



# Cisco 860 Series and Cisco 880 Series Integrated Services Routers Hardware Installation Guide

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- Turn the television or radio antenna until the interference stops.
- Move the equipment to one side or the other of the television or radio.
- Move the equipment farther away from the television or radio.
- Plug the equipment into an outlet that is on a different circuit from the television or radio. (That is, make certain the equipment and the television or radio are on circuits controlled by different circuit breakers or fuses.)

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# **Preface**

This preface describes the objectives, audience, organization, and conventions of this guide, and describes related documents that have additional information. It contains the following sections:

- Objective, page iii
- Audience, page iii
- Organization, page iv
- Conventions, page iv
- Related Documentation, page xi
- Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request, page xi

# **Objective**

This guide provides an overview and explains how to install, connect, and perform initial configuration for the wireless and nonwireless Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series integrated services routers (ISRs). Some information may not apply to your particular router model.

For warranty, service, and support information, see the "Cisco One-Year Limited Hardware Warranty Terms" section in the document *Readme First for the Cisco 800 Series Integrated Services Routers* that was shipped with your router.

# **Audience**

This guide is intended for Cisco equipment providers who are technically knowledgeable and familiar with Cisco routers and Cisco IOS software and features.

# **Organization**

This guide is organized into the following chapters and appendix.

Product Overview	Describes briefly the router models and the hardware features available.
Installing the Router	Lists items shipped with the router, equipment and tools necessary for installing the router, safety warnings and guidelines, and the procedures for installing the router.
Connecting the Router	Describes typical connections for the router, procedures for connecting the router to various devices, and how to verify the connections.
Initial Configuration	Provides the procedures for initially configuring the router settings.
Appendix A, "Technical Specifications"	Provides router, port, and cabling specifications.

# **Conventions**

This section describes the conventions used in this guide.



Means *reader take note*. Notes contain helpful suggestions or references to additional information and material.



This symbol means *reader be careful*. In this situation, you might do something that could result in equipment damage or loss of data.



#### **IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**

This warning symbol means danger. You are in a situation that could cause bodily injury. Before you work on any equipment, be aware of the hazards involved with electrical circuitry and be familiar with standard practices for preventing accidents. Use the statement number provided at the end of each warning to locate its translation in the translated safety warnings that accompanied this device. Statement 1071

#### **SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS**

#### Waarschuwing BE

#### **BELANGRIJKE VEILIGHEIDSINSTRUCTIES**

Dit waarschuwingssymbool betekent gevaar. U verkeert in een situatie die lichamelijk letsel kan veroorzaken. Voordat u aan enige apparatuur gaat werken, dient u zich bewust te zijn van de bij elektrische schakelingen betrokken risico's en dient u op de hoogte te zijn van de standaard praktijken om ongelukken te voorkomen. Gebruik het nummer van de verklaring onderaan de waarschuwing als u een vertaling van de waarschuwing die bij het apparaat wordt geleverd, wilt raadplegen.

#### **BEWAAR DEZE INSTRUCTIES**

#### Varoitus

#### TÄRKEITÄ TURVALLISUUSOHJEITA

Tämä varoitusmerkki merkitsee vaaraa. Tilanne voi aiheuttaa ruumiillisia vammoja. Ennen kuin käsittelet laitteistoa, huomioi sähköpiirien käsittelemiseen liittyvät riskit ja tutustu onnettomuuksien yleisiin ehkäisytapoihin. Turvallisuusvaroitusten käännökset löytyvät laitteen mukana toimitettujen käännettyjen turvallisuusvaroitusten joukosta varoitusten lopussa näkyvien lausuntonumeroiden avulla.

#### SÄILYTÄ NÄMÄ OHJEET

#### **Attention**

#### **IMPORTANTES INFORMATIONS DE SÉCURITÉ**

Ce symbole d'avertissement indique un danger. Vous vous trouvez dans une situation pouvant entraîner des blessures ou des dommages corporels. Avant de travailler sur un équipement, soyez conscient des dangers liés aux circuits électriques et familiarisez-vous avec les procédures couramment utilisées pour éviter les accidents. Pour prendre connaissance des traductions des avertissements figurant dans les consignes de sécurité traduites qui accompagnent cet appareil, référez-vous au numéro de l'instruction situé à la fin de chaque avertissement.

#### **CONSERVEZ CES INFORMATIONS**

#### Warnung

#### **WICHTIGE SICHERHEITSHINWEISE**

Dieses Warnsymbol bedeutet Gefahr. Sie befinden sich in einer Situation, die zu Verletzungen führen kann. Machen Sie sich vor der Arbeit mit Geräten mit den Gefahren elektrischer Schaltungen und den üblichen Verfahren zur Vorbeugung vor Unfällen vertraut. Suchen Sie mit der am Ende jeder Warnung angegebenen Anweisungsnummer nach der jeweiligen Übersetzung in den übersetzten Sicherheitshinweisen, die zusammen mit diesem Gerät ausgeliefert wurden.

#### **BEWAHREN SIE DIESE HINWEISE GUT AUF.**

#### Avvertenza IMPORTANTI ISTRUZIONI SULLA SICUREZZA

Questo simbolo di avvertenza indica un pericolo. La situazione potrebbe causare infortuni alle persone. Prima di intervenire su qualsiasi apparecchiatura, occorre essere al corrente dei pericoli relativi ai circuiti elettrici e conoscere le procedure standard per la prevenzione di incidenti. Utilizzare il numero di istruzione presente alla fine di ciascuna avvertenza per individuare le traduzioni delle avvertenze riportate in questo documento.

#### **CONSERVARE QUESTE ISTRUZIONI**

#### Advarsel VIKTIGE SIKKERHETSINSTRUKSJONER

Dette advarselssymbolet betyr fare. Du er i en situasjon som kan føre til skade på person. Før du begynner å arbeide med noe av utstyret, må du være oppmerksom på farene forbundet med elektriske kretser, og kjenne til standardprosedyrer for å forhindre ulykker. Bruk nummeret i slutten av hver advarsel for å finne oversettelsen i de oversatte sikkerhetsadvarslene som fulgte med denne enheten.

#### TA VARE PÅ DISSE INSTRUKSJONENE

#### Aviso INSTRUÇÕES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURANÇA

Este símbolo de aviso significa perigo. Você está em uma situação que poderá ser causadora de lesões corporais. Antes de iniciar a utilização de qualquer equipamento, tenha conhecimento dos perigos envolvidos no manuseio de circuitos elétricos e familiarize-se com as práticas habituais de prevenção de acidentes. Utilize o número da instrução fornecido ao final de cada aviso para localizar sua tradução nos avisos de segurança traduzidos que acompanham este dispositivo.

#### **GUARDE ESTAS INSTRUÇÕES**

#### ¡Advertencia! INSTRUCCIONES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURIDAD

Este símbolo de aviso indica peligro. Existe riesgo para su integridad física. Antes de manipular cualquier equipo, considere los riesgos de la corriente eléctrica y familiarícese con los procedimientos estándar de prevención de accidentes. Al final de cada advertencia encontrará el número que le ayudará a encontrar el texto traducido en el apartado de traducciones que acompaña a este dispositivo.

#### **GUARDE ESTAS INSTRUCCIONES**

#### Varning! VIKTIGA SÄKERHETSANVISNINGAR

Denna varningssignal signalerar fara. Du befinner dig i en situation som kan leda till personskada. Innan du utför arbete på någon utrustning måste du vara medveten om farorna med elkretsar och känna till vanliga förfaranden för att förebygga olyckor. Använd det nummer som finns i slutet av varje varning för att hitta dess översättning i de översatta säkerhetsvarningar som medföljer denna anordning.

#### **SPARA DESSA ANVISNINGAR**

#### FONTOS BIZTONSÁGI ELOÍRÁSOK

Ez a figyelmezeto jel veszélyre utal. Sérülésveszélyt rejto helyzetben van. Mielott bármely berendezésen munkát végezte, legyen figyelemmel az elektromos áramkörök okozta kockázatokra, és ismerkedjen meg a szokásos balesetvédelmi eljárásokkal. A kiadványban szereplo figyelmeztetések fordítása a készülékhez mellékelt biztonsági figyelmeztetések között található; a fordítás az egyes figyelmeztetések végén látható szám alapján keresheto meg.

#### ORIZZE MEG EZEKET AZ UTASÍTÁSOKAT!

#### Предупреждение

#### ВАЖНЫЕ ИНСТРУКЦИИ ПО СОБЛЮДЕНИЮ ТЕХНИКИ БЕЗОПАСНОСТИ

Этот символ предупреждения обозначает опасность. То есть имеет место ситуация, в которой следует опасаться телесных повреждений. Перед эксплуатацией оборудования выясните, каким опасностям может подвергаться пользователь при использовании электрических цепей, и ознакомьтесь с правилами техники безопасности для предотвращения возможных несчастных случаев. Воспользуйтесь номером заявления, приведенным в конце каждого предупреждения, чтобы найти его переведенный вариант в переводе предупреждений по безопасности, прилагаемом к данному устройству.

#### СОХРАНИТЕ ЭТИ ИНСТРУКЦИИ

#### 警告 重要的安全性说明

此警告符号代表危险。您正处于可能受到严重伤害的工作环境中。在您使用设备开始工作之前,必须充分意识到触电的危险,并熟练掌握防止事故发生的标准工作程序。请根据每项警告结尾提供的声明号码来找到此设备的安全性警告说明的翻译文本。

请保存这些安全性说明

#### 警告 安全上の重要な注意事項

「危険」の意味です。人身事故を予防するための注意事項が記述されています。装置の取り扱い作業を行うときは、電気回路の危険性に注意し、一般的な事故防止策に留意してください。警告の各国語版は、各注意事項の番号を基に、装置に付属の「Translated Safety Warnings」を参照してください。

これらの注意事項を保管しておいてください。

#### 주의 중요 안전 지침

이 경고 기호는 위험을 나타냅니다. 작업자가 신체 부상을 일으킬 수 있는 위험한 환경에 있습니다. 장비에 작업을 수행하기 전에 전기 회로와 관련된 위험을 숙지하고 표준 작업 관례를 숙지하여 사고를 방지하십시오. 각 경고의 마지막 부분에 있는 경고문 번호를 참조하여 이 장치와 함께 제공되는 번역된 안전 경고문에서 해당 번역문을 찾으십시오.

이 지시 사항을 보관하십시오.

#### Aviso INSTRUÇÕES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURANÇA

Este símbolo de aviso significa perigo. Você se encontra em uma situação em que há risco de lesões corporais. Antes de trabalhar com qualquer equipamento, esteja ciente dos riscos que envolvem os circuitos elétricos e familiarize-se com as práticas padrão de prevenção de acidentes. Use o número da declaração fornecido ao final de cada aviso para localizar sua tradução nos avisos de segurança traduzidos que acompanham o dispositivo.

