

TD-8816 ADSL2/2+ Ethernet Router



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FCC STATEMENT

FC

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to pro-vide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not in-stalled and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/ TV technician for help.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

CE Mark Warning

CE

This is a class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Package contents

The following contents should be found in your box:

- > One TD-8816 ADSL2/2+ Ethernet Router
- > One AC power Adapter for TD-8816 ADSL2/2+ Ethernet Router
- Quick Installation Guide
- > One RJ45 cable
- Two RJ11 cables
- > One ADSL splitter (only for Annex A)
- > One Resource CD , including:
 - This User Guide
 - Other Helpful Information

P Note:

If any of the listed contents are damaged or missing, please contact the retailer from whom you purchased the product for assistance.

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Chapter 1. Introduction

1.1 **Product Overview**

Thank you for choosing the **TD-8816 ADSL2/2+ Ethernet Router**. The device is designed to provide a simple and cost-effective ADSL Internet connection for a private Ethernet network.

The Router is easy to use. The TD-8816 connects to an Ethernet LAN or computers via standard Ethernet ports. The ADSL connection is made using ordinary telephone line with standard connectors. Multiple workstations can be networked and connected to the Internet using a single Wide Area Network (WAN) interface and single global IP address. The advanced security enhancements, **IP/MAC Filter**, **Application Filter** and **URL Filter** can help to protect your network from potentially devastating intrusions by malicious agents from the outside of your network.

The Router is easy to install and manage. **Quick Start** of the Web-based Utility is supplied and friendly help messages are provided for the configuration. Network and Router management is done through the Web-based Utility which can be accessed through local Ethernet using any web browser.

ADSL

The TD-8816 supports full-rate ADSL2+ connectivity conforming to the ITU and ANSI specifications. In addition to the basic DMT physical layer functions, the ADSL2+ PHY supports dual latency ADSL2+ framing (fast and interleaved) and the I.432 ATM Physical Layer.

1.2 Main Features

- > One 10/100M RJ-45 LAN ports (Auto MDI/MDIX), 1 RJ11 port
- Supports downstream transmission rates of up to 24Mbps and upstream transmission rates of 1Mbps.
- > Supports long transfers, the max line length can reach to 6.5Km.
- > Supports remote configuration and management through SNMP and CWMP.
- Supports PPPoE, it allows connecting the internet on demand and disconnecting from the Internet when idle.
- Quick response semi-conductive surge protection circuit, provides reliable ESD and surge-protect function.
- > High speed and asymmetrical data transmit mode, provides safe and exclusive bandwidth.
- > Supports All ADSL industrial standards.
- > Compatible with all mainstream DSLAM (CO).
- > Provides integrated access of internet and route function which face to SOHO user.
- > Real-time Configuration and device monitoring.

- > Supports Multiple PVC (Permanent Virtual Circuit).
- Built-in DHCP server.
- > Built-in firewall, supports IP/MAC filter, Application filter and URL filter.
- Supports Virtual Server, DMZ host and IP Address Mapping.
- > Supports Dynamic DNS, UPnP and Static Routing.
- > Supports system log and flow Statistics.
- > Supports firmware upgrade and Web management.

1.3 Conventions

The Router or device mentioned in this User guide stands for TD-8816 without any explanations. Parameters provided in the pictures are just references for setting up the product, which may differ from the actual situation.

Chapter 2. Hardware Installation

2.1 The Front Panel

TD-8816	LAN	ADSL	Act	Power
ADSL2/2+ Ethernet Router	0	0	0	0

Figure 2-1

The LEDs locates on the front panel, they indicate the device's working status. For details, please refer to LED Explanation.

LED Explanation:	
------------------	--

Indicator	Description	Status	Function Details
		On	LAN port normal
LAN	Ethernet	Off	Connection on LAN port abnormal
	Linemet	Flash	Data transmitting or receiving on LAN
			port
	ADSL	Slow flash	Self-detecting when power up
ADSL	status	Quick flash	Connecting to the telecom network
		On	Connection to telecom network is OK
		Flash	There is data transmitting or receiving
ACT	Data		on WAN port
ACT		Off	No data transmitting or receiving on
			WAN port
Power	Power	On	Power OK
FUWEI	Fower	Off	Power fail

2.2 The Back Panel

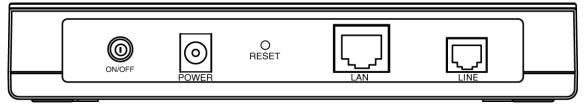


Figure 2-2

- > On/OFF: The switch for the power.
- > POWER: The Power plug is where you will connect the power adapter.
- ➢ RESET: There are two ways to reset the Router's factory defaults.

Method one: When the device is working, please press the reset button of the Router, keep the reset button pressed down for about fifteen seconds.

Method two: Restore the default setting from "Maintenance-SysRestart" of the Router's Web-based Utility.

- LAN: Through the port, you can connect the Router to your PC or the other Ethernet network devices.
- > LINE: Through the port, you can connect the Router with the telephone.

2.3 Installation Environment

- > The Product should not be located where it will be exposed to moisture or excessive heat.
- Place the Router in a location where it can be connected to the various devices as well as to a power source.
- Make sure the cables and power cord are placed safely out of the way so they do not create a tripping hazard.
- > The Router can be placed on a shelf or desktop.

2.4 Connecting the Router

Before installing the device, please make sure your broadband service provided by your ISP is available. If there is any problem, please contact your ISP. You need to connect the device to the phone jack, the power outlet, and your computer or network. Before cable connection, cut off the power supply and keep your hands dry. You can follow the steps below to install it.

Step 1: Connect the ADSL Line.

Method one: Plug one end of the twisted-pair ADSL cable into the ADSL LINE port on the rear panel of TD-8816, and insert the other end into the wall socket.

Method two: You can use a separate splitter. External splitter can divide the data and voice, and then you can access the Internet and make calls at the same time. The external splitter has three ports:

- LINE: Connect to the wall jack
- PHONE: Connect to the phone sets
- MODEM: Connect to the ADSL LINE port of TD-8816

Plug one end of the twisted-pair ADSL cable into the ADSL LINE port on the rear panel of TD-8816. Connect the other end to the MODEM port of the external splitter.

- Step 2: Connect the Ethernet cable. Attach one end of a network cable to your computer's Ethernet port or a regular hub/switch port, and the other end to the LAN port on the TD-8816.
- **Step 3:** Attach the power adapter. Connect the AC power adapter to the POWER connector on the rear of the device and plug in the adapter to a wall outlet or power extension.
- **Step 4:** Turn on the TD-8816 and power on the computers and LAN devices.

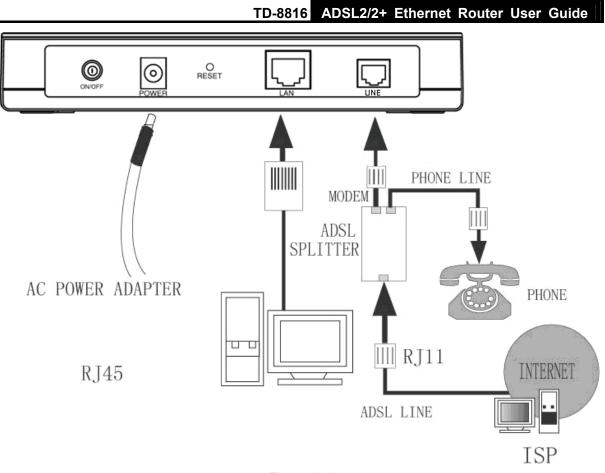


Figure 2-3

Chapter 3. Quick Installation Guide

3.1 Configure PC

After you directly connect your PC to the TD-8816 or connect your adapter to a Hub/Switch which has connected to the Router, you need to configure your PC's IP address. Follow the steps below to configure it.

Step 1: Click the Start menu on your desktop, right click My Network Places, and then select Properties (shown in Figure 3-1).

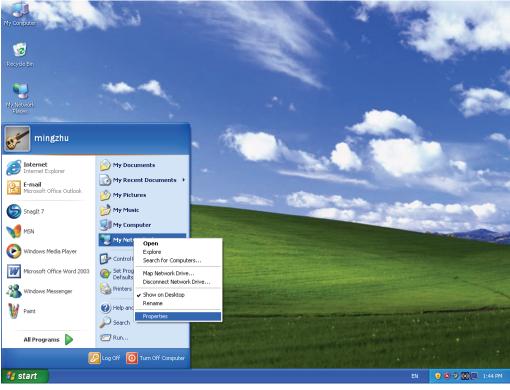


Figure 3-1

Step 2: Right click Local Area Connection (LAN), and then select Properties.

S Network Connections				
File Edit View Favorites Too	ols Advanced Help 🦧			
🕝 Back 🔹 🌍 👻 🏂 🔎	🔇 Back 👻 🕥 👻 🏂 Search 🎼 Folders 🔛			
Address 🔕 Network Connections	💌 🄁 Go			
Network Tasks	AN or High-Speed Internet			
 Create a new connection Set up a home or small office network Change Windows Firewall settings Disable this network device Repair this connection Rename this connection View status of this connection Change settings of this connection 	Local Area Connection Disable Status Repair Bridge Connections Create Shortcut Delete Rename Properties			
Other Places Image: Control Panel Image: Control Panel Image: My Network Places Image: My Documents Image: My Computer				



Step 3: Select **General** tab, highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), and then click the **Properties** button.

