

## AlliedWare™ OS

# How To | Create a VPN between an Allied Telesis and a SonicWALL Router, with NAT-T

Today's network managers often need to incorporate other vendors' equipment into their networks, as companies change and grow. To support this challenge, Allied Telesis routers are designed to inter-operate with a wide range of equipment.

This How To Note details one of the inter-operation solutions from Allied Telesis: creating virtual private networks between Allied Telesis and SonicWALL routers. It shows you how to configure a VPN between a local Allied Telesis router and a remote SonicWALL router, step-by-step. On the Allied Telesis router, it uses the Site-To-Site VPN wizard for the VPN configuration.

The wizard runs on selected AR400 Allied Telesis routers from the router's web-based GUI (graphical user interface). It asks you to enter a few details and from those it configures the following settings:

- encryption to protect traffic over the VPN
- ISAKMP with a pre-shared key to manage the VPN
- the firewall, to protect the LANs and to allow traffic to use the VPN
- Network Address Translation (NAT), so that you can access the Internet from the private LAN through a single public IP address. This Internet access does not interfere with the VPN solution
- (in this example) NAT-Traversal because one end of the VPN tunnel is behind a separate NAT device

## What information will you find in this document?

This How To Note begins with the following information:

- "Related How To Notes" on page 2
- "Which products and software version does it apply to?" on page 2

Then it describes the configuration, in the following sections:

- "The network" on page 3
- "How to configure the Allied Telesis router" on page 4
- "How to configure the SonicWALL router" on page 12
- "How to test the tunnel" on page 29
- "How to use the CLI instead of the GUI" on page 30

## Related How To Notes

Allied Telesis offers How To Notes with a wide range of VPN solutions, from quick and simple solutions for connecting home and remote offices, to advanced multi-feature setups. Notes also describe how to create a VPN between an Allied Telesis router and equipment from a number of other vendors.

For a complete list of VPN How To Notes, see the *Overview of VPN Solutions in How To Notes* in the How To Library at [www.alliedtelesis.com/resources/literature/howto.aspx](http://www.alliedtelesis.com/resources/literature/howto.aspx).

## Which products and software version does it apply to?

The VPN wizard is available on the following Allied Telesis routers, running Software Version 2.9.1 or later:

- AR415S
- AR440S, AR441S, AR442S

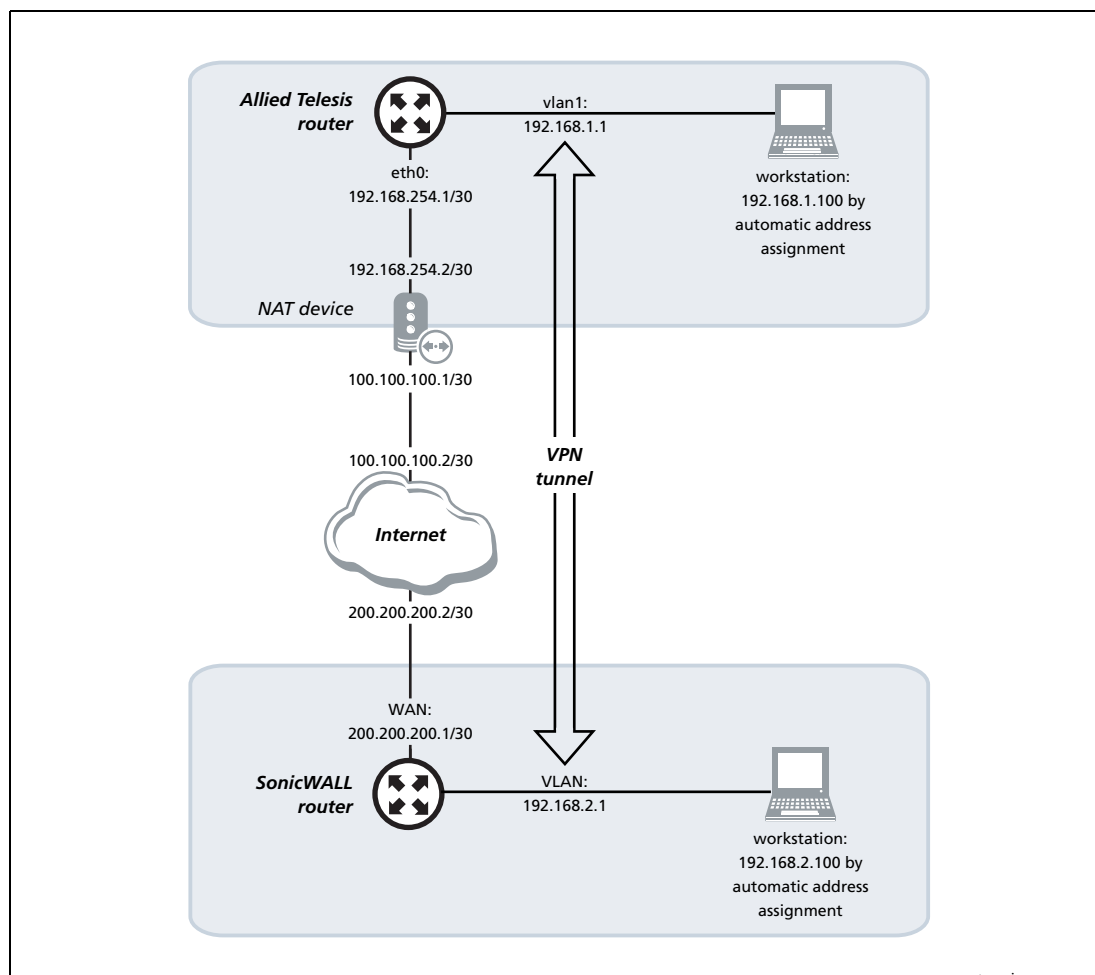
You can use the command line to set up an equivalent configuration on AR700 and other AR400 Series routers. See "How to use the CLI instead of the GUI" on page 30 for the necessary commands.

We created this example with a SonicWALL TZ 170, running SonicOS Enhanced 2.5.1.1-65e. SonicOS Standard does not support NAT-T draft 3, so this solution requires SonicOS Enhanced.

The screenshots in this Note are from an Internet Explorer 6.0 browser running on Windows XP.

## The network

This example illustrates a NAT-T solution, which you need when one or both of the routers are behind a NAT device such as some xDSL and cable modems. In this example, an Allied Telesis AR415S router is behind a NAT device. The following diagram shows the LANs and their interfaces and addresses.



**Note:** You can still use this example if you have no NAT device between the Allied Telesis router and the Internet, or if you have a NAT device between the SonicWALL router and the Internet, with slight alterations. See "[Appendix: Using this example if you don't have a NAT device in the same position](#)" on page 31 for details.

### Initiating the tunnel from either end

In this example, you can only initiate the tunnel from the Allied Telesis end, not the SonicWALL end. If you want to let the SonicWALL initiate the VPN too, you have to configure your NAT device to allow it. To do this, set up pinholes (allow rules) on the NAT device to allow through UDP traffic on ports 500 and 4500.

# How to configure the Allied Telesis router

## Before you start

1. Install and configure the NAT device.
2. Access the router via its GUI.
3. Customise the router and set up vlan1 as the LAN interface. The site-to-site VPN wizard always uses vlan1 as the local LAN for the VPN connection, so you must make sure an IP interface is configured on vlan1 before running the wizard.
4. Create a security officer. If you use the Basic Setup wizard to customise the router, this creates one security officer, with a username of “secoff”.
5. Set up the WAN interface. This example uses a fixed IP address on the WAN interface—modify it to use an appropriate interface for your network.

The router setup of steps 2-5 is described in *How To Use the Allied Telesis GUI to Customise the Router and Set Up An Internet Connection*, which is available from [www.alliedtelesis.com/resources/literature/howto.aspx](http://www.alliedtelesis.com/resources/literature/howto.aspx).

In this example, the Allied Telesis router has the following settings:

	Interface	Address	Mask
Allied Telesis router LAN	vlan1	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0
Allied Telesis router WAN	eth0	192.168.254.1	255.255.255.252
Remote site's WAN settings		200.200.200.1	
Remote site's LAN settings		192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0

The NAT device has the following settings:

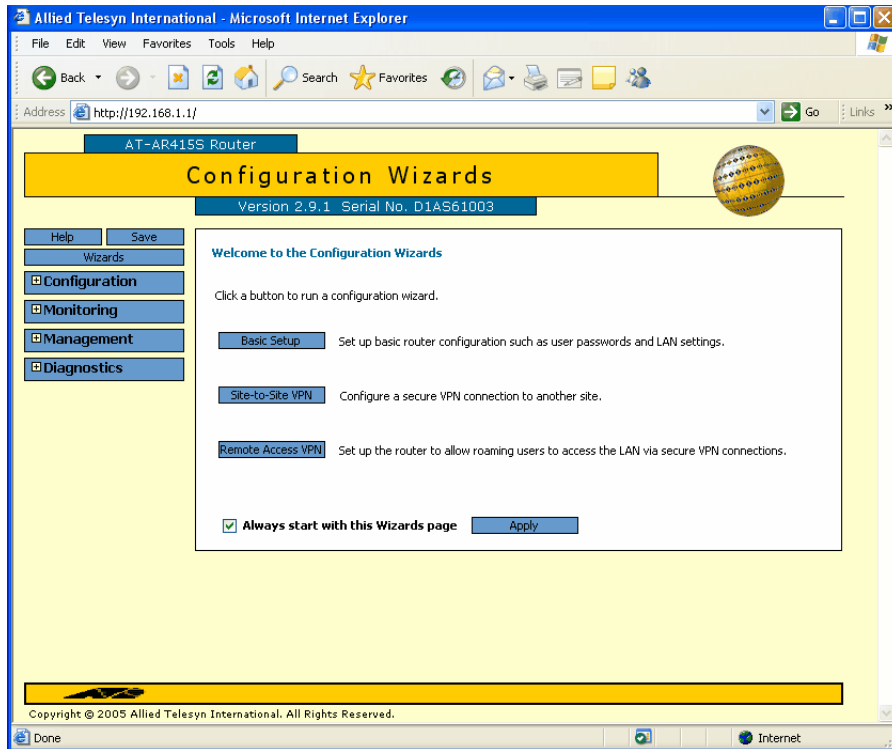
	Interface	Address	Mask
Private interface (towards the router)	eth1	192.168.254.2	255.255.255.252
Public interface (towards the Internet)	eth0	100.100.100.1	255.255.255.252