#### **GUARDE ESTAS INSTRUÇÕES**

#### Advarsel VIGTIGE SIKKERHEDSANVISNINGER

Dette advarselssymbol betyder fare. Du befinder dig i en situation med risiko for legemesbeskadigelse. Før du begynder arbejde på udstyr, skal du være opmærksom på de involverede risici, der er ved elektriske kredsløb, og du skal sætte dig ind i standardprocedurer til undgåelse af ulykker. Brug erklæringsnummeret efter hver advarsel for at finde oversættelsen i de oversatte advarsler, der fulgte med denne enhed.

#### **GEM DISSE ANVISNINGER**

#### إرشادات الأمان الهامة

يوضح رمز التحذير هذا وجود خطر. وهذا يعني أنك متواجد في مكان قد ينتج عنه التعرض لإصابات. قبل بدء العمل، احذر مخاطر التعرض للصدمات الكهربائية وكن على علم بالإجراءات القياسية للحيلولة دون وقوع أي حوادث. استخدم رقم البيان الموجود في أخر كل تحذير لتحديد مكان ترجمته داخل تحذيرات الأمان المترجمة التي تأتي مع الجهاز. قم بحفظ هذه الإرشادات

#### Upozorenje VAŽNE SIGURNOSNE NAPOMENE

Ovaj simbol upozorenja predstavlja opasnost. Nalazite se u situaciji koja može prouzročiti tjelesne ozljede. Prije rada s bilo kojim uređajem, morate razumjeti opasnosti vezane uz električne sklopove, te biti upoznati sa standardnim načinima izbjegavanja nesreća. U prevedenim sigurnosnim upozorenjima, priloženima uz uređaj, možete prema broju koji se nalazi uz pojedino upozorenje pronaći i njegov prijevod.

#### SAČUVAJTE OVE UPUTE

#### Upozornění DůLEŽITÉ BEZPEČNOSTNÍ POKYNY

Tento upozorňující symbol označuje nebezpečí. Jste v situaci, která by mohla způsobit nebezpečí úrazu. Před prací na jakémkoliv vybavení si uvědomte nebezpečí související s elektrickými obvody a seznamte se se standardními opatřeními pro předcházení úrazům. Podle čísla na konci každého upozornění vyhledejte jeho překlad v přeložených bezpečnostních upozorněních, která jsou přiložena k zařízení.

#### **USCHOVEJTE TYTO POKYNY**

#### Προειδοποίηση ΣΗΜΑΝΤΙΚΕΣ ΟΔΗΓΙΕΣ ΑΣΦΑΛΕΙΑΣ

Αυτό το προειδοποιητικό σύμβολο σημαίνει κίνδυνο. Βρίσκεστε σε κατάσταση που μπορεί να προκαλέσει τραυματισμό. Πριν εργαστείτε σε οποιοδήποτε εξοπλισμό, να έχετε υπόψη σας τους κινδύνους που σχετίζονται με τα ηλεκτρικά κυκλώματα και να έχετε εξοικειωθεί με τις συνήθεις πρακτικές για την αποφυγή ατυχημάτων. Χρησιμοποιήστε τον αριθμό δήλωσης που παρέχεται στο τέλος κάθε προειδοποίησης, για να εντοπίσετε τη μετάφρασή της στις μεταφρασμένες προειδοποιήσεις ασφαλείας που συνοδεύουν τη συσκευή.

ΦΥΛΑΞΤΕ ΑΥΤΕΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΔΗΓΙΕΣ

#### אזהרה

#### הוראות בטיחות חשובות

סימן אזהרה זה מסמל סכנה. אתה נמצא במצב העלול לגרום לפציעה. לפני שתעבוד עם ציוד כלשהו, עליך להיות מודע לסכנות הכרוכות במעגלים חשמליים ולהכיר את הנהלים המקובלים למניעת תאונות. השתמש במספר ההוראה המסופק בסופה של כל אזהרה כד לאתר את התרגום באזהרות הבטיחות המתורגמות שמצורפות להתקן.

שמור הוראות אלה

#### Opomena

#### ВАЖНИ БЕЗБЕДНОСНИ НАПАТСТВИЈА

Симболот за предупредување значи опасност. Се наоѓате во ситуација што може да предизвика телесни повреди. Пред да работите со опремата, бидете свесни за ризикот што постои кај електричните кола и треба да ги познавате стандардните постапки за спречување на несреќни случаи. Искористете го бројот на изјавата што се наоѓа на крајот на секое предупредување за да го најдете неговиот период во преведените безбедносни предупредувања што се испорачани со уредот. ЧУВАЈТЕ ГИ ОВИЕ НАПАТСТВИЈА

#### Ostrzeżenie

#### WAŻNE INSTRUKCJE DOTYCZĄCE BEZPIECZEŃSTWA

Ten symbol ostrzeżenia oznacza niebezpieczeństwo. Zachodzi sytuacja, która może powodować obrażenia ciała. Przed przystąpieniem do prac przy urządzeniach należy zapoznać się z zagrożeniami związanymi z układami elektrycznymi oraz ze standardowymi środkami zapobiegania wypadkom. Na końcu każdego ostrzeżenia podano numer, na podstawie którego można odszukać tłumaczenie tego ostrzeżenia w dołączonym do urządzenia dokumencie z tłumaczeniami ostrzeżeń.

NINIEJSZE INSTRUKCJE NALEŻY ZACHOWAĆ

#### Upozornenie

#### DÔLEŽITÉ BEZPEČNOSTNÉ POKYNY

Tento varovný symbol označuje nebezpečenstvo. Nachádzate sa v situácii s nebezpečenstvom úrazu. Pred prácou na akomkoľvek vybavení si uvedomte nebezpečenstvo súvisiace s elektrickými obvodmi a oboznámte sa so štandardnými opatreniami na predchádzanie úrazom. Podľa čísla na konci každého upozornenia vyhľadajte jeho preklad v preložených bezpečnostných upozorneniach, ktoré sú priložené k zariadeniu.

**USCHOVAJTE SITENTO NÁVOD** 



Warning

When installing the product, please use the provided or designated connection cables/power cables/AC adaptors. Using any other cables/adaptors could cause a malfunction or a fire. Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law prohibits the use of UL-certified cables (that have the "UL" shown on the code) for any other electrical devices than products designated by CISCO. The use of cables that are certified by Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law (that have "PSE" shown on the code) is not limited to CISCO-designated products. Statement 371.



There is the danger of explosion if the battery is replaced incorrectly. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions. Statement 1015



Do not use this product near water; for example, near a bath tub, wash bowl, kitchen sink or laundry tub, in a wet basement, or near a swimming pool. Statement 1035



Warning

Never install telephone jacks in wet locations unless the jack is specifically designed for wet locations. Statement 1036



Warning

Never touch uninsulated telephone wires or terminals unless the telephone line has been disconnected at the network interface. Statement 1037



Warning

Avoid using a telephone (other than a cordless type) during an electrical storm. There may be a remote risk of electric shock from lightning. Statement 1038

# **Related Documentation**

In addition to the Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series ISR *Hardware Installation Guide* (this document), the Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series ISR documentation set includes the following documents:

- Regulatory Compliance and Safety Information for Cisco 800 Series and SOHO Series Routers
- Cisco 860 Series and Cisco 880 Series Integrated Services Routers Software Configuration Guide
- Software Activation for Cisco Integrated Services Routers
- Cisco Software Activation Tasks and Commands
- Cisco Software Activation Conceptual Overview
- Declarations of Conformity and Regulatory Information for Cisco Access Products with 802.11a/b/g and 802.11b/g Radios
- Cisco IOS Release Notes
- Cisco IOS Quality of Service Solutions Command Reference, Release 12.4T
- Cisco IOS Security Configuration Guide, Release 12.4T
- Cisco IOS Security Command Reference, Release 12.4T
- Cisco IOS Command Reference for Cisco Aironet Access Points and Bridges, versions 12.4(10b) JA and 12.3(8) JEC
- Wireless LAN Controllers
- Unified Wireless LAN Access Points
- Cisco IOS Voice Port Configuration Guide
- SCCP Controlled Analog (FXS) Ports with Supplementary Features in Cisco IOS Gateways
- Cisco CP Express User's Guide

# **Searching Cisco Documents**

To search a Hyper Text Markup Language (HTML) document using a web browser, use the Ctrl+F (Windows) or Cmd+F (Apple) sequences. In most browsers the option to search whole words only, invoke case sensitivity, or search forward and backward are also available.

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CHAPTER

# **Product Overview**

This chapter provides an overview of the features available for the Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series integrated services routers (ISRs), and contains the following sections:

- General Description, page 1-1
- Cisco 860 Series ISRs, page 1-2
- Cisco 880 Series ISRs, page 1-3
- Hardware Features, page 1-8



For compliance and safety information, see the *Regulatory Compliance and Safety Information Roadmap* that ships with the router and the *Regulatory Compliance and Safety Information for Cisco 800 Series and SOHO Series Routers*.



The illustrations in this document show a wireless router. Both wireless and nonwireless models are available in the Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series ISRs. Port and feature locations are similar for both wireless and nonwireless routers.

# **General Description**

The Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series ISRs provide data, voice, wireless, integrated Virtual Private Network (VPN), and backup capability to corporate teleworkers and to remote and small offices with fewer than twenty users. These routers are capable of bridging and multiprotocol routing between LAN and WAN ports, and provide advanced features such as (global industry standard) symmetrical high-speed DSL (G.SHDSL), 802.11n, quality of service (QoS), firewall, antivirus protection, and Secure Socket Layer (SSL).

The Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series ISRs have a desktop form factor with built-in wall-mount features. These ISRs are powered by an external power supply adapter. The various models differ in the WAN interface and features that they support.

# Cisco 860 Series ISRs

The Cisco 860 series ISRs are fixed-configuration data routers that support the following features:

- An integrated 4-port 10/100 Ethernet switch for connecting to the LAN
- A10/100 Fast Ethernet (FE) port for connecting to the WAN
- Optional, embedded-wireless access point

Figure 1-1 shows the front panel details of the Cisco 860 wireless router.

Figure 1-1 Front Panel of the Cisco 860 Series Wireless ISR

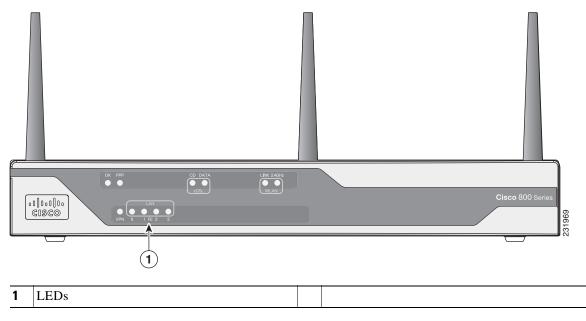
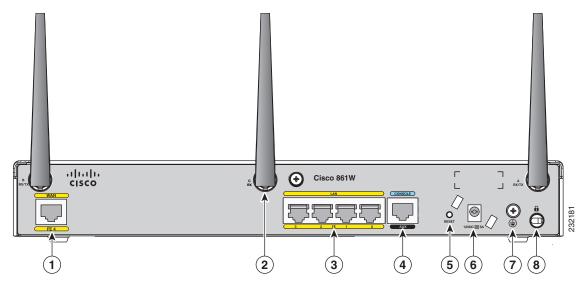


Figure 1-2 shows the back panel details of the Cisco 861 wireless (861W) ISR. Nonwireless routers do not have antennas or connectors on the back panel. However, the feature locations are similar for all Cisco 860 series routers.