🕹 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 🔹 💽 🔀			
General Authentication Advanced			
Connect using:			
Realtek RTL8139 Family PCI Fast Etł <u>Configure</u>			
This connection uses the following items:			
Client for Microsoft Networks			
 File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks OoS Packet Scheduler 			
Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)			
I <u>n</u> stall Uninstall Properties			
Description			
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.			
Show icon in notification area when connected Notify me when this connection has limited or no connectivity			
OK Cancel			

Figure 3-3

Step 4: Configure the IP address as Figure 3-4 shows. After that, click OK.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Prope	rties 🛛 🛛 🔀
General	
You can get IP settings assigned autom this capability. Otherwise, you need to a the appropriate IP settings.	
Obtain an IP address automatically	y
Use the following IP address:	
IP address:	192.168.1.2
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
<u>D</u> efault gateway:	192.168.1.1
Obtain DNS server address autom	atically
• Use the following DNS server add	resses:
Preferred DNS server:	192.168.1.1
<u>A</u> lternate DNS server:	· · ·
	Ad <u>v</u> anced
	OK Cancel

Figure 3-4

Note:

You can configure the PC to get an IP address manually, select "Obtain an IP address automatically" and "Obtain DNS server address automatically" in the screen above.

Now, you can run the Ping command in the command prompt to verify the network connection. Please click the **Start** menu on your desktop, select **run** tab, type **cmd** in the field, and then type *ping 192.168.1.1* on the next screen, and then press **Enter**.

If the result displayed is similar to the screen below, the connection between your PC and the Router has been established.

Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Average = Oms

If the result displayed is similar to the screen shown below, it means that your PC has not connected to the Router.

```
Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Figure 3-6

You can check it follow the steps below:

1) Is the connection between your PC and the Router correct?

The LEDs of LAN port which you link to the device and the LEDs on your PC's adapter should be lit.

2) Is the TCP/IP configuration for your PC correct?

If the Router's IP address is 192.168.1.1, your PC's IP address must be within the range of $192.168.1.2 \sim 192.168.1.254$, the gateway must be 192.168.1.1.

3.2 Login

Once your host PC is properly configured, please proceed as follows to use the Web-based Utility: Start your web browser and type the private IP address of the Router in the URL field: **192.168.1.1**.

Address 192.168.1.1

After that, you will see the screen shown below, enter the default User Name **admin** and the default Password **admin**, and then click **OK** to access to the **Quick Setup** screen. You can follow the steps below to complete the Quick Setup.



Figure 3-7

Step 1: Select the Quick Start tab, then click RUN WIZARD, and you will see the next screen. Click the NEXT button.

	Quick Start					
	The Wizard will guide you through these four quick steps. Begin by clicking on NEXT . Step 1. Set your new password					
	Step 2. Choose your time zone					
	Step 3. Set your Internet connection					
	Step 4. Re-start your ADSL router					
	NEXT EXIT					
	Figure 3-8					
Step 2:	Change the login password in the next screen, and then click the NEXT button.					
	Quick Start - Password					
	You may change the admin account password by entering in a new password. Click NEXT to continue.					
	New Password :					
	Confirmed Password :					
	BACK NEXT EXIT					
	Figure 3-9					
Step 3:	Configure the time for the Router, and then click the NEXT button.					
	Quick Start - Time Zone					
	Select the appropriate time zone for your location and click NEXT to continue.					
	(GMT) Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London					
	BACK NEXT EXIT					
	Einung 2.40					



Step 4: Select the connection type to connect to the ISP (We select **PPPoE/PPPoA** mode for example here), and then click the **NEXT** button.

Quick Start - ISP Connection Type

Select the Internet connection type to connect to your ISP. Click **NEXT** to continue.

🔘 Dynamic IP Address	Choose this option to obtain a IP address automatically from your ISP.
O Static IP Address	Choose this option to set static IP information provided to you by your ISP.
● PPPoE/PPPoA	Choose this option if your ISP uses PPPoE/PPPoA. (For most DSL users)
🔘 Bridge Mode	Choose this option if your ISP uses Bridge Mode.



Figure 3-11

Step 5: Configure the following options provided by your ISP: Username, Password, VPI, VCI and Connection Type. Then click Next.

Quick Start - PPPoE/PPPoA			
Enter the PPPoE/PPPoA informa	ation provided to you by your ISP. Click NEXT to continue.		
Username:			
Password:			
VPI:	0 (0~255)		
VCI:	33 (1~65535)		
Connection Type:	PPPoA VC-Mux 💌		
	BACK NEXT EXIT		
	Figure 3-12		

P Note:

In Quick Start, you shouldn't configure the PVC which uses the same VPI/VCI as the seven default PVCs in factory configuration does.

Step 6: Click NEXT to finish the Quick Start.

Quick Start Complete !!

The Setup Wizard has completed. Click on **BACK** to modify changes or mistakes. Click **NEXT** to save the current settings.

BACK	NEXT	EXIT	
------	------	------	--

Figure 3-13

Chapter 4. Software Configuration

This User Guide recommends using the "Quick Installation Guide" for first-time installation. For advanced users, if you want to know more about this device and make use of its functions adequately, maybe you will get help from this chapter to configure the advanced settings through the Web-based Utility.

After your successful login, you can configure and manage the device. There are main menus on the top of the Web-based Utility, submenus will be available after you click one of the main menus. On the center of the Web-based Utility, there are the detailed configurations or status information. To apply any settings you have altered on the page, please click the **SAVE** button.

4.1 Status

Choose "**Status**", you can see the next submenus: **Device Info**, **System Log** and **Statistics**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.



Choose "**Status** \rightarrow **Device Info**" menu, and you will be able to view the device information, including LAN, WAN and ADSL. The information will vary depending on the settings of the Router configured on the Interface Setup screen.

							ADSL2/2+ E	thernet Router
Status	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Managem	Ma	aintenance	Status	Help
() () () () () () () () () ()	Device	Info Syste	m Log					
Device Information								
		Firmware Version :	1 0 1 Build 070	1918 Rel 32330				
		MAC Address :						
LAN								
		IP Address :	192.168.1.153					
		Subnet Mask :	255.255.255.0					
		DHCP Server :	Enabled					
WAN								
		Virtual Circuit :	PVC0 🔽					
			Connected					
		Connection Type :	PPPoE					
		IP Address :	61.141.228.34					
		Subnet Mask :	255.255.255.2	:55				
		Default Gateway :	219.133.6.1					
		DNS Server :	202.96.128.16	6				
			Enabled					
	P	PP connection time :	0:00:13:25					
ADSL -								
	ADSL	Firmware Version :	FwVer:3.7.7.2	2_B_TC3085 Hw/	/er:T14.F7_3	.0		
		Line State :						
		Modulation :	G.DMT					
		Annex Mode :	ANNEX_A					
			Downstream	n Upstream				
		SNR Margin :		24.0	db			
		Line Attenuation :	8.5	4.0	db			
		Data Rate :	2048	512	kbps			

Figure 4-2

P Note:

Click the other submenus **System Log** or **Statistics** in Figure 4-2, you will be able to view the system log and traffic statistics about the Router.

4.2 Quick Start

Please refer to "3.2: Login".

4.3 Interface Setup

Choose "Interface Setup", you can see the next submenus: Internet and LAN.



Figure 4-3

Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.3.1 Internet

Choose "Interface Setup→Internet" menu, you can configure the parameters for WAN ports in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-4).

					ADSL2/2+ Ether	net Router
Interface	Quick Interface Start Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Internet LAN					
ATM VC						
	Virtual Circuit :		PVCs Summary			
			O Deactivated			
	VPI:	-	nge: 0~255)			
	VCI:		- nge: 1~65535)			
QoS						
	ATM QoS :					
	PCR :	0 cell	s/second			
	SCR :	cell	s/second			
	MBS :	0 cell	s			
Encapsulation						
	ISP :	🔘 Dynamic IP	Address			
		🔘 Static IP Ad	ddress			
		PPPoA/PPF				
		O Bridge Mod	le			
PPPoE/PPPoA				_		
	Username :	sz265257@16	3.gd			
	Password :		_			
	Encapsulation :		×			
Connection Setting	Bridge Interface :	 Activated 	 Deactivated 			
Connection Setting	Connection :	O Always Or	n (Recommended)			
			n-Demand (Close if idle	for 15 minute	esì	
		Connect M			/	
	TCP MSS Option :					
IP Address						
	Get IP Address :		Dynamic			
	Static IP Address :					
	IP Subnet Mask :					
	Gateway :					
		Enable	1-			
	TCP MTU Option :	Yes O N TCB MTLK0:def				
	Dynamic Route :		ault) 0 bytes rection None 💽			
		Disabled				
		SAVE				

Figure 4-4

ATM VC: ATM settings are used to connect to your ISP. Your ISP provides VPI (Virtual Path Identifier), VCI (Virtual Channel Identifier) settings to you. In this Device, you can totally setup 8 VCs on different encapsulations, if you apply 8 different virtual circuits from your ISP. You need to activate the VC to take effect. For PVCs management, you can use ATM QoS to setup each PVC traffic line's priority.

- Virtual Circuit: Select the VC number you want to setup, PVC0~PVC7.
- Status: If you want to use a designed VC, you should activate it.
- **VPI:** Identifies the virtual path between endpoints in an ATM network. The valid range is from 0 to 255. Please input the value provided by your ISP.
- VCI: Identifies the virtual channel endpoints in an ATM network. The valid range is from 32 to 65535 (1 to 31 is reserved for well-known protocols). Please input the value provided by your ISP.
- **PVCs Summary:** Click the button, you can view the summary information about the PVCs.
- QoS: Select the Quality of Service types for this Virtual Circuit, including CBR (Constant Bit Rate), UBR (Unspecified Bit Rate) and VBR (Variable Bit Rate). These QoS types are all controlled by the parameters specified below, including PCR (Peak Cell Rate), SCR (Sustained Cell Rate) and MBS (Maximum Burst Size), please configure them according your needs.
- Encapsulation: There are four connection types: Dynamic IP Address, Static IP Address, PPPoA/PPPoE and Bridge Mode. Please choose the designed type that you want to use. After that, you should follow the configuration below to proceed.

1. Dynamic IP Address

Select this option if your ISP provides you an IP address automatically. This option is typically used for Cable services. Please enter the Dynamic IP information accordingly.

ISP :	 Dynamic IP Address Static IP Address PPPoA/PPPoE Bridge Mode
NAT : Default Route :	1483 Routed IP LLC(IPoA) Enable Yes No TCP MTU(0:default) RIP1 Uirection None Disabled Enable Disabled None Non

Figure 4-5

- Encapsulation: Select the encapsulation mode for the Dynamic IP Address, you can leave it default.
- NAT: Select this option to Enable/Disable the NAT (Network Address Translation) function for this VC. The NAT function can be activated or deactivated per PVC basis.
- Default Route: If enable this function, the current PVC will be considered as the default gateway to internet from this device.
- > **TCP MTU Option:** Enter the TCP MTU as your desire.
- > Dynamic Route: Select this option to specify the RIP (Routing Information protocol) version

for WAN interface, including **RIP1**, **RIP2-B** and **RIP2-M**. RIP2-B and RIP2-M are both sent in RIP-2 format, the difference is that RIP2-M using Multicast, while RIP-2M using Broadcast format.

- Direction: Select this option to specify the RIP direction. None is for disabling the RIP function. Both means the ADSL Router will periodically send routing information and accept routing information, and then incorporate them into routing table. IN only means the ADLS router will only accept but will not send RIP packet. OUT only means the ADLS router will only send but will not accept RIP packet.
- Multicast: Select IGMP version, or disable the function. IGMP (Internet Group Multicast Protocol) is a session-layer protocol used to establish membership in a multicast group. The ADSL ATU-R supports both IGMP version 1 (IGMP v1) and IGMP v2. Select "Disabled" to disable it.

2. Static IP Address

Select this option if your ISP provides static IP information to you. You should set static IP address, IP subnet mask, and gateway address in the screen below (shown in Figure 4-6).

ISP :	 Dynamic IP Address Static IP Address PPPoA/PPPoE Bridge Mode 	88
Encapsulation :	1483 Routed IP LLC(IP	юА) 🔽
