### COMPLIANCE INFORMATION

C-UL Listed (Canada) CISPR22/EN55022 Class A + EN55024 CE Mark

#### **FCC Regulations**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at the user's own expense.

#### Canadian Regulations

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A limits for radio noise for digital apparatus set out on the radio interference regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le présent appareil numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de la class A prescrites dans le Règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique édicté par le ministère des Communications du Canada.

#### **European Regulations**

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

#### Achtuna!

Dieses ist ein Gerät der Funkstörgrenzwertklasse A. In Wohnbereichen können bei Betrieb dieses Gerätes Rundfunkstörungen auftreten, in weichen Fällen der Benutzer für entsprechende Gegenmaßnahmen werantwortlich ist.

#### Attention!

Ceci est un produit de Classe A. Dans un environment domestique, ce produit risque de créer des interférences radioélectriques, il appartiendra alors à l'utilsateur de prende les measures spécifiques appropriées



CAUTION: RJ connectors are NOT INTENDED FOR CONNECTION TO THE PUBLIC TELEPHONE NETWORK. Failure to observe this caution could result in damage to the public telephone network.

Der Anschluss dieses Gerätes an ein öffentlickes Telekommunikationsnetz in den EG-Mitgliedstaaten verstösst gegen die jeweligen einzelstaatlichen Gesetze zur Anwendung der Richtlinie 91/263/EWG zur Angleichung der Rechtsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Telekommunikationsendeinrichtungen einschliesslich der gegenseitigen Anerkennung ihrer Konformität.

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# T1/E1 Twisted-Pair Copper to Fiber

### Media Converters

SSDTF10xx\*-100

## **USER'S GUIDE**

TRANSITION Networks SSDTF10xx-100 series media converters encode and decode T1 or E1 twisted-pair copper signals over duplex fiber-optic cable to extend the distance and transmission reliability of high speed T1 or F1 data traffic.

#### SSDTF1011-100

Provides an RJ-45 twisted pair copper connector for T1 or E1 signals and a set of RX/TX ST connectors to 850 nm multimode duplex fiber-optic cable.

#### SSDTF1012-100

Provides an RJ-45 twisted pair copper connector for T1 or E1 signals and an RX/TX ST connector to 1300 nm singlemode duplex fiber-optic cable.

#### SSDTF1013-100

Provides an RJ-45 twisted pair copper connector for T1 or E1 signals and an RX/TX SC connector to 850 nm multimode duplex fiber-optic cable.

#### SSDTF1014-100

Provides an RJ-45 twisted pair copper connector for T1 or E1 signals and an RX/TX SC-SM connector to 1300 nm singlemode duplex fiber-optic cable.



#### **SSDTF1015-100** (long haul)

Provides an RJ-45 twisted pair copper connector for T1 or E1 signals and an RX/TX SC-LH connector to 1300 nm singlemode duplex fiber-optic cable.

#### **SSDTF1022-100** (*long haul*)

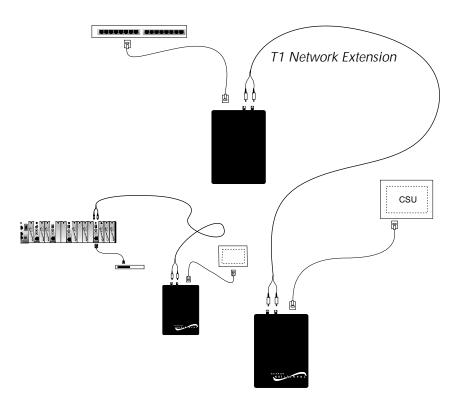
Provides an RJ-45 twisted pair copper connector for T1 or E1 signals and an RX/TX ST connector to 1300 nm singlemode duplex fiber-optic cable.

\*In SSDTF10xx model designation, 10 represents the T1 or E1 RJ-45 connector; xx represents the selectable fiber connector installed on the media converter.

SSDTF10xx in the Network2
Installation
Operation
Fault Isolation and Correction 8
Cable Specifications 9
Technical Specifications
Compliance Information

### SSDTF10xx IN THE NFTWORK

NOTE: THE SSDTF10xx REQUIRES A CSU BETWEEN THE MEDIA CONVERTER AND THE PUBLIC TELEPHONE NETWORK.