Figure 1-2 Back Panel of the Cisco 861-W ISR



1	Primary WAN port—10/100 FE	5	Reset button	
	Antenna—captive omnidirectional dipole WLAN antenna (wireless models only)	6	Power connector	
3	4-port 10/100 Ethernet switch	7	Earth ground connector	
4	Serial port—console or auxiliary	8	Kensington security slot	

# Cisco 880 Series ISRs

The Cisco 880 series ISRs have data and voice capabilities. They have the following features:

- Integrated 4-port 10/100 Ethernet switch for connecting to the LAN
- 10/100 FE, or a G.SHDSL port for connecting to the WAN
- Optional, 802.11n embedded-wireless access point
- Optional, Power over Ethernet (PoE)
- DIMM expansion socket that can accept up to 512 MB of additional memory, for a total of 768 MB

The following features are located on the front panel:

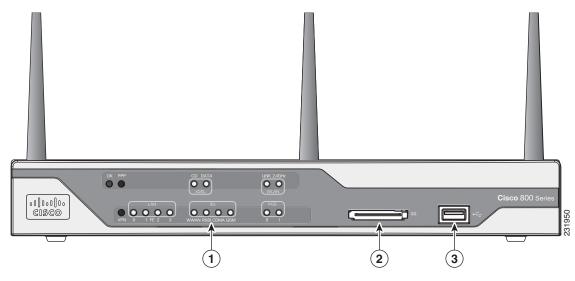
- USB 1.1 port
- Express card slot for third-generation (3G) cellular data WAN connectivity, available only on the Cisco 88xG models

### **Cisco 880 Series Data Routers**

The Cisco 880 series data routers provide integrated VPN, wireless, 3G, and backup capabilities. Figure 1-3 and Figure 1-4 show the features available on Cisco 880 series data routers. Some of the features shown may not be available on your router.

Figure 1-3 shows the front panel details of the Cisco 880 wireless data router. The USB port and the 3G card slot are located on the front panel.

Figure 1-3 Front Panel of the Cisco 880 Series Wireless Data Router

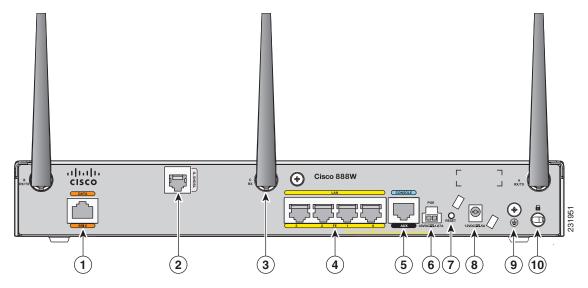


1	LED	3	USB port
2	3G express card slot—Supports third-party <sup>1</sup> 3G card (Cisco 88xG models only)		

<sup>1.</sup> See the Cisco 880 series ISRs data sheet for supported vendors.

Figure 1-4 shows the back panel details of the Cisco 888W data router. Nonwireless routers do not have antennas or connectors on the back panel. However, the feature locations are similar across all Cisco 880 series data routers.

Figure 1-4 Back Panel of the Cisco 888-W Data Router



1	ISDN port—not available on 3G models	6	PoE power connector
2	Primary WAN port—G.SHDSL or 10/100 FE <sup>1</sup>	7	Reset button
3	Antenna—captive omnidirectional dipole WLAN antenna (wireless models only)	8	Power connector
4	4-port 10/100 Ethernet switch	9	Earth ground connector
5	Serial port—console or auxiliary	10	Kensington security slot

<sup>1.</sup> The 10/100 FE WAN port is located at the bottom left corner. See Figure 1-2.

# **Cisco 880 Series Voice Routers**

The Cisco 880 series voice routers provide managed voice services that interface with Foreign Exchange Station (FXS), Foreign Exchange Office (FXO), or Basic Rate Interface (BRI) connections. Figure 1-5, Figure 1-6, and Figure 1-7, show the features available on the Cisco 880 series voice routers. The features available vary depending on the router model. Some features may not be available on your router.

Figure 1-5 shows the front panel details of the Cisco 880 wireless voice router.

Figure 1-5 Front Panel of the Cisco 880 Series Wireless Voice Router

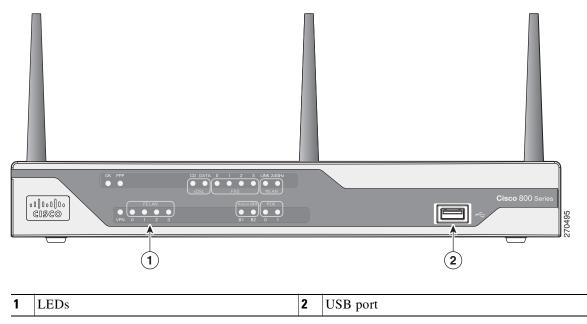
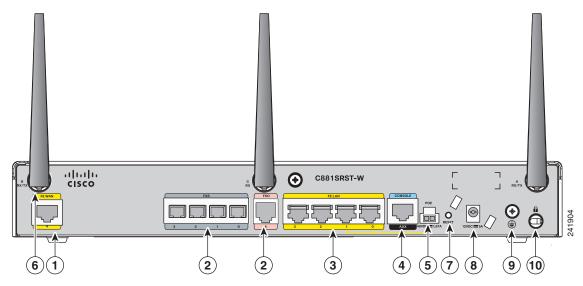


Figure 1-6 shows the back panel details of the Cisco 880SRST-W voice router.

Figure 1-6 Back Panel of the Cisco C881SRST-W Voice Router



1	Primary WAN port—10/100 FE	6	Antenna—captive wireless omnidirectional dipole WLAN antenna (wireless models only)
2	Voice ports—four FXS <sup>1</sup> /DID <sup>2</sup> ports, one FXO <sup>3</sup> port with TBP <sup>4</sup> power failover	7	Reset button
3	4-port 10/100 Ethernet switch	8	Power connector
4	Serial port—console or auxiliary	9	Earth ground connector
5	PoE power connector	10	Kensington security slot

<sup>1.</sup> FXS = Foreign Exchange Station.

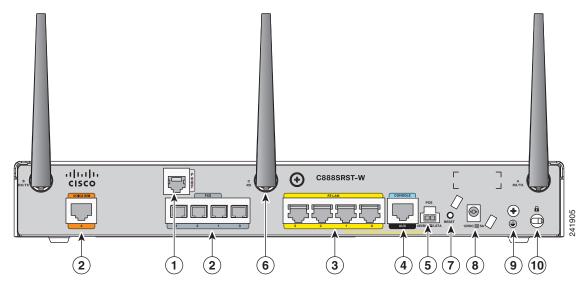
<sup>2.</sup> DID = Direct Inward Dialing.

<sup>3.</sup> FXO = Foreign Exchange Office.

<sup>4.</sup> TBP = trunk bypass.

Figure 1-7 shows the back panel details of the Cisco 888SRST-W voice router.

Figure 1-7 Back Panel of the Cisco C888SRST-W Voice Router



1	Primary WAN port—G.SHDSL	6	Antenna—captive wireless omnidirectional dipole WLAN antenna (wireless models only)
2	Voice ports—four FXS <sup>1</sup> /DID <sup>2</sup> ports, and one voice BRI <sup>3</sup> port	7	Reset button
3	4-port 10/100 Ethernet switch	8	Power connector
4	Serial port—console or auxiliary	9	Earth ground connector
5	PoE power connector	10	Kensington security slot

<sup>1.</sup> FXS = Foreign Exchange Station.

# **Hardware Features**

This section provides an overview of the following hardware features for the Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series ISRs. A feature summary is available at the end of this section.

- Kensington Lock
- Reset Button
- LEDs
- Memory
- USB Port
- Far
- Power over Ethernet Module
- 3G Cellular Data WAN Connectivity

<sup>2.</sup> DID = Direct Inward Dialing.

<sup>3.</sup> BRI = Basic Rate Interface.

- Wireless LAN Connectivity
- Feature Summary

# **Kensington Lock**

A Kensington security slot is located on the router back panel. To secure the router to a desktop or other surface, use the Kensington lockdown equipment.

### **Reset Button**

The Reset button resets the router configuration to the default configuration set by the factory. To reset the hardware and its embedded wireless access point, simultaneously press the reset button while applying power to the router.



When you reset the hardware when the embedded wireless access point is running Cisco Unified IOS software, the router will shutdown but the access point will continue running. Clients with Cisco Unified IOS software are controlled by a Wireless LAN Controller (WLC) and can only be reset by the controller.

### **LEDs**

The LEDs are located on the front panel of the router. Table 1-1 describes the LEDs for the Cisco 860 series and the Cisco 880 series ISRs.

Table 1-1 LED Descriptions for the Cisco 860 Series and Cisco 880 Series ISRs

LED	Color	Description	860 Series	880 Series
Power OK	Green	On—DC power is being supplied to the router and the Cisco IOS software is running.	All models	All models
		Blinking—Bootup is in process, or the router is in ROMMON monitor mode.		
		Off—Power is not supplied to the router.		
Link Status FE <sup>1</sup> 0	Green	On—Ethernet port is connected.	All models	All models
Link Status FE1		Blinking—Data is either being received or being transmitted.		
Link Status FE2		Off—Ethernet port is not connected.		
Link Status FE3				
FE WAN Port Link	Green	On—Port is connected.	861 models	881 models
Status		Blinking—Data is either being received or being transmitted.		
		Off—Port is not connected.		

Table 1-1 LED Descriptions for the Cisco 860 Series and Cisco 880 Series ISRs (continued)

LED	Color	Description	860 Series	880 Series
WLAN (2.4 GHz)	Green	On—Radio is connected, SSID <sup>2</sup> is configured, signal is being transmitted, and client is associated, but no data is being received or being transmitted.	Wireless models	Wireless models
		Slow blinking—Radio is connected, SSID is configured, and beacons are being transmitted.		
		Fast blinking—Data is either being received or being transmitted.		
		Off—Radio is shut down, and no SSID is configured.		
WLAN LINK	Green	On—Wireless link is up.	Wireless	Wireless
(Autonomous Mode)		Blinking—Ethernet link is up and data is either being received or being transmitted.	models	models
		Off—Wireless link is down.		
WLAN LINK (Unified Mode)	Green	On—Ethernet link is up, wireless access point is communicating with LWAPP controller.	_	Wireless models
		Blinking—Ethernet link is up, wireless access point is not communicating with LWAPP controller.		
		Off—Ethernet link is down.		
PoE <sup>3</sup>	Green	On—PoE is connected and powered.	_	Models with
		Off—PoE is not installed.		PoE
	Amber	On—Fault with the PoE.		
VPN <sup>4</sup>	Green	On—VPN is connected.	_	All models
PPP <sup>5</sup>	Green	On—At least one PPP session is established.	_	All models
xDSL <sup>6</sup> CD	Green	On—The xDSL interface is connected to the DSLAM <sup>7</sup> .	_	888 models
		Blink—Training to the line.		
		Off—Indicates that a connection has not been established or the port is shut down.		
xDSL Data	Green	Blink—The xDSL interface is either receiving or transmitting data.	_	888 models
		Off—No data is being transmitted or being received.		
Data BRI <sup>8</sup> LINK	Green	On—ISDN D channel is connected.	_	888 models
Data BRI B1	Green	Blinking—B1 channel is either receiving or sending data, or data is passing through ISDN channel 1.	_	888 models
Data BRI B2	Green	Blinking—B2 channel is receiving or sending data, or data is passing through ISDN channel 2.	_	888 models
3G <sup>9</sup> WWAN <sup>10</sup>	Green	On—Service is established.	_	3G models
		Slow Blinking—Searching for service.		
		Fast Blinking—Data is either being received or being transmitted.		

