

The entrance to the open MPEG world

Ever since the launch of the Betacam® system concept 20 years ago, Sony half-inch camcorders have set distinctive milestones in the evolution of news reporting and program production operations. The analog Betacam and Betacam SPTM formats introduced a new freedom for mobile acquisition in ENG (Electronic News Gathering) and EFP (Electronic Field Production), and the Digital Betacam format was the subsequent innovation that brought true 4:2:2 digital recording into the field. Today, both analog and digital formats remain in service in virtually every type of program origination, offering a level of reliability and performance that only Sony Betacam technology provides. The wide acceptance of the Digital Betacam format paved the way to the subsequent development of a digital replacement for the analog Betacam format in the broadcast newsgathering world, with the unique advantage of using MPEG technology for data rate efficiency and high quality video capture. This was the Betacam SX® format series equipment, which is now known as the 'digital workhorse' for use in the arduous environment of ENG operations.

The rapid success of Betacam SX gear used in ENG applications, together with the advent of DTV distribution and transmission, was the motivation behind the development of a higher bit-rate MPEG 4:2:2P@ML format for use in broadcast studio operations. Through close collaboration between key manufacturers and research centers, the prime goal of achieving seamless interoperability between equipment to provide an open, end-to-end, MPEG-based solution was achieved. The conclusion was to utilize an I-frame only, MPEG 4:2:2P@ML infrastructure to provide the highest level of efficiency throughout the entire programming chain. Sony indicated its commitment to the MPEG-based infrastructure with the introduction of a range of I-frame only, MPEG 4:2:2P@ML equipment, represented by the MPEG IMX™ studio VTRs, Video Servers, XPRI™ NLE, and MPEG transcoders. To complete this picture, Sony has now introduced the MSW-900 MPEG IMX camcorder. The MSW-900 originates 50 Mb/s 4:2:2 digital video with four channels of digital audio by combining all the benefits of I-frame only, MPEG 4:2:2P@ML recording with the two decades of Sony experience with 1/2-inch broadcast camcorders. It inherits the proven advantages of the Betacam format series, providing the same level of reliability, mobility and operability for which they are famous. In addition, new and unique camera and recording features are also part of the MSW-900 design. The MSW-900 is poised to play a vital role as the primary acquisition tool for a complete 50 Mb/s MPEG-based system solution.

*Two models of the MSW-900 are available: the MSW-900 for NTSC and the MSW-900P for PAL.



Innovative performance in an MPEG IMX camcorder

High picture quality using MPEG 4:2:2P@ML 50 Mb/s I-frame compression

The MSW-900 employs MPEG 4:2:2P@ML recording, which uses a bit rate of 50 Mb/s to provide outstanding picture quality. Using MPEG technology, the MSW-900 integrates directly with other MPEG devices. Combining this high picture quality with MPEG interoperability, the MSW-900 seamlessly works in a wide range of applications including ENG and EFP.

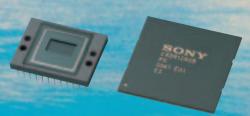
Newly developed Power HAD™ EX CCD

The latest Sony development in CCD technology, the Power HAD EX, is incorporated in the MSW-900 camcorder. This CCD realizes an incredible pixel count of one million picture elements, a high signal-to-noise ratio of -65 dB (NTSC)/-63 dB (PAL) and an extremely low smear level (-140 dB, typical). Furthermore, the remarkably high sensitivity of f11 ensures pictures of the highest quality – even when shooting under low lighting levels.

The MSW-900 can output both 525 (NTSC version) or 625 (PAL version) interlaced and progressive scan signals to suit emerging programming needs.

New high-performance DSP LSI

The MSW-900 employs a newly developed high-performance Digital Signal Processing LSI. This device provides comprehensive and precise control over the high quality images produced by the camcorder. It builds on the sophisticated DSP technology developed for Digital Betacam camcorders, making available the many attractive features of these camcorders such as accurate tonal reproduction and colorimetry, the storage of complex parameter setups, and a reduction in power consumption.



