

U Series 9 ce

ST3160022ACE ST3120025ACE ST380012ACE





U Series 9 ce

ST3160022ACE ST3120025ACE ST380012ACE



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Revision status summary sheet

| Revision | Date | Sheets Affected |
|----------|----------|--|
| Rev. A | 01/31/03 | All. |
| Rev. B | 04/15/03 | Page 24. |
| Rev. C | 05/07/03 | Pages 6, 30-32, and 37-41 |
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| Rev. E | 12/01/03 | Page 16. |
| Rev. F | 05/18/04 | Page 3 - 5 and 7. |

Contents

| 1.0 | Introd | luction |
|-----|--------|---|
| 2.0 | Drive | specifications |
| | 2.1 | Specification summary table |
| | 2.2 | Formatted capacity 5 |
| | | 2.2.1 LBA mode |
| | 2.3 | Default logical geometry |
| | 2.4 | Physical organization |
| | | |
| | 2.5 | Recording and interface technology |
| | 2.6 | Physical characteristics |
| | 2.7 | Seek time |
| | 2.8 | Start/stop times |
| | 2.9 | Power specifications |
| | | 2.9.1 Power consumption |
| | | 2.9.2 Conducted noise |
| | | 2.9.3 Voltage tolerance |
| | | 2.9.4 Power-management modes |
| | 2.10 | Environmental specifications |
| | | 2.10.1 Ambient temperature |
| | | 2.10.2 Temperature gradient |
| | | 2.10.3 Humidity |
| | | 2.10.4 Altitude |
| | | 2.10.5 Shock |
| | | 2.10.6 Vibration |
| | 2.11 | Acoustics |
| | 2.11 | Electromagnetic immunity |
| | | |
| | 2.13 | Reliability |
| | 2.14 | Agency certification |
| | | 2.14.1 Safety certification |
| | | 2.14.2 Electromagnetic compatibility |
| | | 2.14.3 FCC verification |
| 3.0 | Config | guring and mounting the drive |
| | 3.1 | Handling and static discharge precautions |
| | 3.2 | Breather filter hole precautions |
| | 3.3 | Jumper settings |
| | 0.0 | 3.3.1 Master/slave configuration |
| | | 3.3.2 Cable-select option |
| | | 3.3.3 Alternate capacity jumper |
| | | 3.3.4 Ultra ATA/100 cable |
| | 3.4 | Drive mounting |
| | | · |
| 4.0 | | nterface |
| | 4.1 | ATA interface signals and connector pins |
| | | 4.1.1 Supported ATA commands |
| | | 4.1.2 Identify Device command |
| | | 4.1.3 Set Features command |
| | | 4.1.4 S.M.A.R.T. commands |
| 5.0 | Seaga | ate Technology support services |

List of Figures

| Figure 1. | Typical 5V startup and operation current profile | . 8 |
|-----------|---|-----|
| Figure 2. | Typical 12V startup and operation current profile | 8 |
| Figure 3. | Breather filter hole location | 16 |
| Figure 4. | Master/slave jumper settings | 17 |
| Figure 5. | Ultra ATA cable connectors | 18 |
| Figure 6. | Mounting dimensions—top, side and end view | 19 |
| Figure 7. | I/O pins and supported ATA signals | 22 |

1.0 Introduction

This manual describes the functional, mechanical and interface specifications for the following Seagate® U Series 9® ce model drives:

- ST3160022ACE
- ST3120025ACE
- ST380012ACE

These drives provide the following key features:

- High instantaneous (burst) data transfer rates (up to 100 Mbytes per second) using Ultra DMA mode 5.
- Giant magnetoresistive (GMR) recording heads and EPRML technology, which provide the drives with increased areal density.
- State-of-the-art cache and on-the-fly error-correction algorithms.
- Full-track multiple-sector transfer capability without local processor intervention.
- Quiet operation.
- · 350 Gs nonoperating shock.
- SeaTools diagnostic software performs a drive self-test that eliminates unnecessary drive returns.
- The 3D Defense System™, which includes Drive Defense, Data Defense, and Diagnostic Defense, offers the industry's most comprehensive protection for disc drives.
- · Support for S.M.A.R.T. drive monitoring and reporting.
- · Support for Read Multiple and Write Multiple commands.
- Support for autodetection of master/slave drives that use cable select (CSEL).

2.0 Drive specifications

Unless otherwise noted, all specifications are measured under ambient conditions, at 25°C, and nominal power. For convenience, the phrases *the drive* and *this drive* are used throughout this manual to indicate ST3160022ACE, ST3120025ACE, and ST380012ACE model drives.

2.1 Specification summary table

The specifications listed in this table are for quick reference. For details on specification measurement or definition, see the appropriate section of this manual.

| Drive specification | ST3160022ACE | ST3120025ACE | ST380012ACE |
|--|---|--------------|-------------|
| Formatted Gbytes (512 bytes/sector) | 160 | 120 | 80 |
| Guaranteed sectors | 312,581,808 | 234,441,648 | 156,301,488 |
| Bytes per sector | 512 | | . |
| Default sectors per track | 63 | | |
| Default read/write heads | 16 | | |
| Default cylinders | 16,383 | | |
| Physical read/write heads | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| Discs | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Recording density, BPI (bits/inch max) | 595,000 | • | |
| Track density, TPI (tracks/inch max) | 94,600 | | |
| Areal density, (Mbits/inch ² max) | 56.3 | | |
| Sustained data transfer rate OD (Mbytes/sec) | 48 | | |
| I/O data-transfer rate (Mbytes/sec max) | 100 | | |
| ATA data-transfer modes supported | PIO modes 0–4 Multiword DMA modes 0–2 Ultra DMA modes 0–5 | | |
| Cache buffer | 2 Mbyte (2,048 kbytes) | | |
| Height (mm max) | 26.035 mm (1.028 inches) | | |
| Width (mm max) | 101.6 mm (4.000 inches) | | |
| Length (mm max) | 146.99 mm (5.787 inches) | | |
| Weight (typical) | 635 grams (1.4 lb) | | |
| Average latency (msec) | 4.16 | | |
| Power-on to ready (sec typical) | 10 sec | | |
| Standby to ready (sec typical) | 10 sec | | |
| Startup current (typical) 12V (peak) | 2.3 amps | | |
| Track-to-track seek time (msec typical) | <1.0 (read), <1.2 (write) | | |
| Average seek, read (msec typical) | 8.5 | | |
| Average seek, write (msec typical) | 9.5 | | |
| Seek power (typical) | 10.3 watts | | |

| Drive specification | ST3160022ACE | ST3120025ACE | ST380012ACE | |
|---|---|-----------------------------|-------------|--|
| Read/write power (typical) | 9.8 watts | <u> </u> | ' | |
| Idle mode (typical) | 6.7 watts | | | |
| Standby mode (typical) | 0.9 watts | | | |
| Sleep mode (typical) | 0.9 watts | | | |
| Voltage tolerance (including noise) | 5V ± 5% 12V ± 10% | | | |
| Ambient temperature | 0° to 60°C (operating 40° to 70°C (nonoperating 40°). | | | |
| Temperature gradient (°C per hour max) | 20°C (operating) 30°C (nonoperating) | | | |
| Relative humidity | 5% to 90% (operating 5% to 95% (nonoperating 5%) | | | |
| Relative humidity gradient | 30% per hour max | | | |
| Wet bulb temperature (°C max) | 33 (operating) 40 (nonoperating) | | | |
| Altitude, operating | -60.96 m to 3,048 m (-200 ft to 10,000+ ft) | | | |
| Altitude, nonoperating (below mean sea level, max) | -60.96 m to 12,192 m (-200 ft to 40,000+ ft) | | | |
| Shock, operating (Gs max at 2 msec) | 63 | | | |
| Shock, nonoperating (Gs max at 2 msec) | 350 Gs | | | |
| Vibration, operating | 1.0 G (0 to peak, 5- | 1.0 G (0 to peak, 5–350 Hz) | | |
| Vibration, nonoperating | 5.0 Gs (0 to peak, 2 | 2–350 Hz) | | |
| Drive acoustics Sound power (bels) | | | | |
| ldle* | <2.5 (typical) 2.7 (max) | | | |
| Quiet seek | 2.8 (typical) 3.0 (max) | | | |
| Nonrecoverable read errors 1 per 10 ¹⁴ bits read | | | | |
| Mean time between failures (power-on hours) | 600,000 | | | |
| Service life | 5 Years | 5 Years | | |
| Contact start-stop cycles (25°C, 40% rel. humidity) | 50,000 | 50,000 | | |
| | | | | |