Table 1-1 LED Descriptions for the Cisco 860 Series and Cisco 880 Series ISRs (continued)

LED	Color	Description	860 Series	880 Series
3G RSSI <sup>11</sup>	Green	Off—Low signal strength (lower than -100 dBm).	_	3G models
		On—High RSSI (-69 dBm or higher).		
		Slow Blinking—Low or medium RSSI (-99 to -90 dBm).		
		Fast Blinking—Medium RSSI (-89 to -70 dBm).		
	Amber	On—No service.	_	3G models
3G GSM <sup>12</sup>	Green	On—Service is established.	_	3G models
		Off—No service.		
3G CDMA <sup>13</sup>	Green	On—Service is established.	_	3G models
		Off—No service.		
FXO <sup>14</sup> Voice	Green	On—FXO port is connected.	_	881-SRST <sup>15</sup>
		Blinking—FXO port is either receiving or transmitting data.		
BRI Voice LNK	Green	On—BRI interface is connected.	_	SRST models
BRI Voice B1	Green	On—BRI B1 channel is connected.	_	SRST
		Blinking—BRI B1 channel is either receiving or transmitting data.		models
BRI Voice B2	Green	On—BRI B2 channel is connected.	_	SRST
		Blinking—BRI B2 channel is receiving or transmitting data.		models
FXS <sup>16</sup> /DID <sup>17</sup> Voice	Green	On—FXS/DID port is connected.	_	SRST
		Blinking—FXS/DID port is either receiving or transmitting data.		models

- 1. FE = Fast Ethernet.
- 2. SSID = Service Set Identifier.
- 3. PoE = Power over Ethernet.
- 4. VPN = Virtual Private Network.
- 5. PPP = Point-to-Point Protocol.
- 6. xDSL = General term referring to various forms of DSL, including ADSL (asymmetric digital subscriber line) and G.SHDSL.
- 7. DSLAM = digital subscriber line access multiplexer.
- 8. BRI = Basic Rate Interface.
- 9. 3G = Third-Generation.
- 10. WWAN = wireless WAN.
- 11. RSSI = Received Signal Strength Indicator.
- 12. GSM = Global System for Mobile Communication.
- 13. CDMA = code division multiple access.
- 14. FXO = Foreign Exchange Office.
- 15. SRST = Survivable Remote Site Telephony.
- 16. FXS = Foreign Exchange Station.
- 17. DID = Direct Inward Dialing.

## **Memory**

The Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series routers contain flash memory and main memory.

#### **Flash Memory**

The Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series ISRs use non-upgradable flash memory storage. Onboard flash memory contains the Cisco IOS software image, boot flash contains the ROMMON boot code, and quack contains the cookie configuration.

The default flash memory for the Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series ISRs is 128 MB. The default flash memory for the Cisco 880 series voice routers is 256 MB.



Flash memory is not upgradable. An external USB flash may be used if additional flash memory is needed.

#### **Main Memory**

The Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series routers contain 256 MB of onboard CPU memory. The Cisco 880 series routers contain a SODIMM expansion slot that accommodates a single PC2-4200, 256 MB or 512 MB double data rate 2 (DDR2) small-outline DIMM (SODIMM), for a maximum of 768 MB.

### **USB Port**

A Universal Serial Bus (USB 1.1-compliant) port is located on the front panel. The USB port provides connection for USB devices such as security tokens and flash memory.

### Fan

Some router models do not have a fan, while others have either one or two fans.

The fans spin at full speed, as a diagnostic aid, immediately after the router is powered up. After the router has booted, the fans will spin continuously at a speed determined by a variable-speed controller. The fans spin only as fast as necessary to minimize fan noise while maintaining a safe internal operating temperature.

### **Power over Ethernet Module**

The 2-port Power over Ethernet (PoE) module provides power to 802.3af compliant devices connected to FE port 0 and FE port 1.

The 2-port PoE module is an option available only for the Cisco 880 series ISRs, and requires a 48 V external power adapter.

# **3G Cellular Data WAN Connectivity**

The 3G (Evolution Data Only [EVDO], Universal Mobile Telecommunications Systems [UMTS]) cellular interface is intended for use as a backup data link, but it can also be used as a primary WAN data link. The 3G technology is third-generation wide-area cellular technology that is used in voice telephony and broadband wireless data in a mobile environment.

The Cisco 88xG models come with a 34-mm express card slot ready for use with a commercial 3G card radio. The 3G express card slot is located on the front panel. For a list of supported 3G cards see the Cisco 880 series ISRs data sheet.

# Wireless LAN Connectivity

The embedded wireless access point is preinstalled in the router as an optional feature. The wireless access point provides 802.11n wireless connectivity. The Cisco 860 series routers support autonomous features and network configurations. The Cisco 880 series routers support both autonomous and unified features and network configurations.

The wireless access point does not have an external console port for connections. To configure the wireless device, you must use a console cable to connect a PC to the host router's console port as described in Chapter 3, "Connecting a Terminal or PC to the Console Port," and then use the Cisco IOS CLI to access the interface.

Table 1-2 describes the radios and antenna for the Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series routers.

Table 1-2 Wireless Device Radios and Antennas

Radio Module	Platform	Radio Band	Maximum Data Throughput <sup>1</sup>	Mode	Antenna
Single-band 802.11n draft 2.0 radio module	Cisco 860 & 880 series routers	2.4 GHz	Up to 100 Mbps	Cisco 860 series: autonomous only Cisco 880 series: autonomous and unified	Three captive 2-dBi omnidirectional dipole antennas

<sup>1.</sup> Actual data rate is highly dependent on your wireless environment.

# **Feature Summary**

Table 1-3 summarizes the hardware features available in the Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series ISRs.

Table 1-3 Hardware Features Available in Cisco 860 Series and Cisco 880 Series ISRs

Feature	Description	860 Series	880 Series
Reset button	Resets the router configuration to the factory default.	All models	All models
FE <sup>1</sup> built-in switch ports	Provides connection to 10/100BASE-T (10/100-Mbps) Fast Ethernet networks. The autosensing function in these routers eliminates the need for a crossover cable and allows the router to detect MDI <sup>2</sup> or MDIX <sup>3</sup> in any other PC or hub with a straight-through cable or a crossover cable.	All models	All models

Table 1-3 Hardware Features Available in Cisco 860 Series and Cisco 880 Series ISRs (continued)

Feature	Description	860 Series	880 Series
Console or AUX port	Provides a connection to the terminal or PC for software configuration or troubleshooting. The console port may be configured as a virtual auxiliary port for dial backup and remote management.	All models	All models
Security features	Provides support for VPNs <sup>4</sup> , Cisco IOS Firewall, and IPsec <sup>5</sup> . Additionally, the Cisco 880 series routers also provide URL filtering.	All models	All models
Embedded wireless access point	Provides 802.11n connectivity. The radio is backward compatible with 802.11b/g.	Wireless models	Wireless models
FE WAN port	Provides connection to 10/100BASE-T. Can be connected to other network devices, such as a cable modem, an xDSL <sup>6</sup> modem, or router. The router is capable of bridging and multiprotocol routing between the LAN and WAN ports.	861 models	881 models
Battery backed-up Real-time clock (RTC)	Provides nonvolatile date and time when the router is powered on. The RTC is used for verifying the validity of the Certification Authority stored on the router.	_	All models
USB port	Supports high-speed USB 1.1. Provides connection for USB devices such as security tokens and flash memory.	_	All models
PoE <sup>7</sup>	(Optional) Provides power for devices (such as phones) that are connected to the router.	_	Models with PoE
G.SHDSL <sup>8</sup> port	Provides 2-wire or 4-wire connection to a G.SHDSL network.	_	888 models
3G <sup>9</sup> card slot	Provides backup data link.	_	3G models
Dying gasp	Detects when the router is about to lose power, and sends a power-fail signal to warn the DSLAM <sup>10</sup> about the impending line drop.	_	xDSL models
Data BRI port	Provides backup and remote management functions by connecting to the ISDN service provider if the main G.SHDSL link fails.	_	xDSL models, except for the 3G and SRST <sup>11</sup> models
FXO <sup>12</sup> port	An FXO interface connects local calls to a central office or PBX. This is the interface a standard telephone provides.	_	881 SRST models

Table 1-3 Hardware Features Available in Cisco 860 Series and Cisco 880 Series ISRs (continued)

Feature	Description	860 Series	880 Series
FXS <sup>13</sup> /DID <sup>14</sup> port	An FXS interface connects directly to a standard telephone, a fax machine, or similar device. This interface supplies ringing voltage and dial tone to the station.	_	SRST models
BRI voice port	The ISDN BRI S/T voice interface provides a client-side (TE) ISDN S/T physical interface for connection to an NT1 device that terminates an ISDN telephone network.	_	SRST models

- 1. FE = Fast Ethernet.
- 2. MDI = media-dependent interface in normal mode.
- 3. MDIX = media-dependent interface in crossover mode.
- 4. VPN = Virtual Private Network.
- 5. IPsec = IP security.
- 6. xDSL = General term referring to various forms of DSL, including ADSL (asymmetric digital subscriber line) and G.SHDSL.
- 7. PoE = Power over Ethernet.
- 8. G.SHDSL = (global industry standard) symmetrical high-speed DSL.
- 9. 3G = Third-Generation.
- 10. DSLAM = digital subscriber line access multiplexer.
- 11. SRST = Survivable Remote Site Telephony.
- 12. FXO = Foreign Exchange Office.
- 13. FXS = Foreign Exchange Station.
- 14. DID = Direct Inward Dialing.

Hardware Features



CHAPTER 2

# **Installing the Router**

This chapter describes the equipment and the procedures for successfully installing the Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series integrated services routers (ISRs), and contains the following sections:

- Equipment, Tools, and Connections, page 2-1
- Installing the Router, page 2-3



For compliance and safety information, see the *Regulatory Compliance and Safety Information Roadmap* that ships with the router and the *Regulatory Compliance and Safety Information for Cisco 800 Series and SOHO Series Routers*.