## Create the VPN tunnel

### I. Open the Configuration Wizards page

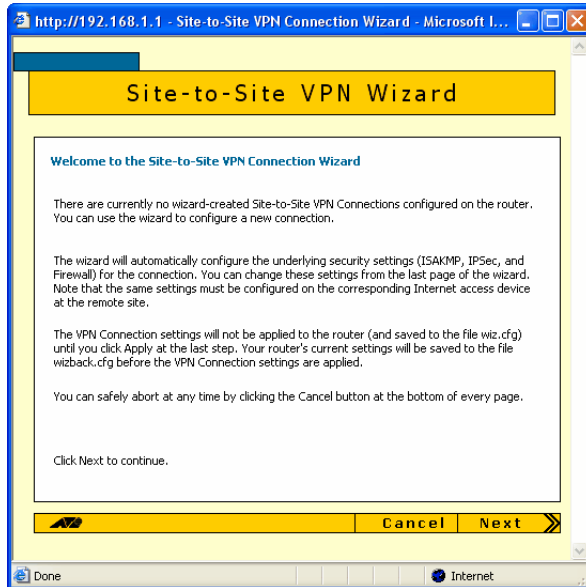
Log in as either the manager or the security officer. If you log in as the manager, the router changes to secure mode when you finish the VPN wizard and at that stage prompts you to log in again as the security officer.

The Site-To-Site VPN wizard is one of the options on the Configuration Wizards page. Make sure your browser's pop-up blocker is disabled—the wizard needs to open pop-ups. If you access the Internet through a proxy server, make sure your browser bypasses the proxy for this address.



The GUI opens at this page the first time you configure your router. After initial configuration it may open at the System Status page instead. If so, click on the Wizards button in the left-hand menu to open the Configuration Wizards page.

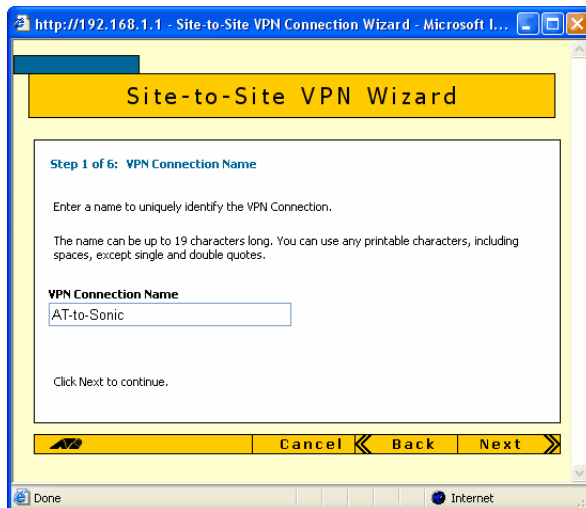
## 2. Start the Site-to-Site VPN wizard



Click on the Site-to-Site VPN button. The wizard starts by displaying a welcome message.

Click the Next button.

## 3. Name the VPN connection



Enter an appropriate VPN connection name.

Click the Next button. If you have multiple possible WAN interfaces configured on the router, the wizard next lets you select the appropriate interface. In this example there is only one WAN interface, so the wizard selects it automatically and moves directly to the remote site settings.

#### 4. Enter the remote site's WAN IP address

http://192.168.1.1 - Site-to-Site VPN Connection Wizard - Microsoft I...

### Site-to-Site VPN Wizard

**Step 3 of 6: Remote Site Public IP Address**

Enter the public IP address of the Internet access device at the remote site. If it is a dynamically assigned IP address leave all fields blank.

**Remote Site Public IP Address**

200 . 200 . 200 . 1

Click Next to continue.

Cancel Back Next

Done Internet

Enter the public IP address of the other end of the tunnel. In this example, this is 200.200.200.1, which is the IP address of the **SonicWALL WAN interface**.

Note that you can use the Tab key to move between fields when entering the address, but should not use the . key (the period).

Click the Next button.

#### 5. Enter the remote site's LAN IP address

http://192.168.1.1 - Site-to-Site VPN Connection Wizard - Microsoft I...

### Site-to-Site VPN Wizard

**Step 4 of 6: Remote Site LAN Subnet**

Enter the subnet address and mask of the LAN at the remote site that you want to access via this VPN connection.

The LAN subnet address must be a valid network address, or a device address (with a 255.255.255.255 mask).

**Remote Site LAN Subnet**      **Remote Site LAN Subnet Mask**

192 . 168 . 2 . 0      255 . 255 . 255 . 0

Click Next to continue.

Cancel Back Next

Done Internet

Enter the **SonicWALL router's LAN subnet address and mask**. In this example, this is 192.168.2.0 and a mask of 255.255.255.0.

Click the Next button.

## 6. Enter the shared secret key

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Site-to-Site VPN Connection Wizard - Microsoft I...". The page has a yellow header with the text "Site-to-Site VPN Wizard". Below the header, it says "Step 5 of 6: Shared Secret Key". The main content area contains the following text: "Enter the shared secret key to be used for encryption over this VPN connection. The key must be the same as the key configured at the remote site. It can be from 2 to 64 characters long and is case sensitive. You can use any printable characters, including spaces, except single and double quotes. In the interests of security we strongly recommend that your secret key be at least 6 characters long." Below this text is a text input field labeled "Secret Key" containing the text "secret-key". At the bottom of the page, there are three buttons: "Cancel", "Back", and "Next". The browser's status bar at the bottom shows "Done" and "Internet".

Enter the secret key, which is an alphanumeric string between 2 and 64 characters long. Both routers must use the same secret key. On the SonicWALL router, this is the Site-to-Site Policy's **preshared key**.

Click the Next button.

## 7. Check the settings

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Site-to-Site VPN Connection Wizard - Microsoft I...". The page has a yellow header with the text "Site-to-Site VPN Wizard". Below the header, it says "Step 6 of 6: Confirm VPN Connection Settings". The main content area contains the following text: "Please check that the following settings are correct." Below this text is a table with the following settings: "VPN Connection Name" (AT-to-Sonic), "Remote Site Public IP Address" (200.200.200.1), "Remote Site LAN Subnet" (192.168.2.0), and "Remote Site LAN Subnet Mask" (255.255.255.0). Below the table is a text input field labeled "Secret Key" containing the text "secret-key". Below the table, there is a paragraph: "To modify any wizard settings use the Back button. To apply these settings to the router, click Apply. To view or modify the underlying security settings for this VPN Connection, click the Advanced Settings button." Below this paragraph is a button labeled "Advanced Settings". At the bottom of the page, there are three buttons: "Cancel", "Back", and "Apply". The browser's status bar at the bottom shows "Done" and "Internet".

Check the summary. If necessary, use the wizard's Back button to return and correct any settings you want to change.

Once you are happy with the settings, click the Advanced Settings button to modify Peer ID settings.



## 8. Specify Peer IDs

Site-to-Site VPN Wizard

Advanced Settings

**ISAKMP (IKE Phase 1) Parameters**

Mode: Main

Key Exchange Encryption Algorithm: Triple DES Outer

Authentication Hash Algorithm: SHA-1

Diffie-Hellman Group: Group 2

IKE SA Lifetime (seconds): 28800

**IPSec (IKE Phase 2) Parameters**

IPSec Data Encryption Algorithm: Triple DES Outer

ESP Authentication Hash Algorithm: SHA-1

IPSec Protocol: ESP

Mode: Tunnel

Use Perfect Forward Secrecy:  DH Group for PFS: Group 2

IPSec SA Lifetime (seconds): 3600

**ISAKMP Peer IDs**

Peer IDs are normally only required if there is NAT in the path. Leave a field blank to identify a peer by its IP address.

Local ID: AlliedTelesis

Remote ID: SonicWALL

**Bad Peer Recovery**

Heartbeat messages are recommended if the remote device is an Allied Telesis product that supports heartbeats.

Heartbeat Messages: Disabled

Respond to Bad SPI:  (and Send Notify Messages)

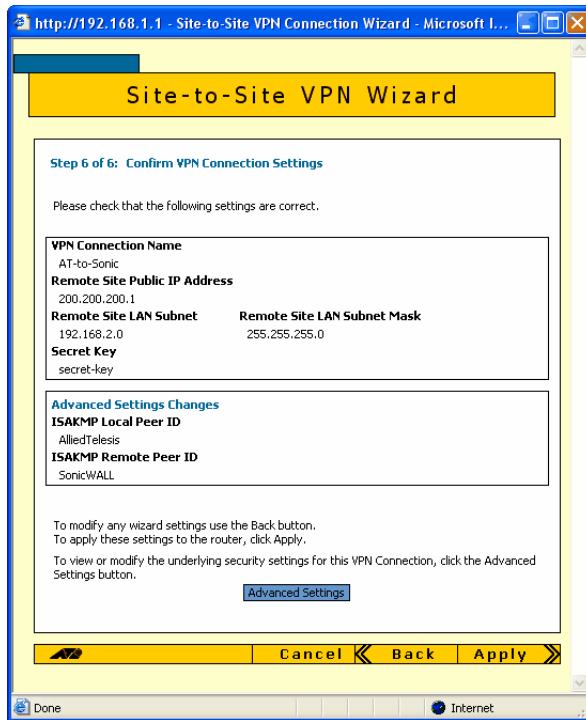
OK

Peer IDs enable the routers to identify each other when they exchange secret key information. By default, the Peer IDs are the router IP addresses. This does not work when one (or both) routers are behind a separate NAT device, because the NAT device changes the IP addresses.