Static IP Address :	0.0.0.0	
IP Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0	
Gateway :	0.0.0.0	
NAT :	Enable 💌	
Default Route :	💽 Yes 🔘 No	
TCP MTU Option :	TCP MTU(0:default)	bytes
Dynamic Route :	RIP1 🔽 Direction	None 💌
Multicast :	Disabled 💌	

Figure 4-6

P Note:

Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which is four IP octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x), such as 192.168.1.100. The Router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.

3. PPPoA/PPPoE

Select this option if your ISP requires you to use a PPPoE connection. This option is typically used for DSL services. Select Dynamic PPPoE to obtain an IP address automatically for your PPPoE connection. Select Static PPPoE to use a static IP address for your PPPoE connection. Please enter the information accordingly.

ISP :	O Dynamic IP Address
	Static IP Address
	PPPoA/PPPoE
	O Bridge Mode
Username :	
Password:	
Encapsulation :	PPPoE LLC
Bridge Interface :	O Activated 💿 Deactivated
Connection :	Always On (Recommended)
	Onnect On-Demand (Close if idle for 0 minutes)
	Connect Manually
TCP MSS Option :	TCP MSS(0:default) 0 bytes
Get IP Address :	🔿 Static 💿 Dynamic
Static IP Address :	0.0.0.0
IP Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0
Gateway:	0.0.0.0
NAT :	Enable 💌
Default Route :	⊙ Yes ◯ No
TCP MTU Option :	TCP MTU(0:default) 0 bytes
Dynamic Route :	RIP1 Virection None V
Multicast :	Disabled 🔽

Figure 4-7

- **Username:** Enter your username for your PPPoE/PPPoA connection.
- > **Password:** Enter your password for your PPPoE/PPPoA connection.
- Encapsulation: For both PPPoE/PPPoA connection, you need to specify the type of Multiplexing, either LLC or VC Mux.
- **Bridge Interface:** Activate the option, the Router can also work in Bridge mode.
- Connection: For PPPoE/PPPoA connection, you can select Always on or Connect on-Demand or Connect Manually. Connect on demand is dependent on the traffic. If there is no traffic (or Idle) for a pre-specified period of time), the connection will tear down automatically. And once there is traffic send or receive, the connection will be automatically on.
- Static/Dynamic IP Address: For PPPoE/PPPoA connection, you need to specify the public IP address for this ADSL Router. The IP address can be either dynamically (via DHCP) or given IP address provided by your ISP. For Static IP, you need to specify the IP address, Subnet Mask and Gateway IP address.
- Default Route: You should select Yes to configure the PVC as the default gateway to internet from this device.

4. Bridge Mode

If you select this type of connection, the modem can be configured to act as a bridging device between your LAN and your ISP. Bridges are devices that enable two or more networks to communicate as if they are two segments of the same physical LAN.

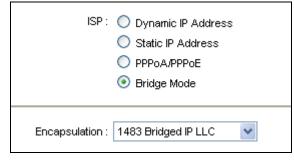


Figure 4-8

P Note:

After you finish the Internet configuration, please click SAVE to make the settings take effect.

4.3.2 LAN

Choose "Interface Setup \rightarrow LAN" menu, and you will see the LAN screen (shown in Figure 4-9). Please configure the parameters for LAN ports according to the descriptions below.

					ADSL2/2+ Ethe	rnet Router
Interface	Quick Interface Start Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Internet LAN	>				
Router Local IP						
	IP Address	: 192.168.1.1				
	IP Subnet Mask	: 255.255.255.0				
	Dynamic Route	: RIP2-B 💉 Din	ection None 🛛 😪			
	Multicast	: Disabled 😽				
	IGMP Snoop	: 💿 Disabled 🤇	D Enabled			
DHCP						
	DHCP	: 🔘 Disabled 🤅	🖲 Enabled 🔘 Relay			
DHCP Server						
	Starting IP Address	: 192.168.1.2	Current P	ool Summary		
	IP Pool Count	: 99				
	Lease Time	: 259200 se	conds (0 sets to defa	ault value of 259200)		
DNS						
	DNS Relay	: Use Auto Disco	overed DNS Server Or	ily 🔛		
	Primary DNS Server	: N/A				
	Secondary DNS Server	: N/A				
		SAVE CAN	NCEL			

Figure 4-9

Router Local IP: These are the IP settings of the LAN interface for the device. These settings may be referred to as Private settings. You may change the LAN IP address if needed. The LAN IP address is private to your internal network and cannot be seen on the

Internet.

- **IP Address:** Enter the Router's local IP Address, then you can access to the Web-based Utility via the IP Address, the default value is 192.168.1.1.
- **IP Subnet Mask:** Enter the Router's Subnet Mask, the default value is 255.255.255.0.
- **Dynamic Route:** Select this option to specify the RIP (Routing Information protocol) version for LAN interface, including **RIP1**, **RIP2-B** and **RIP2-M**. RIP2-B and RIP2-M are both sent in RIP-2 format, the difference is that RIP2-M using Multicast, while RIP-2M using Broadcast format.
- Direction: Select this option to specify the RIP direction. None is for disabling the RIP function. Both means the ADSL Router will periodically send routing information and accept routing information, and then incorporate them into routing table. IN only means the ADLS router will only accept but will not send RIP packet. OUT only means the ADLS router will only send but will not accept RIP packet.
- Multicast: Select IGMP version, or disable the function. IGMP (Internet Group Multicast Protocol) is a session-layer protocol used to establish membership in a multicast group. The ADSL ATU-R supports both IGMP version 1 (IGMP v1) and IGMP v2. Select "Disabled" to disable it.
- **IGMP Snoop:** Enable the IGMP Snoop function if you need.
- DHCP Server: Select Enabled, then you will see the screen below (shown in Figure 4-10). The Router will work as a DHCP Server, it becomes the default gateway for DHCP client connected to it. DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. The DHCP Server gives out IP addresses when a device is booting up and request an IP address to be logged on to the network. That device must be set as a DHCP client to obtain the IP address automatically. By default, the DHCP Server is enabled. The DHCP address pool contains the range of the IP address that will automatically be assigned to the clients on the network.

DHCP: (🔿 Disabled 💿 Enabled 🔘 Relay
Starting IP Address : 1 IP Pool Count : 9 Lease Time : 2	39
DNS Relay : U Primary DNS Server : N Secondary DNS Server : N	

Figure 4-10

- Starting IP Address: Enter the starting IP address for the DHCP server's IP assignment. Because the default IP address for the Router is 192.168.1.1, the default Start IP Address is 192.168.1.2, and the Start IP Address must be 192.168.1.2 or greater, but smaller than 192.168.1.254.
- **IP Pool Count:** The max user pool size.

- Lease Time: The length of time for the IP lease. After the dynamic IP address has expired, the user will be automatically assigned a new dynamic IP address. The default is **259200** seconds.
- **DNS Relay:** If you want to disable this feature, you just need to set both Primary and secondary DNS IP to 0.0.0.0. If you want to use DNS relay, you can setup DNS server IP to 192.168.1.1 on their Computer. If not, the device will perform as no DNS relay.
- Primary DNS Server: Type in your preferred DNS server.
- Secondary DNS Server: Type in your preferred DNS server.
- **Current Pool Summary:** Click the button, you can view the IP addresses that the DHCP Server gives out.

P Note:

If **Use Auto Discovered DNS Server Only** is selected in DNS Relay, this router will accept the first received DNS assignment from one of the PPPoA, PPPoE or MER/DHCP enabled PVC(s) during the connection establishment. If **Use User Discovered DNS Server Only** is selected in DNS Relay, it is necessary for you to enter the primary and optional secondary DNS server IP addresses. After type in the address, click SAVE button to save it and invoke it.

DHCP Relay: Select Relay, then you will see the next screen (shown in Figure 4-11), the Router will work as a DHCP Relay. A DHCP relay is a computer that forwards DHCP data between computers that request IP addresses and the DHCP server that assigns the addresses. Each of the device's interfaces can be configured as a DHCP relay. If it is enabled, the DHCP requests from local PCs will forward to the DHCP server runs on WAN side. To have this function working properly, please run on router mode only, disable the DHCP server on the LAN port, and make sure the routing table has the correct routing entry.

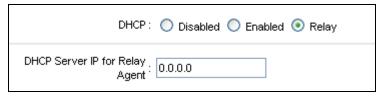


Figure 4-11

DHCP Server IP for Relay Agent: Enter the DHCP server IP Address runs on WAN side.

P Note:

If you select **Disabled**, the DHCP function will not take effect.

4.4 Advanced Setup

Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Managem	Main	tenance	Status	Help
Firewall	Routing	NAT	QoS	VLAN	ADSL		
			Figure	4-12			

Choose "Advanced Setup", you can see the next submenus:

Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.4.1 Firewall

Choose "**Advanced Setup**→**Firewall**" menu, and you will see the next screen (shown in Figure 4-13).

							ADSL2/2+ Ethe	rnet Router
Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Mainte	enance	Status	Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	QoS	VLAN	ADSL		
Firewall								
		Firewa	ll: 💿 Enabled (Disabled				
		SP	1: 🔘 Enabled (Disabled				
			•	ou enabled SPI, all tr		from WAN	I would be blocke	d, including
			Diviz, Virtual Se	erver, and ACL WAN	side.)			
			SAVE CA	NCEL				



- Firewall: Select this option can automatically detect and block Denial of Service (DoS) attacks, such as Ping of Death, SYN Flood, Port Scan and Land Attack.
- SPI: If you enable SPI, all traffics initiated from WAN would be blocked, including DMZ, Virtual Server, and ACL WAN side.

4.4.2 Routing

Choose "Advanced Setup→Routing" menu, and you will see the routing information in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-14).

ADSI	2/2+	Ethernet	Router

Advanced Sta Firev	nt Setup	Advanced Setup NAT	Access Managemen QoS	nt Mai VLAN	ntenance ADSL	Status	;	Hel
	vall Routing	NAT	QoS	VEAN	ADRI			
					ADOL			
Routing Table List								
#	Dest IP	Mask	Gateway IP	Metric	Device	Use	Edit	Drop
1	192.168.1.0	24	192.168.1.153	1	enet0	301		
2	default	0	Node1	2	ldle	0		

Click ADD ROUTE button to add a new route in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-15).

Static Route		
	Destination IP Address : 0	.0.0.0
	IP Subnet Mask : 0	.0.0.0
	Gateway IP Address : (0.0.0.0 🔘 PVC0 💌
	Metric : 0	
	Announced in RIP :	′es 🔽
	E	SAVE DELETE BACK CANCEL



- Destination IP Address: This parameter specifies the IP network address of the final destination.
- > **IP Subnet Mask:** Enter the subnet mask for this destination.
- Gateway IP Address: Enter the IP address of the gateway. The gateway is an immediate neighbor of your ADSL Router that will forward the packet to the destination. On the LAN, the gateway must be a router on the same segment as your Router; over Internet (WAN), the gateway must be the IP address of one of the remote nodes.