# **Equipment, Tools, and Connections**

This section describes the equipment, tools, and connections necessary for installing your Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series ISRs.

## **Items Shipped with your Router**

Unpack the box and verify that all items listed on the invoice have been shipped with the router.

Table 2-1 lists the items and their quantities that are shipped with each router model.

Table 2-1 Items and Their Quantities That Are Shipped with the Cisco 860 Series And Cisco 880 Series ISRs

Item	Cisco 860 Series Routers	Cisco 880 Series Routers
RJ-45-to-RJ-45 Ethernet cable <sup>1</sup>	1	1
DSL <sup>2</sup> cable <sup>3</sup>	1	1
RJ-45-to-DB-9 console cable	1	1
External 60-W power supply adapter	1	1

Table 2-1 Items and Their Quantities That Are Shipped with the Cisco 860 Series And Cisco 880 Series ISRs (continued)

Item	Cisco 860 Series Routers	Cisco 880 Series Routers
Power supply cable	1	1
Cisco Configuration Professional (CCP) CD <sup>4</sup>	1	1

- 1. Cisco 861 and Cisco 881 ISRs only.
- 2. DSL = digital subscriber line.
- 3. Cisco 888 ISRs only.
- 4. Some SKUs do not include CCP.

### **Additional Items**

The following items are not shipped with the router, but are required for installation:

- ESD-preventive cord and wrist strap.
- Screws for mounting the router on a wall:
  - Two number-10 wood screws (round- or pan-head) with number-10 washers, or two number-10 washer-head screws, for mounting on a wall stud. The screws must be long enough to penetrate at least 3/4 in. (20 mm) into the supporting wood or metal wall stud.
  - Two number-10 wall anchors with washers, for mounting the router on a hollow-wall.
- · Wire crimper for chassis grounding.
- Wire for connecting the chassis to an earth ground:
  - AWG 14 (2 mm<sup>2</sup>) or larger wire for NEC-compliant chassis grounding.
  - AWG 18 (1 mm<sup>2</sup>) or larger wire for EN/IEC 60950–compliant chassis grounding.
- A ring terminal with an inner diameter of 1/4 in. (5 to 7 mm), for NEC-compliant chassis grounding.
- Ethernet cables for connecting to the Fast Ethernet (FE) WAN and LAN ports.

### **Connections**

Obtain a broadband or Ethernet connection from your service provider.

### **Ethernet Devices**

Identify the Ethernet devices that you will connect to the router: hub, servers, and workstations or PCs. Ensure that each device has a network interface card (NIC) for connecting to Ethernet ports.

- If you plan to configure the software using Cisco IOS commands through the console port, provide an ASCII terminal or a PC that is running terminal emulation software to connect to the console port.
- If you plan to connect a modem, provide the modem and modem cable.
- If you plan to use the Data BRI port, provide an NT1 device and an ISDN S/T cable.
- If you plan to use the cable-lock feature, provide a Kensington or equivalent locking cable.

# **Installing the Router**

This section describes how to install the Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series ISRs. These routers can either be installed on a table top or other flat horizontal surface or be mounted on a wall.



This equipment needs to be grounded. Use a green and yellow 12 to 14 AWG ground wire to connect the host to earth ground during normal use. Statement 242



This unit is intended to be mounted on a wall. Please read the wall mounting instructions carefully before beginning installation. Failure to use the correct hardware or to follow the correct procedures could result in a hazardous situation to people and damage to the system. Statement 248



This equipment must be grounded. Never defeat the ground conductor or operate the equipment in the absence of a suitably installed ground conductor. Contact the appropriate electrical inspection authority or an electrician if you are uncertain that suitable grounding is available. Statement 1024



Do not cover or obstruct the router vents located on both sides of the router; otherwise, overheating could occur and cause damage to the router.



Do not place anything on top of the router that weighs more than 10 pounds (4.5 kilograms), and do not stack routers on a desktop. Excessive weight on top of the router could damage the chassis.



Do not install the router or power supplies next to a heat source of any kind, including heating vents.

# **Installing on a Table**

To install the router on a table or other flat horizontal surface, firmly place the router on a table, or other horizontal surface. Keep at least 1 in. (2.5 cm) of clear space beside the cooling inlet and exhaust vents.

Connect the chassis to a reliable earth ground. For the chassis ground connection procedures, see the "Installing the Router Ground Connection" section on page 2-6.

## **Mounting on a Wall**

The Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series ISRs have mounting holes on the bottom of the chassis for mounting the unit on a wall or other vertical surface.



The mounting holes are bidirectional. You can hang the router with the LEDs either facing you or facing away from you.

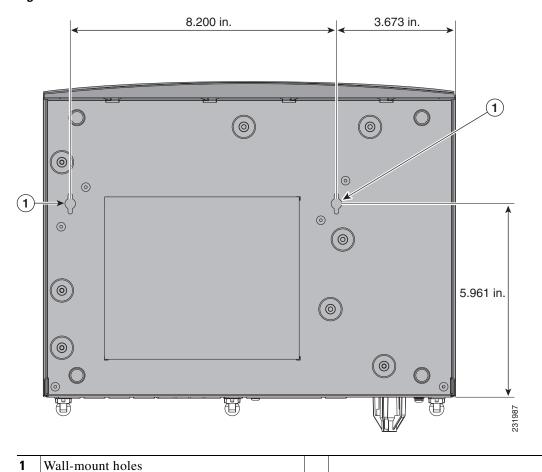


When choosing a location for wall-mounting the router, consider cable limitations and wall structure.

To mount the router on the wall, follow these steps:

Step 1 Anchor the screws into the wall, leaving 1/8 in. (0.32 cm) between the screw head and the wall. Figure 2-1 shows the wall-mount holes located on the underside of the router.

Figure 2-1 Wall-mount Holes on the Underside of the Router



Hang the router on the screws, and place the power adapter on a nearby horizontal surface. See Figure 2-2.

Step 2

Figure 2-2 Router Mounted on the Wall

1	Two number-10 wood screws mounted on the wall		Horizontal surface on which to place the power adapter
2	Wall-mount holes	4	Distance between the screw head and the wall,
			1/8 in. (0.32 cm)

**Step 3** Connect the chassis to a reliable earth ground. For the chassis ground connection procedures, see the "Installing the Router Ground Connection" section on page 2-6.

## **Installing the Router Ground Connection**

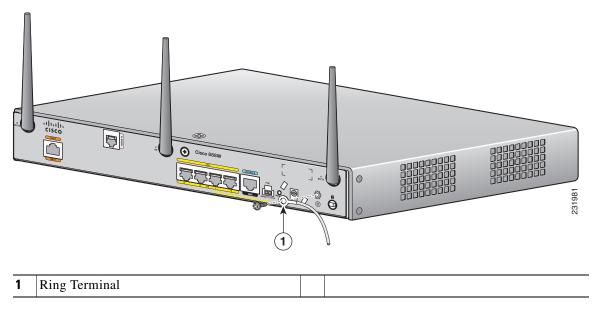
The router must be connected to a reliable earth ground. Install the ground wire in accordance with local electrical safety standards.

- For NEC-compliant grounding, use size 14 AWG (2 mm<sup>2</sup>) or larger copper wire and a ring terminal with an inner diameter of 1/4 in. (5 to 7 mm).
- For EN/IEC 60950–compliant grounding, use size 18 AWG (1 mm<sup>2</sup>) or larger copper wire.

To install the ground connection, follow these steps:

- **Step 1** Strip one end of the ground wire to the length required for the ground lug or terminal.
- **Step 2** Crimp the ground wire to the ground lug or ring terminal, using the wire crimper.
- **Step 3** Attach the ground lug or ring terminal to the chassis as shown in Figure 2-3. For a ground lug, use the provided two screws with captive locking washers. For a ring terminal, use one of the screws provided. Tighten the screws to a torque of 8 to 10 in-lb (0.9 to 1.1 N-m).

Figure 2-3 Chassis Ground Connection Using Ring Terminal



**Step 4** Connect the other end of the ground wire to a known reliable earth ground point at your site.

After you install and properly ground the router, you can connect the power wiring, the WAN and LAN cables, and the cables for administrative access as required for your installation.



# CHAPTER 3

# **Connecting the Router**

This chapter describes how to connect Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series integrated services routers (ISRs) to Ethernet devices, Power over Ethernet (PoE), and the network. The chapter contains the following sections:

- Preparing to Connect the Router, page 3-2
- Connecting a PC, Server, or Workstation, page 3-3
- Connecting a Phone, page 3-4
- Connecting an External Ethernet Switch, page 3-5
- Connecting a Terminal or PC to the Console Port, page 3-6
- Connecting a Data BRI Port, page 3-7
- Connecting an FE Line—FE4 WAN Port, page 3-9
- Connecting a G.SHDSL Line—G.SHDSL Port, page 3-10
- Connecting Power over Ethernet, page 3-11
- Connecting the AC Adapter, page 3-11
- Connecting an FXS line, page 3-14
- Connecting a FXO Line, page 3-16
- Connecting a Voice ISDN BRI Line, page 3-17
- Verifying Connections, page 3-19



For compliance and safety information, see the *Regulatory Compliance and Safety Information Roadmap* that ships with the router and the *Regulatory Compliance and Safety Information for Cisco 800 Series and SOHO Series Routers*.



The illustrations in this chapter show a wireless router with antennas attached. Nonwireless routers do not have antennas or antenna connectors on the back panel. However, the procedures for connecting devices to the router are the same for both wireless and nonwireless routers.



Depending on the features available for your router, some content in this chapter may not apply to your router.

# **Preparing to Connect the Router**

Before you connect the router to the devices, install the router according to the instructions in Chapter 2, "Installing the Router."

# **Preventing Damage to the Router**

To prevent damage to your router, follow these guidelines when connecting devices to your router:

Turn off power to the devices and to the router until all connections are completed.



Do not turn on the devices until after you have completed all connections to the router.

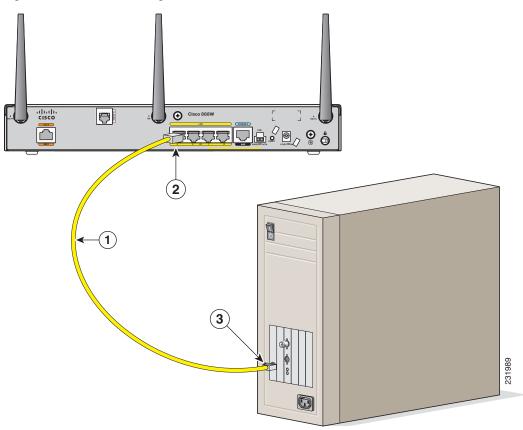
- Connect the color-coded cables supplied by Cisco Systems to the color-coded ports on the back panel.
- If you must supply your own cable, see Appendix A, "Technical Specifications," for cabling specifications. If this appendix does not provide specifications for a particular cable, we strongly recommend ordering the cable from Cisco Systems.

## **Connecting a PC, Server, or Workstation**

To connect a PC (or other Ethernet devices) to an Ethernet switch port, follow these steps:

Step 1 Connect one end of the yellow Ethernet cable to a Ethernet switch port on the router. Figure 3-1 shows a Cisco 888W router connected to a PC.