Towards the bottom of the Advanced Settings page, enter a local ID (to identify this router) and a remote ID (to identify the router at the other end of the link). It does not matter what text you use as the IDs, so long as each ID is different.

Then click the OK button.

## 9. Check the settings again

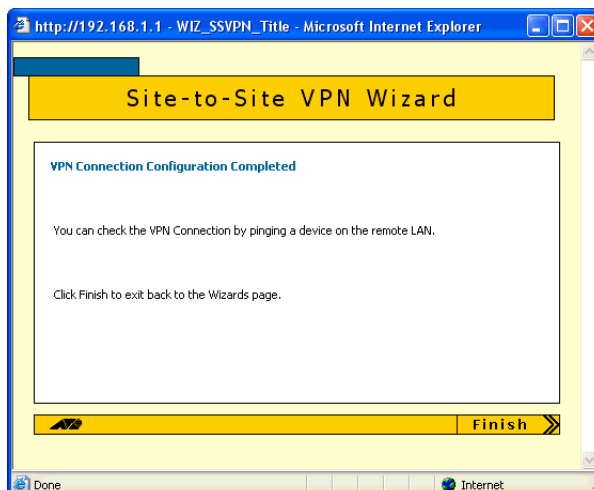


Check the summary. It now includes the Peer ID settings. If necessary, correct any settings you want to change.

When all the settings are correct, click the Apply button.

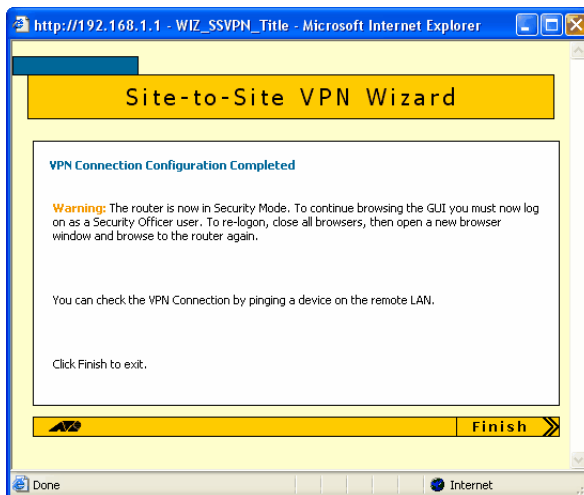
## 10. Finish the wizard

**Security officer**



If you are logged in as the security officer, the GUI displays a completion message. Click the Finish button to finish the Wizard and save the VPN settings.

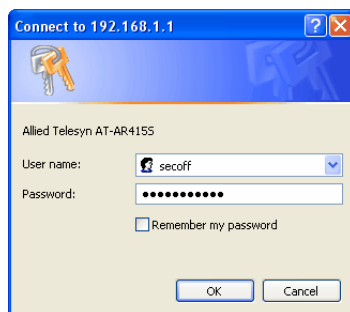
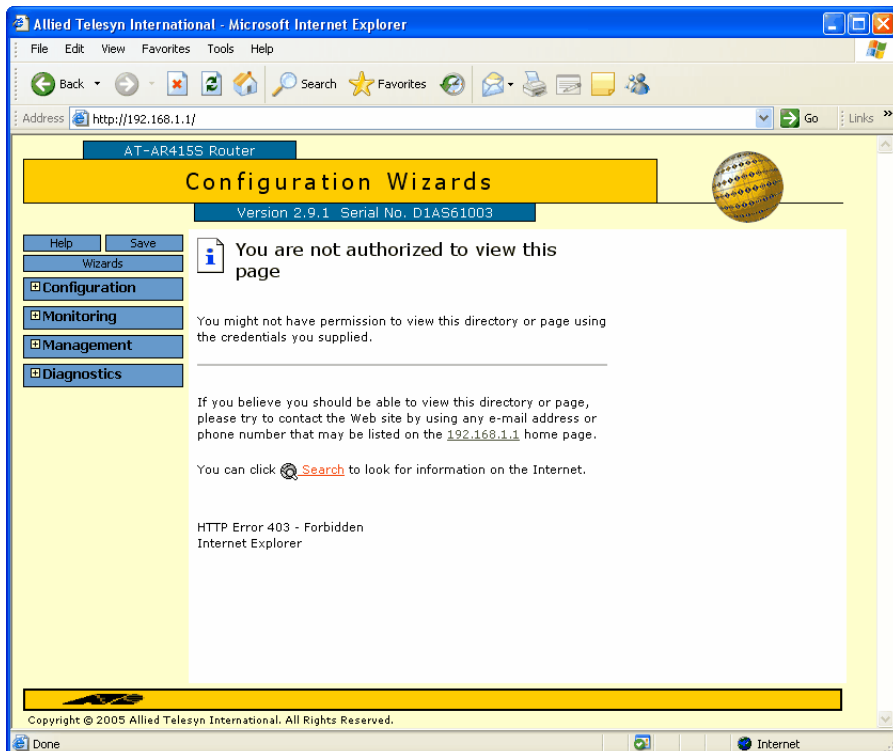
## Manager



If you are logged in as manager, the GUI displays a message to warn you that you will need to close your browser and re-login as a security officer (see below) once you have finished the wizard.

Click the Finish button to finish the Wizard and save the VPN settings.

The browser now indicates that you no longer have permission to view the GUI.



The router configuration is now complete. If required, you can log in to the router again for further configuration or monitoring. To do this, close your browser, open it again, and browse to the router's IP address.

If you used the Basic Setup wizard to configure the LAN settings, the router will have one security officer, with a username of "secoff".

Login as the security officer.

# How to configure the SonicWALL router

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To configure the SonicWALL router, perform the steps in the following sections:

1. "Access the Router" on page 12
2. "Customise the router and set up the network" on page 15
3. "Define the LAN subnet of the peer" on page 20
4. "Create the VPN" on page 23
5. "Set the VPN IKE IDs and use Main Mode" on page 27

## Access the Router

By default, SonicWALL TZ 170 routers start up with a LAN interface IP address of 192.168.168.168 and mask of 255.255.255.0.

### Resetting to factory defaults

If you have difficulty accessing your SonicWALL, you may need to reset it to its factory defaults. To do this:

1. Give your PC an address in the subnet 192.168.168.0 (but not 192.168.168.168).
2. Power up the SonicWALL.
3. Press the Reset button—the pinhole button beside the console port—until the “test” light on the front flashes orange. This puts the router in SafeMode.
4. Connect the PC's NIC to any of the SonicWALL LAN ports and browse to 192.168.168.168.
5. Make sure any pop-up blocker is disabled for that address.
6. Click on the button that allows you to boot up with “Current firmware with Factory Default Settings”
7. Wait for the GUI to re-display the login screen. If it has not done so after about a minute, refresh your browser to force the GUI to refresh.
8. Log in using the factory defaults of:  
username: admin  
password: password

### 1. Connect a PC to the router

Select a standalone PC to configure the router from—a PC that is not connected into any existing LAN.

Connect a NIC card on the PC to any of the router's LAN ports.

### 2. Set the PC's IP address

Give your PC an address in the 192.168.168.0 subnet.

### 3. Browse to the router's management GUI

Browse to 192.168.168.168. If you are using a pop-up blocker, disable it for this address. If you access the Internet through a proxy server, set your browser to bypass the proxy for this address.

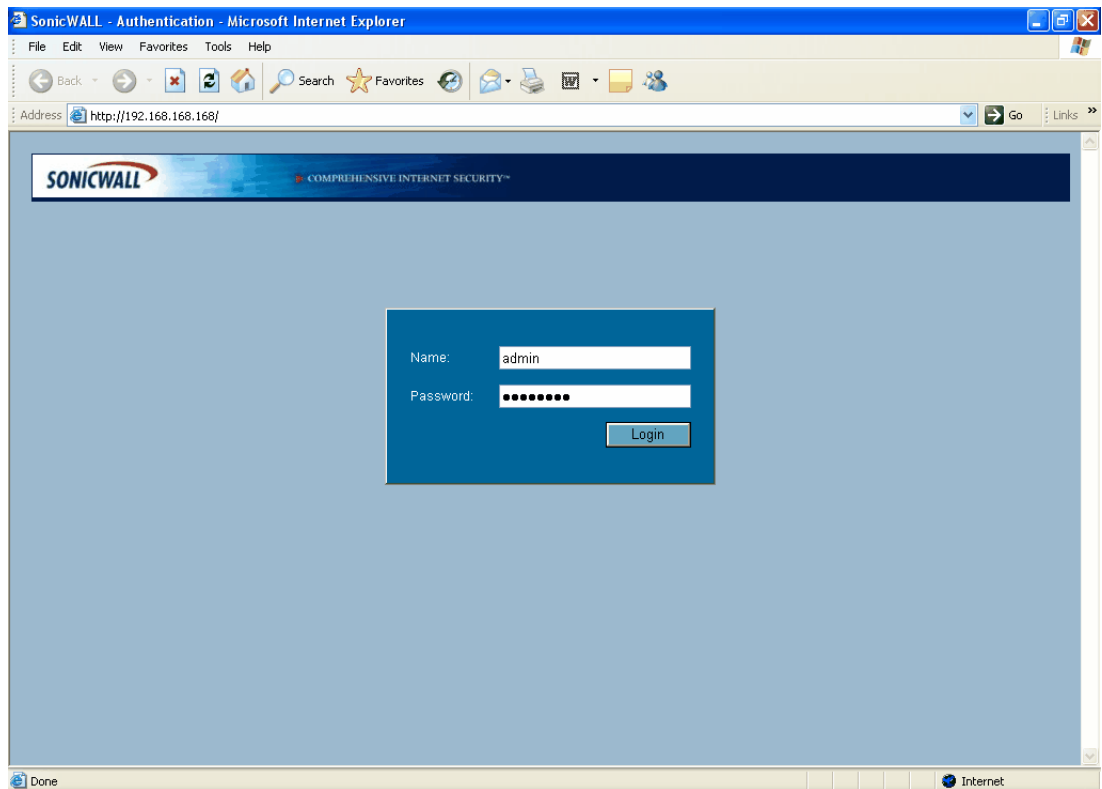
The login dialog box opens.

