

Host RJ-11 IP Gateway User Guide





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Contents

Introduction
Host RJ-11 IP Gateway Features 4 Installation 5 Before You Start 5 Software Required 5 Hardware Required 5 Cellular Account Required 6 Important Information about Ports 6 Configuring your Raven-E for the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway 6 Default settings 6 Configuring the Raven-E 7 Configuring the Intial IP Address for the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway without a Raven-E 9
Configuring the IP Address and Interface Port of the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway 12 Host RJ-11 IP Gateway Defaults 12 Configuring the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway 12
Hardware
Configuration Settings and Commands 19 Web-based Interface 19 Service Configuration 20 Welcome 20 Serial Settings 21 Port Services 22 Phone Number Translation 23 Network Translation 24 Protocol Settings 25 Network Configuration 25 Network Settings 25 DNS Settings 27 IP Routing 28 Time Settings 28 Security Settings 29 Online Update 31 Status and Logs 32



System Log 33 Port Status 33 OS and Network Information 34 Log Files and Settings 35

Commands 36 Ping 36

Reset/Reboot 37

Specifications 38

Physical Dimensions38Connections38Phone and Modem standards38Environmental38Optional Mounting Bracket39

AT Commands 40

Response Codes42Modem Signal Behavior43Phone Numbers43Port Settings44

Warranty Terms and Conditions 45

Standard Software Warranty45One Year Standard Equipment Warranty45Remedy45WARRANTY DISCLAIMER46LIMITATION OF LIABILITY46General Conditions46

AirLink Technical Support 48

AirLink Support Web Site48AirLink Documentation and Guides48Contacting Technical Support48

CHAPTER 1

Introduction

Many existing meters, data loggers, RTU's, PLC's, point-of-sale, and other remote devices only have physical interfaces designed to access the telephone network. They do not have serial or Ethernet ports. They currently use analog cellular or standard phone lines to connect in circuit-switched mode for data transfer.

Analog cellular phone service is being discontinued. The combination of the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway, RJ-11 IP Gateway, and the AirLink Raven-E enables remote connectivity between host applications and these remote devices over cellular packet data networks. The RJ-11 IP Gateway provides the bridge between a device requiring an RJ-11 interface and the Raven-E, with its Ethernet interface. The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway can provide Ethernet-based Internet connectivity to a Legacy Host system with only RJ-11 ports.











Host RJ-11 IP Gateway Features

• One RJ-11 phone port

The phone port is a phone line designed to function just like standard wall-jack analog phone line. It is designed primarily to connect dial-up devices, with internal modems, to the RJ-11 IP Gateway, which then routes data from the devices over the network. The RJ-11 IP Gateway and Host RJ-11 IP Gateway mimics the phone company, answering incoming calls and routing them to an internal modem attached to the phone port, or generating calls from an internal modem to an attached device.



Caution: The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway's RJ-11 phone port should never be connected into the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN). This device is designed to emulate the PSTN for other devices. The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway may sustain damage not covered by warranty if it is connected to the Public Switched Telephone Network.

• One RJ-45 auto-sensing 10base-T Ethernet port

The Ethernet port is designed to be connected to either an AirLink modem with an Ethernet port such as the Raven-E or Raven X or any Ethernet-based network. With the modem connected to the cellular network, the communication from the device connected to the RJ-11 port can be routed to the Internet and your remote host.

• One power connector

The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway uses a AC power adapter with an optional DC adapter available.

• Status LEDs

The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway status LEDs give clear and concise information about the operation of the ports.

CHAPTER 2 Installation

Configuring the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway to work with your network or Raven-E and your RJ-11 equipped device is easy. This chapter covers a basic configuration.



Caution: The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway's RJ-11 port (labeled "Phone") should not be connected into the Public Switched Telephone Network. This port is the emulation for a Phone that you would have been using with your device. The RJ-11 IP Gateway will sustain damage not covered by warranty if it is connected to the Public Switched Telephone Network.

Before You Start



Caution: If the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway and Raven-E (as applicable) are going to be on a hub which is connected to a local network, you will need to be sure the addresses you select are not used by any other device on the network. Consult with your network administrator if you are unsure.

Software Required

• Wireless Ace - Graphical interface for configuring your Raven-E. Wireless Ace is located on Host RJ-11 IP Gateway CD or you can download Wireless Ace from the AirLink website: http://www.airlink.com/support/modems/utilities/. A default installation of this utility is assumed later in these directions.