^{*}During periods of drive idle, some offline activity may occur according to the S.M.A.R.T. specification, which may increase acoustic and power to operational levels.

2.2 Formatted capacity

| Model | Formatted capacity | Guaranteed sectors | Bytes per sector |
|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| ST3160022ACE | 160 Gbytes | 312,581,808 | 512 |
| ST3120025ACE | 120 Gbytes | 234,441,648 | 512 |
| ST380012ACE | 80 Gbytes | 156,301,488 | 512 |

2.2.1 LBA mode

When addressing these drives in LBA mode, all blocks (sectors) are consecutively numbered from 0 to n-1, where n is the number of guaranteed sectors as defined above.

See Section 4.1.2, "Identify Device command" (words 60-61 and 100-103) for additional information about 48-bit addressing support of drives with capacities over 137 Gbytes.

2.3 Default logical geometry

| Cylinders | Read/write heads | Sectors per track |
|-----------|------------------|-------------------|
| 16,383 | 16 | 63 |

2.4 Physical organization

| Model | Read/write heads | Number of discs |
|--------------|------------------|-----------------|
| ST3160022ACE | 4 | 2 |
| ST3120025ACE | 3 | 2 |
| ST380012ACE | 2 | 1 |

2.5 Recording and interface technology

| Interface | ATA |
|--|------------------------|
| Recording method | 16/17 EPRML |
| Recording density BPI (bits/inch max) | 595,000 |
| Track density TPI (tracks/inch max) | 94,600 |
| Areal density (Mbits/inch ² max) | 56.3 |
| Internal data-transfer rate OD (Mbytes/sec max) | 85.4 |
| Sustained data transfer rate OD (Mbytes/sec max) | 48 |
| I/O data-transfer rate (Mbytes/sec max) | 100 (Ultra DMA mode 5) |
| Interleave | 1:1 |
| Cache buffer | 2 Mbyte (2,048 kbytes) |

2.6 Physical characteristics

| Drive specification | 1 | |
|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| Maximum height | | |
| | (mm) (inches) | 26.035 1.028 |
| Maximum width | (mm) (inches) | 101.6 4.00 |
| Maximum length | | |
| | (mm) (inches) | 146.99 5.787 |
| Typical weight | | |
| | (grams) (pounds) | 635 1.4 |

2.7 Seek time

Seek measurements are taken with nominal power at 25°C ambient temperature. All times are measured using drive diagnostics. The specifications in the table below are defined as follows:

- Track-to-track seek time is an average of all possible single-track seeks in both directions.
- Average seek time is a true statistical random average of at least 5,000 measurements of seeks between random tracks, less overhead.

| Typical seek times (msec) | Read | Write |
|---------------------------|------|-------|
| Track-to-track | <1.0 | <1.2 |
| Average | 8.5 | 9.5 |
| Average latency: | 4.16 | 4.16 |

Note. These drives are designed to consistently meet the seek times represented in this manual. Physical seeks, regardless of mode (such as track-to-track and average), are expected to meet or exceed the noted values. However, due to the manner in which these drives are formatted, benchmark tests that include command overhead or measure logical seeks may produce results that vary from these specifications.

2.8 Start/stop times

| Power-on to Ready (sec) | 10 (max) |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| Standby to Ready (sec) | 10 (max) |
| Ready to spindle stop (sec) | 20 (max) |

2.9 Power specifications

The drive receives DC power (+5V or +12V) through a four-pin standard drive power connector.

2.9.1 Power consumption

Power requirements for the drives are listed in the table on page 7. Typical power measurements are based on an average of drives tested, under nominal conditions, using 5.0V and 12.0V input voltage at 25°C ambient temperature.

· Spinup power

Spinup power is measured from the time of power-on to the time that the drive spindle reaches operating speed.

Seek mode

During seek mode, the read/write actuator arm moves toward a specific position on the disc surface and does not execute a read or write operation. Servo electronics are active. Seek mode power represents the worst-case power consumption, using only random seeks with read or write latency time. This mode is not typical and is provided for worst-case information.

Read/write power and current

Read/write power is measured with the heads on track, based on a 16-sector write followed by a 32-msec delay, then a 16-sector read followed by a 32-msec delay.

Operating power and current

Operating power is measured using 40 percent random seeks, 40 percent read/write mode (1 write for each 10 reads) and 20 percent drive idle mode.

• Idle mode power

Idle mode power is measured with the drive up to speed, with servo electronics active and with the heads in a random track location.

· Standby mode

During Standby mode, the drive accepts commands, but the drive is not spinning, and the servo and read/write electronics are in power-down mode.

| Power dissipation (watts) Example: ST3160022ACE, 2-disc | Average (watts, 25° C) | 5V typ amps | 12V typ amps |
|--|---------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Spinup | _ | _ | 2.6 (peak) |
| Idle | 6.7 | 0.410 | 0.380 |
| | | | |
| Operating 40% r/w, 40% seek, 20% inop. | 9.8 | 0.584 | 0.570 |
| Seeking | 10.3 | 0.393 | 0.687 |
| Standby | 0.900 | 0.144 | 0.015 |
| Sleep | 0.900 | 0.144 | 0.015 |

^{*}During periods of drive idle, some offline activity may occur according to the S.M.A.R.T. specification, which may increase acoustic and power to operational levels.

2.9.1.1 Typical current profile

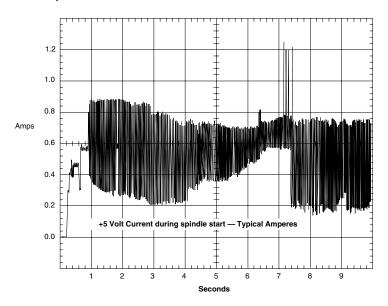


Figure 1. Typical 5V startup and operation current profile

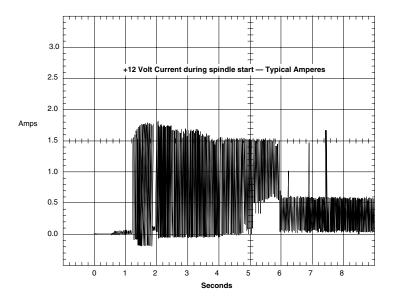


Figure 1. Typical 12V startup and operation current profile

2.9.2 Conducted noise

Input noise ripple is measured at the host system power supply across an equivalent 80-ohm resistive load on the +12 volt line or an equivalent 15-ohm resistive load on the +5 volt line.

