# **TOSHIBA**

# PORTÉGÉ M400

# **Portable Personal Computer**

# **User's Manual**

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TOSHIBA PORTÉGÉ M400 Portable Personal Computer User's Manual

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# **FCC information**

## Product Name : PORTÉGÉ M400

#### FCC notice "Declaration of Conformity Information"

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



Only peripherals complying with the FCC class B limits may be attached to this equipment. Operation with non-compliant peripherals or peripherals not recommended by TOSHIBA is likely to result in interference to radio and TV reception. Shielded cables must be used between the external devices and the computer's external monitor port, USB port, IEEE1394 port and microphone jack. Changes or modifications made to this equipment, not expressly approved by TOSHIBA or parties authorized by TOSHIBA could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### **FCC conditions**

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

#### Contact

Address: TOSHIBA America Information Systems, Inc. 9740 Irvine Boulevard Irvine, California 92618-1697 Telephone: (949) 583-3000

# **EU Declaration of Conformity**



TOSHIBA declares, that the product: PPM40\* conforms to the following Standards:

Supplementary Information:

"The product complies with the requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC, the EMC Directive 89/336/EEC and/or the R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC."

This product is carrying the CE-Mark in accordance with the related European Directives. Responsible for CE-Marking is TOSHIBA Europe, Hammfelddamm 8, 41460 Neuss, Germany.

# VCCI Class B Information

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# Modem warning notice

# **Conformity Statement**

The equipment has been approved to [Commission Decision "CTR21"] for pan-European single terminal connection to the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN).

However, due to differences between the individual PSTNs provided in different countries/regions the approval does not, of itself, give an unconditional assurance of successful operation on every PSTN network termination point.

In the event of problems, you should contact your equipment supplier in the first instance.

#### **Network Compatibility Statement**

This product is designed to work with, and is compatible with the following networks. It has been tested to and found to conform with the additional requirements conditional in EG 201 121.

Germany	ATAAB AN005, AN006, AN007, AN009, AN010 and DE03, 04, 05, 08, 09, 12, 14, 17
Greece	ATAAB AN005, AN006 and GR01, 02, 03, 04
Portugal	ATAAB AN001,005,006,007,011 and P03,04,08,10
Spain	ATAAB AN005,007,012, and ES01
Switzerland	ATAAB AN002
All other countries/regions	ATAAB AN003,004

Specific switch settings or software setup are required for each network, please refer to the relevant sections of the user guide for more details.

The hookflash (timed break register recall) function is subject to separate national type approvals. It has not been tested for conformity to national type regulations, and no guarantee of successful operation of that specific function on specific national networks can be given.

# Japan regulations

## **Region selection**

If you are using the computer in Japan, technical regulations described in the Telecommunications Business Law require that you select the Japan region mode. It is illegal to use the modem in Japan with any other selection.

#### Redial

Up to two redial attempts can be made. If more than two redial attempts are made, the modem will return **Black Listed**. If you are experiencing problems with the Black Listed code, set the interval between redials at one minute or longer.

Japan's Telecommunications Business Law permits up to two redials on analogue telephones, but the redials must be made within a total of three minutes.

The internal modem is approved by Japan Approvals Institute for Telecommunications Equipment.





One of the labels is located on the module.

# Pursuant to FCC CFR 47, Part 68:

When you are ready to install or use the modem, call your local telephone company and give them the following information:

- The telephone number of the line to which you will connect the modem
- The registration number that is located on the device

The FCC registration number of the modem will be found on either the device which is to be installed, or, if already installed, on the bottom of the computer outside of the main system label.

The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) of the modem, which can vary. For the REN of your modem, refer to your modem's label.

The modem connects to the telephone line by means of a standard jack called the USOC RJ11C.

#### Type of service

Your modem is designed to be used on standard-device telephone lines. Connection to telephone company-provided coin service (central office implemented systems) is prohibited. Connection to party lines service is subject to state tariffs. If you have any questions about your telephone line, such as how many pieces of equipment you can connect to it, the telephone company will provide this information upon request.

#### **Telephone company procedures**

The goal of the telephone company is to provide you with the best service it can. In order to do this, it may occasionally be necessary for them to make changes in their equipment, operations, or procedures. If these changes might affect your service or the operation of your equipment, the telephone company will give you notice in writing to allow you to make any changes necessary to maintain uninterrupted service.

#### If problems arise

If any of your telephone equipment is not operating properly, you should immediately remove it from your telephone line, as it may cause harm to the telephone network. If the telephone company notes a problem, they may temporarily discontinue service. When practical, they will notify you in advance of this disconnection. If advance notice is not feasible, you will be notified as soon as possible. When you are notified, you will be given the opportunity to correct the problem and informed of your right to file a complaint with the FCC. In the event repairs are ever needed on your modem, they should be performed by TOSHIBA Corporation or an authorized representative of TOSHIBA Corporation.

#### Disconnection

If you should ever decide to permanently disconnect your modem from its present line, please call the telephone company and let them know of this change.

#### Fax branding

The Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991 makes it unlawful for any person to use a computer or other electronic device to send any message via a telephone fax machine unless such message clearly contains in a margin at the top or bottom of each transmitted page or on the first page of the transmission, the date and time it is sent and an identification of the business, other entity or individual sending the message and the telephone number of the sending machine or such business, other entity or individual. In order to program this information into your fax modem, you should complete the setup of your fax software before sending messages.

# Instructions for IC CS-03 certified equipment

 The Industry Canada label identifies certified equipment. This certification means that the equipment meets certain telecommunications network protective, operational and safety requirements as prescribed in the appropriate Terminal Equipment Technical Requirements document(s). The Department does not guarantee the equipment will operate to the user's satisfaction.

Before installing this equipment, users should ensure that it is permissible to be connected to the facilities of the local telecommunications company. The equipment must also be installed using an acceptable method of connection.

The customer should be aware that compliance with the above conditions may not prevent degradation of service in some situations. Repairs to certified equipment should be coordinated by a representative designated by the supplier. Any repairs or alterations made by the user to this equipment, or equipment malfunctions, may give the telecommunications company cause to request the user to disconnect the equipment.

Users should ensure for their own protection that the electrical ground connections of the power utility, telephone lines and internal metallic water pipe systems, if present, are connected together. This precaution may be particularly important in rural areas.



Users should not attempt to make such connections themselves, but should contact the appropriate electric inspection authority, or electrician, as appropriate.

2. The user manual of analog equipment must contain the equipment's Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) and an explanation notice similar to the following:

The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) of the modem, which can vary. For the REN of your modem, refer to your modem's label.



The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) assigned to each terminal device provides an indication of the maximum number of terminals allowed to be connected to a telephone interface. The termination on an interface may consist of any combination of devices subject only to the requirement that the sum of the Ringer Equivalence Numbers of all the devices does not exceed 5.

 The standard connecting arrangement (telephone jack type) for this equipment is jack type(s): USOC RJ11C. The IC registration number of the modem is shown below.

Canada: 4005B-ATHENS

# Notes for Users in Australia and New Zealand

### Modem warning notice for Australia

Modems connected to the Australian telecoms network must have a valid Austel permit. This modem has been designed to specifically configure to ensure compliance with Austel standards when the country/region selection is set to Australia. The use of other country/region setting while the modem is attached to the Australian PSTN would result in you modem being operated in a non-compliant manner. To verify that the country/region is correctly set, enter the command ATI which displays the currently active setting.

To set the country/region permanently to Australia, enter the following command sequence:

AT%TE=1 ATS133=1 AT&F AT&W AT%TE=0 ATZ

Failure to set the modem to the Australia country/region setting as shown above will result in the modem being operated in a non-compliant manner. Consequently, there would be no permit in force for this equipment and the Telecoms Act 1991 prescribes a penalty of \$12,000 for the connection of non-permitted equipment.

#### Notes for use of this device in New Zealand

- The grant of a Telepermit for a device in no way indicates Telecom acceptance of responsibility for the correct operation of that device under all operating conditions. In particular the higher speeds at which this modem is capable of operating depend on a specific network implementation which is only one of many ways of delivering high quality voice telephony to customers. Failure to operate should not be reported as a fault to Telecom.
- In addition to satisfactory line conditions a modem can only work properly if:
  - a/ it is compatible with the modem at the other end of the call and.
  - b/ the application using the modem is compatible with the application at the other end of the call - e.g., accessing the Internet requires suitable software in addition to a modem.
- This equipment shall not be used in any manner which could constitute a nuisance to other Telecom customers.

Some parameters required for compliance with Telecom's PTC Specifications are dependent on the equipment (PC) associated with this modem. The associated equipment shall be set to operate within the following limits for compliance with Telecom Specifications:

- a/ There shall be no more than 10 call attempts to the same number within any 30 minute period for any single manual call initiation, and
- b/ The equipment shall go on-hook for a period of not less than 30 seconds between the end of one attempt and the beginning of the next.
- c/ Automatic calls to different numbers shall be not less than 5 seconds apart.
- Immediately disconnect this equipment should it become physically damaged, and arrange for its disposal or repair.
- The correct settings for use with this modem in New Zealand are as follows:

ATB0 (CCITT operation)

AT&G2 (1800 Hz guard tone)

AT&P1 (Decadic dialing make-break ratio =33%/67%)

ATS0=0 (not auto answer)

ATS6=4 (Blind dial delay)

ATS7=less than 90 (Time to wait to carrier after dialing)

ATS10=less than 150 (loss of carrier to hangup delay, factory default of 15 recommended)

ATS11=90 (DTMF dialing on/off duration=90 ms)

ATX2 (Dial tone detect, but not (U.S.A.) call progress detect)

- When used in the Auto Answer mode, the S0 register must be set with a value of 3 or 4. This ensures:
  - a person calling your modem will hear a short burst of ringing before the modem answers. This confirms that the call has been successfully switched through the network.
  - caller identification information (which occurs between the first and second ring cadences) is not destroyed.
- The preferred method of dialing is to use DTMF tones (ATDT...) as this is faster and more reliable than pulse (decadic) dialing. If for some reason you must use decadic dialing, your communications program must be set up to record numbers using the following translation table as this modem does not implement the New Zealand "Reverse Dialing" standard.

Number to be dialed: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Number to program into computer: 0 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Note that where DTMF dialing is used, the numbers should be entered normally.

- The transmit level from this device is set at a fixed level and because of this there may be circumstances where the performance is less than optimal. Before reporting such occurrences as faults, please check the line with a standard Telepermitted telephone, and only report a fault if the phone performance is impaired.
- It is recommended that this equipment be disconnected from the Telecom line during electrical storms.
- When relocating the equipment, always disconnect the Telecom line connection before the power connection, and reconnect the power first.
- This equipment may not be compatible with Telecom Distinctive Alert cadences and services such as FaxAbility.

# NOTE THAT FAULT CALLOUTS CAUSED BY ANY OF THE ABOVE CAUSES MAY INCUR A CHARGE FROM TELECOM

# **General conditions**

As required by PTC 100, please ensure that this office is advised of any changes to the specifications of these products which might affect compliance with the relevant PTC Specifications.

The grant of this Telepermit is specific to the above products with the marketing description as stated on the Telepermit label artwork. The Telepermit may not be assigned to other parties or other products without Telecom approval.

A Telepermit artwork for each device is included from which you may prepare any number of Telepermit labels subject to the general instructions on format, size and color on the attached sheet.

The Telepermit label must be displayed on the product at all times as proof to purchasers and service personnel that the product is able to be legitimately connected to the Telecom network.

The Telepermit label may also be shown on the packaging of the product and in the sales literature, as required in PTC 100.

The charge for a Telepermit assessment is \$337.50. An additional charge of \$337.50 is payable where an assessment is based on reports against non-Telecom New Zealand Specifications. \$112.50 is charged for each variation when submitted at the same time as the original.

An invoice for \$NZ1237.50 will be sent under separate cover.

# Following information is only for EU-member states:



The use of the symbol indicates that this product may not be treated as household waste. By ensuring this product is disposed of correctly, you will help prevent potential negative consequences for the environment and human health, which could otherwise be caused by inappropriate waste handling of this product. For more detailed information about recycling of this product, please contact your local city office, your household waste disposal service or the shop where you purchased the product.

# **Description on Laser specification**

The optical drive such as DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive and DVD Super Multi drive that is used in this computer is equipped with laser. The classification label with the following sentence is affixed to the surface of the drive.

CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT LASER KLASSE 1 LUOKAN 1 LASERLAITE APPAREIL A LASER DE CLASSE 1 KLASS 1 LASER APPARAT

The drive with the above label is certified by the manufacturer that the drive complies with the requirement for laser product on the date of manufacturing pursuant to article 21 of Code of Federal Regulations by the United States of America, Department of Health & Human Services, Food and Drug Administration.

In other countries, the drive is certified to comply with the requirement pursuant to IEC 825 and EN60825 on class 1 laser product.

This computer is equipped with the optical drive in the following list according to the model.

Manufacturer	Туре
MATSUSHITA	UJDA765
MATSUSHITA	UJ-842

# **Table of Contents**

#### Preface

anual contents xxi
onventionsxxii
Abbreviationsxxii
Icons xxii
Keysxxii
Key operationxxiii
Displayxxiii
Messagesxxiii
Terminology

#### **General Precautions**

Stress injury	• •	• •	• •	• •	•	 • •	•	• •	•	• •	•	•	 •	•	• •	 •	• •	.xxv
Heat injury						 							 		• •			.xxv
Pressure or impact damage.						 							 					.xxv
PC card overheating						 							 					xxvi
Mobile phone						 							 					xxvi

#### Introduction

quipment checklist	1
Hardware	1
Software	2
Documentation	2
eatures	3
pecial features	0
OSHIBA Value Added Package 1-1	3
OSHIBA Tablet PC Extension	4
tilities and Applications 1-1	4
ptions	8

#### **The Grand Tour**

Front with the display closed	2-1
Left side	2-3
Right side	2-4
Back side	2-5
Underside	2-7

Front with the display open 2-9
System indicators 2-12
Keyboard indicators 2-13
USB floppy disk drive 2-14
Optical media drives 2-15
Region codes for DVD drives and media 2-15
Writable discs
CDs
DVDs
Formats
DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive 2-16
DVD Super Multi drive Double Layer
AC adaptor
Optime Otomo d
Getting Started
Setting up your work space
General conditions
Placement of the computer
Seating and posture
Lighting
Work habits
Strategic Rest Breaks
Other Things to Note
Operating the computer in Tablet mode 3-6
Connecting the AC adaptor 3-9
Opening the display 3-11
Turning on the power 3-11
Starting up for the first time 3-12
Turning off the power
Shut Down mode (Boot Mode) 3-12
Sleep Mode 3-13
Hibernation Mode 3-15
Restarting the computer 3-16
System Recovery Options 3-17
System Recovery Options 3-17
System Recovery
Creating a Optical Recovery Discs
Restoring the pre-installed software
from the Recovery hard disk drive
Restoring the pre-installed software
from your created Recovery Discs

0	perating	<b>Basics</b>

Using the Touch Pad 4-1
Using the Tablet PC Pen and Reserve Pen 4-2
Removing the Tablet PC Pen 4-4
Inserting the Tablet PC Pen 4-4
Pen actions
Single tap
Double tap
Press and hold
Drag
Drag and drop 4-5
Replacing the pen tip4-5
Removing the Reserve Pen case 4-6
Inserting the Reserve Pen case
Storing and Removing the Reserve Pen
from the Reserve Pen case 4-7
Changing to the Tablet mode 4-8
Changing the screen orientation
Method 1: Changing the screen orientation using
TOSHIBA Accelerometer Utilities and TOSHIBA Rotation Utility 4-11
Method 2: Changing the screen orientation using
Cross Function Button 4-11
Method 3: Changing the screen orientation using Task Bar 4-12
Using Accelerometer Utilities 4-12
Changing to the Laptop mode 4-13
Using the Fingerprint Sensor
How to Swipe your Finger 4-14
Points to note about the Fingerprint Sensor
Points to note about the Fingerprint Utility software
Set Up Procedure
Windows Logon via Fingerprint Authentication
Fingerprint Power-on Security 4-18
Fingerprint Single Sign-on Feature
Using the USB floppy disk drive4-21
Connecting USB floppy disk drive
Disconnecting USB floppy disk drive
Changing Ultra Slim Bay modules
Removing a module
Inserting a module
Using optical media drives 4-24
Loading discs
Removing discs
How to remove CD/DVD when the disc tray will not open 4-27

Writing CDs on DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive	4-27
Before writing or rewriting	4-28
When writing or rewriting	4-29
Writing CD/DVDs on DVD Super Multi drive	4-29
Important message	4-30
Legal Footnotes.	4-30
Before writing or rewriting	4-30
When writing or rewriting	4-33
TOSHIBA Disc Creator	4-33
When Using Ulead DVD MovieFactory <sup>®</sup> for TOSHIBA	4-35
Media care	4-37
CD/DVDs	4-37
Floppy disks	4-37
Sound System	4-38
Volume Mixer.	4-38
Microphone Level	4-38
Audio Enhancements	4-38
TOSHIBA Mic Effect	4-39
Modem	4-40
Region selection	4-40
Properties menu	4-41
Setting	4-41
Modem Selection.	
Dialing Properties	4-41
Connecting	4-42
Disconnecting	4-43
Wireless communications	4-43
Wireless LAN.	4-43
Setting	4-44
Security	4-44
Bluetooth wireless technology	4-44
Wireless communication switch	4-46
Wireless communication Indicator.	4-46
LAN	4-47
LAN cable types	4-47
Connecting LAN cable	
Disconnecting LAN cable	4-48
Cleaning the computer	4-48
Moving the computer	4-49
Using the Hard Disk Drive (HDD) Protection	
TOSHIBA HDD Protection Properties	4-50
Details	4-51
Heat dispersal	4-52

# The Keyboard

The Reyboard
Typewriter keys 5-1
Function keys: F1 F12 5-2
Soft keys: Fn key combinations5-2
Emulating keys on enhanced keyboard
Hot keys
Fn Sticky key
Windows special keys5-6
Keypad overlay
Turning on the overlays
Temporarily using normal keyboard (overlay on)
Temporarily using overlay (overlay off)
Temporarily changing modes
Generating ASCII characters 5-8
Proventing the Market
Power and Power-Up Modes
Power conditions
Power indicators
Battery indicator
DC IN indicator
Power indicator
Battery types
Battery pack
Slice Expansion Battery (Provided with some models, or option) 6-6
Real Time Clock (RTC) battery
Care and use of the battery pack
Safety precautions
Charging the batteries
Monitoring battery capacity 6-11
Maximizing battery operating time
Retaining data with power off6-12
Extending battery life 6-13
Replacing the battery pack 6-13
TOSHIBA Password Utility
User Password

 Supervisor Password.
 6-17

 Starting the computer by password.
 6-18

 Tablet mode.
 6-19

<b>HW Setup</b>	
-----------------	--

Accessing HW Setup
HW Setup window
Configuring the Execute-Disable Bit Capability and TPM7-8
Starting and Ending the BIOS Setup Program
Execute-Disable Bit Capability
LCD Display Stretch
Security controller
Diagnostic Mode
Optional Devices
PC card
Inserting a PC card
Removing a PC card 8-3
Bridge media slot
Media care
SD card
Memory Stick/Memory Stick Pro 8-6
xD picture card
Memory expansion 8-9
Installing memory module
Removing memory module 8-13
Battery Pack
Universal AC Adaptor 8-14
Slice Expansion Battery 8-15
Connecting the Slice Expansion Battery 8-15
Disconnecting the Slice Expansion Battery
Battery Charger 8-17
HDD Kit (Serial-ATA) 8-17
Removing the hard disk drive pack
Installing the HDD Kit (Serial-ATA) 8-18
Ultra Slim Bay HDD Adaptor 8-19
USB FDD Kit
Tablet PC Pen         8-21
Reserve Pen
External monitor
i.LINK (IEEE1394)
Precautions
Connecting
Disconnecting
TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator
Security lock

# Troubleshooting

Problem solving process
Preliminary checklist9-2
Analyzing the problem
Hardware and system checklist9-3
System start-up
Self test
Power
Password
Keyboard
Internal LCD display panel
Hard disk drive
DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive
DVD Super Multi drive
USB floppy disk drive
PC card
SD card
Memory Stick/Memory Stick Pro
xD picture card
Pointing device
Fingerprint Sensor
USB device
Memory expansion
Sound system
External monitor
i.LINK (IEEE1394) device
Modem
LAN
Wireless LAN
Bluetooth
Disposing of PC and PC batteries
TOSHIBA support
Before you call
Where to write
Legal Footnotes
CPU*1
64-Bit Computing
Memory (Main System)*2
Battery Life *3
Hard Disk Drive (HDD) Capacity *4
LCD*5
Graphics Processor Unit ("GPU") *6

Wireless LAN *7	10-4
Non-applicable lcons*8	10-4
Copy Protection*9	1 <b>0-4</b>
Images*10	10-4

**Appendix A Specifications** 

**Appendix B Display Controller and Modes** 

**Appendix C AT Commands** 

**Appendix D S-registers** 

Appendix E V.90

Appendix F Wireless LAN

Appendix G TOSHIBA RAID

Appendix H Bluetooth wireless technology Interoperability

**Appendix I AC Power Cord and Connectors** 

Appendix J TOSHIBA Anti-theft Protection Timer

Glossary

Index

# Preface

Congratulations on your purchase of the PORTÉGÉ M400 computer. This powerful notebook computer provides excellent expansion capability, including multimedia devices, and it is designed to provide years of reliable, high-performance computing.

This manual tells how to set up and begin using your PORTÉGÉ M400 computer. It also provides detailed information on configuring your computer, basic operations and care, using optional devices and troubleshooting.

If you are a new user of computers or if you're new to portable computing, first read over the *Introduction* and *The Grand Tour* chapters to familiarize yourself with the computer's features, components and accessory devices. Then read *Getting Started* for step-by-step instructions on setting up your computer.

If you are an experienced computer user, please continue reading the preface to learn how this manual is organized, then become acquainted with this manual by browsing through its pages. Be sure to look over the *Special features* section of the Introduction, to learn about features that are uncommon or unique to the computers and carefully read *HW Setup*.

If you are going to install PC cards or connect external devices such as a monitor, be sure to read Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*.

# Manual contents

This manual is made up of the following.

Chapter 1, *Introduction*, is an overview of the computer's features, capabilities, and options.

Chapter 2, *The Grand Tour*, identifies the components of the computer and briefly explains how they function.

Chapter 3, *Getting Started*, provides a quick overview of how to begin operating your computer and gives tips on safety and designing your work area.

Chapter 4, *Operating Basics*, This chapter describes the basic operations of your computer and precautions when using it, as well as the handling of CD/DVD.

Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*, describes special keyboard functions including the keypad overlay and hot keys.

Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*, gives details on the computer's power resources and battery save modes and how to set a password.

Chapter 7, *HW Setup*, explains how to configure the computer using the HW Setup program and TPM.

Chapter 8, Optional Devices, describes the optional hardware available.

Chapter 9, *Troubleshooting*, provides helpful information on how to perform some diagnostic tests, and suggests courses of action if the computer doesn't seem to be working properly.

Chapter 10, *Legal Footnotes*, provides Legal Footnotes information related to your computer.

The *Appendixes* provide technical information about your computer.

The *Glossary* defines general computer terminology and includes a list of acronyms used in the text.

The *Index* quickly directs you to the information contained in this manual.

# Conventions

This manual uses the following formats to describe, identify, and highlight terms and operating procedures.

#### **Abbreviations**

On first appearance, and whenever necessary for clarity, abbreviations are enclosed in parentheses following their definition. For example: Read Only Memory (ROM). Acronyms are also defined in the Glossary.

#### Icons

Icons identify ports, dials, and other parts of your computer. The indicator panel also uses icons to identify the components it is providing information on.

#### Keys

The keyboard keys are used in the text to describe many computer operations. A distinctive typeface identifies the key top symbols as they appear on the keyboard. For example, **Enter** identifies the Enter key.

### Key operation

Some operations require you to simultaneously use two or more keys. We identify such operations by the key top symbols separated by a plus sign (+). For example, Ctrl + C means you must hold down Ctrl and at the same time press **C**. If three keys are used, hold down the first two and at the same time press the third.

ABC When procedures require an action such as clicking an icon or entering text, the icon's name or the text you are to type in is represented in the type face you see to the left.

# Display



ABC

Names of windows or icons or text generated by the computer that appear on its display screen are presented in the type face you see to the left.

# Messages

Messages are used in this manual to bring important information to your attention. Each type of message is identified as shown below.



Pay attention! A caution informs you that improper use of equipment or failure to follow instructions may cause data loss or damage your equipment.



Please read. A note is a hint or advice that helps you make best use of your equipment.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which could result in death or serious injury, if you do not follow instructions.

# Terminology

This term is defined in this document as follows:

Start

The word "**Start**" refers to the " 🚳 " button in Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows Vista<sup>TM</sup>.

# **General Precautions**

TOSHIBA computers are designed to optimize safety, minimize strain and withstand the rigors of portability. However, certain precautions should be observed to further reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to the computer.

Be certain to read the general precautions below and to note the cautions included in the text of the manual.

# **Stress injury**

Carefully read the *Instruction Manual for Safety and Comfort*. It contains information on prevention of stress injuries to your hands and wrists than can be caused by extensive keyboard use. Chapter 3, *Getting Started*, also includes information on work space design, posture and lighting that can help reduce physical stress.

# Heat injury

- Avoid prolonged physical contact with the computer. If the computer is used for long periods, its surface can become very warm. While the temperature will not feel hot to the touch, if you maintain physical contact with the computer for a long time (if you rest the computer on your lap, or if you keep your hands on the palm rest, for example) your skin might suffer low-heat injury.
- If the computer has been used for a long time, avoid direct contact with the metal plate supporting the I/O ports. It can become hot.
- The surface of the AC adaptor can become hot when in use. This condition does not indicate a malfunction. If you need to transport the AC adaptor, disconnect it and let it cool before moving it.
- Do not lay the AC adaptor on a material that is sensitive to heat. The material could be damaged.

# Pressure or impact damage

Do not apply heavy pressure to the computer or subject it to strong impact. Excessive pressure or impact can cause damage to computer components or otherwise cause malfunctions.

# PC card overheating

Some PC cards can become hot with prolonged use. Overheating of a PC card can result in errors or instability in the PC card operation. Also be careful when you remove a PC card that has been used for a long time.

# Mobile phone

Use of mobile phones can interfere with the audio system. Computer operation is not impaired but it is recommended that a distance of 30 cm be maintained between the computer and a mobile phone in use.

# **Chapter 1**

# Introduction

This chapter provides an equipment checklist, and it identifies the computer's features, options and accessories.



Some of the features described in this manual may not function properly if you use an operating system that was not preinstalled by TOSHIBA.

# **Equipment checklist**

Carefully unpack your computer. Save the box and packing materials for future use.

#### Hardware

Check to make sure you have all the following items:

- PORTÉGÉ M400 Portable Personal Computer
- AC adaptor and power cord (2-pin plug or 3-pin plug)
- Battery pack (Is pre-installed in the computer)
- Slice Expansion Battery (Is included with some models)
- Tablet PC Pen
- Reserve Pen (Is included with some models)



- Tablet PC Pen is included together with spare pen tips and a tip removal tool in the small case coming with the product.
- For some models, Reserve Pen is included in the small case coming with the product.

# Software

The following  $\mathsf{Windows}^{\texttt{®}}$  operating system and utility software are pre-installed.

- Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows Vista<sup>TM</sup>
- TOSHIBA Value Added Package
- DVD Video Player
- Ulead DVD MovieFactory<sup>®</sup>
- Recovery Disc Creator
- TOSHIBA Assist
- TOSHIBA ConfigFree
- TOSHIBA Disc Creator
- TOSHIBA Tablet PC Extension
- TOSHIBA Tablet Access Code Logon Utility
- TOSHIBA HDD Protection
- Fingerprint Utility
- Windows Mobility Center
- TOSHIBA SD Memory Utilities
- TOSHIBA SD Memory Boot Utility
- TOSHIBA Acoustic Silencer
- TOSHIBA Password Utility
- Online Manual
  - PORTÉGÉ M400 User's Manual (This manual)
- Discs
  - Windows Anytime Upgrade DVD (Is included with some models)

#### **Documentation**

- PORTÉGÉ M400 Portable Personal Computer User's Manual
- Instruction Manual for Safety and Comfort
- End User License Agreement

If any of the items are missing or damaged, contact your dealer immediately.

# **Features**

The computer uses TOSHIBA's advanced Large Scale Integration (LSI), Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor (CMOS) technology extensively to provide compact size, minimum weight, low power usage, and high reliability. This computer incorporates the following features and benefits:

#### Processor

Built-in	The computer is equipped with one of the following Intel <sup>®</sup> processors.
	Intel <sup>®</sup> Core <sup>™</sup> Solo Processor, which incorporates a 2MB level 2 cache memory. It also supports Enhanced Intel <sup>®</sup> SpeedStep <sup>®</sup> technology.
	Intel <sup>®</sup> Core <sup>™</sup> Duo Processor, which incorporates a 2MB level 2 cache memory. It also supports Enhanced Intel <sup>®</sup> SpeedStep <sup>®</sup> technology.
	Intol® CoroTM 2 Due Processor, which

- Intel<sup>®</sup> Core<sup>™</sup> 2 Duo Processor, which incorporates a 2MB level2 cache memory. It also supports Enhanced Intel<sup>®</sup> SpeedStep<sup>®</sup> Technology.
- Intel<sup>®</sup> Core<sup>™</sup> 2 Duo Processor, which incorporates a 4MB level2 cache memory. It also supports Enhanced Intel<sup>®</sup> SpeedStep<sup>®</sup> Technology.



- Some models in this series carry Intel<sup>®</sup> Centrino<sup>®</sup> Mobile Technology, which is based on three separate technologies of Intel<sup>®</sup> Core<sup>™</sup> Solo processor, Intel<sup>®</sup> PRO/Wireless Network Connection, and Mobile Intel<sup>®</sup> 945 Express Chipset Family.
- Some models in this series carry Intel<sup>®</sup>Centrino<sup>®</sup> Duo Mobile Technology, which is based on three separate technologies of Intel<sup>®</sup> Core<sup>™</sup> Duo processor, Intel<sup>®</sup> PRO/Wireless Network Connection, and Mobile Intel<sup>®</sup> 945 Express Chipset Family.
- Some models in this series carry Intel<sup>®</sup> Centrino<sup>®</sup> Duo Mobile Technology, which is based on three separate technologies of Intel<sup>®</sup> Core<sup>™</sup> 2 Duo processor, Intel<sup>®</sup> PRO/Wireless Network Connection, and Mobile Intel<sup>®</sup> 945 Express Chipset Family.

# Legal Footnote (CPU)\*1

For more information on the Legal Footnote regarding CPU, please refer to the Legal Footnotes section in Chapter 10. Click the \*1.

### Memory

Slots	256, 512, 1,024 or 2,048 MB memory modules can be installed in the two memory slots for a maximum of 4,096 MB system memory.
Video RAM	<ul> <li>The Video RAM capacity will differ depending on the system memory capacity in the computer.</li> <li>If system memory is 512MB, a maximum of 64MB will be used as Video RAM.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If system memory is 1024MB or more, a maximum of 256MB will be used as Video RAM.</li> </ul>

## Legal Footnote (Memory (Main System))\*2

For more information on the Legal Footnote regarding Memory (Main System), please refer to the Legal Footnotes section in Chapter 10. Click the \*2.

#### **Power**

Battery pack	The computer is powered by one rechargeable lithium-ion battery pack.
Slice Expansion Battery	This battery pack increases your computer's operating time when main battery pack is also installed.

# Legal Footnote (Battery Life)\*3

For more information on the Legal Footnote regarding Battery Life, please refer to the Legal Footnotes section in Chapter 10. Click the \*3.

RTC battery	The internal RTC battery backs up the Real Time Clock (RTC) and calendar.
AC adaptor	The AC adaptor provides power to the system and recharges the batteries when they are low. It comes with a detachable power cord which will either have a 2-pin or 3-pin plug enclosure.
	Because it is universal, it can receive a range of AC voltage from 100 to 240 volts; however, the output current varies among different models. Using the wrong model can damage your computer. Refer to the <i>AC adaptor</i> section in Chapter 2, The Grand Tour.

### Disks

Hard disk drive	Available in five sizes.
	40.0 billion bytes (37.26 GB)
	60.0 billion bytes (55.89 GB)
	80.0 billion bytes (74.53 GB)
	100.0 billion bytes (93.16 GB)
	120.0 billion bytes (111.79 GB)
	Part of the space in the hard disk drive is reserved as administration space.

# Legal Footnote (Hard Disk Drive (HDD) Capacity)\*4

For more information on the Legal Footnote regarding Hard Disk Drive (HDD) Capacity, please refer to the Legal Footnotes section in Chapter 10. Click the \*4.

# **Optical media drive**



Computers in this series can be configured with an optical media drive installed in the Ultra Slim Bay. The available optical media drives are described below.

#### DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive Some models are equipped with a full-size, DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive module that lets you run CD/DVDs without using an adaptor. It reads DVD-ROMs at maximum 8 speed and CD-ROMs at maximum 24 speed. It writes CD-R at maximum 24 speed and CD-RW at maximum 24 speed. The drive supports the following formats:

- CD-R
- CD-RW
- DVD-ROM
- DVD-Video
- CD-DA
- CD-Text
- Photo CD<sup>TM</sup> (single/multi-session)
- CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2
- CD-ROM XA Mode 2 (Form1, Form2)
- Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA)
- Addressing Method 2

DVD Super Multi drive Double Layer	This computer is equipped with a full-size DVD Super Multi drive module that lets you record data to rewritable CD/DVDs as well as run 12cm (4.72") or 8cm (3.15") CD/DVDs. It reads DVD- ROMs at maximum 8 speed and CD-ROMs at maximum 24 speed. It writes CD-R at up to 24 speed, CD-RW at up to 16 speed, DVD-R and DVD+R at up to 8 speed, DVD-RW and DVD+RW at up to 4 speed, DVD-R DL at up to 2 speed, DVD+R DL at up to 2.4 speed, DVD-RAM at maximum 3 speed. This drive supports the following formats in addition to DVD-ROM&CD- R/RW drive. DVD-R DVD-R DL DVD-RW DVD+R DL DVD+RW DVD+R DL
	DVD-RAM

### Display

The computer's LCD display panel supports high-resolution video graphics. The LCD screen can be set at a wide range of viewing angles for maximum comfort and readability.

Built-in	12.1" TFT LCD screen, 16 M colors, with one of the following resolutions:
	<ul> <li>XGA, 1024 horizontal × 768 vertical pixels</li> <li>SXGA+, 1400 horizontal × 1050 vertical pixels</li> </ul>

#### Legal Footnote (LCD)\*5

For more information on the Legal Footnote regarding LCD, please refer to the Legal Footnotes section in Chapter 10. Click the \*5.

### Legal Footnote (Graphics Processor Unit ("GPU"))\*6

For more information on the Legal Footnote regarding Graphics Processor Unit ("GPU"), please refer to the Legal Footnotes section in Chapter 10. Click the \*6.

84 keys or 85 keys, compatible with IBM <sup>®</sup> enhanced keyboard, embedded numeric overlay,
dedicated cursor control, <b>F</b> and <b>k</b> keys. Refer to Chapter 5, <i>The Keyboard</i> , for details.
A Touch Pad and control buttons in the palm rest enable control of the on-screen pointer and scrolling of windows.
A pen enables data entry directly through the display screen. All models are provided with Tablet PC Pen.
A pen enables data entry directly through the display screen. Use the Reserve Pen in place of the Tablet PC Pen if the Tablet PC Pen is lost or broken. Some computers in the series are equipped with a Reserve Pen.
Analog VGA port supports VESA DDC2B compatible functions.
The computer has Universal Serial Bus ports that comply with the USB 2.0 standard.
This port enables connection of an optional TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator described in the <i>Options</i> section.
This port enables high-speed data transfer directly from external devices such as digital video cameras.
The PC card slot accommodates a Type II card.
This slot lets you insert SD card (SD memory card, SDIO card), Memory Stick (Pro) and xD picture card. Refer to Chapter 8, <i>Optional</i> <i>Devices</i> .

Multimedia	
Sound system	The Windows sound system compatible sound system provides output to internal speakers and microphone as well as supporting jacks for an external microphone and headphones.
Headphone jack	A 3.5 mm mini headphone jack enables connection of stereo headphones.
Microphone jack	A 3.5 mm mini microphone jack enables connection of a three-conductor mini jack for monaural microphone input.
Communications	
Modem	An internal modem provides capability for data and fax communication. It supports V.90 (V.92). Refer to V.90 section in Appendix E. The speed of data transfer and fax depends on analog telephone line conditions. It has a modem jack for connecting to a telephone line. It is preinstalled as a standard device in some markets. Both of V.90 and V.92 are supported only in USA and Canada. Only V.90 is available in other regions.
LAN	The computer has built-in support for Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T), Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-TX) and Gigabit Ethernet LAN (1000 megabits per second, 1000BASE-T). It is preinstalled as a standard device in some markets.
Bluetooth	Some computers in this series are equipped with Bluetooth functions. Bluetooth wireless technology eliminates the need for cables between electronic devices such as computers and printers. Bluetooth provides fast, reliable, and secure wireless communication in a small space.

Wireless LAN Some computers in this series are equipped with a Wireless LAN card that is compatible with other LAN systems based on Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum/Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing radio technology that complies with the IEEE 802.11 Standard (Revision A, B or G). Theoretical maximum speed: 54Mbps (IEEE802.11a, 802.11g) Theoretical maximum speed: 11Mbps (IEEE802.11b) Frequency Channel Selection (5 GHz: Revision A / 2.4 GHz: Revision B/G) Roaming over multiple channels Card Power Management Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) data encryption, based on 128 bit encryption algorithm. Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA). Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) data encryption. Wake-up on Wireless LAN (Intel module) tvpe).



The values shown above are the theoretical maximums for Wireless LAN standards. The actual values may differ.

The transmission speed over the Wireless LAN and the distance over which Wireless LAN can reach may vary depending on surrounding electromagnetic environment, obstacles, access point design and configuration, and client design and software/hardware configurations. The transmission rate described is the theoretical maximum speed as specified under the appropriate standard - the actual transmission speed will be lower than the theoretical maximum speed.

# Legal Footnote (Wireless LAN)\*7

For more information on the Legal Footnote regarding Wireless LAN, please refer to the Legal Footnotes section in Chapter 10. Click the \*7.

Wireless communication switch	This switch turns the Wireless LAN and Bluetooth functions on and off.
	All models are provided with Wireless Communication switch. Some models are equipped with both Wireless LAN and Bluetooth functions.

· · · · · ·	
Ultra Slim Bay Modules	Ultra Slim Bay is a single-drive bay that accommodates a DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive, DVD Super Multi drive and secondary hard disk drive. The TOSHIBA Mobile Extension enables hot insertion of modules when you are using a plug and play operating system.
Ultra Slim Bay Weight Saver	To reduce weight, the Ultra Slim Bay module can be removed and a weight saver installed. It is preinstalled in some models.
Security	
Security lock slot	Connects security lock to anchor the computer to a desk or other large object.
Ultra Slim Bay latch	Ultra Slim Bay module can be secured by Ultra Slim Bay latch fixed with a Ultra Slim Bay lock screw in the lock position. The Ultra Slim Bay lock screw is inserted in the unlock position when purchased.

# Ultra Slim Bay

# **Special features**

The following features are either unique to TOSHIBA computers or are advanced features which make the computer more convenient to use.

Access each function using the following procedures.

\*1 To access the Power Options, click Start -> Control Panel -> System and Maintenance -> Power Options.

This button function will automatically open the Windows Mobility Center window.
Press this button more than one second to change the orientation of the screen. This button also functions as <b>ESC</b> key.
This button functions the same as the <b>Ctrl + Alt +</b> <b>Del</b> keys to show Menu window.
Press this button to launch the program automatically. When power-off, Sleep Mode and Hibernation Mode, press this button to start the computer and launch the program.
Press this button to change internal display, simultaneous display, or multi-monitor display. The TOSHIBA Presentation button has the same functionality as the Connect display button in the Mobility Center. Pressing this button when an external display is connected will open the Windows Vista <sup>TM</sup> TMM (Transient Multimon Manager) screen.
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------
Hot keys are specific key combinations that let you quickly change the system configuration directly from the keyboard without running a system program.
This feature automatically cuts off power to the computer's display panel when there is no keyboard input for a specified time, with power being restored the next time a key is pressed. This can be specified in the Power Options.
This feature automatically cuts off power to the hard disk drive when it is not accessed for a specified time, with power being restored when the hard disk drive is next accessed. This can be specified in the Power Options.
This feature automatically shuts down the system into either Sleep Mode or Hibernation Mode when there is no input or hardware access for a specified time. This can be specified in the Power Options.
A ten-key pad is integrated into the keyboard. Refer to the <i>Keypad overlay</i> section in Chapter 5, The Keyboard, for instructions on using the keypad overlay.
Two levels of password security, supervisor and user, are available to prevent unauthorized access to your computer.
A hot key function blanks the LCD screen and disables the computer providing data security.
A microprocessor in the computer's intelligent power supply detects the battery's charge, automatically calculates the remaining battery capacity and protects electronic components from abnormal conditions such as a voltage overload from the AC adaptor. This can be specified in the Power Options.

Battery save mode <sup>*1</sup>	This feature lets you configure the computer in order to save battery power. This can be specified in the Power Options.
Panel power on/off *1	This feature automatically turns power to the computer off when the display panel is closed, and turns it back on when the display panel is opened. This can be specified in the Power Options.
Low battery automatic Hibernation Mode <sup>*1</sup>	When battery power is exhausted to the point that computer operation cannot be continued, the system automatically enters Hibernation Mode and shuts itself down. This can be specified in the Power Options.
Heat dispersal <sup>*1</sup>	To protect against overheating, the processor has an internal temperature sensor so that, if the computer's internal temperature rises to a certain level, the cooling fan is turned on or the processing speed is lowered. This can be specified in the Power Options.
TOSHIBA HDD Protection	This feature uses the acceleration sensor built in the computer to detect vibration and shocks, and automatically moves the hard disk drive's read/ write head to a safe position in order to reduce the risk of damage that could be caused by head- to-disk contact. Refer to the <i>Using the Hard Disk</i> <i>Drive (HDD) Protection</i> section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics, for more details.



The TOSHIBA HDD Protection function does not guarantee that the hard disk drive will not be damaged.

Hibernation Mode	This feature lets you turn off the power without exiting from your software. The contents of main memory are saved to the hard disk so that when you next turn the power on again, you can continue working right where you left off. Refer to the <i>Turning off the power</i> section in Chapter 3, Getting Started, for details.
Sleep Mode	If you have to interrupt your work, you can turn off the power without exiting from your software. Data is maintained in the computer's main memory. When you turn on the power again, you can continue working right where you left off.

## **TOSHIBA Value Added Package**

This section describes the TOSHIBA Component features pre-installed on the computer.

TOSHIBA Power Saver	TOSHIBA Power Saver provides you with the features of more various power supply managements.
TOSHIBA Button Support	This utility controls the following computer button functions.
	The applications associated with each of the following buttons can be assigned by the user.
	Buttons: Assign applications or functions to the TOSHIBA Presentation button (default setting is the simultaneous display on LCD and CRT with resolution of 1024 x 768) and to the TOSHIBA Assist button (default setting is the TOSHIBA Assist).
TOSHIBA Zooming Utility	This utility allows you to enlarge or reduce the icon size on the Windows Desktop, or the zoom factor associated with specific supported applications.
TOSHIBA PC Diagnostic Tool	The TOSHIBA PC Diagnostic Tool will display basic system configuration information and allow the functionality of some of the computer's built- in hardware devices to be tested.
TOSHIBA Password Utility	The TOSHIBA Password utility allows you to set a password in order to restrict access to the computer.
TOSHIBA Flash Cards	<ul> <li>This utility supports the following functions.</li> <li>Hot key function</li> <li>TOSHIBA utility launcher function</li> </ul>
HW Setup	This utility allows you to customize your hardware settings according to the way you work with the computer and the peripherals you use.
TOSHIBA Accessibility	The TOSHIBA Accessibility utility provides support to movement impaired users when they need to use the TOSHIBA Hot-key functions. In use, the utility allows you to make the <b>Fn</b> key 'sticky', that is you can press it once, release it, and they press one of the ' <b>F</b> ' keys in order to access its specific function. When set, the <b>Fn</b> key will remain active until another key is pressed.