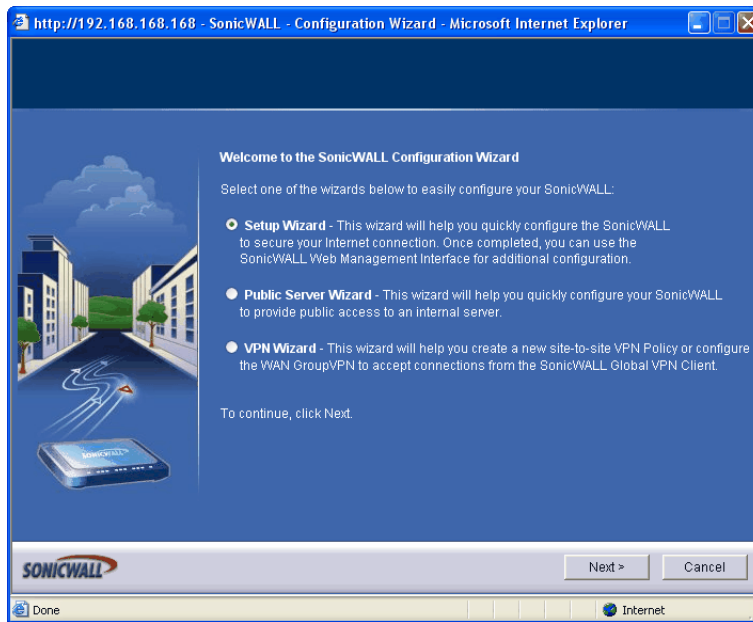
### 4. Log on

The defaults are

username: admin

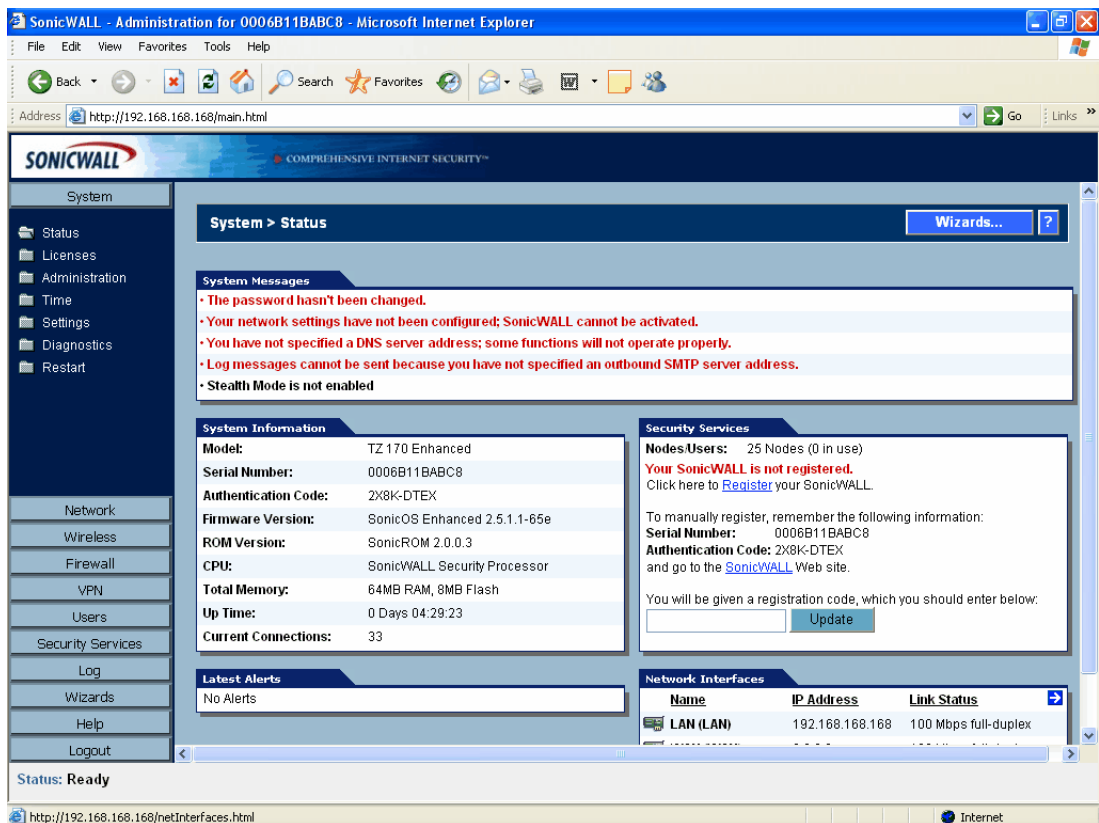
password: password





The first time you configure your router, the GUI opens at the Configuration Wizard page.

After initial configuration, when you browse to the SonicWALL it may open at the System > Status page instead of the Configuration Wizard page.

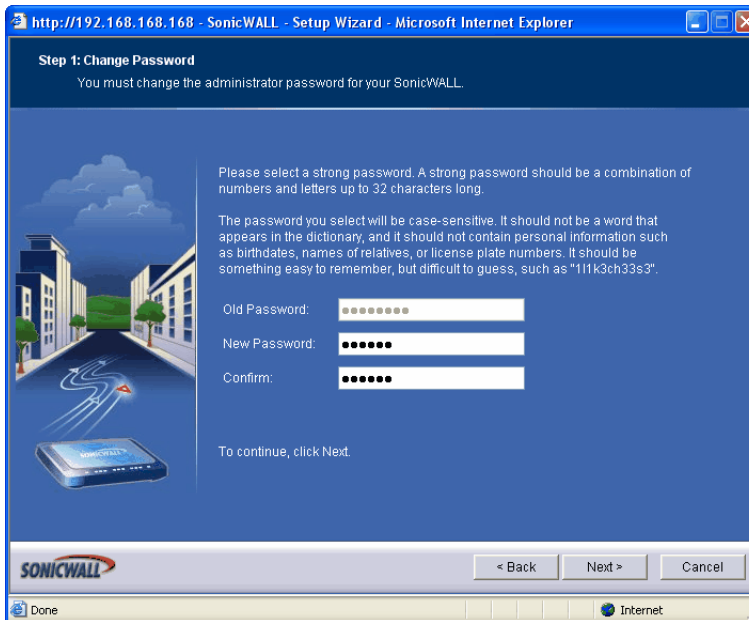


Click on the Wizards button in the left-hand menu to open the Configuration Wizard page.

# Customise the router and set up the network

The following steps use the Setup wizard to begin configuring your router.

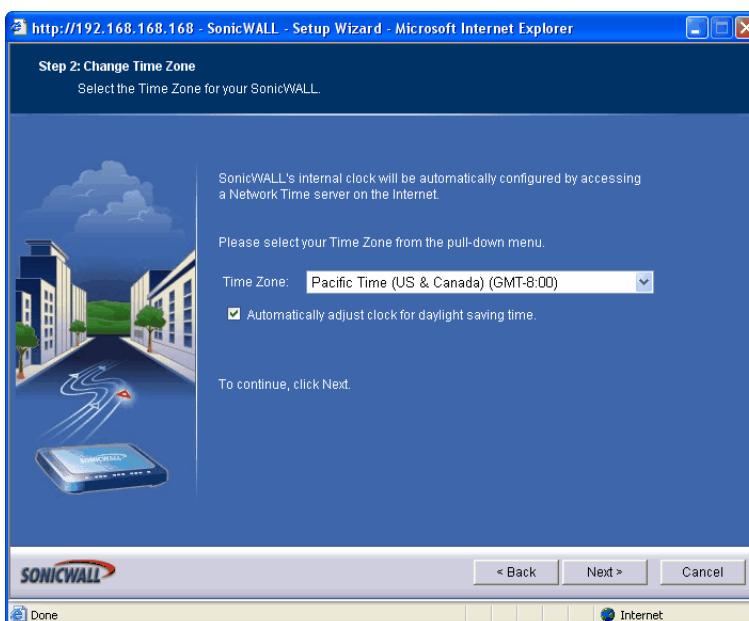
## 1. Change the administrator password



The first action in the Setup wizard is to enter a suitable password for access to the GUI.

Click the Next button.

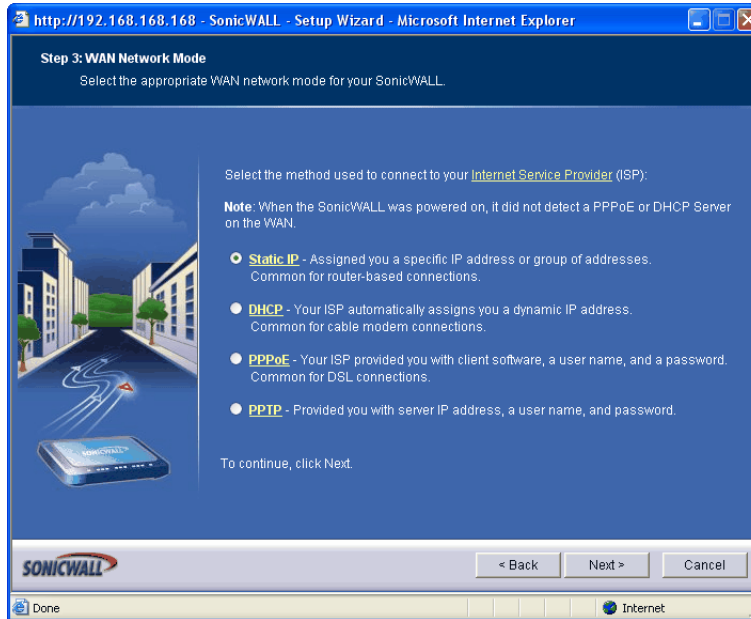
## 2. Set the time zone



Select your time zone, and set the router to automatically adjust for summer time.

Click the Next button.