Versatile interfaces

The MSW-900 provides an analog composite output as standard, with an SDI output board (the MSDW-902) available as a plug-in option. An optional composite input board (the MSDW-904) is also available for pool feed applications. These optional boards install within the camcorder chassis to eliminate the need for an external camera adaptor unit, maintaining the compactness and balance of the camcorder.

Compact, lightweight, and low power consumption

The MSW-900 is designed to be extremely compact and lightweight, providing a high level of mobility in the field. It weighs approximately 5.3 kg (11 lb. 10 oz.) including a viewfinder, microphone, BP-L60A Li-ion battery and BCT-60MX cassette tape.

With its new-generation LSI, the camcorder achieves a low power consumption of just 27 W.

Extended recording times

The MPEG IMX camcorder provides long recording times, up to 60 minutes for NTSC signals and 71 minutes for PAL. These are achieved by the efficient MPEG compression algorithm, which provides the optimum balance between image quality and recording time.

Loop/interval recording

The MSDW-903 Picture Cache Board allows two new and extremely useful features to be incorporated into the MSW-900.

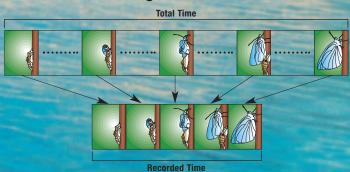
Loop recording is a useful function that allows audio and video signals to be buffered in a memory until the Record button is pressed. The signals buffered in the memory are recorded to tape at the instant the REC button is pressed. This capability can avoid the loss of important scenes that may occur before the operator has time to press the Record button. It is especially helpful for news gathering applications where a vital, one-off shot, would otherwise be missed. Up to eight seconds of data are always buffered for recording.

Interval recording is also a unique feature of the MSW-900 camcorder, and operates in a choice of two modes. In manual mode, up to eight frames are recorded every time the Record button is pressed. In auto mode, the camera records frames at predetermined intervals over a predetermined time. In both modes the frames are initially stored in the Picture Cache board and when this is full its contents are copied to tape. This allows recordings to be made over very long time periods on a single tape and minimizes wear of the tape drive mechanism.

■Loop recording



■ Auto interval recording





Operational versatility

User-friendly controls

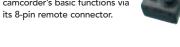
Two important aspects of the user-friendly operation of the MSW-900 are its carefully designed menu structure and the ergonomic design of the camcorder body.

The menu can be displayed in either of two ways, as a user menu or sub-menu based system. The user menu can be customized by operators for the fastest access to the menus they frequently use. The sub-menu based menu makes all menus accessible, each of which is categorized into groups such as paint, file and maintenance. This structure makes it possible to access any menu quickly, eliminating the need to seek a desired menu from the entire list of menus. Individual operators are able to choose the menu presentation that they feel comfortable to use.

The elegant body design has been carefully determined to incorporate the experience gained from two decades of camcorder operations. Previous operators of any Sony Betacam camcorder series will immediately feel comfortable and at home with the MSW-900.

Camera control via 8-pin remote connector

An optional remote control unit, the Sony RM-B150, makes it possible to remotely control the camcorder's basic functions via its 8-pin remote connector.



Two-channel audio output

A two-channel audio line output is available from the 5-pin XLR connector on the rear of the camcorder. This provides two analog audio output channels, which are selectable between either Channel-1/2 or Channel-3/4.

Dual optical filters

The MSW-900 is equipped with dual optical filters for Color Correction (CC) and Neutral Density (ND) for flexible color and exposure control. The CC filters are CROSS, 3200K, 4300K, and 6300K while the ND filters are CLEAR, 1/4ND, 1/16ND, and 1/64ND.

Assignable function

Functions frequently used in the field can be assigned to a push button and a simple slide switch, allowing the operator to make rapid changes under field conditions. The following functions can be assigned.