- Using 12-volt power, the drive is expected to operate with a maximum of 120 mV peak-to-peak square-wave injected noise at up to 10 MHz.
- Using 5-volt power, the drive is expected to operate with a maximum of 100 mV peak-to-peak square-wave injected noise at up to 10 MHz.

Note. Equivalent resistance is calculated by dividing the nominal voltage by the typical RMS read/write current.

2.9.3 Voltage tolerance

Voltage tolerance (including noise):

5V ± 5% 12V ± 10%

2.9.4 Power-management modes

The drive provides programmable power management to provide greater energy efficiency. In most systems, you can control power management through the system setup program. The drive features the following power-management modes:

| Power mode | Heads | Spindle | Buffer |
|------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Active | Tracking | Rotating | Enabled |
| Idle | Tracking | Rotating | Enabled |
| Standby | Parked | Stopped | Enabled |
| Sleep | Parked | Stopped | Disabled |

Active mode

The drive is in Active mode during the read/write and seek operations.

Idle mode

The buffer remains enabled, and the drive accepts all commands and returns to Active mode any time disc access is necessary.

· Standby mode

The drive enters Standby mode when the host sends a Standby Immediate command. If the host has set the standby timer, the drive can also enter Standby mode automatically after the drive has been inactive for a specifiable length of time. The standby timer delay is established using a Standby or Idle command. In Standby mode, the drive buffer is enabled, the heads are parked and the spindle is at rest. The drive accepts all commands and returns to Active mode any time disc access is necessary.

Sleep mode

The drive enters Sleep mode after receiving a Sleep command from the host. In Sleep mode, the drive buffer is disabled, the heads are parked and the spindle is at rest. The drive leaves Sleep mode after it receives a Hard Reset or Soft Reset from the host. After receiving a reset, the drive exits Sleep mode and enters Standby mode with all current translation parameters intact.

Idle and Standby timers

Each time the drive performs an Active function (read, write or seek), the standby timer is reinitialized and begins counting down from its specified delay times to zero. If the standby timer reaches zero before any drive

activity is required, the drive makes a transition to Standby mode. In both Idle and Standby mode, the drive accepts all commands and returns to Active mode when disc access is necessary.

2.10 Environmental specifications

2.10.1 Ambient temperature

Ambient temperature is defined as the temperature of the environment immediately surrounding the drive. Actual drive case temperature should not exceed 69°C (156°F) within the operating ambient conditions.

Above 1,000 feet (305 meters), the maximum temperature is derated linearly to 112°F (44°C) at 10,000 feet (3,048 meters).

| Operating: | 0° to 60°C (32° to 140°F) |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Nonoperating: | -40° to 70°C (-40° to 158°F) |

2.10.2 Temperature gradient

| Operating: | 20°C per hour (68°F per hour max), without condensation | |
|---------------|---|--|
| Nonoperating: | 30°C per hour (86°F per hour max) | |

2.10.3 Humidity

2.10.3.1 Relative humidity

| Operating: | 5% to 90% noncondensing (30% per hour max) | |
|---------------|--|--|
| Nonoperating: | 5% to 95% noncondensing (30% per hour max) | |

2.10.3.2 Wet bulb temperature

| Operating: | 33°C (91.4°F max) |
|---------------|--------------------|
| Nonoperating: | 40.0°C (104°F max) |

2.10.4 Altitude

| Operating: | -60.96 m to 3,048 m (-200 ft to 10,000+ ft) | |
|---------------|--|--|
| Nonoperating: | -60.96 m to 12,192 m (-200 ft to 40,000+ ft) | |

2.10.5 Shock

All shock specifications assume that the drive is mounted securely with the input shock applied at the drive mounting screws. Shock may be applied in the X, Y or Z axis.

2.10.5.1 Operating shock

These drives comply with the performance levels specified in this document when subjected to a maximum operating shock of 63 Gs based on half-sine shock pulses of 2 msec. Shocks should not be repeated more than two times per second.

2.10.5.2 Nonoperating shock

The nonoperating shock level that the drive can experience without incurring physical damage or degradation in performance when subsequently put into operation is 350 Gs based on a nonrepetitive half-sine shock pulse of 2 msec duration.

2.10.6 Vibration

All vibration specifications assume that the drive is mounted securely with the input vibration applied at the drive mounting screws. Vibration may be applied in the X, Y or Z axis.

2.10.6.1 Operating vibration

The following table lists the maximum vibration levels that the drive may experience while meeting the performance standards specified in this document.

| 5–350 Hz | 1.0 G acceleration (zero to peak) |
|----------|-----------------------------------|
|----------|-----------------------------------|

2.10.6.2 Nonoperating vibration

The following table lists the maximum nonoperating vibration that the drive may experience without incurring physical damage or degradation in performance when subsequently put into operation.

| 5–22 Hz | 1.0-inch displacement (zero to peak) |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| 22–350 Hz | 5.0 Gs acceleration (zero to peak) |

2.11 Acoustics

Drive acoustics are measured as overall A-weighted acoustic sound power levels (no pure tones). All measurements are consistent with ISO document 7779. Sound power measurements are taken under essentially free-field conditions over a reflecting plane. For all tests, the drive is oriented with the cover facing upward.

Note. For seek mode tests, the drive is placed in seek mode only. The number of seeks per second is defined by the following equation:

(Number of seeks per second = 0.4 / (average latency + average access time)

Table 1: Fluid Dynamic Bearing (FDB) motor acoustics

| | Acoustic mode | |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Models | Idle* | Quiet seek |
| ST3160022ACE ST3120025ACE ST380012ACE | <2.5 bels (typ) 2.7 bels (max) | 2.8 bels (typ) 3.0 bels (max) |

^{*}During periods of drive idle, some offline activity may occur according to the S.M.A.R.T. specification, which may increase acoustic and power to operational levels.

2.12 Electromagnetic immunity

When properly installed in a representative host system, the drive operates without errors or degradation in performance when subjected to the radio frequency (RF) environments defined in the following table:

| Test | Description | Performance level | Reference standard |
|---------------------------|---|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Electrostatic discharge | Contact, HCP, VCP: ± 4 kV; Air: ± 8 kV | В | EN 61000-4-2: 95 |
| Radiated RF immunity | 80 to 1,000 MHz, 3 V/m, 80% AM with 1 kHz sine 900 MHz, 3 V/m, 50% pulse modulation @ 200 Hz | А | EN 61000-4-3: 96 ENV 50204: 95 |
| Electrical fast transient | ±1 kV on AC mains, ±0.5 kV on external I/O | В | EN 61000-4-4: 95 |
| Surge immunity | ± 1 kV differential, ± 2 kV common, AC mains | В | EN 61000-4-5: 95 |
| Conducted RF immunity | 150 kHz to 80 MHz, 3 Vrms, 80% AM with 1 kHz sine | А | EN 61000-4-6: 97 |
| Voltage dips, interrupts | 0% open, 5 seconds 0% short, 5 seconds 40%, 0.10 seconds 70%, 0.01 seconds | C C C B | EN 61000-4-11: 94 |

2.13 Reliability

| Nonrecoverable read errors | 1 per 10 ¹⁴ bits read, max. | |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Mean time between failures | 600,000 power-on hours (nominal power, 25°C ambient temperature) | |
| Contact start-stop cycles | 50,000 cycles (at nominal voltage and temperature, with 60 cycles per hour and a 50% duty cycle) | |
| Service Life | 5 Years | |
| Preventive maintenance | None required | |

2.14 Agency certification

2.14.1 Safety certification

The drives are recognized in accordance with UL 1950 and CSA C22.2 (950) and meet all applicable sections of IEC950 and EN 60950 as tested by TUV North America.