NOTE: T1/E1 MEDIA CONVERTERS MUST BE USED IN PAIRS. A TRANSITION Networks SSDTF10xx stand-alone media converter can be used with another SSDTF10xx stand-alone media converter, with a CSDTF10xx chassis media converter, or with a previous model TRANSITION Networks T1/E1 media converter, such as a C/T1E1-CF-01 or a T1E1-CF-01.

### **Features**

- Media converter is framing independent (as ESF vs D4) and supports all common line codes, (AMI, B8ZS, HDB3).
- Dry relay contacts allow media converter to be tied into separate alarm circuit
- All Ones Insertion (AIS) on loss of signal at copper and/or fiber interface.

### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Standards Emissions: CISPR A

T1/E1 Physical Layer: ITU-T, ANSI, AT&T, ETSI

**Dimensions** 2.9" x 4.8" x 1.4"

Weight 8 oz (approximate)

**Power Source** 7.5-15.9 VDC AC Adapter

**Power Consumption** 5 watts

**Power Supply Requirements** Replace power supply with only the equivalent input rating (see below) and output rating (regulated 9VDC at 550 mA).

TN PN Requirement Location

25034 or 3525 240 volts, 50 hertz United Kingdom 25034 or 3525 230 volts, 50 hertz Europe

3518 120 volts, 60 hertz USA/Canada/Mexico

3514 100 volts, 50-60 hertz Japan 25034 or 3525 240 volts, 50 hertz Australia

**Environment** Typical Operating Temperature\*: 0° to 50°C (32° to 122°F)

> Storage Temperature: -20° to 85°C (-4° to 185°F)

> Humidity 10-90%, non condensing

Altitude 0-10.000 feet

Warranty Lifetime

#### TRANSITION **DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

**Transition Networks** Name of Mfg:

6475 City West Parkway, Minneapolis MN 55344 USA

Model: SSDTF10xx Series Copper-to-Fiber Media Converter Part Number: SSDTF1011-100, SSDTF1012-100, SSDTF1013-100,

SSDTF1022-100

Regulation: EMC Directive 89/336/EEC

Purpose: To declare that the SSDTF10xx to which this declaration refers is in

conformity with the following standards.

EN 55022:1994; EN 55024:1998; FCC Part 15 Class A; EN 60950 A4:1997; UL 1950

I, the undersigned, hereby declare that the equipment specified above conforms to the above Directive(s) and Standard(s).

Deepho anderson

\_January 8, 2001\_\_ Stephen Anderson, Vice-President of Engineering Date

### CABLE SPECIFICATIONS (continued)

### Twisted-Pair Copper Cable

Twisted pair connection requires two active pairs. The two active pairs in a T1/E1 network are pins 1 & 2 and pins 4 & 5. Use only dedicated wire pairs (such as blue/white & white/blue, orange/white & white/orange) for the active pins.

Category 3 or better twisted-pair copper wire is required. Either shielded twisted-pair (STP) or unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) can be used.

T1:

Gauge 24 to 22 AWG

Attenuation 2.6 dB/100 meters @ 1.0 MHz

Differential Characteristic Impedance 100  $\Omega \pm 10\%$ 

E1:

Gauge 24 to 22 AWG

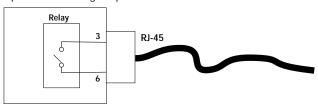
Attenuation 2.6 dB/100 meters @ 1.0 MHz

Differential Characteristic Impedance 120  $\Omega \pm 10\%$ 

### **Dry-Contact Relay**

RJ-45 dry-contact relay opens if power, signal detect/copper or signal detect/fiber are lost.

Operational rating on pins 3 and 6: 0-30VDC maximum 1A



### Switch-Selectable Configurations

#### T1 COPPER RJ-45

Configured as either "long haul" or "short haul" on 100 ohm cable, with a variety of selectable distance settings.

#### E1 COPPER RJ-45

Configured as either "long haul" or "short haul" on 120 ohm cable.

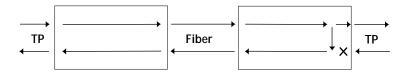
#### STRAIGHT-THROUGH/CROSSOVER RJ-45

Allows straight-through cable to be used where crossover-configuration cable is required.