- Push button: off, loop record on/off, test out character on/off, marker on/off, re-take, ATW, return video, lens return, record switch, turbo switch
- Slide switch: off, loop record on/off, test out character on/off, marker on/off, cam/ext







Intelligent light system

An optional portable light (max. 50 W) can be directly attached to the camcorder, using a standard lighting connector and a specially designed short cable for operation on the comcorder's battery. The light can be switched on and off manually, or automatically synchronized with the REC Start function of the camcorder.





Slot-in mechanism accommodates wireless microphone receiver

An optional Sony wireless microphone receiver, the WRR-855A/855B, slots directly into the camcorder body without requiring a cable connection. This maintains camcorder balance and keeps the body compact to avoid any loss of mobility.



Turbo gain

The MSW-900 provides the Turbo Gain function, boosting the gain level up to +48 dB at the touch of a button. This makes it possible to shoot in extremely low light conditions.

High-quality audio recordings

Audio can be recorded in either 20 or 16-bit resolution. The recording format provides up to four channels of 20-bit mode and eight channels in 16-bit mode. Up to four channels can be recorded in either mode by the camcorder. If recordings are made on channels 1-4 in the 8-channel, 16-bit mode, then channels 5-8 are available for use with a studio VTR. The inputs to audio tracks 1-4 can be accessed by any four microphones connected to the camcorder including the front microphone, and additional wired or wireless microphones.

The camcorder utilizes a 20-bit A/D converter instead of the 16-bit type to maximize sound quality.

"Memory Stick™" system stores camera setup parameters

The MSW-900 incorporates the Sony "Memory Stick" system for the storage and recall of setup parameters. This is an easy, effective system for storing and recalling camera parameters for individual scenes, plus individual operators' camera setup preferences that include the settings of assignable switches.





Creative versatility

Multi-matrix function

Unlike conventional color correction or matrix control, the Multi-matrix function allows color adjustments to be applied over a color and/or hue range as specified by the operator. The color spectrum is divided into 16 areas of adjustment, where the hue and/or saturation of each area can be adjusted. This provides interesting in-camera color effects – similar to secondary color correction.





Multi-matrix ON

TruEye™ processor

The Sony TruEye processor is one of the most innovative features of Sony digital signal processing technology. This technology makes it possible to virtually eliminate hue distortion, particularly obvious in highlight conditions that result from conventional RGB analog or digital processing. By processing the video signal data at three levels – brightness, hue and saturation – similar to how the human eye works, the TruEye features assists in the reproduction of natural skin tones.



Conventional Video Equipment



TruEy

Triple Skin Tone Detail control

Skin Tone Detail allows control of image enhancement within user specified color tones. The MSW-900 camcorder allows enhancement to be set independently for up to three distinct color and/or hue ranges.

The conventional use of Skin Tone Detail correction is to reduce the image enhancement in areas of skin tone. With the MSW-900, correction is not restricted to areas of skin tones and can be set to apply to any three color areas. Image enhancement within those three areas can be increased or decreased relative to the overall image enhancement of a given scene.

Electronic Soft Focus

The Electronic Soft Focus included in the camcorder applies an effect similar to using an optical soft-focus filter – but in a much more convenient way. Electronic Soft Focus uses the detail signal to reduce, rather than increase, the sharpness of the picture. By subtracting the detail signal from the original signal (as opposed to adding it as in conventional image enhancement), Electronic Soft Focus is able to provide a picture that is "softer" than that achieved when detail is switched off completely. Electronic Soft Focus can be used in conjunction with Skin Tone Detail to only change the sharpness within a specific color or hue range.

Selectable gamma table

A selectable gamma table is provided to easily give a specific look to a picture by selecting from several fixed gamma patterns.

Auto Tracing White Balance (ATW)

The MSW-900 offers an Auto Tracing White Balance (ATW) function that automatically adjusts the camera's color temperature in real time with a change of the lighting. This is especially useful when a shoot is performed across different environments, such as from indoors to outdoors.

Color temperature control

In addition to the optical color filters, digital color temperature control is available to give a 'warmer' or 'colder' look to the picture. Combined use of these two color temperature control methods allows operators to meet their creative needs.

