate. 5.
- 6.

START-UP

Unit Preparation — Make sure that unit has been installed in accordance with these installation instructions and applicable codes.

Return-Air Filters — Make sure correct filters are installed in filter tracks. See Table 1. Do not operate unit without return-air filters.

Compressor Mounting — Compressors are internally spring mounted. Do not loosen or remove compressor hold-down bolts.

Internal Wiring — Check all electrical connections in unit control boxes. Tighten as required.

Refrigerant Service Ports — To service refrigerant service ports, remove compressor access panel. Each unit system has 4 Schrader-type service gage ports: one on the suction line, one on the liquid line, and two on the compressor discharge line. Be sure that caps on the ports are tight. One Schrader-type valve is located under both the high-pressure switch and the low-pressure switch.

High Flow Valves — Located on the compressor hot gas and suction tubes are High Flow Valves. Large black plastic caps distinguish these valves with o-rings located inside the caps. These valves cannot be accessed for service in the field. Ensure the plastic caps are in place and tight or the possibility of refrigerant leakage could occur.

Compressor Rotation — On 3-phase units with scroll compressors, it is important to be certain compressor is rotating in the proper direction. To determine whether or not compressor is rotating in the proper direction:

- 1. Connect service gages to suction and discharge pressure fittings.
- 2. Energize the compressor.
- 3. The suction pressure should drop and the discharge pressure should rise, as is normal on any start-up.

If the suction pressure does not drop and the discharge pressure does not rise to normal levels:

- 1. Note that the evaporator fan is probably also rotating in the wrong direction.
- 2. Turn off power to the unit.
- 3. Reverse any two of the unit power leads.
- 4. Reapply power to the compressor.

The suction and discharge pressure levels should now move to their normal start-up levels.

NOTE: When the compressor is rotating in the wrong direction, the unit makes an elevated level of noise and does not provide cooling.

Cooling — Set space thermostat to OFF position. To start unit, turn on main power supply. Set system selector switch at COOL position and fan switch at AUTO. position. Adjust thermostat to a setting below room temperature. Compressor starts on closure of contactor.

Check unit charge. Refer to Service, Refrigerant Charge section, page 39.

Reset thermostat at a position above room temperature. Compressor will shut off. Evaporator fan will shut off after 30-second delay.

TO SHUT OFF UNIT — Set system selector switch at OFF position. Resetting thermostat at a position above room temperature shuts unit off temporarily until space temperature exceeds thermostat setting.

Main Burners — Main burners are factory set and should require no adjustment.

TO CHECK ignition of main burners and heating controls, move thermostat set point above room temperature and verify that the burners light and evaporator fan is energized. After ensuring that the unit continues to heat the building, lower the thermostat setting below room temperature and verify that the burners and evaporator fan turn off. (Fan will turn off only if fan selector switch is in the AUTO. position.)

Refer to Table 30 for the correct orifice to use at high altitudes.

Table 30 — Altitude Compensation*

ELEVATION	ÉTUH N	ID 115,000 OMINAL PUT	150,000 BTUH NOMINAL INPUT					
(ft)	Natural Gas Orifice Size†	Liquid Propane Orifice Size†	Natural Gas Orifice Size†	Liquid Propane Orifice Size†				
0-2,000	33	43	30	38				
2,000	34	43	30	39				
3,000	35	44	31	40				
4,000	36	44	32	41				
5,000	36	44	33	42				
6,000	37	45	34	43				
7,000	37	45	35	43				
8,000	38	46	36	44				
9,000	39	47	37	44				
10,000	41	48	38	45				
11,000	43	48	39	45				
12,000	44	49	40	46				
13,000	44	49	41	47				
14,000	45	50	42	47				

*As the height above sea level increases, there is less oxygen per cubic foot of air. Therefore, heat input rate should be reduced at higher altitudes.

†Orifices available through your Carrier distributor.

Heating

- 1. Purge gas supply line of air by opening union ahead of gas valve. If gas odor is detected, tighten union and wait 5 minutes before proceeding.
- 2. Turn on electrical supply and manual gas valve.
- 3. Set system switch selector at HEAT position and fan switch at AUTO. or ON position. Set heating temperature lever above room temperature.
- 4. The induced-draft motor will start.
- 5. After a call for heating, the main burners should light within 5 seconds. If the burner does not light, then there is a 22-second delay before another 5-second try. If the burner still does not light, the time delay is repeated. If the burner does not light within 15 minutes, there is a lock-out. To reset the control, break the 24-v power to W1.
- 6. The evaporator-fan motor will turn on 45 seconds after the burners are ignited.
- 7. The evaporator-fan motor will turn off 45 seconds after thermostat temperature is satisfied.
- 8. Adjust airflow to obtain a temperature rise within the range specified on the unit nameplate.

NOTE: The default value for the evaporator-fan motor ON/ OFF delay is 45 seconds. The Integrated Gas Unit Controller (IGC) modifies this value when abnormal limit switch cycles occur. Based upon unit operating conditions, the ON delay can be reduced to 0 seconds and the OFF delay can be extended to 180 seconds. When one flash of the LED is observed, the evaporator-fan ON/OFF delay has been modified. If the limit switch trips at the start of the heating cycle during the evaporator ON delay, the time period of the ON delay for the next cycle will be 5 seconds less than the time at which the switch tripped. (Example: If the limit switch trips at 30 seconds, the evaporator-fan ON delay for the next cycle will occur at 25 seconds.) To prevent short-cycling, a 5-second reduction will only occur if a minimum of 10 minutes has elapsed since the last call for heating.

The evaporator-fan OFF delay can also be modified. Once the call for heating has ended, there is a 10-minute period during which the modification can occur. If the limit switch trips during this period, the evaporator-fan OFF delay will increase by 15 seconds. A maximum of 9 trips can occur, extending the evaporator-fan OFF delay to 180 seconds.

To restore the original default value, reset the power to the unit.

TO SHUT OFF UNIT — Set system selector switch at OFF position. Resetting heating selector lever below room temperature will temporarily shut unit off until space temperature falls below thermostat setting.

Safety Relief — A soft solder joint at the suction service Schrader port provides pressure relief under abnormal temperature and pressure conditions (i.e., fire in building).