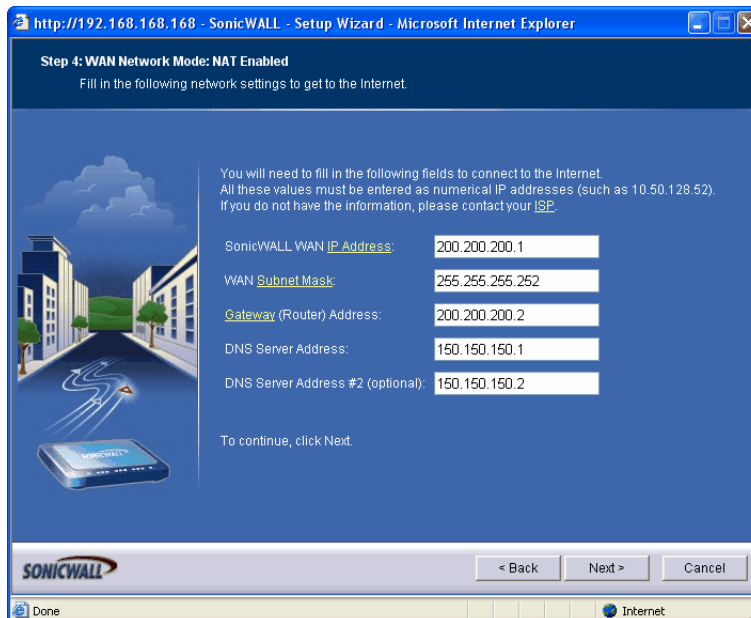
### 3. Choose the type of WAN address



In this example, the SonicWALL router has a permanent fixed IP address, so select the Static IP option.

Then click the Next button.

### 4. Enter the WAN settings



Enter the WAN interface's IP address and mask. For Gateway, enter the ISP's address (see "The network" on page 3). For DNS Server Address, enter the address of the DNS server that your router will access.

Then click the Next button.



## 5. Enter the LAN address

Step 5: LAN Settings  
Review the SonicWALL's LAN network settings.

Please enter the network information for the SonicWALL's LAN.  
You can choose this information arbitrarily, but it's a good idea to use "private" addresses (such as 10.0.0.1 or 192.168.168.1). The default values below will work well for most networks.

SonicWALL LAN IP Address: 192.168.2.1  
LAN Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

To continue, click Next.

< Back Next > Cancel

Enter the IP address and mask of the SonicWALL's interface to the LAN.

Then click the Next button.

## 6. Set up the DHCP server

Step 6: LAN DHCP Settings  
You can enable and configure your SonicWALL's DHCP Server on the LAN.

If you wish to use SonicWALL's DHCP Server on the LAN, check the "Enable DHCP Server on LAN" checkbox below and enter a range of IP addresses to assign to the network devices.  
The address range must be in the same subnet as the SonicWALL Web Management address (set to 192.168.2.1).  
The range below should work on your network.

Enable DHCP Server on LAN  
LAN Address Range: 192.168.2.2 to 192.168.2.254

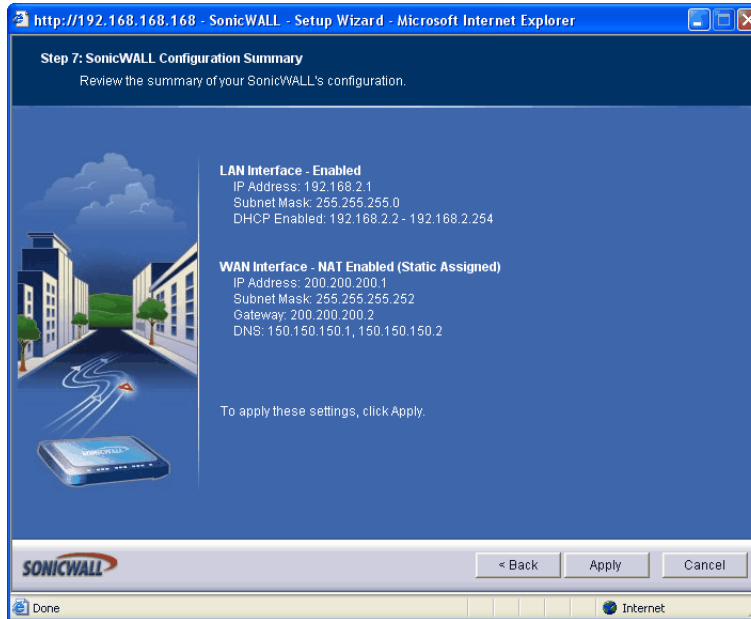
To continue, click Next.

< Back Next > Cancel

In this step, you can set up the DHCP server on this router to service the office LAN you intend to connect to. Check that the wizard has chosen an appropriate range of addresses.

Then click the Next button.

## 7. Check the settings



Check the summary. If necessary, use the Back button to return and correct any settings you want to change.



When all the settings are correct, click the Apply button. The wizard displays a message of congratulations.

Click the Close button.

## 8. Log in again

If you changed the router's LAN IP address, you need to change the PC's address. If you turned on the router's DHCP server, set the PC to obtain its address automatically. Otherwise, give the PC an address in the new subnet. You may need to restart the SonicWALL router to force it to assign an IP address to the PC.

Browse to the router's new address and log in. The GUI displays the System > Status page.

The screenshot shows the SonicWALL Administration GUI in Microsoft Internet Explorer. The browser address bar shows `http://192.168.2.1/main.html`. The GUI title is "SonicWALL - Administration for 0006B11BABC8 - Comprehensive Internet Security".

The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with the following items: System, Status, Licenses, Administration, Time, Settings, Diagnostics, Restart, Network, Wireless, Firewall, VPN, Users, Security Services, Log, Wizards, Help, and Logout.

The main content area is titled "System > Status" and includes a "Wizards..." button. Below this, there are several sections:

- System Messages:** A red message box states: "Log messages cannot be sent because you have not specified an outbound SMTP server address." Below it, a message says "Stealth Mode is not enabled".
- System Information:** A table with the following data:

Model:	TZ 170 Enhanced
Serial Number:	0006B11BABC8
Authentication Code:	2X8K-DTEX
Firmware Version:	SonicOS Enhanced 2.5.1.1-65e
ROM Version:	SonicROM 2.0.0.3
CPU:	SonicWALL Security Processor
Total Memory:	64MB RAM, 8MB Flash
Up Time:	0 Days 00:07:22
Current Connections:	15
- Security Services:** A box indicating "Nodes/Users: 25 Nodes (0 in use)" and "Your SonicWALL is not registered." It provides a link to register and lists the Serial Number (0006B11BABC8) and Authentication Code (2X8K-DTEX). It also includes a registration code input field and an "Update" button.
- Latest Alerts:** A box stating "No Alerts".
- Network Interfaces:** A table with the following data:

Name	IP Address	Link Status
LAN (LAN)	192.168.2.1	100 Mbps full-duplex
WAN (WAN)	200.200.200.1	100 Mbps full-duplex
OPT (Unassigned)	0.0.0.0	No link

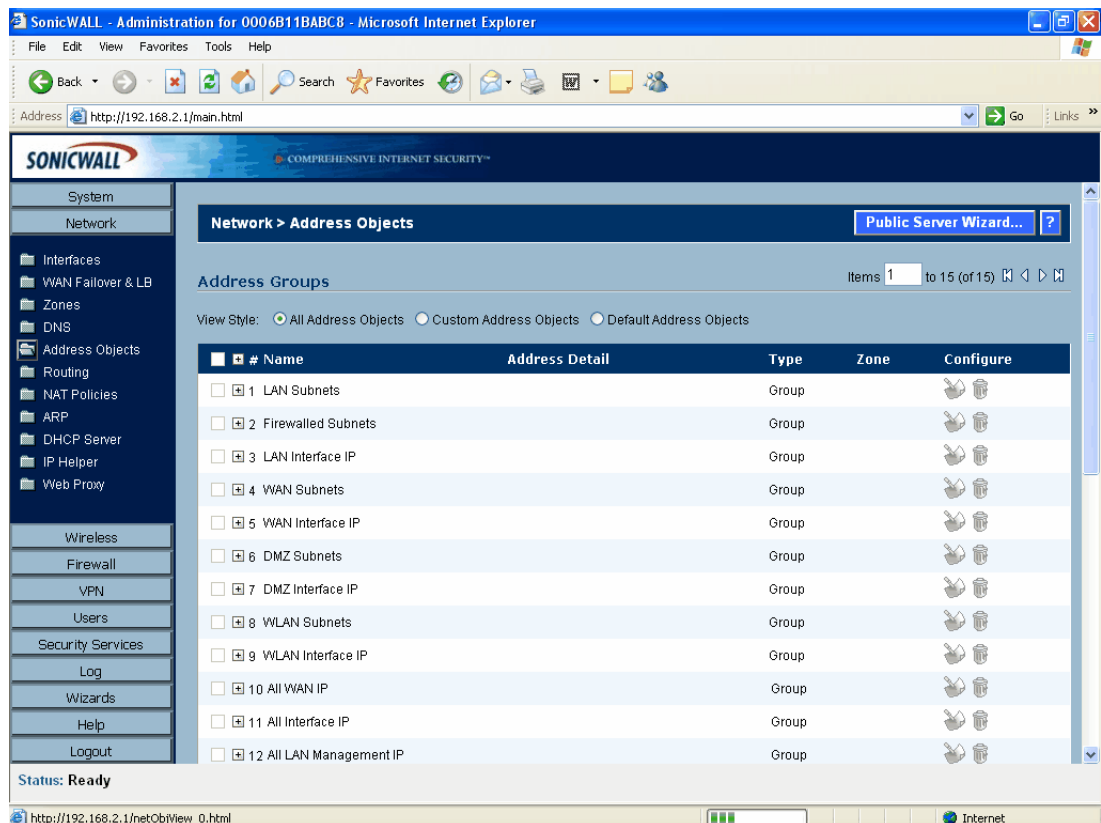
At the bottom of the page, the status is "Ready" and the browser address bar shows `http://192.168.2.1/netInterfaces.html`.