## **TOSHIBA Tablet PC Extension**

This section describes the pre-installed TOSHIBA Component features that come with the computer. To access these components, click **Start** -> **All Programs** -> **TOSHIBA**.

TOSHIBA Rotation Utility	<ul> <li>This utility controls the screen orientation setting for both Laptop mode and Tablet mode.</li> <li>You can set four types of orientation setting:</li> <li>Primary landscape</li> <li>Primary portrait</li> <li>Secondary landscape</li> <li>Secondary portrait</li> <li>The default setting of PC mode is Primary Landscape while that for Tablet mode is Primary Portrait.</li> </ul>
TOSHIBA Accelerometer Utilities	When TOSHIBA Accelerometer Utilities is enabled, you can invoke the <b>Start</b> menu, switch active windows or launch predefined applications by shaking the computer vertically or horizontally, or by tilting it.

## **Utilities and Applications**

This section describes the pre-installed utilities that come with the computer and details how to start them. For further information on their operation, please refer to each utility's online manual, help files or README.TXT file.

Fingerprint Utility	This product has a fingerprint utility installed for the purpose of enrolling and recognizing fingerprints which can then be linked to a username and password in order to remove the need to input these details from the keyboard. Just by swiping an enrolled finger against the fingerprint sensor, the following functions will be enabled:
	<ul> <li>Logon to Windows and access a security enabled homepage through Internet Explorer.</li> <li>Files and folders can be encrypted/decrypted and third party access to them is prevented.</li> <li>Disable the password-protected screen-saver when returning from a power-saving mode such as Sleep Mode.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Authentication of the User Password (and, if applicable, the HDD(Hard Disk Drive) Password) when booting up the computer (Power-on Security).</li> <li>Single Sign-on feature</li> </ul>

TOSHIBA Wireless Key Logon	This utility is intended to improve the process of logging on to BIOS/Windows by involving the additional use of a Bluetooth-ready cellular phone.
DVD Video Player	The DVD Video Player is used to play DVD- Video. It has an on-screen interface and functions. Click Start -> All Programs -> InterVideo WinDVD -> InterVideo WinDVD for TOSHIBA.
Bluetooth Stack for Windows by Toshiba	This software enables communication between the computer and external Bluetooth devices such as printers and mobile phones.



Bluetooth cannot be used in models that do not have a Bluetooth module installed.

TOSHIBA SD Memory Boot Utility	The TOSHIBA SD memory boot utility allows you to create a bootable SD memory card to start the system. You can boot TOSHIBA SD Memory Boot Utility from the menu bar as follows. Click Start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA -> Utilities
	-> SD Memory Boot Utility.



SD Memory Card Format Utility and other SD functions are packaged into TOSHIBA SD Memory Utilities. When uninstalling the SD utilities, click Start -> Control Panel -> Uninstall a program -> TOSHIBA SD Memory Utilities.

TOSHIBA SD Memory Card Format	This utility allows you to format an SD memory card by the SD standard format.
TOSHIBA Assist	TOSHIBA Assist is a graphical user interface that provides access to specific tools, utilities and applications that make the use and configuration of the computer easier.
TOSHIBA Mobile Extension	This utility supports docking your computer to an optional TOSHIBA Express Port Repricator. To open the property dialog, select TOSHIBA Mobile Extension from TOSHIBA Assist.

TOSHIBA ConfigFreeTOSHIBA ConfigFree is a suite of utilities that improve the ease and control of communication devices and network connections, help in the identification of communication problems and allow the creation of profiles if you need to switch between different locations and communication networks. To access this utility, click Start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA -> Networking -> ConfigFree.TOSHIBA Mic EffectTOSHIBA Mic Effect provides you the Echo Canceller and the Microphone Array functions. For more instructions for this software, refer to the Sound System section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics.TOSHIBA AID UtilityTOSHIBA RAID TOSHIBA AID Dutility is used to create or manage RAID array. To start this utility, click Start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA -> RAID -> RAID Console.TOSHIBA Disc CreatorYou can create CD's and DVD's in a number of formats including audio CD's that can be played on a standard CD player, and data CD's/DVD's which can store copies of the files and folders on your computer's hard disk drive. This software can be used on models with either a DVD- ROM&CD-R/RW drive, or a DVD Super Multi drive.TOSHIBA DVD-RAM UtilityThis utility has the function of Physical Format and Write-Protect to DVD-RAM. This utility is contained the setup module of TOSHIBA DISC Creator.TOSHIBA DVD ROM&CD-R/RW drive, or a DVD-RAM. This utility is contained the setup module of TOSHIBA DISC Creator.Uead DVD MovieFactory for TOSHIBAUllead DVD MovieFactory for TOSHIBA allows users to instantly create DVD video or slideshow discs via a user-friendly wizard interface with specific task oriented features.		
Canceller and the Microphone Array functions. For more instructions for this software, refer to the Sound System section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics.TOSHIBA RAID UtilityTOSHIBA RAID Utility is used to create or manage RAID array. To start this utility, click Start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA -> RAID -> RAID Console.TOSHIBA Disc CreatorYou can create CD's and DVD's in a number of formats including audio CD's that can be played on a standard CD player, and data CD's/DVD's which can store copies of the files and folders on your computer's hard disk drive. This software can be used on models with either a DVD- ROM&CD-R/RW drive, or a DVD Super Multi drive. To start this utility, click Start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA -> CD&DVD Applications -> Disc Creator.TOSHIBA DVD-RAM UtilityThis utility has the function of Physical Format and Write-Protect to DVD-RAM. This utility is contained the setup module of TOSHIBA Disc Creator. To start this utility, click Start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA -> CD&DVD Applications -> Disc Creator.Ulead DVD MovieFactory for TOSHIBAUlead DVD MovieFactory for TOSHIBA allows users to instantly create DVD video or slideshow discs via a user-friendly wizard interface with	TOSHIBA ConfigFree	improve the ease and control of communication devices and network connections, help in the identification of communication problems and allow the creation of profiles if you need to switch between different locations and communication networks. To access this utility, click <b>Start</b> -> <b>All</b> <b>Programs</b> -> <b>TOSHIBA</b> -> <b>Networking</b> ->
Utilitymanage RAID array. To start this utility, click Start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA DiscTOSHIBA Disc CreatorYou can create CD's and DVD's in a number of formats including audio CD's that can be played on a standard CD player, and data CD's/DVD's which can store copies of the files and folders on your computer's hard disk drive. This software can be used on models with either a DVD- ROM&CD-R/RW drive, or a DVD Super Multi drive.TOSHIBA DVD-RAM UtilityThis utility has the function of Physical Format and Write-Protect to DVD-RAM. This utility is contained the setup module of TOSHIBA Disc Creator. To start this utility, click Start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA -> CD&DVD Applications -> DVD-RAM Utility.Ulead DVD MovieFactory for TOSHIBAUlead DVD MovieFactory for TOSHIBA allows 	TOSHIBA Mic Effect	Canceller and the Microphone Array functions. For more instructions for this software, refer to the <i>Sound System</i> section in Chapter 4,
Creatorformats including audio CD's that can be played on a standard CD player, and data CD's/DVD's which can store copies of the files and folders on your computer's hard disk drive. This software can be used on models with either a DVD- ROM&CD-R/RW drive, or a DVD Super Multi drive.To start this utility, click Start -> All Programs -> 		manage RAID array. To start this utility, click <b>Start</b> -> <b>All Programs</b> ->
TOSHIBA -> CD&DVD Applications -> Disc Creator.TOSHIBA DVD-RAM UtilityThis utility has the function of Physical Format and Write-Protect to DVD-RAM. This utility is 		formats including audio CD's that can be played on a standard CD player, and data CD's/DVD's which can store copies of the files and folders on your computer's hard disk drive. This software can be used on models with either a DVD- ROM&CD-R/RW drive, or a DVD Super Multi drive.
Utility       and Write-Protect to DVD-RAM. This utility is contained the setup module of TOSHIBA Disc Creator. To start this utility, click Start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA -> CD&DVD Applications -> DVD-RAM Utility.         Ulead DVD       Ulead DVD MovieFactory for TOSHIBA allows users to instantly create DVD video or slideshow discs via a user-friendly wizard interface with		TOSHIBA -> CD&DVD Applications -> Disc
MovieFactory for TOSHIBAusers to instantly create DVD video or slideshow discs via a user-friendly wizard interface with		and Write-Protect to DVD-RAM. This utility is contained the setup module of TOSHIBA Disc Creator. To start this utility, click <b>Start -&gt; All</b> <b>Programs -&gt; TOSHIBA -&gt; CD&amp;DVD</b>
	MovieFactory for	users to instantly create DVD video or slideshow discs via a user-friendly wizard interface with

Windows Mobility Center	<ul> <li>This section describes the Windows Mobility Center. Mobility Center is a utility for accessing several mobile PC settings quickly in one window. A default maximum of eight tiles are provided by the operating system, and an additional three tiles are added to your Mobility Center.</li> <li>Ext. Screen Orientation : This can be used to switch the orientation of an external display connected to your Tablet PC between portrait and landscape modes.</li> <li>Lock Computer : This can be used to lock your computer without turning it off. This has the same function as the Lock button at the bottom of the right pane in the start menu.</li> <li>TOSHIBA Assist : This can be used to open TOSHIBA Assist if it is already installed in your computer.</li> </ul>
TOSHIBA Tablet Access Code Logon Utility	If a Windows password has been set, you can logon to the operating system by entering a handwriting signature into the dialog box using the Tablet PC Pen when prompted.
CD/DVD Drive Acoustic Silencer	This utility allows you to configure the read speed of the optical disc drive. You can either configure Normal Mode, which operates the drive at its maximum speed for quick data access, or Quiet Mode which runs audio CDs at single speed and which can lessen operational noise. It is ineffective with DVDs.

## Options

You can add a number of options to make your computer even more powerful and convenient to use.

You can buy the following options from your reseller or TOSHIBA dealer.

Memory expansion	A 256, 512, 1,024 or 2,048 MB memory module (DDR2-533/667) can easily be installed in the computer.
USB FDD Kit	The USB floppy disk drive accommodates either 3 1/2" 1.44-megabyte or 720-kilobyte floppy disks through connection to a USB port. Please note that you cannot format 720-kilobyte floppy disks under Windows Vista <sup>TM</sup> , but you are able to use disks that have been previously formatted.
Universal AC Adaptor	If you use your computer at more than one site frequently, it may be convenient to purchase an additional AC adaptor for each site so you will not have to carry the adaptor with you.
Battery Pack	An additional battery pack can be purchased from your TOSHIBA dealer. Use it as a spare or replacement.
Slice Expansion Battery	This battery pack increases your computer's operating time when a main battery pack is also installed. It is connectable to the Docking Port of the computer.
Slice Expansion Battery Adaptor	The Slice Expansion Battery Adaptor is used to connect with the Battery Charger in order to charge a Slice Expansion Battery.
Battery Charger	The battery charger lets you charge extra batteries outside the computer.
80GB HDD Kit	You can increase your computer's data storage capacity with additional hard disk drives. They are available in the following size: <ul> <li>80.0 billion bytes (74.53 GB)</li> </ul>
100GB HDD Kit	You can increase your computer's data storage capacity with additional hard disk drives. They are available in the following size: <ul> <li>100.0 billion bytes (93.16 GB)</li> </ul>

TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator	The TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator provides the ports available on the computer in addition to a digital visual interface (DVI) port, External monitor port, Universal Serial Bus port (USB2.0) x 4, LAN jack.
Tablet PC Pen	Tablet PC Pen can be purchased from your TOSHIBA dealer. Use it as a spare to your computer. Spare pen tip and draw-out tool are included.
Reserve Pen	Reserve Pen can be purchased from your TOSHIBA dealer. Use the Reserve Pen in place of the Tablet PC Pen if the Tablet PC Pen is lost or broken. The pen is set inside the computer.
External DVD-ROM & CD-R/RW Drive	This drive is a DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW Drive that has a USB connector. You can buy the module from TOSHIBA dealer.
External DVD Super Multi Drive	This drive is a DVD Super Multi Drive that has a USB connector. You can buy the module from TOSHIBA dealer.
Bluetooth USB Adaptor	A Bluetooth adaptor that has a USB connector. Wireless communications can be carried out with Bluetooth-compatible equipment by connecting to the USB port of the computer. You can buy the module from TOSHIBA dealer.
Bluetooth 2.0+EDR Module Kit	The Bluetooth 2.0+EDR Module Kit is an internal computer module which supports both Bluetooth V2.0 and EDR. You can buy the module from a TOSHIBA dealer.
Security lock	A slot is available to attach a security cable to the computer to deter theft.

#### Ultra Slim Bay options

The following modules can be installed in the Ultra Slim Bay. All other modules are options.

Ultra Slim Bay HDD Adaptor	An adaptor lets you install an optional hard disk drive described in Chapter 8, <i>Optional Devices</i> .
Ultra Slim Bay DVD- ROM & CD-R/RW Drive Kit	Refer to the <i>Features</i> section for details.
Ultra Slim Bay DVD Super Multi (Double Layer) Drive Kit	Refer to the <i>Features</i> section for details.
HDD Kit (Serial-ATA)	You can increase your computer's data storage capacity with an additional 80.0 billion bytes (74.53 GB) and 100.0 billion bytes (93.16 GB) hard disk drive in the Ultra Slim Bay HDD adaptor.

# **Chapter 2**

## **The Grand Tour**

This chapter identifies the various components of your computer. Become familiar with each component before you operate the computer.

#### Legal Footnote (Non-applicable Icons)\*8

For more information on the Legal Footnote regarding Non-applicable lcons, please refer to the Legal Footnotes section in Chapter 10. Click the \*8.

### Front with the display closed

Figure 2-1 shows the computer's front with its LCD display panel in the closed position.





		System indicators	These LEDs let you monitor the status of various computer functions. Details are given in the <i>System indicators</i> section.
f	On (((p)))	Wireless communication switch	Slide this switch to the left to turn off Wireless LAN and Bluetooth functions. Slide it to the right to turn on the functions.
			All models are provided with a Wireless Communication switch although only some models are equipped with both Wireless LAN and Bluetooth functions.

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	<ul> <li>may have a cardiac device. Radio wave operation, possibly your medical device</li> <li>Always turn off WiF automatic control ed fire detectors. Radio possibly resulting in</li> <li>Do not use the WiFi or in areas subject t</li> </ul>	tooth functionalities off when near a person who pacemaker implant or other medical electric s may affect pacemaker or medical device resulting in serious injury. Follow the instruction of a when using any WiFi or Bluetooth functionality. i or Bluetooth functionality if the PC is near quipment or appliances such as automatic doors or o waves can cause malfunction of such equipment, serious injury. f or Bluetooth functionalities near a microwave oven o radio interference or magnetic fields. Interference oven or other source can disrupt WiFi or Bluetooth
	Microphones	The built-in microphones let you record sound into your applications. Refer to the <i>Sound System</i> section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics.
Ŷ	Microphone jack	A 3.5 mm mini microphone jack enables connection of a three-conductor mini jack for monaural microphone input.
$\cap$	Headphone jack	A 3.5 mm mini headphone jack enables connection of stereo headphones.
	Volume control	Use this dial to adjust the volume of the stereo speakers and the stereo headphones.
	Display latch	This latch secures the LCD panel in its closed position. Push the latch to open the display.

## Left side

Figure 2-2 shows the computer's left side.



**Cooling vents** Cooling vents help CPU keep from overheating.

Do not block the cooling vents. Never allow metal objects, such as screws, staples and paper clips, to enter the PC or keyboard. Foreign metal objects can create a short circuit, which can cause PC damage and fire, possibly resulting in serious injury.



Security lock slotA security cable attaches to this slot. The<br/>optional security cable anchors your computer to<br/>a desk or other large object to deter theft.Universal Serial Bus<br/>(USB 2.0) portsTwo Universal Serial Bus ports are on the left<br/>side. The ports comply with the USB 2.0<br/>standard.



Keep foreign objects out of the USB connectors. Never allow metal objects, such as screws, staples and paper clips, to enter the PC or keyboard. Foreign metal objects can create a short circuit, which can cause PC damage and fire, possibly resulting in serious injury.



Operation of all functions of all USB devices has not been confirmed. Some functions might not execute properly.



 PC card slot	The PC card slot can accommodate a Type II card. The slot supports 16-bit PC cards and CardBus PC cards.
PC card eject button	This is a button for taking out PC card from a PC card slot.



Keep foreign objects out of the PC card slot. Never allow metal objects, such as screws, staples and paper clips, to enter the PC or keyboard. Foreign metal objects can create a short circuit, which can cause PC damage and fire, possibly resulting in serious injury.



i.LINK (IEEE1394) This port allows you to connect an external device, such as a digital video camera for high-speed data transfer.

## **Right side**

Figure 2-3 shows the computer's right side.



Figure 2-3 The right side of the computer

	Tablet PC Pen slot	This Tablet PC Pen slot is contained of a Tablet PC Pen.
	Tablet PC Pen	Pen is contained in the right side. A pen enables data entry directly through display screen. Refer to the <i>Using the Tablet PC Pen</i> <i>and Reserve Pen</i> section Chapter 4, Operating Basics.
Ð	Bridge media slot	This slot lets you insert an SD card (SD memory card, SDIO card), Memory Stick (Pro) and xD picture card. Refer to Chapter 8, <i>Optional Devices</i> .



Keep foreign objects out of the Bridge media slot. Never allow metal objects, such as screws, staples and paper clips, to enter the PC or keyboard. Foreign metal objects can create a short circuit, which can cause PC damage and fire, possibly resulting in serious injury.

Bridge media slot indicator	The Bridge media slot indicator glows green when the computer is accessing the SD card slot.
Ultra Slim Bay	A DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive, DVD Super Multi drive and Ultra Slim Bay HDD adaptor can be installed in the Ultra Slim Bay.

## Back side

Figure 2-4 shows the computer's back side.



#### Figure 2-4 The back side of the computer

The AC adaptor connects to this jack. Use only the model of AC adaptor that comes with the computer. Using the wrong adaptor can damage your computer.
The Universal Serial Bus port is on the back side. Refer to <i>Right side</i> section, for details.
This external monitor port lets you connect an external video display.
In areas where an internal modem is installed as standard equipment, there is a modem jack that lets you use a modular cable to connect the modem directly to a telephone line.

	Connection to any c could cause a PC s	ommunication line other than an analog phone line /stem failure.
	Connect the built	t-in modem only to ordinary analog phone lines.
	Never connect the second se	he built-in modem to a digital line (ISDN).
		he built-in modem to the digital connector on a or to a digital private branch exchange (PBX).
	Never connect the residences or of	he built-in modem to a key telephone system for fices.
	lightning or hear thu	PC on AC power during a thunderstorm. If you see nder, immediately turn off the PC. An electric surge n, may result in a system failure, loss of data or
器	LAN jack	This jack lets you connect to a LAN. The adaptor has built-in support for Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T), Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-TX) and Gigabit Ethernet LAN (1000 megabits per second, 1000BASE-T). The LAN has two indicators. Refer to Chapter 4, <i>Operating Basics</i> , for details.
	Do not connect any could cause damage	cable other than a LAN cable to the LAN jack. It e or malfunction.
	Do not connect the LAN cable to a power supply. It could caus damage or malfunction.	
	Link indicator (green)	This indicator glows green when the computer is connected to a LAN and the LAN is functioning properly.
	LAN active indicator (orange)	This indicator glows orange when data is being exchanged between the computer and the LAN.

## **Underside**

Figure 2-5 shows the underside of the computer. Make sure the display is closed before turning over your computer.



Always make sure the display panel is closed in Laptop mode before turning the computer upside down.



Figure 2-5 The underside of the computer

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Ultra Slim Bay	See the <i>Right side</i> section in this chapter for details.
Ultra Slim Bay latch	Slide the latch to release or secure the Ultra Slim Bay ejector.



Be sure to lock the Ultra Slim Bay latch before you transport or carry the computer.

Notches	The notches on the computer are used to securely connect the TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator to the computer.
Reserve Pen	Reserve Pen is contained in the Reserve Pen case of Underside. Reserve Pen enables data entry directly through display screen. Refer to the <i>Using the Tablet PC Pen and Reserve Pen Pen</i> section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

HDD pack cover screws	Two screws secures the HDD cover.
Hard disk drive	This contains a Hard disk drive pack, which can be removed and reinstalled. For more information on how to remove or reinstall the <i>HDD Kit (Serial-ATA)</i> , refer to the section on the in Chapter 8, Optional Devices.
Battery pack	The battery pack powers the computer when the AC adaptor is not connected. For detailed information on the battery pack, refer to Chapter 6, <i>Power and Power-Up Modes</i> .
Battery lock	Slide the battery lock to release the battery pack for removal.
Battery release latch	Slide and hold this latch to release the battery pack for removal.
	For detailed information on removing the battery pack, refer to Chapter 6, <i>Power and Power-Up Modes</i> .
Ultra Slim Bay lock screw	One screw secures the Ultra Slim Bay latch.
Docking port	This port enables connection of an optional TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator and a Slice Expansion Battery described in Chapter 8, <i>Optional Devices</i> .



Keep foreign objects out of the docking port. A pin or similar object can damage the computer's circuitry. A plastic shutter protects the connector.

## Front with the display open

This section shows the computer with the LCD display panel open. Refer to the appropriate illustration for details. To open the display, push the display latch on the front of the LCD display panel and lift up. Position the LCD display panel at a comfortable viewing angle.



Figure 2-6 The front of the computer with the LCD panel open

Display hinge	The display hinge allows the display panel to be position at a variety of easy-to-view angles. Rotate the computer on this fulcrum point when switching between Tablet and Laptop modes.
Display screen	The LCD screen displays high-contrast text and graphics. The available resolution depends on the model. With XGA, you can change the resolution between 800 × 600 and 1024 × 768 pixels. With SXGA+, between 800 × 600 and 1400 × 1050 pixels. Refer to <i>Display Controller and Modes</i> section in Appendix B.
	When the computer operates on the AC adaptor the LCD screen's image will be somewhat brighter than when it operates on battery power. The lower brightness level is intended to save battery power.

	Stereo speakers	The speakers emit sound generated by your software as well as audio alarms, such as low battery condition, generated by the system.
	Touch Pad	A Touch Pad located in the center of the palm rest is used to control the on-screen pointer. Refer to the <i>Using the Touch Pad</i> section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics.
	Touch Pad control buttons	Control buttons below the Touch Pad let you select menu items or manipulate text and graphics designated by the on-screen pointer.
Ċ	Power button	Slide the power button to turn the computer's power on and off.
⊙∕₽	Cross Function button	This button functions as the same to <b>Enter</b> key when tapped, or shows the menu screen when pressed for more than a second.
⊗⁄√़	ESC/Rotation button	Press this button more than one second to change the orientation of the screen. This button also functions as <b>ESC</b> key. When Rotation Utility is running, the top and bottom of the screen are automatically recognized to change the orientation by pressing this button.
<i>A</i>	Windows Security tablet button	This button functions as the same to <b>Ctrl + Alt +</b> <b>Del</b> keys to show Windows Task Manager.
θ	TOSHIBA Assist button	Press this button to launch the program automatically. When power-off, Sleep Mode and Hibernation Mode, press this button to start the computer and launch the program.
	TOSHIBA Presentation button	Press this button to change internal display, simultaneous display, or multi-monitor display. The TOSHIBA Presentation button has the same
		functionality as the Connect display button in the Mobility Center. Pressing this button when an external display is connected will open the Windows Vista <sup>™</sup> TMM (Transient Multimon Manager) screen.

Fingerprint Sensor	<ul> <li>Just by swiping the finger against the fingerprint sensor, the following functions will be enabled:</li> <li>Logon to Windows and access a security-enabled homepage through IE (Internet Explorer).</li> <li>Files and folders can be encrypted/decrypted and third party access to them prevented.</li> <li>Disable the password-protected screen-saver when returning from power-saving (Sleep) mode.</li> <li>Power-on Security and Single Sign-on feature.</li> <li>Authentication of the User Password and Hard Disk Drive Password when booting up the computer.</li> </ul>	
LCD Sensor switch	This switch senses when the display panel is either closed or opened and activates the Pane Power Off/On feature as appropriate. For example, when you close the display panel the computer enters Hibernation Mode and shuts itself down and then, when you next open the display, the computer will automatically start up and return you to the application you were previously working on.	
	You can specify within the Power Options. To access it, click Start -> Control Panel -> System and Maintenance -> Power Options.	



Do not put any magnetic objects close to this switch as they may cause the computer to automatically enter Hibernation Mode and shut down even if the Panel Power Off feature is disabled.

## **System indicators**

LEDs beneath icons, light when various computer operations are in progress.



Figure 2-7 System indicators

<b>ا</b>	DC IN	The <b>DC IN</b> indicator glows green when DC power is supplied from the AC power adaptor. If the adaptor's output voltage is abnormal or if the power supply malfunctions, this indicator flashes orange.
ባ	Power	The <b>Power</b> indicator glows green when the computer is on. If you select <b>Sleep</b> from <b>Shut Down Windows</b> , this indicator flashing (one second on, two seconds off) while the computer shuts down.
	Battery	The <b>Battery</b> indicator shows the condition of the battery's charge: Green indicates full charge, orange indicates battery charging and flashing orange indicates a low battery charge. Refer to Chapter 6, <i>Power and Power-Up Modes</i> .
2	Secondary battery	The <b>Secondary battery</b> indicator shows the condition of the charge of a Slice Expansion Battery. Green means fully charged and orange means being charged. Refer to Chapter 6, <i>Power and Power-Up Modes</i> .
$\bigcirc$	HDD	The <b>HDD</b> indicator glows green when the computer is accessing the built-in or Ultra Slim Bay HDD.
(( <b>(T</b> )))	Wireless communication	The <b>Wireless communication</b> indicator glows when the Bluetooth and wireless LAN functions are turned on.
		All models are provided with a Wireless Communication switch although only some models are equipped with both Wireless LAN and Bluetooth functions.

## **Keyboard indicators**

The figures below show the positions of the keypad overlay indicators and the Caps Lock indicator.

When the Arrow mode indicator glows the keypad overlay lets you control the cursor.

When the Numeric mode indicator glows the keypad overlay lets you enter numbers.

When the Caps Lock indicator glows the keyboard is in all-caps mode.



Figure 2-8 Caps Lock indicator





<b>+</b> <sup>↑</sup> → ↓		
	Arrow mode	When the <b>Arrow mode</b> indicator lights green, you can use the keypad overlay (gray labeled keys) as cursor keys. Refer to the <i>Keypad</i> overlay section in Chapter 5, The Keyboard.
	Numeric mode	You can use the keypad overlay (gray labeled keys) for numeric input when the <b>Numeric mode</b> indicator lights green. Refer to the <i>Keypad</i> overlay section in Chapter 5, The Keyboard.

## **USB floppy disk drive**

The USB floppy disk drive accommodates 1.44-megabyte or 720-kilobyte floppy disks and connects to the USB port. It is supplied as standard with some models and as an option with others.



Figure 2-10 USB floppy disk drive

USB connector	Insert this connector into one of the USB ports of your computer.
Disk-In-Use Indicator	This indicator lights when the floppy disk is being accessed.
Floppy disk slot	Insert a floppy disk in this slot.
Eject button	When a floppy disk is fully seated in the drive, the eject button pops out. To remove a floppy disk, push in the eject button and the floppy disk pops out partially for removal.



Check the **Disk-In-Use** indicator when you use the USB floppy disk drive. Do not press the eject button or turn off the computer while the light is glowing. Doing so could destroy data and damage the floppy disk or the drive.



The USB floppy disk drive should be placed on a flat, horizontal surface when in use. Do not set the drive on an incline greater than 20° while it is operating.

Do not set anything on top of the floppy disk drive.

## **Optical media drives**

One of the following optical media drives is installed in the computer: DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW and DVD Super Multi drives. An ATAPI interface controller is used for CD/DVD-ROM operation. When the computer is accessing a CD/DVD, an indicator on the drive glows.

For information on loading and unloading discs refer to the Using optical media drives section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

#### Region codes for DVD drives and media

DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW, DVD Super Multi drives and media are manufactured according to the specifications of six marketing regions. When you purchase DVD-Video, make sure it matches your drive, otherwise it will not play properly.

Code	Region
1	Canada, United States
2	Japan, Europe, South Africa, Middle East
3	Southeast Asia, East Asia
4	Australia, New Zealand, Pacific Islands, Central America, South America, Caribbean
5	Russia, Indian Subcontinent, Africa, North Korea, Mongolia
6	China

#### Writable discs

This section describes the types of writable CD/DVD discs. Check the specifications of your drive for writeable discs type. Use TOSHIBA Disc Creator or Ulead DVD MovieFactory for TOSHIBA to write compact discs. Refer to Chapter 4, *Operating Basics*.

#### CDs

- CD-R discs can be written only once. The recorded data cannot be erased or changed.
- CD-RW discs including multi speed CD-RW discs, high-speed CD-RW discs and ultra-speed CD-RW discs can be recorded more than once.

#### DVDs

- DVD-R and DVD+R discs can be written only once. The recorded data cannot be erased or changed.
- DVD-RW, DVD+RW and DVD-RAM discs can be recorded more than once.

#### **Formats**

The drives support the following formats:

- CD-ROM
- DVD-ROM
- CD-DA
- Photo CD<sup>™</sup> (single/multi-session)
   Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA)
- CD-ROM XA Mode 2 (Form1, Form<sub>2</sub>)
- DVD -Video
- CD-Text
- CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2

  - Addressing Method 2

#### DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive

The full-size DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive module lets you record data to rewritable CDs as well as run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") CD/DVDs without using an adaptor.



The read speed is slower at the center of a disc and faster at the outer edge.

DVD read	8 speed (maximum)
CD read	24 speed (maximum)
CD-R write	24 speed (maximum)
CD-RW write	24 speed (maximum, Ultra-speed media)

#### **DVD Super Multi drive Double Layer**

The full-size DVD Super Multi drive module lets you record data to rewritable CD/DVDs as well as run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8cm (3.15") CD/ DVDs without using an adaptor.



The read speed is slower at the center of a disc and faster at the outer edge.

DVD read	8 speed (maximum)
DVD-R write	8 speed (maximum)
DVD-R DL write	2 speed (maximum)
DVD-RW write	4 speed (maximum)
DVD+R write	8 speed (maximum)
DVD+R DL write	2.4 speed (maximum)
DVD+RW write	4 speed (maximum)
DVD-RAM write	3 speed (maximum)
CD read	24 speed (maximum)
CD-R write	24 speed (maximum)
CD-RW write	16 speed (maximum, Ultra-speed media)

## AC adaptor

The AC adaptor can automatically adjust to any voltage ranging from 100 to 240 volts and to a frequency of either 50 or 60 hertz, enabling you to use this computer in almost any country/region. The adaptor converts AC power to DC power and reduces the voltage supplied to this computer.

To recharge the battery, simply connect the AC adaptor to a power source and the computer. Refer to Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes* for details.



Figure 2-11 The AC adaptor (2-pin plug)



Figure 2-12 The AC adaptor (3-pin plug)



The Universal AC Adaptor and power cord bundled with this product may differ depending on the product model. Depending on the model, a 2-pin plug or 3-pin plug set of the above may be bundled.

Do not use a 3-pin to 2-pin conversion plug.

The supplied power cord conforms to safety rules and regulations in the region the product is bought and should not be used outside this region. For use in other regions, please buy power cords that conform to safety rules and regulations in the particular region.



Always use the Toshiba AC adaptor that was provided with your PC and the Toshiba Battery Charger (that may have been provided with your PC), or use Toshiba recommended alternate models to avoid any risk of fire or other damage to the PC. Use of an incompatible AC adaptor or Battery Charger could cause fire or damage to the PC possibly resulting in serious injury.

# **Chapter 3**

## **Getting Started**

This chapter provides basic information to get you started using your computer. It covers the following topics:





Be sure also to read Instruction Manual for Safety and Comfort. This guide, which is included with the computer, explains product liability.

- Connecting the AC adaptor
- Opening the display
- Turning on the power
- Starting up for the first time
- Turning off the power
- Restarting the computer
- Creating recovery media
- Restoring the preinstalled software from the HDD



All users should be sure to read the section Starting up for the first time.

#### Setting up your work space

Establishing a comfortable work site is important for you and your computer. A poor work environment or stressful work habits can result in discomfort or serious injury from repetitive strain to your hands, wrists or other joints. Proper ambient conditions should also be maintained for the computer's operation. This section discusses the following topics:

- General conditions
- Placement of the computer
- Seating and posture
- Lighting
- Work habits

#### **General conditions**

In general, if you are comfortable, so is your computer, but read the following to make sure your work site provides a proper environment.

- Select a work area that has:
  - a well-designed and functioning ventilation system that does not forcefully direct air on you
  - good air circulation
  - a comfortable ambient temperature and relative humidity.
- Never place your PC where it will be exposed to excess heat, such as in direct sunlight, an unventilated vehicle or near a heater. This may result in a system failure, malfunction, loss of data or damage to PC.
- Never place your PC in a location where it will be exposed to extremely low temperatures. This may result in a system failure, malfunction or loss of data.
- Never subject your PC to sudden temperature variations. This may result in condensation, causing a system failure, malfunction or loss of data.
- Do not expose your PC to dusty environments. If dust gets inside the PC, it could cause a system failure, malfunction or loss of data. If dust contaminates the PC, do not turn on the power. Take it to an authorized Toshiba service provider before you use it.
- Never place your PC near an object that generates a magnetic field, such as a speaker or TV. Do not wear magnetic bracelets while using your PC. Exposure to magnetic fields can cause system failure, malfunction or loss of data.
- Never place a heavy object on the PC and be careful not to drop a heavy object onto the PC. It could damage the PC or cause system failure.
- Never use benzene, thinner or other chemicals when cleaning the PC, AC adaptor, or storage device. The use of benzene, thinner or other chemicals may result in deterioration, deformation or discoloration of those items and the loss of data.
- Make sure the AC power cord connects to an outlet that is close to the computer and easily accessible.
- The temperature should be 5 to 35 degrees Centigrade (41 to 95 degrees Fahrenheit) and the relative humidity should be 20 to 80 percent.
- Keep the computer free of dust, moisture, and exposure to direct sunlight.
- Some parts of the computer, including data storage media, can be damaged by magnets. Do not place the computer near magnetic objects or bring magnetic objects close to the computer. Be careful of objects, such as stereo speakers, that produce strong magnetic fields during operation. Also, be careful with metal objects, such as bracelets, which can be inadvertently magnetized.
- Do not operate the computer in close proximity to a mobile phone.

- Leave ample ventilation room for the fan. Do not block the vents.
- If the PC interferes with radio equipment, turn the PC power off immediately. Such interference could cause equipment malfunction.
- Never place your PC on a shaky table, uneven, tilted surface or other unstable location. Your PC may fall, causing damage to the PC or possibly injury.
- Never leave the power to your PC on continuously for more than 24 hours. Turn the power off when this product is not in use.
- Always avoid abrupt changes of temperature or humidity.
- Never place close to heat radiating appliances such as a heater.
- Never place close to corrosive chemicals.
- Never place close to magnetic field radiating appliances such as a stereo speaker.
- Always place this product on a flat surface.
- Provide a sufficient space behind the PC to allow easy adjustment of the display panel.
- Always provide sufficient space around the PC to ensure adequate ventilation.
- Always provide sufficient space for operating a mouse and other peripheral devices.

#### Placement of the computer

Position the computer and peripheral devices to provide comfort and safety.

- Position your LCD display panel or place your monitor in an appropriate position to help reduce awkward postures and overhead glare. For example:
  - Position LCD directly in front of you and at a comfortable distance away.
  - Position LCD so the top of the screen is at or slightly below eye level. A display screen that is too high or too low can cause awkward postures and possibly fatigue muscles that support the head.
  - Rest your eyes periodically by focusing on objects that are farther away.
- If you use a paper holder, set it at about the same height and distance as the computer.

#### Seating and posture

Maintain a comfortable working posture when using your PC where your body joints are naturally aligned to reduce stress on different parts of your body. Consider the following:



Figure 3-1 Posture and positioning of the computer

- Keep hands, wrists, and forearms straight, in-line and roughly parallel to the floor.
- Keep head level, or bent slightly forward, forward facing, and balanced. Generally the head is in-line with the torso.
- Keep shoulders relaxed and let upper arms hang normally at the side of the body.
- Keep elbows in close to the body and bent.
- Keep feet fully supported by floor or foot rest.
- Keep back fully supported with appropriate lumbar support when sitting vertical or leaning back slightly.
- Keep thighs and hips supported by a well-padded seat cushion and generally parallel to the floor.
- Keep knees about the same height as the hips with the feet slightly forward.

#### Lighting

Select the right level of illumination and place your PC appropriately to minimize glare from overhead lights, desk lamps and windows. Glare on the LCD or monitor may cause eye strain, eye fatigue or headaches.

Consider the following suggestions regarding lighting your work environment:

- Position the PC so that the light source does not shine or reflect directly onto the display or shine or reflect directly into the eyes of the user.
- Shield the PC from direct light by using tinted windows or by installing blinds or a screen.
- Use soft, indirect lighting.
- Adjust the display panel to provide maximum visibility.

#### Work habits

A key to avoiding discomfort or injury from repetitive strain is to vary your activities. If possible, schedule a variety of tasks into your workday. If you must spend long periods at the computer, finding ways to break up the routine can reduce stress and improve your efficiency.

- Sit in a relaxed posture. Good positioning of your chair and equipment as described earlier can reduce tension in your shoulders or neck and ease back strain.
- Vary your posture frequently.
- Occasionally stand up and stretch or exercise briefly.
- Exercise and stretch your wrists and hands a number of times during the day.
- Frequently, look away from the computer and focus your eyes on a distant object for several seconds, for example 30 seconds every 15 minutes.
- Take frequent short breaks instead of one or two long breaks, for example, two or three minutes every half hour.
- When you use a PC, rest your eyes periodically and relax or stretch your muscles to avoid strain. If you experience discomfort while operating the PC, stop immediately and rest. Continuous operation for long periods without adequate rest may cause pain in the arms, wrists, hands, back, neck or other parts of the body. If pain persists despite rest, consult your doctor.

A number of books are available on ergonomics and repetitive strain injury or repetitive stress syndrome. For more information on these topics or for pointers on exercises for such stress points as hands and wrists, please check with your library or book vendor. Also refer to the computer's *Instruction Manual for Safety and Comfort.* 

#### **Strategic Rest Breaks**

Take short, strategically spaced rest breaks to avoid eye strain and body discomforts.

For more specific recommendations on the safety and comfort of your computer environment, customers in the United States may visit the United States Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration website at: http://www.osha.gov/SLTC/etools/ computerworkstations/

#### **Other Things to Note**

- Never turn off the power while an application is running. Doing so could cause loss of data.
- Use a virus-check program and make sure it is updated regularly.
- Never turn off the power, disconnect an external storage device or remove storage media during data read/write. Doing so can cause data loss.
- Never format storage media without checking its content. Formatting destroys all stored data.
- It is a good idea to periodically back up the internal hard disk or other main storage device to external media. General storage media is not durable or stable over long periods of time and under certain conditions may result in data loss.
- Before you install a device or application, save any data in memory to the hard disk drive or other storage media. Failure to do so may result in the loss of data.

### Operating the computer in Tablet mode



TOSHIBA PORTÉGÉ M400 computer can be used in two ways; ordinary laptop PC and Tablet PC. You can use the computer as Tablet PC that is operated with attached Tablet PC Pen by turning LCD display panel in 180 degrees and closing it. This manual calls the use as an ordinary laptop PC as Laptop mode, and the use as Tablet PC as Tablet mode. Refer to Changing to the Tablet mode section in Chapter 4, Operating Basics for the changing of the mode. When operating the computer in Tablet mode, follow the instructions below.



Figure 3-2 Operating the computer in Tablet mode

- Hold the computer firmly on your forearm. Do not block the vent.
- Remove the connector of AC adaptor from the computer when using the computer in Tablet mode held in your forearm.
- Do not use the computer while walking or driving a car.
- Change to Laptop mode and turn off the computer before carrying. Do not carry the computer with power on or in Sleep by state. Do not carry the computer while DISK LED is glowing.
- Do not expose the computer with rapid temperature change (such as the case to bring the PC from cold outside into warm room). When rapid temperature change is unavoidable, turn on the computer after a couple of hours. Avoid dew condensation.
- Remove all external peripheral devices and their connection cables from the computer before carrying.
- Do not drop the computer nor apply excessive impact on the computer. Do not leave the computer in an automobile where the computer is exposed to direct sunbeam.
- Do not put the computer in Tablet mode in a bag.

The display panel works as a touch sensitive digitizer screen. However, the outer edges of the screen may be less sensitive. Please keep the Tablet PC Pen inside the display area when you use it near the edges of the display panel. The position of the pen may not be recognized if you move the Tablet PC Pen too fast towards the outer edge. Please be sure to slide the Tablet PC Pen slowly in areas near the edges of the screen.

Use the Table PC in the area enclosed by the dotted line as shown in the following figure.



Figure 3-3 Use area of a Tablet PC Pen



Do not block the vent of the computer when holding it. If you maintain to expose your skin to the hot air released from the vent for a long time, your skin might suffer low temperature injury.
### **Connecting the AC adaptor**

Attach the AC adaptor when you need to charge the battery or you want to operate from AC power. It is also the fastest way to get started, because the battery pack will need to be charged before you can operate from battery power.

The AC adaptor can be connected to any power source supplying from 100 to 240 volts and 50 or 60 hertz. For details on using the AC adaptor to charge the battery pack, refer to Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*.



- Always use the Toshiba AC adaptor that was provided with your PC and the Toshiba Battery Charger (that may have been provided with your PC), or use Toshiba recommended alternate models to avoid any risk of fire or other damage to the PC. Use of an incompatible AC adaptor or Battery Charger could cause fire or damage to the PC possibly resulting in serious injury.
- Use only the AC adaptor supplied with your computer or an equivalent adaptor that is compatible. Use of any incompatible adaptor could damage your computer. TOSHIBA assumes no liability for any damage caused by use of an incompatible adaptor.
- Never plug the AC adaptor or Battery Charger into a power source that does not correspond to both the voltage and the frequency specified on the regulatory label of the unit. Failure to do so could result in a fire or electric shock, possibly resulting in serious injury.
- Always use or purchase power cables that comply with the legal voltage and frequency specifications and requirements in the country of use. Failure to do so could result in a fire or electric shock, possibly resulting in serious injury.
- The supplied power cord conforms to safety rules and regulations in the region the product is bought and should not be used outside this region. For use in other regions, please buy power cords that conform to safety rules and regulations in the particular region.
- Do not use a 3-pin to 2-pin conversion plug.
- When you connect the AC adaptor to the computer, always follow the steps in the exact order as described in the User's Manual. Connecting the power cable to a live electrical outlet should be the last step otherwise the adaptor DC output plug could hold an electrical change and cause an electrical shock or minor bodily injury when touched. As a general safety precaution, avoid touching any metal parts.
- Never place an AC adaptor on a wooden surface, furniture, or any other surface that could be marred by exposure to heat since the AC adaptor's surface temperature increases during normal use.
- Always place the PC on a suitable heat-insulating material to prevent possible heat damage.