Figure 3-1 Connecting a Server, PC, or Workstation



1	Yellow Ethernet cable	3	RJ-45 port on the network interface card (NIC)
2	Ethernet switch port on the router		

- Step 2 Connect the other end of the cable to the RJ-45 port on the network interface card (NIC) installed in the PC, server, or workstation.
- **Step 3** (Optional) Connect additional servers, PCs, or workstations to the other Ethernet switch ports.



Use the Cisco Configuration Express to configure the Internet connection settings. See the *Cisco Configuration Professional Quick Start Guide* for more information.

# **Connecting a Phone**

To connect a phone to an Ethernet switch port, follow these steps:

Step 1 Connect one end of the yellow Ethernet cable to Ethernet switch port 0 or port 1 on the router. Figure 3-2 shows a Cisco 888W router connected to a phone.

Figure 3-2 Connecting a Phone ılıılı. CISCO Cisco 888W

Yellow Ethernet cable
Ethernet switch port 1 on the router
RJ-45 port on a phone

**Step 2** Connect the other end of the cable to the RJ-45 port on the phone.

## **Connecting an External Ethernet Switch**

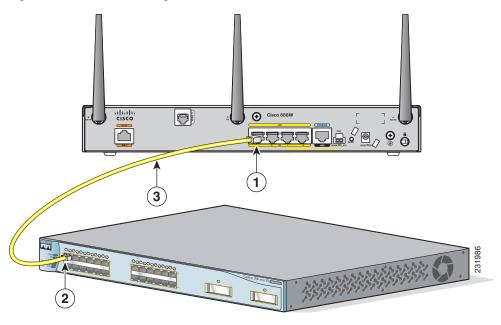
If more than four PCs in an office must be connected to each other, you can add Ethernet connections to the router by connecting an external Ethernet switch to the router's Ethernet switch.

To connect an external Ethernet switch to an Ethernet switch port on the router, perform the following steps:

**Step 1** Connect one end of the yellow Ethernet cable to an Ethernet switch port on the router.

Figure 3-3 shows a Cisco 888W router connected to an Ethernet switch.

Figure 3-3 Connecting to an Ethernet Switch



1	Ethernet switch port on the router	2	Available port on the external Ethernet switch
3	Yellow Ethernet cable, RJ-45-to-CAT-5, connecting to an external Ethernet switch port.		

- **Step 2** Connect the other end of the cable to the available port on the Ethernet switch to add additional Ethernet connections.
- **Step 3** Turn on the Ethernet switch.

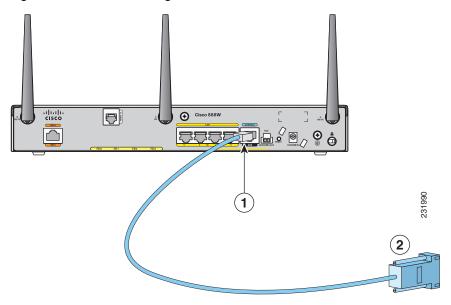
## **Connecting a Terminal or PC to the Console Port**

Connect a terminal or PC to the Console Aux port either to configure the software by using the command-line interface (CLI) or to troubleshoot problems with the router.

To connect a terminal or PC to the console port on the router and access the CLI, follow these steps:

Step 1 Connect the RJ-45 end of a DB-9-to-RJ-45 serial cable to the RJ-45 Console Aux port on the router. Figure 3-4 shows the RJ-45 end of the serial cable connected to the Console Aux port on the router.

Figure 3-4 Connecting a Terminal or PC to the Console Port



1 RJ-45 connector to the Console Aux port on the router DB-9 connector

Step 2 Connect the DB-9 end of the DB-9-to-RJ-45 serial cable to the to the COM port on your laptop or PC.



Some laptops and personal computers do not come with DB-9 serial port connectors and may use a USB-to-serial port adapter.

**Step 3** To communicate with the router, start a terminal emulator application.

#### **Terminal Emulator Settings**

Use the following settings for the terminal emulator connection:

- 9600 baud
- 8 data bits, no parity
- 1 stop bit

· no flow control

When the terminal emulator establishes communications, the router prompt is displayed.

For more information on terminal emulation settings, see *Applying Correct Terminal Emulator Settings* for Console Connections.

### **Connecting a Data BRI Port**

You can connect the Data BRI port to the ISDN service provider as a backup link to the WAN port in case the primary xDSL (general term referring to various forms of DSL, including [global industry standard] symmetrical high-speed DSL [G.SHDSL]) WAN service fails. The Data BRI connection is not available on the third-generation (3G) models.

The cabling requirements for the ISDN S/T connection are as follows:

- You must provide two unshielded Category 5 cables. The first cable connects the NT1 box to the splitter, and the second cable connects the splitter to the wall jack.
- There are RJ-45 connectors at both ends of the default orange ISDN S/T cable. However, an RJ-45-to-RJ-11 ISDN S/T cable is available upon request if the wall jack at the site requires an RJ-11 connector. Contact your router reseller for the appropriate cable.



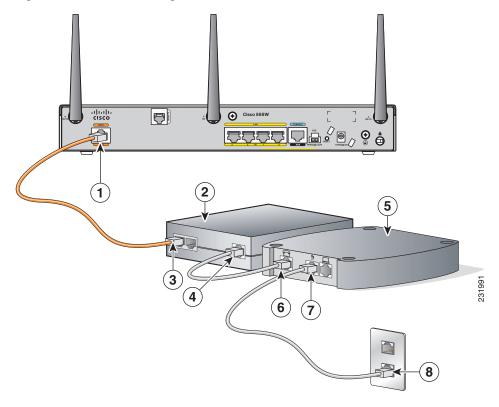
Both LAN and WAN ports use RJ-45 connectors. Use caution when connecting cables to these connectors. To avoid damage to the router, do not connect telephone-network voltage (TNV) circuits (such as ISDN or DSL circuits) to safety extra-low voltage (SELV) circuits (such as LAN circuits).

Although the following procedure shows a Cisco 888W data router, this procedure applies to all Cisco 880 series router with a Data BRI port.

To connect the Data BRI port to the ISDN service provider, follow these steps:

Step 1 Connect one end of the orange ISDN S/T cable to the Data BRI port on the router. Figure 3-5 shows a Data BRI connection.

Figure 3-5 Connecting the Data BRI Port to the ISDN Line



1	End of the ISDN S/T cable, which connects to the Data BRI port on the router	5	xDSL splitter (provided by the xDSL service provider)
2	Network termination 1 (NT1) box	6	Other end of the first unshielded Category 5 cable, which connects to the telephone line port on the splitter
3	Other end of the ISDN S/T cable, which connects to the S/T port on the NT1 box	7	One end of the second unshielded Category 5 cable, which connects to the telecommunication service port on the splitter
4	One end of the first unshielded Category 5 cable, which connects to the U port on the NT1 box	8	Other end of the second unshielded Category 5 cable, which connects to the wall jack

- **Step 2** Connect the other end of the orange ISDN S/T cable to the S/T port on the NT1 box.
- **Step 3** Connect the first unshielded Category 5 cable from the U port on the NT1 box to the telephone line port on the splitter.

**Step 4** Connect the second unshielded Category 5 cable from the telecommunication service port on the splitter to the wall jack to allow a link to the network service provider.

## Connecting an FE Line—FE4 WAN Port

To connect the Fast Ethernet (FE) 4 WAN port on the router, follow these steps:

**Step 1** Connect one end of the yellow cable to the Ethernet FE4 WAN port. Figure 3-6 shows an FE4 WAN port connection.

Figure 3-6 Connecting the FE4 WAN Port

Cisco 881 W

Cisco 881 W

Internet

1 FE4 WAN port 3 Modem, which connects to the Internet
2 WAN connection to the Internet

**Step 2** Connect the other end of cable to an available port on the modem.



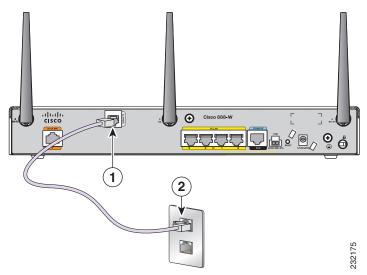
Follow the instructions from your Internet service provider to determine which modem port to use.

# Connecting a G.SHDSL Line—G.SHDSL Port

To connect the router to a (global industry standard) symmetrical high-speed DSL (G.SHDSL) line, follow these steps:

**Step 1** Connect one end of the lavender DSL cable to the G.SHDSL port on the router. See Figure 3-7.

Figure 3-7 Connecting the G.SHDSL Line



1	G.SHDSL port on the router	2	DSL wall jack

**Step 2** Connect the other end of the cable to the DSL wall jack.



The DSL line must have been provisioned by your service provider and correctly configured so that the LED shows the carrier detect (CD) status. If the G.SHDSL CD LED is not on, check with your DSL service provider.

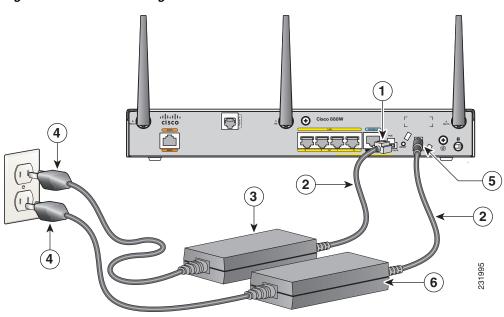
## **Connecting Power over Ethernet**

Figure 3-8 shows how to connect the 48-VDC Power over Ethernet (PoE) power adapter in your Cisco 880 series ISR to an AC power outlet. The PoE provides power to port 0 and port 1 of the 4-port 10/100 FastEthernet switch.



The router should also be connected to an AC power outlet through a 12-V adapter. To connect the router to an AC outlet, see "Connecting the AC Adapter" section on page 3-11.

Figure 3-8 Connecting PoE



1	PoE input jack	4	AC plug
2	Power cord	5	DC plug
3	Power adapter—48 VDC	6	Power adapter—60 W, 12 VDC

## **Connecting the AC Adapter**



The device is designed to work with TN power systems. Statement 19

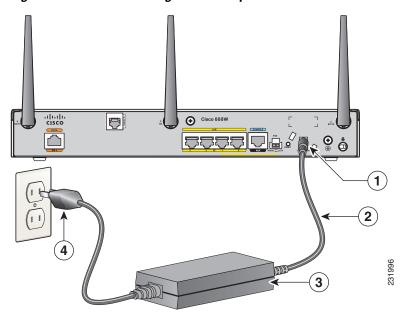


This product relies on the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection. Ensure that a fuse or circuit breaker no larger than 120VAC, 20A U.S. (240VAC, 16 to 20A international) is used on the phase conductors (all current-carrying conductors). The fuse or circuit breaker must have adequate safety approvals recognized by the country of usage. Statement 119

To connect your Cisco 860 series or Cisco 880 series ISR to an AC power outlet, follow these steps:

**Step 1** Connect the router to an AC power outlet as shown in Figure 3-9.

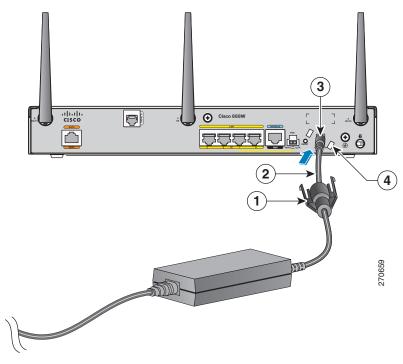
Figure 3-9 Connecting the AC Adapter



1	DC plug	3	Power adapter—60 W, 12 VDC
2	Power cord	4	AC plug

Step 2 To secure the power cord to the router, attach the power lock clip to the power cord, slide the clip to the end of the DC plug. See Figure 3-10.