## Define the LAN subnet of the peer

Before you can configure the VPN, you need to create an address “object”. The address object defines the LAN subnet of the VPN peer router—in this example, the Allied Telesis router. There is no wizard for creating the address object, so the following steps use the Network pages instead.

### I. Open the Address Objects summary

In the left-hand menu of the System > Status page, select Network, then Address Objects. The GUI displays a list of all the existing address objects.



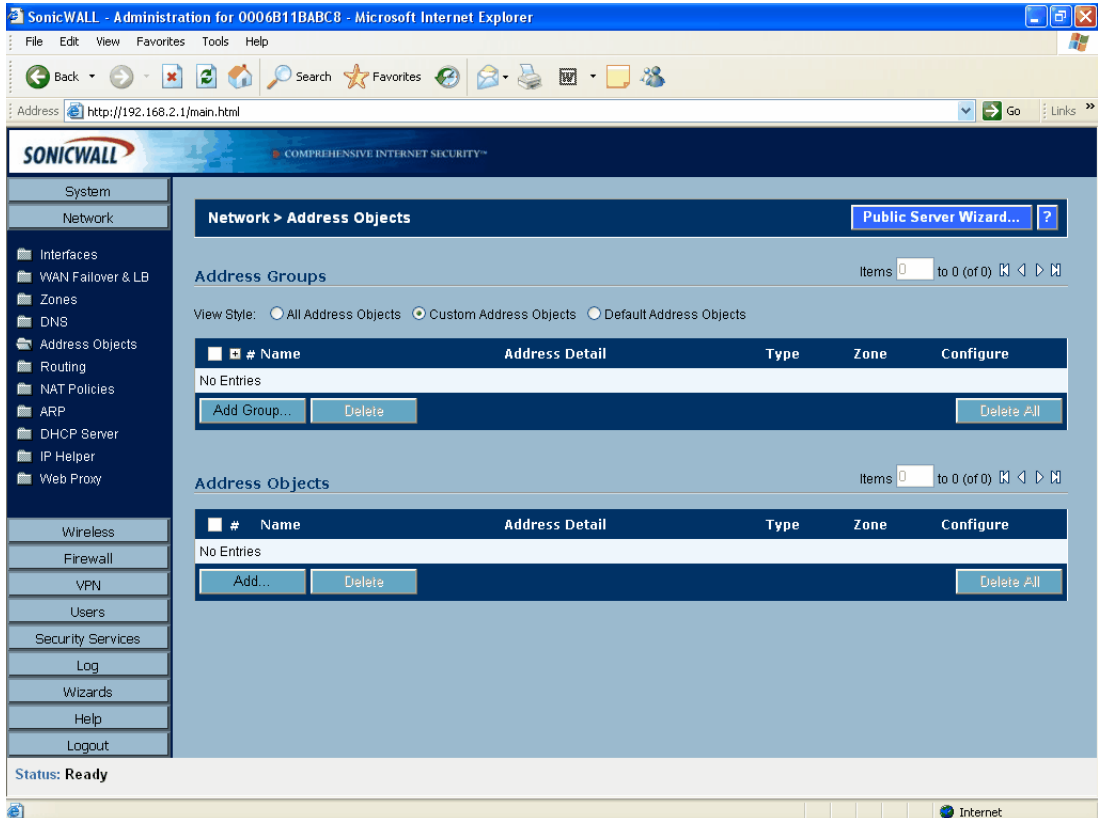
The screenshot shows the SonicWALL Administration interface in Microsoft Internet Explorer. The browser address bar shows `http://192.168.2.1/main.html`. The page title is "SonicWALL - Administration for 0006B11BABC8 - Microsoft Internet Explorer". The main content area is titled "Network > Address Objects" and includes a "Public Server Wizard..." button. Below this, there is a section for "Address Groups" with a "View Style" selector set to "All Address Objects". A table lists 12 address objects, each with a checkbox, a name, an "Address Detail" column, a "Type" column, a "Zone" column, and a "Configure" column with edit and delete icons.

#	Name	Address Detail	Type	Zone	Configure
<input type="checkbox"/>	1 LAN Subnets		Group		
<input type="checkbox"/>	2 Firewall Subnets		Group		
<input type="checkbox"/>	3 LAN Interface IP		Group		
<input type="checkbox"/>	4 WAN Subnets		Group		
<input type="checkbox"/>	5 WAN Interface IP		Group		
<input type="checkbox"/>	6 DMZ Subnets		Group		
<input type="checkbox"/>	7 DMZ Interface IP		Group		
<input type="checkbox"/>	8 WLAN Subnets		Group		
<input type="checkbox"/>	9 WLAN Interface IP		Group		
<input type="checkbox"/>	10 All WAN IP		Group		
<input type="checkbox"/>	11 All Interface IP		Group		
<input type="checkbox"/>	12 All LAN Management IP		Group		

Status: Ready

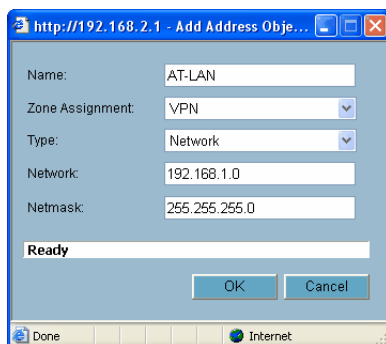
## 2. Open the Custom Address Objects summary

Select the “Custom Address Objects” view style, which displays lists of Address Groups and Address Objects.



There will be no custom address objects defined yet, so both the Address Groups and Address Objects lists are empty. In Address Objects (the bottom section of the window), click the Add button.

## 3. Define the address object

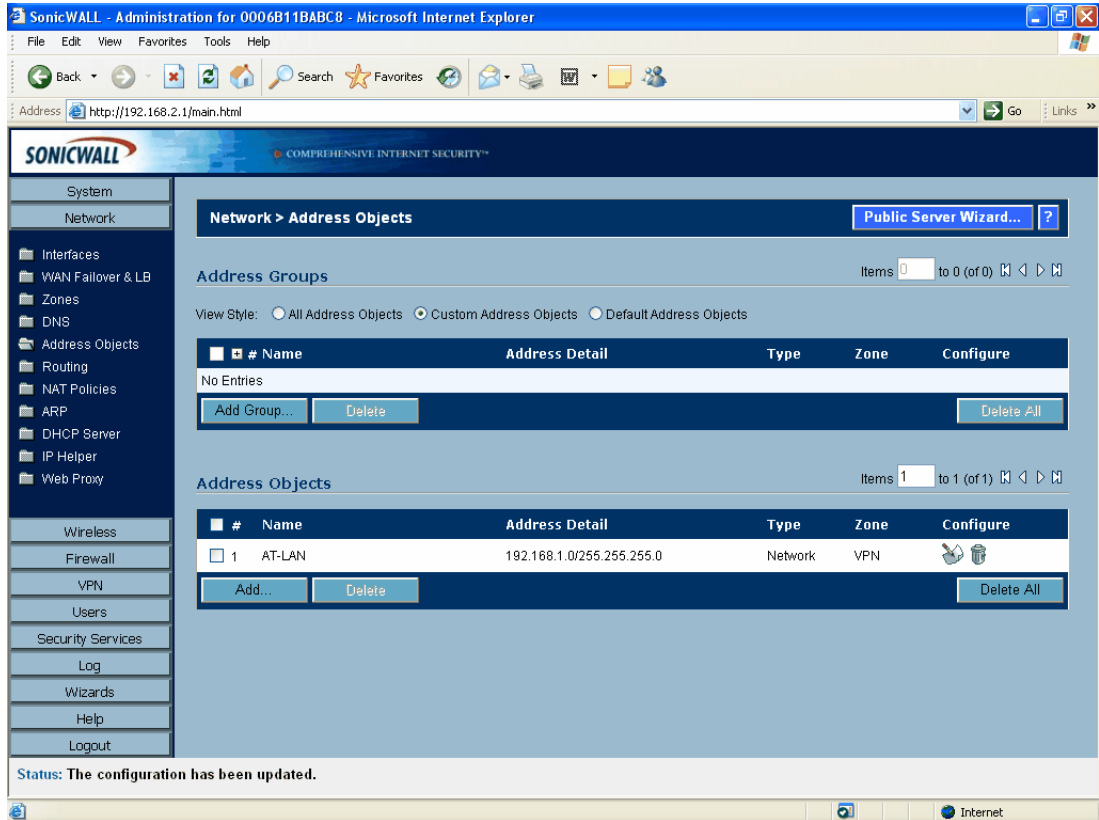


Enter the address object settings: the appropriate network (see "The network" on page 3), and other settings as shown in the following screenshot. The address object describes the LAN that is connected to the Allied Telesis router.

Click the OK button to display the Custom Address Objects summary page again.

#### 4. Check the settings

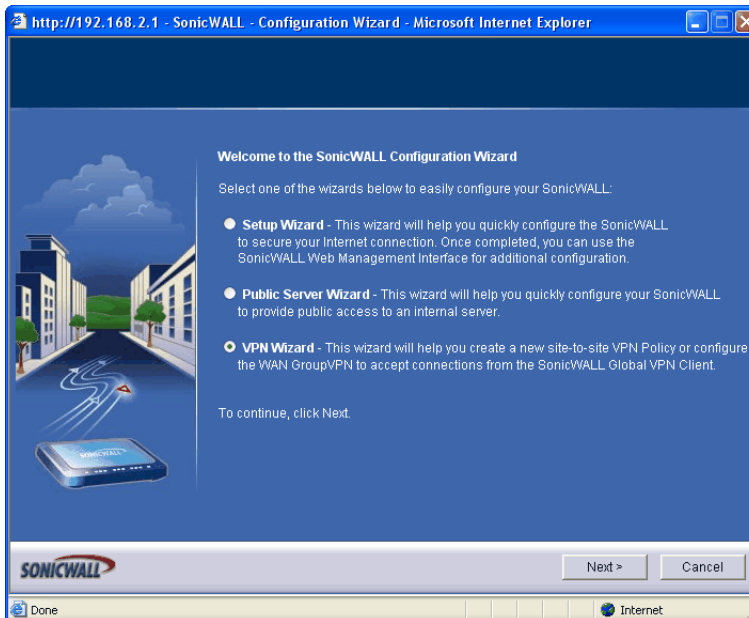
Check that the object is correct. If you need to change the object, click on the icon of a note and pencil at the right of the object's entry.