If you *will not* be connecting the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway to a Raven-E, you *will not* need Wireless Ace.

Host RJ-11 IP Gateway Port Utility - Utility to establish an initial IP address for your Host RJ-11 IP Gateway. The port utility is located on the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway CD or you can download it from the AirLink website: http://www.airlink.com/support/modems/rj-11-host.asp. A default installation of this utility is assumed later in these directions.

If you *will* be connecting the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway to a Raven-E, you *will not* need the port utility. If you can use the default IP address of the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway for the initial configuration, you, also, *will not* need the port utility.

Hardware Required

• Ethernet Cable - A cross-over or straight through Ethernet cable.



If you will be connecting the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway to a Raven-E, you will need a cross-over Ethernet cable to configure your Raven-E unless your computer's Ethernet port is auto-sensing.

The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway has an auto-sensing Ethernet port, you can use either a cross-over cable or a straight-through Ethernet cable to connect the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway to the Raven-E or your computer.

- **Power supplies and a power source** You will need a power supply and power source for both the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway and the Raven-E (as applicable).
- **PC or Laptop** To configure both the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway and the modem (as applicable), you will need a computer with Internet Access, other than the cellular account, and an available Ethernet port.

Cellular Account Required

• **Cellular Account** - If you will be connecting the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway to a Raven-E, you need to already have an active account with a cellular provider and to have activated your modem with that provider. The AirLink Raven-E is certified to work with a variety of cellular providers.

If you need to activate your modem, you can use the Setup Wizard for your cellular provider which you can obtain from the AirLink website: http://www.airlink.com/support/.

Important Information about Ports

• **Port Blocking** - Many cellular providers and other ISPs block ports below 1024 which are the default ports for many server protocols (such as HTTP, telnet, and SSH). If your provider blocks these ports, you will need to configure a port you can access.



Configuring your Raven-E for the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway

These steps are just a basic configuration to get you started and allow the Raven-E to connect with the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway. Refer to the modem user guide for more configuration options for specific environments.



Omit this section if you are not connecting your Host RJ-11 IP Gateway to a Raven-E.

Default settings

- Management Interface IP Address: 192.168.13.31.
- Telnet and Wireless Ace password: 12345
- DHCP server: enabled.
- Public Mode the IP Address assigned by the carrier is assigned to the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway.



Note: If you are intending to use the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway default IP Address of 192.168.1.3, you will need to change the default configuration of the Raven-E.



Configuring the Raven-E

Connect your Raven-E directly to the Ethernet port on your computer and to power.

2. ^s

3.

Start Wireless Ace and connect to your modem.

Start > All Programs > AirLink Communications > Wireless Ace 3G > Wireless Ace 3G

- A. Click on Connect.
- B. Select UDP.
- **c.** Type in the modem's local IP (default is *192.168.13.31*).
- **D.** Type in the modem's password (default *12345*)

FIGURE 1. Wireless Ace: Connect

$\langle \rangle$	nplat 3	Connect to	Modem		
Connect Refre		UDP TCP SMS PPP Ethernet	Address: Password:	192.168.13.31 ****** OK Cancel	~
				OK Cancel	

Select **PPP/Ethernet** from the menu on the left side of Wireless Ace (under "Groups").

Public Mode

Configure the Raven-E for Public Mode. Set the ***HOSTPRIVMODE** to **0**. In this mode, the modem assigns the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway the IP address it has received from your cellular provider. This is the default setting for the modem.

FIGURE 2. Wireless Ace: PPP/Ethernet

1	GROUPS	MODEM DATA			PRINTABI
	Misc Serial	AT	Name	Value	New Value
	TCP UDP	*HOSTPRIVMODE	Use Private IP	0	0 - Use Public IP
	DNS	*HOSTPRIVIP	Host Private IP	0.0.0.0	



Note: The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway is set to a default static IP address of 192.168.1.3, if you want to keep that IP address for the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway, use Public Mode to set the static IP address for the modem and gateway..



Private Mode

Configure the Raven-E for Private Mode. In this mode, the modem communicates with the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway via a static local IP address.