1. Connect the power cord to the AC adaptor.



Figure 3-4 Connecting the power cord to the AC adaptor (2-pin plug)



Figure 3-5 Connecting the power cord to the AC adaptor (3-pin plug)



Either a 2-pin or 3-pin adaptor/cord will be included with the computer depending on the model.

Connect the AC adaptor's DC output plug to the DC IN 15V jack on the back of the computer.



Figure 3-6 Connecting the adaptor to the computer

3. Plug the power cord into a live wall outlet. The **Battery** and **DC IN** indicators on the front of the computer should glow.

## **Opening the display**

The computer's LCD display panel can be opened in a wide range of angles for optimal viewing.

- 1. Push the display latch on the front of the computer to unlatch the display panel.
- 2. While holding down the palm rest with one hand so that the main body is not raised, lift the panel slowly. Adjust the angle of the panel to provide optimal clarity.



Use reasonable care when opening and closing the LCD display panel. Opening it vigorously or slamming it shut could damage the computer.



Figure 3-7 Opening the LCD display panel

## Turning on the power

This section describes how to turn on the power.

The Power button LED indicates the status. Refer to the *Power indicators* section in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes.



- After you turn on the power for the first time, do not turn it off until you have set up the operating system. Refer to the section Starting up for the first time.
- If the USB floppy disk drive is connected, make sure it is empty. If a floppy disk is in the drive, press the eject button and remove the floppy disk.
- 1. Open the computer's LCD display panel.

2. Slide and hold the computer's power button.



Figure 3-8 Turning on the power

## Starting up for the first time

The Microsoft Windows Vista<sup>™</sup> Startup Screen will be the first screen displayed when you turn on the power. Follow the on-screen instructions on each screen in order to properly install the operating system.



When it is displayed, be sure to read the Software License Terms carefully.

## Turning off the power

The power can be turned off in one of three modes, either Shut Down (Boot) Mode, Hibernation Mode or Sleep Mode.

#### Shut Down mode (Boot Mode)

When you turn off the power in Shut Down Mode no data will be saved and the computer will boot to the operating system's main screen the next time it is turned on.

- 1. If you have entered data, either save it to the hard disk drive or to other storage media.
- Make sure all disk/disc activity has stopped before removing the CD/ DVD or floppy diskette.



- Make sure the HDD and Ultra Slim Bay's module indicators are off. If you turn off the power while a disk (disc) is being accessed, you can lose data or damage the disk (disc).
- Never turn off the power while an application is running. Doing so could cause loss of data.

Never turn off the power, disconnect an external storage device or remove storage media during data read/write. Doing so can cause data loss.

3. Click Start.

4. Click the arrow button ( **P**) located in the power management buttons

) and select Shut Down from the menu.

5. Turn off any peripheral devices connected to your computer.



Do not turn the computer or peripheral devices back on immediately - wait a short period to avoid any potential damage.

#### **Sleep Mode**

If you have to interrupt your work, you are able to turn off the power without exiting from your software by placing the computer into Sleep Mode. In this mode data is maintained in the computer's main memory so that when you turn on the power again, you can continue working right where you left off.



When the AC adaptor is connected, the computer will go into Sleep Mode according to the settings in the Power Options (to access it, Start -> Control Panel -> System and Maintenance -> Power Options).

- To restore the operation of the computer from Sleep Mode, press the power button. Please be aware that this latter action only works on the internal keyboard if the Wake-up on Keyboard option is enabled within the HW Setup utility.
- If the computer enters Sleep Mode while a network application is active, the application might not be restored when the computer is next turned on and the system returns from Sleep Mode.
- To prevent the computer from automatically entering Sleep Mode, disable Sleep Mode within the Power Options (to access it, Start -> Control Panel -> System and Maintenance -> Power Options). However, please be aware that this configuration will nullify the computer's Energy Star compliance.
- To use the Hybrid Sleep function, configure it in the Power Options.



- Before entering Sleep Mode, be sure to save your data.
- Do not install or remove a memory module while the computer is in Sleep Mode. The computer or the memory module could be damaged.
- Do not remove the battery pack while the computer is in Sleep Mode (unless the computer is connected to an AC power source). Data in memory could be lost.

#### **Benefits of Sleep Mode**

The Sleep Mode feature provides the following benefits:

- Restores the previous working environment more rapidly than does the Hibernation Mode feature.
- Saves power by shutting down the system when the computer receives no input or hardware access for the time period set by the System Sleep Mode feature.
- Allows the use of the panel power off feature.

#### **Executing Sleep Mode**



You can also enable Sleep Mode by pressing Fn + F3 - please refer to Chapter 5, The Keyboard, for further details.

You can enter Sleep Mode in one of four ways:

- Click Start then click the power button (
  - management buttons (

Please note that this feature must be enabled within the Power Options (to access it, click Start -> Control Panel -> System and Maintenance -> Power Options).

- Click Start then click the arrow button () and select Sleep from the menu.
- Close the display panel. Please note that this feature must be enabled within the Power Options (to access it, click Start -> Control Panel -> System and Maintenance -> Power Options).
- Press the power button. Please note that this feature must be enabled within the Power Options (to access it, click Start -> Control Panel -> System and Maintenance -> Power Options).

When you turn the power back on, you can continue where you left when you shut down the computer.



- When the computer is in Sleep Mode, the power indicator will blink orange.
- If you are operating the computer on battery power, you can lengthen the overall operating time by turning it off into Hibernation Mode - Sleep Mode will consume more power while the computer is off.

#### Sleep Mode limitations

Sleep Mode will not function under the following conditions:

- Power is turned back on immediately after shutting down.
- Memory circuits are exposed to static electricity or electrical noise.

#### **Hibernation Mode**

The Hibernation Mode feature saves the contents of memory to the hard disk drive when the computer is turned off so that, the next time it is turned on, the previous state is restored. Please note that the Hibernation Mode feature does not save the status of any peripheral devices connected to the computer.



Save your data. While entering Hibernation Mode, the computer saves the contents of memory to the hard disk drive. However, for safety sake, it is best to save your data manually.

- Data will be lost if you remove the battery or disconnect the AC adaptor before the save is completed. Wait for the HDD indicator to go out.
- Do not install or remove a memory module while the computer is in Hibernation Mode. Data will be lost.

#### **Benefits of Hibernation Mode**

The Hibernation Mode feature provides the following benefits:

- Saves data to the hard disk drive when the computer automatically shuts down because of a low battery condition.
- You can return to your previous working environment immediately when you turn on the computer.
- Saves power by shutting down the system when the computer receives no input or hardware access for the time period set by the System Hibernate feature.
- Allows the use of the panel power off feature.

#### Starting Hibernation Mode



You can also enable Hibernation Mode by pressing Fn + F4 - please refer to Chapter 5, The Keyboard, for further details.

To enter Hibernation Mode, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click Start.
- 2. Click the arrow button ( ) in the power management buttons

) and select Hibernate from the menu.

#### Automatic Hibernation Mode

The computer can be configured to enter Hibernation Mode automatically when you press the power button or close the lid. In order to define these settings, you can follow the steps as described below:

- 1. Click Start and click the Control Panel.
- 2. Click System and Maintenance and click Power Options.
- 3. Click Choose what the power buttons do or Choose what closing the lid does.
- 4. Enable the desired Hibernation Mode settings for When I press the power button and When I close the lid.
- 5. Click the Save changes button.

#### Data save in Hibernation Mode

When you turn off the power in Hibernation Mode, the computer will take a moment to save the current data in memory to the hard disk drive. During this time, the **HDD** indicator will glow.

After you turn off the computer, and the content of memory has been saved to the hard disk drive, turn off the power to any peripheral devices.



Do not turn the computer or devices back on immediately. Wait a moment to let all capacitors fully discharge.

## **Restarting the computer**

Certain conditions require that you reset the computer, for example if:

- You change certain computer settings.
- An error occurs and the computer does not respond to your keyboard commands.

If you need to restart the computer, there are three ways this can be achieved:

Click Start then click the arrow button ( ) in the power management

buttons (

- Press Ctrl, Alt and Del simultaneously (once) to display the menu window, then select Restart from the Shut down options.
- Press the power button and hold it down for five seconds. Once the computer has turned itself off, wait between ten and fifteen seconds before turning the power on again by pressing the power button.

## **System Recovery Options**

About 1.5GB hidden partition is allocated on the hard disk drive for the System Recovery Options.

This partition stores files which can be used to repair the system in the event of a problem.



The System Recovery Options feature will be unusable if this partition is deleted.

#### System Recovery Options

The System Recovery Options feature is installed on the hard disk when shipped from the factory. The System Recovery Options menu includes tools to repair startup problems, run diagnostics or restore the system.

See the **Windows Help and Support** content for more information about **Startup Repair**.

The System Recovery Options can also be run manually to repair problems.

The procedure is as follows. Follow the instructions shown on the onscreen menu.

- 1. Turn off the computer.
- 2. While holding the **F8** key, turn the computer.
- 3. The Advanced Boot Options menu will be displayed. Use the arrow keys to select **Repair Your Computer** and press **Enter**.
- 4. Follow the on-screen instructions.

The Windows Vista<sup>™</sup> CompletePC Backup feature can be used on Windows Vista<sup>™</sup> Business Edition and Ultimate Edition.

## System Recovery

This section describes the creation of Recovery Discs and their use.

#### **Creating a Optical Recovery Discs**

This section describes how to create Recovery Discs.



- Be sure to connect the AC adaptor when you create Recovery Discs.
- Be sure to close all other software programs except the Recovery Disc Creator.
- Do not run software such as screen savers which can put a heavy load on the CPU.
- Operate the computer at full power.
- Do not use power-saving features.
- Do not write to the disc when the virus check software is running. Wait for it to finish, then disable virus detection programs including any software that checks files automatically in the background.
- Do not use utilities, including those intended to enhance hard disk drive access speed. They may cause unstable operation and damage data.
- Do not shut down/log off or Sleep/Hibernate while writing or rewriting the disc.
- Set the computer on a level surface and avoid places subjected to vibrations such as airplanes, trains, or cars.
- Do not use on an unstable surface such as a stand.

A recovery image of the software on your computer is stored on the hard disk drive, and can be copied to either CD or DVD media by using the following steps:

- 1. Select either blank CD or DVD media.
- 2. The application will allow you to choose from a variety of different media onto which the recovery image can be copied including CD-R, CD-RW, DVD-R, DVD-R, DVD-R, DVD-RW, DVD+R, DVD+R, DL and DVD+RW.



Please note that some of the above media may not be compatible with the optical disc drive installed into your computer. You should therefore verify the optical drive supports the blank media you have chosen before proceeding.

- Turn on your computer and allow it to load the Windows Vista<sup>™</sup> operating system from the hard disk drive as normal.
- 4. Insert the first blank media into the optical disc drive tray.
- Double click the Recovery Disc Creator icon on the Windows Vista<sup>™</sup> desktop, or select the application from Start Menu.
- 6. After Recovery Disc Creator starts, select the type of media and the title you wish to copy, and then click the **Burn** button.



If your optical disc drive can only write to CD's, select 'CD' as the 'Type' within the Recovery Disc Creator application otherwise, if your optical disc drive can write either CD's or DVD's, select the appropriate format based around the type of media you wish to create.

# Restoring the pre-installed software from the Recovery hard disk drive

A portion of the total hard disk drive space is configured as a hidden recovery partition. This partition stores files which can be used to restore pre-installed software in the event of a problem.

If you subsequently set up your hard disk drive again, do not change, delete or add partitions in a manner other than specified in the manual, otherwise you may find that space for the required software is not available.

In addition, if you use a third-party partitioning program to reconfigure the partitions on your hard disk drive, you may find that it becomes impossible to setup your computer.



When the sound mute feature has been activated by pressing the **Fn** + **Esc** key, be sure to disable this to allow sounds to be heard before starting the restore process. Please refer to Chapter 5, The Keyboard, for further details.

You can not use System Recovery Options if restoring the pre-installed software without System Recovery Options.

- 1. Turn off your computer.
- 2. While holding down **0** (zero) key on the keyboard, turn on your computer.
- 3. A menu will be displayed from which you should follow the on-screen instructions.

## Restoring the pre-installed software from your created Recovery Discs

If the pre-installed files are damaged, you are able to either use the Recovery Discs you have created or the hard disk drive recovery process to restore the computer to the state it was in when you originally received it. To perform this restoration, follow the steps below:



When the sound mute feature has been activated by pressing the **Fn** + **Esc** key, be sure to disable this to allow sounds to be heard before starting the restore process. Please refer to Chapter 5, The Keyboard, for further details.

You can not use System Recovery Options if restoring the pre-installed software without System Recovery Options.



When you reinstall the Windows operating system, the hard disk will be reformatted and all data will be lost.

- 1. Load the Recovery Discs into the optical disc drive and turn off the computer's power.
- 2. While holding down **F12** key on the keyboard, turn on your computer when the **In Touch with Tomorrow TOSHIBA** logo screen appears, release the **F12** key.
- 3. Use the left and right cursors key to select the optical disc drive icon from the menu. Please refer to the *Boot Priority* section in Chapter 7, HW Setup for further information.
- 4. A menu will be displayed from which you should follow the on-screen instructions.



- When removing pre-installed drivers / utilities or when installing, you can setup the respective drivers / utilities from the following folder. C:\TOSAPINS\\*\*\*
- When installing TOSHIBA SD Memory Card Format or other SD utilities, select TOSHIBA SD Memory Utilities from the following folder. C: \TOSAPINS\\*\*\*

# **Chapter 4**

## **Operating Basics**

This chapter describes the basic operations of your computer and precautions when using it, as well as the handling of CD/DVD.

### **Using the Touch Pad**

To use the Touch Pad, simply touch and move your fingertip across it in the direction you want the on-screen pointer to go.



Figure 4-1 Touch Pad and Touch Pad control buttons

Two buttons below the Touch Pad are used like the buttons on a mouse pointer. Press the left button to select a menu item or to manipulate text or graphics designated by the pointer. Press the right button to display a menu or other function depending on the software you are using.



You can also tap the Touch Pad to perform functions similar to those of the left button.

Click: Tap once

Double-click: Tap twice

**Drag and drop:** Tap to select the material you want to move. Leave your finger on the Touch Pad after the second tap and move the material.

## Using the Tablet PC Pen and Reserve Pen

You can use the Tablet PC Pen to execute actions and enter data. Hold the Tablet PC Pen in a natural position and tap, press or trace on the screen lightly. Before you begin using the TOSHIBA PORTÉGÉ M400 for the first time, you will need to calibrate the Tablet PC Pen. Refer to the *Pointing device* section in Chapter 9, Troubleshooting.

Some computers in the series are equipped with a Reserve Pen.



Figure 4-2 The Tablet PC Pen (the left) and Reserve Pen (the right)

Eraser button	You can use this button as an eraser when using the application software for graphics. The application software for texts enables you to select and delete characters with one-touch action.
Pen button	Acts as the clicking of the right touch pad control button.
Pen point	Acts as the clicking of the left touch pad control button.



Observe the following precautions on the handling of the Tablet PC Pen.

Do not tap or press the Tablet PC Pen forcefully against the Display screen. It could damage the Tablet PC Pen and Display screen.

- Avoid using or keeping the Tablet PC Pen in the place of rapid temperature change or in a car where the Tablet PC Pen is exposed to direct sunbeam. Keep the Tablet PC Pen without pressure constantly applied to the switch of the Tablet PC Pen. Constant pressure to the button causes a malfunction or characteristic deterioration.
- The Tablet PC Pen is composed of precision parts. Do not drop the Tablet PC Pen. Strong impact causes a malfunction or characteristic deterioration.
- Do not apply excessive force to the Tablet PC Pen point and the side switch. Excessive force applied to these parts causes short life or characteristic deterioration (Allowable force to pen point, Eraser button, Pen button: less than 1 kg, for less than 30 seconds).
- Avoid water to enter in the Tablet PC Pen or dew condensation. Intrusion of water or dew condensation causes malfunction.
- Do not disassemble the Tablet PC Pen. It causes maladjustment or short life.
- Do not stain the Tablet PC Pen with cosmetics or chemicals. It causes deterioration of appearance. Use a glass wiping cloth or dry cloth to clean the Tablet PC Pen when cleaning. Do not use volatile liquid such as alcohol, thinner or petroleum benzine.
- Do not apply excessive force to the Tablet PC Pen point. Crooked or deformed pen point due to excessive force causes malfunction.
- Keep the small parts of the Tablet PC Pen such as the pen point or the knob of the side switch away from infant to prevent them to swallow.
- Do not use a ball point pen instead of the Tablet PC Pen delivered with the product.
- Do not use a broken pen tip.
- The lead cannot be replaced if it is worn (Reserve Pen only).



TOSHIBA is not liable to the quality problem of the products due to the use of the Tablet PC Pen in an environment where above conditions are not satisfied because of the use by unspecified number of users.

#### **Removing the Tablet PC Pen**

Remove the Tablet PC Pen as described below.

1. Gently push the Tablet PC Pen down. The pen rises up slightly.



Figure 4-3 Removing the Tablet PC Pen

2. Pull the Tablet PC Pen to remove it from the Tablet PC Pen slot.

#### Inserting the Tablet PC Pen

The Tablet PC Pen is included in the small case coming with the product. Remove the Tablet PC Pen from small case and install it to the computer as follows:

1. Insert the Tablet PC Pen into the Tablet PC Pen slot until it clicks.



The Tablet PC Pen and the Reserve Pen are different in shape. Do not insert the Reserve Pen into the Tablet PC Pen slot.



Figure 4-4 Inserting the Tablet PC Pen

#### **Pen actions**

You can use the Tablet PC Pen to enter data, start programs, move objects and execute other actions.

#### Single tap

Lightly tap the tip of the Tablet PC Pen on an object and lift it immediately to execute an action. A single tap is similar to clicking the left touch pad control button.

#### Double tap

Lightly tap the tip of the Tablet PC Pen twice on an object and lift it immediately to execute an action. A double-tap is similar to double-clicking the left touch pad control button.

#### Press and hold

Touch the tip of the Tablet PC Pen to the display screen and hold it there to display a pop-up menu or other action. Press and hold is similar to clicking the right touch pad control button.

#### Drag

Touch the Tablet PC Pen to the screen. Without lifting the Tablet PC Pen, drag it across the screen to select text or objects.

#### **Drag and drop**

Touch the Tablet PC Pen to the screen to select an object. Without lifting the Tablet PC Pen, drag it across the screen. Lift the Tablet PC Pen to drop the object to a new location.

#### Replacing the pen tip

- 1. To replace the pen tip, pinch the tip with a draw-out tool and pull it out.
- 2. Insert a new pen tip into the Tablet PC Pen carefully, and press it securely.



Figure 4-5 Replacing the pen tip



Short and worn pen point is difficult to pull out. Replace the pen point with refill before it becomes too short.

TOSHIBA recommends the customer to keep another pen set as a spare. You can buy the pen set from TOSHIBA dealer.



Do not use the broken pen tip. When it breaks, replace it with a refill delivered with the Tablet PC Pen. Use of the broken pen tip causes to make scratches on the LCD display panel. When the reserve refills have run out, purchase a new pen set from a TOSHIBA dealer.

#### **Removing the Reserve Pen case**

To remove the Reserve Pen case, follow the steps below.

- 1. Save your work.
- 2. Turn the computer's power off. Make sure the Power indicator is off.
- 3. Remove all cables connected to the computer.
- 4. Close the LCD display panel and turn the computer upside down.



Always make sure the display panel is closed in Laptop mode before turning the computer upside down.

5. Slide and then lift out the Reserve Pen case.



Push lightly the point shown by the arrow using an object with a thin tip.



Figure 4-6 Removing the Reserve Pen case

#### **Inserting the Reserve Pen case**

To insert the Reserve Pen case, follow the steps below.

1. Insert the Reserve Pen case into the Reserve Pen case slot on the computer and slide it until it locks.



Figure 4-7 Inserting the Reserve Pen case

## Storing and Removing the Reserve Pen from the Reserve Pen case

Follow the procedures below to remove the Reserve Pen from the Reserve Pen case.

#### Removing the Reserve Pen from the Reserve Pen case

1. Lift the Reserve Pen up from the Reserve Pen case by its end.



Figure 4-8 Removing the Reserve Pen from the Reserve Pen case

#### Storing the Reserve Pen in the Reserve Pen case

1. Insert the tip of the Reserve Pen into the Reserve Pen case holder and press down.



Figure 4-9 Storing the Reserve Pen in the Reserve Pen case

## Changing to the Tablet mode

To change the Laptop mode to the Tablet mode, follow the instructions below.





Turn the LCD display panel to the direction indicated by the Tablet mode icon.



From Tablet mode to Laptop mode: counter-clockwise 180 degrees.



Laptop mode iconTurn the LCD display panel to the directionindicated by the Laptop mode icon.

1. Open the LCD display panel to the upright position. Check that the angle of a keyboard and the LCD display panel is 90 degrees.



When rotating the display panel, be sure to keep the display panel at a 90-degree angle to the keyboard.

2. Rotate the LCD display panel clockwise slowly.



- When rotating display panel of your computer, be sure to slowly turn it in the proper direction, and not apply excessive force or speed.
- Do not attempt to rotate the display panel past the maximum rotation point. Forcing the display panel past the maximum rotation point will damage the display panel.
- Rotating the display panel counterclockwise will break the hinge and cause the computer to cease to function correctly.



Figure 4-11 Changing to the Tablet mode (2)

- 3. Turn the display latch in 180 degrees to the down side.
- 4. Close the LCD display panel slowly with LCD surface outside.



Figure 4-12 Changing to the Tablet mode (3)

- 5. Turn the display latch downward.
- 6. Insert the display latch in the slit.

7. Press the LCD display panel downward softly.



Figure 4-13 Changing to the Tablet mode (4)

## Changing the screen orientation

The orientation of desktop screen can be changed to one of the following four display modes:



Figure 4-14 Four display modes



- Execute the following applications on Primary landscape:
- 3D game software
- 3D screen saver
- Playback of motion picture, such as a case of DVD-Video playback on the computer connecting an external DVD-ROM Drive.
- The screen cannot rotate in one of the following cases. Quit the running application and then rotate the screen:
  - Running of the application that changes the screen resolution dynamically (such as a game that is execute on full-screen mode)
  - DOS prompt in full-screen mode
  - Running of 3D screen saver



- Do not play 3D game software or replay DVD-Video on the screen other than Primary landscape. An abnormality will appear on the Windows screen display when you replay a DVD-Video on the screen other than Primary landscape because DVD playback software can boot only in the Primary landscape.
- An abnormality will appear a part of the Windows screen display when you change the PC from Tablet mode to Laptop mode while 3D screen saver is running. In such a case, press any key in the Laptop mode to cancel 3D screen saver.

#### Method 1: Changing the screen orientation using TOSHIBA Accelerometer Utilities and TOSHIBA Rotation Utility

When TOSHIBA Accelerometer Utilities and TOSHIBA Rotation Utility are running, changes in the orientation of the top and bottom of the screen is automatically recognized by pressing ESC/Rotation button for more than a second.

#### Method 2: Changing the screen orientation using Cross Function Button

- 1. Press Cross Function Button for more than one second. TOSHIBA Table Menu will appear.
- 2. Select the **Internal Monitor** of the **Toshiba Shortcut** using Cross Function Button and press Cross Function Button.
- 3. Select the rotation angle using Cross Function Button and press Cross Function Button.

#### Method 3: Changing the screen orientation using Task Bar

 Right click "Change tablet and pen settings" icon in the Task Bar. Click "Change screen orientation" from the menu. The screen orientation is set to change in the following order when purchased.





You can set the orientation of the desktop screen just after rotating the display from Start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA -> Tablet PC -> Rotation Utility.

## **Using Accelerometer Utilities**



When you shake the computer:

- Do not shake the computer too strongly. If so, the computer may drop from your hands or hit persons or things around.
- Avoid using the computer in crowded places. (e.g. in commuter trains or in busy streets)

This may cause injury to a child or adult, and damage to the computer.



When TOSHIBA HDD protection function is on and the Tilt function (function to start applications, etc. by waving the computer vertically or horizontally) is used, the TOSHIBA HDD protection message may be displayed on the screen. Set the TOSHIBA HDD protection function to off in order to stop such messages from displaying.

It is safe that you hold the computer with both hands horizontally as shown in the example.

The computer is shaken horizontally. The computer is shaken perpendicularly. Figure 4-15 Shake the computer

## Changing to the Laptop mode

To change the Tablet mode to the Laptop mode, follow the instructions below.

- 1. Press the Display latch and raise the display to the upright position carefully.
- 2. Rotate the display counter-clockwise slowly.
- 3. Turn the display latch toward you for the next closing of the display.

## Using the Fingerprint Sensor

This product has a fingerprint utility installed for the purpose of enrolling and recognizing fingerprints. By enrolling the ID and password onto the fingerprint authentication feature, it is no longer necessary to input the password from the keyboard. Fingerprint feature enables you to:

- Logon to Windows and access a security enabled homepage through Internet Explorer.
- Files and folders can be encrypted/decrypted and third party access to them prevented.
- Disable the password-protected screen-saver when returning from a power-saving mode such as Sleep Mode.
- Authentication of the User Password (and, if applicable, the HDD(Hard Disk Drive) Password) when booting up the computer (Power-on Security).
- Single Sign-on facility

#### How to Swipe your Finger

Using the following steps when swiping fingers for fingerprint registration or authentication will help to minimize authentication failures:

Align the first joint of the finger to the center of the sensor. Lightly touch the sensor and swipe finger levelly towards you when in portrait mode, and sideways when in either landscape mode or Laptop mode.

While lightly touching the sensor, swipe the finger towards you when in portrait mode, and sideways when in either landscape mode or Laptop mode until the sensor surface becomes visible.

The following illustrations show the recommended way to swipe your finger over the fingerprint sensor.



Sample. 1) When swiping the index finger

Sample. 2) When swiping the thumb

Figure 4-16 Swipe the finger

Avoid swiping with your finger stiff or pressed too hard onto the sensor, and take care to ensure that the center of the fingerprint is touching the sensor before swiping. Either of these conditions may cause fingerprint reading to fail.



Check the center of the fingerprint whirl before swiping and then ensure this is swiped along the center line of the sensor.



There is a possibility of authentication failures if the finger is swiped too quickly or too slowly - follow any on-screen instructions to adjust the speed used during the swipe process.

#### Points to note about the Fingerprint Sensor

Please be aware of the following considerations when using the fingerprint sensor. A failure to follow these guidelines might result in damage to the sensor, sensor failure, fingerprint recognition problems or a lower fingerprint recognition success rate.

- Do not scratch or poke the sensor with your nails or any hard or sharp objects.
- Do not press the sensor strongly.
- Do not touch the sensor with a wet finger or any wet objects keep the sensor surface dry and free from water vapor.
- Do not touch the sensor with a soiled or dirty finger as minute foreign particles of dust and dirt may scratch it.
- Do not paste stickers or write on the sensor.
- Do not touch the sensor with a finger or any other object which may have a build-up of static electricity on it.

Observe the following before you place your finger on the sensor whether for fingerprint enrollment/registration or recognition.

- Wash and dry your hands thoroughly.
- Remove static electricity from your fingers by touching any metal surface. Static electricity is a common cause of sensor failures, especially when the weather is dry.
- Clean the sensor with a lint-free cloth do not use detergent or any other chemicals to clean the sensor.
- Avoid the following finger conditions for enrollment or recognition as they may result in fingerprint enrollment errors or a drop in the fingerprint recognition success rate
  - Soaked or swollen finger, for example as may occur after taking a bath.
  - Injured finger
  - Wet finger
  - Soiled or oily finger
  - Extremely dry skin condition on finger

Observe the following to improve the fingerprint recognition success rate.

- Enroll two or more fingers.
- Enroll additional fingers if a recognition failure often occurs when using already enrolled fingers.
- Check the condition of your finger any conditions which have changed since enrollment, such as injury, rough skin, and extremely dry, wet, soiled, dirty, oily, soaked or swollen fingers, may lower the recognition success rate. Also if the fingerprint is worn down or the finger becomes thinner or fatter, the recognition success rate may be lowered.
- As the fingerprint for each finger is different and unique you should ensure that only the registered or enrolled fingerprint or fingerprints are used for identification.

Check the position and speed at which you swipe your finger across the sensor - please refer to the preceding drawing.

#### How to Delete the Fingerprint Data

Saved fingerprint data is stored in special non-volatile memory inside the fingerprint sensor. Therefore, if you give the computer to someone else, or dispose of it in any way, the following process is recommended to delete your fingerprint information:

- 1. To run this program, click Start -> All Programs -> Protector Suite QL -> Control Center.
- 2. The Protector Suite Software screen is displayed.
- 3. Click Fingerprints and click Delete.
- 4. Click Settings and click Fingerprint Storage Inspector.
- 5. The **Fingerprint Storage Inspector** screen will be displayed. If fingerprint data is displayed as part of the list, simply select all of this information and then **Remove**.
- 6. Check whether all of the fingerprint data was deleted on the **Fingerprint Storage Inspector** screen.

In use, please be aware of the following limitations of the fingerprint sensor:

- The fingerprint sensor compares and analyzes the unique characteristics in a fingerprint.
- A warning message will be displayed when recognition is abnormal or recognition is not successful within a fixed duration.
- The recognition success rate may differ from user to user.
- Toshiba does not guarantee that this fingerprint recognition technology will be error-free.
- Toshiba does not guarantee that the fingerprint sensor will recognize the enrolled user or accurately screen out unauthorized users at all times. Toshiba is not liable for any failure or damage that might arise out of the use of this fingerprint recognition software or utility.

#### Points to note about the Fingerprint Utility software



You are able to backup saved fingerprint data and information within the PasswordBank by using the Import or Export User Data facility under the fingerprint management software. However, please be aware that any encrypted files cannot be backup within FileSafe using this function - in these instances it is recommended that you backup these files to external media using standard file copy processes.

The Encrypting File System (EFS) is a Windows Vista<sup>™</sup> feature.

If a file is encrypted using EFS, it cannot be encrypted further using the fingerprint authentication function.

If both the fingerprint sensor and Trusted Platform Module (TPM) security are used as identification devices, you must install and configure the Infineon TPM Professional package first before you setup and configure the fingerprint utility. Please refer to the **TPM (Trusted Platform Module) Installation Guide** for further information on the installation and configuration considerations relating to TPM.

In the Help File, it is stated that this software's PasswordBank function can be used for managing security relating to the Internet as well as for general applications. However, please be aware that the Internet PasswordBank function within the fingerprint utility provided on this computer can only be used with Microsoft's Internet Explorer software.

#### Set Up Procedure

Please use the following procedure when first using fingerprint authentication.

#### Fingerprint Registration

You should initially enroll the required authentication data using the **User Enrollment** Wizard.



- In use, the fingerprint authentication system will use the same username and password as defined within the Windows operating system. If no Windows password has been configured, you must do this before starting the fingerprint registration process.
- Up to twenty-one fingerprint patterns can be registered on this sensor.
- 1. To run this program, click Start -> All Programs -> Protector Suite QL -> User Enrollment.



You are also able to start the User Enrollment Wizard by using the following methods.

- Click the Protector Suite QL icon in the Task Bar.
- Swipe your finger across the Fingerprint Sensor.
- 2. Click Next.
- At the User's Password screen which is then displayed, you should ensure that the same Windows username is displayed before entering the appropriate password into the Enter your password field. Once this has been done, click Next.
- 4. At the **Hints for Fingerprint Enrollment** screen, confirm the message displayed and ensure that there is a check mark in the **Run Interactive Tutorial** box. Once this has been done, click **Next**.
- 5. At the **Correct Swipe Procedure** screen, confirm the message that is displayed and then click **Next**.
- 6. At the **Scanning Practice** screen, you are able to practice swiping your finger to ensure you use the correct method. Once you have finished practicing, click **Next**.

- 7. At the User's Fingers screen, select the finger that you wish to enroll from the illustration and then click Next. On this screen please be aware that any previously enrolled fingerprints would have green check marks, while the fingerprint that you are about to enroll will have a red check mark. If any of the previously enrolled fingerprints is selected again, the latest information will be enrolled and any previous information over-written.
- 8. At **Advanced Security** screen, select whether you wish to enable the security function, and then click **Next**.
- 9. At **Finalization** screen, click **Finish** this will complete the fingerprint registration process.

#### Windows Logon via Fingerprint Authentication

If required, you are also able to use fingerprint authentication in place of the usual Windows logon process using your username and password. This method is especially useful where there are many users using the same computer as it removes the need for actual user selection when the system is started.

#### Fingerprint Authentication Procedure

- 1. Start up the computer.
- At the Logon Authorization screen, choose any of the enrolled fingers and swipe the fingerprint on the sensor - if the authentication process is successful, the user will automatically be logged in to Windows.



If the fingerprint authentication process fails you will need to log into Windows using the appropriate username and password. In addition, you should use this manual login process if fingerprint authentication fails for three consecutive tries - a warning message will be displayed when authentication is not normal or is not successful within a fixed duration.

#### **Fingerprint Power-on Security**

#### General

The fingerprint authentication system can be used to replace the keyboard based password authentication system that is used when the computer is turned on.

If you do not want to use the fingerprint authentication system for password authentication when the computer is turned on, but instead prefer to use the keyboard entry method instead, simply press the **BkSP** (backspace) key or the ESC/Rotation button when the Fingerprint Power-on Security screen is displayed. Using this process will switch the password input screen across to the keyboard based entry screen.



- You must ensure that you use the TOSHIBA Password Utility to register a User Password before using the Fingerprint Power-on Security and its extended function to allow fingerprints to be used to access the computer when it is turned on.
- If the fingerprint authentication process fails five times, a preset time limit is exceeded, or you press the BkSP (backspace) key, [Password
  =] will be displayed on the screen and you will have to enter either the User Password or Supervisor Password manually in order to start the computer.
- When swiping your finger, please ensure that you do it slowly and at a constant speed. If you find that this does not improve the authentication rate, you should try to adjust the speed at which the finger is swiped.
- If there are any changes in the environment or settings related to authorization, you will be required to provide authorization information such as a User Password (and, if applicable, the HDD(Hard Disk Drive) password).

#### How to Enable Fingerprint Power-on Security Settings

It is necessary to first enroll your fingerprint with the Protector Suite QL application prior to enabling and configuring the Fingerprint Power-on Security System. You should check that your fingerprint is enrolled before configuring the settings (please refer to the Manual for Fingerprint Registration/Enrollment for further instructions).

- 1. Swipe your finger across the fingerprint sensor.
- 2. MENU will appear in the lower right corner of the screen. Swipe(\*) your finger on the fingerprint sensor and then select Control Center from the items presented in this menu.

(\*) It is recommended that the keyboard cursor keys (movement) and enter key (selection) or the directional pad be used when selecting an Item from the Menu in laptop or landscape modes.

- 3. At the **Fingerprint Software Management** screen, click **Settings** and then click **Power-on Security**.
- 4. At the **Power-on Security** screen, place a check mark in the Replace the power-on and hard disk drive passwords with the fingerprint reader setting and then click **OK**.

#### **Fingerprint Single Sign-on Feature**

#### General

This is a feature that allows the user to complete the authentication for both the User/BIOS Password (and, if applicable, the HDD(Hard Disk Drive) Password) and logging onto Windows using only one fingerprint authentication when booting up. It is necessary to register the User/BIOS Password and Windows Logon Password before using the Fingerprint Power-on Security and this Fingerprint Single Sign-on Feature. Please use the TOSHIBA Password Utility to register your User/BIOS Password. If Windows Logon is not the default for your system, see Manual to register your Windows Logon Password.

Only one fingerprint authentication is required to replace the User/BIOS Password (and, if applicable, the HDD(Hard Disk Drive) Password) and the Windows Logon Password.

#### How to Enable Fingerprint Single Sign-on Feature

It is necessary to first enroll your fingerprint with the Protector Suite QL application prior to enabling and configuring the Fingerprint Single Sign-on feature. You should check that your fingerprint is enrolled before configuring the settings (please refer to the Manual for Fingerprint Registration/Enrollment for further instructions).

- 1. Swipe your finger across the fingerprint sensor.
- 2. MENU will appear in the lower right corner of the screen. Swipe(\*) your finger on the fingerprint sensor and then select Control Center from the items presented in this menu.

(\*) It is recommended that the keyboard cursor keys (movement) and enter key (selection) or the directional pad be used when selecting an Item from the Menu in laptop or landscape modes.

- 3. At the **Fingerprint Software Management** screen, click **Settings** and then click **System Settings**.
- At the Protector Suite Settings screen, place a check mark in the Allow power-on security single sign-on setting within Enable logon support and then click OK.

#### Fingerprint utility limitations

TOSHIBA does not guarantee that the fingerprint utility technology will be completely secure or error-free, or that it will accurately screen out unauthorized users at all times. TOSHIBA is not liable for any failure or damage that might arise out of the use of the fingerprint software.

## Using the USB floppy disk drive

The USB floppy disk drive accommodates 1.44-megabyte or 720-kilobyte floppy disks and connects to the USB port. Refer to Chapter 2, *The Grand Tour*, for more information. It is supplied as standard with some models and as an option with others.

#### Connecting USB floppy disk drive

To connect the drive, plug the floppy disk drive's USB connector into a computer's USB port. Refer to Figure 4-16.



Make sure the connector is back side up and properly aligned with the socket. Do not try to force the connection, doing so can damage the connecting pins.



Figure 4-17 Connecting the USB floppy disk drive



If you connect the USB floppy disk drive after turning on the computer, it will take about 10 seconds for the computer to recognize the drive. Do not disconnect and reconnect before 10 seconds has elapsed.

#### Disconnecting USB floppy disk drive

When you have finished using the USB floppy disk drive, you can follow the procedures below in order to disconnect it:

1. Wait for the Disk-In-Use Indicator light to go out to make sure all floppy disk activity has stopped.



If you disconnect the USB floppy disk drive or turn off the power while the computer is accessing the drive you may lose data or damage the floppy disk or the drive.

- 2. Click the Safely Remove Hardware icon on the Task Bar.
- 3. Click the USB floppy disk drive device that you want to remove.
- 4. Carefully pull the floppy disk drive's USB connector out from within the computer's USB port.

## **Changing Ultra Slim Bay modules**

This section explains how to change modules in the Ultra Slim Bay. The illustrations show replacement of the optical media drive with the Ultra Slim Bay HDD adaptor. Therefore, the text refers to those modules. However, the procedures are the same for any of the modules: DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive, DVD Super Multi drive and HDD adaptor.



To avoid injury, do not put your hand into the Ultra Slim Bay slot.



The TOSHIBA Mobile Extension is preinstalled to support hot swapping under Windows. Refer to Chapter 1, Introduction for information on using this utility to change modules while the computer's power is on.

#### Removing a module

Remove the as described below.

- 1. You can confirm that the disks are not operating with indicators. If all indicators are off, it means that no disks are operating currently.
- 2. Turn the computer upside down.



Wait for all disk indicators to go out before you turn over the computer. Lay the computer down gently. Shock can damage the HDD or other components.



Always make sure the display panel is closed in Laptop mode before turning the computer upside down.

- 3. Remove the screw near the icon that holds the Ultra Slim Bay in place.
- 4. Make sure the screw in the Ultra Slim Bay lock screw is set in the hole to the unlock position.
- 5. Slide the Ultra Slim Bay latch to the unlock position.

6. Grasp the optical media drive and slide it out.



The optical media drive and other Ultra Slim Bay modules can become hot with use. Be careful when removing the module.



Figure 4-18 Removing the optical media drive

#### Inserting a module

Insert the Ultra Slim Bay HDD adaptor as described below.

- 1. Insert the Ultra Slim Bay HDD adaptor in the computer as shown below and press until the ejector clicks.
- 2. If you want to lock the Ultra Slim Bay HDD adaptor, set the Ultra Slim Bay lock screw in the hole for the lock position.



Figure 4-19 Inserting the Ultra Slim Bay HDD adaptor

## Using optical media drives

The text and illustrations in this section refer primarily to the optical media drive. However, operations are the same for other optical drives in the Ultra Slim Bay. The full-size drive provides high-performance execution of CD/ DVD-ROM-based programs. You can run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") CD/DVDs without an adaptor. An ATAPI interface controller is used for CD/DVD-ROM operation. When the computer is accessing a CD/DVD-ROM, an indicator on the drive glows and the Ultra Slim Bay indicator glows.



Use the WinDVD application to view DVD-Video discs.

If you have a DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive, refer also to the *Writing CDs on DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive* section for precautions on writing to CDs.

If you have a DVD Super Multi drive, refer also to the *Writing CD/DVDs on DVD Super Multi drive* section for precautions on writing to CDs/DVDs.



When the power of the optical media drive is off, pressing the Fn + Tab keys will turn the power of the optical media drive on. Furthermore, it is possible to set it to turn the power of the optical media drive on and eject the tray at the same time.

#### **Loading discs**

To load CD/DVDs, follow the steps below and refer to figures 4-19 to 4-23.

1. When the computer's power is on, press the eject button to open the disc tray slightly.



Figure 4-20 Pressing the eject button
2. Grasp the disc tray gently and pull until it is fully opened.



Figure 4-21 Pulling the disc tray open

3. Lay the CD/DVD, label side up, in the disc tray.



Figure 4-22 Inserting a CD/DVD



When the disc tray is fully opened, the edge of the computer will extend slightly over the CD/DVD tray. Therefore, you will need to turn the CD/DVD at an angle when you place it in the disc tray. After seating the CD/DVD, however, make sure it lies flat, as shown in figure 4-21.



- Do not touch a laser lens and its circumference portion. Doing so could cause misalignment.
- Prevent foreign objects from entering the drive. Check the surface of the disc tray, especially the area behind the front edge of the disc tray, to make sure there are no such objects before closing the drive.
- Press gently at the center of the CD/DVD until you feel it click into place. The CD/DVD should lie below the top of the spindle, flush with the spindle base.

5. Push the center of the disc tray to close it. Press gently until it locks into place.



If the CD/DVD is not seated properly when the disc tray is closed, the CD/ DVD might be damaged. Also, the disc tray might not open fully when you press the eject button.



Figure 4-23 Closing the CD/DVD disc tray

#### **Removing discs**

To remove the CD/DVD, follow the steps below and refer to figure 4-23.



Do not press the eject button while the computer is accessing the media drive. Wait for the Ultra Slim Bay indicator to go out before you open the disc tray. Also, if the CD/DVD is spinning when you open the disc tray, wait for it to stop before you remove it.

1. To pop the disc tray partially open, press the eject button. Gently pull the disc tray out until it is fully opened.



When the disc tray pops open slightly, wait a moment to make sure the CD/DVD has stopped spinning before pulling the disc tray fully open.

The CD/DVD extends slightly over the sides of the disc tray so you can grasp it. Gently lift out the CD/DVD.



Figure 4-24 Removing a CD/DVD

3. Push the center of the disc tray to close it. Press gently until it locks into place.

#### How to remove CD/DVD when the disc tray will not open

Pressing the eject button will not open the disc tray when the computer power is off. If the power is off, you can open the disc tray by inserting a slender object (about 15 mm) such as a straightened paper clip into the eject hole just to the right of the eject button.



Figure 4-25 Manual release with the eject hole



Turn off the power before you use the eject hole. If the CD/DVD is spinning when you open the disc tray, the CD/DVD could fly off the spindle and cause injury.

#### Writing CDs on DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive

Depending on the type of drive installed, you may be able to write CDs. The DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive lets you write as well as read CD-ROMs. Observe the precautions in this section to ensure the best performance for writing CDs. For information on loading and unloading CDs refer to the Using optical media drives section.