- Metric: Metric represents the "cost" of transmission for routing purposes. IP Routing uses hop count as the measurement of cost, with a minimum of 1 for directly connected networks. Enter a number that approximates the cost for this link. The number need not to be precise, but it must between 1 and 15. In practice, 2 or 3 is usually a good number.
- Announced in RIP: This parameter determines if the ADSL router will include the route to this remote node in its RIP broadcasts. If set to Yes, the route to this remote node will be propagated to other hosts through RIP broadcasts. If No, this route is kept private and is not included in RIP broadcasts.

4.4.3 NAT

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow NAT" menu, you can setup the NAT (Network Address Translation) function for the Router (shown in Figure 4-16).

							ADSL2/2+ Eth	ernet Router
Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Managemei	nt Main	tenance	Status	Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	QoS	VLAN	ADSL		
NAT								
		Virtual Circuit						
		NAT Status						
		Number of IPs						
		0	DMZ					
		0	Virtual Serve	۹ľ				

Figure 4-16

- > Virtual Circuit: Enter Virtual Circuit Index that you plan to setup for the NAT function.
- NAT Status: This field shows the current status of the NAT function for the current VC. You can go to the previous screen (shown in Figure 4-4) to activate the function.
- Number of IPs; This field is to specify how many IPs are provided by your ISP for current VC. It can be single IP or multiple IPs. We select Multiple to explain.

P Note:

For VCs with single IP, they share the same DMZ and Virtual servers; for VCs with multiple IPs, each VC can set DMZ and Virtual servers. Furthermore, for VCs with multiple IPs, they can define the Address Mapping rules; for VCs with single IP, since they have only one IP, there is no need to individually define the Address Mapping rule.

4.4.3.1. DMZ

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow NAT \rightarrow DMZ" in Figure 4-16, you can configure the DMZ host in the next screen. A DMZ (demilitarized zone) is a host between a private local network and the outside public network. It prevents outside users from getting direct access to a server that has company data. Users of the public network outside the company can access to the DMZ host.

DMZ	DMZ setting for : PVC0 - Multiple IP Account DMZ :
	SAVE BACK



> DMZ Host IP Address: Enter the specified IP Address for DMZ host on the LAN side.

4.4.3.2. Virtual Server

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow NAT \rightarrow Virtual Server" in Figure 4-16, you can configure the Virtual Server in the next screen.

The Virtual Server is the server or server(s) behind NAT (on the LAN), for example, Web server or FTP server, that you can make visible to the outside world even though NAT makes your whole inside network appear as a single machine to the outside world.

Virtual Server										
	Virtu	al Server for : PV	CO - Multiple	e IP Account						
		Rule Index : 1 💌								
		Application : FT	P		HTTP_Server	*				
		Protocol : A	.L 💙							
	Start	Port Number : 21								
	End	Port Number : 21								
	Loca	IP Address : 19	2.168.1.100)						
Virtual Server Listing										
	Rule	Applicat	on	Protocol	Start Port	End Port	Local IP Address			
	1	FTP		ALL	21	21	192.168.1.100			
	2	HTTP		ALL	80	80	192.168.1.101			



- Rule Index: The Virtual server rule index for this VC. You can specify 10 rules in maximum. All the VCs with single IP will use the same Virtual Server rules.
- Start & End port number: Enter the specific Start and End Port number you want to forward. If it is one port only, you can enter the End port number the same as Start port number. For example, you want to set the FTP Virtual server, you can set the start and end port number to 21.
- > Local IP Address: Enter the IP Address for the Virtual Server in LAN side.
- > Virtual Server Listing: This displays the information about the Virtual Servers you establish.

To add a virtual server entry:

Step 1: Select the "Virtual Circuit" and select "Number of IPs". After that, select the tab **IP Address Mapping** for the Virtual server (shown in Figure 4-16).

P Note:

For VCs with single IP, select **Single**; For VCs with multiple IPs, select **Multiple** for the option.

- **Step 2:** Select the Rule index for the rule as shown in Figure 4-18.
- Step 3: Select the application you want from drop-down list, then the protocol and port number will be added to the corresponding field automatically, you only need to configure the IP address for the virtual server; If the application list does not contain the service that you want, please configure the Port number, IP Address and Protocol manually.
- **Step 4:** After that, click **SAVE** to make the entry take effect.

Other configurations for the entries as shown in Figure 4-18:

Enter the index of assigned entry, click the **DELETE** button to delete the entry.

Click the **Back** button to return to the previous screen.

Click the **CANCEL** button to cancel the configuration which is made just now.

4.4.3.3. IP Address Mapping

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow NAT \rightarrow IP Address Mapping" in Figure 4-16, you can configure the Address Mapping Rule in the next screen. The IP Address Mapping is for those VCs that configured with multiple IPs. The IP Address Mapping rule is per-VC based (only for Multiple IPs' VCs).

IP Address Mapping									
A	dress Ma								
		Rule Ind	lex:	1 👻					
		Rule Ty	/pe:	Many-to-Many	/ Overlo	ad 🔽			
	Local Start IP : 0.0.0.0					(for all local IPs, enter 0.0.0.0 for Start IP)			
	Local End IP : 255.255.255.255					(for all local IPs, enter 255.255.255.255 for End IP)			
	Pu	ıblic Star	t IP :	61.141.228.32	!]			
	P	ublic End	IP:	61.141.228.25	4]			
Address Mapping List									
Auto caa mapping clat									
	Rule	Туре	Lo	cal Start IP	Loc	al End IP	Public Start IP	Public End IP	
	1	M-M OV		0.0.0.0	255.2	55.255.255	61.141.228.32	61.141.228.254	

Figure 4-19

- Rule Index: Select the Virtual server rule index for this VC. You can specify 10 rules in maximum. All the VCs with single IP will use the same Virtual Server rules.
- Rule Typ: There are four types of one-to-one, Many-to-One, Many-to-Many Overload and Many-to-Many No-overload.
- Local Start & End IP: Enter the local IP Address you plan to mapped to. Local Start IP is the starting local IP address and Local End IP is the ending local IP address. If the rule is for all local IPs, then the Start IP is 0.0.0.0 and the End IP is 255.255.255.255.
- Public Start & End IP: Enter the public IP Address you want to do NAT. Public Start IP is the starting public IP address and Public End IP is the ending public IP address. If you have a dynamic IP, enter 0.0.0.0 as the Public Start IP.
- > Address Mapping List: This displays the information about the Mapping addresses.

To add a mapping rule:

Step 1: Select the "Virtual Circuit" and Multiple for the "Number of IPs". Then select the tab IP Address Mapping for the Virtual server (shown in Figure 4-16)..

Note:

IP Address Mapping is only available for VCs with Multiple IPs.

- Step 2: Select the Rule index for the rule as shown in Figure 4-19.
- **Step 3:** Select the rule type you want from the drop-down list.
- **Step 4:** Enter the local and public IP addresses in the corresponding fields.
- Step 5: After that, click SAVE to make the entry take effect.

Other configurations for the entries as shown in Figure 4-19:

Enter the index of assigned entry, click the **DELETE** button to delete the entry.

Click the **Back** button to return to the previous screen.

Click the **CANCEL** button to cancel the configuration which is made just now.

4.4.4 QoS

Choose "Advanced Setup→QoS", you can configure the QoS in the next screen. QoS helps to prioritize data as it enters your router. By attaching special identification marks or headers to incoming packets, QoS determines which queue the packets enter, based priority. This is useful when there are certain types of data you want to give higher priority, such as voice data packets give higher priority than Web data packets. This option will provide better service of selected network traffic over various technologies.

						ADSL2/2+ Ether	net Router
Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Firewall		NAT	Q08	VLAN ADSL		
Quality of Service							
		0.00	. 🔿	O Deactivated			
Rule		Summary		ings Summary			
Kule		Rule Index	: 1 🔽				
				<u> </u>			
		Active		O Deactivated			
		Application					
		Physical Ports	: Enet1				
	[Destination MAC	:				
		IP	:				
		Mask	:				
		Port Range	. ~				
		Source MAC	:				
		IP	:				
		Mask	:				
		Port Range					
		Protocol ID					
		Vlan ID Range	: ~				
		IPP/DS Field	: O IPP/TOS	O DSCP			
	IP Pre	cedence Range		*			
		Type of Service	:	~			
		DSCP Range		(Value Range:	0~63)		
Action		802.1p	:	*			
Action		IPP/DS Field	: O IPP/TOS	O DSCP			
	IP Preced	lence Remarking		0 0001			
	Type of Se	rvice Remarking	:	~			
	[OSCP Remarking	: (Val	ue Range: 0 ~ 63)			
	80	02.1p Remarking			*		
		Queue #	:				
			ADD DELE	TE CANCEL			



> QoS: Select this option to Activated/Deactivated the IP QoS on different types (IP ToS and

DiffServ).

- **Summary:** Click the button to view the configurations of QoS.
- Rule: Configure the rules for QoS. If the traffic complies with the rule, then the Router will take the corresponding action to deal with it.
 - **Rule Index:** Select the index for the rule you want to configure.
 - Active: Activate the rule. The rule can take effect only when it is activated.
 - Application: Select the application that the rule aimed at.
 - **Physical Ports:** Select the port whose traffic flow are controlled by the rule.
 - **Destination MAC & IP & Mask & Port Range:** Enter the IP information about the Destination host for the rule.
 - Source MAC & IP & Mask & Port Range: Enter the IP information about the Source host for the rule.
 - **Protocol ID:** Select one among TCP/UDP, TCP, UDP or ICMP protocols for the application.
 - Vlan ID Range: Enter the Vlan range, then the rule will be effective to the selected Vlans.
 - **IPP/DS Field:** Select the type of the action to assign the priority.

When you select IPP/TOS, you can assign the priority via IP information. IP QoS function is intended to deliver guaranteed as well as differentiated Internet services by giving network resource and usage control to the Network operator.

- **IP Precedence Range:** Enter the IP precedence range that the Router takes to differentiate the traffic.
- **Type of Service:** Select the type of service that the Router takes to deal with the traffic.
- **802.1p:** Select the priority range for the rule.

When you select DSCP, you can assign the priority via DHCP (the header of IP group). It maps the IP group into corresponding service class.

- **DSCP Range:** Enter the DSCP range to differentiate the traffic.
- **802.1p:** Select the priority range for the rule.
- Action: Configure the action that the Router takes to deal with the traffic which accord with the rule.
 - **IPP/DS Field:** Select the type for the action.