# Create the VPN

The following steps use the VPN wizard to create the SonicWALL end of the VPN.

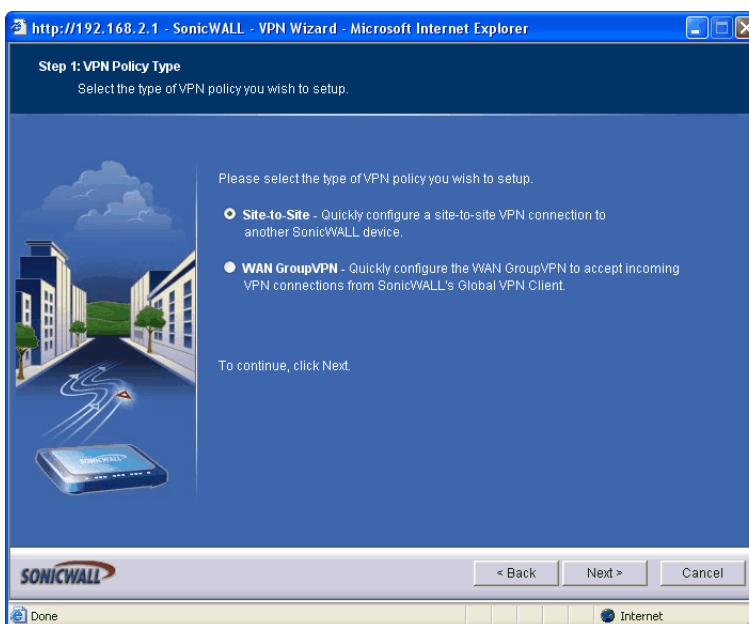
## 1. Return to the Configuration Wizards page



Click on the Wizards button in the left-hand menu to open the Configuration Wizard page, then select the VPN wizard.

Click the Next button.

## 2. Start the Site-to-Site VPN wizard



Select the Site-to-Site option.

Click the Next button.

### 3. Create the Site-to-Site policy

Step 2: Create Site-to-Site Policy  
Set up a basic VPN Policy between two sites.

Please enter the unique name you wish to assign to this site-to-site VPN Policy and the preshared key you wish to use for the tunnel.

If you know the remote peer IP address or fully-qualified domain name, select the checkbox and enter the information in 'Remote Peer IP Address' box below.

Policy Name:

Preshared Key:

I know my Remote Peer IP Address (or FQDN):

Remote Peer IP Address (or FQDN):

To continue, click Next.

< Back Next > Cancel

Name the policy. Enter the pre-shared key, which must be the same as the Allied Telesis router's **secret key**. Enter the remote peer address, which is the SonicWALL-facing side of the NAT device in this example (see "[The network](#)" on page 3).

Click the Next button.

### 4. Select the networks for each end of the LAN

Step 3: Network Selection  
Choose networks for each side of the VPN tunnel.

Please choose the networks you wish to be accessible through this site-to-site VPN tunnel. If you have not already created the network objects for each side of the VPN tunnel, you can select the 'Create new Address Group/Object...' options in the Local and Destination Networks select boxes to create new objects.

If you need to access more than one IP subnet on each side of the VPN tunnel, create a group of subnet objects and specify the group as the local/destination networks

Local Networks:

Destination Networks:

To continue, click Next.

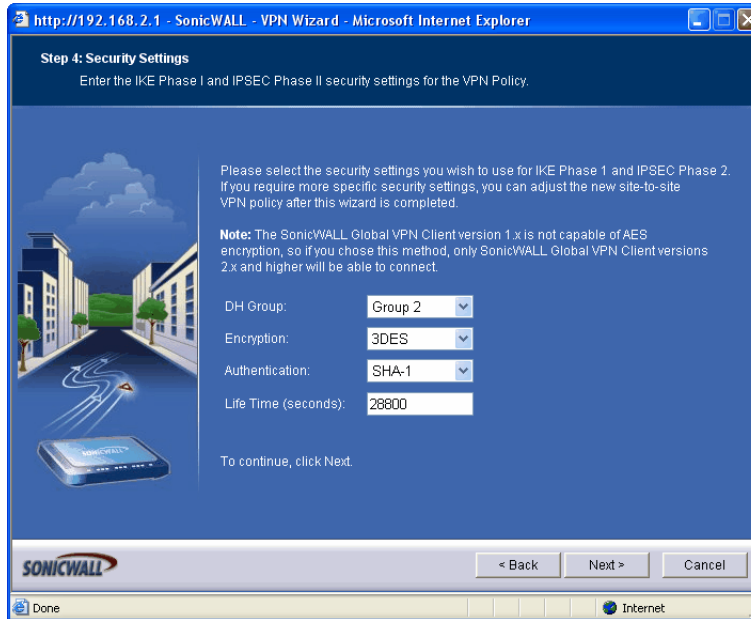
< Back Next > Cancel

For the local (SonicWALL) end, select **Firewalled Subnets**. For the destination (Allied Telesis) end, select the address object that you created in "[Define the LAN subnet of the peer](#)" on page 20.

Click the Next button.



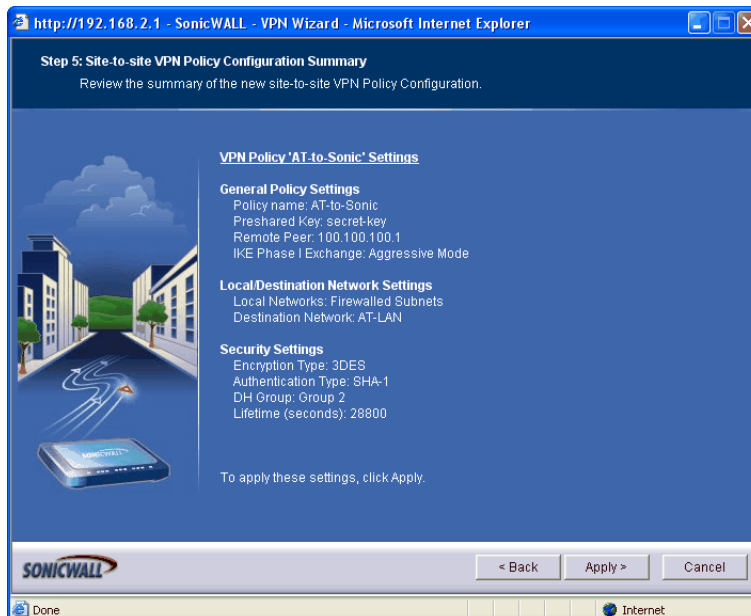
## 5. Specify security settings



You do not need to modify the default security settings.

Click the Next button.

## 6. Check the settings



Check the summary. If necessary, use the Back button to return and correct any settings you want to change.

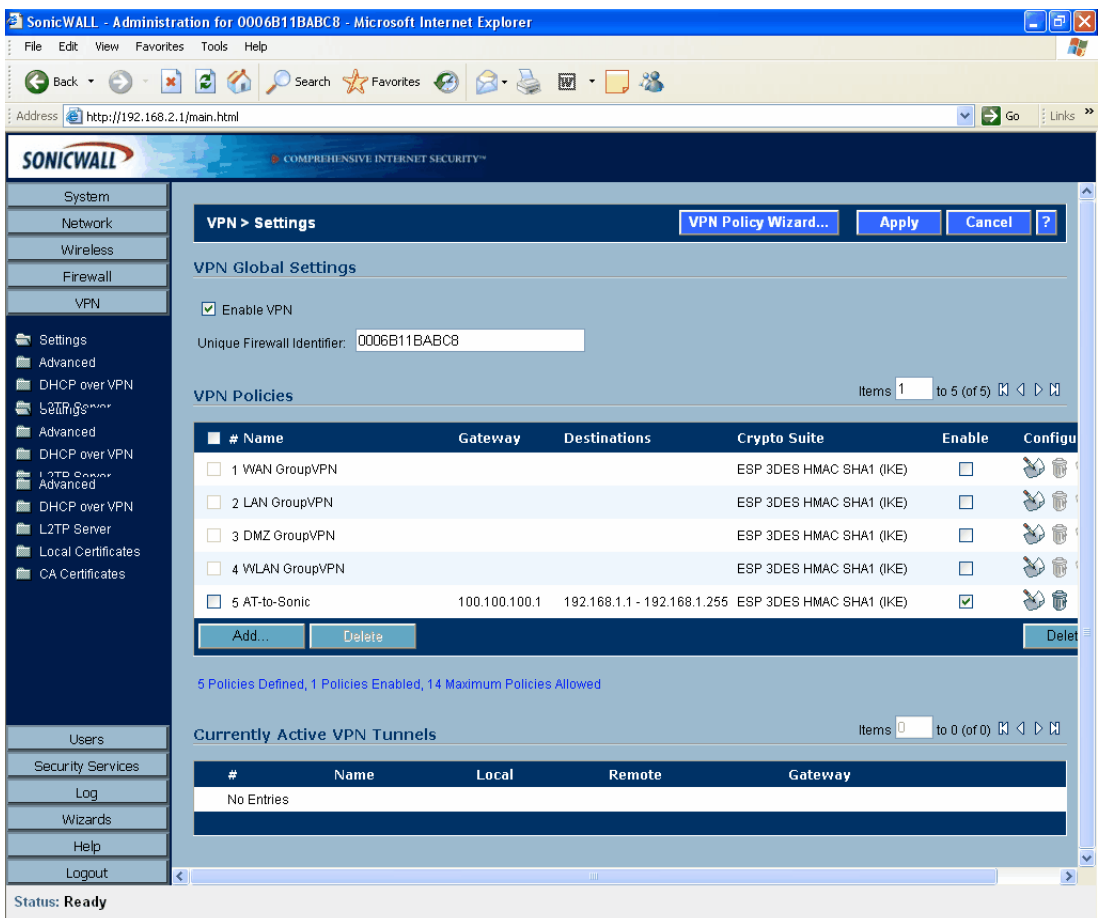
When all the settings are correct, click the Apply button.