If the modem and the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway are going to be on a LAN with other computers and devices you may want to use Private Mode. On a LAN, a DHCP server other than the modem may give the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway an IP address to which the modem would not know to send its messages.

a. Set the ***HOSTPRIVMODE** to **1**.

b. Set the ***HOSTPRIVIP** to the IP address for the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway (in the example, **192.168.1.4**).

c. Verify the ***HOSTPEERIP** is the local IP of the modern. Set this to **192.168.1.3** if you are keeping the default IP address for the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway.

d. Set the ***HOSTNETMASK** to the Subnet Mask (generally **255.255.255.0**).

FIGURE 3. Wireless Ace: PPP/Ethernet

GROUPS	MODEM DATA			PRINTABI
Misc Serial	AT	Name	Value	New Value
TCP UDP	*HOSTPRIVMODE	Use Private IP	0	1 - Use Private IP
DNS Dynamic IP	*HOSTPRIVIP	Host Private IP	0.0.0.0	192.168.1.4
PPP/Ethernet PassThru	*HOSTPEERIP	Modern Local IP	192.168.13.31	192.168.1.3
SMTP	*HOSTNETMASK	Host network mask	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0

When you have finished configuring the Ethernet settings, click the **Write** button on the tool bar of Wireless Ace and wait for the message "Write Successful" to appear in the status bar.

FIGURE 4.	Wireless	Ace:	Write
-----------	----------	------	-------

File Modern	Template	e Tools He	lp								
Onnect	🔹 Refresh	😰 Refresh All	8 Disconnect	/ Write	! Reset	😅 Load	Save	🖹 🚡 Сору	$\mathbf{x}_{\mathrm{Clear}}$	내고 Update PRL	A
Write succes	sful										

5.

Note the IP address given to the modem by your cellular provider.

A. Select Status from the menu on the left side of Wireless Ace (under "Groups").



FIGURE 5. Wireless Ace: Status

GROUPS	MODEM DATA			PRINTAB
INFO	AT *NETIP	Name	Value	
STATUS COMMON	*NETSTATE	Network State	Network Ready	

B. Note the IP address listed in the <u>Value</u> column for the command *NETIP.

For ***NETSTATE**, "Network Ready" means your modem is connected on the cellular network and waiting for connections. "Network Dormant" means the modem is connected and waiting for connections but the connection has been idle. In either state, the modem is ready for the steps in the next section.





Configuring the Intial IP Address for the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway without a Raven-E

The configuration interface for the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway is web-based, to be able to access the interface you will need to connect the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway to a computer using Ethernet.



If you are using a Raven-E with the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway, you do not need to use this utility, skip this section.

If you are able to use the default IP address of the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway, you, also, do not need to use this utility.

Connect your Host RJ-11 IP Gateway directly to the Ethernet port on your computer and to power.

2.

Start the Port Utility.

Start > All Programs > Systech Port Server Utilities

The Port Utility should automatically detect the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway. It may take a short while for the device to be displayed.

3.



FIGURE 6. Port Utility

Port Server Utilities					
Port Servers Help					
Step 1 - Select a Port Server Select a port server from t		ge its IP address, select it a	nd then click on i	its IP address:	
IP Address/Hostname	Ethernet Address	Model	OS FW	IP Source	
[Click to Assign]	00:80:44:0D:0C:5C	NDS/2110 - 0 Port	02C 02C	Unknown	
User Password	Admir	Password	Add	d Unlisted Port S	erver

Configure a temporary IP address for configuring the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway.

- **A.** Double-click on the **[Click to Assign]** for the discovered device (if an IP addess is listed in that column, double-click on the IP address if you need to change it).
- B. Type in an IP address. It's recomended that you use 192.168.1.3.
- **C.** Press Enter to save the address.

optional If the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway is not displayed in step 2, you will need to manually add the device.

A. Click on Add Unlisted Port Server.

FIGURE 7. Add Unlitsed Port Server

Add Unlisted Systech Port Server Systech port servers on different Ethernet segments (or those rur software) will not automatically appear in the port server list. You such a port server by specifying its IP address or DNS hostname II you have not yet assigned an IP address to the port server, you now by clicking the "Assign IP Address." Button.	i can add below.
	Assign IP Address [Older Unit] 🛛 🛛 🛛 🔀
Existing IP Address/Hostname: Add this Port Server Assign IP Address C	Before you can use a port server, you must first assign it an IP address. Since the port server you are using it summing older OS code, this utility will only be able to assign it an IP address once. Type the required information below.
	Ethernet Address: 00.80.44:
	New IP Address:
	Assign IP Address Cancel

- B. Click on Assign IP Address.
- **c.** Enter the MAC address found on a sticker beside the Ethernet port on the **Ethernet Address** line.
- **D.** Type in the desired IP Address as noted in step 3 above.
- E. Click Assign IP Address.