### Switch-Selectable Functions

#### LOOPBACK TEST FUNCTION

A loopback switch facilitates installation and network debug procedures. The path for the SSDTF10xx loopback is shown:



#### TRANSMIT ALL ONES FUNCTION

A selectable Transmit All Ones switch on the fiber interface and on the twisted-pair interface allows for insertion of an "all ones" pattern on that interface when *signal detect* is lost, which creates an alarm condition at the equipment connected to the interface.

### INSTALLATION

CAUTION: Wear a grounding device and observe electrostatic discharge precautions when setting switch and when installing Media Converter Slide-in-Module in the Media Conversion Center. Failure to observe this caution could result in damage to, and subsequent failure of, the Media Converter Slide-in-Module.

### Set Loopback Test Switch

NOTE: The Loopback Test switch, located on Media Converter Slide-in-

Module front panel, allows the network administrator to enable a loopback test for installation and network debug procedures.

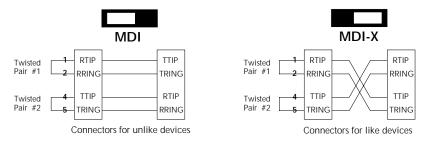


Use small flatblade screwdriver or similar device to set recessed switches. Refer to drawing for switch locations.

#### Set MDI/MDI-X Switch

NOTE: The MDI/MDI-X switch allows the network administrator to use straight-through cable in installations where crossover-configuration cable is required.

Use small flatblade screwdriver or similar device to set recessed switches. Refer to drawing for switch settings.



#### Set 8-Position Switch

NOTE: An eight-position switch allows the network administrator to configure the media converter for network conditions.

Use small flatblade screwdriver or similar device to set recessed switches for site installation. Refer to drawings at right for eight-position switch settings.

### CABLE SPECIFICATIONS

### Fiber Cable

Bit error rate: <10-9

#### **MULTIMODE**

Fiber Optic Cable Recommended: 62.5 / 125 µm multimode fiber Optional: 100 / 140 µm multimode fiber

85 / 125 µm multimode fiber 50 / 125 µm multimode fiber

SSDTF1011-100 850 nM

Fiber Optic Transmitter Power: min: -14.0 dBm max: -12.0 dBm Fiber Optic Receiver Sensitivity: min: -25.0 dBm max: -12.0 dBm

Typical Maximum Cable Distance\*: 2 kilometers SSDTF1013-100

850 nM

Fiber-optic Transmitter Power: min: -14.0 dBm max: -12.0 dBm Fiber-optic Receiver Sensitivity: min: -25.0 dBm max: -12.0 dBm

Typical Maximum Cable Distance\*: 2 kilometers

#### **SINGLEMODE**

Fiber Optic Cable Recommended:	9 µm singlemode fiber	
SSDTF1012-100	1300 nM	
Fiber-optic Transmitter Power:	min: -21.0 dBm	max: -14.0 dBm
Fiber-optic Receiver Sensitivity:	min: -25.0 dBm	max: -14.0 dBm
Typical Maximum Cable Distance*:	8 kilometers	
SCSDTF1014-100	1300 nM	
Fiber-optic Transmitter Power:	min: -21.0 dBm	max: -14.0 dBm
Fiber-optic Receiver Sensitivity:	min: -27.0 dBm	max: -14.0 dBm
Typical Maximum Cable Distance*:	8 kilometers	
SSDTF1015-100 (long haul)	1300 nM	
Fiber-optic Transmitter Power:	min: -15.0 dBm	max: -5.0 dBm
Fiber-optic Receiver Sensitivity:	min: -27.0 dBm	max: -14.0 dBm
Typical Maximum Cable Distance*:	15 kilometers	
SSDTF1022-100 (long haul)	1300 nM	
Fiber-optic Transmitter Power:	min: -15.0 dBm	max: -5.0 dBm
Fiber-optic Receiver Sensitivity:	min: -25.0 dBm	max: -14.0 dBm
Typical Maximum Cable Distance*:	15 kilometers	

<sup>\*</sup>Actual distance dependent upon physical characteristics of network installation.

### FAULT ISOLATION and CORRECTION

If the media converter fails, isolate and correct the failure by determining the answers to the following questions and then taking the indicated action:

# Is the P(o)W(e)R LED on the media converter illuminated? NO

- Is the power adapter the proper voltage and cycle frequency for the AC outlet?
  - NOTE: Refer to the "Power Supply Requirements" on page 7.
- Is the power adapter properly installed in the media converter and in the outlet?
- Contact Technical Support: (800) 260-1312/(800) LAN-WANS.