- Refer to the Writable discs, Chapter 2 for the details about the types of writable CD/DVD discs.
- Do not turn off the power of the optical media drive while the computer is accessing the drive. If you turn off the power, you may lose data.
- When the optical disc drive power is off, the disc tray will not open even if the eject button is pressed. Press the Fn + Tab keys simultaneously to turn the optical disc drive power on. Refer to Chapter 5, Hot keys for information.



When writing to media using an optical drive, always connect the AC adaptor to a power plug socket. If data is written while powered by the batteries, writing may sometimes fail due to low battery power and data loss may occur.

#### Before writing or rewriting

Please observe the following points when you write or rewrite the data.

We recommend the following manufacturers of CD-R and CD-RW media. Media quality can affect write or rewrite success rates.

#### CD-R:

TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION RICOH Co., Ltd.

#### Multi-Speed and High-Speed CD-RW:

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION RICOH Co., Ltd.

#### Ultra-Speed CD-RW:

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

TOSHIBA has confirmed the operation of CD-R and CD-RW media of the manufacturers above. Operation of other media cannot be guaranteed.

- The actual number of rewrites to CD-RW is affected by the quality of the disc and the way it is used.
- Be sure to connect the AC adaptor when you write or rewrite.
- Be sure to close all other software programs except the writing software.
- Do not run software such as a screen saver which can put a heavy load on the CPU.
- Operate the computer at full power. Do not use power-saving features.
- Do not write while virus check software is running. Wait for it to finish, then disable virus detection programs including any software that checks files automatically in the background.
- Do not use hard disk utilities, including those intended to enhance hard disk drive access speeds. They may cause unstable operation and damage data.
- Write from the computer's hard disk drive to the CD. Do not try to write from shared devices such as a LAN server or any other network device.
- Writing with software other than TOSHIBA Disc Creator has not been confirmed. Therefore, operation with other software cannot be guaranteed.

#### When writing or rewriting

Note the following when you write or rewrite a CD-R or CD-RW.

- Always copy data from the hard disk drive to the optical media. Do not use cut-and-paste as the original data will be lost if there is a write error.
- Do not perform any of the following actions:
  - Change users in the Windows Vista<sup>TM</sup> operating system.
  - Operate the computer for any other function, including use of a mouse or Touch Pad, closing/opening the LCD panel.
  - Start a communication application such as a modem.
  - Apply impact or vibration to the computer.
  - Install, remove or connect external devices, including the following: PC card, SD card, Memory Stick/Memory Stick Pro, xD picture card, USB devices, external monitor, i.LINK devices, optical digital devices.
  - Open the optical media drive.
  - Remove the optical media drive from the Ultra Slim Bay.
- Do not use shut down/log off and Sleep/hibernation while writing or rewriting.
- If the media is poor in quality, dirty or damaged, writing or rewriting errors may occur.
- Set the computer on a level surface and avoid places subject to vibration such as airplanes, trains or cars. Do not use an unstable surface such as a stand.
- Keep mobile phones and other wireless communication devices away from the computer.

#### Writing CD/DVDs on DVD Super Multi drive

You can use the DVD Super Multi drive to write data to either CD-R/RW or DVD-R/-R DL/-RW/+R/+R DL/+RW/-RAM discs. The TOSHIBA Disc Creator and Ulead DVD MovieFactory for TOSHIBA are provided for writing.



- Refer to the Writable discs, Chapter 2 for details about the types of writable CD/DVD discs.
- Do not turn off the power of the optical disc drive while the computer is accessing the drive. If you turn off the power, you may lose data.
- When the optical disc drive power is off, the disc tray will not open even if the eject button is pressed. Press the Fn + Tab keys simultaneously to turn the optical disc drive power on. Refer to Chapter 5, Hot keys for information.



When writing to media using an optical disc drive, always connect the AC adaptor to a power plug socket. If data is written while powered by the battery back, writing may sometimes fail due to low battery power and data loss may occur.

#### Important message

Before you write or rewrite to CD-R/RW or DVD-R/-R DL/-RW/+R/+R DL/ +RW/-RAM discs, read and follow all setup and operating instructions in this section. If you fail to do so, the DVD Super Multi drive may not function properly, and you may fail to write or rewrite, lose data or incur other damage.

#### **Legal Footnotes**

TOSHIBA does not bear responsibility for the following:

- Damage to any CD-R/RW or DVD-R/-R DL/-RW/+R/+R DL/+RW/-RAM disc that may be caused by writing or rewriting with this product.
- Any change or loss of the recorded contents of CD-R/RW or DVD-R/-R DL/-RW/+R/+R DL/+RW/-RAM disc that may be caused by writing or rewriting with this product, or for any business profit loss or business interruption that may be caused by the change or loss of the recorded contents.
- Damage that may be caused by using third party equipment or software.

Given the technological limitations of current optical disc writing drives, you may experience unexpected writing or rewriting errors due to disc quality or problems with hardware devices. Also, it is a good idea to make two or more copies of important data, in case of undesired change or loss of the recorded contents.

#### Before writing or rewriting

Based on TOSHIBA's limited compatibility testing, we suggest the following manufacturers of CD-R/RW and DVD-R/-R DL/+R/+R DL/-RW/+RW/-RAM disc. However, in no event does TOSHIBA guarantee the operation, quality or performance of any disc. Disc quality can affect write or rewrite success rates.

#### CD-R:

TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION RICOH Co., Ltd.

CD-RW: (Multi-Speed and High-Speed) MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION RICOH Co., Ltd.

#### CD-RW: (Ultra-Speed)

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

#### DVD-R:

**DVD Specifications for Recordable Disc for General Version 2.0** TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD.

Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

#### DVD-R (Dual Layer):

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

#### DVD+R:

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION RICOH Co., Ltd.

#### DVD+R DL:

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

#### DVD-RW:

DVD Specifications for Recordable Disc for Version 1.1 or version 1.2

VICTOR COMPANY OF JAPAN.LIMITED MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

#### DVD+RW:

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION RICOH Co., Ltd.

#### DVD-RAM:

DVD Specifications for DVD-RAM Disc for Version 2.0, Version 2.1 or Version 2.2

Hitachi Maxell Ltd. Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.



This drive cannot use discs that allow writing faster than 8 speed (DVD-R, DVD+R), 4 speed (DVD-RW, DVD+RW), 5 speed (DVD-RAM), 2.4 speed (DVD-R DL, Double Layer supported model only), 2 speed (DVD-R DL, Double Layer supported model only).

2.6GB and 5.2GB DVD-RAM media cannot be read from or written to.

 DISC created in DVD-R DL format4 (Layer Jump Recording) cannot be read.

If the disc is poor in quality, dirty or damaged, writing or rewriting errors may occur. Be careful to check the disc for dirt or damage before you use it.

The actual number of rewrites to CD-RW, DVD-RW, DVD+RW or DVD-RAM is affected by the quality of the disc and the way it is used.

- DISC created in DVD-R DL format4 (Layer Jump Recording) cannot be read.
- There are two types of DVD-R discs: authoring and general use discs. Do not use authoring discs. Only general use discs can be written to by a computer drive.
- You can use DVD-RAM discs that can be removed from a cartridge and DVD-RAM discs designed without a cartridge.
- Other DVD-ROM drives for computers or other DVD players may not be able to read DVD-R/-R DL/-RW or DVD+R/+R DL/+RW discs.
- Data written to a CD-R/DVD-R/-R DL/DVD+R/+R DL disc cannot be deleted either in whole or in part.
- Data deleted (erased) from a CD-RW, DVD-RW, DVD+RW and DVD-RAM disc cannot be recovered. Check the content of the disc carefully before you delete it. If multiple drives that can write data to discs are connected, be careful not to delete data from the wrong drive.
- In writing to a DVD-R/-R DL/-RW, DVD+R/+R DL/+RW or DVD-RAM disc, some disc space is required for file management, so you may not be able to write the full capacity of the disc.
- Since the disc is based on the DVD standard, it might be filled with dummy data if the written data is less than about 1 GB. Even if you write only a small amount of data, it might take time to fill in the dummy data.
- When multiple drives that can write data to discs are connected, be careful not to write to the wrong drive.
- Be sure to connect the AC adaptor before you write or rewrite.
- Before you enter Sleep or Hibernation Mode, be sure to finish DVD-RAM writing. When writing is finished, you can eject DVD-RAM media.
- Be sure to close all other software programs except the writing software.
- Do not run software such as a screen saver, which can put a heavy load on the CPU.
- Operate the computer in the full-power mode. Do not use power-saving features. Be careful not to write to the wrong drive.
- Do not write while a virus check software is running. Wait for it to finish and then disable virus detection programs including any software that checks files automatically in the background.
- Do not use hard disk utilities, including those intended to enhance hard disk drive access speed. They may cause unstable operation and data damage.
- CD-RW (Ultra Speed +) media is not supported. If used, data may be lost or damaged.
- Write from the computer's hard disk drive to the CD/DVD. Do not try to write from shared devices such as a LAN server or any other network device.

#### When writing or rewriting

Please observe/consider the following when you write or rewrite to a CD-R/ RW, DVD-R/-R DL/-RW/-RAM or DVD+R/+R DL/+RW disc.

- Do not perform any of the following actions when writing or rewriting:
  - Change users in the Windows Vista<sup>TM</sup> operating system.
  - Operate the computer for any other function, including using a mouse or Touch Pad or closing/opening the LCD panel.
  - Start a communication application such as a modem.
  - Apply impact or vibration to the computer.
  - Install, remove or connect external devices, including the following: PC card, SD card, Memory Stick/Memory Stick Pro, xD picture card, USB devices, external monitor, i.LINK devices, optical digital devices.
  - Use the Audio/Video control button to reproduce music or voice.
  - Open the optical disc drive.
  - Remove the optical disc from the Ultra Slim Bay.
- Do not use shut down/log off and Sleep/hibernation while writing or rewriting.
- Make sure writing or rewriting is completed before going into Sleep/ Hibernation Mode. Writing is completed if you can open the DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW or DVD Super Multi drive tray.
- Set the computer on a level surface and avoid places subject to vibration such as airplanes, trains, or cars. Do not use an unstable surface such as a stand.
- Keep mobile phones and other wireless communication devices away from the computer.
- Always copy data from the hard disk drive to the optical disc. Do not use cut-and-paste. The original data will be lost if there is a write error.

#### **TOSHIBA Disc Creator**

Note the following limitations when you use TOSHIBA Disc Creator:

- DVD-Video cannot be created using TOSHIBA Disc Creator.
- DVD-Audio cannot be created using TOSHIBA Disc Creator.
- You cannot use TOSHIBA Disc Creator's "Audio" function to record music to the DVD-R/-R DL/-RW or DVD+R/+R DL/+RW discs.
- Do not use the "Disk Backup" function of TOSHIBA Disc Creator to copy DVD-Video and DVD-ROM with copyright protection.
- DVD-RAM disc cannot be backed up with the "Disk Backup" function of TOSHIBA Disc Creator.
- You cannot back up a CD-ROM or CD-R/RW to DVD-R/-R DL/-RW or DVD+R/+R DL/+RW using the "Disk Backup" function of TOSHIBA Disc Creator.

- You cannot back up DVD-ROM, DVD-Video, DVD-R/-R DL/-RW or DVD+R/+R DL/+RW to CD-R/RW using the "Disk Backup" function of TOSHIBA Disc Creator.
- TOSHIBA Disc Creator cannot record in packet format.
- You might not be able to use the "Disk Backup" function of TOSHIBA Disc Creator to back up a DVD-R/-R DL/-RW or DVD+R/+R DL/+RW disc that was made with other software on a different DVD-R/-R DL/-RW or DVD+R/+R DL/+RW recorder.
- If you add data to a DVD-R and DVD+R disc that you have already recorded to, you might not be able to read the added data under some circumstances. It cannot be read in 16-bit operating systems, such as Windows 98SE and Windows Me. In Windows NT4, you will need Service Pack 6 or later to read added data. In Windows 2000, you will need Service Pack 2 or later to read it. Some DVD-ROM and DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drives cannot read added data regardless of the operating system.
- TOSHIBA Disc Creator does not support recording to DVD-RAM discs. To record to a DVD-RAM, use Explorer or another utility.
- When you back up a DVD disc, be sure the source drive supports recording to DVD-R/-R DL/-RW or DVD+R/+R DL/+RW discs. If the source drive does not support recording to DVD-R/-R DL/-RW or DVD+R/+R DL/+RW discs, it might not be backed up correctly.
- When you back up a DVD-R, DVD-RW, DVD+R or DVD+RW, be sure to use the same type of disc.
- You cannot partially delete any data written to a CD-RW, DVD-RW or DVD+RW disc.

#### **Data Verification**

To verify that data is written or rewritten correctly, follow the steps below before you write or rewrite a Data CD/DVD.

- 1. Display the setting dialog box by one of the following two steps:
- Click the setting button ( ) for writing on the main toolbar in the Data CD/DVD mode.
- 3. Select Setting for writing -> Data CD/DVD in the Setting menu.
- 4. Mark the Verify written data check box.
- 5. Select File Open or Full Compare mode.
- 6. Click the **OK** button.

#### When Using Ulead DVD MovieFactory® for TOSHIBA

#### How to make a DVD-Video

Simplified steps for making a DVD-Video from video data captured from a DV-Camcorder:

- Click Start -> All Programs -> DVD MovieFactory for TOSHIBA -> Ulead DVD MovieFactory for TOSHIBA Launcher to launch DVD MovieFactory.
- 2. Insert a DVD-RW or DVD+RW disc in Burner.
- Click Video Disc -> Burn Video to Disc to launch Direct Recording dialog box ,choose DVD-Video/+VR to invoke Straight Capture to Disc Page.
- 4. Choose DVD-Video format.
- 5. Choose the capture source is DV.
- 6. Press Capture button.

Simplified steps for making a DVD-Video from adding video source:

- Click Start -> All Programs -> DVD MovieFactory for TOSHIBA -> Ulead DVD MovieFactory for TOSHIBA Launcher to launch DVD MovieFactory.
- Click Video Disc -> New Project to invoke 2nd Launcher, choose your project type, then invoke DVD MovieFactory.
- Add source from HD Disk by click Add Video files button to invoke browser dialog box.
- 4. Choose the source video then go to Next page to apply Menu.
- 5. After choose the menu template, press **Next** button to go to **Burning Page**.
- 6. Choose the output type then press **Burn** button.

#### How to learn more about Ulead DVD MovieFactory<sup>®</sup>

Please refer to the Help and Manual files for additional Ulead DVD MovieFactory information.

#### Important information for use

Note the following limitations when you write Video DVD:

- 1. Editing digital video
  - Log in with Administrator rights to use DVD MovieFactory.
  - Make sure that your computer is running on AC power when using DVD MovieFactory.
  - Operate the computer at Full Power. Do not use power-saving features.
  - While you are editing DVD, you can display preview. However, if another application is running. The preview might not display properly.
  - DVD MovieFactory cannot edit or play copy protected content.

- Do not enter Sleep or Hibernation Mode while using DVD MovieFactory.
- Do not operate DVD MovieFactory immediately after turning on the computer. Please wait until all Disc Drive activity has stopped.
- When recording to a DV-Camcorder, to ensure you capture all of your data, let the camcorder record for a few seconds before you begin recording your actual data.
- CD recorder, JPEG functions, DVD-Audio, mini DVD and Video CD functions are not supported in this version.
- While recording video to DVD, please close all other programs.
- Do not run software like a screen saver because it can put a heavy load on the CPU.
- Do not support mp3 decode and encode.
- 2. Before recording the video to DVD
  - When you record DVD disc, please use only discs recommended by the Drive manufacturer.
  - Do not set the working drive to a slow device like a USB1.1 hard disk drive or it will fail to write DVD.
  - Do not perform any of the following actions:
    - Operate the computer for any other function, including using a mouse or Touch Pad, or closing/opening the display panel.
    - Bump or cause vibration to the computer.
    - Use the Mode control button and Audio/Video control button to reproduce music or voice.
    - Open the DVD drive.
    - Install, remove or connect external devices, including the following: PC card, SD card, USB device, external display, i.LINK devices, optical digital devices.
  - Please verify your disc after recording important data.
  - DVD-R/+R/+RW disc cannot be written in VR format.
  - Not support to output VCD and SVCD format.
- 3. About Straight to Disc
  - Not support to record on DVD-R/+R disc
  - Not support to record DVD+VR format by HDV
  - HDV support to burn DVD-Video only
  - DVD-VR format not support to add Menu
- 4. About recorded DVDs
  - Some DVD-ROM drives for personal computers or other DVD players may not be able to read DVD-R/+R/-RW/-RAM discs.
  - When playing your recorded disc on your computer, please use InterVideo WinDVD software application.
  - If you use an over-used rewritable disc, the full formatting might be locked. Please use a brand new disc.

#### Media care

This section provides tips on protecting data stored on your CD/DVDs and floppy disks.

Handle your media with care. The following simple precautions will increase the lifetime of your media and protect the data stored on them:

#### CD/DVDs

- 1. Store your CD/DVDs in the container they came in to protect them and keep them clean.
- 2. Do not bend the CD/DVD.
- 3. Do not write on, apply a sticker to, or otherwise mar the surface of the CD/DVD that contains data.
- Hold the CD/DVD by its outside edge or the edge on the center hole. Fingerprints on the surface can prevent the drive from properly reading data.
- 5. Do not expose to direct sunlight, extreme heat or cold. Do not place heavy objects on your CD/DVDs.
- 6. If your CD/DVDs become dusty or dirty, wipe them with a clean dry cloth. Wipe from the center out, do not wipe in a circular direction around the CD/DVD. If necessary, use a cloth dampened in water or a neutral cleaner. Do not use benzine, thinner or similar cleaner.

#### **Floppy disks**

- 1. Store your floppy disks in the container they came in to protect them and keep them clean. If a floppy disk is dirty, do not use cleaning fluid. Clean it with a soft damp cloth.
- 2. Never open the shutter or touch the magnetic surface of your floppy disk. You could permanently damage it and lose data.
- Always handle floppy disks with care, to prevent the loss of stored data. Always apply the floppy disk label in the correct location. Never apply a new label on top of an existing one. The label could come loose and damage the floppy drive.
- 4. Never use a pencil for writing on a floppy disk label. Pencil lead dust could cause a system malfunction. Always use a felt-tipped pen. When writing a title on a label, first write on the label, then apply the label to the floppy disk.
- Never put a floppy disk in a location where water or other liquid may contact it or where it is excessively damp. It could cause data loss. Never use a wet or damp floppy disk. It could damage the floppy disk drive or other devices.
- 6. Data may be lost if the floppy disk is twisted; bent; or exposed to direct sunlight, extreme heat or cold.
- 7. Do not place heavy objects on your floppy disks.

- Do not eat, smoke, or use erasers near your floppy disks. Foreign particles inside the floppy disk's jacket can damage the magnetic surface.
- Magnetic energy can destroy the data on your floppy disks. Keep your floppy disks away from speakers, radios, television sets and other sources of magnetic fields.

#### Sound System

This section describes some of the audio control functions.

#### **Volume Mixer**

The Volume Mixer utility lets you control the audio volume for playback under Windows for a device and an application.

- To launch the Volume Mixer utility, click the right button of a mouse on the speaker icon on the taskbar, and select **Open Volume Mixer** in the sub menu.
- To adjust the volume level of the speaker or the headphone, move the Speakers slider.
- To adjust the volume level of an application that you are using, move the slider for the application.

#### **Microphone Level**

In order to change the recording level of a microphone, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the right button of a mouse on the speaker icon on the taskbar, and select **Recording Devices** in the sub menu.
- 2. Select Microphone, and click Properties.
- 3. On the **Levels** tab, move the **Microphone** slider to increase or decrease the volume level of a microphone.
- 4. If you feel lack of the volume level of the microphone, move the **Microphone Boost** slider to the higher level.

#### **Audio Enhancements**

In order to attach the sound effects to your current speaker, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the right button of a mouse on the speaker icon on the taskbar, and select **Playback Devices** in the sub menu.
- 2. Select Speakers, and click Properties.
- 3. On the **Enhancements** tab, select the sound effects to which you would like to attach, and click **Apply**.

#### **TOSHIBA Mic Effect**

**TOSHIBA Mic Effect** provides you with a hands-free environment for holding mutual communication via the Internet Protocol or Local Area Network. If you wish to communicate with someone on your computer, you can use a messenger application. However, with such an application, you would hear your own voice returning to you as echo during the communication if you did not use a headset system or headphone. TOSHIBA Mic Effect will reduce these echoes generated on your computer.

To apply the echo cancellation, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the right button of a mouse on the speaker icon on the taskbar, and select **Playback Devices** in the sub menu.
- 2. On the **Playback** tab, select **Speakers**, and click **Properties**.
- 3. On the **Advanced** tab, select "**16 bit, 48000 Hz (DVD Quality)**" in the pull-down menu of Default Format, and then click **OK**.
- 4. On the **Recording** tab, select **Microphone**, and click **Properties**.
- 5. On the Advanced tab, select "2 channel, 16 bit, 48000 Hz (DVD Quality)" in the pull-down menu of the Default Format pane.
- 6. On the **TOSHIBA Mic Effect** tab, select the **Enable Echo Canceller** check box, and click **Apply**.

TOSHIBA Mic Effect also provides you the Microphone Array. The Microphone Array function eliminates sounds and noise originating outside the range by specifying the target range and direction of the microphone input.

To apply the microphone array, follow the steps as detailed below.

- 1. Click the right button of a mouse on the speaker icon on the taskbar, and select **Playback Devices** in the sub menu.
- 2. On the Playback tab, select Speakers, and click Properties.
- 3. On the **Advanced** tab, select "**16 bit, 48000 Hz (DVD Quality)**" in the pull-down menu of Default Format, and then click **OK**.
- 4. On the **Recording** tab, select **Microphone**, and click **Properties**.
- 5. On the Advanced tab, select "2 channel, 16 bit, 48000 Hz (DVD Quality)" in the pull-down menu of the Default Format pane.
- 6. On the **TOSHIBA Mic Effect** tab, select the **Enable Microphone Array** check box, and click **Apply**.

In the **Microphone Array Settings** dialog, you can adjust the target range and the direction of the sound which is recorded by a microphone. To open the dialog, click the **Settings** button in the Microphone Array pane.

#### Modem

This section describes how to connect and disconnect the internal modem to and from a telephone jack.



Connection to any communication line other than an analog phone line could cause a PC system failure.

- Connect the built-in modem only to ordinary analog phone lines.
- Never connect the built-in modem to a digital line (ISDN).
- Never connect the built-in modem to the digital connector on a public telephone or to a digital private branch exchange (PBX).
- Never connect the built-in modem to a key telephone system for residences or offices.

Never operate your PC on AC power during a thunderstorm. If you see lightning or hear thunder, immediately turn off the PC. An electric surge caused by the storm, may result in a system failure, loss of data or hardware damage.

#### **Region selection**

Telecommunication regulations vary from one region to another, so you will need to make sure the internal modem's settings are correct for the region in which it will be used.



The built-in modem can be used only in specified countries and regions. Using the modem in an area not specified for use may cause a system failure. Check the specified areas carefully before using it.

To select a region, follow the steps below.

1. Click Start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA -> Networking -> Modem Region Select.



Do not use the Country/Region Select function in the Modem setup utility in the Control Panel if the function is available. If you change the Country/ Region in the Control Panel, the change may not take effect.

- 2. The Region Selection icon will appear in the Windows Task Bar.
- 3. Click the icon with the primary mouse button to display a list of regions that the modem supports. A sub menu for telephony location information will also be displayed. A check will appear next to the currently selected region and telephony location.
- 4. Select a region from the region menu or a telephony location from the sub-menu.
  - When you click a region it becomes the modem's region selection, and the New Location for telephony will be set automatically.
  - When you select a telephony location, the corresponding region is automatically selected and it becomes the modem's current region setting.

#### **Properties menu**

Click the icon with the secondary mouse button to display properties menu on the screen.

#### Setting

You can enable or disable the following settings:

#### AutoRun Mode

The Region Select utility starts automatically when you start up the operating system.

#### Open the Dialing Properties dialog box after selecting region.

The dialing properties dialog box will be displayed automatically after you select the region.

#### Location list for region selection.

A submenu appears displaying location information for telephony.

## Open dialog box, if the modem and Telephony Current Location region code do not match.

A warning dialog box is displayed if current settings for region code and telephony location are incorrect.

#### **Modem Selection**

If the computer cannot recognize the internal modem, a dialog box is displayed. Select the COM port for your modem to use.

#### **Dialing Properties**

Select this item to display the dialing properties.



If you are using the computer in Japan, the Telecommunications Business Law requires that you select Japan region mode. It is illegal to use the modem in Japan with any other selection.

#### Connecting

To connect the modular cable, follow the steps below.



The modular cable that comes with the computer must be used to connect the modem. Connect the end of the modular cable with the core to the computer.

Connection to any communication line other than an analog phone line could cause a PC system failure.

- Connect the built-in modem only to ordinary analog phone lines.
- Never connect the built-in modem to a digital line (ISDN).
- Never connect the built-in modem to the digital connector on a public telephone or to a digital private branch exchange (PBX).
- Never connect the built-in modem to a key telephone system for residences or offices.

Never operate your PC on AC power during a thunderstorm. If you see lightning or hear thunder, immediately turn off the PC. An electric surge caused by the storm, may result in a system failure, loss of data or hardware damage.

- 1. Plug one end of the modular cable into the computer's modem jack.
- 2. Plug the other end of the modular cable into a telephone jack.



Figure 4-26 Connecting the internal modem



Do not pull on the cable or move the computer while the cable is connected.



If you use a storage device such as an optical drive or hard disk drive connected to a 16-bit PC card, you might experience the following modem problems:

- Modem speed is slow or communication is interrupted.
- Skips may occur in sound.

#### Disconnecting

To disconnect the internal modular cable, follow the steps below.

- 1. Pinch the lever on the connector in the telephone jack and pull out the connector.
- 2. Disconnect the cable from the computer's modem jack in the same manner.

#### Wireless communications

The computer's wireless communication function supports both Wireless LAN and Bluetooth devices.

All models are provided with Wireless Communication switch. Some models are equipped with both Wireless LAN and Bluetooth functions.

#### **Wireless LAN**

The Wireless LAN is compatible with other LAN systems based on Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum /Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing radio technology that complies with IEEE802.11 Wireless LAN standard (Revision A, B or G).



Do not install or remove an optional memory module while Wake-up on Wireless LAN is enabled.



- The Wake-up on Wireless LAN function consumes power even when the system is off. Leave the AC adaptor connected while using this feature.
- The Wake-up on Wireless function is effective only when it is connected with Access Point. This function becomes invalid when the connection is cut.
- Theoretical maximum speed: 54Mbps (IEEE802.11a, 802.11g)
- Theoretical maximum speed: 11Mbps (IEEE802.11b)
- Frequency Channel Selection (Revision A: 5 GHz, Revision B/G: 2.4 GHz)
- Roaming over multiple channels
- Card Power Management
- Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) data encryption, based on the 128 bit encryption algorithm.
- Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA).
- Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) data encryption.
- Wake-up on Wireless LAN (Intel module type).



- The values shown above are the theoretical maximums for Wireless LAN standards. The actual values may differ.
- The transmission speed over the wireless LAN, and the distance over which the wireless LAN can reach, may vary depending on surrounding electromagnetic environment, obstacles, access point design and configuration, client design and software/hardware configurations. The transmission rate described is the theoretical maximum speed as specified under the appropriate standard - the actual transmission speed will be lower than the theoretical maximum speed.

#### Setting

- 1. Please make sure that the **Wireless Communication Switch** is turned on.
- 2. Click **Start** and then click **Connect to** to display **Connect to a network** window.
- 3. Click Set up a connection or network.
- 4. Follow the wizard. You will need the name of the wireless network together with security settings. Consult the documentation accompanied with your router or ask your wireless network administrator for the settings.

#### Security

- TOSHIBA strongly recommend that you enable WEP (encryption) functionality, otherwise your computer will be open to illegal access by an outsider using a wireless connection. If this occurs, the outsider may illegally access your system, eavesdrop, or cause the loss or destruction of stored data.
- TOSHIBA is not liable for the loss of data due to eavesdropping or illegal access through the wireless LAN and the damage thereof.

#### **Bluetooth wireless technology**

Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> wireless technology eliminates the need for cables between electronic devices such as desktop computers, printers and mobile phones.

You cannot use the computer's built-in Bluetooth functions and an optional Bluetooth devices simultaneously. For reference, Bluetooth wireless technology has the following features:

#### Worldwide operation

The Bluetooth radio transmitter and receiver operate in the 2.4GHz band, which is license-free and compatible with radio systems in most countries in the world.

#### Radio links

You can easily establish links between two or more devices, with these links being maintained even if the devices are not within a line-of-sight of each other.

#### Security

Two advanced security mechanisms ensure a high level of security:

- Authentication prevents access to critical data and makes it impossible to falsify the origin of a message.
- Encryption prevents eavesdropping and maintains link privacy.

#### Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Stack for Windows<sup>®</sup> by TOSHIBA

Please note that this software is specifically designed for the following operating systems:

Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows Vista<sup>TM</sup>

Information regarding the use of this software with these operating systems is listed below, with further details being contained with the electronic help files supplied with the software.



This Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Stack is based on the Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Version 1.1/1.2/ 2.0+EDR specification. However, TOSHIBA cannot confirm the compatibility between any computing products and/or other electronic devices that use Bluetooth<sup>®</sup>, other than TOSHIBA notebook computers.

## Release Notes related to the Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Stack for Windows<sup>®</sup> by TOSHIBA

- Fax application software: Please be aware that there is some fax application software that you cannot use on this Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Stack.
- 2. Multi-user considerations:

On Windows Vista<sup>TM</sup>, the use of Bluetooth is not supported in a multiuser environment. This means that, when you use Bluetooth, other users that are logged into the same computer will not be able to use this type of functionality.

#### Product Support:

The latest information regarding operating system support, language support or available upgrades can be found on our web site http:// www.toshiba-europe.com/computers/tnt/bluetooth.htm in Europe or www.pcsupport.toshiba.com in the United States.

#### Wireless communication switch

You can enable or disable Wireless LAN and Bluetooth functions, with the on/off switch. No transmissions are sent or received when the switch is off. Slide the switch to the right to turn it on and to the left to turn it off.



Do not use the WiFi or Bluetooth functionalities near a microwave oven or in areas subject to radio interference or magnetic fields. Interference from a microwave oven or other source can disrupt WiFi or Bluetooth operation.

Turn WiFi and Bluetooth functionalities off when near a person who may have a cardiac pacemaker implant or other medical electric device. Radio waves may affect pacemaker or medical device operation, possibly resulting in serious injury. Follow the instruction of your medical device when using any WiFi or Bluetooth functionality.

Always turn off WiFi or Bluetooth functionality if the PC is near automatic control equipment or appliances such as automatic doors or fire detectors. Radio waves can cause malfunction of such equipment, possibly resulting in serious injury.

It may not be possible to make a network connection to a specified network name using the ad hoc network function. If this occurs, the new network(\*) will have to be configured for all computers connected to the same network in order to re-enable network connections.

\* Please be sure to use new network name.

#### **Wireless communication Indicator**

The wireless communication indicator indicates the status of the wireless communication functions.

Indicator status	Indication
Indicator off	Wireless communication switch is set to off. Automatic power down because of overheating. Power malfunction.
Indicator glows	Wireless communication switch is on. Wireless LAN or Bluetooth is turned on by an application.

If you used the Task Bar to disable the wireless LAN, restart the computer or perform the following procedure to re-enable it : Start, Control Panel, System and Maintenance, System, Device Manager, Network adapters, the wireless device and enable.

#### LAN

The computer has built-in support for Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T), Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-TX) and Gigabit Ethernet LAN (1000 megabits per second, 1000BASE-T).

This section describes how to connect/disconnect to a LAN.



Do not install or remove an optional memory module while Wake-up on LAN is enabled.



The Wake-up on LAN function consumes power even when the system is off. Leave the AC adaptor connected while using this feature.

#### LAN cable types



The computer must be configured properly before connecting to a LAN. Logging onto a LAN using the computer's default settings could cause a malfunction in LAN operation. Check with your LAN administrator regarding set-up procedures.

If you are using Gigabit Ethernet LAN (1000 megabits per second, 1000BASE-T), be sure to connect with a CAT5E cable or higher. You cannot use a CAT3 or CAT5 cable.

If you are using Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-TX), be sure to connect with a CAT5 cable or higher. You cannot use a CAT3 cable.

If you are using Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T), you can connect with a CAT3 or higher.

#### **Connecting LAN cable**

To connect the LAN cable, follow the steps below.



- Connect the AC adaptor before connecting the LAN cable. The AC adaptor must remain connected during LAN use. If you disconnect the AC Adaptor while the computer is accessing a LAN, the system may hang up.
- Do not connect any other cable to the LAN jack except the LAN cable. Otherwise, malfunctions or damage may occur.
- Do not connect any power supplying device to the LAN cable that is connected to the LAN jack. Otherwise, malfunctions or damage may occur.

- 1. Turn off the power to the computer and to all external devices connected to the computer.
- 2. Plug one end of the cable into the LAN jack. Press gently until you hear the latch click into place.



Figure 4-27 Connecting the LAN cable

3. Plug the other end of the cable into a LAN hub connector. Check with your LAN administrator before connecting to a hub.



When the computer is exchanging data with the LAN, the **LAN Active** indicator glows orange. When the computer is connected to a LAN hub but is not exchanging data, the **Link** indicator glows green.

#### **Disconnecting LAN cable**

To disconnect the LAN cable, follow the steps below.



Make sure the **LAN Active** indicator (orange LED) is out before you disconnect the computer from the LAN.

- 1. Pinch the lever on the connector in the computer's LAN jack and pull out the connector.
- 2. Disconnect the cable from the LAN hub in the same manner. Check with your LAN administrator before disconnecting from the hub.

#### **Cleaning the computer**

To help ensure long, trouble-free operation, keep the computer free of dust and use care with liquids around the computer.

- Be careful not to spill liquids into the computer. If the computer does get wet, turn the power off immediately and let the computer dry completely before you turn it on again.
- Clean the computer using a slightly damp (with water) cloth. You can use glass cleaner on the LCD display screen. Spray a small amount of cleaner on a soft, clean cloth and wipe the screen gently with the cloth.



Never spray cleaner directly onto the computer or let liquid run into any part of it. Never use harsh or caustic chemical products to clean the computer.

#### Moving the computer

The computer is designed for rugged durability. However, a few simple precautions taken when moving the computer will help ensure trouble-free operation.

- Before moving the computer, it recommends changing the function of TOSHIBA HDD Protection. Refer to the section, Using the Hard Disk Drive (HDD) Protection, in this chapter.
- Make sure all disk activity has ended before moving the computer. Check the HDD indicator on the computer.
- If a CD/DVD is in the drives, remove it. Also make sure the disc tray is securely closed.
- Turn off (shut down) the computer.
- Disconnect the AC adaptor and all peripherals before moving the computer.
- Close the LCD display panel. Do not pick up the computer by its display panel.
- Before carrying your computer, shut down the computer, disconnect the power cable and wait until the PC cools down. Failure to follow this instruction could result in minor injury.
- Always turn off the power when you move the computer. If the power button has a lock, set it to the lock position. Also be careful not to subject the computer to impact. Failure to follow this instruction could result in damage to computer, computer failure or loss of data.
- Never transport your computer with PC cards installed. This could cause damage to your computer and/or PC card, resulting in product failure.
- Use the carrying case when transporting the computer.
- When carrying your computer, be sure to hold it securely so that it does not fall or hit anything.
- Do not carry your computer by holding protruded portions.

#### Using the Hard Disk Drive (HDD) Protection

This computer has a function for reducing the risk of damage on the hard disk drive.

Using an acceleration sensor built into the computer, TOSHIBA HDD Protection detects vibration shocks and similar signs of movement of the computer, and automatically moves the Hard Disk Drive head to a safe position to reduce the risk of damage that could be caused by head-to-disk contact.



This function does not guarantee that the hard disk drive will not be damaged.

When vibration is detected, a message will be displayed on the screen, and the icon in the taskbar notification area will change to the protection state. This message is displayed until the **OK** button is pressed or 30 seconds pass. When vibration subsides, the icon returns to the normal state.

#### Taskbar Icon

State	lcon	Description
Normal		TOSHIBA HDD Protection is enabled.
Protection	<b></b>	TOSHIBA HDD Protection is active. The hard disk drive head is in a safe position.
OFF		TOSHIBA HDD Protection is disabled.

#### **TOSHIBA HDD Protection Properties**

You can change the TOSHIBA HDD Protection settings by using the TOSHIBA HDD Protection Properties window. To open the window, click **Start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA -> Utilities -> HDD Protection Setting**. The window can also be started from the icon on the Taskbar or from the **Control Panel**.

#### **HDD Protection**

You can choose whether to enable or disable TOSHIBA HDD Protection.

#### **Detection Level**

This function can be set to four levels. The sensitivity levels in which vibrations, impacts and their similar signs are detected can be set to OFF, 1, 2 and 3 in ascending order. Level 3 is recommended for better protection of the computer. However, when the computer is used in a mobile environment or in other unstable conditions, setting the detection level to 3 could result in frequent execution of TOSHIBA HDD Protection, which will slow Hard Disk Drive reading and writing. Set a lower detection level when the speed of Hard Disk Drive reading and writing is a priority.

Different detection levels can be set depending on whether the computer is used as handheld or mobile usages, or whether it is used in a stable environment such as on a table in the workplace or at home. By setting different detection levels for the computer depending on whether it runs with the AC power (desktop) or with batteries (handheld or mobile usage), the detection level automatically switches according to the power connection mode.

#### **3D Viewer**

This feature displays a 3D object on the screen which moves in according to tilting or vibration of the computer.

When the TOSHIBA HDD Protection detects computer vibration the Hard Disk Drive head is parked and the 3D object disk rotation will stop. When the head is un-parked the disk will begin to rotate again.

The **3D Viewer** can be started from the icon in the task tray.



- This 3D object virtually represents the Computer's internal Hard Disk Drive. This representation may vary from the actual number of disks, disk rotation, head movement, part size, shape and direction.
- This feature may use a large amount of CPU and memory on some models. The computer may become slow or sluggish when attempting to run other applications while the 3D Viewer is displayed.
- Intensely shaking the computer or other subjecting it to strong impacts may cause damage to the computer.

#### Details

To open the Details window, click the **Setup Detail** button in the TOSHIBA HDD Protection Properties window.

#### **Detection Level Amplification**

When the AC adaptor is disconnected or the lid is closed, HDD Detection assumes that the computer will be carried and sets the detection level to the maximum for 10 seconds.

#### **TOSHIBA HDD Protection Message**

Specify whether to display a message when TOSHIBA HDD Protection is active.



- This function does not work when the computer is starting, in Sleep Mode, in Hibernation Mode, in transition to Hibernation Mode, recovering from Hibernation Mode, or powered off. Be sure to not subject the computer to vibration or impact while the function is disabled.
- This function only operates with Windows Vista<sup>TM</sup>.

#### Heat dispersal

To protect against overheating, the processor is equipped an internal temperature sensor which activates a cooling fan or lowers the processing speed if the computer's internal temperature rises to a certain level. You are able to select whether to control this temperature by either turning on the fan first, then if necessary lowering the processor speed, or by lowering the processor speed first, then if necessary turning on the fan - these functions are controlled within the Power Options.

When the processor's temperature falls to a normal range, the fan will be turned off and the processor operation returned to its standard speed.



If the processor's temperature reaches an unacceptably high level with either setting, the computer will automatically shuts down to prevent any damage - in this instance all unsaved data in memory will be lost.

# Chapter 5

## The Keyboard

The computer's keyboard layouts are compatible with a 101/102-key enhanced keyboard. By pressing some keys in combination, all the 101/102-key keyboard functions can be executed on the computer.

The number of keys on your keyboard depends on which country/region's keyboard layout your computer is configured with. Keyboards for numerous languages are available.

There are six types of keys: typewriter keys, function keys, soft keys, Hot keys, Windows special keys and keypad overlay.

#### **Typewriter keys**

The typewriter keys produce the upper- and lower-case letters, numbers, punctuation marks, and special symbols that appear on the screen.

There are some differences, however, between using a typewriter and using a computer keyboard:

- Letters and numbers produced in computer text vary in width. Spaces, which are created by a "space character," may also vary depending on line justification and other factors.
- The lowercase I (el) and the number 1 (one) are not interchangeable on computers as they are on a typewriter.
- The uppercase O (oh) and the 0 (zero) are not interchangeable.
- The Caps Lock function key locks only the alphabetic characters in uppercase while the shift lock on a typewriter places all keys in the shifted position.
- The Shift keys, the Tab key, and the BkSp (backspace) key perform the same function as their typewriter counterparts but also have special computer functions.



Never remove the key caps on your keyboard. Doing so could cause damage to the parts under the key caps.

### Function keys: F1 ... F12

The function keys (not to be confused with **Fn**) are the 12 keys at the top of your keyboard. These keys function differently from other keys.



**F1** through **F12** are called function keys because they execute programmed functions when pressed. Used in combination with the **Fn** key, keys marked with icons execute specific functions on the computer. Refer to the section, *Soft keys: Fn key combinations*, in this chapter. The function executed by individual keys depends on the software you are using.

#### Soft keys: Fn key combinations

The **Fn** (function) is unique to TOSHIBA computers and is used in combination with other keys to form soft keys. Soft keys are key combinations that enable, disable or configure specific features.



Some software may disable or interfere with soft-key operations. Soft-key settings are not restored by the Sleep feature.

#### Emulating keys on enhanced keyboard



Figure 5-1 A 101-key enhanced keyboard layout

The keyboard is designed to provide all the features of the 101-key enhanced keyboard, shown in figure 5-1. The 101/102-key enhanced keyboard has a numeric keypad and scroll lock key. It also has additional **Enter** and **Ctrl** keys to the right of the main keyboard. Since the keyboard is smaller and has fewer keys, some of the enhanced keyboard functions must be simulated using two keys instead of one on the larger keyboard.

Your software may require you to use keys that the keyboard does not have. Pressing the **Fn** key and one of the following keys simulates the enhanced keyboard's functions.



Press **Fn** + **F10** or **Fn** + **F11** to access the integrated keypad. When activated, the keys with gray markings on the bottom edge become numeric keypad keys (**Fn** + **F11**) or cursor control keys (**Fn** + **F10**). Refer to the *Keypad overlay* section in this chapter for more information on how to operate these keys. The power on default for both settings is off.



Press **Fn** + **F12** (**ScrLock**) to lock the cursor on a specific line. The power on default is off.



Press **Fn** + **Enter** to simulate **Enter** on the enhanced keyboard's numeric keypad.



Press Fn + Ctrl to simulate the enhanced keyboard's right Ctrl key.

#### Hot keys

Hot keys (pressing Fn + a function or Esc key) let you enable or disable certain features of the computer.



Mute: Pressing Fn + ESC turns the volume on and off.



**Lock:** Pressing Fn + F1 enters "Lock computer mode". To restore your desktop, you need to log on again.



**Power Plan**: Pressing **Fn** + **F2** changes the power settings.



Sleep: Pressing Fn + F3 switches the system to Sleep mode.



Hibernate: Pressing **Fn** + **F4** switches the system to Hibernate mode.



Output: Pressing Fn + F5 changes the active display device.



**Brightness (Down)**: Pressing **Fn + F6** decreases the computer's display panel brightness in individual steps.



**Brightness (Up)**: Pressing **Fn + F7** increases the computer's display panel brightness in individual steps.



**Wireless:** Pressing Fn + F8 switches the active wireless devices if the wireless communication switch is switched on.



If no wireless communication device is installed, no dialog box will appear.



Touch Pad: Pressing Fn + F9 enables or disables the Touch Pad function.



Zoom: Pressing Fn + Space changes the display resolution.