Ventilation (Continuous Fan) — Set fan and system selector switches at ON and OFF positions, respectively. Evaporator fan operates continuously to provide constant air circulation. When the evaporator-fan selector switch is turned to the OFF position, there is a 30-second delay before the fan turns off.

Operating Sequence

COOLING, UNITS WITHOUT ECONOMIZER — When thermostat calls for cooling, terminals G and Y1 are energized, and the indoor (evaporator) fan motor (IFM), compressor, and outdoor (condenser) fan motor (OFM) start. The OFM runs continuously while the unit is in cooling. When the thermostat is satisfied, compressor contactor (C) is deenergized and the compressor and OFM shut off. After a 30-second delay, the IFM shuts off. If the thermostat fan selector switch is in the ON position, the evaporator motor will run continuously.

HEATING, UNITS WITHOUT ECONOMIZER — When the thermostat calls for heating, terminal W1 is energized. To prevent thermostat short-cycling, the unit is locked into the Heating mode for at least 1 minute when W1 is energized. The induced-draft motor is energized and the burner ignition sequence begins. The indoor (evaporator) fan motor (IFM) is energized 45 seconds after a flame is ignited. On units equipped for two stages of heat, when additional heat is needed, W2 is energized and the high-fire solenoid on the main gas valve (MGV) is energized. When the thermostat is satisfied and W1 is deenergized, the IFM stops after a 45-second time-off delay. COOLING, UNITS WITH DURABLADE ECONO-MIZER — When the outdoor-air temperature is above the outdoor-air thermostat (OAT) setting and the room thermostat calls for cooling, compressor contactor is energized to start compressor and the outdoor (condenser) fan motor (OFM). The indoor (evaporator) fan motor (IFM) is energized and the economizer damper moves to the minimum position. After the thermostat is satisfied, there is a 30-second delay before the evaporator fan turns off. The damper then moves to the fully closed position. When using continuous fan, the damper moves to the minimum position.

When the outdoor-air temperature is below the OAT setting and the thermostat calls for cooling, the economizer damper moves to the minimum position. If the supply-air temperature is above 57 F, the damper continues to open until it reaches the fully open position or until the supply-air temperature drops below 52 F.

When the supply-air temperature falls between 57 F and 52 F, the damper will remain at an intermediate open position. If the supply-air temperature falls below 52 F, the damper will modulate closed until it reaches the minimum position or until the supply air temperature is above 52 F. When the thermostat is satisfied, the damper moves to the fully closed position when using AUTO. fan or to the minimum position when using continuous fan.

If the outdoor air alone cannot satisfy the cooling requirements of the conditioned space, economizer cooling is integrated with mechanical cooling, providing two stages of cooling. Compressor and the condenser fan will be energized and the position of the economizer damper will be determined by the supply-air temperature. When the second stage of cooling is satisfied, the compressor and OFM will be deenergized. The damper position will be determined by the supply-air temperature. When the first stage of cooling is satisfied, there is a 30-second delay before the evaporator fan shuts off. The damper then moves to the fully closed position. When using a continuous fan, the damper moves to the minimum position.

COOLING, UNITS WITH ECONOMISER — When the outdoor-air temperature (OAT) is above the ECON SP set point and the room thermostat calls for Stage 1 cooling (R to G + Y1), the indoor (evaporator) fan motor (IFM) is energized and the EconoMiser damper modulates to minimum position. The compressor contactor is energized to start the compressor and outdoor (condenser) fan motor (OFM). After the thermostat is satisfied, the damper modulates to the fully closed position when the IFM is deenergized.

When the OAT is below the ECON SP setting and the room thermostat calls for Stage 1 cooling (R to G + Y1), the EconoMi\$er modulates to the minimum position when the IFM is energized. The EconoMi\$er provides Stage 1 of cooling by modulating the return and outdoor air dampers to maintain a 55 F supply air set point. If the supply-air temperature (SAT) is greater than 57 F, the EconoMi\$er modulates open, allowing a greater amount of outdoor air to enter the unit. If the SAT drops below 53 F, the outdoor air damper modulates closed to reduce the amount of outdoor air. When the SAT is between 53 and 57 F, the EconoMi\$er maintains its position.

If outdoor air alone cannot satisfy the cooling requirements of the conditioned space, and the OAT is above the MECH CLG LOCKOUT set point, the EconoMi\$er integrates free cooling with mechanical cooling. This is accomplished by the strategies below.

NOTE: Compressor has a 2-minute Minimum On, Minimum Off, and Interstage delay timer.

- 1. If Y1 is energized, and the room thermostat calls for Y2 (2-stage thermostat), the compressor and OFM are energized. The EconoMi\$er damper is maintained at its current position.
- 2. If Y1 is energized for more than 20 minutes, and Y2 is not energized (whether or not a 2-stage thermostat is used), the compressor and OFM are energized. The EconoMi\$er damper is maintained at its current position.
- 3. If Y1 is energized, and the compressor is already energized (see Step 2) and the room thermostat calls for Y2, the compressor contains to operate.
- 4. If the compressor is energized and the thermostat is satisfied, the compressor, the OFM, and IFM are deenergized and the EconoMi\$er modulates closed.

When the OAT is below the MECH CLG LOCKOUT set point, the compressors remain off.

HEATING, UNITS WITH ECONOMIZER — When the thermostat calls for heating, terminal W1 is energized. To prevent thermostat short-cycling, the unit is locked into the Heating mode for at least 1 minute when W1 is energized. The induced-draft motor is energized and the burner ignition sequence begins. The indoor (evaporator) fan motor (IFM) is energized 45 seconds after a flame is ignited and the damper moves to the minimum position. On units equipped for two stages of heat, when additional heat is needed, W2 energized and the high-fire solenoid on the main gas valve (MGV) is energized, the IFM stops after a 45-second time-off delay. The economizer damper then moves to the fully closed position. When using continuous fan, the damper will remain in the minimum position.

SERVICE

When servicing unit, shut off all electrical power to unit and install lockout tag to avoid shock hazard or injury from rotating parts.

Cleaning — Inspect unit interior at the beginning of heating and cooling season and as operating conditions require.