 - **IP Precedence Remarking:** Select the number to remark the priority for IP precedence.
 - **Type of Service Remarking:** Select the type to remark the service.
 - **DSCP Remarking:** Enter the number to remark the DSCP priority.
 - **802.1p Remarking:** Select the type to remark the 802.1p priority.
 - **Queue:** Select the priority type for the action.

4.4.5 VLAN

Choose "Advanced Setup→VLAN", you can activate the VLAN function in the next screen.

Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a group of devices on one or more LANs that are configured so that they

can communicate as if they were attached to the same wire, when in fact they are located on a number of different LAN segments. Because VLANs are based on logical instead of physical connections, it is very flexible for user/host management, bandwidth allocation and resource optimization. There are two types of VLAN as follows:

Port-Based VLAN: Each physical switch port is configured with an access list specifying membership in a set of VLANs.

ATM VLAN: Using LAN Emulation (LANE) protocol to map Ethernet packets into ATM cells and deliver them to their destination by converting an Ethernet MAC address into an ATM address.

						ADSL2/2+ Ethe	ernet Router				
Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help				
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	00S 🔍	LAN ADSL						
VLAN											
	VLAN Function : 💿 Activated 🔘 Deactivated										
		Assign VLAN PVID for each Interface									
		Define VLAN Group									



1. Assign VLAN PVID for each Interface

Click **Assign VLAN PVID for each Interface** in Figure 4-21, you can assign the PVID for each interface in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-22).

PVID Assign	
	ATM VC #0: PVID 1
	VC #1 : PVID 1
	VC #2: pvid 1
	VC #3: pvid 1
	VC #4 : PVID 1
	VC #5: PVID 1
	VC #6: pvid 1
	VC #7 : pvid 1
	Ethernet Port #1 : pvip1
	SAVE CANCEL NEXT



PVID: Each physical port has a default VID called PVID (Port VID). PVID is assigned to untagged frames or priority tagged frames (frames with null (0) VID) received on this port.

2. Define VLAN Group

Click **Define VLAN Group** in Figure 4-21, you can define VLAN groups in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-23).

VLAN Group Setting											
		١	/LAN Inc	łex : 1 💌							
		Active : 💿 Yes 🔘 No									
			VLAN	ID: 1 (Decimal)							
			ATM V	Tagged Image: Image							
			Ether	net : Port # 1							
VLAN Group Summary											
	Group	Active	ID	VLAN Group Ports	VLAN Tagged Ports						
	1	Yes	1	e1,u,p0,p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7							
	p:pvc, e	ethernet									
				SAVE DELETE CANCEL							



- > VLAN Index: Select the VLAN index for this VC. You can specify 8 groups in maximum.
- > VLAN ID: This indicates the VLAN group.
- ATM VCs: Select the ATM VCs as members of VLAN, and if you leave the Tagged blank, the tag in frames will be deleted when transmitted from the VC.
- Ethernet: Select the Ethernet port as a member of VLAN, and if you leave the Tagged blank, the tag in frames will be deleted when transmitted from the port.
- USB: Select the USB port as a member of VLAN, and if you leave the Tagged blank, the tag in frames will be deleted when transmitted from the port.
- > VLAN Group Summary: This displays the information about the VLAN Groups.

4.4.6 ADSL

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow ADSL", you can select the ADSL Type and ADSL Mode in the next screen. The ADSL feature can be selected when you meet the physical connection problem. Please check the proper settings with your Internet service provider.

							ADSL2/2+E	thernet Router
Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Managemen	t Main	tenance	Status	Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	QoS	VLAN	ADSL		
ADSL								
		ADSL Mode	: Auto Sync-Up	o 🕶				
		ADSL Type	ANNEX A/L	*				
			SAVE					

Figure 4-24

- > **ADSL Mode:** Select the ADSL operation mode which your ADSL connection uses.
- > **ADSL Type:** Select the ADSL operation type which your ADSL connection uses.

4.5 Access Management

Choose "Access Management", you can see the next submenus:





Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.5.1 ACL

Choose "Access Management \rightarrow ACL", you can see the next screen (shown in Figure 4-26). You can specify the client to access the ADSL Router once setting his IP as a Secure IP Address through selected applications.

						ADSL2/2+ Etherr	net Router			
Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help			
Management	ACL	Filter	SNM	P UPnP	DDNS	CWMP				
Access Control Setup										
		ACL	: 💿 Activated	O Deactivated						
Access Control Editing										
	ACL Rule Index : 1 💌									
	Active : 💿 Yes 🔘 No									
	Sec	ure IP Address	: 192.168.1.20	~ 192.168.1.20	0 (0.0.0.0 ~ 0.0.	0.0 means all IPs)				
		Application								
Access Control Listing		Interface	: Both 🚩							
Access cond of Listing	1	ndex Act	ive s	ecure IP Address	Application	Interface				
		1 Ye	es 192	168.1.20-192.168.1.200	VVeb	Both				
	SAVE DELETE CANCEL									

Figure 4-26

- ACL: If Activated, the IP addresses which are contained in the Access Control List can access to the Router. If Deactivated, all IP addresses can access to the Router.
- > ACL Rule Index: Select the ACL rule index for the entry.
- > Active: Enable the ACL rule.
- Secure IP Address: Select the IP addresses which are permitted to access to the Router remotely. With the default IP 0.0.0.0, any client would be allowed to remotely access the ADSL Router.
- Application: Select the application for the ACL rule, and then you can access the Router through it.
- > Interface: Select the interface for access: LAN, WAN or Both.
- > Access Control of Listing: This displays the information about the ACL Rules.

4.5.2 Filter

Choose "Access Management→Filter", you can see the Filter screen (the default is IP/MAC Filter screen shown in). The filtering feature includes IP/MAC Filter, Application Filter, URL Filter. The feature makes it possible for administrators to control user's access to the Internet, protect the networks.

4.5.2.1. IP Filter

Select **IP/Mac Filter** as the Filter type, and select **IP** as the Rule type (shown in Figure 4-27), then you can configure the filter rules based on IP address. The filtering includes **Outgoing** and **Incoming**, the detailed descriptions are provided below.

ADSL2/2+ Ethernet Router Quick Interface Advanced Maintenance Status Help Access Start Setup Setup Management Management C Filter Filter Filter Type Filter Type Selection : (P / MAC Filter) IP / MAC Filter Set Editing IP / MAC Filter Set Index : 1 🛛 😽 Interface : PVC0 🔽 Direction : Both IP / MAC Filter Rule Editing IP / MAC Filter Rule Index : 1 🔽 Rule Type : 🕐 💌 Active: 💿 Yes 🔘 No Source IP Address : 192.168.1.7 (0.0.0.0 means Don't care) Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.255 Port Number: 0 (0 means Don't care) Destination IP Address : 0.0.0.0 (0.0.0.0 means Don't care) Subnet Mask : 0.0.0.0 Port Number: 25 (0 means Don't care) Protocol : TCP 🔽 Rule Unmatched : Next IP / MAC Filter Listing IP / MAC Filter Set Index 1 🗸 Interface **PVC0** Direction Both Dest # Active Src Address/Mask Dest IP/Mask Src Port Protocol Unmatched Port 192.168.1.7/ 0.0.0.0/ 1 TCP 0 25 Next Yes 255.255.255.255 0.0.0.0 192.168.1.7/ 0.0.0.0/ 2 0 110 TCP Forward Yes 255.255.255.255 0.0.0.0 192.168.1.8/ 202.96.134.12/ 3 Yes 0 0 TCP Forward 255.255.255.255 255.255.255.255 4 5 6 SAVE DELETE CANCEL

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Figure 4-27

- Filter Type Selection: Select the filter type for the next configuration. \geq
- IP/MAC Filter Set Index: Select the Set index for the IP Filter entry. This index can match \triangleright with six IP / MAC Filter Rule Indexes.
- Interface: Select the interface for the entry. \geq
- Direction: Select the direction for this IP Filter rule. There are three filtering directions: Both, \geq Incoming, Outgoing.

P Note:

Selecting Outgoing, the filtering feature only allows some IP traffic from LAN to access to some specifically addresses. Selecting Incoming, the filtering feature only allows some IP traffic from WAN to access to some specifically addresses; Selecting Both, the IP traffic from LAN and WAN are both blocked. By default, all outgoing IP traffic from LAN is blocked, but some IP traffic can be allowed by setting up filters.

> **IP/MAC Filter Rule Index:** Select the Rule index for the IP Filter entry.

P Note:

You should set the **IP/MAC Filter Set Index** and **IP/MAC Filter Rule Index** together to appoint the address (shown in the Filter List) for the IP Filter rule. For example, (1, 2), it means the rule will be shown in the row 2 for the matching with 1.

- > **Rule Type:** For IP Filter, please select IP here.
- > Active: Select "Yes" to make the rule to take effect.
- Source IP Address: Enter the source IP address for the rule. You can enter 0.0.0.0; it means that all IP addresses are controlled by the rule.
- Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask for the rule.
- Port Number: Enter the Port Number for the rule. You can enter 0, it means that all ports are controlled by the rule.
- > **Protocol:** Select the protocol: **TCP**, **UDP** or **ICMP** for the filter rule.
- Rule Unmatched: If the current rule can not match, and you select Forward, the router will skip the rule and transmit directly. If you select Next, the router will find the next filter rule (show in Filter list) to match.
- > **IP/MAC Filter Listing:** This displays the information about the IP Filter rules.

To add an IP Address filtering entry:

For example: If you desire to block E-mail received and sent by the IP address 192.168.1.7 on your local network; And wish to make the PCs with IP address 192.168.1.8 unable to visit the website of IP address 202.96.134.12, while other PCs have no limit. You can configure the rules as follows. Presume the rules are both aimed at the interface PVC0, and their indexes are (1, 1), (1, 2) and (1, 3).

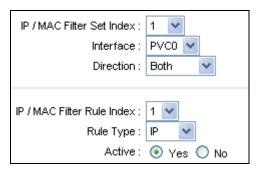
Step 1: Select the "IP/MAC Filter" as the Filer Type Selection (show in Figure 4-27).



Select the "IP" as the Rule Type on the Filter screen, then you can configure the specific rule for the example.



Step 2: Select the IP/MAC Filter Set Index and IP/MAC Filter Rule Index for the rule, then select the Interface "PVC0", and select the Direction "Both" for the first rule.



P Note:

If you want to make the rule take effect, please select **Yes** to active the rule.

Step 3: Enter the "Source IP Address", "Destination IP Address", "Subnet Mask" and "Port Number" in the corresponding field.

Source IP Address : Subnet Mask :	192.168.1.7 255.255.255.255		(0.0.0.0 means Don't care)
Port Number :	0	(0 mea	ans Don't care)
Destination IP Address : Subnet Mask :			(0.0.0.0 means Don't care)
Port Number :	25	(0 mea	ans Don't care)
Protocol : Rule Unmatched :	TCP 💌 Next 💙		

- Step 4: Select the Protocol as "TCP" and select the Unmatched rule as "Next".