2.14.2 Electromagnetic compatibility

Hard drives that display the CE mark comply with the European Union (EU) requirements specified in the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (89/336/EEC). Testing is performed to the levels specified by the product standards for Information Technology Equipment (ITE). Emission levels are defined by EN 55022, Class B and the immunity levels are defined by EN 55024.

Seagate uses an independent laboratory to confirm compliance with the EC directives specified in the previous paragraph. Drives are tested in representative end-user systems. Although CE-marked Seagate drives comply with the directives when used in the test systems, we cannot guarantee that all systems will comply with the directives. The drive is designed for operation inside a properly designed enclosure, with properly shielded I/O cable (if necessary) and terminators on all unused I/O ports. Computer manufacturers and system integrators should confirm EMC compliance and provide CE marking for their products.

Korean RRL

If these drives have the Korea Ministry of Information and Communication (MIC) logo, they comply with paragraph 1 of Article 11 of the Electromagnetic Compatibility control Regulation and meet the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Framework requirements of the Radio Research Laboratory (RRL) Ministry of Information and Communication Republic of Korea.

These drives have been tested and comply with the Electromagnetic Interference/Electromagnetic Susceptibility (EMI/EMS) for Class B products. Drives are tested in a representative, end-user system by a Korean-recognized lab.

• EUT name (model numbers): ST3160022ACE, ST3120025ACE, and ST380012ACE.

• Certificate numbers: ST3160022ACE E-H011-03-0085 (B)

ST3120025ACE E-H011-03-0087 (B) ST380012ACE E-H011-03-0084 (B)

· Trade name or applicant: Seagate Technology

Manufacturing date: January 2003

Manufacturer/nationality: Singapore and China

Australian C-Tick (N176)

If these models have the C-Tick marking, they comply with the Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS3548 1995 and meet the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Framework requirements of the Australian Communication Authority (ACA).

2.14.3 FCC verification

These drives are intended to be contained solely within a personal computer or similar enclosure (not attached as an external device). As such, each drive is considered to be a subassembly even when it is individually marketed to the customer. As a subassembly, no Federal Communications Commission verification or certification of the device is required.

Seagate Technology LLC has tested this device in enclosures as described above to ensure that the total assembly (enclosure, disc drive, motherboard, power supply, etc.) does comply with the limits for a Class B computing device, pursuant to Subpart J, Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation with noncertified assemblies is likely to result in interference to radio and television reception.

Radio and television interference. This equipment generates and uses radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, may cause interference to radio and television reception.

This equipment is designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference in a residential installation. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television, which can be determined by turning the equipment on and off, you are encouraged to try one or more of the following corrective measures:

- · Reorient the receiving antenna.
- Move the device to one side or the other of the radio or TV.
- · Move the device farther away from the radio or TV.
- Plug the computer into a different outlet so that the receiver and computer are on different branch outlets.

If necessary, you should consult your dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions. You may find helpful the following booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission: How to Identify and Resolve Radio-Television Interference Problems. This booklet is available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Refer to publication number 004-000-00345-4.

3.0 Configuring and mounting the drive

This section contains the specifications and instructions for configuring and mounting the drive.

3.1 Handling and static discharge precautions

After unpacking, and before installation, the drive may be exposed to potential handling and electrostatic discharge (ESD) hazards. Observe the following standard handling and static-discharge precautions:

Caution:

- The SeaShell™ replaces electrostatic discharge (ESD) bags. The SeaShell package is a shock-ribbed, transparent clamshell enclosure that limits a drive's exposure to ESD and also protects against external shocks and stresses. The design permits attaching cables, software loading and label/barcode scanning without removing the drive from the SeaShell. This minimizes handling damage. Keep the drive in the SeaShell package until you are ready for installation.
- Before handling the drive, put on a grounded wrist strap, or ground yourself frequently by touching the metal chassis of a computer that is plugged into a grounded outlet. Wear a grounded wrist strap throughout the entire installation procedure.
- · Handle the drive by its edges or frame only.
- The drive is extremely fragile—handle it with care. Do not press down on the drive top cover.
- Always rest the drive on a padded, antistatic surface until you mount it in the computer.
- Do not touch the connector pins or the printed circuit board.
- Do not remove the factory-installed labels from the drive or cover them with additional labels. Removal voids
 the warranty. Some factory-installed labels contain information needed to service the drive. Other labels are
 used to seal out dirt and contamination.

3.2 Breather filter hole precautions

This section contains information regarding the precautions which should be taken regarding the breather filter hole in Seagate hard disc drives. Proper precautions should be taken to ensure full functionality and prevent possible damage to the drive.

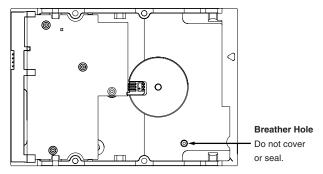


Figure 1. Breather filter hole location

Caution: Do not cover, seal, or insert any object into this hole.

This hole has two purposes:

- · To allow condensation inside the hard disc to escape
- To allow air pressure inside the hard disc to equalize with ambient pressure

Note. If this hole is covered, sealed, or penetrated by any object, the drive reliability may be compromised and could lead to permanent damage—doing so voids the warranty.

3.3 Jumper settings

3.3.1 Master/slave configuration

The options jumper block shown in Figure 1 is used to configure the drive for operation. It is the 8-pin dual header between the interface connector and the power connector. Use the following settings to configure the drive as a master or a slave.

Master or single drive. The drive is configured at the factory for a master or single-drive operation with a jumper set on pins 7 and 8.

Drive as slave. Remove all jumpers.

Drive as master with a non-ATA-compatible slave.

Use this jumper setting only if the drive does not work as a master with no jumpers installed.

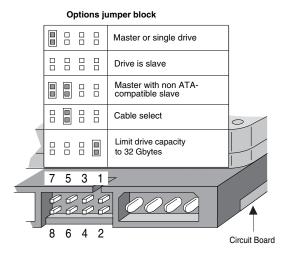


Figure 1. Master/slave jumper settings

3.3.2 Cable-select option

Computers that use cable select determine the master and slave drives by selecting or deselecting pin 28, CSEL, on the interface bus. Master and slave drives are determined by their physical position on the cable. To enable cable select, set a jumper on pins 5 and 6 as shown in Figure 1. Refer to your computer manual to determine whether your computer supports this option.

3.3.3 Alternate capacity jumper

Some older computers may "hang" at startup if their BIOS detects a disc drive with a capacity greater than 32 Gbytes. This limits the drive's capacity to 32 Gbytes when the alternate capacity jumper is used. To access the full capacity of the drive, you can:

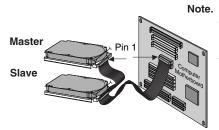
- · Update the BIOS
- Use third-party software such as DiscWizard[™] or Disk Manager
- Use a third-party host adapter

For drives with capacities greater than 32 Gbytes, the alternate capacity jumper changes the total available LBA sectors to 32 Gbytes to solve issues with some BIOS during power on. The ATA Set Features subcommand "F1_H Report Full Capacity Available" causes Identify Data words 60 and 61 to report the full capacity. See Section 4.1.3 on page 28 for more details on the Set Features command.

Windows XP, Windows Me, Windows 98 or newer versions are needed to support drives with capacities greater than 32 Gbytes.

3.3.4 Ultra ATA/100 cable

An 80-conductor 40-pin cable is required to run Ultra DMA mode 3, mode 4 and mode 5. This cable uses even-numbered conductors connected to the ground pins to improve signal integrity.