EVAPORATOR COIL

- 1. Turn unit power off and install lockout tag. Remove evaporator coil access panel.
- If economizer or two-position damper is installed, remove economizer by disconnecting Molex plug and removing mounting screws. Refer to accessory economizer installation instructions or Optional Economizer sections on pages 12 and 14 for more details.
- 3. Slide filters out of unit.
- 4. Clean coil using a commercial coil cleaner or dishwasher detergent in a pressurized spray canister. Wash both sides of coil and flush with clean water. For best results, backflush toward return-air section to remove foreign material. Flush condensate pan after completion.
- 5. Reinstall economizer and filters.
- 6. Reconnect wiring.
- 7. Replace access panels.

CONDENSER COIL — Inspect coil monthly. Clean condenser coil annually, and as required by location and outdoor air conditions.

<u>One-Row Coils (Size 004)</u> — Wash coil with commercial coil cleaner. It is not necessary to remove top panel.

2-Row Coils (Sizes 005-007)

Clean coil as follows:

- 1. Turn off unit power and install lockout tag.
- 2. Remove top panel screws on condenser end of unit.
- 3. Remove condenser coil corner post. See Fig. 42. To hold top panel open, place coil corner post between top panel and center post. See Fig. 43.
- 4. Remove screws securing coil to compressor plate and compressor access panel.
- 5. Remove fastener holding coil sections together at return end of condenser coil. Carefully separate the outer coil section 3 to 4 in. from the inner coil section. See Fig. 44.

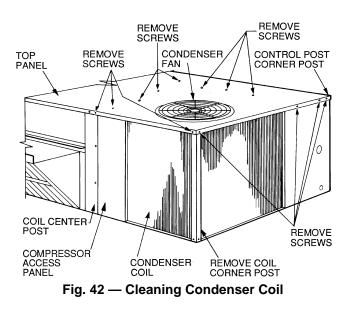
- 6. Use a water hose or other suitable equipment to flush down between the 2 coil sections to remove dirt and debris. Clean the outer surfaces with a stiff brush in the normal manner.
- 7. Secure inner and outer coil rows together with a fieldsupplied fastener.
- 8. Reposition the outer coil section and remove the coil corner post from between the top panel and center post. Reinstall the coil corner post and replace all screws.

CONDENSATE DRAIN — Check and clean each year at start of cooling season. In winter, keep drain dry or protect against freeze-up.

FILTERS — Clean or replace at start of each heating and cooling season, or more often if operating conditions require it. Replacement filters must be same dimensions as original filters.

OUTDOOR-AIR INLET SCREEN — Clean screen with steam or hot water and a mild detergent. Do not use disposable filters in place of screen.

BELTS — Check belt tension at least once each heating or cooling season or as conditions require.



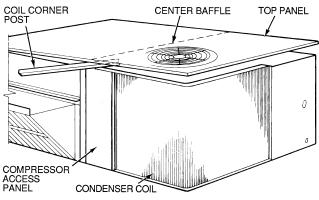


Fig. 43 — Propping Up Top Panel

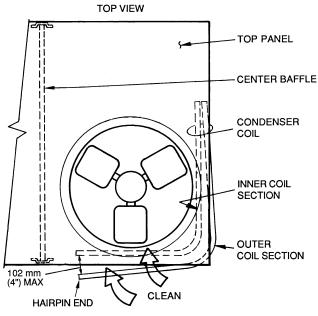


Fig. 44 — Separating Coil Sections

Lubrication

COMPRESSORS — Each compressor is charged with the correct amount of oil at the factory.

FAN MOTOR BEARINGS — Fan motor bearings are of the permanently lubricated type. No further lubrication is required. No lubrication of condenser or evaporator fan motors is required.

Manual Outdoor-Air Damper — If outdoor-air damper blade adjustment is required, see Manual Outdoor-Air Damper section on page 11.

Economizer Adjustment — Refer to Optional Economizer sections on page 12 and 14.

Condenser-Fan Adjustment (Fig. 45) — Shut off unit power supply. Remove condenser-fan assembly (grille, motor, and fan) and loosen fan hub setscrews. Adjust fan height as shown in Fig. 45. Tighten setscrews and replace condenser-fan assembly.

Refrigerant Charge — Amount of refrigerant charge is listed on unit nameplate (also refer to Table 1). Refer to Carrier GTAC2-5 Charging, Recovery, Recycling, and Reclamation training manual and the following procedures.

Unit panels must be in place when unit is operating during charging procedure.

NO CHARGE — Use standard evacuating techniques. After evacuating system, weigh in the specified amount of refrigerant. (Refer to Table 1.)

LOW-CHARGE COOLING — Using Cooling Charging Charts, Fig. 46-49, vary refrigerant until the conditions of the appropriate chart are met. Note the charging charts are different from type normally used. Charts are based on charging the units to the correct superheat for the various operating conditions. Accurate pressure gage and temperature sensing device are required. Connect the pressure gage to the service port on the suction line. Mount the temperature sensing device on the suction line and insulate it so that outdoor ambient temperature does not affect the reading. Indoor-air cfm must be within the normal operating range of the unit.

TO USE COOLING CHARGING CHART — Take the outdoor ambient temperature and read the suction pressure gage. Refer to chart to determine what suction temperature should be. If suction temperature is high, add refrigerant. If suction temperature is low, carefully recover some of the charge. Recheck the suction pressure as charge is adjusted.

EXAMPLE: (Fig. 48)

Outdoor Temperature	7
Suction Pressure	5
Suction Temperature should be	7
(Subtion Tomportum may your $5 \mathrm{E}$)	

(Suction Temperature may vary 5 F.)

Flue Gas Passageways — To inspect the flue collector box and upper areas of the heat exchanger:

- 1. Remove the combustion blower wheel and motor assembly according to directions in Combustion-Air Blower section on page 42.
- 2. Remove the flue cover to inspect the heat exchanger.
- 3. Clean all surfaces as required using a wire brush.