**ODD**: Pressing **Fn** + **Tab** turns the power of the optical media drive on/off or ejects the disc tray.



**TOSHIBA Zooming Utility (reduce):** Pressing Fn + 1 reduces the icon size on the desktop or the font sizes within one of the supported application windows.



**TOSHIBA Zooming Utility (enlarge):** Pressing Fn + 2 enlarges the icon size on the desktop or the font sizes within one of the supported application windows.

#### **Fn Sticky key**

You can use the TOSHIBA Accessibility Utility to make the **Fn** key sticky, that is, you can press it once, release it, and then press an "**F number**" key. To start the TOSHIBA Accessibility Utility, click **Start** -> **All Programs** -> **TOSHIBA** -> **Utilities** -> **Accessibility**.

#### Windows special keys

The keyboard provides two keys that have special functions in Windows: Windows Start Button activates the **Start** menu and the other, the application key, has the same function as the secondary mouse button.



This key activates the Windows Start menu.



This key has the same function as the secondary mouse button.

#### **Keypad overlay**

Your computer's keyboard does not have an independent numeric keypad, but its numeric keypad overlay functions like one.

The keys in the center of the keyboard with gray letters make up the numeric keypad overlay. The overlay provides the same functions as the numeric keypad on the 101/102-key enhanced keyboard in figure 5-2.

#### Turning on the overlays

The numeric keypad overlay can be used for numeric data input or cursor and page control.

#### Arrow mode

To turn on the Arrow mode, press Fn + F10. The Arrow mode indicator lights. Now try cursor and page control using the keys shown in figure 5-2. Press Fn + F10 again to turn off the overlay.

#### Numeric mode

To turn on the Numeric mode, press Fn + F11. The Numeric mode indicator lights. Now try numeric data entry using the keys in figure 5-2. Press Fn + F11 again to turn off the overlay.



Figure 5-2 The numeric keypad overlay

#### Temporarily using normal keyboard (overlay on)

While using the overlay, you can temporarily access the normal keyboard without turning off the overlay:

- 1. Hold **Fn** and press any other key. All keys will operate as if the overlay were off.
- 2. Type upper-case characters by holding **Fn + Shift** and pressing a character key.
- 3. Release **Fn** to continue using the overlay.

#### Temporarily using overlay (overlay off)

While using the normal keyboard, you can temporarily use the keypad overlay without turning it on:

- 1. Press and hold down Fn.
- Check the keyboard indicators. Pressing **Fn** turns on the most recently used overlay. If the Numeric mode indicator lights, you can use the overlay for numeric entry. If the Arrow mode indicator lights, you can use the overlay for cursor and page control.
- 3. Release **Fn** to return to normal keyboard operation.

#### **Temporarily changing modes**

If the computer is in **Numeric mode**, you can switch temporarily to **Arrow mode** by pressing a shift key.

If the computer is in **Arrow mode**, you can switch temporarily to **Numeric mode** by pressing a shift key.

#### Generating ASCII characters

Not all ASCII characters can be generated using normal keyboard operation. But, you can generate these characters using their ASCII codes. With the overlay on:

- 1. Hold down Alt.
- 2. Using the overlay keys, type the ASCII code.
- 3. Release **Alt**, and the ASCII character appears on the display screen. With the overlay off:
- 1. Hold down Alt + Fn.
- 2. Using the overlay keys, type the ASCII code.
- 3. Release **Alt** + **Fn**, and the ASCII character appears on the display screen.
# Chapter 6

# **Power and Power-Up Modes**

The computer's power resources include the AC adaptor, battery pack and internal batteries. This chapter gives details on making the most effective use of these resources including charging and changing batteries, tips for saving battery power, and power up modes.

# **Power conditions**

The computer's operating capability and battery charge status are affected by the power conditions: whether an AC adaptor is connected, whether a battery pack is installed and what the charge level is for the battery.

		Power on	Power off (no operation)
AC adaptor connected	Main Battery fully charged	<ul> <li>Operates</li> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: Battery green DC IN green</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: Battery green</li> <li>DC IN green</li> </ul>
	Main Battery partially charged or no charge	<ul> <li>Operates</li> <li>Charge*,</li> <li>LED: Battery orange DC IN green</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Quick charge*1</li> <li>LED: Battery orange DC IN green</li> </ul>
	No Main battery installed	<ul> <li>Operates</li> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: Battery off DC IN green</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: Battery off DC IN green</li> </ul>

#### Table 6-1 Power conditions

#### Table 6-1 Power conditions continued

		Power on	Power off (no operation)
AC adaptor connected	Secondary battery fully charged	<ul> <li>Operates</li> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: Secondary battery green DC IN green</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: Secondary battery green DC IN green</li> </ul>
	Secondary battery partially charged or no charge	<ul> <li>Operates</li> <li>Charge*2</li> <li>LED: Secondary battery orange DC IN green</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Quick charge*2</li> <li>LED: Secondary battery orange DC IN green</li> </ul>
	No Secondary battery installed	<ul> <li>Operates</li> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: Secondary battery off DC IN green</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No charge</li> <li>LED: Secondary battery off DC IN green</li> </ul>
AC adaptor not connected	Main battery charge is above low battery trigger point	<ul> <li>Operates</li> <li>LED: Battery off DC IN off</li> </ul>	
	Main battery charge is below low battery trigger point	• Operates • LED: Battery flashes orange DC IN off	
	Main battery charge is exhausted	Computer shuts down *3	
	No main battery installed	<ul> <li>No operation *4</li> <li>LED: Battery off DC IN off</li> </ul>	

		Power on	Power off (no operation)
AC adaptor not connected	Secondary battery charge is above low battery trigger point	<ul> <li>Operates</li> <li>LED: Secondary battery off DC IN off</li> </ul>	
	Secondary battery charge is below low battery trigger point	Operates     LED: Secondary     battery     flashes orange     DC IN off	
	Secondary battery charge is exhausted	Computer shuts down * <sup>3</sup>	
	No Secondary battery is installed	<ul> <li>No operation *<sup>5</sup></li> <li>LED: Secondary battery off DC IN off</li> </ul>	

\*1 When the Slice Expansion battery is not charging.

- \*2 When the main battery is not charging.
- \*<sup>3</sup> For the computer to shut down in Hibernation Mode, the Hibernation feature must be enabled in Power Options. If a main battery and a Slice Expansion battery are installed, the computer does not shut down until the charge in both batteries is exhausted.
- \*4 When no Slice Expansion battery is installed.
- \*5 When no main battery is installed.



When batteries are charged, the main battery is charged first. When it is fully charged, the Slice Expansion battery is charged.

# **Power indicators**

As shown in the above table, the **Battery, Secondary battery, DC IN** and **Power** indicators on the system indicator alert you to the computer's operating capability and battery charge status.

#### **Battery indicator**

Check the **Battery** indicator to determine the status of the main battery and the **Secondary battery** indicator to determine the status of the Slice Expansion battery. The following indicator lights indicate the battery status:

The battery charge is low. The AC adaptor must be connected to recharge the battery.
Indicates the AC adaptor is connected and charging the battery.
Indicates the AC adaptor is connected and the battery is fully charged.
Under any other conditions, the indicator does not light.



If the battery pack becomes too hot while it is being charged, the charge will stop and the **Battery** indicator will go out. When the battery pack's temperature falls to a normal range, charge will resume. This occurs whether the computer's power is on or off.

#### **DC IN indicator**

Check the **DC IN** indicator to determine the power status with the AC adaptor connected:

No light	Under any other conditions, the indicator does not light.
Flashing orange	Indicates a problem with the power supply. Plug the AC adaptor into another power outlet. If it still does not operate properly, contact your dealer.
Green	Indicates the AC adaptor is connected and supplying proper power to the computer.

#### **Power indicator**

Check the **Power** indicator to determine the power status:

Green	Indicates power is being supplied to the computer and the computer is turned on.
Flashing orange	Indicates power is being supplied to the computer while the computer is in Sleep Mode. The indicator turns on for one second and off for two seconds.
No light	Under any other conditions, the indicator does not light.

# **Battery types**

The computer has three types of batteries:

- Battery pack
- Slice Expansion Battery (Provided with some models, or option)
- Real Time Clock (RTC) battery

#### **Battery pack**

When the AC adaptor is not connected, the computer's main power source is a removable lithium ion battery pack, also referred to in this manual as the main battery. You can purchase additional battery packs for extended use of the computer away from an AC power source.

Do not change the battery pack while the AC adaptor is connected.

Before you remove the battery pack, save your data and shut down the computer, or set the computer to Hibernation Mode. While entering Hibernation Mode, the computer saves the contents of memory to the hard disk drive. However, for safety sake, it is best to save your data manually.



- The battery pack is a lithium ion battery, which can explode if not properly replaced, used, handled or disposed of. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations. Use only batteries recommended by TOSHIBA as replacements.
- Always use the battery pack supplied as an accessory or an equivalent battery pack specified in the User's Manual. Other battery packs have different voltage and terminal polarities. Use of non-conforming battery packs could generate smoke or cause fire or rupture, possibly resulting in serious injury.
- Always dispose of used battery packs in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. Put insulating tape, such as cellophane tape, on the electrode during transportation to avoid a possible short circuit, fire or electric shock. Failure to do so could possibly result in serious injury.

Do not remove the battery pack while the computer is in Sleep Mode. Data is stored in RAM, so if the computer loses power it will be lost. When the computer is powered off in Sleep Mode, and the AC adaptor is not connected, the battery pack supplies power to maintain data and programs in memory. If the battery pack is completely discharged, Sleep Mode will not function and the computer loses all data in memory.

To ensure that the battery pack maintains its maximum capacity, operate the computer on battery power at least once a month until the battery pack is fully discharged. Refer to *Extending battery life* in this chapter for procedures. If the computer is continuously operated on AC power through an AC adaptor for an extended period, more than a month, the battery may fail to retain a charge. It may not function efficiently over the expected life of the battery and the **Battery** indicator may not indicate a low-battery condition.

# Slice Expansion Battery (Provided with some models, or option)

The Slice Expansion Battery is included with some models, or can be purchased separately as an optional accessory.

For detailed information on this battery, refer to *Slice Expansion Battery* section in Chapter 8.



The Slice Expansion Battery is a lithium ion battery, which can explode if not properly replaced, used, handled or disposed of. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations. Use only batteries recommended by TOSHIBA as replacements.

### Real Time Clock (RTC) battery

The Real Time Clock (RTC) battery provides power for the internal real time clock and calendar. It also maintains the system configuration.

If the RTC battery becomes completely discharged, the system loses this data and the real time clock and calendar stop working. The following message appears when you turn on the power:



\*\*\*\* RTC battery is low or CMOS checksum is inconsistent \*\*\*\* Press [F1] key to set Date/Time.

You can change the Real Time Clock settings by pressing the **F1** key. Refer to Chapter 9 *Troubleshooting* for the detail.



The computer's RTC battery is a Ni-MH battery and should be replaced only by your dealer or by a TOSHIBA service representative. The battery can explode if not properly replaced, used, handled or disposed of. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

# Care and use of the battery pack

The battery pack is a vital component of portable computing. Taking proper care of it will help ensure longer operating time on battery power as well as a longer life for your battery pack. Follow the instructions in this section carefully to ensure safe operation and maximum performance.

#### Safety precautions

Mishandling of battery packs can cause death, serious injury or property damage. Carefully observe the following advisories:

**Warning:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which could result in death or serious injury, if you do not follow instructions.

**Caution:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result in moderate or minor injury or property damage.

Note: Provides important information.

#### Warning

- Never attempt to dispose of a battery pack by burning or by throwing it into a fire, and never allow exposure to a heating apparatus (e.g., microwave oven). Heat can cause a battery pack to explode and possibly cause serious injury.
- Never attempt to disassemble, tamper with or repair a battery pack. The battery pack could overheat and ignite. Leakage of the caustic alkaline solution or other electrolytic substances could cause fire, possibly resulting in death or serious injury.
- 3. Never short circuit the battery pack by either accidentally or intentionally bringing the battery terminals in contact with another conductive object. This could cause serious injury or a fire, and could also damage the battery pack. Always wrap the battery pack in plastic (or place it in a plastic bag) whenever transporting it, to avoid exposing the terminals to another conductive object which could result in serious injury. Always cover the metal terminals with insulating tape when disposing of the battery pack, to prevent accidental short circuiting which could result in serious injury.
- 4. Never drive a nail or any other sharp object into the battery pack, hit battery pack with a hammer or other object or step on it. Doing so could cause a fire or explosion possibly resulting in serious injury.
- Never charge the battery pack by a method other than as instructed in the User's Manual. Doing so could cause a fire or explosion possibly resulting in serious injury.
- Never connect the battery pack to a plug socket or a car cigarette plug socket. The battery pack could rupture or ignite causing a fire or explosion possibly resulting in serious injury.
- 7. Never allow a battery pack to become wet. A wet battery pack will overheat or ignite causing rupture or fire, possibly resulting in death or serious injury.

- 8. Never store a battery pack in an area of high humidity. This could cause a fire or explosion possibly resulting in serious injury.
- Never expose a battery pack to abnormal shock, vibration or pressure. The battery pack's internal protective device could fail, causing it to overheat or ignite resulting in caustic liquid leakage, or explosion or fire, possibly resulting in death or serious injury.
- 10. Never subject a battery pack to heat, and never store it or use it near a heat source. The battery pack could ignite or explode when heated or burned, possibly resulting in death or serious injury. Subjecting a battery pack to heat could also cause caustic liquid to leak. It can also cause failure, malfunction, or loss of stored data.
- 11. Always use the battery pack supplied as an accessory or an equivalent battery pack specified in the User's Manual. Other battery packs have different voltage and terminal polarities. Use of non-conforming battery packs could generate smoke or cause fire or rupture, possibly resulting in serious injury.
- 12. Never allow caustic electrolyte fluid leaked from the battery pack to contact your eyes, body or clothing. If caustic electrolyte fluid from the battery pack should contact your eyes, immediately wash your eyes with large amounts of running water and obtain prompt medical attention, to help prevent permanent eye damage. If electrolyte fluid should contact any part of your body, immediately wash it off under running water to help prevent skin rashes. If electrolyte fluid should contact your clothes, promptly remove them to help prevent the electrolyte fluid from contacting your body, possibly resulting in serious injury.
- 13. Always immediately turn the power off and disconnect the power cable plug from the plug socket if you observe any of the following conditions:
  - Offensive or unusual odor
  - Excessive heat
  - Discoloration
  - Deformation
  - Smoke
  - Other unusual event during use, such as abnormal sound

In such an event, immediately remove the battery pack from the PC. In some instances, you might have to wait for the PC to cool down before removing the battery pack, in order to avoid any possible minor injury due to heat exposure. Do not turn on the PC's power again until an authorized Toshiba service provider has checked it for safety. Continued use could cause a fire or rupture possibly resulting in serious injury or PC failure including but not limited to the loss of data.

14. Always dispose of used battery packs in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. Put insulating tape, such as cellophane tape, on the electrode during transportation to avoid a possible short circuit, fire or electric shock. Failure to do so could possibly result in serious injury.

- 15. Make sure the battery is securely installed in the computer before attempting to charge the battery pack. Improper installation could generate smoke or fire, or cause the battery pack to rupture.
- 16. Keep the battery pack out of reach of infants and children. It can cause injury.

#### Caution

- 1. Use only battery packs recommended by TOSHIBA as replacements.
- When installing a battery pack or before moving the PC, always make sure the battery pack is inserted correctly and securely. If the battery falls out, while you are carrying the PC, you could be injured or the battery pack could be damaged.
- 3. Charge the battery pack only in an ambient temperature between 5 and 35 degrees Celsius. Otherwise, the electrolyte solution might leak, battery pack performance might deteriorate and the battery life might be shortened.
- 4. Never continue to use a battery pack after its recharging capability has become impaired, or after the warning message indicating that the battery pack power is exhausted has been displayed.
- 5. Continued use of an exhausted or impaired battery pack could result in the loss of data or damage to PC.
- 6. Never install or remove the battery pack without first turning off the power and disconnecting the AC adaptor. Never remove the battery pack while the computer is in Sleep Mode. Data will be lost.

#### Note

- 1. Never remove the battery pack while the Wake-up on LAN function is enabled. Data will be lost. Before you remove a battery pack, disable the Wake-up on LAN function.
- 2. Never remove the battery pack while the Wake-up on Wireless LAN function is enabled. Data will be lost. Before you remove a battery pack, disable the Wake-up on Wireless LAN function.
- 3. To ensure the battery pack maintains maximum capacity, operate the computer on battery power once a month until the battery pack is fully discharged. Refer to the section *Extending battery life* in this chapter for procedures. If the computer is continuously operated on AC power for an extended period, more than a month, the battery might fail to retain a charge. It might not function efficiently over the expected life of the battery pack and the **Battery** indicator might not indicate a low-battery condition.

#### **Charging the batteries**

When the power in the battery pack becomes low, the **Battery** indicator will flash orange to indicate that only a few minutes of battery power remain. If you continue to use the computer while the **Battery** indicator flashes, the computer will enable Hibernation Mode so that you do not lose any data, and automatically turn itself off.

You must recharge a battery pack when it becomes discharged.

#### **Procedures**

To recharge a battery pack while it is installed in the computer, connect the AC adaptor to the DC IN 15V jack and plug the other end into a working outlet.

The **Battery** indicator glows orange when the battery is being charged.



Use only the computer connected to an AC power source or the optional TOSHIBA Battery charger to charge the battery pack. Never attempt to charge the battery pack with any other charger.

#### Time

The following table shows the approximate time required to fully charge a discharged battery.

#### Charging time (hours)

Battery type	Power on	Power off
Battery pack (4700mAh)	about 3.0 to 13.0	about 3.0
Slice Expansion Battery (4000mAh)	about 3.0 to 10.5	about 3.0
RTC battery	8	Doesn't charge



The charging time when the computer is on is affected by ambient temperature, the temperature of the computer and how you use the computer. If you make heavy use of external devices, for example, the battery might scarcely charge at all during operation. Refer also to the section Maximizing battery operating time.

#### Battery charging notice

The battery may not charge right away under the following conditions:

The battery is extremely hot or cold (if the battery is extremely hot, it might not charge at all). To ensure the battery charges to its full capacity, you should charge it at room temperature of between 5° to 35°C (41° to 95°F).

The battery is nearly completely discharged. Leave the AC adaptor connected for a few minutes and the battery should begin charging.

The **Battery** indicator may show a rapid decrease in battery operating time when you try to charge a battery under the following conditions:

- The battery has not been used for a long time.
- The battery has completely discharged and been left in the computer for a long time.
- A cool battery is installed in a warm computer.

In such case, follow the steps below.

- 1. Fully discharge the battery by leaving it in the computer with the power on until the power automatically shuts off.
- 2. Connect the AC adaptor to the DC IN 15V jack of the computer, and the AC adaptor into power outlet.
- 3. Charge the battery until the Battery indicator glows green.

Repeat these steps two or three times until the battery recovers normal capacity.

#### Monitoring battery capacity

Remaining battery power can be monitored using the following methods.

- Clicking the battery icon on the task bar
- Via the Battery Status in the Windows Mobility Center window



You should wait at least 16 seconds after turning on the computer before trying to monitor the remaining operating time. This is because the computer needs this time to check the battery's remaining capacity and then calculate the remaining operating time, based on this together with the current power consumption.

Please be aware that the actual remaining operating time may differ slightly from the calculated time.

With repeated discharges and recharges, the battery's capacity will gradually decrease. In view of this it will be noted that an often used, older battery will not operate for as long as a new battery even when both are fully charged.

#### Maximizing battery operating time

A battery's usefulness depends on how long it can supply power on a single charge.

How long the charge lasts in a battery depends on:

- CPU Processing speed
- Screen brightness
- System Sleep
- System Hibernation
- Monitor Power off
- HDD Power off
- How often and how long you use the hard disk, optical disc and the floppy disk drive.
- How much charge the battery contained to begin with.
- How you use optional devices, such as a PC card, to which the battery supplies power.
- Enabling Sleep Mode conserves battery power if you are frequently turning the computer off and on.
- Where you store your programs and data.
- Closing the LCD display panel when you are not using the keyboard saves power.
- Operating time decreases at low temperatures.
- The condition of the battery terminals. Make sure the battery terminals stay clean by wiping them with a clean dry cloth before installing the battery pack.

#### Retaining data with power off

When you turn off your computer with fully charged batteries, the batteries retain data for the following approximate time periods:

Battery type	State and Retention Time
Battery pack (4700mAh)	about 6 days (Sleep Mode) about 70 days (Boot mode)
Slice Expansion Battery (4000mAh)	about 5 days (Sleep Mode) about 60 days (Boot mode)
RTC battery	30 days

#### Retention time

### **Extending battery life**

To maximize the life of your battery pack:

- At least once a month, disconnect the computer from a power source and operate it on battery power until the battery pack fully discharges. Before doing so, follow the steps below.
  - 1. Turn off the computer's power.
  - 2. Disconnect the AC adaptor and turn on the computer's power. If it does not turn on go to step 4.
  - 3. Operate the computer on battery power for five minutes. If the battery pack has at least five minutes of operating time, continue operating until the battery pack is fully discharged. If the **Battery** indicator flashes or there is some other warning to indicate a low battery, go to step 4.
  - 4. Connect the AC adaptor to the computer and the power cord to a power outlet. The DC IN indicator should glow green, and the Battery indicator should glow orange to indicate that the battery pack is being charged. If the DC IN indicator does not glow, power is not being supplied. Check the connections for the AC adaptor and power cord.
  - 5. Charge the battery pack until the **Battery** indicator glows green.
- If you have extra battery packs, rotate their use.
- If you will not be using the system for an extended period, more than one month, remove the battery pack.
- Store spare battery packs in a cool dry place out of direct sunlight.

# **Replacing the battery pack**

The battery pack is classified as a consumable item.

The operating life of the battery pack will gradually reduce through repeated charging and discharging. It will need to be replaced when it reaches the end of its operating life.

You might also replace a discharged battery pack with a charged spare when you are operating your computer away from an AC power source. This section explains how to remove and install the battery pack.

To remove a discharged battery pack, follow the steps below.



Do not remove the battery pack while the computer is in Sleep Mode. Data is stored in RAM, so if the computer loses power it could be lost.

- In Hibernation Mode, data will be lost if you remove the battery pack or disconnect the AC adaptor before the save is completed. Wait for the HDD indicator to go out.
- Do not touch the battery release latch while holding the computer or the battery pack might fall out due to the unintentional release of the battery release latch and cause injuries.

- 1. Save your work.
- 2. Turn the computer's power off. Make sure the **Power** indicator is off.
- 3. Remove all cables connected to the computer.
- 4. Close the LCD display panel and turn the computer upside down.



Always make sure the display panel is closed in Laptop mode before turning the computer upside down.

 Slide the battery safety lock towards the release ( →) position to make the battery release latch movable.



Figure 6-1 Releasing the battery pack (1)

Slide the battery release latch (①) to free the battery pack for removal (②), then slide out the battery pack.



Figure 6-2 Releasing the battery pack (2)

To install a battery pack, follow the steps below.



Do not touch the battery release latch while holding the computer. Or you may get injured by the dropped battery pack by unintentional release of the battery release latch.

- 7. Insert the battery pack (1).
- Make sure that the battery pack is securely in place and the battery safety lock (<sup>②</sup>) is in the lock position (<sup>□</sup>).



Figure 6-3 Securing the battery pack

9. Turn your computer over.

# **TOSHIBA Password Utility**

The TOSHIBA Password Utility provides two levels of password security: User and Supervisor.



Passwords set by the TOSHIBA Password Utility function are different from the Windows password.

#### **User Password**

To start the utility, point to or click the following items:

#### Start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA -> Utilities -> Password Utility

The User Password dialog box contains two main fields: User Password and User Token.

User authentication may be required to validate user rights when using **TOSHIBA Password Utility** to delete or change passwords, or create tokens, etc.

#### **User Password field**

#### **Set** (button)

Click this button to register a password of up to 50 characters. After a password is set, you will be prompted to enter it when you start the computer. Check "Set the same string simultaneously as the HDD User Password" when setting the HDD User Password.

# i

After you set the password, a dialog box will be displayed asking whether you want to save it to a floppy diskette or other media. If you forget the password, you can open the password file on another computer. Be sure to keep the media in a safe place.

When entering the character string to register the password, enter from the keyboard character by character and do not enter as ASCII code or copy-and-paste the character string. In addition, ensure that the registered password is correct by outputting the character string to the password file.

#### **Delete** (button)

Click this button to delete a registered password. Before you can delete a password, you must first enter the current password correctly or insert a proper token. Please use BIOS Setup to change or delete the HDD Passwords or to set the HDD Master Password.

#### Change (button)

Click this button to change a registered password. Before you can change a password, you must first enter the current password correctly or insert a proper token. Please use BIOS Setup to change or delete the HDD Passwords or to set the HDD Master Password.

#### Owner String (text box)

You can use this box to associate text with the password. After you enter text, click **Apply** or **OK**. When the computer is started, this text will be displayed together with the prompt asking you to enter a password.

If you forget your HDD User Password, TOSHIBA will NOT be able to assist you, and your HDD will be rendered COMPLETELY and PERMANENTLY INOPERABLE. TOSHIBA will NOT be held responsible for any loss of any data, any loss of use or access to your HDD, or for any other losses to you or any other person or organization that result from the loss of access to your HDD. If you can't accept this risk, don't register the HDD User Password.

When saving the HDD User Password shut down or restart the computer. If the computer is not shut down or restarted, the saved data may not be correctly reflected. For more information on shutting down or restarting the computer, refer to Turning on the power in Chapter 3.



Refer to Starting and Ending the BIOS Setup Program section in Chapter 7 for more information.

#### User Token field

**Create** (button)

You can use an SD card token, instead of entering the password. After you have registered a password, insert an SD card in SD card slot and click **Create**. You can use an SD card of any capacity, but it must be formatted correctly.

If an unformatted card or one with an incompatible format is inserted, you will be prompted to format it with a tool named TOSHIBA SD Memory Card Format. To start the format tool, point to or click the following items:

# Start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA -> Utilities -> SD Memory Card Format



When you format an SD Memory card, all data will be deleted. Be sure to save data on the card to other media before you format the card.

#### **Disable** (button)

Click this button to invalidate the token. You cannot re-validate old tokens, but you can use the same SD cards to create new tokens.



After using the token created for authentication, do not leave it inserted in the SD card slot, ensure that the token is removed from the slot and stored in a safe location. If the token is left in the slot, there is a danger of theft or a third party using it for authentication and operating the user's computer (resulting in extraction, modification or deletion of data) when the user is not at their desk.

#### Supervisor Password

If you set a Supervisor Password, some functions might be restricted when a user logs on with the User Password. To set a Supervisor Password, execute the file TOSPU.EXE. The file is located at:

C:\Program Files\Toshiba\PasswordUtility\TOSPU.exe This utility lets you do the following:

- Register, delete or change the Supervisor Password.
- Create or invalidate a Supervisor Password token.



This function in the TOSHIBA Password Utility lets you invalidate only supervisor tokens or all tokens, including user and supervisor tokens.

Specify restrictions for general users.

#### Starting the computer by password

If you have already registered a password, there are three ways to start the computer:

- Insert an SD card token before you turn on the computer. The computer will start normally, without displaying a password prompt.
- Swipe your fingerprint on the sensor if you have already registered the fingerprint with the Fingerprint utility and enabled Fingerprint System Boot Authentication. If you would not like to swipe your finger or cannot authenticate the fingerprint for some reasons, push the **BkSp** key to skip the fingerprint authentication screen. You can try to swipe the fingerprint up to five times. If you failed fingerprint authentication five times, you must enter the password manually to start the computer.
- Enter the password manually.



The password is necessary only if the computer was Shutdown and Hibernation in Boot Mode.

It is not needed in Sleep Mode and Restart.

To enter a password manually, follow these steps:

1. Turn on the power as described in Chapter 3, *Getting Started*. The following message will appear in the screen:



- 2. Enter the Password.
- 3. Press Enter.



If you enter the password incorrectly three times in a row, the computer shuts off. In this case, you must turn the computer back on to retry password entry.

# **Tablet mode**

Enter your password by tapping the on-screen keyboard using the Tablet PC Pen.



Figure 6-4 On-screen keyboard

The beep sounds when tapping the on-screen keyboard with the Tablet PC Pen. An \* (asterisk) is displayed after "Password =" and one character is input for every tapping.



Register your password to the computer in the Laptop mode using the standard keyboard. Refer to TOSHIBA Password Utility, in this chapter for the detail.

# **Power-up modes**

The computer has the following power-up modes:

- Boot: Computer shuts down without saving data. Always save your work before you turn the computer off in boot mode.
- Hibernation: Data in memory is saved to the hard disk drive.
- Sleep: Data is maintained in the computer's memory.



Refer also to the sections Turning on the power and Turning off the power in Chapter 3, Getting Started.

#### Windows utilities

You can configure various settings associated with both Sleep Mode and Hibernation Mode within the Power Options (to access it, **Start** -> **Control Panel** -> **System and Maintenance** -> **Power Options**).

#### Hot keys

You can use hot keys Fn + F3 to enter Sleep Mode and Fn + F4 to enter Hibernation. Refer to Chapter 5, *The Keyboard* for details.

# Panel power on/off

You can set up your computer so that power turns off automatically when you close the display panel. When you open the panel, power will be turned on in Sleep Mode or Hibernation Mode but not in boot mode.



If the panel power off function is enabled and you manually shut down Windows, do not close the computer's LCD display panel until the shut down process has been completed.

# System Auto Off

This feature turns the system off automatically if it is not used for a set duration. The system shuts down in Sleep Mode or Hibernation Mode in Windows.

# Chapter 7

# **HW Setup**

This chapter explains how to use TOSHIBA HW Setup program to configure your computer, and provides information on setting up the Execute-Disable Bit Capability and TPM.

## **Accessing HW Setup**

To run the HW Setup program, click **Start** -> **All Programs** -> **TOSHIBA** -> **Utilities** -> **HWSetup**.

## **HW Setup window**

The HW Setup window contains the following tabs: General, Display, Boot Priority, Keyboard, CPU, LAN, Device Config and USB.

#### There are also three buttons: OK, Cancel and Apply.

OK	Accepts your changes and closes the HW Setup window.
Cancel	Closes the window without accepting your changes.
Apply	Accepts all your changes without closing the HW Setup window.

#### General

This window displays the BIOS version and contains two buttons: **Default** and **About**.

Default	Return all HW Setup values to the factory settings.
About	Display the HW Setup version.

#### Setup

This field displays **BIOS** Version and date.

#### Display

This tab lets you customize your computer's display settings for either the internal LCD screen or for an external monitor.

#### Power On Display

Lets you select the display to be used when the computer is booted (This setting is only available on Standard VGA mode and is not available on Windows Desktop properties).

Auto-Selected	Selects an external monitor if one is connected. Otherwise, it selects the internal LCD (Default).
LCD + Analog RGB	Selects both the internal LCD and external monitor for simultaneous display.
System LCD Only	Selects the internal LCD even if the external monitor is connected.



If the connected external monitor does not support the computer's current video mode, selecting the LCD + Analog RGB mode will not display any image on the external monitor.

#### **Boot Priority**

#### **Boot Priority Options**

This option sets the priority for booting the computer. Select from the following settings:

The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: HDD, floppy disk drive*1, CD-ROM*2 and LAN (Default).
The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: floppy disk drive*1, HDD, CD-ROM*2 and LAN.
The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: HDD, CD-ROM*2, LAN and floppy disk drive*1.
The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: floppy disk drive*1, CD-ROM*2, LAN and HDD.
The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: CD-ROM*2, LAN, HDD, floppy disk drive*1.
The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: CD-ROM* <sup>2</sup> , LAN, floppy disk drive* <sup>1</sup> and HDD.

You can override the settings and manually select a boot device by pressing one of the following keys while the computer is booting:

U	Selects the USB floppy disk drive.
Ν	Selects the network.
1	Selects the primary HDD.
2	Selects the secondary HDD.
С	Selects the CD-ROM*2.
М	Selects the USB Memory.

<sup>\*1</sup> The floppy disk drive will be used to start the computer when there is a bootable disk contained in the external drive. If SD memory is installed as well, the external floppy disk drive will be checked first, followed by the SD memory device itself.

\*<sup>2</sup> The optical media drive will be used to start the computer when there is a bootable disk contained in the drive.

To change the boot drive, follow the steps below.

- 1. Hold down F12 and boot the computer.
- The following menu will be displayed with the following icons: Built-in HDD, Ultra Slim Bay HDD, CD-ROM, FDD (or SD memory card), Network (LAN), USB Memory boot.





A bar will appear only under the selected device.

- Use the left/right cursor keys to highlight the boot device you want and press Enter.
  - If only a Supervisor Password has been set, the following should be noted:
    - The boot device menu will appear when the 'Able to run HW Setup' option has been configured.
    - The boot device menu will not appear when the 'Unable to run HW Setup' option has been configured.
  - If both a Supervisor Password and a User Password are set, the following should be noted:
    - The boot device menu will appear when you use either the Supervisor Password or the User Password to start the computer, and the 'Able to run HW Setup' option has been configured.
    - The boot device menu will not appear when you use the User Password to start the computer and the 'Unable to run HW Setup' option has been configured.
    - The boot device menu will appear when you use the Supervisor Password to start the computer, even if the 'Unable to run HW Setup' option has been configured.

The boot device selection methods described above will not change the boot priority settings that have been configured in HW Setup. In addition, if you press a key other than one of those listed, or if the selected device is not installed, the system will continue to boot according to the current and available settings in HW Setup.

#### HDD Priority Options

If more than one HDD is installed in the computer, this option lets you set the priority for HDD detection. If the first detected HDD has a boot command, the system will boot from the HDD.

```
Built-in HDD 1 ->
                       The priority is set as Built-in HDD 1 -> Built-in
                       HDD 2 -> USB.
Built-in HDD 2 ->
USB (Default)
Built-in HDD 2 ->
                       The priority is set as Built-in HDD 2 -> Built-in
Built-in HDD 1 ->
                       HDD 1 -> USB.
USB
Built-in HDD 1 ->
                       The priority is set as Built-in HDD 1 -> USB ->
USB -> Built-in
                       Built-in HDD 2.
HDD 2
Built-in HDD 2 ->
                       The priority is set as Built-in HDD 2 -> USB ->
USB -> Built-in
                       Built-in HDD 1.
нор 1
USB -> Built-in
                       The priority is set as USB -> Built-in HDD 1 ->
                       Built-in HDD 2.
HDD 1 -> Built-in
HDD 2
USB -> Built-in
                       The priority is set as USB -> Built-in HDD 2 ->
                       Built-in HDD 1.
HDD 2 -> Built-in
HDD 1
```



If a boot command is not found on the first detected HDD, the system will not boot from the other HDD. It will search the next device in the boot priority for a boot command.

Some modules may not be displayed.

#### Network Boot Protocol

This feature sets the protocol to remotely boot from the network.



Network Boot Protocol is not displayed for Gigabit Ethernet LAN.

[PXE] Sets PXE as the protocol (Default). [RPL] Sets RPL as the protocol.

#### USB Memory BIOS Support Type

Set the type of the USB memory as a startup device.

Set the type of the USB memory to be equivalent to the HDD (Default).
* Based on the [HDD] order in the [Boot Priority Options] item. The order with respect to the other HDD can be set in the [HDD Priority Options] item.
Set the type of the USB memory to be equivalent to the FDD.
* Based on the [FDD] order in the [Boot Priority Options] item.

#### Keyboard

#### Wake-up on Keyboard

When this feature is enabled and the computer is in Sleep Mode, you can turn on the computer by pressing any key. It is effective only for the internal keyboard and only when the computer is in Sleep Mode.

Enabled	Enables the Wake-up on Keyboard function.
Disabled	Disables the Wake-up on Keyboard function (Default).

#### CPU

This function lets you set the CPU operating mode.



This option is displayed only for models with an Intel<sup>®</sup> Core<sup>™</sup> 2 Duo processor, Intel<sup>®</sup> Core<sup>™</sup> Duo processor and Intel<sup>®</sup> Core<sup>™</sup> Solo processor.

#### Dynamic CPU Frequency Mode

This option lets you choose from the following settings:

Dynamically Switchable	CPU power consumption and clock speed automatic switching function is enabled. When the computer is in use, CPU operation is automatically switched when necessary (Default).
Always High	CPU power consumption and clock speed automatic switching function is disabled. The CPU always runs at its fastest speed.
Always Low	CPU power consumption and clock speed automatic switching function is disabled. The CPU always runs at low power consumption and low speed.

#### LAN

#### Wake-up on LAN

This feature lets the computer's power be turned on when it receives a wake-up signal from the LAN.

Enabled	Enables Wake-up on LAN.
Disabled	Disables Wake-up on LAN (Default).



Do not install or remove an optional memory module while Wake-up on LAN is enabled.



The Wake-up on LAN function consumes power even when the system is off. Leave the AC adaptor connected while using this feature.

#### Built-in LAN

This feature enables or disables the Built-in LAN.

Enabled	Enables Built-in LAN functions (Default).
Disabled	Disables Built-in LAN functions.

### **Device Config**

### **Device Configuration**

This option lets you set the device configuration.

All Devices	BIOS sets all devices.
Setup by OS	Operating system sets devices that it can control (Default).

## USB

#### USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation

Use this option to enable or disable USB keyboard/mouse legacy emulation. If your operating system does not support USB, you can still use a USB mouse and keyboard by setting the USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation item to Enabled.

Enabled	Enables the USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation function (Default).
Disabled	Disables the USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation function.

#### USB-FDD Legacy Emulation

Use this option to enable or disable USB floppy disk drive legacy emulation. If your operating system does not support USB, you can still use a USB floppy disk drive by setting the USB-FDD Legacy Emulation item to Enabled.

Enabled	Enables the USB floppy disk drive legacy emulation function (Default).
Disabled	Disables the USB floppy disk drive legacy emulation function.

# Configuring the Execute-Disable Bit Capability and TPM

The configurations for the Execute-Disable Bit Capability and TPM are carried out in the BIOS setup program.



#### Notes Before Using the BIOS Setup Application

- In most cases, changes to the system's configuration should be made within Windows by using applications such as **TOSHIBA HW Setup**, **TOSHIBA Password Utility, Windows Device Manager** and so forth. If you make changes to the configuration through the BIOS setup program, please be aware that the configuration set through the Windows applications will take priority.
- Changes to the settings within the BIOS setup program will not be erased even if the power supply is turned off and the main battery removed. However, if the built-in Real Time Clock (RTC) battery runs out of power, most of the settings will revert back to their default values. However, please note that the following items will not be affected in this instance:
  - Password
  - Hard Disk Drive Password
  - Security Controller
  - Fingerprint patterns

#### Starting and Ending the BIOS Setup Program

#### Starting the BIOS Setup Program

 Turn on your computer while pressing the Esc key. If "Password =" is displayed, enter either the Supervisor Password, if one is set, or the User Password and press the Enter key. Please refer to Chapter 6, the TOSHIBA Password Utility, for details about the User Password.
 The "Check system Then press [F1] key" message is

The "Check system. Then press [F1] key." message is displayed.

 Press the F1 key. The BIOS setup program will start up.



Select either the Execute-Disable Bit Capability or settings in the security controller to make changes. Please refer to the operating instructions displayed in the settings screen.

#### Ending the BIOS Setup Program

Save the changes and end the program.

- Press the End Key. The "Are you sure? (Y/N) The changes you made will cause the system to reboot." message is displayed.
- 2. Press the Y key.

The configured settings are saved and the BIOS setup program ends. The computer may reboot depending on the settings that were modified.

#### Ending the BIOS Setup Program Halfway

The configuration settings can be terminated halfway without saving any of the changes made.

- Press the Esc key. The "Exit without saving? (Y/N)" message is displayed.
- 2. Press the Y key. The BIOS setup program will end.

#### Core Multi - Processing

The Core Multi-Processing sets the CPU operating mode.

Enabled is Dual Core mode.

Disabled is Single Core mode.

Enabled	Enables Core Multi - Processing functions (Default).
Disabled	Disables Core Multi - Processing functions

#### Virtualization Technology

Virtualization Technology sets enable or disable of the Intel Virtualization Technology installed in the CPU.

Intel Virtualization Technology is the technique that allows one machine to operate as multiple virtual machines.



The Virtualization Technology is supported with some models.

The Disabled command does not allow use of the Intel Virtualization Technology.

The Enabled command allows use of the Intel Virtualization Technology.

Enabled	Enables Virtualization Technology.
Disabled	Disables Virtualization Technology (Default).

#### Enhanced C-States

This feature enables or disables the Enhanced C-States.

Enabled	This lowers the power consumption (Default).
Disabled	This does not lower the power consumption.

#### **Execute-Disable Bit Capability**

This setting, which is displayed on the first page of the setup screen, configures the Execute-Disable Bit function of the CPU. This function is specific to Intel processors and, when activated, helps to reduce security threats to the computer by preventing certain classes of malicious 'buffer overflow' attacks when combined with a supporting operating system such as Windows Vista<sup>TM</sup>.

Available	Makes the processor's Execute-Disable Bit Capability available for use.
Not Available	Disables the processor's Execute-Disable Bit Capability so that it is not available for use. (Default).



System configuration changes, other than changes to this setting, should be made within Windows by using applications such as **TOSHIBA HW Setup**, **TOSHIBA Password Utility**, **Windows Device Manager** and so forth.

### **LCD Display Stretch**

Select the display function of the LCD. This function is only available on XGA models.

Enabled	Display modes with low resolution are stretched and displayed (Default).
Disabled	Display modes with low resolution are not stretched and displayed in their original state.

#### **Security controller**

The security controller settings are available in SYSTEM SETUP (2/2).

#### ТРМ

This setting enables or disables the security controller known as TPM (Trusted Platform Module).

Enabled	Enables the TPM.
Disabled	Disables the TPM (Default).

#### **Clear TPM Owner**

This setting is used to erase the data in TPM when disposing of the computer or when the owner of the computer changes, etc. Once this operation is carried out, the TPM configuration settings are erased, such that the encrypted data can no longer be decrypted and the files can no longer be read. Please backup or delete the data as necessary before carrying out this operation.

The operating procedure is as follows:

- 1. Move the cursor to the **Clear TPM Owner** setting and press the **Space** key or **BkSp** key.
- 2. A message is displayed. Press the **Y**, **E**, **S**, and **Enter** keys and the TPM information is erased.
- 3. The TPM setting changes from being displayed as **Enable** to **Disabled**, and the setting is no longer displayed.



System configuration changes, other than changes to this setting, should be made within Windows by using applications such as TOSHIBA HW Setup, TOSHIBA Password Utility, Windows Device Manager and so forth.

When using TPM, please refer to the Infineon TPM Installation Guide from the C:\TOSAPINS\Infineon TPM Installation Guide and ensure that the user reads as it contains usage information and notes on using TPM security.

#### **Diagnostic Mode**

Set whether the BIOS Setup Diagnostic test is enabled.

Disabled (Default)	The Diagnostic test is disabled.
Enabled	The Diagnostic test is enabled.

# **Chapter 8**

# **Optional Devices**

Optional devices can expand the computer's capabilities and its versatility. This chapter describes connection or installation of the following devices, which are available from your TOSHIBA dealer:

#### Cards/memory

- PC card
- Bridge media slot
  - SD card (SD memory card, SDIO card)
  - Memory Stick/Memory Stick Pro
  - xD picture card
- Memory expansion

#### **Power devices**

- Battery Pack
- Universal AC Adaptor
- Slice Expansion Battery
- Battery Charger

#### Peripheral devices

- HDD Kit (Serial-ATA)
- Ultra Slim Bay HDD Adaptor
- USB FDD Kit
- Tablet PC Pen
- Reserve pen
- External monitor
- i.LINK (IEEE1394)
- TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator

#### Other

Security lock

# PC card

The computer is equipped with a PC card slot that can accommodate a Type II card. Any PC card that meets industry standards (manufactured by TOSHIBA or other vendor) can be installed. The slot supports 16-bit PC cards, including PC card 16's multifunction card and CardBus PC cards.