Temporarily change your computer to a static IP address to configure the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway.

A. Open the properties for your network connection. Start>Control Panel>Network Connections, right-click on your local area connection, and select Properties.

FIGURE 8. Local Area Connection

🕂 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 🔹 🛛
General Authentication Advanced
Connect using:
Broadcom 570x Gigabit Integrated Co Configure
This connection uses the following items:
 Client for Microsoft Networks File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks
🗹 📇 QoS Packet Scheduler
Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)
InstalL Uninstall Properties

- B. Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click on Properties.
- **C.** Note the current settings (so you can return to them when you finish).

FIGURE 9. TCP/IP Properties

eneral	
	ed automatically if your network supports need to ask your network administrator for
 Obtain an IP address aut Use the following IP address 	,
IP address:	192.168.1.2
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Sobret mask.	

- **D.** Change the IP address to match the temporary IP address you configured for the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway. The last number needs to be different. If you configured 192.168.1.3 for the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway, you should use 192.168.1.2 for your computer.
- **E.** Do not disconnnect your computer from the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway.
- **F.** Follow the directions in the next section. Omit the first step and use the IP address you configured in this section for the IP address instead of one from the Raven-E.





Note: When you have completed configuring the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway, you will want to reconfigure the IP address on your computer to how it was configured before you started these steps. Use the directions in this step to reset the configuration.



Configuring the IP Address and Interface Port of the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway

Host RJ-11 IP Gateway Defaults

- Phone port: 8 data bits, no parity, and 1 stop bit (8N1).
- Protocol: American/Bell 212A.
- Maximum baud: 2400.
- DHCP client: disabled.
- IP Address: **192.168.1.3**.



Note: If you are using the defaults for the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway, you can skip this section and connect your Host RJ-11 IP Gateway directly to your device and network.

Configuring the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway

- Connect the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway to power and connect the Ethernet cable from your computer to the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway.
- 2. Type "http://192.168.1.3:9080" (see the example in the screenshot below) in the Address or Location bar and press the enter key.

FIGURE 10. Web Browser : Enter the Location





Since many cellular carriers block the standard web browser ports (80 and 8080), the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway uses **9080** by default as the port for the web-based interface.

The web-based interface will open. On the left side of the window are menu options. The central area of the window is the working area (shown in the close up screen shots for the configuration settings).



FIGURE 11. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway Interface

AirLink	Welcome to the NDS/200 No. et any field ensure facilities of po- tions of the of	cation and diagnostics	ably to be ADECOM. To each odd your server server, server	- 🛛 🗢 🛛 🗤
				the second test have the
			Perdex Second Information	
of instance		tand to be a set of the set of th	ADDOTTO / PARALITY	
		art Number	85.60275.4-00	
		erai Number	\$r (00)\$	
Court Statistics		stwate Reisson	100 28 (https://www.ill.2008-18/07-19/07/22 Adv. 8172)	
And Determined		orfigination Database	Service 11	
Name & Configuration		hanal konsta	300 903 444 00) 301 488	
and the second se		Assess	188 211 234 231 (hearse 800 910+07)	
test furthered		Teatrant .	281.291.391.0 (Source BOO/PEHCP)	
and a later		Mineseet.	NUL 201 Addition (Los Local)	
And Additional Contract of the	D	end which the	10010001120	
Address of the local division of the local d	D	HCP Hosteane	RENOTION DUCK	
and in the second se	0	NOT Research Total	ph 1 monute, 30 percente	
And Real Advantages	D	-cr hasse total	in 2 minutes, 30 minutes	
1000	5	HCP Signs Trim	in 3 horules, 31 seconds	
1000 C		unied System, Tyrue	PRES. 33 Fear 2000 18:31 42 (71)	
and Reported		ward git make	8 minutes, 61 committe	
And the f				

3. Select **Network Settings** from the menu on the left.





DHCP Mode

In DHCP Mode, the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway will receive its IP address from the modem.