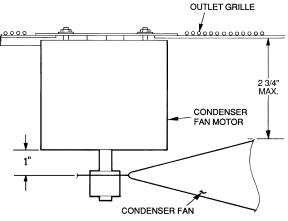
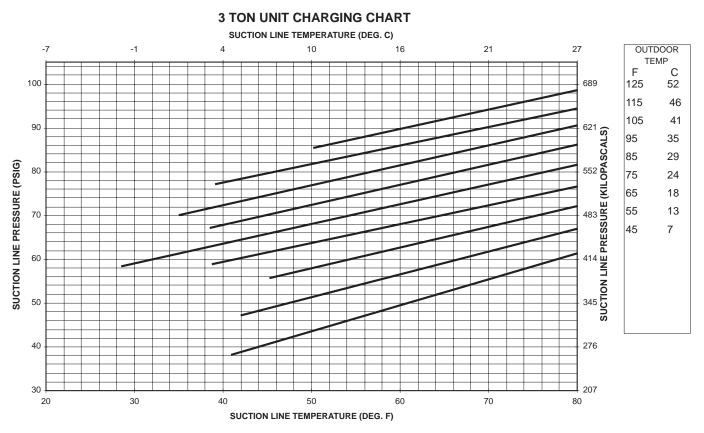
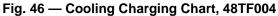
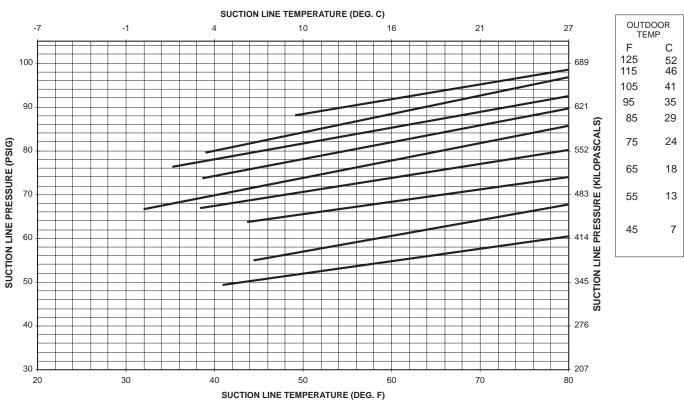


Fig. 45 — Condenser-Fan Adjustment



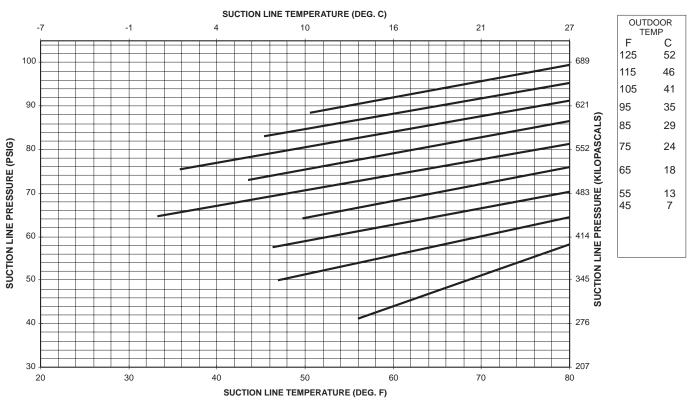


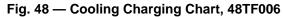




4 TON UNIT CHARGING CHART

5 TON UNIT CHARGING CHART





6 TON UNIT (60 Hz) CHARGING CHART

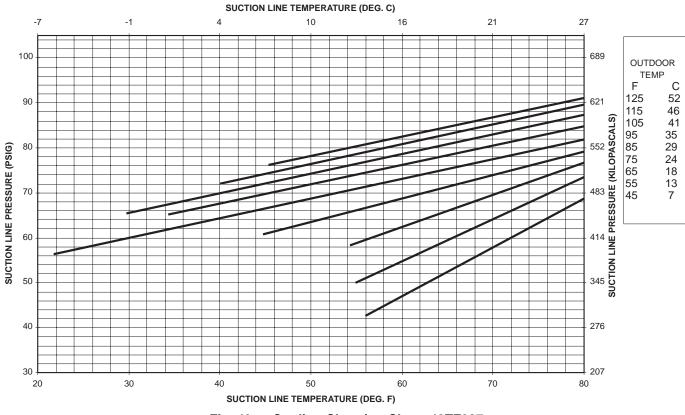


Fig. 49 — Cooling Charging Chart, 48TF007

Combustion-Air Blower — Clean periodically to assure proper airflow and heating efficiency. Inspect blower wheel every fall and periodically during heating season. For the first heating season, inspect blower wheel bimonthly to determine proper cleaning frequency.

To access burner section, slide the sliding burner partition out of the unit.

To inspect blower wheel, shine a flashlight into draft hood opening. If cleaning is required, remove motor and wheel as follows:

- 1. Slide burner access panel out.
- 2. Remove the 7 screws that attach induced-draft motor housing to vestibule plate (Fig. 50).
- 3. The blower wheel can be cleaned at this point. If additional cleaning is required, continue with Steps 4 and 5.
- 4. To remove blower from the motor shaft, remove 2 setscrews.
- 5. To remove motor, remove the 4 screws that hold the motor to mounting plate. Remove the motor cooling fan by removing one setscrew. Then remove nuts that hold motor to mounting plate.
- 6. To reinstall, reverse the procedure outlined above.

Limit Switch — Remove blower access panel (Fig. 7). Limit switch is located on the fan deck.

Burner Ignition — Unit is equipped with a direct spark ignition 100% lockout system. Integrated Gas Unit Controller (IGC) is located in the control box (Fig. 11). The IGC contains a self-diagnostic LED (light-emitting diode). A single LED on the IGC provides a visual display of operational or sequential problems when the power supply is uninterrupted. When a break in power occurs, the IGC will be reset (resulting in a loss of fault history) and the indoor (evaporator) fan ON/OFF times will be reset. The LED error code can be observed through the viewport. During servicing refer to the label on the control box cover or Table 31 for an explanation of LED error code descriptions.

If lockout occurs, unit may be reset by interrupting power supply to unit for at least 5 seconds.

Table 31 — LED Error Code Description

LED INDICATION	ERROR CODE DESCRIPTION
ON	Normal Operation
OFF	Hardware Failure
1 Flash†	Evaporator Fan On/Off Delay Modified
2 Flashes	Limit Switch Fault
3 Flashes	Flame Sense Fault
4 Flashes	4 Consecutive Limit Switch Faults
5 Flashes	Ignition Lockout Fault
6 Flashes	Induced-Draft Motor Fault
7 Flashes	Rollout Switch Fault
8 Flashes	Internal Control Fault

LEGEND

LED — Light-Emitting Diode

*A 3-second pause exists between LED error code flashes. If more than one error code exists, all applicable codes will be displayed in numerical sequence.