CardBus supports the new standard of 32-bit PC cards. The bus provides superior performance for the greater demands of multimedia data transmission.



PC cards can sometimes become hot during PC operation. Before you remove a PC card always wait for it to cool. You could get burned removing a hot PC card.

#### **Inserting a PC card**

Windows hot-install feature lets you insert PC cards while the computer's power is on.



Do not insert a PC card while the computer is in Sleep or Hibernation Mode. Some cards might not work properly.

To insert a PC card, follow the steps below:

- 1. Insert a PC card in the PC card slot.
- 2. Press gently to ensure a firm connection.



Figure 8-1 Inserting the PC card

 After inserting the PC card, refer to the PC card's documentation and check the configuration in Windows to make sure it is appropriate for your PC card.

#### **Removing a PC card**

To remove the PC card, follow the steps below.

- 1. Open the Safely Remove Hardware icon on the Task Bar.
- 2. Point to PC card and click.
- 3. Press the PC card eject button to extend it.



If the PC card is not inserted all the way, the eject button may not cause it to pop out sufficiently to allows it to be grasped. Be sure to push the PC card firmly into the computer and slide the eject button again.

- 4. Press the extended eject button to pop the card out slightly.
- 5. Grasp the PC card and draw it out.



Figure 8-2 Removing the PC card

# Bridge media slot

This slot lets you insert SD card (SD memory card, SDIO card), Memory Stick (Pro) and xD picture card.



This Bridge media slot supports the following cards.

SD card (SD memory card, SDIO card)

- Memory Stick
- Memory Stick PRO
- xD picture card

Precautions on using cards.

Please note that not all cards have been tested and verified to work correctly. Therefore, it is not possible to guarantee that all cards will operate properly.

#### Media care

Observe the following precautions when handling the card.

#### Card care

- Do not twist or bend cards.
- Do not expose cards to liquids or store in humid areas or lay media close to containers of liquid.
- Do not touch the metal part of a card or expose it to liquids or let it get dirty.
- After using card, return it to its case.
- The card is designed so that it can be inserted only one way. Do not try to force the card into the slot.
- Do not leave an card partially inserted in the slot. Press the card until you hear it click into place.

#### Memory card care

- Set the write-protect switch to the lock position, if you do not want to record data.
- Memory cards are consumable items, so make sure you back up important data.
- Do not write to an SD card if the battery power is low. Low power could affect writing accuracy.
- Do not remove an SD card while read/write is in progress.



For more details on using memory cards, see manuals accompanying the cards.

#### SD card

Set the SD-card type SD memory cards in the Bridge media slot.



Keep foreign objects out of the Bridge media slot. Never allow metal objects, such as screws, staples and paper clips, to enter the PC or keyboard. Foreign metal objects can create a short circuit, which can cause PC damage and fire, possibly resulting in serious injury.

#### Inserting an SD card

To insert an SD card, follow the steps below.

1. Insert an SD card in the Bridge media slot.
2. Press gently to ensure a firm connection.



Figure 8-3 Inserting an SD card



Make sure the SD card is oriented properly before you insert it. Do not turn the computer off or switch to Sleep Mode or Hibernate Mode while files are being copied - doing so may cause data to be lost.

### Removing an SD card

To remove an SD card, follow the steps below.

- 1. Open the Safely Remove Hardware icon on the Task Bar.
- 2. Point to SD card and click.
- 3. Push in the card and release it to pop the card out slightly.
- 4. Grasp the card and remove it.



Figure 8-4 Removing an SD card



Make sure the **Bridge media slot** indicator is out before you remove the SD card or turn off the computer's power. If you remove the SD card or turn off the power while the computer is accessing the SD card you may lose data or damage the card.

Do not remove an SD card while the computer is in Sleep or Hibernation Mode. The computer could become unstable or data in the SD card could be lost.

### SD memory card

SD cards let you easily transfer data from devices, such as digital cameras and Personal Digital Assistants, that use SD card flash-memory. The cards have a high level of security and copy protection features.



SD memory cards comply with SDMI (Secure Digital Music Initiative), which is a technology adopted to prevent unlawful copy or playback of digital music. For this reason, you cannot copy or playback protected material on another computer or other device. You may not use the reproduction of any copyrighted material except for your personal enjoyment.

### Formatting an SD card

SD memory cards are sold already formatted in conformity to specific standards. If you format the SD card again, be sure to format it with the TOSHIBA SD memory card format utility, not with the format commands provided within Windows.

In order to run TOSHIBA SD memory card format, click **Start** -> **All Programs** -> **TOSHIBA** -> **Utilities** -> **SD memory card Format**.

The TOSHIBA SD memory card format utility does not format the protected area of the SD memory card. Should you need to format all areas of the memory card, including the protected area, you will need to obtain an appropriate application that applies the copy protection system.

### Memory Stick/Memory Stick Pro

The computer is equipped with a Bridge media slot that can accommodate Memory Stick/Memory Stick Pro flash memory cards with various memory capacities. Memory Stick let you easily transfer data from devices, such as digital cameras and Personal Digital Assistants, that use Memory Stick technology.



Keep foreign objects out of the Bridge media slot. Never allow metal objects, such as screws, staples and paper clips, to enter the PC or keyboard. Foreign metal objects can create a short circuit, which can cause PC damage and fire, possibly resulting in serious injury.



The slot does not support Magic Gate functions.

Memory Stick Duo/PRO Duo and the Memory Stick adaptor are not compatible with the Bridge media slot. Do not insert Memory Stick Duo/ PRO Duo into the slot. Data may be lost or damaged if you use any card other than those supported.

### Write protection

Memory Stick can be write protected to safeguard your data. To writeprotect a Memory Stick, slide the lock on the back of the Memory Stick to the lock position.

### Inserting a Memory Stick

To insert a Memory Stick, follow the steps below.

- 1. Insert the Memory Stick into the Bridge media slot.
- 2. Press gently to ensure a firm connection.



Figure 8-5 Inserting a Memory Stick

### Removing a Memory Stick

To remove a Memory Stick, follow the steps below.

- 1. Open the Safely Remove Hardware icon on the Task Bar.
- 2. Point to Memory Stick and click.
- 3. Push in the card and release it to pop the card out slightly.
- 4. Grasp the card and remove it.



- Make sure the **Bridge media slot** indicator is out before you remove the Memory Stick or turn off the computer's power. If you remove the Memory Stick or turn off the power while the computer is accessing the Memory Stick you may lose data or damage the card.
- Do not remove a Memory Stick while the computer is in Sleep or Hibernation Mode. The computer could become unstable or data in the Memory Stick could be lost.

### xD picture card

The computer is equipped with a Bridge media slot that can accommodate xD picture cards with various memory capacities. The xD picture card let you easily transfer data from devices, such as digital cameras that use xD picture card flash-memory.



Keep foreign objects out of the Bridge media slot. Never allow metal objects, such as screws, staples and paper clips, to enter the PC or keyboard. Foreign metal objects can create a short circuit, which can cause PC damage and fire, possibly resulting in serious injury.

### Inserting an xD picture card

To insert an xD picture card, follow the steps below.

- 1. Insert the xD picture card into the Bridge media slot.
- 2. Press gently to ensure a firm connection.



Figure 8-6 Inserting an xD picture card

### Removing an xD picture card

To remove an xD picture card, follow the steps below.

- 1. Open the Safely Remove Hardware icon on the Task Bar.
- 2. Point to **xD picture card** and click.
- 3. Push in the card and release it to pop the card out slightly.
- 4. Grasp the card and remove it.



Make sure the **Bridge media slot** indicator is out before you remove the xD picture card or turn off the computer's power. If you remove the xD picture card or turn off the power while the computer is accessing the xD picture card you may lose data or damage the card.

Do not remove an xD picture card while the computer is in Sleep or Hibernation Mode. The computer could become unstable or data in the xD picture card could be lost.

# **Memory expansion**

You can install additional memory in the computer's memory module slot to increase the amount of RAM. This section describes how to install and remove a memory module.



Place a mat beneath the computer to prevent scratching or damaging the computer's lid when installing/replacing the memory module. Avoid mats made of materials that generate static electricity.

When you install or remove a memory module, ensure that you do not touch any other internal areas of the computer.

Insert the two memory modules of the same specifications and capacity into Slot A and Slot B respectively. The computer will operate in dual channel mode.

You can access the inserted memory modules efficiently in dual channel.



Use only memory modules approved by TOSHIBA.

Do not try to install or remove a memory module under the following conditions.

- a. The computer is turned on.
- b. The computer was shut down in either Sleep or Hibernation Mode.
- c. Wake-up on LAN is enabled.
- d. Wake-up on Wireless LAN is enabled.
- e. The wireless communication switch is turned on.
- Be careful not to let screws or other foreign matter fall into the computer. It could cause malfunction or electric shock.
- Expansion memory is a precision electronic component that may be fatally damaged by static electricity. Since the human body can carry static electricity, it is important that you discharge yourself before touching or installing any expansion memory modules. To discharge your body's static electricity, simply touch any metal close to you with bare hands.

If you install a memory module that is not compatible with the computer, a beep will sound when you turn on the power. If the incompatible module is installed in slot A, there will be a long beep (1 second) followed by one short beep (0.5 seconds), while if the incompatible module is in slot B, there will be a long beep followed by two short beeps. In the event both modules are incompatible, there will be a long beep followed by two short beeps. In the short beep, a pause, and then a long beep followed by two short beeps. In all instances you should shut down the computer and remove the incompatible module(s).



Use a point size 1 Phillips screwdriver to remove and fasten the screws. Use of an incorrect screwdriver can damage the screw heads.

### Installing memory module

There are slots for two memory modules. The procedures are the same for installing either module.

- Set the computer to boot mode and turn the computer's power off. Make sure the **Power** indicator is off. Refer to the *Turning off the power* section in Chapter 3, Getting Started.
- 2. Remove AC adaptor and all cables connected to the computer.
- 3. Turn the computer upside down and remove the battery pack. Refer to *Replacing the battery pack* section in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes, for details.



Always make sure the display panel is closed in Laptop mode before turning the computer upside down.

- 4. Turn your computer over.
- 5. Push the display latch on the front of the computer and open the LCD display panel.
- 6. Slip your finger under a notch at the end of the keyboard brace and lift up to release latches and remove the keyboard brace.



Figure 8-7 Removing the keyboard brace

7. Remove two screws securing the keyboard.



Use a point size 1 Phillips screwdriver.

8. Lift the top edge of the keyboard after sliding the two release latches and lay in face down on the palm rest.



- When you move the keyboard forward, do not touch the keys. Doing so could cause misalignment. Hold the keyboard by the sides and lay it gently on the palm rest.
- The keyboard is connected to the computer by a keyboard ribbon cable. Be careful not to apply tension to this cable when you lift up the keyboard. Do not try to disconnect this cable.



Figure 8-8 Removing two screws and rotate the keyboard

9. Remove the two screws and take off the memory module cover.





Do not touch the connectors on the memory module or on the computer. Debris on the connectors may cause memory access problems.

The memory module cover will be hot after using the computer for long periods of time. Use care when removing.



The slot A is reserved for main memory. Use the slot B for expanded memory. If only one card is installed, use the slot A.

10. Fit the memory module's connectors into the socket at about a 45 degree angle and push the module down until latches on either side snap into place.

Align the notch of the memory module with that of the memory slot and gently insert the module into the slot.



Figure 8-10 Installing the memory module

11. Screw in the two screws and replace the memory module cover.



Figure 8-11 Seating the memory module cover

12. Tuck the keyboard ribbon cable into the groove under the palm rest.





Do not bend the keyboard ribbon cable.

13. Insert the tabs on the front of the keyboard into the corresponding notches on the computer and lower the keyboard into place after ensuring the two release latches click into place.



When seating the keyboard, be sure to connect the circuit board if the keyboard ribbon cable was pulled out while you were removing the keyboard.

14. Screw the two screws and secure the keyboard.



Be sure to use all two screws removed in step 7. Make sure no screw was dropped into the computer. Make sure no foreign matter can be found.

- 15. Set the keyboard brace into its groove and press down to secure the latches.
- 16. Install the battery pack. Refer to *Replacing the battery pack* section in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes, for details.
- 17. Turn your computer over.
- Turn the computer on and make sure the added memory is recognized
   - to confirmed it, Start -> Control Panel -> System and Maintenance
   -> System icon.

### **Removing memory module**

To remove the memory module, make sure the computer is in boot mode then:

- Set the computer to boot mode and turn the computer's power off. Make sure the **Power** indicator is off.
- 2. Remove AC adaptor and all cables connected to the computer.
- 3. Turn the computer upside down and remove the battery pack. Refer to *Replacing the battery pack* section in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes, for details.



Always make sure the display panel is closed in Laptop mode before turning the computer upside down.

- 4. Follow steps 4 through 9 in Installing memory module to remove the memory module cover.
- 5. Push the latches to the outside to release the memory module. A spring will force one end of the memory module up.

6. Grasp the sides of the module and pull it out.



If you use the computer for a long time, the memory modules and the circuits locating close to the memory modules will become hot. In this case, let them cool to room temperature before you replace them. Or you will get burnt if you touch any of them.

Do not touch the connectors on the memory module or on the computer. Debris on the connectors may cause memory access problems.



Figure 8-13 Removing the memory module

- 7. Rotate the keyboard back into place and secure the keyboard brace as described in the previous section.
- 8. Install the battery pack. Refer to *Replacing the battery pack* section in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes, for details.
- 9. Turn your computer over.

# **Battery Pack**

You can increase the portability of the computer with additional battery packs. If you're away from an AC power source and your battery runs low, you can replace it with a freshly charged battery. Refer to Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*.

# **Universal AC Adaptor**

If you frequently transport the computer between different sites such as your home and office, purchasing an AC adaptor for each location will reduce the weight and bulk of your carrying load.

# **Slice Expansion Battery**

This battery pack increases your computer's operating time when a main battery pack is also installed. For details on using the battery pack, follow the steps below.

### **Connecting the Slice Expansion Battery**

Follow the steps below to connect the Slice Expansion Battery to the computer



When handling Slice Expansion Battery, be careful not to short circuit the terminals. Also do not drop, hit or otherwise apply impact; do not scratch or break the casing and do not twist or bend the latches of it.

- 1. Be sure the computer's power is off and all cables are disconnected.
- 2. Lay the computer upside down.



Always make sure the display panel is closed in Laptop mode before turning the computer upside down.

- 3. Remove the protective cap from the Slice Expansion Battery.
- 4. Open latches on the Slice Expansion Battery and fit a tab on the battery into the docking port on the underside of the computer



5. Close the latches to secure the Slice Expansion Battery to the computer.



### **Disconnecting the Slice Expansion Battery**

Follow the steps below to disconnect the Slice Expansion Battery to the computer.

- 1. Save your work.
- 2. Turn the computer's power off. Make sure the **Power** indicator is off.
- 3. Remove all cables connected to the computer.
- 4. Lay the computer upside down.
- 5. Open the release latches in the direction of the arrows.



6. Lift off the Slice Expansion Battery.



7. Be sure to replace the protective cap before storing the Slice Expansion Battery.

# **Battery Charger**

The battery charger provides a convenient way to charge battery packs without requiring the use of your computer. The battery charger holds up to two battery packs (lithium ion).

# HDD Kit (Serial-ATA)

An extra hard disk drive expands the flexibility of your system and lets you carry your data without carrying the computer.



Use a size 1 Phillips screwdriver.

### Removing the hard disk drive pack

To remove the hard disk drive pack, follow the steps below.

- 1. Set the computer to boot mode and turn off the power.
- 2. Disconnect the AC adaptor and all external cables connected to the computer.
- 3. Turn the computer upside down and remove the battery pack. Refer to *Replacing the battery pack* section in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes, for details.



Always make sure the display panel is closed in Laptop mode before turning the computer upside down.

4. Loosen two screws securing the hard disk drive cover.

- 5. A small row of ridges marks the latches securing the cover. Press on these ridges until you hear a click.
- 6. Press on the arrows and lift the cover up and out to remove it.



- 7. Reposition the hard disk drive until it is vertical.
- 8. With the hard disk drive in a vertical position, lift it straight up and away from the connector.



# Installing the HDD Kit (Serial-ATA)

To install the HDD Kit (Serial-ATA), follow the steps below.

- 1. Move the connector until it is vertical.
- 2. Hold the hard disk drive vertically with its label on the left.
- 3. Connect the hard disk drive to the connector.



Ensure that the hard disk drive is connected to the connector in a vertical position. If the hard disk drive is slanted and connected to the connector, it might damage the connector.

4. With the connector connected, lower the hard disk drive down to the storage position.



Figure 8-20 Installing the hard disk drive pack

- 5. Seat the cover and press down until the latches click into place.
- 6. Secure the cover with two screws.
- 7. Turn your computer over.

# **Ultra Slim Bay HDD Adaptor**

You can increase your computer's data storage capacity by installing an additional 80.0 billion bytes (74.53 GB) and 100.0 billion bytes (93.16 GB) hard disk drive in the Ultra Slim Bay.

To install a hard disk drive in the Ultra Slim Bay HDD adaptor follow the steps below.

1. Slide the lock to the unlock position and open the lid.



Figure 8-21 Opening the lid

2. Insert the hard disk drive in the Ultra Slim Bay HDD adaptor and push forward to ensure a firm connection.



Figure 8-22 Inserting the hard disk drive

3. Close the lid and slide the lock to the lock position.



Figure 8-23 Closing the lid

For details on inserting the Ultra Slim Bay HDD adaptor in the computer's Ultra Slim Bay slot, refer to Chapter 4, *Operating Basics*.

# **USB FDD Kit**

The USB FDD Kit module can be connected to the USB port. For details on connecting the USB floppy disk drive module, refer to Chapter 4, *Operating Basics*.

# **Tablet PC Pen**

Use it as a spare to your computer. Spare pen tip and draw-out tool are included. Refer to Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*, for the detailed usage.

## **Reserve Pen**

Use the Reserve Pen in place of the Tablet PC Pen if the Tablet PC Pen is lost or broken. Refer to Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*, for the detailed usage.

# **External monitor**

An external analog monitor can be connected to the external monitor port on the computer. The computer supports XGA and SXGA+ video modes. To connect a monitor, follow the steps below.

- 1. Turn the computer's power off.
- 2. Connect the monitor cable to the external monitor port and tighten the screws on the left and right hand side.



Figure 8-24 Connecting the monitor cable to the external monitor port

- 3. Turn the monitor's power on.
- 4. Turn the computer's power on.

When you turn on the power, the computer automatically recognizes the monitor and determines whether it is color or monochrome.

However, the Windows Desktop appears on a display device that you used last time to shut down your computer, if the display device exists when you turn on the power.

To change the display settings, press Fn + F5. If you disconnect the external monitor before you turn the computer's power off, be sure to press Fn + F5 to switch to the internal display. Refer to Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*, for details on using hot keys to change the display setting.

# i.LINK (IEEE1394)

i.LINK (IEEE1394) is used for high-speed data transfer for a range of compatible devices such as

- Digital video cameras
- Hard disk drives
- MO drives
- Writable optical disc drives



*i.LINK* uses a four-pin connector, which does not carry any electric current. External devices will need their own power supply to operate.

### Precautions

- Make a back-up of your data before transferring it to the computer. There is a possibility that the original data will be damaged. There is a particular risk that some frames will be deleted in the case of digital video transfer. TOSHIBA assumes no liability for such loss of data.
- Do not transfer data in areas where static electricity is easily generated or in areas subjected to electronic noise. Data can be destroyed.
- If you are transferring data through an IEEE1394 hub, do not connect or disconnect other devices from the hub during data transfer. There is a likelihood that data will be damaged. Connect all devices to the hub before you turn on the computer's power.
- You may not use any copyrighted video or music data copied from a video camera except for your personal enjoyment.
- If you connect/disconnect an i.LINK device to/from another i.LINK device that is currently exchanging data with the computer, data frames might be dropped.
- Make sure data transfer has ended or turn off the computer, before you:
  - Connect/disconnect an i.LINK device to/from the computer.
  - Connect/disconnect an i.LINK device to/from another i.LINK device that is connected to the computer.

### Connecting

1. Make sure the connectors are properly aligned and plug the i.LINK (IEEE1394) cable into the computer.



Figure 8-25 Connecting the i.LINK (IEEE1394) cable into the computer

2. Plug the other end of the cable into the device.

Note the following when you use i.LINK:

- You may need to install drivers for your i.LINK devices.
- Not all i.LINK devices have been tested. Therefore, compatibility with all i.LINK devices cannot be guaranteed.
- Some devices might not support Sleep or automatic off functions.
- Do not connect or disconnect an i.LINK device while it is using an application or when the computer is automatically shutting it down to save power. Data might be destroyed.

### Disconnecting

- 1. Open the Safely Remove Hardware icon on the Task Bar.
- 2. Point to i.LINK (IEEE1394) device and click.
- 3. Disconnect the cable from the computer then from the i.LINK device.



Refer also to the documentation that came with your i.LINK device.

# **TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator**

In addition to the ports available on the computer, the TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator. The TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator connects directly to the docking interface on the underside of the computer. The AC adaptor connects the TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator to a power source.



The computer must be configured properly before connecting to a LAN. Logging onto a LAN using the computer's default settings could cause a malfunction in LAN operation. Check with your LAN administrator regarding set-up procedures.



- You must connect the AC adaptor before you connect to a TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator.
- When a TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator is connected to the computer, you can not use the following computer's ports: LAN jack, DC IN 15V jack, External monitor port.
- When connecting an AC Adaptor to the TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator, use only the AC Adaptor included with TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator. Do not use the computer's AC Adaptor.

The following ports are available on the TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator.

- RJ45 LAN jack
- External monitor port
- DC IN 15V jack
- Security lock slot
- Universal Serial Bus 2.0 port (four)
- DVI port

# **Security lock**

Security locks enable you to anchor your computer and optional TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator to a desk or other heavy object to help prevent unauthorized removal of the computer or TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator.

The computer has a security lock slot on the left side. Attach one end of a cable to a desk and the other end to the security lock slot.

- 1. Turn the computer so the left side faces you.
- 2. Align the holes for the security lock and attach the lock.



Figure 8-26 Security lock

# Chapter 9

# **Troubleshooting**

TOSHIBA designed the computer for durability. However, should problems occur, following the procedures in this chapter can help to determine the cause.

All readers should become familiar with this chapter. Knowing what might go wrong can help prevent problems from occurring.

# Problem solving process

Resolving problems will be much easier if you observe the following guidelines:

- Stop immediately when you recognize a problem exists. Further action may result in data loss or damage. You may destroy valuable problemrelated information that can help solve the problem.
- Observe what is happening. Write down what the system is doing and what actions you performed immediately before the problem occurred. If you have a printer attached, print a copy of the screen using **PrtSc**.

The questions and procedures offered in this chapter are meant as a guide, they are not definitive problem solving techniques. Many problems can be solved simply, but a few may require help from your dealer. If you find you need to consult your dealer or others, be prepared to describe the problem in as much detail as possible.

### **Preliminary checklist**

Consider the simplest solution first. The items in this checklist are easy to fix and yet can cause what appears to be a serious problem.

- Make sure you turn on all peripheral devices before you turn on the computer. This includes your printer and any other external device you are using.
- Before you attach an external device, turn the computer off. When you turn the computer back on it recognizes the new device.
- Make sure all options are set properly in the setup program.
- Check all cables. Are they correctly and firmly attached? Loose cables can cause signal errors.
- Inspect all connecting cables for loose wires and all connectors for loose pins.
- Check that your floppy disk or CD/DVD-ROM is correctly inserted and that the floppy disk's write protect tab is correctly set.

Make notes of your observations and keep them in a permanent error log. This will help you describe your problems to your dealer. If a problem recurs, the log will help you identify the problem faster.

### Analyzing the problem

Sometimes the system gives clues that can help you identify why it is malfunctioning. Keep the following questions in mind:

- Which part of the system is not operating properly: keyboard, floppy disk drives, hard disk drive, optical media drive, display. Each device produces different symptoms.
- Is the operating system configuration set properly? Check the configuration options.
- What appears on the display screen? Does it display any messages or random characters? If you have a printer attached, print a copy of the screen using **PrtSc**. Look up the messages in the software and operating system documentation. Check that all connecting cables are correctly and firmly attached. Loose cables can cause erroneous or intermittent signals.
- Do any indicators light? Which ones? What color are they? Do they stay on or blink? Write down what you see.
- Do you hear any beeps? How many? Are they long or short? Are they high pitched or low? Is the computer making any unusual noises? Write down what you hear.

Record your observations so you can describe them to your dealer.

Software	The problems may be caused by your software or disk. If you cannot load a software package, the media may be damaged or the program might be corrupted. Try loading another copy of the software.
	If an error message appears while you are using a software package, check the software documentation. These documents usually include a problem solving section or a summary of error messages.
	Next, check any error messages in the operating system documentation.
Hardware	If you cannot find a software problem, check your hardware. First run through the items in the preliminary checklist above. If you still cannot correct the problem, try to identify the source. The next section provides checklists for individual components and peripherals.



Before using a peripheral device or application software that is not an authorized Toshiba part or product, make sure the device or software can be used with your PC. Use of incompatible devices may cause injury or may damage your PC.

# Hardware and system checklist

This section discusses problems caused by your computer's hardware or attached peripherals. Basic problems may occur in the following areas:

- System start-up
- Self test
- Power
- Password
- Keyboard
- Internal LCD display panel
- Hard disk drive
- DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive
- DVD Super Multi drive
- USB floppy disk drive
- PC card
- SD card
- Memory Stick/Memory Stick Pro

- xD picture card
- Pointing Device
- Fingerprint Sensor
- USB device
- Memory expansion
- Sound system
- External monitor
- i.LINK (IEEE1394) device
- Modem
- LAN
- Wireless LAN
- Bluetooth

### System start-up

When the computer does not start properly, check the following items:

- Self Test
- Power Sources
- Power-on Password

### Self test

When the computer starts up, the self test will be run automatically, and the following will be displayed:



In Touch with Tomorrow TOSHIBA

This message remains on the screen for a few seconds.

If the self test is successful, the computer tries to load the operating system, depending on how the Boot Priority is set in the TOSHIBA HW Setup program.

If any of the following conditions are present, the self test failed:

- The computer stops and does not proceed to display information or messages except the TOSHIBA logo.
- Random characters appear on the screen, and the system does not function normally.
- The screen displays an error message.

Turn off the computer and check all cable connections. If the test fails again, contact your dealer.

### Power

When the computer is not plugged into an AC outlet, the battery pack is the primary power source. However, your computer has a number of other power resources, including an intelligent power supply and a Real Time Clock battery. These resources are interrelated and any one could affect apparent power problems. This section provides checklists for AC power and the battery. If you cannot resolve a problem after following them, the cause could lie with another power resource. In such case, contact your dealer.

### Overheating power down

If the computer's internal temperature becomes too high, the computer will automatically enter Hibernation or Sleep Mode and shut down.

Problem	Procedure
Computer shuts down and <b>DC IN</b> indicator blinks orange	Leave the computer off until the <b>DC IN</b> indicator stops blinking.



It is recommended to leave the computer off until the interior reaches room temperature even though the **DC IN** indicator stops blinking.

	If the computer has reached room temperature and still does not start, or if it starts but shuts down quickly contact your dealer.		
Computer shuts down and its <b>DC IN</b> indicator is flashing green	Indicates a problem with the heat dispersal system. Please contact your dealer.		

### AC power

If you have trouble turning on the computer with the AC adaptor connected, check the **DC IN** indicator. Refer to Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes* for more information.

Problem	Procedure
AC adaptor doesn't power the computer ( <b>DC IN</b> indicator does not glow green)	Check the connections. Make sure the cord is firmly connected to the computer and a power outlet.
	Check the condition of the cord and terminals. If the cord is frayed or damaged, replace it. If the terminals are soiled, wipe them with cotton or a clean cloth.
	If the AC adaptor still does not power the computer, contact your dealer.

### **Battery**

If you suspect a problem with the battery, check the **DC IN** indicator as well as the **Battery** indicator. For information on indicators and battery operation see Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*.

Problem	Procedure	
Battery doesn't power the computer	The battery may be discharged. Connect the AC adaptor to charge the battery.	

Problem	Procedure
Battery doesn't charge when the AC adaptor is attached ( <b>Battery</b> or Ultra Slim Bay indicator does not glow orange.)	If the battery is completely discharged, it will not begin charging immediately. Wait a few minutes. If the battery still does not charge, make sure the outlet of the AC adaptor is supplying power. Test it by plugging in an appliance.
с с <i>т</i>	Check whether the battery is hot or cold to the touch. If the battery is too hot or too cold, it will not charge properly. Let it reach room temperature.
	Unplug the AC adaptor and remove the battery to make sure the terminals are clean. If necessary wipe them with a soft dry cloth dipped in alcohol.
	Connect the AC adaptor and replace the battery. Make sure it is securely seated.
	Check the <b>Battery</b> indicator. If it does not glow, let the computer charge the battery for at least 20 minutes. If the <b>Battery</b> indicator glows after 20 minutes, let the battery continue to charge at least another 20 minutes before turning on the computer.
	If the indicator still does not glow, the battery may be at the end of its operating life. Replace it.
	If you do not think the battery is at the end of its operating life, see your dealer.
Battery doesn't power the computer as long as expected	If you frequently recharge a partially charged battery, the battery might not charge to its full potential. Fully discharge the battery, then try to charge it again.
	Check the <b>Power saver</b> option under <b>Select a power plan</b> in the <b>Power Options</b> .

# Real Time Clock

Problem	Procedure		
The following message is Displayed on the LCD screen:	The charge in the RTC battery has run out - you will need to set the date and time in the BIOS setup using the following steps:		
RTC battery is low or CMOS checksum is inconsistent. Press [F1] key to set Date/Time.	<ol> <li>Press F1 key. BIOS setup will boot up.</li> <li>Set the date in System Date.</li> <li>Set the time in System Time.</li> <li>Press End key. Confirmation message will appear.</li> </ol>		
	<ol><li>Press Y key. BIOS setup will terminate and the computer will be rebooted.</li></ol>		

## Password

Problem	Procedure	
Cannot enter password	Refer to the <i>TOSHIBA Password Utility</i> section in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes.	

# Keyboard

Keyboard problems can be caused by your setup configuration. For more information refer to Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*.

Problem	Procedure	
Some letter keys produce numbers	Check that the numeric keypad overlay is not selected. Press <b>Fn + F10</b> and try typing again.	
Output to screen is garbled	Make sure the software you are using is not remapping the keyboard. Remapping involves reassigning the meaning of each key. See your software's documentation.	
	If you are still unable to use the keyboard, consult your dealer.	

# Internal LCD display panel

Apparent LCD problems may be related to the computer's setup. Refer to Chapter 7, *HW Setup*, for more information.

Problem	Procedure	
No display	Press hotkeys <b>Fn</b> + <b>F5</b> to change the display priority, to make sure it is not set for an external monitor.	
Markings appear on the LCD screen.	The marks may have come from contact with the keyboard or Touch Pad. Try wiping the LCD screen gently with a clean dry cloth. If markings remain, use a good quality LCD screen cleaner, taking care to ensure you let the LCD screen dry before closing it.	
Problems above remain unresolved or other problems occur	Refer to your software's documentation to determine if the software is causing the difficulty. Run the diagnostic test. Contact your dealer if the problems continue.	

# Hard disk drive

Problem	Procedure
Computer does not boot from hard disk drive	Check if a floppy disk is in the floppy disk drive or a CD-ROM is in the optical media drive. Remove any floppy disk and/or CD-ROM and check the Boot priority. Refer to the <i>Boot Priority</i> section in Chapter 7, HW Setup.
	There may be a problem with your operating system files. Refer to your operating system documentation.
Slow performance	Your files may be fragmented. Run Disk Defragmenter to check the condition of your files and disk. Refer to your operating system's documentation or online HELP for information on running the Disk Defragmenter.
	As a last resort, reformat the hard disk. Then, reload the operating system and other files.
	If problems persist, contact your dealer.

# DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive

For more information, refer to Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

Problem	Procedure		
You cannot access a CD/DVD in the drive		rive's disc tray is securely ntly until it clicks into place.	
	power is off, pres	he drive power is on. If the ss the <b>Fn + tab</b> keys and turn on the power.	
		ay and make sure the CD/DVD is It should lie flat with the label	
	A foreign object in the disc tray could block laser light from reading the CD/DVD. Make sure there is no obstruction. Remove any foreign object.		
	Check whether the CD/DVD is dirty. If it is, wipe it with a clean cloth dipped in water or a neutral cleaner. Refer to the <i>Media care</i> section in Chapter 4 for details on cleaning.		
Some CD/DVDs run correctly, but others do not	causing a proble configuration ma	hardware configuration may be m. Make sure the hardware tches your software's needs. VD's documentation.	
	Check the type of drive supports:	of CD/DVD you are using. The	
	DVD-ROM:	DVD-ROM, DVD-Video	
	CD-ROM:	CD-DA, CD-Text, Photo CD <sup>™</sup> (single/multi-session), CD- ROM Mode 1, Mode 2, CD- ROM XA Mode 2 (Form1, Form2), Enhanced CD (CD- EXTRA), Addressing Method 2	
	Recordable CD:	CD-R, CD-RW	
	match that on the Region codes ar	n code on the DVD. It must e DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive. e listed in the <i>Optical media</i> Chapter 2, The Grand Tour.	

Problem	Procedure
Cannot write correctly	If you have trouble writing, make sure you are observing the following precautions:
	Use only media recommended by TOSHIBA.
	Do not use the mouse or keyboard during writing.
	<ul> <li>Use only the software supplied with the computer for recording.</li> </ul>
	Do not run or start other software during writing.
	Do not jar the computer during writing.
	Do not connect/disconnect external devices or install/remove internal cards during writing.
	If problems persist, contact your dealer.

### **DVD Super Multi drive**

For more information, refer to Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

Problem	Procedure
You cannot access a CD/DVD in the drive	Make sure the drive's disc tray is securely closed. Press gently until it clicks into place.
	Check whether the drive power is on. If the power is off, press the <b>Fn</b> + <b>tab</b> keys simultaneously and turn on the power.
	Open the disc tray and make sure the CD/DVD is properly seated. It should lie flat with the label facing up.
	A foreign object in the disc tray could block laser light from reading the CD/DVD. Make sure there is no obstruction. Remove any foreign object.
	Check whether the CD/DVD is dirty. If it is, wipe it with a clean cloth dipped in water or a neutral cleaner. Refer to the <i>Media care</i> section in Chapter 4 for details on cleaning.
Some CD/DVDs run correctly, but others do not	The software or hardware configuration may be causing a problem. Make sure the hardware configuration matches your software's needs. Check the CD/DVD's documentation.

Check the type of CD/DVD you are using. The drive supports:

DVD-ROM: DVD-ROM, DVD-Video

CD-ROM: CD-DA, CD-Text, Photo CD<sup>™</sup> (single/multi-session), CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2, CD-ROM XA Mode 2 (Form1, Form2), Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA), Addressing Method 2

Check the region code on the DVD. It must match that on the DVD Super Multi drive. Region codes are listed in the *Optical media drives* section in Chapter 2, The Grand Tour.

### **USB floppy disk drive**

For more information, refer to Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

Problem	Procedure
Drive does not operate	There may be a faulty cable connection. Check the connection to the computer and to the drive.
Some programs run correctly but others do not	The software or hardware configuration may be causing a problem. Make sure the hardware configuration matches your software needs.
You cannot access the external 3 1/2" floppy disk drive	Try another floppy disk. If you can access the floppy disk, the original floppy disk (not the drive) is probably causing the problem.
	If problems persist, contact your dealer.

### PC card

Refer also to Chapter 8, Optional Devices.

Problem	Procedure
PC card error occurs	Reseat the PC card to make sure it is firmly connected.
	Make sure the connection between the external device and the card is firm.
	Check the card's documentation. If problems persist, contact your dealer.

### SD card

Refer also to Chapter 8, Optional Devices.

Problem	Procedure
SD card error occurs	Reseat the SD card to make sure it is firmly connected.
	Check the card's documentation.
You cannot write to an SD memory card	Make sure the card is not write protected.
You cannot read a file	Make sure the target file is on the SD memory card inserted in the slot.
	If problems persist, contact your dealer.

### Memory Stick/Memory Stick Pro

Refer also to Chapter 8, Optional Devices.

Problem	Procedure
Memory Stick/Memory Stick Pro error occurs	Reseat the Memory Stick/Memory Stick Pro to make sure it is firmly connected. Check the card's documentation.
You cannot write to an Memory Stick/Memory Stick Pro	Make sure the Memory Stick/Memory Stick Pro is not write protected.
You cannot read a file	Make sure the target file is on the Memory Stick/ Memory Stick Pro inserted in the slot. If problems persist, contact your dealer.

# xD picture card

Refer also to Chapter 8, Optional Devices.

Problem	Procedure
xD picture card error occurs	Reseat the xD picture card to make sure it is firmly connected. Check the card's documentation.
You cannot read a file	Make sure the target file is on the xD picture card inserted in the slot. If problems persist, contact your dealer.

# **Pointing device**

If you are using a USB mouse, also refer to the USB section in this chapter and to your mouse documentation.

### Touch Pad

Problem	Procedure
On-screen pointer does not respond to Pad operation	The system might be busy. If the pointer is shaped as an hourglass, wait for it to return to its normal shape and try again to move it.
Double-tapping does not work	Try changing the double-click speed setting in the mouse control utility.
	<ol> <li>To access this utility, click Start -&gt; Control Panel -&gt; Hardware and Sound -&gt; Mouse icon.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Within the Mouse Properties window, click the <b>Buttons</b> tab.</li> </ol>
	3. Set the double-click speed as required and click <b>OK</b> .
The mouse pointer moves too fast or too	Try changing the speed setting in the mouse control utility.
slow	<ol> <li>To access this utility, click Start -&gt; Control Panel -&gt; Hardware and Sound -&gt; Mouse icon.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Within the Mouse Properties window, click the <b>Pointer Options</b> tab.</li> </ol>
	3. Set the pointer speed as required and click <b>OK</b> .
	If problems persist, contact your dealer.
The reaction of Touch	Adjust the touch Sensitivity.
pad is either too sensitive or not sensitive enough.	<ol> <li>Click Start -&gt; Control Panel -&gt; Hardware and Sound -&gt; Mouse icon.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Within the Mouse Properties window, click the Advanced tab.</li> </ol>
	3. Click the Advanced feature settings button.
	4. Advanced feature settings is displayed.
	<ol> <li>Move the slide of adjust the pointer speed in relation to the standard Windows setting. Click the <b>OK</b> button.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Click the OK button on Advanced feature setting screen.</li> </ol>

# USB mouse

Problem	Procedure
On-screen pointer does not respond to mouse operation	The system might be busy. If the pointer is shaped as an hourglass, wait for it to resume its normal shape and try again to move it.
	Make sure the mouse is properly connected to the USB port.
Double-clicking does not work	Try changing the double-click speed setting in the mouse control utility.
	<ol> <li>To access this utility, click Start -&gt; Control Panel -&gt; Hardware and Sound -&gt; Mouse icon.</li> </ol>
	2. Within the Mouse Properties window, click the <b>Buttons</b> tab.
	3. Set the double-click speed as required and click <b>OK</b> .
The mouse pointer moves too fast or too	Try changing the speed setting in the mouse control utility.
slow	<ol> <li>To access this utility, click Start -&gt; Control Panel -&gt; Hardware and Sound -&gt; Mouse icon.</li> </ol>
	2. Within the Mouse Properties window, click the <b>Pointer Options</b> tab.
	3. Set the pointer speed as required and click <b>OK</b> .
The mouse pointer moves erratically	The mouse might be dirty. Refer to your mouse documentation for instructions on cleaning. If problems persist, contact your dealer.

# **Fingerprint Sensor**

Problem	Procedure
Reading of the fingerprint was not successful.	Please try again using the correct posture. Align your fingertip with the sensor as shown in the drawing and swipe. Refer to <i>Using the</i> <i>Fingerprint Sensor</i> in Chapter 4, Operating Basics.
	Try the recognition process again using another enrolled finger.
Problem	Procedure
---------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------
The fingerprint cannot be read due to injuries to the finger.	Try the recognition process again using another enrolled finger. If fingerprints from all the enrolled fingers cannot be read, please logon by using the keyboard to input the password for the time being. If problems persist, contact your dealer.

#### **USB** device

Refer also to your USB device's documentation.

Problem	Procedure
USB device does not work	Check for a firm cable connection between the USB ports on the computer and the USB device.
	Make sure the USB device drivers are properly installed. Refer to your Windows Vista <sup>TM</sup> documentation for information on checking the drivers.
	If you are using an operating system that does not support USB, you are still able to use a USB mouse and/or USB keyboard by setting the <b>USB</b> <b>KB/Mouse Emulation</b> option within the TOSHIBA HW Setup utility to Enabled. If problems persist, contact your dealer.

#### **Memory expansion**

Refer also to Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*, for information on installing memory modules.

Problem	Procedure	
Beep sounds. (Two beeps, a dash and a dot, for a defective memory module in slot A. Three beeps, a dash and two dots for slot B. When both beeps sound, both memories	<ul> <li>Make sure the memory module installed in the memory slot is compatible with the computer.</li> <li>If an incompatible module has been installed, follow the steps below.</li> <li>1. Turn off the computer.</li> <li>2. Disconnect the AC adaptor and all peripheral devices.</li> <li>3. Remove the battery pack.</li> </ul>	
in slot A and B are defective.)	<ol> <li>Remove the memory module.</li> <li>Install the battery and/or connect the AC adaptor.</li> </ol>	
	6. Turn on the power.	

If problems persist, contact your dealer.

### Sound system

Refer also to documentation for your audio devices.

Problem	Procedure	
No sound is heard	Adjust the volume control dial.	
	Check the software volume settings.	
	Make sure the headphone connection is secure. If problems persist, contact your dealer.	
	Check Windows Device Manager. Make sure the sound function is enabled and that settings for I/ O address, Interrupt level and DMA are correct for your software and do not conflict with other hardware devices that you may have connected to the computer.	
Annoying sound is heard	You may be experiencing feedback. Refer to <i>Sound System</i> in Chapter 4, Operating Basics. If problems persist, contact your dealer.	

### **External monitor**

Refer also to Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*, and to your monitor's documentation.

Problem	Procedure
Monitor does not turn on	Make sure that the external monitor's power switch is on. Confirm that the external monitor's power cable is plugged into a working power outlet.
No display	Try adjusting the contrast and brightness controls on the external monitor.
	Press hot keys <b>Fn + F5</b> to change the display priority and make sure it is not set for the internal LCD.
Display error occurs	Check that the cable connecting the external monitor to the computer is attached firmly. If problems persist, contact your dealer.

# i.LINK (IEEE1394) device

Problem	Procedure
i.LINK device does not function	Make sure the cable is securely connected to the computer and to the device.
	Make sure the device's power is turned on.
	Reinstall the drivers. Open the Windows Control Panel and double-click the <b>Add</b> <b>Hardware</b> icon. Follow the on-screen directions.
	Restart Windows.
	If problems persist, contact your dealer.

#### Modem

Refer to Appendix C, AT Commands and Appendix D, S-registers.