Note. If you are using a 40-pin, 80-conductor cable, attach the blue connector to the motherboard, the black connector to the master drive, and the gray connector to the slave.

Figure 1. Ultra ATA cable connectors

Note. The drive supports both host and drive cable detection. The host detects the 80-conductor cable by sampling pin 34, CBLID—, on the interface bus. The drive detects the 80-conductor cable by sensing a capacitor at the host side through the CBLID— signal. The result is reported in a Fast Rise Detected bit (bit 13 of word 93 in the Identify drive parameter block).

3.4 Drive mounting

You can mount the drive in any orientation using four screws in the side-mounting holes or four screws in the bottom-mounting holes. See Figure 1 for drive mounting dimensions. Follow these important mounting precautions when mounting the drive:

- Allow a minimum clearance of 0.030 inches (0.76 mm) around the entire perimeter of the drive for cooling.
- · Use only 6-32 UNC mounting screws.
- Do not overtighten the mounting screws (maximum torque: 6 inch-lb).
- Do not use a drive interface cable that is more than 18 inches long.

Notes:

- 1. Dimensions are shown in inches (mm).
- 2 Dimensions per SFF-8301 specification.

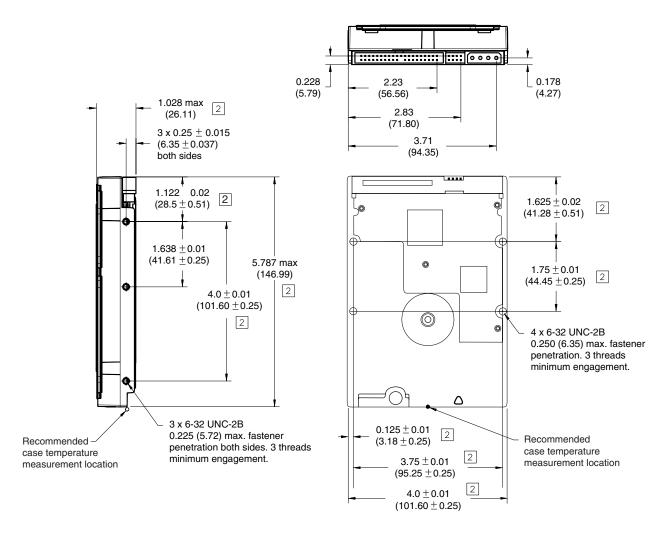


Figure 1. Mounting dimensions—top, side and end view

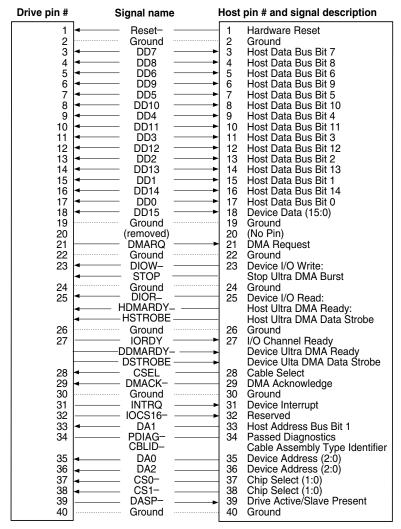
4.0 ATA interface

These drives use the industry-standard ATA task file interface that supports 16-bit data transfers. It supports ATA programmed input/output (PIO) modes 0–4; multiword DMA modes 0–2, and Ultra DMA modes 0–5. The drive also supports the use of the IORDY signal to provide reliable high-speed data transfers.

You can use a daisy-chain cable to connect two drives to a single AT host bus. For detailed information about the ATA interface, refer to the draft of AT Attachment with Packet Interface Extension (ATA/ATAPI-6), NCITS T13 1410D, subsequently referred to as the Draft ATA-6 Standard.

4.1 ATA interface signals and connector pins

Figure 1 on page 22 summarizes the signals on the ATA interface connector that the drive supports. For a detailed description of these signals, refer to the *Draft ATA-6 Standard*.



Pins 28, 34 and 39 are used for master-slave communication (details shown below).

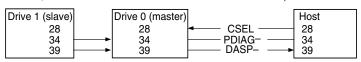


Figure 1. I/O pins and supported ATA signals

4.1.1 Supported ATA commands

The following table lists ATA-standard commands that the drive supports. For a detailed description of the ATA commands, refer to the *Draft ATA-6 Standard*. See "S.M.A.R.T. commands" on page 29 for details and subcommands used in the S.M.A.R.T. implementation.

| Command name | Command code (in hex) | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| ATA-standard commands | | | | |
| Download Microcode | 92 _H | | | |
| Execute Device Diagnostics | 90 _H | | | |
| Flush Cache | E7 _H | | | |
| Flush Cache Extended | EA _H | | | |
| Identify Device | ECH | | | |
| Initialize Device Parameters | 91 _H | | | |
| Read Buffer | E4 _H | | | |
| Read DMA | C8 _{H,} C9 _H | | | |
| Read DMA Extended | 25 _H | | | |
| Read Multiple | C4 _H | | | |
| Read Multiple Extended | 29 _H | | | |
| Read Native Max Address | F8 _H | | | |
| Read Native Max Address Extended | 27 _H | | | |
| Read Sectors | 20 _{H,} 21 _H | | | |
| Read Sectors Extended | 24 _H | | | |
| Read Verify Sectors | 40 _{H,} 41 _H | | | |
| Read Verify Sectors Extended | 42 _H | | | |
| Seek | 70 _H | | | |
| Set Features | EF _H | | | |
| Set Max | F9 _H | | | |
| Note: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right. | Address: 00 _H Password: 01 _H Lock: 02 _H Unlock: 03 _H Freeze Lock: 04 _H | | | |
| Set Multiple Mode | C6 _H | | | |
| S.M.A.R.T. | B0 _H | | | |
| Write Buffer | E8 _H | | | |
| Write DMA | CA _H , CB _H | | | |
| Write DMA Extended | 35 _H | | | |
| Write Multiple | C5 _H | | | |
| Write Multiple Extended | 39 _H | | | |
| Write Sectors | 30 _{H,} 31 _H | | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |

| Command name | Command code (in hex) | |
|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Write Sectors Extended | 34 _H | |
| ATA-standard power-management commands | | |
| Check Power Mode | 98 _H or E5 _H | |
| Idle | 97 _H or E3 _H | |
| Idle Immediate | 95 _H or E1 _H | |
| Sleep | 99 _H or E6 _H | |
| Standby | 96 _H or E2 _H | |
| Standby Immediate | 94 _H or E0 _H | |
| ATA-standard security commands | | |
| Security Set Password | F1 _H | |
| Security Unlock | F2 _H | |
| Security Erase Prepare | F3 _H | |
| Security Erase Unit | F4 _H | |
| Security Freeze Lock | F5 _H | |
| Security Disable Password | F6 _H | |

4.1.2 Identify Device command

The Identify Device command (command code EC_H) transfers information about the drive to the host following power up. The data is organized as a single 512-byte block of data, whose contents are shown in the table on page 27. All reserved bits or words should be set to zero. Parameters listed with an "x" are drive-specific or vary with the state of the drive. See Section 2.0 on page 3 for default parameter settings.