†Indicates a code that is not an error. The unit will continue to operate when this code is displayed.

IMPORTANT: Refer to Troubleshooting Tables 32-36 for additional information.

Main Burners — To access burners, remove burner access panel and slide out burner partition. At the beginning of each heating season, inspect for deterioration or blockage due to corrosion or other causes. Observe the main burner flames and adjust, if necessary.

When working on gas train, do not hit or plug orifice spuds.

REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF GAS TRAIN (Fig. 50-52)

- 1. Shut off manual gas valve.
- 2. Shut off power to unit.
- 3. Slide out burner partition.
- 4. Disconnect gas piping at unit gas valve.
- 5. Remove wires connected to gas valve. Mark each wire.
- 6. Remove ignitor wires and sensor wires at the Integrated Gas Unit Controller (IGC) (see Fig. 11).
- 7. Remove the 2 screws that attach the burner rack to the vestibule plate (Fig. 50).
- 8. Slide the burner tray out of the unit (Fig. 51).
- 9. To reinstall, reverse the procedure outlined above.

CLEANING AND ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Remove burner rack from unit as described in Removal and Replacement of Gas Train section, above.
- 2. Inspect burners; if dirty, remove burners from rack.
- 3. Using a soft brush clean burners and cross-over port as required.
- 4. Adjust spark gap. See Fig. 52.
- 5. Reinstall burners on rack.
- 6. Reinstall burner rack as described in Removal and Replacement of Gas Train section, above.

Replacement Parts — A complete list of replacement parts may be obtained from any Carrier distributor upon request.

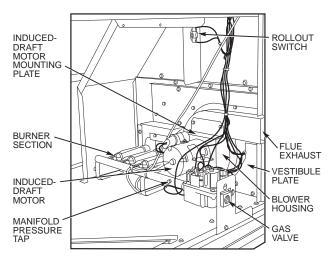


Fig. 50 — Burner Section Details

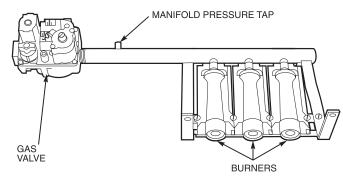


Fig. 51 — Burner Tray Details

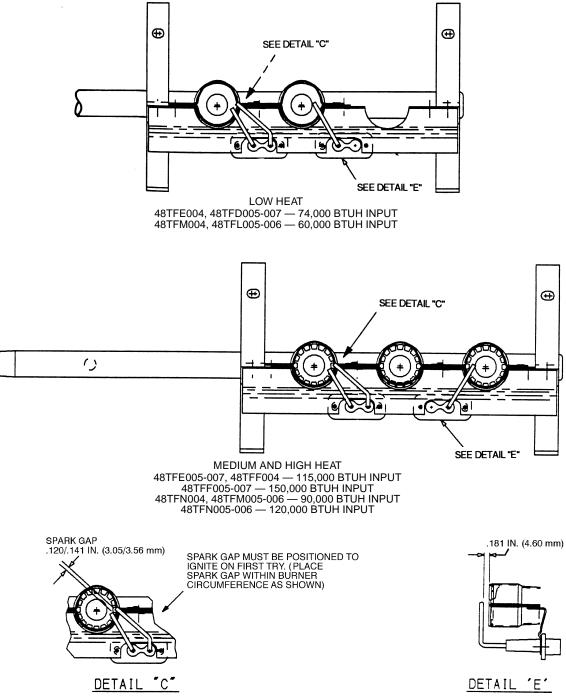


Fig. 52 — Spark Adjustment

TROUBLESHOOTING

Table 32 — LED Error Code Service Analysis

PROBLEM	CAUSE	REMEDY Check 5 amp fuse on IGC, power to unit, 24-v circuit breaker, and transformer. Units without a 24-v circuit breaker have an internal overload in the 24-v transformer. If the overload trips, allow 10 minutes for automatic reset.			
Hardware failure. (LED OFF)	Loss of power to control module (IGC).				
Limit switch fault. (LED 2 flashes)	High temperature limit switch is open.	Check the operation of the indoor (evaporator) fan motor. Ensure that the supply-air temperature rise is in accordance with the range on the unit nameplate.			
Flame sense fault. (LED 3 flashes)	The IGC sensed flame that should not be present.	Reset unit. If problem persists, replace control board.			
4 consecutive limit switch trips. (LED 4 flashes)	Inadequate airflow to unit.	Check operation of indoor (evaporator) fan motor and that supply-air temperature rise agrees with range on unit name- plate information.			
Ignition lockout. (LED 5 flashes)	Unit unsuccessfully attempted ignition for 15 minutes.	Check ignitor and flame sensor electrode spacing, gaps, etc. Ensure that flame sense and ignition wires are properly termi- nated. Verify that unit is obtaining proper amount of gas.			
Induced-draft motor fault. (LED 6 flashes)	IGC does not sense that induced-draft motor is operating.	Check for proper voltage. If motor is operating, check the speed sensor plug/IGC Terminal J2 connection. Proper connection: PIN 1 — White, PIN 2 — Red, PIN 3 — Black.			
Rollout switch fault. (LED 7 flashes)	Rollout switch has opened.	Rollout switch will automatically reset, but IGC will continue to lock out unit. Check gas valve operation. Ensure that induced draft blower wheel is properly secured to motor shaft. Reset unit at unit disconnect.			
Internal control fault. (LED 8 flashes)	Microprocessor has sensed an error in the soft- ware or hardware.	 If error code is not cleared by resetting unit power, replace IGC. 			

A WARNING

If the IGC must be replaced, be sure to ground yourself to dissipate any electrical charge that may be present before handling new control board. The IGC is sensitive to static electricity and may be damaged if the necessary precautions are not taken. IMPORTANT: Refer to Table 19 — Heating Service Analysis for additional troubleshooting analysis.