Meta-data handling

Since the early days of film and television, meta-data such as shot number, slate information and other production notes has been used increasingly during the production process. While much of this data has been generated and stored on paper, the use of computers for storage and management of meta-data has grown significantly.

However the lack of a unique identifier for each segment of material recorded on the filed tape has made it difficult to link this meta-data to the actual material.

The MSW-900 camcorder now solves this problem by providing the capability to generate and record a globally unique identifier relating directly with the video material.

This process is made possible by recording UMID (Unique Material Identifier) information.

UMID* recording

The UMID is a unique identifier for picture, audio and data material that is created and globally unique. The MSW-900 automatically generates and records UMID on tape at every scene change. By adding UMID information during the acquisition process, future benefits such as easy search of material during editing, and archive will be realized. Sony supports UMID as well as Extended UMID** for further operational convenience.

Extended UMID (64 bytes)									
	Basic UMID (32 bytes)		Signature Metadata (32 bytes)						
Universal Label	L Ins		Time/Date	Spatial Co-ordinates	Country	Org	User		
12 bytes	1 3	16 bytes	8 bytes	12 bytes	4	4	4		
	byte	s			bytes	bytes	bytes		

GPS Unit — HKDW-704

Utilizing the meta-data capability of the MSW-900 camcorder, the HKDW-704 GPS unit has been introduced to enhance the ability to store Global Position information in association with the field recorded material. The HKDW-704 offers real-time recording of global positioning information on tape as well as the Memory Stick storage medium. When the camcorder playbacks a tape that has recorded GPS information, the positioning information of the shooting site can be indicated on a PC running map illustration software*. The position data is also recorded as Extended UMID on the tape keeping the link between video/audio and positioning data.

*Output format from the REMOTE connector is NMEA and software.





^{*}UMID is standardized as SMPTE 330M.

^{**}Extended UMID adds Signature meta-data, time, positioning, and user information to the Basic UMID.

Meta-data handling

Shot mark and shot data handling

The MSW-900 is capable of recording shot marks (time codes for 'good' shots) and shot data (date, shot ID, cassette number etc.) to the tape. When a tape containing shot marks is played back on an MSW-2000 series VTR, the shot mark positions are automatically detected and a list of all marks is generated for display on a video monitor. This allows operators to easily select and cue-up to the scene of interest. The shot marks and shot data can be utilized for a wide range of applications to provide more efficiency in the production chain.





MSW-900 Menu



MSW-2000 Series Time Code List

Tele-File™ system

The Sony Tele-File system stores and recalls various types of production data, such as shot data and shot marks, onto and from a cassette label with a built-in memory IC. The camcorder is equipped as standard with a Tele-File reader/writer module, allowing this information to be managed electronically. Use of the Tele-File system can significantly raise efficiency in the subsequent editing process and management of archives.





A wide range of optional accessories

A wide variety of accessories are available to greatly increase the versatility and operational performance of the MSW-900, making it suitable for many different applications. Three types of plug-in boards, camera adaptors to add various interfaces, a compact remote controller, several types of viewfinders and a range of audio accessories are all available. The available plug-in boards are the SDI output board MSDW-902, the picture cache board MSDW-903, and the analog composite input board MSDW-904. In addition to the supplied 2-inch viewfinder, 1.35-inch 16:9 color and 1.5-inch B/W types are offered as options. Three types of camera adaptors are available: the CA-701 for SDI output and four-channel audio input, CA-702/702P for external SDI input and 26-pin connection with portable VTRs, and CA-755/755P for use with camera control units (CCU) via a triax connector.