The wizard displays a message of congratulations.

Click the Close button.

The GUI displays the VPN > Settings page.

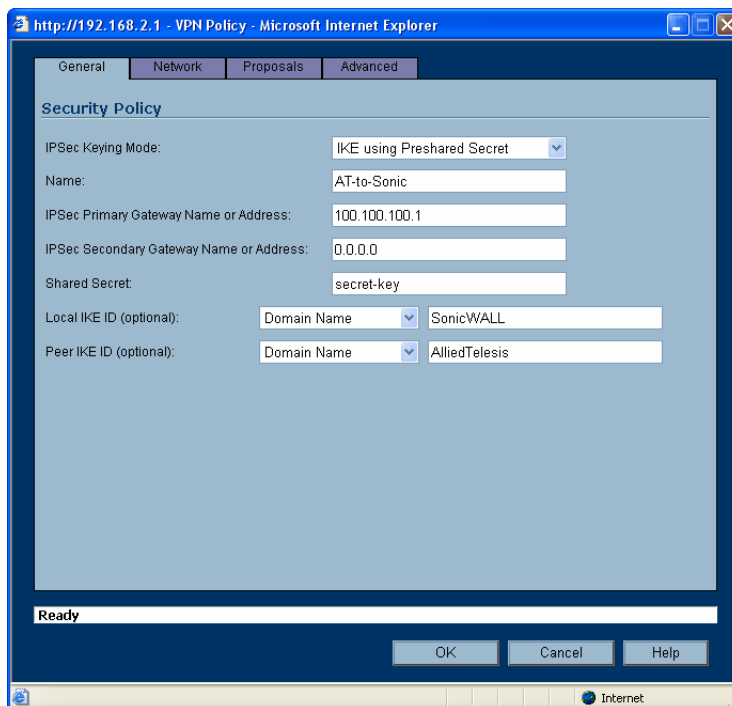


## Set the VPN IKE IDs and use Main Mode

Solutions with a NAT device in the tunnel path need to have IKE IDs specified. For all solutions, we recommend using Main mode instead of the default Aggressive mode. This section describes how to set both of these.

### I. Specify the Local and Peer IKE IDs

On the VPN > Settings page, click on the icon of a note and pencil at the right of the AlliedTelesis policy's entry. The VPN policy dialog box opens.



On the General tab, enter the Local and Peer IKE IDs. Select “type” of Domain Name. The values do not have to be real domain names, but must match the values on your Allied Telesis router (remember that “local” on the SonicWALL is “remote” on the Allied Telesis, and so on).

## 2. Specify IKE Main Mode

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "http://192.168.2.1 - VPN Policy - Microsoft Internet Explorer". The "Proposals" tab is selected. The "IKE (Phase 1) Proposal" section has the following settings: Exchange: Main Mode (dropdown), DH Group: Group 2 (dropdown), Encryption: 3DES (dropdown), Authentication: SHA1 (dropdown), and Life Time (seconds): 28800 (text input). The "IPsec (Phase 2) Proposal" section has the following settings: Protocol: ESP (dropdown), Encryption: 3DES (dropdown), Authentication: SHA1 (dropdown),  Enable Perfect Forward Secrecy, DH Group: Group 2 (dropdown), and Life Time (seconds): 3600 (text input). At the bottom, there are "OK", "Cancel", and "Help" buttons. The status bar at the bottom of the browser window says "Ready".

Click on the Proposals tab. Set Exchange to Main Mode. This is the preferred mode because it is more secure.

We also recommend that you change the lifetime for the IPsec (Phase2) Proposal to 3600 seconds, to match the Allied Telesis router.

Click OK.

## 3. If necessary, restart the router

You may find that you need to restart the router to allow all changes to take effect. To do this, select System > Restart from the left-hand menu.

# How to test the tunnel

There are several options for testing the tunnel. If these checks show that your tunnel is not working, see the How To Note *How To Troubleshoot A Virtual Private Network (VPN)*.

## 1. Check the tunnel status

On the SonicWALL router's VPN > Settings page, look for a green dot in the VPN policy entry, and for an entry in the "Currently Active VPN Tunnels" section.

The screenshot shows the SonicWALL Administration web interface in Microsoft Internet Explorer. The browser address bar shows `http://192.168.2.1/main.html`. The interface has a left-hand navigation menu with categories like System, Network, Wireless, Firewall, VPN, Settings, Users, Security Services, Log, Wizards, Help, and Logout. The main content area is titled "VPN Policies" and contains a table with the following data:

#	Name	Gateway	Destinations	Crypto Suite	Enable	Config
<input type="checkbox"/>	1 WAN GroupVPN			ESP 3DES HMAC SHA1 (IKE)	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	2 LAN GroupVPN			ESP 3DES HMAC SHA1 (IKE)	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	3 DMZ GroupVPN			ESP 3DES HMAC SHA1 (IKE)	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	4 WLAN GroupVPN			ESP 3DES HMAC SHA1 (IKE)	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	5 AT-to-Sonic	100.100.100.1	192.168.1.1 - 192.168.1.255	ESP 3DES HMAC SHA1 (IKE)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Below the table, it says "5 Policies Defined, 1 Policies Enabled, 14 Maximum Policies Allowed". There are "Add..." and "Delete" buttons. Below this is the "Currently Active VPN Tunnels" section, which contains a table with the following data:

#	Name	Local	Remote	Gateway	Actions
1	AT-to-Sonic	192.168.2.1 - 192.168.2.255	192.168.1.1 - 192.168.1.255 Peer ID: 'AlliedTelesis'	100.100.100.1	Renegotiate

Below this table, it says "1 Currently Active VPN Tunnels". At the bottom of the interface, the status is "Ready".

## 2. Ping the SonicWALL LAN

From the PC attached to the Allied Telesis router, ping the PC attached to the SonicWALL router, or the SonicWALL router's LAN address.

Note that when a NAT device is in the VPN path you can only initiate the tunnel from the router behind the NAT device, unless you create a suitable pinhole on the NAT device. In this example, that means you cannot ping from the SonicWALL end of the tunnel to the Allied Telesis end (unless you first ping in the other direction).

## How to use the CLI instead of the GUI

---

This section gives an example of the Allied Telesis CLI commands that you need to enter for the IP, firewall, IPsec and ISAKMP aspects of this configuration.

```
# IP configuration
enable ip
add ip int=vlan1 ip=192.168.1.1
add ip int=eth0 ip=192.168.254.1 mask=255.255.255.252
add ip rou=0.0.0.0 mask=0.0.0.0 int=eth0 next=192.168.254.2

# Firewall configuration
enable firewall
create firewall policy=guilan
enable firewall policy=guilan icmp_f=ping
add firewall policy=guilan int=vlan1 type=private
add firewall policy=guilan int=eth0 type=public
add firewall poli=guilan nat=enhanced int=vlan1 gblint=eth0
add firewall poli=guilan rule=1 action=allow int=eth0 protocol=udp port=500
    ip=192.168.254.1 gblip=192.168.254.1 gblport=500
add firewall poli=guilan rule=2 action=allow int=eth0 protocol=udp port=4500
    ip=192.168.254.1 gblip=192.168.254.1 gblport=4500
add firewall poli=guilan rule=3 action=nonat int=eth0 protocol=ALL
    encap=ipsec
add firewall poli=guilan rule=4 action=nonat int=vlan1 protocol=ALL
    ip=192.168.1.1-192.168.1.254
set firewall poli=guilan rule=4 remote=192.168.2.1-192.168.2.254

# IPSEC configuration
create ipsec saspec=0 key=isakmp protocol=esp encalg=3desouter hashalg=sha
set ipsec saspec=0 antireplay=true
create ipsec bundle=0 key=isakmp string="0" expirysec=3600
create ipsec policy=eth0allowISAKMP int=eth0 action=permit
set ipsec policy=eth0allowISAKMP lport=500 transportprotocol=UDP
create ipsec policy=eth0allowISAKMPF int=eth0 action=permit
set ipsec policy=eth0allowISAKMPF lport=4500
create ipsec policy=wiz_AT-to-Sonic int=eth0 action=ipsec key=isakmp bundle=0
    peer=200.200.200.1 isakmp=wiz_AT-to-Sonic
set ipsec policy=wiz_AT-to-Sonic laddress=192.168.1.0 lmask=255.255.255.0
    raddress=192.168.2.0 rmask=255.255.255.0
set ipsec policy=wiz_AT-to-Sonic respondbadspi=TRUE
create ipsec policy=eth0allow int=eth0 action=permit
enable ipsec

# ISAKMP configuration
create isakmp policy=wiz_AT-to-Sonic peer=200.200.200.1 encalg=3desouter
    key=0 natt=true
set isakmp policy=wiz_AT-to-Sonic expirysec=28800 group=2
set isakmp policy=wiz_AT-to-Sonic sendd=true sendn=true
set isakmp policy=wiz_AT-to-Sonic localid="AlliedTelesis" remotei="SonicWALL"
enable isakmp
```

## Appendix: Using this example if you don't have a NAT device in the same position

You can still use this example if you have no NAT device between the Allied Telesis router and the Internet, or if you have a NAT device between the SonicWALL router and the Internet. Simply change the peer addresses that you enter into the wizards, in the following ways:

<b>If you have...</b>	<b>in the Allied Telesis VPN wizard, for Remote Site Public IP Address, enter...</b>	<b>in the SonicWALL VPN wizard, for Remote Peer IP Address, enter..</b>
no NAT devices in the path of the VPN	the SonicWALL router's public-side address	the Allied Telesis router's public-side address
the SonicWALL router behind a NAT device instead of the Allied Telesis router	the NAT device's public-side address	the Allied Telesis router's public-side address
both routers behind a NAT device	the public-side address of the NAT device in front of the SonicWALL router	the public-side address of the NAT device in front of the Allied Telesis router

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