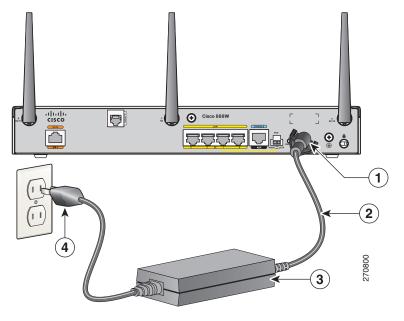
Figure 3-10 Securing the Power Cord



1	Power lock clip	2	Power cord
3	DC plug	4	Holes on either side of the power connector

**Step 3** Snap the latches into the holes on either side of the power connector. See Figure 3-11.

Figure 3-11 Power Lock Clip Latched Into the Holes on Either Side of the Power Connector



1	Power lock clip	2	Power cord
3	Power adapter	4	AC plug

## **Connecting an FXS line**

Use a standard straight-through RJ-11 modular telephone cable to connect an Foreign Exchange Service (FXS) port to a telephone or fax machine.



This equipment contains a ring signal generator (ringer), which is a source of hazardous voltage. Do not touch the RJ-11 (phone) port wires (conductors), the conductors of a cable connected to the RJ-11 port, or the associated circuit-board when the ringer is active. The ringer is activated by an incoming call.



For connections outside the building where the equipment is installed, the following ports must be connected through an approved network termination unit with integral circuit protection: FXS.

To connect the FXS line, follow these steps:

Step 1 Connect one end of the straight-through RJ-11 cable to the FXS port. Figure 3-12 shows an FXS line connection.

Figure 3-12 Connecting an FXS Line .ı|ı.ı|ı. cısco C881SRST-W  $^{\oplus}$ **3** Fax machine or telephone

 1
 FXS port
 3
 RJ-11 port

 2
 RJ-11 cable

**Step 2** Connect the other end of the cable to the RJ-11 port on the telephone or fax machine.

# **Connecting a FXO Line**

Use a straight-through RJ-11 cable to connect the Foreign Exchange Office (FXO) voice port to the PSTN or PBX through a telephone wall outlet.

To connect the FXO line, follow these steps:

**Step 1** Connect one end of the straight-through RJ-11 cable to the FXO port. See Figure 3-13.

Figure 3-13 Connecting an FXO line ılıılı. cısco C881SRST-W  $\oplus$ **(2**) FXO port Telephone outlet RJ-11 cable

\_\_\_\_

Connect the other end of the cable to an RJ-11 telephone wall outlet.

Step 2

# **Connecting a Voice ISDN BRI Line**

Use a straight-through RJ-45 cable to connect the Voice Basic Rate Interface (BRI) port to the ISDN network through a telephone wall outlet or other device.



To prevent damage to the router, be sure to connect the BRI cable to the BRI connector only, and not to any other RJ-45 connector.

To connect the Voice BRI line, follow these steps:

Step 1

Connect one end of a straight-through RJ-45-to-RJ-45 cable to the Voice BRI port.

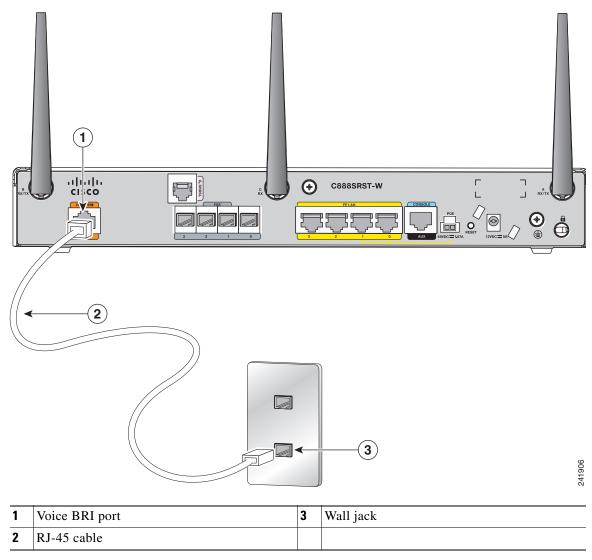


Note

When the interface is configured as NT and is connecting to a TE device, use a crossover cable. See Table A-7.

Figure 3-14 shows a Voice BRI line connection.

Figure 3-14 Connecting a Voice BRI Line



**Step 2** Connect the other end of the cable to the RJ-45 wall outlet or other device.

# **Verifying Connections**

To verify that all devices are properly connected to the router, first turn on all the connected devices. Then check the LEDs. To verify router operation, refer to Table 3-1.

For full LED description see Table 1-1 LED Descriptions for the Cisco 860 Series and Cisco 880 Series ISRs.

Table 3-1 Verifying the Router Operation

Power and Link	LEDs to Check	Normal Patterns
Power	OK	On when power is supplied to router.
To servers, PCs, workstations, or an external Ethernet switch connected to the LAN ports (FE¹0, FE1, FE2, or FE3)	LAN 0, LAN 1, LAN 2, or LAN 3	On when the FE LAN port is physically connected to a server, PC, workstation, or external Ethernet switch.
To FE WAN line	WAN FE4	On when the WAN Ethernet carrier has detected status.
		Blinks when receiving or transmitting data.
To xDSL <sup>2</sup> line	xDSL CD	Green when the line is connected to the xDSL DSLAM <sup>3</sup> .
	xDSL Data	Green when receiving or sending data.
To ISDN line	Data BRI LNK	Green when the ISDN line is connected.
	Data BRI B1 and B2	Green when the channel is connected.
$3G^4$	WWAN <sup>5</sup>	Green when service is established.
		Slow blinking when searching for service.
	RSSI <sup>6</sup>	Amber when service is not established.
		Green when signal strength is high.
		Off or slow blinking when signal strength is low.
		Fast blinking when signal strength is medium.
	CDMA <sup>7</sup>	Green when service is established.
	GSM <sup>8</sup>	Green when service is established.
To PPP <sup>9</sup> clients	PPP	Green when either a PPPoE <sup>10</sup> or PPPoA <sup>11</sup> client is running.
To VPN <sup>12</sup> tunnel	VPN	Green when a crypto session is running.
To wireless LAN	WLAN LINK	Wireless LAN link status:
		Green if at least one client is associated.
		Off if no client is associated.
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	Wireless LAN 2.4-GHz status:
		• Green when radio is connected, SSID <sup>13</sup> is configured, signal is being transmitted, and client is associated.
		Slow blinking when radio is connected, SSID is configured, and signal is being transmitted.

#### Table 3-1 Verifying the Router Operation (continued)

Power and Link	LEDs to Check	Normal Patterns
PoE <sup>14</sup>	PoE 0	Green when connected and powered.
	PoE 1	Amber when there is a fault with the inline power supply.

- 1. FE = Fast Ethernet.
- 2. xDSL = General term referring to various forms of DSL, including ADSL (asymmetric digital subscriber line) and G.SHDSL.
- 3. DSLAM = digital subscriber line access multiplexer.
- 4. 3G = Third-Generation.
- 5. WWAN = wireless WAN.
- 6. RSSI = Received Signal Strength Indicator.
- 7. CDMA = code division multiple access.
- 8. GSM = Global System for Mobile Communication.
- 9. PPP = Point-to-Point Protocol.
- 10. PPPoE = PPP over Ethernet.
- 11. PPPoA = PPP over ATM.
- 12. VPN = Virtual Private Network.
- 13. SSID = Service Set Identifier.
- 14. PoE = Power over Ethernet.



CHAPTER 4

## **Initial Configuration**

This chapter provides instructions for initial configuration of the Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series Integrated Services Routers (ISRs). For initial configuration, we recommend using Cisco Configuration Professional (CP) Express. Cisco CP Express is a web-based graphical user interface that guides you through initial configuration.

You may also initially configure your router by using the Cisco IOS command-line interface (CLI) or by using the setup command facility. To create the initial configuration, the setup command facility prompts you for basic information about your router and network.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Cisco Configuration Professional Express, page 4-1
- Cisco IOS CLI, page 4-1
- Setup Command Facility, page 4-3
- Verifying the Initial Configuration, page 4-5
- Initial Configuration of the Wireless Access Point, page 4-5



Some SKUs may not include a default configuration file. If your router does not have a default configuration file, go to the "Setup Command Facility" section on page 3 to configure the initial router settings.

## **Cisco Configuration Professional Express**

After you connect cables and power up the router, we recommend that you use the Cisco CP Express web-based application to configure the initial router settings.

For instructions on how to use Cisco CP Express to configure the router see the *Cisco CP Express User's Guide*.

#### Cisco IOS CLI

To configure the initial router settings by using the Cisco IOS CLI, you will need to set up a console connection. For instructions on how to setup a console connection, see the "Connecting a Terminal or PC to the Console Port" section on page 3-6.

To configure the initial router settings using Cisco IOS CLI, follow these steps:

**Step 1** Set up a console connection to your router. The following message is displayed:

. . .

router con0 is now available

**Step 2** Press **Return** or **Enter**. The following message is displayed:

Cisco Configuration Professional Express (Cisco CP Express) is installed on this device. This feature requires the one-time use of the username "cisco" with the password "cisco." The default username and password have a privilege level of 15.

Please change these publicly known initial credentials using Cisco CP Express or the Cisco IOS CLI.

Here are the Cisco IOS commands.

username <myuser> privilege 15 secret 0 <mypassword> no username cisco

Replace <myuser> and <mypassword> with the username and password you want to use.

For more information about Cisco CP please follow the instructions in the QUICK START GUIDE for your router...

. . .

User Access Verification

Username:

**Step 3** Enter the username **cisco** and press **Return** or **Enter**. The following prompt is displayed:

Password:

**Step 4** Enter the password **cisco** and press **Return** or **Enter**. The following prompt is displayed:

Router#

A message is displayed that is similar to the first warning message. The message directs you to change the username and password.

You are now in privileged EXEC mode.



Note

You must change the username and password before you log off the router. You cannot use the username **cisco** or password **cisco** after you log off from this session.

**Step 5** To change the username and password, enter the following at the prompt:

username username privilege 15 secret 0 password

*Username* and *password* are the username and password that you wish to use.