LEGEND IGC — Integrated Gas Unit Controller LED — Light-Emitting Diode

Table 33 — Heating Service Analysis

PROBLEM	CAUSE	REMEDY				
Burners will not ignite.	Misaligned spark electrodes.	Check flame ignition and sensor electrode positioning. Adjust as need				
	No gas at main burners.	Check gas line for air, purge as necessary. After purging gas line of air, allow gas to dissipate for at least 5 minutes before attempting to relight unit.				
		Check gas valve.				
	Water in gas line.	Drain water and install drip leg to trap water.				
	No power to furnace.	Check power supply, fuses, wiring, and circuit breaker.				
	No 24 v power supply to control circuit.	Check transformer. Transformers with internal overcurrent protection require a cool down period before resetting.				
	Miswired or loose connections.	Check all wiring and wire nut connections.				
	Burned-out heat anticipator in thermostat.	Replace thermostat.				
	Broken thermostat wires.	Run continuity check. Replace wires, if necessary.				
Inadequate heating.	Dirty air filter.	Clean or replace filter as necessary.				
	Gas input to unit too low.	Check gas pressure at manifold. Clock gas meter for input. If too low, increase manifold pressure, or replace with correct orifices.				
	Unit undersized for application.	Replace with proper unit or add additional unit.				
	Restricted airflow.	Clean filter, replace filter, or remove any restrictions.				
	Blower speed too low.	Use high speed tap, increase fan speed, or install optional blower, as suitable for individual units.				
	Limit switch cycles main burners.	Check rotation of blower, thermostat heat anticipator settings, and tem- perature rise of unit. Adjust as needed.				
	Too much outdoor air.	Adjust minimum position.				
		Check economizer operation.				
Poor flame characteristics.	Incomplete combustion (lack of combus- tion air) results in:	Check all screws around flue outlets and burner compartment. Tighten as necessary.				
	Aldehyde odors, CO, sooting flame, or	Cracked heat exchanger.				
	floating flame.	Overfired unit — reduce input, change orifices, or adjust gas line or man- ifold pressure.				
		Check vent for restriction. Clean as necessary.				
		Check orifice to burner alignment.				
Burners will not turn off.	Unit is locked into Heating mode for a one minute minimum.	Wait until mandatory one minute time period has elapsed or re- set power to unit.				

Table 34 — Cooling Service Analysis

PROBLEM	CAUSE	REMEDY			
Compressor and condenser fan	Power failure.	Call power company.			
will not start.	Fuse blown or circuit breaker tripped.	Replace fuse or reset circuit breaker.			
	Defective thermostat, contactor, transformer, or control relay.	Replace component.			
	Insufficient line voltage.	Determine cause and correct.			
	Incorrect or faulty wiring.	Check wiring diagram and rewire correctly.			
	Thermostat setting too high.	Lower thermostat setting below room temperature.			
Compressor will not start but condenser fan runs.	Faulty wiring or loose connections in compressor circuit.	Check wiring and repair or replace.			
	Compressor motor burned out, seized, or internal overload open.	Determine cause. Replace compressor.			
	Defective run/start capacitor, overload, start relay.	Determine cause and replace.			
	One leg of three-phase power dead.	Replace fuse or reset circuit breaker. Determine cause			
Compressor cycles (other than normally satisfying thermostat).	Refrigerant overcharge or undercharge.	Recover refrigerant, evacuate system, and recharge to nameplate.			
	Defective compressor.	Replace and determine cause.			
	Insufficient line voltage.	Determine cause and correct.			
	Blocked condenser.	Determine cause and correct.			
	Defective run/start capacitor, overload, or start relay.	Determine cause and replace.			
	Defective thermostat.	Replace thermostat.			
	Faulty condenser-fan motor or capacitor.	Replace.			
	Restriction in refrigerant system.	Locate restriction and remove.			
Compressor operates	Dirty air filter.	Replace filter.			
continuously.	Unit undersized for load.	Decrease load or increase unit size.			
	Thermostat set too low.	Reset thermostat.			
	Low refrigerant charge.	Locate leak; repair and recharge.			
	Leaking valves in compressor.	Replace compressor.			
	Air in system.	Recover refrigerant, evacuate system, and recharge.			
	Condenser coil dirty or restricted.	Clean coil or remove restriction.			
Excessive head pressure.	Dirty air filter.	Replace filter.			
	Dirty condenser coil.	Clean coil.			
	Refrigerant overcharged.	Recover excess refrigerant.			
	Air in system.	Recover refrigerant, evacuate system, and recharge.			
	Condenser air restricted or air short-cycling.	Determine cause and correct.			
Head pressure too low.	Low refrigerant charge.	Check for leaks; repair and recharge.			
	Compressor valves leaking.	Replace compressor.			
	Restriction in liquid tube.	Remove restriction.			
Excessive suction pressure.	High head load.	Check for source and eliminate.			
	Compressor valves leaking.	Replace compressor.			
	Refrigerant overcharged.	Recover excess refrigerant.			
Suction pressure too low.	Dirty air filter.	Replace filter.			
	Low refrigerant charge.	Check for leaks; repair and recharge.			
	Metering device or low side restricted.	Remove source of restriction.			
	Insufficient evaporator airflow.	Increase air quantity. Check filter and replace if necessary.			
	Temperature too low in conditioned area.	Reset thermostat.			
	Outdoor ambient below 25 F.	Install low-ambient kit.			
Evaporator fan will not shut off.	Time off delay not finished.	Wait for 30-second off delay.			
Compressor makes excessive noise (48TF007 scroll only).	Compressor rotating in wrong direction.	Reverse the 3-phase power leads as described in the Start-Up section on page 36.			