The following commands contain drive-specific features that may not be included in the *Draft ATA-6 Standard*.

| Word | Description | Value |
|-------|--|---|
| 0 | Configuration information: • Bit 15: 0 = ATA; 1 = ATAPI • Bit 7: removable media • Bit 6: removable controller • Bit 0: reserved | 0C5A _H |
| 1 | Number of logical cylinders | 16,383 |
| 2 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 3 | Number of logical heads | 16 |
| 4 | Retired | 0000 _H |
| 5 | Retired | 0000 _H |
| 6 | Number of logical sectors per logical track: 63 | 003F _H |
| 7–9 | Retired | 0000 _H |
| 10–19 | Serial number: (20 ASCII characters, 0000 _H = none) | ASCII |
| 20 | Retired | 0000 _H |
| 21 | Retired | 0400 _H |
| 22 | Obsolete | 0000 _H |
| 23–26 | Firmware revision (8 ASCII character string, padded with blanks to end of string) | x.xx |
| 27–46 | Drive model number (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string) | ST3160022ACE ST3120025ACE ST380012ACE |
| 47 | (Bits 7–0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16) | 8010 _H |
| 48 | Reserved | 0000 _H |
| 49 | Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled | 2F00 _H |
| 50 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 51 | PIO data-transfer cycle timing mode | 0200 _H |
| 52 | Retired | 0200 _H |
| 53 | Words 54–58, 64–70 and 88 are valid | 0007 _H |
| 54 | Number of current logical cylinders | xxxx _H |
| 55 | Number of current logical heads | xxxx _H |
| 56 | Number of current logical sectors per logical track | xxxx _H |
| 57–58 | Current capacity in sectors | xxxx _H |

| Word | Description | Value |
|---------|--|---|
| 59 | Number of sectors transferred during a Read Multiple or Write Multiple command | xxxx _H |
| 60–61 | Total number of user-addressable LBA sectors available (see Section 2.2 for related information) *Note: The maximum value allowed in this field is: 0FFFFFFh (268,435,455 sectors, 137 Gbytes). Drives with capacities over 137 Gbytes will have 0FFFFFFFh in this field and the actual number of user-addressable LBAs specified in words 100-103. This is required for drives that support the 48-bit addressing feature. | ST3160022ACE =0FFFFFFFh* ST3120025ACE = 234,441,648 ST380012ACE = 156,301,488 |
| 62 | Retired | 0000 _H |
| 63 | Multiword DMA active and modes supported (see note following this table) | xx07 _H |
| 64 | Advanced PIO modes supported (modes 3 and 4 supported) | 0003 _H |
| 65 | Minimum multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word (120 nsec) | 0078 _H |
| 66 | Recommended multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word (120 nsec) | 0078 _H |
| 67 | Minimum PIO cycle time without IORDY flow control (240 nsec) | 00F0 _H |
| 68 | Minimum PIO cycle time with IORDY flow control (120 nsec) | 0078 _H |
| 69–74 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 75 | Queue depth | 0000 _H |
| 76–79 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 80 | Major version number | 007E _H |
| 81 | Minor version number | 0000 _H |
| 82 | Command sets supported | 346B _H |
| 83 | Command sets supported | 7D01 _H |
| 84 | Command sets support extension | 4003 _H |
| 85 | Command sets enabled | 34 <i>xx</i> _H |
| 86 | Command sets enabled | 3xxx _H |
| 87 | Command sets enable extension | 4003 _H |
| 88 | Ultra DMA support and current mode (see note following this table) | xx3F _H |
| 89 | Security erase time | 0000 _H |
| 90 | Enhanced security erase time | 0000 _H |
| 92 | Master password revision code | FFFE _H |
| 93 | Hardware reset value (see description following this table) | xxxx _H |
| 95–99 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 100–103 | Total number of user-addressable LBA sectors available (see Section 2.2 for related information) These words are required for drives that support the 48-bit addressing feature. Maximum value: 0000FFFFFFFFFF. | ST3160022ACE = 312,581,808 ST3120025ACE = 234,441,648 ST380012ACE = 156,301,488 |
| 104–127 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |

| Word | Description | Value |
|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| 128 | Security status | 0001 _H |
| 129–159 | Seagate-reserved | xxxx _H |
| 160–254 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 255 | Integrity word | xxA5 _H |

Note. Advanced Power Management (APM) and Automatic Acoustic Management (AAM) features are not supported

Note. See the bit descriptions below for words 63, 88, and 93 of the Identify Drive data:

| Description (if bit is set to 1) | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Bit | Word 63 | | |
| 0 | Multiword DMA mode 0 is supported. | | |
| 1 | Multiword DMA mode 1 is supported. | | |
| 2 | Multiword DMA mode 2 is supported. | | |
| 8 | Multiword DMA mode 0 is currently active. | | |
| 9 | Multiword DMA mode 1 is currently active. | | |
| 10 | Multiword DMA mode 2 is currently active. | | |
| Bit | Word 88 | | |
| 0 | Ultra DMA mode 0 is supported. | | |
| 1 | Ultra DMA mode 1 is supported. | | |
| 2 | Ultra DMA mode 2 is supported. | | |
| 3 | Ultra DMA mode 3 is supported. | | |
| 4 | Ultra DMA mode 4 is supported. | | |
| 8 | Ultra DMA mode 0 is currently active. | | |
| 9 | Ultra DMA mode 1 is currently active. | | |
| 10 | Ultra DMA mode 2 is currently active. | | |
| 11 | Ultra DMA mode 3 is currently active. | | |
| 12 | Ultra DMA mode 4 is currently active. | | |
| 13 | Ultra DMA mode 5 is currently active. | | |

| Bit | Word 93 |
|-----|--|
| 13 | 1 = 80-conductor cable detected, CBLID above V _{IH} 0 = 40-conductor cable detected, CBLID below V _{IL} |

4.1.3 Set Features command

This command controls the implementation of various features that the drive supports. When the drive receives this command, it sets BSY, checks the contents of the Features register, clears BSY and generates an interrupt. If the value in the register does not represent a feature that the drive supports, the command is aborted. Power-on default has the read look-ahead and write caching features enabled. The acceptable values for the Features register are defined as follows:

| 02 _H | Enable write cache (default). | | | | |
|-----------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| 03 _H | Set transfer mode (based on value in Sector Count register). | | | | |
| | Sector Count register values: | | | | |
| | 00 _H | Set PIO mode to default (PIO mode 2). | | | |
| | 01 _H | Set PIO mode to default and disable IORDY (PIO mode 2). | | | |
| | 08 _H | PIO mode 0 | | | |
| | 09 _H | PIO mode 1 | | | |
| | 0A _H | PIO mode 2 | | | |
| | 0B _H PIO mode 3 | | | | |
| | 0C _H PIO mode 4 (default) | | | | |
| | 20 _H Multiword DMA mode 0 | | | | |
| | 21 _H Multiword DMA mode 1 | | | | |
| | 22 _H | Multiword DMA mode 2 | | | |
| | 40 _H | Ultra DMA mode 0 | | | |
| | 41 _H | Ultra DMA mode 1 | | | |
| | 42 _H | Ultra DMA mode 2 | | | |
| | 43 _H | Ultra DMA mode 3 | | | |
| | 44 _H | Ultra DMA mode 4 | | | |
| | 45 _H | Ultra DMA mode 5 | | | |
| 55 _H | Disable read look-ahead (read cache) feature. | | | | |
| 82 _H | Disable write cache. | | | | |
| AA_H | Enable read look-ahead (read cache) feature (default). | | | | |
| F1 _H | Report full capacity available | | | | |

Note. At power-on, or after a hardware or software reset, the default values of the features are as indicated above.