MSDW-902, SDI output board



MSDW-903, Picture cache board



MSDW-904, Analog composite input board



CA-701, Camcorder adaptor



CA-702/702P, Camcorder adaptor



CA-755/755P, Camcorder adaptor



BVF-VC10W, 1.35-inch 16:9



BVF-55/55CE, 5-inch B/W viewfinder



BKW-401, Viewfinder rotation bracket



RM-B150, Remote control unit



CCU-550A/550AP, Camera control unit for CA-755/755P



AC-550/550CE, AC adaptor



AC-DN2B, AC adaptor



BP-L60A/L90A, Battery pack



BP-M50/M100, Battery pack



BC-M50, Battery charger for BP-L60A/L90A/M50/M100



BC-L120, Battery charger for BP-L60A/L90A



VCT-14, Tripod adaptor



BCT-6MX/12MX/22MX/32MX/60MX, MPEG IMX tapes



MSA-8A/16A/32A/64A, Memory Stick



WRR-855A/855B, Wireless microphone receiver



WRR-862A/862B, Dual diversity microphone receiver

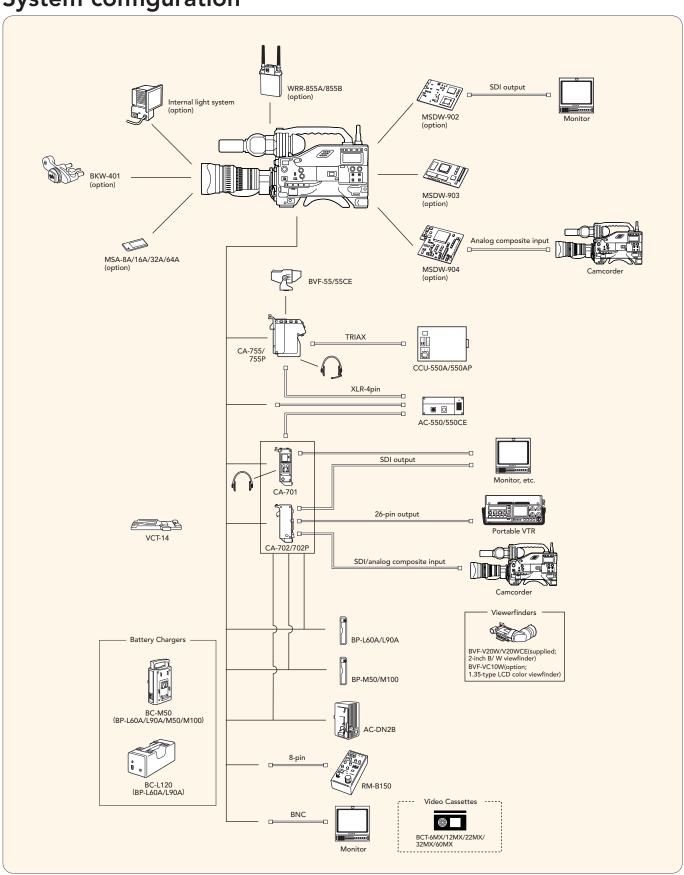


CCXA-53, Audio cable



HKDW-704, GPS unit

System configuration



Specifications

		MSW-900	MSW-900P				
	Weight	7 lb 11 oz (Ap					
			11 lb 10 oz (with VF, Mic, BCT-60MX, BP-L60A) (5.3 kg)				
	Power requirements	DC 12 V +5.0 V/-1.0 V					
General	Power consumption Operating temperature	Approx. 27 W +32 °F to +104 °F (0 to 40 °C)					
	Storage temperature		-4 °F to+140 °F (-20 to +60 °C)				
	Humidity	25 to 85% (rel	25 to 85% (relative humidity)				
	Continuous operating time	Approx. 135 min w/BP-L60A					
		Approx. 200 min w/BP-L90A BNC type x1, 1.0 Vp-p, 75 Ω					
	Genlock video Time code input	BNC type x1, BNC type x1, 0.5	1.11				
Signal inputs	Audio (CH-1/2)		XLR-3-31 type x2, -60 dBm/+4 dBm selectable, high impedance, balanced				
	Mic input	XLR-3-31 type x2, -60 dBm/+4 dBm					
	Video output	BNC type x1,	BNC type x1, 1.0 Vp-p, 75 Ω				
	Video test output		BNC type x1, 1.0 Vp-p, 75 Ω				
Signal outputs	·	BNC type x1, 1.0 Vp-p, 75 Ω Minijack x2					
	Earphone Audio output (CH-1/CH-2)	XLR-5-pin male (stereo)					
	Lens		-pin				
	Remote	8-1	8-pin				
	Light	2-pin, DC 12 V, max. 50 W					
Others	DC input	XLR-4-pin (for the opt	·				
	DC output Camcorder adapter	4-pin (for wireless microp 40-	•				
	Wireless receiver input	D-Sub					
	Recording format	MPEC					
	Tape speed	64.467 mm/s	53.776 mm/s				
VTR section	Playback/Recording time	Max. 60 min w/BCT-60MX cassette	Max. 71 min w/BCT-60MX cassette				
	Fast forward time Rewind time	Approx. 5 min					
	Recommended tape	Approx. 5 min. Sony MPEG IMX S cassette (BC					