PROBLEM	CAUSE	REMEDY
Damper does not open.	Indoor (evaporator) fan is off.	 Check to ensure that 24 vac is present at terminal C1 on the IFC or that 24 vac is present at the IFO terminal. Check whether 24 vac is present at PL6-1 (red wire) and/or PL6-3 (black wire). If 24 vac is not present, check wir- ing (see unit label diagram). Check proper thermostat connection to G on the connection board.
	No power to economizer motor.	 Check that SW3 is properly making contact with the damper blade. Check that SW1 is in the NC (normally closed) position. Check diode D18. If diode is not functioning properly, replace D18. Confirm that the economizer control board is grounded properly at PL6-4 (brown wire) and at brown terminal of the economizer control board (brown wire). The economizer motor must also be grounded properly at the negative motor terminal (brown wire). Verify SW1 and SW3 are working and wired properly (see unit label diagram). Check for 24 vac input at both PL6-1 (red wire) and PL6-3 (black wire). If 24 vac not present, check unit wiring (see unit label diagram). If 24 vac is found in both places, check for 24 vac at the yellow terminal of the economizer control board.
	Economizer motor failure.	If the indoor (evaporator) fan and economizer motor are energized, verify that there is a minimum of 18 vdc at the positive motor terminal. If the motor is not operating, replace the motor.
Economizer operation limited to minimum position.	OAT or EC set too high.	 Set at correct temperature (3 F below indoor space temperature). Check OAT or EC by setting above outdoor temperature or humidity level. If the OAT or EC switches do not close, replace OAT or EC.
	Verify economizer control board is correctly wired and works properly.	 Perform the following tests when OAT or EC is closed, Y1 is called for and damper is at minimum position. Confirm 24 vac on gray terminal of the econ- omizer control board (gray wire). If 24 vac is not present, check wiring (see unit label diagram). Verify that SW1 and SW3 are wired correctly and working properly (see unit label diagram). Check to ensure that 24 vac exists at PL6-2 (blue wire). If 24 vac is not present, check wiring (see unit wiring label diagram). Check 24 vac output at PL6-10 (white wire). If 24 vac is not present, replace economizer control board.
	Check SAT.	 After verifying that the OAT and EC settings and the economizer control board wiring are correct, check to ensure that the 24 vac terminal of the SAT has 24 vac (white wire). If OAT, EC, and control board are functioning and wired properly and no 24 vac exists, check wiring (see unit label diagram). If supply-air temperature is greater than 57 F, 24 vac should be found at terminal T2 on the SAT (pink wire). If 24 vac is not present, replace SAT.
Damper does not close.	Incorrect wiring of economizer.	 Verify that SW2 and SW4 are wired and working properly (see unit label diagram.). Check diode D19. If diode is not functioning properly, replace D19.
	Verify economizer control board is functioning properly.	 After verifying that the wiring is correct, modulate the damper to the minimum position. Remove the calls for G. If the damper does not move, check for 24 vac at PL6-1 (red wire). If 24 vac is not present, check wiring (see unit label diagram). If damper still does not move, check for 24 vac at blue terminal of economizer control board (blue wire). If 24 vac is not present, replace the economizer circuit board.
	Check SAT.	 After verifying that the wiring is correct and the economizer control board is functioning properly, place the OAT or EC switch in the closed position. Place a call for Y1 and open the damper to the fully open position. Confirm that the 24 vac terminal of the SAT has 24 vac (white wire). If 24 vac is not present, check wiring (see unit label diagram). If supply-air temperature is less than 52 F, 24 vac should be found at terminal T1 on the SAT (violet wire). If 24 vac not found, replace SAT.
	Economizer motor failure.	If economizer control board and SAT are functioning properly, verify that there is a minimum of 18 vdc at the positive motor terminal. If a minimum of 18 vdc is present and the motor is still not operating, replace the motor.
Economizer damper does not close on power loss.	Verify that close-on-power-loss and economizer control board are functioning properly.	 Check voltage potential across batteries. If lower than 14 vdc, replace close- on-power-loss power supply (9-v alkaline batteries). It is recommended that you check this emergency power supply on a regular basis or whenever the filters are changed. If the close-on-power-loss and economizer control board are functioning properly, check for 14 vdc or higher at the blue terminal of the economizer control board (blue wire) when power is disconnected from unit. If 14 vdc is not present, replace the control board.

Table 35 — Durablade Economizer Troubleshooting

LEGEND

C1 — Common Power EC — Enthalpy Control IFC — Indoor (Evaporator) Fan Contactor IFO — Indoor (Evaporator) Fan On OAT — Outdoor-Air Thermostat PL — Plug SAT — Supply-Air Thermostat SW — Economizer Position Switch

PROBLEM	CAUSE	REMEDY					
Damper does not open.	Indoor (evaporator) fan is Off.	Check to ensure that 24 vac is present at terminal C1 (Common Power) on the IFC (Indoor Evaporator Fan Contactor) or that 24 vac is present at the IFO (Indoor Evaporator Fan On) terminal. Check whether 24 vac is present at PL (Plug) 6-1 (red wire) and/or PL6-3 (black wire). If 24 vac is not present, check wiring (see unit label diagram).					
		Check proper thermostat connection to G on the connection board.					
	No power to EconoMi\$er controller.	Check to ensure that 24 vac is present across Terminals 24 VAC and 24V COM on the EconoMi\$er control. If 24 vac is not present, check wiring (see unit label diagram). If 24 vac is present, STATUS light should be on constantly.					
	No power to G terminal.	If IFM is on, check to ensure 24 vac is present on G terminal of the EconoMi\$er controller. If 24 vac is not present, check wiring (see unit label diagram).					
	Controller fault.	If STATUS light is flashing one flash, the EconoMi\$er controller is experiencing a fault condition. Cycle power to the controller. If condition continues, replace the EconoMi\$er controller.					
	Thermostat fault.	If STATUS light is flashing two flashes, the EconoMi\$er controller senses the thermostat is wired incorrectly. Check wiring between the thermostat and the connection board in the electrical panel. The fault condition is caused by Y2 being energized before Y1.					
	Actuator fault.	Check the wiring between the EconoMi\$er controller and the actuator. Hold CONFIG button between three and ten seconds to verify the actuator's operation. (This process takes three minutes to complete.)					
EconoMi\$er operation limited to minimum position.	Minimum position set incorrectly.	Verify that the MIN POS (%) is set greater than zero. Adjust MIN POS (%) to 100% to verify operation, and then set to correct setting.					
	EconoMi\$er changeover set- point set too high or too low.	Set at correct value. See Table 3.					
	Supply-Air Temperature Sensor faulty.	If STATUS light is flashing four flashes, the Supply-Air Temperature Sensor is faulty. Check wiring or replace sensor.					
	OAT Sensor faulty	If STATUS light is flashing five flashes, the OAT sensor is faulty. Check wiring or replace sensor.					
Damper position less than minimum position set point.	Supply-Air Low Limit Strategy controlling.	The supply-air temperature is less than 45 F, causing the minimum position to decrease. Refer to the Start-Up instructions. Verify correct setting of MIN POS (%). If correct, EconoMi\$er is operating correctly.					
Damper does not return to minimum position.	CO ₂ Ventilation Strategy controlling	If CO_2 sensor is being used, and the damper position is greater than minimum position, the ventilation control strategy is controlling. Refer to the Start-Up instructions. EconoMi\$er is operating correctly.					
Damper does not close on power loss.	Damper travel is restricted.	Check to ensure the damper is not blocked.					