Problem	Procedure
Communication software can't initialize modem	Make sure the computer's internal modem settings are correct. Refer to <i>Phone and Modem</i> Properties in the Control Panel.
You can hear a dial tone but can't make a call	If the call is going through a PBX machine, make sure the communication application's tone dial detection feature is disabled.
	You can also use the ATX command. Refer to Appendix C, <i>AT Commands</i> .
You place a call, but a connection can't be made	Make sure the settings are correct in your communications application.
After making a call you can't hear a ring	Make sure the tone or pulse selection in your communications application is set correctly.
	You can also use the ATD command. Refer to Appendix C, <i>AT Commands</i> .
Communication is cut off unexpectedly	The computer will automatically cut off communication when connection with the carrier is not successful for a set time interval. Try lengthening this time interval.
A <b>CONNECT</b> display is quickly replaced by <b>NO</b> <b>CARRIER</b>	Check the error control setting in your communications application. You can also use the AT\N command. Refer to
	Appendix C, AT Commands.

Problem	Procedure
Character display becomes garbled during a communication session	In data transmission, make sure the parity bit and stop bit settings correspond with those of the remote computer. Check the flow control and communication protocol.
You cannot receive an incoming call	Check the rings before auto answer setting in your communications application. You can also use the ATS0 command. Refer to
	Appendix D, S- <i>registers</i> . If problems persist, contact your dealer.

### LAN

Problem	Procedure
Cannot access LAN	Check for a firm cable connection between the LAN jack and the LAN hub.
Wake-up on LAN does not work	Make sure the AC adaptor is connected. The Wake-up on LAN function consumes power even when the system is off.
	If problems persist, consult your LAN administrator.

#### **Wireless LAN**

If the following procedures do not restore LAN access, consult your LAN administrator. For more information on wireless communication, refer to Chapter 4, *Operating Basics.* 

Problem	Procedure
Cannot access Wireless LAN	Make sure the computer's wireless communication switch is set to on.
	If problems persist, contact your LAN administrator.

### Bluetooth

For more information on wireless communication, refer to Chapter 4, *Operating Basics.* 

Problem	Procedure	
Cannot access Bluetooth device	Make sure the computer's wireless communication switch is set to on.	

Make sure the Bluetooth Manager is running and the power to the Bluetooth device is turned on.

Make sure no optional Bluetooth PC card and Bluetooth Adapter are installed in the computer. The built-in Bluetooth function and an optional Bluetooth PC card cannot operate simultaneously. If problems persist, contact your dealer.

#### **Disposing of PC and PC batteries**

- Discard this PC in accordance with ordinances or rules of local regulations. For further information, contact your local government.
- This PC contains rechargeable batteries. After repeated use, the batteries will finally lose their ability to hold a charge and you will need to replace them. Under certain applicable laws and regulation, it may be illegal to dispose of old batteries by placing them in the trash.
- Please be kind to our shared environment. Check with your local government authority for details regarding where to recycle old batteries or how to dispose of them properly. This product contains mercury. Disposal of this material may be regulated due to environmental considerations. For disposal, reuse or recycling information, please contact your local government.
- If your hard disk or other storage media contains sensitive data, you should be aware that standard deletion procedures do not remove data from the media. These standard deletion procedures include:
  - Selecting Delete for a target file
  - Putting files in the Recycle Bin and emptying the Recycle Bin
  - Reformatting the media
  - Reinstalling an operating system from the recovery CD-ROM

The procedures above delete only the initial part of the data used for file management. This makes the file invisible to the operating system, but the data can still be read by specialized utilities. If you dispose of the PC, please delete all the data on its hard disk drive. Doing so prevents unauthorized use of such data. To ensure your data is not used for unauthorized purposes, you can:

- Physically destroy the hard disk drive
- Use a proven specialized utility to overwrite all data
- Take the hard disk drive to a professional deletion service

All data deletion costs will be borne by you.

# **TOSHIBA** support

If you require any additional help using your computer or if you are having problems operating the computer, you may need to contact TOSHIBA for additional technical assistance.

#### Before you call

Some problems you experience may be related to software or the operating system, it is important to investigate other sources of assistance first. Before contacting TOSHIBA, try the following:

- Review troubleshooting sections in the documentation for software and peripheral devices.
- If a problem occurs when you are running software applications, consult the software documentation for troubleshooting suggestions. Call the software company's technical support for assistance.
- Consult the dealer you purchased your computer and/or software from. They are your best sources for current information and support.

#### Where to write

If you are still unable to solve the problem and suspect that it is hardware related, write to TOSHIBA at the nearest location listed below:

Outside of Europe	In Europe
Australia	Germany & Austria
TOSHIBA Australia Pty. Ltd.	TOSHIBA Europe (I.E.) GmbH
Information Systems Division	Geschäftsbereich,
84-92 Talavera Road	Deutschland-Österreich
North Ryde N.S.W. 2113	Hammfelddamm 8,
Sydney	D-41460 Neuss, Germany
Canada	France
TOSHIBA of Canada Ltd.	TOSHIBA Systèms France S.A.
191 McNabb Street,	7, Rue Ampère B.P. 131,
Markham, Ontario	92804 Puteaux Cedex
L3R 8H2	
China	Netherlands
TOSHIBA Personal Computer & Network (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	TOSHIBA Information Systems, Benelux B.V.
43F, Hong Kong New World Tower,	Rivium Boulevard
No. 300 Huaihai Zhong Road,	41 2909 LK Capelle a/d IJssel
Shanghai, P. R. China 200021	

Outside of Europe	In Europe	
Singapore TOSHIBA Singapore Pte. Ltd. 438B Alexandra Road #06-01 Alexandra Technopark Singapore 119968	<b>Spain</b> TOSHIBA Information Systems, ESPAÑA Parque Empresarial San Fernando Edificio Europa, lª Planta, Escalera A 28830 Madrid	
United States of America TOSHIBA America Information Systems, Inc. 9740 Irvine Boulevard Irvine, California 92618 USA	United Kingdom TOSHIBA Information Systems (U.K.) Ltd. TOSHIBA Court Weybridge Business Park Addlestone Road Weybridge, Surrey KT15 2UL	
	The Rest of Europe TOSHIBA Europe (I.E.) GmbH Geschäftsbereich, Deutschland-Österreich Hammfelddamm 8, D-41460 Neuss, Germany	

# Chapter 10

# Legal Footnotes

This chapter states the Legal Footnotes information applicable to TOSHIBA computers. In the text in this manual, \*XX is used to show which Legal Footnotes description is related to TOSHIBA computers.

Description(s) related to this computer are marked with a blue \*XX in this manual. Clicking on \*XX will display the related description.

## CPU\*1

Central Processing Unit ("CPU") Performance Legal Footnotes.

CPU performance in your computer product may vary from specifications under the following conditions:

- use of certain external peripheral products
- use of battery power instead of AC power
- use of certain multimedia, computer generated graphics or video applications
- use of standard telephone lines or low speed network connections
- use of complex modeling software, such as high end computer aided design applications
- use of several applications or functionalities simultaneously
- use of computer in areas with low air pressure (high altitude >1,000 meters or >3,280 feet above sea level)
- use of computer at temperatures outside the range of 5°C to 30°C (41°F to 86°F) or >25°C (77°F) at high altitude (all temperature references are approximate and may vary depending on the specific computer model please refer to your PC documentation or visit the Toshiba website at www.pcsupport.toshiba.com for details).

CPU performance may also vary from specifications due to design configuration.

Under some conditions, your computer product may automatically shutdown. This is a normal protective feature designed to reduce the risk of lost data or damage to the product when used outside recommended conditions. To avoid risk of lost data, always make back-up copies of data by periodically storing it on an external storage medium. For optimum performance, use your computer product only under recommended conditions. Read additional restrictions in your product documentation. Contact Toshiba technical service and support, refer to *TOSHIBA support* section in Chapter 9 Troubleshooting for more information.

#### **64-Bit Computing**

The following section applies only to  $Intel^{\textcircled{M}}$  Core<sup>TM</sup> 2 Duo Processor equipped models.

64-bit processors are designed to take advantage of 32 and 64 bit computing.

64-bit computing requires that the following hardware and software requirements are met:

- 64-bit Operating System
- 64-bit CPU, Chipset and BIOS (Basic Input/Output System)
- 64-bit Device drivers
- 64-bit applications

Certain device drivers and/or applications may not be compatible with a 64bit CPU and therefore may not function properly. A 32-bit version of the operating system is preinstalled on your computer unless explicitly stated that the operating system is 64-bit.

# Memory (Main System) 2

Part of the main system memory may be used by the graphics system for graphics performance and therefore reduce the amount of main system memory available for other computing activities. The amount of main system memory allocated to support graphics may vary depending on the graphics system, applications utilized, system memory size and other factors. For PC's configured with 4 GB of system memory, the full system memory space for computing activities will be considerably less and will vary by model and system configuration.

# Battery Life\*3

Battery life may vary considerably depending on product model, configuration, applications, power management settings and features utilized, as well as the natural performance variations produced by the design of individual components. Published battery life numbers are achieved on select models and configurations tested by Toshiba at the time of publication. Recharge time varies depending on usage. Battery may not charge while computer is consuming full power.

After going through many charge and discharge cycles, the battery will lose its ability to perform at maximum capacity and will need to be replaced. This is a normal phenomenon for all batteries. To purchase a new battery pack, see the accessories information that is shipped with your computer.

# Hard Disk Drive (HDD) Capacity \*4

1 Gigabyte (GB) means  $10^9 = 1,000,000,000$  bytes using powers of 10. The computer operating system, however, reports storage capacity using powers of 2 for the definition of 1 GB =  $2^{30} = 1,073,741,824$  bytes, and therefore shows less storage capacity. Available storage capacity will also be less if the product includes one or more pre-installed operating systems, such as Microsoft Windows and/or pre-installed software applications, or media content. Actual formatted capacity may vary.

# LCD\*5

Over a period of time, and depending on the usage of the computer, the brightness of the LCD screen will deteriorate. This is an intrinsic characteristic of LCD technology.

Maximum brightness is only available when operating in AC power mode. The screen will dim when the computer is operated on battery power and you may not be able to increase the brightness of the screen.

# Graphics Processor Unit ("GPU")\*6

Graphics processor unit ("GPU") performance may vary depending on product model, design configuration, applications, power management settings and features utilized. GPU performance is only optimized when operating in AC power mode and may decrease considerably when operating in battery power mode.

# Wireless LAN\*7

The transmission speed over the wireless LAN and the distance over which wireless LAN can reach may vary depending on surrounding electromagnetic environment, obstacles, access point design and configuration, and client design and software/hardware configurations.

[54Mbps is the theoretical maximum speed under the IEEE802.11 (a/b/g) standard.] The actual transmission speed will be lower than the theoretical maximum speed.

# Non-applicable Icons\*8

Certain notebook chassis are designed to accommodate all possible configurations for an entire product series. Therefore, please be aware that your selected model may not have all the features and specifications corresponding to all of the icons or switches shown on the notebook chassis.

# **Copy Protection**\*9

Copy protection technology included in certain media may prevent or limit recording or viewing of the media.

#### Images\*10

All images are simulated for purposes of illustration.

# **Appendix A**

# **Specifications**

This appendix summarizes the computer's technical specifications.

# **Physical Dimensions**

Weight (typical)	2.18 kilograms, configured with: 12.1"XGA, 512MB RAM, 40GB HDD, DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive, modem, LAN, Wireless LAN, 6cell battery pack, Tablet PC Pen.
	Weight will vary with other configurations. Above weights are measured at specific criteria. They are not guaranteed as the maximum weight of the actual product.
Size	295 (w) $\times$ 249 (d) $\times$ 38.9 (h) millimeters (not including parts that extend beyond the main body).

#### **Environmental Requirements**

Ambient temperature	Relative humidity	
5°C (41°F) to 35°C (95°F)	20% to 80%	
-20°C (-4°F) to 65°C (149°F)	10% to 90%	
20°C per hour maximum		
26°C maximum		
Altitude (from sea level)		
-60 to 3,000 meters		
-60 to 10,000 meters maximum		
	5°C (41°F) to 35°C (95°F) -20°C (-4°F) to 65°C (149°F) 20°C per hour maximum 26°C maximum Altitude (from sea level) -60 to 3,000 meters -60 to 10,000 meters	

## **Power Requirements**

AC adaptor	100-240 volts AC
	50 or 60 hertz (cycles per second)
Computer	15 VDC
	5.0 amperes

## **Built-in Modem**

(NCU)		
AA		
Telephone line (analog only)		
Pulse		
Tone		
AT commands		
EIA-578 commands		
Computer's speaker		
ifications		
Data: Full duplex		
Fax: Half duplex		
Data		
ITU-T-Rec	V.21/V.22/V.22bis/V.32	
(Former CCITT)	/V.32bis/V.34/V.90	
Bell	103/212A	
Fax		
ITU-T-Rec	V.17/V.29/V.27ter	
(Former CCITT)	/V.21 ch2	
Data transmission a	and reception	
300/1200/2400/4800/7200/9600/12000/14400/ 16800/19200/21600/24000/26400/28800/31200/ 33600 bps		
Data reception only with V.90		
28000/29333/30666/32000/33333/34666/36000/ 37333/38666/40000/41333/42666/44000/45333/ 46666/48000/49333/50666/52000/53333/54666/ 56000 bps Fax		
56000 bps Fax		
	Telephone line (ana         Pulse         Tone         AT commands         EIA-578 commands         Computer's speake         ifications         Data:       Full dupl         Fax:       Half dupl         Data       ITU-T-Rec         (Former CCITT)       Bell         Fax       ITU-T-Rec         (Former CCITT)       Data transmission a         300/1200/2400/480       16800/19200/21600         33600 bps       Data reception only         28000/29333/30666       37333/38666/40000	

Transmitting level	-10 dBm
Receiving level	-10 to -40 dBm
Input/output impedance	600 ohms ±30%
Error correcting	MNP class 4 and ITU-T V.42
Data compression	MNP class 5 and ITU-T V.42bis
Power supply	+3.3V (supplied by computer)

# **Appendix B**

# **Display Controller and Modes**

# **Display controller**

The display controller interprets software commands into hardware commands that turn particular parts on the screen on or off.

The display controller supports VGA, SVGA and XGA modes on the internal LCD display panel.

Two models are available:

- 12.1" XGA, 1024 horizontal × 768 vertical pixels
- 12.1" SXGA+, 1400 horizontal × 1050 vertical pixels



Because of the LCD's increased resolution, lines may appear broken in DOS mode.

The display controller also controls the video mode, which uses industry standard rules to govern the screen resolution and the maximum number of colors that can be displayed on screen.

# Video modes

Video mode settings are configured via the **Display Properties** dialog.

To open the **Display Properties** dialog, click **Start** -> **Control Panel** -> **Appearance and Personalization** -> **Personalization** -> **Display Settings**.



If you are running some applications (for example a 3D application or video playback and so on), you may see some disturbance, flickering or frame dropping on your screen.

If that occurs, adjust the resolution of display, lowering it until the screen is displayed properly.

You could also disable Windows Aero<sup>™</sup> to help correct this situation.

# Appendix C

# **AT Commands**

In most cases, you will not need to type AT commands manually. However, there might be some occasions when you will need to do so.

This chapter describes AT commands for data mode. Fax and voice commands are taken care of by application software.

The format for entering AT commands is:

#### ATXn

where X is the AT command, and n is the specific value for that command. After you type in the command press **Enter**.

Any command issued is acknowledged with a response in either text or numeric values known as result codes.

All commands and command-values accepted by the modem are described in this section; any entry other than those listed results in an error.

#### +++ Escape sequence

The escape sequence allows the modem to exit data mode and enter online command mode. While in on-line command mode, you can communicate directly to your modem using AT commands. Once you finish, you can return to data mode using the ATO command.

A pause, the length of which is set by Escape Guard Time (S12), must be completed after an escape sequence is entered. This pause prevents the modem from interpreting the escape sequence as data.

The value of the escape sequence character may be changed using register S2.

#### A/ Repeat last command

This command repeats the last command string entered. Do not precede this command with an AT prefix or conclude it by pressing **Enter**.

#### A Answer command

This command instructs the modem to go off-hook and answer an incoming call.

### **Bn** Communication standard setting

This command determines the communication standard CCITT or Bell.

- **B0** Selects CCITT V.22 mode when the modem is at 1200 bps.
- B1 Selects Bell 212A when the modem is at 1200 bps (default).
- B15 Selects V.21 when the modem is at 300 bps.
- **B16** Selects Bell 103J when the modem is at 300 bps (default).
- Result Codes:

ок n=0,1,15,16

**ERROR** Otherwise

#### Dn Dial

This command instructs the modem to dial a telephone number. Enter **n** (the telephone number and any modifiers) after the ATD command.

Any digit or symbol (0-9, \*, #, A, B, C, D) may be dialed as touch-tone digits. Characters such as spaces, hyphens, and parentheses do not count. They are ignored by the modem, but you may want to include them to make the number and modifiers easier to read.

The following may be used as phone number modifiers:

- P Pulse dialing.
- **T** Touch-tone dialing (default).
- , Pause during dialing. Pause for time specified in Register S8 before processing the next character in the dial string.
- **W** Wait for dial tone. Modem waits for a second dial tone before processing the dial string.
- Wait for quiet answer. Wait for five seconds of silence after dialing the number. If silence is not detected, the modem sends a NO ANSWER result code back to the caller.
- ! Hook flash. Causes the modem to go on-hook for 0.5 seconds and then return to off-hook.
- ; Return to command mode. Causes the modem to return to command mode after dialing a number, without disconnecting the call.
- S=n Dial a telephone number previously stored using the &Zn=X command (See &Zn=X command for more information). The range is 0-3.

#### En Echo command

This command controls whether or not the characters entered from your computer keyboard are displayed on your monitor (echoed) while the modem is in command mode.

- **E0** Disables echo to the computer.
- E1 Enables echo to the computer (default).

Result Codes: ok n=0,1 ERROR Otherwise

#### Hn Hook control

This command instructs the modem to go on-hook to disconnect a call, or off-hook to make the phone line busy.

H0 Modem goes on-hook (default).

H1 Modem goes off-hook.

Result Codes: or n=0,1 ERROR Otherwise

#### In Request ID information

This command displays product information about the modem.

- **I0** Returns modem identity string and driver version number.
- I3 Same as IO.
- **I9** Returns region ID in English.

Result Codes:

ок n=0,3,9

**ERROR** Otherwise

#### Ln Monitor speaker volume

This command sets speaker volume to low, medium, or high.

- LO Low volume.
- L1 Low volume. (Same as L0)
- L2 Medium volume (default).
- L3 High volume.

Result Codes:

ок n=0,1,2,3

**ERROR** Otherwise

#### Mn Monitor speaker mode

This command turns the speaker on or off.

- M0 The speaker is off.
- M1 The speaker is on until the modem detects the carrier signal (default).
- M2 The speaker is always on when modem is off-hook.
- M3 Speaker is on until the carrier is detected, except when dialing.

**Result Codes:** 

ok n=0,1,2,3 ERROR Otherwise

#### Nn Modulation handshake

This command controls whether or not the local modem performs a negotiated handshake at connection time with the remote modem when the communication speed of the two modems is different.

- **N0** When originating or answering, this is for handshake only at the communication standard specified by S37 and the ATB command.
- N1 When originating or answering, begin the handshake at the communication standard specified by S37 and the ATB command (default).

During handshake, a lower transmission speed may be selected.

Result Codes: or n=0,1 ERROR Otherwise

#### On Return on-line to data mode

- **O0** Instructs the modem to exit on-line command mode and return to data mode (see AT escape sequence, +++).
- O1 This command issues a retrain before returning to on-line data mode.
- **O3** This command issues a rate renegotiation before returning to on-line data mode.

Result Codes: ok n=0,1,3 ERROR Otherwise

#### P Select pulse dialing

This command configures the modem for pulse (non touch-tone) dialing. Dialed digits are pulsed until a T command or dial modifier is received. Tone dial is the default setting.

#### **Qn** Result code control

Result codes are informational messages sent from the modem and displayed on your monitor. Basic result codes are **OK**, **CONNECT**, **RING**, **NO CARRIER**, and **ERROR**. The ATQ command allows the user to turn result codes on or off.

- **Q0** Enables modem to send result codes to the computer (default).
- **Q1** Disables modem from sending result codes to the computer.

Result Codes: or n=0,1 ERROR Otherwise

#### T Select tone dialing

This command instructs the modem to send DTMF tones while dialing. Dialed digits are tone dialed until a P command or dial modifier is received. This is the default setting.

#### Vn DCE response format

This command controls whether result codes (including call progress and negotiation progress messages) are displayed as words or their numeric equivalents.

- V0 Displays result codes as digits.
- V1 Displays result codes as text (default).

Result Codes:

ERROR Otherwise

#### Xn Result code selection, call progress monitoring

This command selects which result codes will be used by the modem.

Command	Dial tone detect	Busy signal detect	Supported Result Code
XO	Disable	Disable	OK, CONNECT, RING, NO CARRIER, ERROR
X1	Disable	Disable	OK, RING, NO CARRIER, ERROR, CONNECT <rate></rate>
X2	Enable	Disable	OK, RING, NO CARRIER, ERROR, NODIALTONE, CONNECT <rate></rate>
Х3	Disable	Enable	OK, RING, NO CARRIER, ERROR, BUSY, CONNECT <rate>, BLACKLISTED</rate>
X4 (default)	Enable	Enable	OK, RING, NO CARRIER, ERROR, NODIALTONE, BUSY, CONNECT <rate>, DELAYED, BLACKLISTED, REORDER, WARBLE, CALL WAITING DETECTED</rate>
X5	Enable	Enable	OK, RING, NO CARRIER, ERROR, NODIALTONE, BUSY, CONNECT <rate>, RRING, NO BONGTONE, DELAYED, BLACKLISTED, REORDER, WARBLE, CALL WAITING DETECTED</rate>

#### **Dial tone detect**

- Disabled: The modem dials a call regardless of whether it detects a dial tone.
- Enabled: The modem dials only upon detection of a dial tone, and disconnects the call if the dial tone is not detected within 10 seconds.

#### **Busy tone detect**

Disabled: The modem ignores any busy tones it receives.

Enabled: The modem monitors for busy tones.

```
Result Codes:
or n=0,1,2,3,4,5
ERROR Otherwise
```

#### Zn Recall stored profile

The modem performs a soft reset and restores (recalls) the configuration profile according to the parameter supplied. If no parameter is specified, zero is assumed. Either Z0 or Z1 restores the profile.

Result Codes: or n=0,1 ERROR Otherwise

#### &Cn Data Carrier Detect (DCD) control

Data Carrier Detect is a signal from the modem to the computer indicating that a carrier signal is being received from a remote modem. DCD normally turns off when the modem no longer detects the carrier signal.

- **&C0** The state of the carrier from the remote modem is ignored. DCD circuit is always on.
- **&C1** DCD turns on when the remote modem's carrier signal is detected, and off when the carrier signal is not detected (default).

Result Codes: or n=0,1 ERROR Otherwise

#### &Dn DTR control

This command interprets how the modem responds to the state of the DTR signal and changes to the DTR signal.

- **&D0** Ignore. The modem ignores the true status of DTR and treats it as always on. This should only be used if your communication software does not provide DTR to the modem
- **&D1** If the DTR signal is not detected while in on-line data mode, the modem enters command mode, issues an ox result code, and remains connected.

- **&D2** If the DTR signal is not detected while in on-line data mode, the modem disconnects (default).
- **&D3** Reset on the on-to-off DTR transition.

Result Codes: ok n=0,1,2,3 ERROR Otherwise

#### &F Load factory settings

This command loads the configuration stored and programmed at the factory. This operation replaces all of the command options and the S-register settings in the active configuration with factory values.

**&F** Recall factory setting as active configuration.

#### &Gn V.22bis guard tone control

This command determines which guard tone, if any, to transmit while transmitting in the high band (answer mode). This command is only used in V.22 and V.22bis mode. This option is not used in North America and is for international use only.

- **&G0** Guard tone disabled (default).
- **&G1** Sets guard tone to 550 Hz.

**&G2** Sets guard tone to 1800 Hz.

Result Codes: or n=0,1,2 ERROR Otherwise

#### &Kn Local flow control selection

- **&K0** Disable flow control.
- **&K3** Enable CTS/RTS flow control (default).
- &K4 Enable XON/XOFF flow control.

Result Codes:

ок n=0,3,4

**ERROR** Otherwise

#### &Pn Select Pulse Dial Make/Break Ratio (WW)

- **&P0** Selects 39% 61% make/break ratio at 10 pulses per second.
- **&P1** Selects 33% 67% make/break ratio at 10 pulses per second.
- **&P2** Selects 33% 67% make/break ratio at 20 pulses per second.

Result Codes: or n=0,1,2 ERROR Otherwise

#### &Tn Self-test commands

These tests can help to isolate problems if you experience periodic data loss or random errors.

- **&T0** Abort. Stops any test in progress.
- **&T1** Local analog loop. This test verifies modem operation, as well as the connection between the modem and computer. Any data entered at the local DTE is modulated, then demodulated, and returned to the local DTE. To work properly, the modem must be off-line.

Result Codes: OK n=0 CONNECT n=1 ERROR Otherwise

#### &V Display Current Configuration

This command displays the current configuration of the modem. If nonvolatile memory is supported the stored profiles are displayed as well.

&V View profiles.

#### &W Store current configuration

Saves the current (active) configuration (profile), including S-Registers.

The current configuration comprises a list of storable parameters illustrated in the &V command. These settings are restored to the active configuration upon receiving a **Zn** command or at power up. Refer to the &V command.

**&W** Stores the current configuration.

#### &Zn=x Store telephone number

This command is used to store up to four dialing strings in the modem's nonvolatile memory for later dialing. The format for the command is **&Zn**="stored number" where n is the location 0-3 to which the number should be written. The dial string may contain up to 34 characters. The ATDS=n command dials using the string stored in location **n**.

Result Codes: ok n=0, 1, 2, 3 ERROR Otherwise

#### **Nn** Error control mode selection

This command determines the type of error control used by the modem when sending or receiving data.

- **\N0** Buffer mode. No error control.
- **\N1** Direct mode.
- IN2 MNP or disconnect mode. The modem attempts to connect using MNP2-4 error control procedures. If this fails, the modem disconnects.

This is also known as MNP reliable mode.

**\N3** V.42, MNP, or buffered (default).

The modem attempts to connect in V.42 error control mode. If this fails, it attempts to connect in MNP mode. If this fails, it connects in buffer mode and continues operation. This is also known as V.42/MNP auto reliable mode (same as **&Q5**).

- **\N4** V.42 or disconnect. The modem attempts to connect in V.42 error control mode. If this fails, the modem disconnects.
- **\N5** V.42. MNP or buffered (same as **\N3**).
- **\N7** V.42. MNP or buffered (same as **\N3**).

**Result Codes:** 

ок n=0,1,2,3,4,5,7

**ERROR** Otherwise

#### \Qn Local flow control selection

- **\Q0** Disable flow control.
- **\Q1** XON/XOFF software flow control.

\Q3 CTS/RTS to DTE (default).

Result Codes:

ок n=0,1,3

**ERROR** Otherwise

#### Vn Protocol result code

- **\V0** Disable protocol result code appended to DCE speed.
- **W1** Enable protocol result code appended to DCE speed (default).

Result Codes:

ок n=0,1

**ERROR** Otherwise

#### %B View numbers in blacklist

If blacklisting is in effect, this command displays the numbers for which the last call attempted in the past two hours failed. The ERROR result code appears in regions that do not require blacklisting.

#### %Cn Data compression control

This command determines the operation of V.42bis and MNP class 5 data compression. On-line changes do not take effect until a disconnect occurs first.

- **%C0** V.42bis/MNP 5 disabled. No data compression.
- **%C3** V.42bis/MNP 5 enabled. Data compression enabled (default).

Result Codes: ok n=0,3 ERROR Otherwise

# Appendix D

# **S-registers**

S-registers contain the settings that determine how a number of functions of the internal modem operate. For example, how many times to let the telephone ring before the modem answers and how long to wait before it hangs up if a connection fails. You can also customize certain AT commands such as the escape sequence and command line termination.

The contents of the registers are changed automatically when you modify corresponding settings in your communication software. If you choose, however, you can display and edit the contents of the registers manually when the modem is in command mode. If the value is out of the acceptable range, then an error is generated.

This chapter describes the settings for each S-register.

## **S-register values**

The format for displaying the value of an S-register is:

#### ATSn?

where **n** is the register number. After you type in the register press **Enter**. The format for modifying the value of an S-register is:

#### ATSn=r

where **n** is the register number, and **r** is the new register value. After you type in the register and its new value press **Enter**.



Some registers vary from one country/region to another.

#### S0 Auto answer ring number

This register determines the number of rings the modem will count before automatically answering a call. Enter 0 (zero) if you do not want the modem to automatically answer at all. When disabled, the modem can only answer with an ATA command.

Range: 0-255 Default: 0 Units: rings

#### S1 Ring counter

This register is read only. The value of S1 is incremented with each ring. If no ring occurs over a six-second interval, this register is cleared.

Range: 0-225 Default: 0 Units: rings

#### S2 AT escape character (user defined)

This register determines the ASCII values used for an escape sequence. The default is the + character. The escape sequence allows the modem to exit data mode and enter command mode when on-line. Values greater than 127 disable the escape sequence.

Range: 0-255, ASCII decimal

Default: 43

Units: ASCII

#### S3 Command line termination character (user defined)

This register determines the ASCII values as the carriage return character. This character is used to end command lines and result codes.

Range:0-127, ASCII decimalDefault:13 (carriage return)Units:ASCII

#### S4 Response formatting character (user defined)

This register determines the ASCII value used as the line feed character. The modem uses a line feed character in command mode when it responds to the computer.

Range: 0-127, ASCII decimal

Default: 10 (line feed)

Units: ASCII

#### S5 Command line editing character (user defined)

This register sets the character recognized as a backspace and pertains to asynchronous only. The modem will not recognize the backspace character if it is set to a value that is greater than 32 ASCII. This character can be used to edit a command line. When the echo command is enabled, the modem echoes back to the local DTE the backspace character, an ASCII space character, and a second backspace character. This means a total of three characters are transmitted each time the modem processes the backspace character.

Range: 0-127, ASCII decimal

Default: 8 (backspace)

Units: ASCII

#### S6 Wait before dialing

This register sets the length of time, in seconds, that the modem must wait (pause) after going off-hook before dialing the first digit of the telephone number. The modem always pauses for a minimum of two seconds, even if the value of S6 is less that two seconds. The wait for dial tone call progress feature (W dial modifier in the dial string) will override the value in register S6. This operation, however, may be affected by some ATX options according to country/region restrictions. In some countries/regions, S6 will set dial tone detect time.

Range: 3-255

Default: 3

Units: seconds

#### S7 Connection completion time-out

This register sets the time, in seconds, that the modem must wait before hanging up because carrier is not detected. The timer is started when the modem finishes dialing (originate), or goes offhook (answer). In originate mode, the timer is reset upon detection of an answer tone if allowed by county restriction. The timer also specifies the wait for silence time for the @ dial modifier in seconds. S7 is not associated with the W dial modifier.

Range: 1-255

Default: 50

Units: seconds

#### S8 Comma pause time

This register sets the time, in seconds, that the modem must pause when it encounters a comma (,) in the dial command string. In some countries/regions, S8 will set both wait before dialing and comma pause time.

Range: 0-255 Default: 2 Units: seconds

#### S11 DTMF dialing speed

This register determines the dialing speed which is prefixed for each country/region.

Range: 50-255 Default: 95 Units: .001 seconds

#### S12 Escape guard time

This register sets the value (in 20 millisecond increments) for the required pause after the escape sequence.

Range: 0-255 Default: 50 Units: .02 seconds

# S37 Dial line rate

S37 = 0 (default)	maximum modem speed
S37 = 1	reserved
S37 = 2	1200/75 bps
S37 = 3	300 bps
S37 = 4	reserved
S37 = 5	1200 bps
S37 = 6	2400 bps
S37 = 7	4800 bps
S37 = 8	7200 bps
S37 = 9	9600 bps
S37 = 10	12000 bps
S37 = 11	14400 bps
S37 = 12	16800 bps
S37 = 13	19200 bps
S37 = 14	21600 bps
S37 = 15	24000 bps
S37 = 16	26400 bps
S37 = 17	28800 bps
S37 = 18	31200 bps
S37 = 19	33600 bps

# AT command set result codes

The following table shows the result codes.

#### The result code summary

Result Code	Numeric	Description
ОК	0	Command executed
CONNECT	1	Modem connected to line
RING	2	A ring signal has been detected
NO CARRIER	3	Modem lost carrier signal, or does not detect carrier signal, or does not detect answer tone
ERROR	4	Invalid command
CONNECT 1200 EC*1	5	Connection at 1200 bps
NO DIAL TONE	6	No dial tone detected
BUSY	7	Busy signal detected
NO ANSWER	8	No quiet answer
CONNECT 2400 EC*1	10	Connection at 2400 bps
CONNECT 4800 EC*1	11	Connection at 4800 bps
CONNECT 9600 EC*1	12	Connection at 9600 bps
CONNECT 14400 EC*1	13	Connection at 14400 bps
CONNECT 19200 EC*1	14	Connection at 19200 bps
CONNECT 7200 EC*1	24	Connection at 7200 bps
CONNECT 12000 EC*1	25	Connection at 12000 bps
CONNECT 16800 EC*1	86	Connection at 16800 bps
CONNECT 300 EC*1	40	Connection at 300 bps
CONNECT 21600 EC*1	55	Connection at 21600 bps
CONNECT 24000 EC*1	56	Connection at 24000 bps
CONNECT 26400 EC*1	57	Connection at 26400 bps
CONNECT 28800 EC*1	58	Connection at 28800 bps
CONNECT 31200 EC*1	59	Connection at 31200 bps

CONNECT 33600 EC*1	60	Connection at 33600 bps
DELAYED*2	88	Delay is in effect for the dialed number
BLACKLISTED*2	89	Dialed number is blacklisted
BLACKLIST FULL*2	90	Blacklist is full

\*1: EC only appears when the Extended Result Codes configuration option is enabled. EC is replaced by one of the following symbols, depending upon the error control method used:

V.42bis - V.42 error control and V.42bis data compression.

V.42 - V.42 error control only.

MNP 5 - MNP class 4 error control and MNP class 5 data compression.

MNP 4 - MNP class 4 error control only.

NoEC - No error control protocol.

\*2: In some countries/regions, these result codes may not appear.
# Appendix E

# **V.90**

The TOSHIBA internal modem uses V.90 technology. The modem is capable of downstream speeds of 56kbps (kilobits per second) when connected to an Internet service provider that supports V.90. As with any modem, the actual throughput (speed of data transfer) depends on analog telephone line conditions, which can vary considerably. Therefore, many users will experience throughput in the range of 28-50kbps under normal telephone line conditions. Upstream data flows at the V.34 rate.



V.90 rates can be achieved only when one V.90-capable host modem is connected to another. The TOSHIBA Internal modem will select automatically V.34 if the remote modem lacks V.90 capability or if a combination of network and/or phone line conditions prevent V.90 connection.

# V.90 mode

Transmission speed	
From 56kbps (maximum) to 28kbps (minimum)	
Reception only	

## Table E-1 Result codes for a V.90 connection

No.	Result code	Description
70	CONNECT 32000 EC*	Connection at 32000 bps
72	CONNECT 36000 EC*	Connection at 36000 bps
74	CONNECT 40000 EC*	Connection at 40000 bps
76	CONNECT 44000 EC*	Connection at 44000 bps
78	CONNECT 48000 EC*	Connection at 48000 bps
80	CONNECT 52000 EC*	Connection at 52000 bps
82	CONNECT 56000 EC*	Connection at 56000 bps
100	CONNECT 28000 EC*	Connection at 28000 bps
101	CONNECT 29333 EC*	Connection at 29333 bps
102	CONNECT 30666 EC*	Connection at 30666 bps
103	CONNECT 33333 EC*	Connection at 33333 bps
104	CONNECT 34666 EC*	Connection at 34666 bps
105	CONNECT 37333 EC*	Connection at 37333 bps
106	CONNECT 38666 EC*	Connection at 38666 bps
107	CONNECT 41333 EC*	Connection at 41333 bps
108	CONNECT 42666 EC*	Connection at 42666 bps
109	CONNECT 45333 EC*	Connection at 45333 bps
110	CONNECT 46666 EC*	Connection at 46666 bps
111	CONNECT 49333 EC*	Connection at 49333 bps
112	CONNECT 50666 EC*	Connection at 50666 bps
113	CONNECT 53333 EC*	Connection at 53333 bps
114	CONNECT 54666 EC*	Connection at 54666 bps

\* EC stands for the Error Control method, which appears only when the extended result codes configuration option is enabled. EC is replaced by one of the following symbols, depending on the error control method used.

V42bis	V.42 error control and V.42bis data compression
V42	V.42 error control only
NoEC	No error control protocol

# **AT Command**

-V90=*	V.90 Dial Line Rate
	-V90 sets the maximum V.90 downstream that the modem attempts to connect.
-V90=0	V.90 disabled
-V90=1	V.90 enabled: automatic speed selection - maximum modem speed (default)

# Appendix F

# **Wireless LAN**

# **Card Specifications**

Form Factor	PCI Express Mini Card
Compatibility	<ul> <li>IEEE 802.11 Standard for Wireless LANS</li> <li>Wi-Fi (Wireless Fidelity) certified by the Wi-Fi Alliance. The 'Wi-Fi CERTIFIED' logo is a certification mark of the Wi-Fi Alliance.</li> </ul>
Network Operating System	Microsoft Windows <sup>®</sup> Networking
Media Access Protocol	<ul> <li>CSMA/CA (Collision Avoidance) with Acknowledgment (ACK)</li> </ul>
Data Rate	<ul> <li>Theoretical maximum speed: 54Mbps (IEEE802.11a/ IEEE802.11g type)</li> <li>Theoretical maximum speed: 11Mbps (IEEE802.11b)</li> </ul>

# **Radio Characteristics**

Radio Characteristics of Wireless LAN Cards may vary according to:

- Country/region where the product was purchased
- Type of product

Wireless communication is often subject to local radio regulations. Although Wireless LAN wireless networking products have been designed for operation in the license-free 2.4GHz and 5GHz band, local radio regulations may impose a number of limitations to the use of wireless communication equipment.



Refer to the sheet "Information to the User" for regulatory information that may apply in your country/region.

R-F Frequency	<ul> <li>Band 5GHz (5150-5850 MHz) (Revision A)</li> <li>Band 2.4GHz (2400-2483.5 MHz) (Revision B, G)</li> </ul>
Modulation Technique	<ul> <li>DSSS-CCK, DSSS-DQPSK, DSSS-DBPSK (Revision B)</li> <li>OFDM-BPSK, OFDM-QPSK, OFDM-16QAM, OFDM-64QAM (Revision A, G)</li> </ul>

The range of the wireless signal is related to the transmit rate of the wireless communication. Communications at lower transmit range may travel larger distances.

- The range of your wireless devices can be affected when the antennas are placed near metal surfaces and solid high-density materials.
- Range is also impacted due to "obstacles" in the signal path of the radio that may either absorb or reflect the radio signal.

# Supported Frequency Sub-bands

Subject to the radio regulations that apply in the countries/regions, your Wireless LAN card may support a different set of 5 GHz/2.4 GHz channels. Consult your Authorized Wireless LAN or TOSHIBA Sales office for information about the radio regulations that apply in the countries/regions.

### Wireless IEEE 802.11 Channels Sets (Revision B and G)

Frequency Range Channel ID	2400-2483.5 MHz
1	2412
2	2417
3	2422
4	2427
5	2432
6	2437
7	2442
8	2447
9	2452

10	<b>2457</b> *1
11	2462
12	2467*2
13	2472*2

\*1 Factory-set default channels

\*2 Refer to the sheet *Approved Countries/Regions for use* for the countries/ regions that in which these channels can be used. When installing Wireless LAN cards, the channel configuration is managed as follows:

- For wireless clients that operate in a Wireless LAN Infrastructure, the Wireless LAN card will automatically start operation at the channel identified by the Wireless LAN Access Point. When roaming between different access points the station can dynamically switch to another channel if required.
- For Wireless LAN cards installed in wireless clients that operating in a peer-to-peer mode, the card will use the default channel 10.
- In a Wireless LAN Access Point, the Wireless LAN card will use the factory-set default channel (printed in bold), unless the LAN Administrator selected a different channel when configuring the Wireless LAN Access Point device.

#### Wireless IEEE 802.11 Channels Sets (Revision A)

Frequency Range Channel ID	5150-5850 MHz	
36	5180	
40	5200	
44	5220	
48	5240	
52	5260	
56	5280	
60	5300	
64	5320	
100	5500	
104	5520	

#### Wireless LAN

108	5540
112	5560
116	5580
120	5600
124	5620
128	5640
132	5660
136	5680
140	5700
149	5745
153	5765
157	5785
161	5805
165	5825

# Appendix G

# **TOSHIBA RAID**

TOSHIBA RAID provides the RAID function.

2 hard disk drives can be used to construct a RAID configuration (RAID-1: mirroring).

When using RAID-1 (mirroring), the data is stored on 2 HDDs so that even if there are problems with one of the hard disk drive, the other hard disk drive can be used to recover the data.

Please refer to the TOSHIBA RAID help for details.



By changing this setting you are reconfiguring your hard disk. In which case, all data and programs in the hard disk, including the operating system (e.g. Windows), will be erased. If you have not yet done so, launch the Recovery Disc Creator and create the recovery discs now. If you have data on the hard drive that you wish to keep, make a backup of that data onto external media (such as a CD) now. You will not be able to create recovery discs, nor access any data from the hard disk after reconfiguring your hard disk. A power-on password can help restrict access to your data.

A power-on password can help restrict access to your data. It can also help restrict access to System Setup, where some of your computer's configuration settings are kept. If you do not have a power-on password set, someone with access to it could (i) set a power-on password, locking you out of your own computer, or (ii) change your configuration settings, which could result in data loss.

We recommend that you consider using a power-on password.

# Windows Manual Setup

Use the following procedures when manually setting up Windows.

#### **Before Setting Up Windows**

Before setting up Windows, create the TOSHIBA RAID Driver Disk and configure the BIOS setup program.

#### **Creating the TOSHIBA RAID Driver Disk**

- 1. Connect the USB floppy disk drive and insert a floppy disk.
- 2. Copy all of the files located in C:\TOSAPINS\TOSHIBA RAID Driver to the floppy disk.

#### **Configuring the BIOS Setup Program**

In the RAID ARRAY setting of the BIOS setup program, set the built-in HDD to 1RAID-0.

It is not necessary to change the setting if it has already been set as such. Refer to the *Starting, Modifying and Ending the BIOS Setup Program*, in this chapter.

#### Windows Setup Procedure

- Insert the Windows Setup DVD into the DVD drive and boot the computer from the DVD. The Windows Setup program will start.
- Carry out the set up process according to the instructions displayed on the setup screen. When the message "Which type of installation do you want?" appears, select Custom (advanced).
- 3. When the message "Where do you want to install Windows?" appears, click Load Driver.
- 4. Click the Browse button and then select Floppy Disk Drive(A:).
- 5. "TOSHIBA RAID" will be displayed in the list which appears, click Next.
- 6. When the message "Where do you want to install Windows?" appears, select the destination drive and then click **Next**.
- 7. Follow the onscreen instructions to install windows.



- Please use only hard disk drives supported by the computer. Correct operations cannot be guaranteed if other hard disk drives are used.
- The following types of applications might not work correctly:
  - Applications that directly access the hardware and read/write to the hard disk drive.
  - Using an OS such as Linux to run applications that read/write to the hard disk drive.