	Sampling frequency	Y: 13.5 MHz, R-	·				
Digital video	Quantization	8 bits/s	sample				
performance	Error correction		Reed-Solomon code				
	K-factor (2T pulse)		Less than 1%				
	Y/R-Y/B-Y delay Sampling frequency	Less than 15 ns 48 kHz (synchronised with video)					
	Quantization		20/16bits/ sample (selectable)				
	A/D and D/A quantization	A/D:20 bits/sample,	A/D:20 bits/sample, D/A:16 bits/sample				
	Frequency response		20 Hz to 20 kHz, +0.5 dB/-1.0 dB				
Digital audio	Dynamic range		More than 85 dB (emphasis ON) Less than 0.08%				
performance	Distortion (at 1 kHz, emphasis ON, reference level) Cross talk (at 1 kHz, reference level)	Less than -70 dB					
	Wow & flutter	Below measurable limit					
	Head room	20 dB (ex-fai	20 dB (ex-factory setting)				
	Emphasis (ON/OFF selectable)	T1=50 μs, T2=15 μs					
	* The specifications given above were measured via CA-701/702	Camcorder Adapter or MSDW-902 SDI output board. 3-chip 2/3-inch type 16:9 wid	Jacornon Dower HAD EV CCD				
	Pickup device Total picture elements	1038(H) x 1008(V)	1038(H) x 1188(V)				
	Optical system	F1.4					
	Built-in optical filters	1: Clear, 2: 1/4ND, 3: 1/16ND, 4: 1/64ND,	A: CROSS, B: 3200K, C: 4300K, D: 6300K				
	Shutter speed	1/100, 1/125, 1/250, 1/500, 1/1000, 1/2000 (s)	1/60, 1/125, 1/250, 1/500, 1/1000, 1/2000 (s)				
	Lens mount		Special bayonet mount				
Camera	Sensitivity (2000 lx, 89.9% reflectance) Minimum illumination	No.	F11 (typical) Approx. 0.15 lx (F1.4 lens, +48 dB turbo gain)				
section	Smear level	-140 dB					
	S/N ratio	-65 dB (typical)	-63 dB (typical)				
	Vertical resolution	400 TV Lines/450 TV Lines(EVS)	480 TV Lines/530 TV Lines(EVS)				
	Registration	0.05% (all zones, w/o lens) Below measurable level (w/o lens)					
	Geometric distortion Warm-up time						
	Modulation depth at 5MHz		2 s 70%(16:9, typical)/55%(4:3, typical)				
	CRT	2.0-inch monochrome					
Viewfinder	Controls	BRIGHT, CONTRAST, PEAKING controls, TALLY, ZEBRA, DISPLAY switches					
	Horizontal resolution	450 TV lines (16:9) Ultra-directional (Detachable)					
		Ultra-direction	al (Detachable)				
	Microphone	0	manual (v1)				
	Microphone	·	manual (x1) der (x1)				
Supplied	Microphone	Operation Viewfin Lens c	der (x1)				
	Microphone	Viewfin	der (x1) ap (x1)				
Supplied	Microphone	Viewfin Lens c	der (x1) ap (x1) belt (x1) rophone (x1)				

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