- **Step 5:** Finally, click the **SAVE** to save the entry.
- Step 6: Go to Step 2 to configure the next two rules: Block E-mail received by the IP address 192.168.1.7 on your local network; Make the PC with IP address 192.168.1.8 unable to visit the website of IP address 202.96.134.12.

Solution Note:

After you complete the IP filter rules for the example, the Filter list will show as follows. You can enter the **IP / MAC Filter Set Index** to view the information about the rule.

#	Active	Src Address/Mask	Dest IP/Mask	Src Port	Dest Port	Protocol	Unmatched
1	Yes	192.168.1.7/ 255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0/ 0.0.0.0	0	25	ТСР	Next
2	Yes	192.168.1.7/ 255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0/ 0.0.0.0	0	110	ТСР	Forward
3	Yes	192.168.1.8/ 255.255.255.255	202.96.134.12/ 255.255.255.255	0	0	ТСР	Forward

Other configurations for the entries as shown in Figure 4-27:

Enter the IP / MAC Filter Set Index and IP/MAC Filter Rule Index to view or modify the entry.

Enter the **IP / MAC Filter Set Index** and **IP/MAC Filter Rule Index** to locate the specific rule, and then click the **DELETE** button to delete the entry.

4.5.2.2. MAC Filter

Select **IP/Mac Filter** as the Filter type, and select **MAC** as the Rule type (shown in Figure 4-28), then you can configure the filter rules based on MAC address.

									AUSLZ/Z+EL	nernet Route	
Access		iick tart	Interface Setup	Advan Setu		Access Inagemen	t Mai	ntenance	Status	Help	
Management		ACL	Filter	>	SNMP	UPnP	1	DDNS	CVVMP		
Filter											
Filter Type											
		Filter	r Type Selectior	n : (P / MAC	Filter 😽						
IP / MAC Filter Set Editing											
		IP / MAC	CFitter Set Inde:								
		Interface : PVC0 👽 Direction : Both 👽									
IP / MAC Filter Rule Editing			Direction	n: Both	*						
IP / MAC Filter Rule Editing			Filter Rule Inde:	v 1 🐼							
		IF 7 MAC									
				e: 💽 Yes	O No						
						_					
			MAC Address								
IP / MAC Filter Listing			Rule Unmatche		*						
Ŭ	IP	/ MAC Fi	ilter Set Index	ι 1 🔽	, i	nterface	PVC)	Direction	Both	
	#	Active	Src Addres	s/Mask	Dest IP	/Mask	Src Port	Dest Port	Protocol	Unmatched	
	1	Yes	00:0a:eb:00				-	-	-	Next	
	2	Yes	00:0a:eb:0	0:07:5f			-	-	-	Forward	
	3	-	-				-	-	-	-	
	4	-	-		· · · · ·		-	-	-	-	
	6	-	-				-	-	-	-	
				SAVE	DELETE	CANCEL					

Figure 4-28

- > Rule Type: Select MAC for the MAC Filter rule.
- > Active: Select "Yes" to make the rule to take effect.
- > MAC Address: Enter the MAC address for the rule.
- Rule Unmatched: If the current rule can not match, and you select Forward, the router will skip the rule and transmit directly. If you select Next, the router will find the next filter rule (show in Filter list) to match.
- > **IP/MAC Filter Listing:** This displays the information about the MAC Filter rules.

To add a MAC Address filtering entry:

Filter Type Selection : IP / MAC Filter

For example: If you want to block the PCs with MAC addresses 00-0A-EB-00-07-BE and 00-0A-EB-00-07-5F to access the Internet, you can configure as follows. Presume the rules are both aimed at the interface PVC0, and their indexes are (1, 1) and (1, 2).

Step 1: Select the "IP/MAC Filter" as the Filer Type Selection:

Select the "MAC" as the Rule Type on the Filter screen (show in Figure 4-28).

, Then you can configure the specific rule for the example.

Step 2: Select the IP/MAC Filter Set Index and IP/MAC Filter Rule Index for the rule, then

select the Interface "PVC0", and select the Direction "Outgoing" for the first rule.

IP / MAC Filter Set Index :	1 💙
Interface :	PVC0 🔽
Direction :	Outgoing 🔽
IP / MAC Filter Rule Index :	1 💌
Rule Type :	MAC 🔽
Active :	💿 Yes 🔘 No

P Note:

If you want to make the rule take effect, please select Yes to active the rule.

Step 3: Enter the "MAC Address" and select the Unmatched rule as "Next".

MAC Address :	00:0A:EB:00:07:BE				
Rule Unmatched :	Next 💌				

Step 4: Finally, click the **SAVE** to save the entry.

Step 5: Go to Step 2 to configure the next rule: Block the PC with MAC address 00-0A-EB-00-07-5F to access the Internet.

P Note:

After you complete the MAC filter rules for the example, the Filter list will show as follows. You can enter the **IP / MAC Filter Set Index** to view the information about the rule.

#	Active	Src Address/Mask	Dest IP/Mask	Src Port	Dest Port	Protocol	Unmatched
1	Yes	00:0a:eb:00:07:be	-	-	-	-	Next
2	Yes	00:0a:eb:00:07:5f	-	-	-	-	Forward

Other configurations for the entries as shown in Figure 4-27:

Enter the IP / MAC Filter Set Index and IP/MAC Filter Rule Index to view or modify the entry.

Enter the **IP / MAC Filter Set Index** and **IP/MAC Filter Rule Index** to locate the specific rule, and then click the **DELETE** button to delete the entry.

4.5.2.3. Application Filter

Select **Application Filter** as the Filter type (shown in Figure 4-29), then you can configure the filter rules based on application.

						ADSL2/2+ Ethe	ernet Router				
Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help				
Management	ACL	Filter		P UPnP	DDNS	CVVMP					
Filter											
Filter Type											
	Filter Type Selection : Application Filter										
Application Filter Editing											
		Application Filte	r: 💿 Activated	O Deactivated							
			2: 💽 Allow 🔘								
			V: ⊙ Allow ○ ∋: ○ Allow ⊙	·							
			D: O Allow 💿	·							
				5011							
			SAVE CA	NCEL							

Figure 4-29

- **Filter Type Selection:** Select the Application Filter for the next configuration.
- > Application Filter: Activate or deactivate the function.
- ICQ & MSN & YMSG & Real Audio/Video: Select Allow or Deny for these applications. If you select Allow, the Router will accept the application; if you select Deny, the Router will forbid the application.

4.5.2.4. URL

Select **Application Filter** as the Filter type (shown in Figure 4-30), then you can configure the filter rules based on URL.

						ADSL2/2+ Eth	ernet Router				
Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help				
Management	ACL	Filter	SNMF	P UPnP	DDNS	CWMP					
Filter											
Filter Type											
	Filt	Filter Type Selection : Application Filter									
Application Filter Editing											
		Application Filte	r: 💿 Activated	O Deactivated							
		ICC	2: 💿 Allow 🔘	Deny							
		MSN: 💿 Allow 🔘 Deny									
		YMSG: 🔘 Allow 💿 Deny									
		Real Audio∕Vide	o: 🔘 Allow 💿	Deny							
			SAVE CAI	NCEL							

Figure 4-30

- > Filter Type Selection: Select the URL Filter for the next configuration.
- > Active: Select "Yes" to make the rule to take effect.
- > **URL Index:** Select the index for the URL Filter entry.
- > **URL:** Enter the URL for this URL Filter.
- > URL Filter Listing: This displays the information about the URL Filter rules.

To add a URL filter entry:

For example: If you want to forbid the user to access the website: <u>www.sina.com</u>. Presume the rule is aimed at the interface PVC0, and its index is "1".

Step 1: Select the "URL Filter" as the Filer Type Selection (show in Figure 4-30).

Step 2: Select the Index for the rule, and then enter the website in the URL field.

Step 3: Finally, Select Yes to active the rule, and then click the SAVE to save the entry.

Other configurations for the entries as shown in Figure 4-27:

Enter the **URL Index** to view or modify the entry.

Enter the **URL Index** to locate the specific rule, and then click the **DELETE** button to delete the entry.

4.5.3 SNMP

Choose "Access Management→SNMP", you can see the SNMP screen. The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is used for exchanging information between network devices.

							ADSL2/2+ Eth	ernet Router
Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Managem		Maintenance	Status	Help
Management	ACL	Filter		D UP	nP	DDNS	CWMP	
SNMP								
		Get Community :	public					
		Set Community :	public					
			SAVE					

Figure 4-31

- Get Community: Select to set the password for the incoming Get and Get next requests from the management station.
- Set Community: Select to set the password for incoming Set requests from the management station.

4.5.4 UPnP

Choose "Access Management \rightarrow UPnP", you can configure the UPnP in the screen (shown in Figure 4-32).

UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) is a distributed, open networking standard that uses TCP/IP for simple peer-to-peer network connectivity between devices. An UPnP device can dynamically join a network, obtain an IP address, convey its capabilities and learn about other devices on the network. In turn, a device can leave a network smoothly and automatically when it is no longer in use. UPnP broadcasts are only allowed on the LAN.

						ADSL2/2+ Ethe	rnet Router		
Access Management	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help		
	ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnP	DDNS	CWMP			
Universal Plug & Play									
	UPnP : 💿 Activated 🔘 Deactivated								
	Auto-configured: 🔘 Activated 💿 Deactivated (by UPnP-enabled Application)								
			SAVE						

Figure 4-32

- UPnP: Activate or Deactivate the UPnP function. Only when the function is activated, can the UPnP take effect.
- Auto-Configure: If you activate the function, then the UPnP network devices can automatically configure network addressing, announce their presence in the network to other UPnP devices and enable exchange of simple product and service descriptions.

4.5.5 DDNS

Choose "Access Management→DDNS", you can configure the DDNS function in the screen (shown in Figure 4-33).

The router offers a Dynamic Domain Name System (**DDNS**) feature. The feature lets you use a static host name with a dynamic IP address. User should type the host name, user name and password assigned to your ADSL Router by your Dynamic DNS provider. User also can decide to turn on DYNDNS Wildcard or not.

						ADSL2/2+ Ethe	ernet Router
Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
Management	ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnP	DDNS	CVVMP	
Dynamic DNS							
		Dynamic DNS :	Activated	Deactivated			
		Service Provider :	www.dyndns.o	rg			
		My Host Name :			7		
		E-mail Address :			Ĩ		
		Username :			Ī		
		Password:			4		
		Wildcard support :					
		v vilucaru support.	V Yes 🕑 N	D			
			SAVE				

Figure 4-33

- > **Dynamic DNS:** Activate the DDNS function or not.
- Service Provider: This field displays the service provider of DDNS.
- > My Host Name: Enter your host name here.
- **E-mail Address:** Enter your E-mail address here.
- > Username & Password: Type the "User Name" and "Password" for your DDNS account.

> Wildcard support: Select the option to use Wildcard function

4.5.6 CWMP

Choose "Access Management→CWMP", you can configure the CWMP function in the screen (shown in Figure 4-34).

The router offers CWMP feature. The function supports TR-069 protocol which collects information, diagnoses the devices and configures the devices automatically via ACS (Auto-Configuration Server).

						ADSL2/2+ Eth	ernet Router
Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