Table 36 — EconoMi\$er Troubleshooting

LEGEND

OAT — Outdoor-Air Temperature

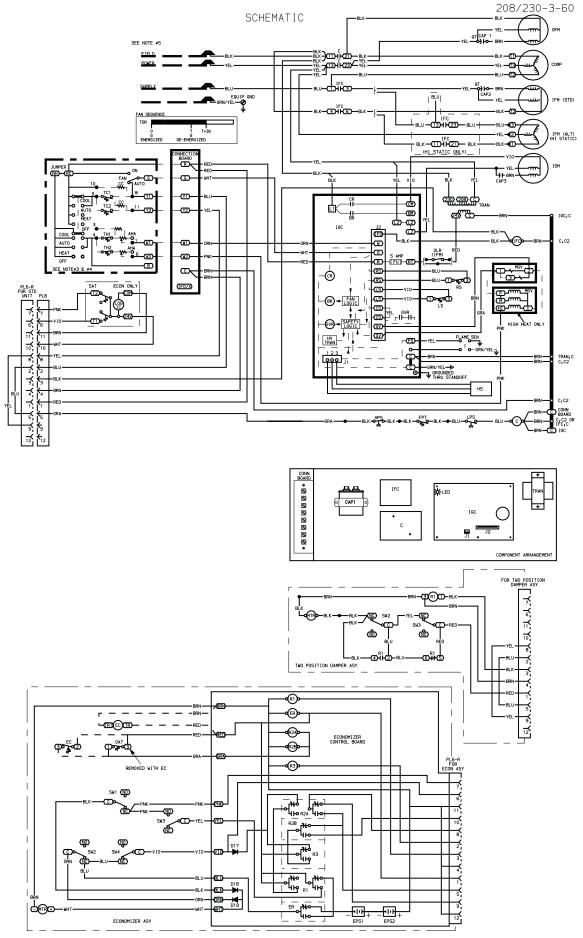


Fig. 53 — Typical Wiring Diagram and Component Arrangement

LEGEND FOR FIG. 53 — TYPICAL WIRING SCHEMATIC AND COMPONENT ARRANGEMENT

IMPORTANT: Refer to unit wiring label for actual unit wiring information.

- NOTES:
 1. If any of the original wire furnished must be replaced, it must be replaced with type 90 C wire or its equivalent.
 2. Three-phase motors are protected under primary single-phasing conditions.
 3. Thermostat: HH07AT170, 172, 174 and P272-2783 Subbase: HH93AZ176, 178 and P272-1882, 1883.
 4. Set heat anticipator at .14 amp. For units with 2 stages of heating, set stage two anticipator at 14 amp.

- Stages of nearing, set stage two anterpator at 14 amp.
 Use copper conductors only.
 TRAN is wired for 230-v unit. If unit is to be run with 208-v power supply, disconnect BLK wire from 230-v tap (ORN) and connect to 208-v tap (RED). Insulate end of 230-v tap.

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START-UP CHECKLIST

(Remove and Use in Job File)

I. PRELIMINARY INFORMATION:

MODEL NO.:	SERIAL NO.:
DATE:	TECHNICIAN:
	BUILDING LOCATION:

II. PRE-START-UP (insert checkmark in box as each item is completed)

□ VERIFY THAT ALL PACKING MATERIALS HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM UNIT

- □ REMOVE ALL SHIPPING HOLDDOWN BOLTS AND BRACKETS PER INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS
- $\hfill\square$ VERIFY THAT CONDENSATE CONNECTION IS INSTALLED PER INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS
- □ VERIFY THAT FLUE HOOD IS INSTALLED
- □ CHECK ALL ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS AND TERMINALS FOR TIGHTNESS
- □ CHECK TO ENSURE NO WIRES ARE TOUCHING REFRIGERANT TUBING OR SHARP EDGES
- □ CHECK GAS PIPING FOR LEAKS
- □ CHECK THAT INDOOR-AIR FILTER IS CLEAN AND IN PLACE
- $\hfill\square$ VERIFY THAT UNIT INSTALLATION IS LEVEL
- □ CHECK FAN WHEEL AND PROPELLER FOR LOCATION IN HOUSING/ORIFICE AND SETSCREW TIGHTNESS

CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE

CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE

□ VERIFY PULLEY ALIGNMENT AND BELT TENSION ARE CORRECT

III. START-UP:

ELECTRICAL

SUPPLY VOLTAGE	L1-L2		L2-L3			L3-L1	
COMPRESSOR AMPS	L1		L2			L3	
INDOOR-FAN AMP	L1		L2			L3	
TEMPERATURES							
OUTDOOR-AIR TEMPERA	ATURE		DB		WB		
RETURN-AIR TEMPERAT	URE		DB		WB		
COOLING SUPPLY AIR			DB		WB		
GAS HEAT SUPPLY AIR			DB				
PRESSURES							
GAS INLET PRESSURE		IN. W	VG				
GAS MANIFOLD PRESSU	RE	IN. W	WG (LOW	FIRE)		l	N. WG (HI FIRE)
REFRIGERANT SUCTION	·	PSIG	ł			·	ГЕМР ° F
REFRIGERANT DISCHAR	GE	PSIG				r	ΓEMP ° F

□ VERIFY REFRIGERANT CHARGE USING CHARGING TABLES

□ VERIFY THAT 3-PHASE SCROLL COMPRESSOR IS ROTATING IN CORRECT DIRECTION (48TF007 ONLY)

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