To continue using Cisco IOS CLI for initial configuration, see the applicable configuration procedures in the Cisco 860 Series and Cisco 880 Series Integrated Services Routers Software Configuration Guide.



Save your configuration changes regularly to avoid losing them during resets, power cycles, or power outages. Use the **copy running-config startup-config** command at the privileged EXEC mode prompt (Router#) to save the configuration to NVRAM.

Verify the initial configuration. See the "Verifying the Initial Configuration" section on page 4-5. Step 6

## **Setup Command Facility**

The setup command facility guides you through the configuration process by prompting you for the specific information that is needed to configure your system. Use the setup command facility to configure a hostname for the router, to set passwords, and to configure an interface for communication with the management network.

To use the setup command facility, you will need to set up a console connection with the router and enter the privileged EXEC mode.



For instructions on how to set up a console connection see the "Connecting a Terminal or PC to the Console Port" section on page 3-6.

To configure the initial router settings with setup command facility, follow these steps:

- Step 1 Set up a console connection to your router and enter privileged EXEC mode. For instructions on how to enter privileged EXEC mode see Step 1 through Step 4 in the "Cisco IOS CLI" section on page 4-1 section.
- Step 2 In privileged EXEC mode, at the prompt, enter **setup**.

```
yourname# setup
```

The following message is displayed:

```
--- System Configuration Dialog ---
Continue with configuration dialog? [yes/no]:
```

You are now in setup command facility.

The prompts in the setup command facility vary, depending on your router model, on the installed interface modules, and on the software image. The following steps and the user entries (in **bold**) are shown as examples only.



Note

If you make a mistake while using the setup command facility, you can exit and run the setup command facility again. Press Ctrl-C, and enter the setup command at the privileged EXEC mode prompt (Router#). For more information on using the setup command facility, see *The* Setup Command chapter in Cisco IOS Configuration Fundamentals Command Reference, Release 12.2T.

Step 3 To proceed using the setup command facility, enter yes:

```
Continue with configuration dialog? [yes/no]: yes
```

Step 4 When the following messages appear, enter yes to enter basic management setup:

```
At any point you may enter a question mark '?' for help.
Use ctrl-c to abort configuration dialog at any prompt.
Default settings are in square brackets '[]'.
```

```
Basic management setup configures only enough connectivity for management of the system, extended setup will ask you to configure each interface on the system
```

Would you like to enter basic management setup? [yes/no]: yes

**Step 5** Enter a hostname for the router (this example uses Router):

```
Configuring global parameters:
Enter host name [Router]: Router
```

**Step 6** Enter an enable secret password. This password is encrypted (more secure) and cannot be seen when viewing the configuration.

```
The enable secret is a password used to protect access to privileged EXEC and configuration modes. This password, after entered, becomes encrypted in the configuration.

Enter enable secret: XXXXXX
```

**Step 7** Enter an enable password that is different from the enable secret password. This password is *not* encrypted (less secure) and can be seen when viewing the configuration.

**Step 8** Enter the virtual terminal password, which prevents unauthenticated access to the router through ports other than the console port:

**Step 9** Respond to the following prompts as appropriate for your network:

```
Configure SNMP Network Management? [yes]:
   Community string [public]:
```

A summary of the available interfaces is displayed.

**Step 10** Choose one of the available interfaces for connecting the router to the management network:

```
Enter interface name used to connect to the management network from the above interface summary: fastethernet4
```

**Step 11** Respond to the following prompts as appropriate for your network:

```
Configuring interface FastEthernet0:
Use the 100 Base-TX (RJ-45) connector? [yes]: yes
Operate in full-duplex mode? [no]: yes
Configure IP on this interface? [yes]: yes
IP address for this interface: 172.1.2.3
Subnet mask for this interface [255.255.0.0]: 255.255.0.0
Class B network is 172.1.0.0, 26 subnet bits; mask is /16
```

#### The configuration is displayed:

```
The following configuration command script was created:
```

```
hostname Router
enable secret 5 $1$D5P6$PYx41/1QIASK.HcSbf05q1
enable password xxxxxx
line vty 0 4
password xxxxxx
```

```
snmp-server community public
!
no ip routing
!
interface FastEthernet0
no shutdown
speed 100
duplex auto
ip address 172.1.2.3 255.255.0.0
```

#### **Step 12** Respond to the following prompts. Enter **2** to save the initial configuration.

```
[0] Go to the IOS command prompt without saving this config.
[1] Return back to the setup without saving this config.
[2] Save this configuration to nvram and exit.

Enter your selection [2]: 2
Building configuration...
Use the enabled mode 'configure' command to modify this configuration.
Press RETURN to get started! RETURN
The user prompt is displayed.
Router>
```

**Step 13** Verify the initial configuration. See the "Verifying the Initial Configuration" section on page 4-5 for verification procedures.

After the initial configuration file is created, you can use the Cisco IOS CLI to perform additional configuration.

### **Verifying the Initial Configuration**

To verify that the new interfaces are operating correctly, perform the following tests:

- To verify that the interfaces and line protocol are in the correct state—up or down—enter the show interfaces command.
- To display a summary status of the interfaces configured for IP, enter the **show ip interface brief** command.
- To verify that you configured the correct hostname and password, enter the show configuration command.

After you complete and verify the initial configuration, you can configure your Cisco router for specific functions.

## **Initial Configuration of the Wireless Access Point**

The embedded wireless access point (AP) runs its own IOS. You can initially configure the embedded wireless AP using one of the following methods:

- Cisco Configuration Professional (CP) Express
- Setup command facility on the embedded wireless device

For information on how to do basic wireless configuration on your router see the *Basic Wireless Device* chapter of the *Cisco 860 Series and Cisco 880 Series Integrated Services Routers Software Configuration Guide*.





# **Technical Specifications**

This appendix provides router, port, and cabling specifications for Cisco 860 series and Cisco 880 series Integrated Services Routers (ISRs). It contains the following sections:

- Router Specifications, page A-1
- Wireless Access Point, page A-2
- LAN Port Pinouts, page A-3
- Console Port Connector Pinouts, page A-3
- G.SHDSL Port Connector Pinouts, page A-3
- Data BRI Port Connector Pinouts, page A-4
- Voice ISDN BRI Interface Pin Numbers and Functions, page A-4
- Cable Specifications, page A-5



**Ultimate disposal of this product should be handled according to all national laws and regulations.** Statement 1040



For compliance and safety information, see the *Regulatory Compliance and Safety Information Roadmap* that was shipped with the router and the *Regulatory Compliance and Safety Information for Cisco 800 Series and SOHO Series Routers*.

### **Router Specifications**

Table A-1 lists the system specifications for the routers.

Table A-1 Router Specifications

Description	Design Specification	
Physical Dimensions		
Dimensions with antenna and rubber feet (H x W x D)	1.9 x 12.8 x 10.4 in.	
Weight (not including desktop power supply)	5.5 lb (2.5 kg) maximum	

Table A-1 Router Specifications

Description	Design Specification				
Environmental Operating Ranges					
Nonoperating temperature	–4 to 149°F (–20 to 65°C)				
Nonoperating humidity	5 to 95% relative humidity				
Nonoperating altitude	0 to 15,000 ft (4570 m)				
Operating temperature	32 to 104°F (0 to 40°C)				
Operating humidity	10 to 85% relative humidity				
Operating altitude	0 to 10,000 ft (3000 m)				
Noise criterion	NC- 33; less than or equal to 32 dBA				
Router Power Adapter					
Input voltage	85 to 264 VAC				
Input frequency	47 to 63 Hz				
Power output	60 W maximum				
Output voltages	+12 VDC				
Inline Power-over-Ethernet Adapter					
Input voltage	85 to 264 VAC				
Input frequency	47 to 63 Hz				
Power output	80W maximum				
Output voltage	-48 VDC				

# **Wireless Access Point**

Table A-2 lists the specifications for the wireless access point (AP).

Table A-2 Wireless Access Point Specifications

Description	Design Specification
Radio technology	IEEE 802.11n draft 2.0 standard compliant. 2x3 MIMO radio. Backward compatible with 802.11b/g.
Operating frequency	2.4-GHz radio band
Channels	Country-specific 20 and 40 MHz
PHY Data rate	802.11b up to 11 Mbps
	802.11g up to 54 Mbps
	802.11n up to 300 Mbps

#### **LAN Port Pinouts**

Table A-3 provides pinouts for the Ethernet LAN port.

Table A-3 Ethernet LAN Port Pinouts

Pin	Function
1	RX+
2	RX-
3	TX+
4	Unused
5	Unused
6	TX-
7	Unused
8	Unused

## **Console Port Connector Pinouts**

Table A-4 provides pinouts for the console connector (for connecting a terminal or PC).

Table A-4 Console Connector Pinouts (RJ-45-to-DB-9)

RJ-45 Pin	Function
1	RTS
2	DTR
3	TXD
4	GND
5	GND
6	RXD
7	DSR
8	CTS

#### **G.SHDSL Port Connector Pinouts**

Table A-5 provides pinouts for the (global industry standard) symmetrical high-speed DSL (G.SHDSL) WAN port.

Table A-5 G.SHDSL WAN Port Pinouts

Pin	Function
1	Unused
2	TIP (Port1)

Table A-5 G.SHDSL WAN Port Pinouts

Pin	Function
3	TIP (Port0)
4	TIP (Port0)
5	TIP (Port1)
6	Unused

#### **Data BRI Port Connector Pinouts**

Table A-6 provides pinouts for the Data BRI port.

Table A-6 Data BRI Port Pinouts

Pin	Function
1	Unused
2	Unused
3	TXP
4	RXP
5	TXN
6	TXN
7	Unused
8	Unused

### **Voice ISDN BRI Interface Pin Numbers and Functions**

Table A-7 provides the interface pin numbers and functions for the voice ISDN BRI port.

Table A-7 Interface Pin Numbers and Functions

ISDN BRI NT/TE Card	NT Interface <sup>1</sup>	TE Interface <sup>2</sup>
Pin 3/T+	Pin 3/R+	Pin 3/T+
Pin 4/R+	Pin 4/T+	Pin 4/R+
Pin 5/R-	Pin 5/T-	Pin 5/R-
Pin 6/T-	Pin 6/R-	Pin 6/T-

<sup>1.</sup> Use a straight-through cable for NT interfaces.

<sup>2.</sup> Use a crossover cable for TE interfaces.

## **Cable Specifications**

This section provides specifications for the following Ethernet cables:

- Straight-through cable
- Crossover cable

Because of the autocrossover (autosensing) function, both straight-through and crossover cables can be used for the Ethernet LAN port.

#### **Ethernet Cable Specifications**

Table A-8 provides specifications that apply to both straight-through and crossover Ethernet cables.

Table A-8 Ethernet Cable Specifications

Туре	Category
10BASE-T	Category 3 or 5
100BASE-T	Category 5 or higher

#### **Maximum Cable Length**

The maximum length for the Ethernet cables that connect equipment to the router is 328 ft (100 m). This length is also the maximum distance between the router and the equipment connected to it.

**Cable Specifications**