4.1.4 S.M.A.R.T. commands

S.M.A.R.T. provides near-term failure prediction for disc drives. When S.M.A.R.T. is enabled, the drive monitors predetermined drive attributes that are susceptible to degradation over time. If self-monitoring determines that a failure is likely, S.M.A.R.T. makes a status report available to the host. Not all failures are predictable. S.M.A.R.T. predictability is limited to the attributes the drive can monitor. For more information on S.M.A.R.T. commands and implementation, see the *Draft ATA-6 Standard*.

SeaTools diagnostic software activates a built-in drive self-test (DST S.M.A.R.T. command for D4_H) that eliminates unnecessary drive returns. The diagnostic software ships with all new drives and is also available at: http://seatools.seagate.com.

This drive is shipped with S.M.A.R.T. features disabled. You must have a recent BIOS or software package that supports S.M.A.R.T. to enable this feature. The table below shows the S.M.A.R.T. command codes that the drive uses.

| Code in features register | S.M.A.R.T. command |
|---------------------------|--|
| D0 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Read Data |
| D1 _H | Vendor-specific |
| D2 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Attribute Autosave |
| D3 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Save Attribute Values |
| D4 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Execute Off-line Immediate (runs DST) |
| D5 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Read Log Sector |
| D6 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Write Log Sector |
| D7 _H | Vendor-specific |
| D8 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Enable Operations |
| D9 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations |
| DA _H | S.M.A.R.T. Return Status |

Note. If an appropriate code is not written to the Features Register, the command is aborted and 0x04 (abort) is written to the Error register.

5.0 Seagate Technology support services

Online Services

Internet

www.seagate.com for information about Seagate products and services. Worldwide support is available 24 hours daily by e-mail for your questions.

Presales Support: www.seagate.com/support/email/email_presales.html or DiscPresales@Seagate.com

Technical Support: <a href="www.seagate.com/support/email/ema

mySeagate

<u>my.seagate.com</u> is the industry's first Web portal designed specifically for OEMs and distributors. It provides self-service access to critical applications, personalized content and the tools that allow our partners to manage their Seagate account functions. Submit pricing requests, orders and returns through a single, password-protected Web interface—anytime, anywhere in the world.

reseller.seagate.com

<u>reseller.seagate.com</u> supports Seagate resellers with product information, program benefits and sales tools. You may register for customized communications that are not available on the web. These communications contain product launch, EOL, pricing, promotions and other channel-related information. To learn more about the benefits or to register, go to <u>reseller.seagate.com</u>, any time, from anywhere in the world.

Automated Phone Services

SeaFONE® **(1-800-SEAGATE)** is the Seagate toll-free number (1-800-732-4283) to access our automated self-help and directory assistance for Seagate support services. Using a touch-tone phone, you can find service and support phone numbers for disc drives 24 hours daily. International callers can reach this service by dialing +1-405-324-4770.

Presales, Technical Support and Warranty Service

Presales Support

Our Presales Support staff can help you determine which Seagate products are best suited for your specific application or computer system.

Technical Support

If you need help installing your drive, consult your system's documentation or contact the dealer's support services department for assistance specific to your system. Seagate technical support is also available to assist you online at support.seagate.com or through one of our call centers. Have your system configuration information and your drive's "ST" model number available.

SeaTDD™ (+1-405-324-3655) is a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD). You can send questions or comments 24 hours daily and exchange messages with a technical support specialist during normal business hours for the call center in your region.

Warranty Service

Seagate offers worldwide customer support for Seagate drives. Seagate distributors, OEMs and other direct customers should contact their Seagate service center representative for warranty-related issues. Resellers or end users of drive products should contact their place of purchase or one of the Seagate warranty service centers for assistance. Have your drive's "ST" model number and serial number available.

Authorized Service Centers

In some locations outside the US, you can contact an Authorized Service Center for service.

USA/Canada/Latin America Support Services

| Presales Support Call Center Americas | Toll-free 1-877-271-3285 ¹ | Direct dial +1-405-324-4730 ¹ | FAX +1-405-324-4704 |
|--|--|--|---|
| Technical Support Call Center Americas | Toll-free 1-800-SEAGATE ² | Direct dial +1-405-324-4700 ³ | FAX +1-405-324-4702 |
| Warranty Service Call Center USA, Mexico and Latin America | Toll-free 1-800-468-3472 ⁴ | Direct dial +1-405-324-4720 ⁴ | FAX / Internet +1-405-324-4722 |
| Canada <i>Memofix</i> ⁵ | 1-800-636-6349 | +1-905-660-4936 | +1-905-660-4951 www.memofix.com |
| Brazil <i>MA Centro de Serviços</i> ⁵ | _ | +55-21-2509-7267 www.mainformatica.c | +55-21-2507-6672 com.br/produtos.htm |

¹Hours of operation are 8:00 A.M. to 11:45 A.M. and 1:00 P.M. to 6:00 P.M., Monday through Friday (Central time)
²For product-specific phone number
³Hours of operation are 8:00 A.M. to 8:00 P.M., Monday through Friday (Central time)
⁴Hours of operation are 8:30 A.M. to 12:15 P.M. and 1:30 P.M. to 5:30 P.M., Monday through Friday (Central time)

⁵Authorized Service Center

European Support Services

For presales and technical support in Europe, dial the toll-free number for your specific location. If your location is not listed here, dial our presales and technical support call center at +1-405-324-4714 from 8:00 A.M. to 11:45 A.M. and 1:00 P.M. to 5:00 P.M. (Central Europe time) Monday through Friday. The presales and technical support call center is located in Oklahoma City, USA.

For European warranty service, dial the toll-free number for your specific location. If your location is not listed here, dial our European warranty service center at +31-20-316-7222 from 8:30 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. (Central Europe time) Monday through Friday. The warranty service center is located in Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

Toll-Free Support Numbers

| Call Center | Presales and Technical Support | Warranty Service |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Austria | 0 800-20 12 90 | 0 800-20 12 90 |
| Belgium | 00 800-47324283 (00 800-4SEAGATE) | 00 800-47324289 |
| Denmark | 00 800-47324283 | 00 800-47324289 |
| France | 00 800-47324283 | 00 800-47324289 |
| Germany | 00 800-47324283 | 00 800-47324289 |
| Ireland | 00 800-47324283 | 00 800-47324289 |
| Italy | 00 800-47324283 | 00 800-47324289 |
| Netherlands | 00 800-47324283 | 00 800-47324289 |
| Norway | 00 800-47324283 | 00 800-47324289 |
| Poland | 00 800-311 12 38 | 00 800-311 12 38 |
| Spain | 00 800-47324283 | 00 800-47324289 |
| Sweden | 00 800-47324283 | 00 800-47324289 |
| Switzerland | 00 800-47324283 | 00 800-47324289 |
| Turkey | 00 800-31 92 91 40 | 00 800-31 92 91 40 |
| United Kingdom | 00 800-47324283 | 00 800-47324289 |

FAX Services—All Europe (toll call)

Technical Support +1-405-324-4702 Warranty Service +31-20-653-3513

Africa/Middle East Support Services

For presales and technical support in Africa and the Middle East, dial our presales and technical support call center at +1-405-324-4714 from 8:00 A.M. to 11:45 A.M. and 1:00 P.M. to 5:00 P.M. (Central Europe time) Monday through Friday. The presales and technical support call center is located in Oklahoma City, USA.