Management	ACL	Filter	SNMF	UPnP	DDNS	CWMP	
CWMP Setup							
		CVVMP	: 💿 Activated 🤇	Deactivated			
Login ACS							
		URL	:				
		User Name	:		7		
		Password	:		Ī		
Connection Request							
		Path	: /tr069				
		Port	: 80				
		UserName	:]		
		Password	:]		
Periodic Inform							
		Periodic Inform	CActivated	Deactivated			
		Interval	: 0				
			SAVE CAN	CEL			
			~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~				

Figure 4-34

- > **CWMP:** Select activate the CWMP function.
- > **URL:** Enter the website of ACS which is provided by your ISP.
- > User Name/Password: Enter the User Name and password to login the ACS server.
- > **Path:** Enter the path that connects to the ACS server.
- > **Port:** Enter the port that connects to the ACS server.
- User Name/Password: Enter the User Name and Password that provided the ACS server to login the router.
- Periodic Inform: Activate or deactivate the function. If Activated, the information will be informed to ACS server periodically.
- > Interval: Enter the interval time here.

# 4.6 Maintenance

Choose "Maintenance", you can see the next submenus:

			TD-8816	ADSL2/2+	Ethernet Rou	uter User	Guide
Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Administr	ation Tim	ie Zone 👘 F	irmware Sy	sRestart Diag	nostics	

Figure 4-35

Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

# 4.6.1 Administration

Choose "**Maintenance→Administration**", you can set new password for admin in the screen (shown in Figure 4-36).

								ADSL2/2+ Ethe	rnet Router
Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Acces Managen		Maintena	ance	Status	Help
	Administr	ration Tim	e Zone	Firmware	Sys	Restart	Diag	nostics	
Administrator									
		Username	admin						
		New Password	:						
	с	onfirm Password	:						
			SAVE CA	ANCEL					
			<b>—</b>						



# P Note:

- 1) There is only one account that can access Web-Management interface. The default account is "admin", and the password is "admin". Admin has read/write access privilege.
- When you change the password, you should enter the new password twice, and then click SAVE to make the new password take effect.

# 4.6.2 Time Zone

Choose "**Maintenance**  $\rightarrow$  **Time Zone**", you can configure the system time in the screen (shown in Figure 4-36).

The system time is the time used by the device for scheduling services. There are three methods to configure the time. You can manually set the time or connect to a NTP (Network Time Protocol) server. If a NTP server is set, you will only need to set the time zone. If you manually set the time, you may also set Daylight Saving dates and the system time will automatically adjust on those dates.

# 1. NTP Server automatically

Select **NTP Server automatically** as the Synchronize time, you only need to set the time zone.

					ADS	SL2/2+ Ethern	et Router
Maintenance	Quick Interface Start Setup		:ess jement	Maintena	nce S	tatus	Help
	Administration Time	Zone Firmware	Sy	sRestart	Diagnos	tics	
Time Zone							
	Current Date/Time :	06/11/2007 01:47:04					
Time Synchronization							į
	Synchronize time with :	<ul> <li>NTP Server automatic</li> </ul>	ally				
		PC's Clock					
		🔘 Manualiy					
	Time Zone :	(GMT) Greenwich Mean 1	ime : Dublin	i, Edinburgh, List	oon, Londor	י 💌	
	Daylight Saving :	🔘 Enabled 💿 Disabled					1
	NTP Server Address :	0.0.0.0	(0.0.0	.0: Default Value	)		
		SAVE CANCEL					

Figure 4-37

# P Note:

The ADSL Router built-in some NTP Servers, when the Router connects to the Internet, the Router will get the system time automatically from the NTP Server. You can also configure the NTP Server address automatically, and then the Router will get the time from the specific Server firstly.

# 2. PC's Clock

Select PC's Clock as the Synchronize time, you don't need to set any items.

								-D JE2/2 · Euro	meenouter
Maintenance		erface Setup	Advanced Setup	Acce: Manage		Maintena	ince	Status	Help
	Administration	Tim	ie Zone	Firmware	Sys	sRestart	Diag	nostics	
Time Zone									
	Currer	nt Date/Time	: 06/11/2007 09	9:49:12					
Time Synchronization									
	Synchronia	ze time with	: 🔘 NTP Serv	er automatically	,				
			💿 PC's Cloc	:k					
			🔘 Manually						
		Date	: 6 📝 11	1 2007	(Month/D	ate/Year)			
		Time	: 09 : 49	: 12	(hour:mir	n:sec)			
						,			
			SAVE C/	ANCEL					
			<b>F</b> ¹ · · · · ·	4.00					

Figure 4-38

# 3. Manually

Select **Manually** as the Synchronize time, you need to set the date and time corresponding to the current time.

					ADSL2/2+ Ethernet Router
Maintenance		erface Advance etup Setup		Maintenance	Status Help
		Time Zone	Firmware Sy	sRestart Diag	inostics
Time Zone					
	Current	Date/Time : 06/11/2007	09:50:12		
Time Synchronization					
	Synchronize	e time with : 🔘 NTP S	erver automatically		
		🔘 PC's C	lock		
		💿 Manua	ally		
		Date: 6 💌 11	/ 2007 (Month/L	)ate/Year)	
		Time : 09 ;	50 : 12 (hour:mi	n:sec)	
		SAVE	CANCEL		
		Figur	e 4-39		

# 4.6.3 Firmware

Choose "**Maintenance**  $\rightarrow$  **Firmware**", you can upgrade the firmware of the Router in the screen (shown in Figure 4-40). Make sure the firmware or romfile you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer. Click **Browse** to find the local hard drive and locate the firmware or romfile to be used for upgrade.

								ADSL2/2+ Ethe	ernet Router
Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	l Access Managem		Mainter	nance	Status	Help
		tion Tim	e Zone	Firmware			Diag		
Firmware/Romfile Upgrade									
	Current Fir	mware Version	: 1.0.0 Build 0	70827 Rel.64691					
	New Fin	mware Location	:			Browse			
	New F	Romfile Location	:			Browse			
		Romfile Backup	ROMFILE	SAVE					
		Status		several minutes, do		ver off it duri	na unared	ing Device will r	restart after
		0	the upgrade.	several minutes, uo	лт рочч		ng upgrau	ng. Device wini	estart arter
			UPGRADE						

Figure 4-40

To upgrade the router's firmware, follow these instructions below:

- Step 1: Download a more recent firmware upgrade file from the TP-LINK website (www.tp-link.com).
- **Step 2:** Type the path and file name of the update file into the "New Firmware Location" field. Or click the **Browse** button to locate the update file.
- Step 3: Click the UPGRADE button.
- P Note:
  - 1) New firmware versions are posted at <u>www.tp-link.com</u> and can be downloaded for free. If

the router is not experiencing difficulties, there is no need to download a more recent firmware version, unless the version has a new feature that you want to use.

- 2) When you upgrade the router's firmware, you may lose its current configurations, so please back up the router's current settings before you upgrade its firmware.
- 3) Do not turn off the router or press the Reset button while the firmware is being upgraded.
- 4) The router will reboot after the upgrading has been finished.

# To back up the Router's current settings:

**Step 1:** Click the **ROMFILE SAVE** button (shown in Figure 4-40), click **Save** button in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-41) to proceed.

File Dow	vnload - Security Warning 🛛 🔀
Do you	ı want to save this file?
	Name: rom-0 Type: Unknown File Type, 16.0 KB From: 192.168.1.1 <u>S</u> ave Cancel
١	While files from the Internet can be useful, this file type can potentially harm your computer. If you do not trust the source, do not save this software. <u>What's the risk?</u>

Figure 4-41

**Step 2:** Save the file as the appointed file (shown in Figure 4-42).

Save As							? 🔀
Savejn:	🚞 TD-8816		*	6	1 🖻	•	
My Recent Documents							
Desktop							
Documents							
My Computer							
	File <u>n</u> ame:	rom-Q			*	] [	<u>S</u> ave
My Network	Save as <u>t</u> ype:	Document	 		*	] [	Cancel

Figure 4-42

To restore the Router's settings:

- **Step 1:** Click the **Browse** button to locate the update file for the device, or enter the exact path in "New Romfile Location" field.
- **Step 2:** Click the **UPGRADE** button to complete.

# 4.6.4 System Restart

Choose "Maintenance  $\rightarrow$  System Restart", you can select to restart the device with current settings or restore to factory default settings in the screen (shown in Figure 4-43).

								ADSL2/2+ Ethe	ernet Router
Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Acce Manage		Mainten	ance	Status	Help
	Administi	ration T	ime Zone	Firmware	Sys	Restart	Diag	nostics	
System Restart									
	Sy	stem Restart v	/ith : 💿 Current	Settings					
			🔘 Factory	Default Settings					
			RESTART	]					
			<b>-</b>	1 10					

Figure 4-43

# 4.6.5 Diagnostic

Choose "**Maintenance→Diagnostic**", you can view the test results for the connectivity of the physical layer and protocol layer for both LAN and WAN sides in the screen (shown in Figure 4-44).

							ADSL2/2+ Ethe	rnet Router
Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advance Setup	d Acce Manage		Maintenanco	e Status	Help
	Administr	ation Tir	ne Zone	Firmware	SysF	Restart 🛛 🖸	iagnostics	
Diagnostic Test								
	√irt	ual Circuit: PVC	0 💌					
	>>	Testing Etherne	t LAN connectio	on	P/	ASS		
	>>	Testing ADSL S	ynchronization		P/	455		
	>>	Testing ATM O	AM segment pin	g	P/	ASS		
	>>	Testing ATM O	AM end to end p	oing	E.	AIL		
	>>	Ping Primary Do	main Name Ser	ver.	E.	AIL		
	>>	Ping www.yah	00.com		P/	ASS		

Figure 4-44

# 4.7 Help

Choose "**Help**", you can view the help information for configuration of any function.

						ADSL2/2+ Ether	net Router
Help	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
Quick Start							
		0	Quick Start				
Interface Setup							
		•	Internet Setti	pac			
			LAN Settings				
		•	EAN Soldings				
Advanced Setup		-					
			Firewall				
		ŏ	Routing NAT				
		-	QoS				
			VLAN				
		-	ADSL				
Access Management							
Access management		•	ACL				
			ACL IP Filter				
		-	SNMP				
		-	UPnP				
		-	DDNS				
Maintenance							
		0	Administratio	ND .			
		-	Time Zone	/1			
		-	Firmware				
			SysRestart				
			Diagnostics				
Status							
		0	Device Info				
		ŏ					
		ŏ	Statistics				
		•					

Figure 4-45

# P Note:

Click the tab, and you will be able to get the corresponding information.

# Appendix A: Specification

General					
Standards and Protocols	ANSI T1.413, ITU G.992.1, ITU G.992.2, ITU G.992.3, ITU G.992.5				
	IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, TCP/IP, PPPoA , PPPoE, SNTP, HTTP,				
	DHCP, ICMP, NAT,CWMP				
Safety & Emission	FCC、 CE				
Ports	1 10/100M Auto-Negotiation RJ45 port (Auto MDI/MDIX)				
	1 RJ11 port				
LEDs	LAN, ADSL				
	Power, ACT				
Network Medium	10Base-T: UTP category 3, 4, 5 cable				
	100Base-TX: UTP category-5				
	Max line length: 6.5Km				
Transmit data-rate	Max download data-rate: 24Mbps				
	Max upload data-rate: 1Mbps				
System Requirement	Internet Explorer 5.0 or later, Netscape Navigator 6.0 or later				
	Win 9x/ME/2000/XP/Vista				
Power	Input: 9VAC/0.8A, 50Hz or 60 Hz				
	Power: 4W (maximal)				
Physical and Environment					
Working Temperature	0°C ~40°C				
Working Humidity	10% ~ 90% RH (non-condensing)				
Storage Temperature	mperature -40°C ~ 70°C				
Storage Humidity	5% ~ 90% RH (non-condensing)				