	Boot menu When 2 hard disk drives are connected, it is possible to select which hard disk drive to boot from in the boot menu. However, if a RAID configuration is used, the 2 hard disk drives are recognized as 1 drive and there is no change in the boot configuration no matter which hard disk drive is selected.
	When using a RAID-1 (mirroring) configuration, the additional hard disk drive's capacity must be equal to or more than the capacity of the existing hard disk drive.
1	The hard disk drives used in the RAID configuration should not be removed and used in other computers.
	<ul> <li>When using the RAID-1 (mirroring) configuration, the OS recognizes the lesser capacity of the 2 hard disk drives.</li> <li>For example, if a 60 GB and an 80 GB hard disk drive are used in the mirroring configuration, the OS will recognize the capacity as a 60 GB hard disk drive.</li> <li>The additional 20 GB capacity (over the 60 GB hard disk drive) of the 80 GB hard disk drive cannot be used.</li> </ul>
	The size seen by the OS is twice that of the smaller of the two HDD units in the RAID configuration. For example, when RAID-0 is configured using one 40GB and one 60GB HDD, it is seen by the OS as 80GB. The remaining 20GB on the 60GB HDD will be assigned to a logical drive.
1	All data on both disks will be lost, even if only one of the two disk drives fails.
1	If a hard disk drive had been replaced, execute the rebuild command and rebuild the RAID-1 (mirroring) configuration.
	Implementing the media checking schedule Media checks should be carried out regularly to ensure even more stable operation of the RAID configuration and to make it easier for maintenance and repair measures to be carried out in case of hard disk drive failures.
	For RAID-1 with data redundancy, if a hard disk drive failure occurs, the hard disk drive is replaced and its data reconstructed from the other hard disk drive which did not fail.
	If there are bad blocks, etc., in the hard disk drive that did not fail, it is possible that portion of data might not be recovered and system down might occur.
	An effective way to ensure that such situations do not happen is to carry out RAID-1 media checks regularly.
	The TOSHIBA RAID utility is set as default to carry out media checks every month on the third Wednesday from noon.

# Starting, Modifying and Ending the BIOS Setup Program

#### Starting the BIOS Setup Program

- Turn on your computer while pressing the Esc key. If Password = is displayed, enter the User Password and press the Enter key. Please refer to Chapter 6, the TOSHIBA Password Utility, for details about the User Password. The "Check system. Then press [F1] key." message is displayed.
- 2. Press the **F1** key. The BIOS setup program will start up.

#### Modifying the BIOS

1. Select the RAID ARRAY setting in the SYSTEM SETUP (3/3) screen.



*Please refer to the operating instructions displayed in the settings screen.*The settings are explained as follows. Modify the settings as necessary.

	<b>.</b>
Current State	Shows the current hard disk status.
Create State	Modify the hard disk configuration. (Modifications are made with this setting).
Built-in HDD	Status of the connected hard disk.
Second HDD	Status of the second hard disk.

#### Configuration status and settings

JBOD	No RAID settings. Windows cannot be installed in this disk except for using recovery CD/DVD.
1RAID-0	Including RAID settings. Windows can be installed in this disk.
2RAID-0	Set to RAID-0 for 2 hard disks. This cannot be set in this computer (Current State Only).
RAID-1	Set to RAID-1 for 2 hard disks (Current State Only).
UNKNOWN	A RAID status except for the above status and settings (Current State Only).
No Drive	No hard disks connected (Current State Only).

 The Execute Creation message is displayed once the configuration is modified. Move the cursor to the appropriate location and press the space bar to continue.



Pressing the Home key will revert the modified Create State settings back to the Current State settings.

4. The following message will be displayed. Follow the instructions and press the keys in the order of 1, 2, 3, 4, [Enter].



Warning: If you change the RAID array, you will need to install the OS again. Are you sure? All data on the HDD(s) will be destroyed. Do you really want to do this? If "Yes", please type the key string which is written in the manual.

#### **Ending the BIOS Setup Program**

Save the changes and end the program.

1. Press the **End** key.

The "Are you sure? (Y/N) The changes you made will cause the system to reboot." message is displayed.

2. Press the Y key.

The configured settings are saved and the BIOS setup program ends. The computer may reboot depending on the settings that were modified.

# **Appendix H**

# Bluetooth wireless technology Interoperability

Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Cards from TOSHIBA are designed to be interoperable with any product with Bluetooth wireless technology that is based on Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) radio technology, and is compliant to:

- Bluetooth Specification Ver2.0+EDR, as defined and approved by The Bluetooth Special Interest Group.
- Logo certification with Bluetooth wireless technology as defined by The Bluetooth Special interest Group.



Bluetooth wireless technology is a new innovative technology, and TOSHIBA has not confirmed compatibility of its Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> products with all computers and/or equipment using Bluetooth wireless technology other than TOSHIBA portable computers.

Always use Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Cards from TOSHIBA in order to enable wireless networks over two or more (up to a total of seven) TOSHIBA portable computers using these cards. Please contact TOSHIBA PC product support on Web site

http://www.toshiba-europe.com/computers/tnt/bluetooth.htm in Europe or

http://www.pc.support.global.toshiba.com in the United States for more information.

When you use Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Cards from TOSHIBA close to 2.4 GHz Wireless LAN devices, Bluetooth transmissions might slow down or cause errors. If you detect certain interference while you use

Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Cards from TOSHIBA, always change the frequency, move your computer to the area outside of the interference range of 2.4 GHz Wireless LAN devices (40 meters/43.74 yards or more) or stop transmitting from your computer. Please contact TOSHIBA PC product support on Web site

http://www.toshiba-europe.com/computers/tnt/bluetooth.htm in Europe or

http://www.pc.support.global.toshiba.com in the United States for more information.

Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> and Wireless LAN devices operate within the same radio frequency range and may interfere with one another. If you use Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> and Wireless LAN devices simultaneously, you may occasionally experience a less than optimal network performance or even lose your network connection.

If you should experience any such problem, immediately turn off either one of your Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> or Wireless LAN.

Please contact TOSHIBA PC product support on web site http://www.toshiba-europe.com/computers/tnt/bluetooth.htm in Europe or

http://www.pc.support.global.toshiba.com in the United States for more information.

### Bluetooth wireless technology and your Health

The products with Bluetooth wireless technology, like other radio devices, emit radio frequency electromagnetic energy. The level of energy emitted by devices with Bluetooth wireless technology however is far much less than the electromagnetic energy emitted by wireless devices like for example mobile phones.

Because products with Bluetooth wireless technology operate within the guidelines found in radio frequency safety standards and recommendations, TOSHIBA believes Bluetooth wireless technology is safe for use by consumers. These standards and recommendations reflect the consensus of the scientific community and result from deliberations of panels and committees of scientists who continually review and interpret the extensive research literature.

In some situations or environments, the use of Bluetooth wireless technology may be restricted by the proprietor of the building or responsible representatives of the organization. These situations may for example include:

- Using the equipment with Bluetooth wireless technology on board of airplanes, or
- In any other environment where the risk of interference to other devices or services is perceived or identified as harmful.

If you are uncertain of the policy that applies on the use of wireless devices in a specific organization or environment (e.g. airports), you are encouraged to ask for authorization to use the device with Bluetooth wireless technology prior to turning on the equipment.

## **Regulatory statements**

#### General

This product complies with any mandatory product specification in any country/region where the product is sold. In addition, the product complies with the following.

#### European Union (EU) and EFTA

This equipment complies with the R&TTE directive 1999/5/EC and has been provided with the CE mark accordingly.

#### Canada - Industry Canada (IC)

This device complies with RSS 210 of Industry Canada.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of this device.

L 'utilisation de ce dispositif est autorisée seulement aux conditions suivantes: (1) il ne doit pas produire de brouillage et (2) l'utilisateur du dispositif doit étre prét à accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique reçu, même si ce brouillage est susceptible de compromettre le fonctionnement du dispositif.

The term "IC" before the equipment certification number only signifies that the Industry Canada technical specifications were met.

#### **USA-Federal Communications Commission (FCC)**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy. If not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, it may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by tuning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try and correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

-Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna

-Increase the distance between the equipment and the receiver.

-Connect the equipment to outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

-Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

TOSHIBA is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorized modification of the devices included with this Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Card from TOSHIBA, or the substitution or attachment of connecting cables and equipment other than specified by TOSHIBA.

The correction of interference caused by such unauthorized modification, substitution or attachment will be the responsibility of the user.

#### **Caution: Exposure to Radio Frequency Radiation**

The radiated output power of the Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Card from TOSHIBA is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. Nevertheless, the Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Card from TOSHIBA shall be used in such a manner that the potential for human contact during normal operation is minimized. The antenna(s) used in this device are located at the upper edge of the LCD screen, and this device has been tested as portable device as defined in Section 2.1093 of FCC rules when the LCD screen is rotated 180 degree and covered the keyboard area. In addition, Bluetooth has been tested with Wireless LAN transceiver for co-location requirements. This device and its antenna(s) must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. The installer of this radio equipment must ensure that the antenna is located or pointed such that it does not emit RF field in excess of Health Canada limits for the general population; consult Safety Code 6, obtainable from Health Canada's website www.hc-sc.gc.ca/ rpb.

#### Taiwan

- Article 12 Without permission granted by the DGT, any company, enterprise, or user is not allowed to change frequency, enhance transmitting power or alter original characteristic as well as performance to an approved low power radio-frequency devices.
- Article 14 The low power radio-frequency devices shall not influence aircraft security and interfere legal communications; If found, the user shall cease operating immediately until no interference is achieved.

The said legal communications means radio communications is operated in compliance with the Telecommunications Act.

The low power radio-frequency devices must be susceptible with the interference from legal communications or ISM radio wave radiated devices.

# Using Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> Card from TOSHIBA equipment in Japan

In Japan, the frequency bandwidth of 2,400 - 2,483.5 MHz for second generation low-power data communication systems such as this equipment overlaps that of mobile object identification systems (premises radio station and specified low-power radio station).

#### 1. Sticker

Please put the following sticker on computer incorporating this product.

The frequency bandwidth of this equipment may operate within the same range as industrial devices, scientific devices, medical devices, microwave ovens, licensed radio stations and non-licensed specified low-power radio stations for mobile object identification systems (RFID) used in factory production lines (Other Radio Stations).

- 1. Before using this equipment, ensure that it does not interfere with any of the equipment listed above.
- If this equipment causes RF interference to other radio stations, promptly change the frequency being used, change the location of use, or turn off the source of emissions.
- 3. Contact TOSHIBA Direct PC if you have problems with interference caused by this product to Other Radio Stations.

#### 2. Indication

The indication shown below appears on this equipment.



(1) 2.4 : This equipment uses a frequency of 2.4 GHz.

(2) FH : This equipment uses FH-SS modulation.

(3) 1: The interference range of this equipment is less than 10 m.

(4) This equipment uses a frequency bandwidth from 2,400 MHz to 2,483.5 MHz.

It is impossible to avoid the band of mobile object identification systems.

3. TOSHIBA Direct PC

Monday - Friday	/:	10:00-17:00
Toll Free Tel	:	0120-15-1048
Direct Dial	:	03-3457-4850
FAX	:	03-3457-4868

#### **Device Authorization**

This device obtains the Technical Conditions Compliance Approval, and it belongs to the device class of radio equipment of low-power data communication system radio station stipulated in the Telecommunications Business Law.

The Name of the radio equipment: EYXF3CS

JAPAN APPROVALS INSTITUTE FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT

Approval Number: D05-0074001

The following restrictions apply:

Do not disassemble or modify the device.

Do not install the embedded wireless module into other device.

# Appendix I

# **AC Power Cord and Connectors**

The power cord's AC input plug must be compatible with the various international AC power outlets and the cord must meet the standards for the country/region in which it is used. All cords must meet the following specifications:

Length:	Minimum 1.7 meters
Wire size:	Minimum 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>
Current rating:	Minimum 2.5 amperes
Voltage rating:	125 or 250 VAC (depending on country/region's power standards)

## **Certification agencies**

U.S. and Canada:	UL listed and CSA certified No. 18 AWG, Type SVT or SPT-2			
Australia:	AS			
Japan:	DENANHO			
Europe:				
Austria:	OVE	Italy:	IMQ	
Belgium:	CEBEC	The Netherlands:	KEMA	
Denmark:	DEMKO	Norway:	NEMKO	
Finland:	FIMKO	Sweden:	SEMKO	

France:	LCIE	Switzerland:	SEV
Germany:	VDE	United Kingdom:	BSI

In Europe, two conductors power cord must be VDE type, H05VVH2-F or H03VVH2-F and for three conductors power cord must be VDE type, H05VV-F.

For the United States and Canada, two pin plug configuration must be a 2-15P (250V) or 1-15P (125V) and three pin plug configuration must be 6-15P (250V) or 5-15P (125V) as designated in the U.S. National Electrical code handbook and the Canadian Electrical Code Part II.

The following illustrations show the plug shapes for the U.S.A. and Canada, the United Kingdom, Australia and Europe.



# Appendix J

# **TOSHIBA Anti-theft Protection** Timer

This feature allows you to set up a timer-activated BIOS password that will prevent unauthorised system access in the event of theft.

When the time limit is exceeded, you are required to provide the Password or fingerprint authentication for the BIOS and Hard Disk Drive to gain access to the system.

To set permissions and limits for the TOSHIBA Anti-theft Protection Timer please use the TOSHIBA Password Utility.

The settings can only be activated or modified by a user with supervisor authority. If the supervisor password is not set, click on the **Set** button in **Supervisor Password** from the supervisor tab in TOSHIBA Password Utility and set the password on the dialog screen that appears.

Then, click on the Set button in TOSHIBA Anti-theft Protection Timer.

Take the following action if the set limit is exceeded.

- If the Supervisor Password is registered but the User Password is not, enter the Supervisor Password to boot up the computer.
- If both the Supervisor Password and the User Password are registered, enter either the Supervisor Password, the User Password or the fingerprint authentication to boot up the computer.



- The limit counts the number of days from the last time Windows is logged on till the next time the computer is booted up. The range can be set from 1 to 28 days.
- Authentication is required if the computer's clock is significantly modified.
- If the Supervisor Password is deleted, this function becomes disabled.

# Glossary

The terms in this glossary cover topics related to this manual. Alternate naming is included for reference.

#### Abbreviations

AC: alternating current AGP: accelerated graphics port ANSI: American National Standards Institute APM: advanced power manager **ASCII:** American Standard Code for Information Interchange **BIOS:** basic input output system **CD-ROM:** Compact Disc-Read Only Memory **CD-RW:** Compact Disc-ReWritable **CMOS:** complementary metal-oxide semiconductor **CPU:** central processing unit CRT: cathode rav tube DC: direct current **DDC:** display data channel DMA: direct memory access **DOS:** disk operating system **DVD:** digital versatile disc **DVD-R:** Digital Versatile Disc-Recordable **DVD-RAM:** Digital Versatile Disc-Random Access Memory DVD-R DL: Digital Versatile Disc Recordable Dual Layer **DVD-ROM:** Digital Versatile Disc-Read Only Memory **DVD-RW:** Digital Versatile Disc-ReWritable **DVD+R DL:** Digital Versatile Disc Recordable Double Layer ECP: extended capabilities port FDD: floppy disk drive FIR: fast infrared HDD: hard disk drive

- IDE: integrated drive electronics
- *I/O:* input/output
- IrDA: Infrared Data Association
- *IRQ:* interrupt request
- KB: kilobyte
- LCD: liquid crystal display
- LED: light emitting diode
- LSI: large scale integration
- MB: megabyte
- **MS-DOS:** Microsoft Disk Operating System
- **OCR:** optical character recognition (reader)
- PCB: printed circuit board
- PCI: peripheral component interconnect
- RAM: random access memory
- RGB: red, green, and blue
- ROM: read only memory
- RTC: real time clock
- SCSI: small computer system interface
- SIO: serial input/output
- SXGA+: super extended graphics array plus
- TFT: thin-film transistor
- UART: universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter
- USB: Universal Serial Bus
- UXGA: ultra extended graphics array
- VESA: Video Electronic Standards Association
- VGA: video graphics array
- VRT: voltage reduction technology
- WXGA: wide extended graphics array
- XGA: extended graphics array

# A

- adaptor: A device that provides an interface between two dissimilar electronic devices. For example, the AC adaptor modifies the power from a wall outlet for use by the computer. This term also refers to the add-in circuit cards that control external devices, such as video monitors and magnetic tape devices.
- allocate: To assign a space or function for a specific task.
- alphanumeric: Keyboard characters including letters, numbers and other symbols, such as punctuation marks or mathematical symbols.
- alternating current (AC): Electric current that reverses its direction of flow at regular intervals.

- **analog signal:** A signal whose characteristics such as amplitude and frequency vary in proportion to (are an analog of) the value to be transmitted. Voice communications are analog signals.
- **ANSI:** American National Standards Institute. An organization established to adopt and define standards for a variety of technical disciplines. For example, ANSI defined the ASCII standard and other information processing requirements.
- antistatic: A material used to prevent the buildup of static electricity.
- **application:** A group of programs that together are used for a specific task such as accounting, financial planning, spreadsheets, word processing and games.
- **ASCII:** American Standard Code for Information Interchange. ASCII code is a set of 256 binary codes that represent the most commonly used letters, numbers, and symbols.
- async: Short for asynchronous.
- **asynchronous:** Lacking regular time relationship. As applied to computer communications, asynchronous refers to the method of transmitting data that does not require a steady stream of bits to be transmitted at regular time intervals.

# В

- **backup:** A duplicate copy of files kept as a spare in case the original is destroyed.
- **batch file:** A file that can be executed from the system prompt containing a sequence of operating system commands or executable files.
- **binary:** The base two number system composed of zeros and ones (off or on), used by most digital computers. The right-most digit of a binary number has a value of 1, the next a value of 2, then 4, 8, 16, and so on. For example, the binary number 101 has a value of 5. *See also* ASCII.
- **BIOS:** Basic Input Output System. The firmware that controls data flow within the computer. See also firmware.
- **bit:** Derived from "binary digit," the basic unit of information used by the computer. It is either zero or one. Eight bits is one byte. *See also* byte.
- **board:** A circuit board. An internal card containing electronic components, called chips, which perform a specific function or increase the capabilities of the system.
- **boot:** Short for bootstrap. A program that starts or restarts the computer. The program reads instructions from a storage device into the computer's memory.
- **bps:** Bits per second. Typically used to describe the data transmission speed of a modem.
- **buffer:** The portion of the computer's memory where data is temporarily stored. Buffers often compensate for differences in the rate of flow from one device to another.

- bus: An interface for transmission of signals, data or electric power.
- **byte:** The representation of a single character. A sequence of eight bits treated as a single unit; also the smallest addressable unit within the system.

# С

- **cache memory:** High speed memory which stores data that increases processor speed and data transfer rate. When the CPU reads data from main memory, it stores a copy of this data in cache memory. The next time the CPU needs that same data, it looks for it in the cache memory rather than the main memory, which saves time. The computer has two cache levels. Level one is incorporated into the processor and level two resides in external memory.
- capacity: The amount of data that can be stored on a magnetic storage device such as a floppy disk or hard disk. It is usually described in terms of kilobytes (KB), where one KB = 1024 bytes and megabytes (MB), where one MB = 1024 KB.
- card: Synonym for board. See board.
- CardBus: An industry standard bus for 32-bit PC cards.
- **CD-ROM:** A Compact Disc-Read Only Memory is a high capacity disc that can be read from but not written to. The CD-ROM drive uses a laser, rather than magnetic heads, to read data from the disc.
- **CD-R:** A Compact Disc-Recordable disc can be written once and read many times. See also CD-ROM.
- **CD-RW:** A Compact Disc-ReWritable disc can be rewritten many times. See also CD-ROM.
- character: Any letter, number, punctuation mark, or symbol used by the computer. Also synonymous with byte.
- chassis: The frame containing the computer.
- **chip:** A small semiconductor containing computer logic and circuitry for processing, memory, input/output functions and controlling other chips.
- **CMOS:** Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor. An electronic circuit fabricated on a silicon wafer that requires very little power. Integrated circuits implemented in CMOS technology can be tightly packaged and are highly reliable.
- **cold start:** Starting a computer that is currently off (turning on the power).
- **COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM4:** The names assigned to the serial and communication ports.
- **commands:** Instructions you enter at the terminal keyboard that direct the actions of the computer or its peripheral devices.
- **communications:** The means by which a computer transmits and receives data to and from another computer or device. See parallel interface; serial interface.

- **compatibility:** 1) The ability of one computer to accept and process data in the same manner as another computer without modifying the data or the media upon which it is being transferred.
  - 2) the ability of one device to connect to or communicate with another system or component.
- **components:** Elements or parts (of a system) which make up the whole (system).
- **computer program:** A set of instructions written for a computer that enable it to achieve a desired result.
- **computer system:** A combination of hardware, software, firmware, and peripheral components assembled to process data into useful information.
- **configuration:** The specific components in your system (such as the terminal, printer, and disk drives) and the settings that define how your system works. You use the HW Setup program to control your system configuration.
- **control keys:** A key or sequence of keys you enter from the keyboard to initiate a particular function within a program.
- **controller:** Built-in hardware and software that controls the functions of a specific internal or peripheral device (e.g. keyboard controller).
- **co-processor:** A circuit built into the processor that is dedicated to intensive math calculations.
- **CPS:** Characters Per Second. Typically used to indicate the transmission speed of a printer.
- **CPU:** Central Processing Unit. The portion of the computer that interprets and executes instructions.
- **CRT:** Cathode Ray Tube. A vacuum tube in which beams projected on a fluorescent screen-producing luminous spots. An example is the television set.
- **cursor:** A small, blinking rectangle or line that indicates the current position on the display screen.

# D

- **data:** Information that is factual, measurable or statistical that a computer can process, store, or retrieve.
- data bits: A data communications parameter controlling the number of bits (binary digits) used to make up a byte. If data bits = 7 the computer can generate 128 unique characters. If data bits = 8 the computer can generate 256 unique characters.
- **DC:** Direct Current. Electric current that flows in one direction. This type of power is usually supplied by batteries.
- **default:** The parameter value automatically selected by the system when you or the program do not provide instructions. Also called a preset value.

- **delete:** To remove data from a disk or other data storage device. Synonymous with erase.
- **device driver:** A program that controls communication between a specific peripheral device and the computer. The CONFIG.SYS file contains device drivers that MS-DOS loads when you turn the computer on.
- dialog box: A window that accepts user input to make system settings or record other information.
- **disk drive:** The device that randomly accesses information on a disk and copies it to the computer's memory. It also writes data from memory to the disk. To accomplish these tasks, the unit physically rotates the disk at high speed past a read-write head.
- **disk storage:** Storing data on magnetic disk. Data is arranged on concentric tracks much like a phonograph record.
- **display:** A CRT, LCD, or other image producing device used to view computer output.
- **documentation:** The set of manuals and/or other instructions written for the users of a computer system or application. Computer system documentation typically includes procedural and tutorial information as well as system functions.
- **DOS:** Disk Operating System. See operating system.
- **driver:** A software program, generally part of the operating system, that controls a specific piece of hardware (frequently a peripheral device such as a printer or mouse).
- **DVD-R (+R, -R):** A Digital Versatile Disc-Recordable disk can be written once and read many times. The DVD-R drive uses a laser to read data from the disc.
- **DVD-RAM:** A Digital Versatile Disc-Random Access Memory is a highcapacity, high performance disc that lets you store large volumes of data. The DVD-ROM drive uses a laser to read data from the disc.
- **DVD-R DL:** A disc having two layers on one side with the DVD-R storage capacity about 1.8 times larger than before. The DVD-RW drive uses a laser to read data from the disc.
- **DVD-ROM:** A Digital Versatile Disc-Read Only Memory is a high capacity, high performance disc suitable for play back of video and other high-density files. The DVD-ROM drive uses a laser to read data from the disc.
- **DVD-RW (+RW, -RW):** A Digital Versatile Disc-ReWritable disc can be rewritten many times.
- **DVD+R DL:** A disc having two layers on one side with the DVD+R storage capacity about 1.8 times larger than before. The DVD-RW drive uses a laser to read data from the disc.

# E

- echo: To send back a reflection of the transmitted data to the sending device. You can display the information on the screen, or output it to the printer, or both. When a computer receives back data it transmitted to a CRT (or other peripheral device) and then retransmits the data to printer, the printer is said to echo the CRT.
- erase: See delete.
- **escape:** 1) A code (ASCII code 27), signaling the computer that what follows are commands; used with peripheral devices such as printers and modems.
  - 2) A means of aborting the task currently in progress.
- escape guard time: A time before and after an escape code is sent to the modem which distinguishes between escapes that are part of the transmitted data, and escapes that are intended as a command to the modem.
- execute: To interpret and execute an instruction.
- **Extended Capability Port:** An industry standard that provides a data buffer, switchable forward and reverse data transmission, and run length encoding (RLE) support.

# F

- fast infrared: An industry standard that enables cableless infrared serial data transfer at speeds of up to 4 Mbps.
- file: A collection of related information; a file can contain data, programs, or both.
- fingerprint sensor: The fingerprint sensor compares and analyzes the unique characteristics in a fingerprint.
- **firmware:** A set of instructions built into the hardware which controls and directs a microprocessor's activities.
- floppy disk: A removable disk that stores magnetically encoded data.
- floppy disk drive (FDD): An electromechanical device that reads and writes to floppy disks.
- **Fn-esse:** A TOSHIBA utility that lets you assign functions to hot keys.
- folder: An icon in Windows used to store documents or other folders.
- format: The process of readying a blank disk for its first use. Formatting establishes the structure of the disk that the operating system expects before it writes files or programs onto the disk.
- function keys: The keys labeled F1 through F12 that tell the computer to perform certain functions.

# G

**gigabyte (GB):** A unit of data storage equal to 1024 megabytes. *See also* megabyte.

**graphics:** Drawings, pictures, or other images, such as charts or graphs, to present information.

# Η

- hard disk: A non-removable disk usually referred to as drive C. The factory installs this disk and only a trained engineer can remove it for servicing. Also called fixed disk.
- hard disk drive (HDD): An electromechanical device that reads and writes a hard disk. See also hard disk.
- hardware: The physical electronic and mechanical components of a computer system: typically, the computer itself, external disk drives, etc. See also software and firmware.
- hertz: A unit of wave frequency that equals one cycle per second.
- **hexadecimal:** The base 16 numbering system composed of the digits 0 through 9 and the letters A, B, C, D, E, and F.
- **host computer:** The computer that controls, regulates, and transmits information to a device or another computer.
- **hot key:** The computer's feature in which certain keys in combination with the extended function key, **Fn**, can be used to set system parameters, such as speaker volume.
- **HW Setup:** A TOSHIBA utility that lets you set the parameters for various hardware components.

- icon: A small graphic image displayed on the screen or in the indicator panel. In Windows, an icon represents an object that the user can manipulate.
- **i.LINK (IEEE1394):** This port enables high-speed data transfer directly from external devices such as digital video cameras.
- **infrared port:** A cableless communications port capable of using infrared signals to send serial data.
- **input:** The data or instructions you provide to a computer, communication device or other peripheral device from the keyboard or external or internal storage devices. The data sent (or output) by the sending computer is input for the receiving computer.
- instruction: Statements or commands that specify how to perform a particular task.
- interface: 1) Hardware and/or software components of a system used specifically to connect one system or device to another.2) To physically connect one system or device to another to exchange information.
  - 3) The point of contact between user, the computer, and the program, for example, the keyboard or a menu.
- **interrupt request:** A signal that gives a component access to the processor.

- **I/O:** Input/output. Refers to acceptance and transfer of data to and from a computer.
- **I/O devices:** Equipment used to communicate with the computer and transfer data to and from it.
- IrDA 1.1: An industry standard that enables cableless infrared serial data transfer at speeds of up to 4 Mbps.

# J

jumper: A small clip or wire that allows you to change the hardware characteristics by electrically connecting two points of a circuit.

# Κ

- K: Taken from the Greek word kilo, meaning 1000; often used as equivalent to 1024, or 2 raised to the 10th power. See also byte and kilobyte.
- **KB:** See kilobyte.
- **keyboard:** An input device containing switches that are activated by manually pressing marked keys. Each keystroke activates a switch that transmits a specific code to the computer. For each key, the transmitted code is, in turn, representative of the (ASCII) character marked on the key.
- **kilobyte (KB):** A unit of data storage equal to 1024 bytes. See also byte and megabyte.

level 2 cache: See cache.

- Light Emitting Diode (LED): A semiconductor device that emits light when a current is applied.
- Liquid Crystal Display (LCD): Liquid crystal sealed between two sheets of glass coated with transparent conducting material. The viewingside coating is etched into character forming segments with leads that extend to the edge of the glass. Applying a voltage between the glass sheets alters the brightness of the liquid crystal.
- LSI: Large Scale Integration.

1) A technology that allows the inclusion of up to 100,000 simple logic gates on a single chip.

2) An integrated circuit that uses large scale integration.

# Μ

main board: See motherboard.

**megabyte (MB):** A unit of data storage equal to 1024 kilobytes. See also kilobyte.

- **megahertz:** A unit of wave frequency that equals 1 million cycles per second. *See also* hertz.
- **menu:** A software interface that displays a list of options on the screen. Also called a screen.
- **microprocessor:** A hardware component contained in a single integrated circuit that carries out instructions. Also called the central processing unit (CPU), one of the main parts of the computer.
- **mode:** A method of operation, for example, the boot mode, Sleep Mode or the Hibernation Mode.
- **modem:** Derived from modulator/demodulator, a device that converts (modulates) digital data for transmission over telephone lines and then converts modulated data (demodulates) to digital format where received.
- **monitor:** A device that uses rows and columns of pixels to display alphanumeric characters or graphic images. See also CRT.
- **motherboard:** A name sometimes used to refer to the main printed circuit board in processing equipment. It usually contains integrated circuits that perform the processor's basic functions and provides connectors for adding other boards that perform special functions. Sometimes called a main board.
- **MP3:** An audio compression standard that enables high-quality transmission and real-time playback of sound files.

# Ν

- **non-system disk:** A formatted floppy disk you can use to store programs and data but you cannot use to start the computer. See system disk.
- **nonvolatile memory:** Memory, usually read-only (ROM), that is capable of permanently storing information. Turning the computer's power off does not alter data stored in nonvolatile memory.
- **numeric keypad overlay:** A feature that allows you to use certain keys on the keyboard to perform numeric entry, or to control cursor and page movement.

# 0

- **OCR:** Optical Character Recognition (reader). A technique or device that uses laser or visible light to identify characters and input them into a storage device.
- **online state:** A functional state of a peripheral device when it is ready to receive or transmit data.
- **operating system:** A group of programs that controls the basic operation of a computer. Operating system functions include interpreting programs, creating data files, and controlling the transmission and receipt (input/output) of data to and from memory and peripheral devices.

output: The results of a computer operation. Output commonly indicates data.

1) printed on paper, 2) displayed at a terminal, 3) sent through the serial port of internal modem, or 4) stored on some magnetic media.

# Ρ

- **parallel interface:** Refers to a type of information exchange that transmits information one byte (8 bits) at a time. See also serial interface.
- parity: 1) The symmetrical relationship between two parameter values (integers) both of which are either on or off; odd or even; 0 or 1.
  2) In serial communications, an error detection bit that is added to a group of data bits making the sum of the bits even or odd. Parity can be set to none, odd, or even.
- **password:** A unique string of characters used to identify a specific user. The computer provides various levels of password protection such as user, supervisor and eject.
- **pel:** The smallest area of the display that can be addressed by software. Equal in size to a pixel or group of pixels. See pixel.
- peripheral component interconnect: An industry standard 32-bit bus.
- **peripheral device:** An I/O device that is external to the central processor and/or main memory such as a printer or a mouse.
- **pixel:** A picture element. The smallest dot that can be made on a display or printer. Also called a pel.
- **plug and play:** A capability with Windows that enables the system to automatically recognize connections of external devices and make the necessary configurations in the computer.
- **port:** The electrical connection through which the computer sends and receives data to and from devices or other computers.
- **Power Saver Utility:** A TOSHIBA utility that lets you set the parameters for various power-saving functions.
- **printed circuit board (PCB):** A hardware component of a processor to which integrated circuits and other components are attached. The board itself is typically flat and rectangular, and constructed of fiberglass, to form the attachment surface.
- **program:** A set of instructions a computer can execute that enables it to achieve a desired result. See *also* application.
- **prompt:** A message the computer provides indicating it is ready for or requires information or an action from you.

# R

- Radio frequency interference (RFI) shield: A metal shield enclosing the printed circuit boards of the printer or computer to prevent radio and TV interference. All computer equipment generates radio frequency signals. The FCC regulates the amount of signals a computing device can allow past its shielding. A Class A device is sufficient for office use. Class B provides a more stringent classification for home equipment use. TOSHIBA portable computers comply with Class B computing device regulations.
- Random Access Memory (RAM): High speed memory within the computer circuitry that can be read or written to.
- restart: Resetting a computer without turning it off (also called "warm boot" or "soft reset"). See also boot.
- **RGB:** Red, green, and blue. A device that uses three input signals, each activating an electron gun for a primary additive color (red, green, and blue) or port for using such a device. See also CRT.
- RJ11: A modular telephone jack.
- RJ45: A modular LAN jack.
- **ROM:** Read Only Memory: A nonvolatile memory chip manufactured to contain information that controls the computer's basic operation. You cannot access or change information stored in ROM.

# S

- **SCSI:** Small Computer System Interface is an industry standard interface for connection of a variety of peripheral devices.
- **SD card:** Secure Digital cards are flash memory widely used in a variety of digital devices such as digital cameras and Personal Digital Assistants.
- serial communications: A communications technique that uses as few as two interconnecting wires to send bits one after another.
- **serial interface:** Refers to a type of information exchange that transmits information sequentially, one bit at a time. Contrast: Parallel interface.
- **SIO:** Serial Input/Output. The electronic methodology used in serial data transmission.
- **soft key:** Key combinations that emulate keys on the IBM keyboard, change some configuration options, stop program execution, and access the numeric keypad overlay.
- **software:** The set of programs, procedures and related documentation associated with a computer system. Specifically refers to computer programs that direct and control the computer system's activities. See *also* hardware.
- **stop bit:** One or more bits of a byte that follow the transmitted character or group codes in asynchronous serial communications.

- **subpixel:** Three elements, one red, one green and blue (RGB), that make up a pixel on the color LCD. The computer sets subpixels independently, each may emit a different degree of brightness. See *also* pixel.
- synchronous: Having a constant time interval between successive bits, characters or events.
- system disk: A disk that has been formatted with an operating system. For MS-DOS the operating system is contained in two hidden files and the COMMAND.COM file. You can boot a computer using a system disk. Also called an operating system disk.

# Т

- **terminal:** A typewriter-like keyboard and CRT display screen connected to the computer for data input/output.
- **TFT display:** A liquid crystal display (LCD) made from an array of liquid crystal cells using active-matrix technology with thin film transistor (TFT) to drive each cell.
- Touch Pad: A pointing device integrated into the TOSHIBA computer palm rest.
- **TTL:** Transistor-transistor logic. A logic circuit design that uses switching transistors for gates and storage.

# U

**Universal Serial Bus:** This serial interface lets you communicate with several devices connected in a chain to a single port on the computer.

# V

- **VGA:** Video Graphics Array is an industry standard video adaptor that lets you run any popular software.
- volatile memory: Random access memory (RAM) that stores information as long as power is supplied to the computer.

# W

warm start: Restarting or resetting a computer without turning it off.

- window: A portion of the screen that can display its own application, document or dialog box. Often used to mean a Microsoft Windows window.
- Wireless LAN: Local Area Network (LAN) through wireless communication.
- write protection: A method for protecting a floppy disk from accidental erasure.

# Index

### Α

AC adaptor 1-4 additional 1-18, 8-14 connecting 3-9 ASCII characters 5-8 R

Battery charging 6-10 extending life 6-13 indicator 2-12, 6-4 location 2-7 monitoring capacity 6-11 real time clock 1-4, 6-6 safety precautions 6-7 save mode 1-12 types 6-5 Battery charger 1-18, 8-17 Battery pack 1-4, 2-8 additional 8-14 replacing 6-13 Bluetooth 1-8, 4-44 Bluetooth 2.0+EDR Module Kit 1-19 Bluetooth Stack for Windows by Toshiba 1-15 problems 9-18 Boot Priority 7-3 Bridge media slot 1-7, 2-4

## С

Cache memory 1-3 Cleaning the computer 4-48 Cooling vents 2-3

### D

DC IN indicator 2-12, 6-4 Display 1-6 automatic power off 1-11 brightness down 5-4 brightness up 5-4 controller B-1 hinge 2-9 opening 3-11 screen 2-9 Docking port 1-7, 2-8 Documentation list 1-2 DVD Super Multi drive 1-6 location 2-5 problems 9-10 using 4-24 writing 4-29 DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive 1-5 location 2-5 problems 9-9 using 4-24 writing 4-27

### E

Environment 3-1 Equipment checklist 1-1 Equipment setup

general conditions 3-2 placement 3-3 Ergonomics lighting 3-5 seating and posture 3-4 work habits 3-5 External monitor 1-7, 2-5, 8-21 problems 9-16

## F

Fingerprint Sensor location 2-9 problems 9-14 using 4-13 Floppy disk care 4-37 Fn + 1 (TOSHIBA Zooming Utility reduce) 5-5 Fn + 2 (TOSHIBA Zooming Utility enlarge) 5-5 Fn + Ctrl (enhanced keyboard simulation) 5-3 Fn + Enter 5-3 Fn + Esc (Mute) 5-3 Fn + F1 (Lock) 5-3 Fn + F10 (Arrow mode) 5-3 Fn + F11 (Numeric mode) 5-3 Fn + F12 (ScrLock) 5-3 Fn + F2 (Power Plan) 5-4 Fn + F3 (Sleep) 5-4 Fn + F4 (Hibernate) 5-4 Fn + F5 (Output) 5-4 Fn + F6 (Brightness Down) 5-4 Fn + F7 (Brightness Up) 5-4 Fn + F8 (Wireless) 5-4 Fn + F9 (Touch Pad) 5-5 Fn + space (Zoom) 5-5 Fn + Tab (ODD) 5-5 Function keys 5-2 G Graphics controller 1-6

н Hard disk drive 1-5, 1-18

automatic power off 1-11

Installing 8-18 Removing 8-17 TOSHIBA HDD Protection 4 - 49HDD indicator 2-12 Heat dispersal 1-12, 4-52 Hibernation Mode 1-12 Hot keys 1-11 Brightness (Down) 5-4 Brightness (Up) 5-4 Hibernate 5-4 Lock 5-3 Mute 5-3 ODD 5-5 Output 5-4 Power Plan 5-4 Sleep 5-4 TOSHIBA Zooming Utility (enlarge) 5-5 TOSHIBA Zooming Utility (reduce) 5-5 Touch Pad 5-5 Wireless 5-4 Zoom 5-5 HW Setup accessing 7-1 Boot priority 7-3 CPU 7-6 device config 7-7 display 7-2 general 7-2 keyboard 7-6 LAN 7-7 **USB 7-7** window 7-1

i.LINK 1-7, 2-4, 8-22 connecting 8-23 disconnecting 8-23 precautions 8-22 problems 9-17 Indicators 2-12, 6-4

# Κ

Keyboard 1-7, 5-1 emulating enhanced keyboard 5-2 Fn Sticky key 5-5 Function keys F1...F12 5-2 Hot keys 5-3 problems 9-7 typewriter keys 5-1 Windows special keys 5-6 Keypad overlay 1-11, 5-6 Arrow mode 5-6 Numeric mode 5-7 temporarily using normal keyboard (overlay on) 5-7 temporarily using overlay (overlay off) 5-7 turning on the overlays 5-6

# L

LAN 1-8, 4-47 cable types 4-47 connecting 4-47 disconnecting 4-48 jack 2-6 LAN active indicator 2-6 Link indicator 2-6 problems 9-18

## Μ

Media care 4-37, 8-4 Card care 8-4 CD/DVDs 4-37 floppy disks 4-37 Memory card care 8-4 Memory 1-4 expansion 1-18, 8-9 installing 8-10 problems 9-15 Memory Stick/Memory Stick Pro 8-6 inserting 8-7 problems 9-12 removing 8-7 Modem 1-8, 4-40 connecting 4-42 disconnecting 4-43 jack 2-5 problems 9-17 properties menu 4-41 region selection 4-40 Moving the computer 4-49

### Ρ

Password power on 1-11 problems 9-7 starting the computer by 6-18 Supervisor 6-17 user 6-15 PC card 1-7, 8-2 inserting 8-2 location of slot 2-3 problems 9-11 removing 8-3 **Pointing Device** Reserve Pen 1-7, 4-2 Tablet PC Pen 1-7, 4-2 Touch Pad 1-7, 2-10, 4-1 Touch Pad control buttons 2-10, 4-1 Touch Pad location 2-9 using 4-1 Ports Docking 1-7 external monitor 1-7 i.LINK 1-7 USB 1-7 Power button location 2-9 conditions 6-1 Hibernation Mode 3-15 indicators 6-4 panel on/off 1-12, 6-20 Shut Down mode (Boot Mode) 3-12

Sleep Mode 3-13 system auto off 6-20 turning off 3-12 turning on 3-11 Problems AC power 9-5 Analyzing symptoms 9-2 Battery 9-5 Bluetooth 9-18 DVD Super Multi drive 9-10 DVD-ROM&CD-R/RW drive 9-9 External monitor 9-16 Fingerprint sensor 9-14 Hard disk drive 9-8 Hardware and system checklist 9-3 i.LINK 9-17 Internal LCD display panel 9-8 Keyboard 9-7 LAN 9-18 Memory expansion 9-15 Memory Stick/Memory Stick Pro 9-12 Modem 9-17 Overheating power down 9-4 Password 9-7 PC card 9-11 Pointing device 9-13 Power 9-4 Real Time Clock 9-7 SD card 9-12 Self test 9-4 Sound system 9-16 System start-up 9-3 **TOSHIBA** support 9-20 USB 9-15 USB floppy disk drive 9-11 USB mouse 9-14 Wireless LAN 9-18 xD picture card 9-12

Processor 1-3

## R

**Recovery Discs 3-19** Recovery hard disk drive 3-19 Restarting the computer 3-16 S SD card 8-4 formatting 8-6 inserting 8-4 problems 9-12 removing 8-5 SD memory card 8-6 Security lock 1-19 attaching 8-25 location 2-3 Sleep setting 3-13 System automatic 1-11 Sleep Mode 1-12 Slice Expansion battery pack 1-18, 6-6 Soft keys enhanced keyboard 5-2 Enter 5-3 right Ctrl key 5-3 ScrLock 5-3 Sound system headphone jack 1-8, 2-2 microphone 2-2 microphone jack 1-8, 2-2 problems 9-16 Stereo speakers 2-10 volume control 2-2

# Т

TOSHIBA Assist 1-15 TOSHIBA Assist button 1-10 TOSHIBA ConfigFree 1-16 TOSHIBA Disc Creator 1-16, 4-33 TOSHIBA DVD-RAM Utility 1-16 TOSHIBA Express Port Replicator 1-19, 8-24 **TOSHIBA Flash Cards 1-13 TOSHIBA HDD Protection 1-12** TOSHIBA Mic Effect 1-16 **TOSHIBA Mobile Extension 1-**15 **TOSHIBA PC Diagnostic Tool 1-**13 **TOSHIBA** Presentation button 1-11 TOSHIBA SD Memory Boot Utilitv 1-15 TOSHIBA SD Memory Card Format 1-15 **TOSHIBA Zooming Utility 1-13** TV 8-22 U

Ulead DVD MovieFactory for TOSHIBA 1-16 Ultra Slim Bay 2-5 changing modules 4-22 HDD adaptor (Black) 8-19 location of slot 2-4 options 1-20 USB 1-7 location 2-5 problems 9-15 USB floppy disk drive problems 9-11 using 4-21

# V

Video modes B-1 Video RAM 1-4 Volume control 2-2

Windows Mobility Center 1-17 Wireless communication 4-43 indicator 2-12, 4-46 Wireless communication switch 1-9, 2-1, 4-46 Wireless LAN 1-9, 4-43 problems 9-18

# Х

xD picture card 8-8 inserting 8-8 removing 8-8