For warranty service in Africa and the Middle East, dial our European warranty service center at +31-20-316-7222 from 8:30 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. (Central Europe time) Monday through Friday, or send a FAX to +31-20-653-3513. The warranty service center is located in Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

Asia/Pacific Support Services

For Asia/Pacific presales and technical support, dial the toll-free number for your specific location. The Asia/Pacific toll-free numbers are available from 6:00 A.M. to 10:45 A.M. and 12:00 P.M. to 6:00 P.M. (Australian Eastern time) Monday through Friday, except as noted. If your location is not listed here, direct dial one of our technical support locations. Warranty service is available from 9:00 A.M. to 6:00 P.M. April through October, and 10:00 P.M. to 7:00 P.M. November through March (Australian Eastern time) Monday through Friday.

| Call Center | Toll-free | Direct dial | FAX |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Australia | 1800-14-7201 | _ | _ |
| China (Mandarin) ^{1, 4} | 800-810-9668 | +86-10-6225-5336 | _ |
| Hong Kong | 800-90-0474 | _ | _ |
| Hong Kong (Cantonese) ^{1, 4} | 001-800-0830-1730 | _ | _ |
| India ^{2, 4} | 1-600-33-1104 | _ | _ |
| Indonesia | 001-803-1-003-2165 | _ | _ |
| Japan ^{3, 4} | 0034 800 400 554 | _ | _ |
| Malaysia | 1-800-80-2335 | _ | _ |
| New Zealand | 0800-443988 | _ | _ |
| Singapore | 800-1101-150 | _ | +65-6488-7525 |
| Taiwan (Mandarin) ^{1, 4} | 00-800-0830-1730 | _ | _ |
| Thailand | 001-800-11-0032165 | _ | _ |
| Warranty Service | | | |
| Call Center | Toll-free | Direct dial | FAX |
| Asia/Pacific | _ | +65-6485-3595 | +65-6485-4860 |
| Australia | 1800-12-9277 | _ | _ |
| India ⁴ | _ | +91-44-821-6164 | +91-44-827-2461 |
| | | | |

¹Hours of operation are 8:30 A.M. to 5:30 P.M., Monday through Friday (Australian Western time).

²Hours of operation are 9:00 A.M. to 6:00 P.M., Monday through Saturday.

³Hours of operation are 9:30 A.M. to 6:30 P.M., Monday through Friday (Japan time).

⁴Authorized Service Center

| Index | data-transfer rates 1 DC power 6 |
|---|---|
| Numerics | density 5 Diagnostic Defense 1 |
| 3D Defense System 1 | diagnostic software 1, 29 discs 5 |
| A | DiscWizard 17 Disk Manager 17 |
| acoustics 11 | dissipation 7 |
| Active mode 9 | Download Microcode 23 |
| agency certification (regulatory) 13 alternate capacity jumper 17 | Drive Defense 1 |
| altitude 10 | drive diagnostics 6 drive monitoring 1 |
| ambient conditions 3 | drive self-test 1, 29 |
| ambient temperature 6, 10 areal density 1, 5 | DST 29 |
| ATA interface 21 ATA-standard commands 23 | E |
| Australian C-Tick 13 | electrical fast transient 12 |
| autodetection 1 | electromagnetic compatibility 13 Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 13 |
| average seek time 6 | electromagnetic immunity 12 |
| В | electrostatic discharge 12 |
| BIOS 17 | EMC compliance 13 EN 60950 13 |
| BPI 5 | enclosures 13 |
| breather filter hole precautions 16 | environmental specifications 10 |
| buffer 5 burst 1 | EPRML 1, 5 error-correction algorithms 1 |
| | errors 12 |
| C | European Union 13 |
| cable 18 | Execute Device Diagnostics 23 |
| cable select 1 cable-select option 17 | F |
| cache 1, 5 | failure prediction 29 |
| case temperature 10 | FCC verification 13 |
| CE mark 13 certification 13 | Features register 28 |
| Check Power Mode 24 | Flush Cache 23 Flush Cache Extended 23 |
| commands 23 | formatted capacity 5 |
| compliance 13 conducted noise 9 | frequency 12 |
| conducted RF immunity 12 | G |
| configuring the drive 15 | GMR 1 |
| connector pins 21 connectors 18 | guaranteed sectors 5 |
| contact start-stop cycles 12 | Н |
| CSA C22.2 (950) 13 CSEL 17 | |
| C-Tick 13 | handling 15 heads 1, 5 |
| current profile 8 | height 6 |
| cycles 12 | humidity 10 |
| D | 1 |
| Data Defense 1 | I/O data-transfer rate 5 |

| Identify Device 23 Identify Device command 25 | P |
|--|---|
| Idle 7, 24 Idle and Standby timers 9 Idle Immediate 24 Idle mode 9 Idle mode power 7 IEC950 13 Information Technology Equipment 13 Initialize Device Parameters 23 interface 5, 21 interface signals 21 interference 13 interleave 5 internal data-transfer rate OD 5 ISO document 7779 11 | physical characteristics 6 physical organization 5 pins 21 PIO 21 power consumption 7 power dissipation 7 power management 9 power specifications 6 power-management commands 24 power-management modes 9 Power-on to Ready 6 precautions 18 preventive maintenance 12 programmable power management 9 |
| J | R |
| jumper settings 17 K Korean RRL 13 L LBA mode 5 length 6 logical geometry 5 | radiated RF immunity 12 radio and television interference 14 radio frequency (RF) 12 random track location 7 Read Buffer 23 Read DMA 23 Read DMA Extended 23 read errors 12 Read Multiple 1, 23 Read Multiple Extended 23 Read Native Max Address 23 |
| M | Read Native Max Address Extended 23 |
| maintenance 12 master 17 master/slave 1 Master/slave configuration 17 maximum temperature 10 Mean time between failures (MTBF) 12 modes 21 monitoring 1 mounting the drive 15, 18 N noise 9 nominal power 3 nonoperating shock 11 nonoperating vibration 11 nonrecoverable read errors 12 | Read Sectors 23 Read Sectors Extended 23 Read Verify Sectors 23 Read Verify Sectors Extended 23 read/write heads 5 read/write power and current 7 recording and interface technology 5 recording density 5 recording heads 1 recording method 5 register 28 relative humidity 10 reliability 12 resistance 9 resistive load 9 RF 12 |
| 0 | S.M.A.R.T. 23 |
| operating 7 operating power and current 7 operating shock 11 operating vibration 11 orientation 18 | S.M.A.R.T. commands 29 S.M.A.R.T. drive monitoring 1 safety certification 13 screws 18 SeaShell 15 SeaTools 1, 29 |

sectors 5 security commands 24 Security Disable Password 24 Security Erase Prepare 24 Security Erase Unit 24 Security Freeze Lock 24 Security Set Password 24 Security Unlock 24 Seek 23 seek mode 7 seek time 6 Seeking 7 Service Life 12 servo electronics 7 Set Features 23 Set Features command 28 Set Max 23 Set Multiple Mode 23 shock 11 signals 21 single-track seeks 6 slave 17 Sleep 7, 24 Sleep mode 9 sound 11 specifications 3 Spinup 7 spinup power 7 Standby 7, 24 Standby Immediate 24 Standby mode 7, 9 Standby to Ready 6 start/stop times 6 start-stop cycles 12 static-discharge precautions 15 stop times 6 subassembly 13 support services 31 surge immunity 12

Т

technical support services 31 temperature 10 temperature gradient 10 timers 9 track density 5 track-to-track seek time 6 TUV North America 13

U

UL 1950 13 Ultra ATA/100 18 Ultra DMA 18

٧

vibration 11 voltage 9 voltage dips, interrupts 12 voltage tolerance 9

W

weight 6
wet bulb temperature 10
width 6
Write Buffer 23
Write DMA 23
Write DMA Extended 23
Write Multiple 1, 23
Write Multiple Extended 23
Write Sectors 23
Write Sectors Extended 24