#### YES

Proceed to step 2.

### 2. Is the SDF (Signal Detect/Fiber) LED illuminated?

#### NO

- Check fiber cables for proper connection.
- Verify that TX and RX cables on media converter are connected to RX and TX ports, respectively, on other media converter.
- Contact Technical Support: (800) 260-1312/(800) LAN-WANS.

#### YES

Proceed to step 3.

### 3. Is the SDC (Signal Detect/Copper) LED illuminated?

#### NO

- Check twisted pair cables for proper connection.
- Check RJ-45 Pinning Switch for correct twisted pair cable configuration.
- Check integrity of device attached to media converter by twistedpair cable.
- Contact Technical Support: (800) 260-1312/(800) LAN-WANS.

#### YES

• Contact Technical Support: (800) 260-1312/(800) LAN-WANS.

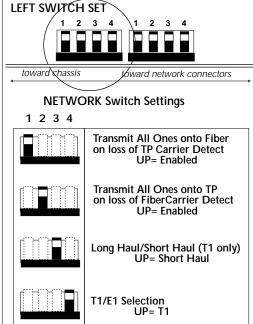
#### NOTE:

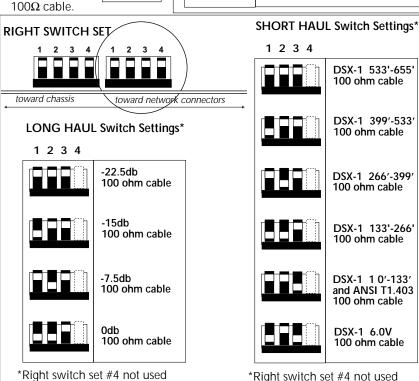
T1 must be selected (LEFT switch SET #4 UP) for RIGHT SWITCH SET to have any effect.

If E1 is selected (LEFT SWITCH SET #4 DOWN), RIGHT SWITCH SET is ignored and the default is E1  $3.0V\ 120\Omega$  cable.

If T1 and short haul are selected (LEFT SWITCH SET #3 UP, #4 UP), but RIGHT SWITCH SET is not set to a valid short haul value, the short haul default is DSX-1 0'-133' cable.

If T1 and long haul are selected (LEFT SWITCH SET #3 DOWN, #4 UP), but RIGHT SWITCH SET is not set to a valid long haul value, the long haul default is Odb





## **INSTALLATION** (continued)

### Install Cable

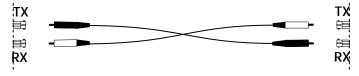
#### **COPPER**

#### T1 100 OHM (RJ-45 CONNECTOR)

- 1. Locate or build twisted-pair cables that are compliant with specifications on page 10, with RJ-45 plug connectors at both ends.
- Ensure that MDI/MDI-X switch is set according to network conditions.
- 3. Connect RJ-45 plug connector at one end of cable to media converter RJ-45 jack connector.
- 4. Connect RJ-45 plug connector at other end of cable to network equipment.

#### **FIBER**

- Locate or build fiber cables that are compliant with specifications on page 9, with male two-stranded TX to RX connectors installed at both ends.
- 2. Connect cable with connector installed at TX location on media converter to RX location on attached device.



Connect cable with connector installed at RX location on media converter to TX location on attached device.

### Power the Media Converter

- 1. Install power adapter cord at back of media converter.
- 2. Connect power adapter plug to AC power.
- 3. Verify that media converter is powered by observing illuminated LED(s).

### **OPERATION**

After installation, the media converter should function without operator intervention.

#### Status LEDs

Use the status LEDs to monitor media converter operation in the network.

SDC Signal Detect/Copper - Steady LED indicates twisted-pair copper link is up.

Flashing LED (once/second) indicates transmitting on link if other link is down.

Flashing LED (5 times/second) indicates All Ones detected on Link.

SDF Signal Detect/Fiber - Steady LED indicates fiber link is up.

Flashing LED (once/second) indicates transmitting on link if

other link is down.

Flashing LED (5 times/second) indicates All Ones detected on

Link.

P(o)W(e)R Steady green LED indicates connection to external AC power.