The IPv4 Address and the IPv4 Netmask should be listed as **0.0.0.**



FIGURE 13. RJ-11 IP Gateway:	Network Interface Settings
------------------------------	----------------------------

	4 Address (Current: 166.213.236.22 i, Source: BOOTP/DHCP)
0.0	0.0.0
• IPv	4 Netmask (Current: 255.255.255.0, Source: BOOTP/DHCP)
0.0	0.0.0
• Eth	ernet MTU (Maximum Transmit Unit)
14	50

Static IP Mode

If the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway is going to be on a LAN, you many wish to set a static IP address. Use this mode only if you have configured Private Mode for the modem. The default for the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway is a static IP address of **192.168.1.3**.



192.168.1.3	
 IPv4 Netmask (Current: 255.255.255.0, Source: BOOTP/DHCP) 	
255.255.255.0	
Ethernet MTU (Maximum Transmit Unit)	
1450	

- A. Set the IPV4 Address to match the *HOSTPRIVIP in step 3 of the previous section.
- B. Set the IPV4 Netmask to match the *HOSTNETMASK in step 3 of the previous section.
- C. Click the Save IP Address/Netmask button.



Select Serial Settings from the menu on the left.

The Serial Settings page allows you to specify the baud rate, protocol, character size, parity, stop bits, and flow control behavior for the RJ-11 port (Phone).





Serial Settings for Phone	
ine Parameters	
Electrical Interface DTE	
 Modern Baud Rate and Protocol (7) (NOTE: this setting may be overridden) FastConnect 1200/2400 (American/Bell212A) 	
 Data Framing (NOTE: these settings may be <u>overridden</u>) Asynchronous O SDLC 	
Databits Parity Stopbits 8 None 1	
 Inactivity Timeout (0 to disable) 0 seconds Flow Control XON/XOFF 	
 Modem Signal Loopbacks ① Connect DTR and DCD Connect DTR and DSR Connect RTS and CTS 	

For more information on these settings, refer to page 21.



5.

Note: For most configurations, the default settings are best. Change these parameters only if you know the device you will be connecting to the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway requires special settings.

Click on the **Reset/Reboot** menu option for the IP Address configuration and any changes to the serial port settings to take effect.

FIGURE 16. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Reset/Reboot



Click the Reboot button to restart the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway with the configured settings.

CHAPTER 3 Hardware

Designed for simplicity, the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway hardware has few complicated parts.

Connectors and Reset button

The Reset button is recessed. To reset the connection, using an unbent paperclip or other narrow, blunt tip, press and quickly release the reset button. To reset the configuration to the factory default, press and hold the reset button until you see the appropriate alternating light sequence.









Caution: The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway's RJ-11 phone port should never be connected into the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN). This device is designed to emulate the PSTN for other devices. The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway may sustain damage not covered by warranty if it is connected to the Public Switched Telephone Network.

Status LEDs

The top panel of the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway displays the status LEDs.







• **STATUS** - Indicates the overall status of the device.

TABLE 1. Status - N	ormal Operation
---------------------	-----------------

LED Condition	Description
Blinking Yellow	The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway is starting up.
Solid Green	The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway is obtaining an IP address from the modem.
Blinking Green	The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway has an IP address and is operat- ing normally.
Off	No power to the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway.

TABLE 2. Status - Resetting the Configuration

LED Condition	Description
Alternating Green/Red	While the Reset button is held in, the status light will begin to blink in this sequence to indicate the Host RJ-11 IP Gate- way will shortly restore the factory default condition.
	If you do not want to restore the factory default, release the button before the sequence changes to Green/Yellow.
Alternating Green/Yellow	While the Reset button is held in, the status light will begin to blink in this sequence to indicate the factory default con- figuration was restored. Once the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway indicates the configuration was restored, you can release the reset button.

TABLE 3. Status - Error Conditions

LED Condition	Description
Alternating Green/Red	A serious system error occurred. See the system log for more details.



TABLE 3. Status - Error Conditions

Alternating Green/Yellow	The current configuration is corrupt and the factory default configuration is being used
Solid Red	The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway has encountered a fatal error, contact technical support for assistance.

• ETHERNET - Indicates the status of the Ethernet connection (RJ-45 port).

TABLE 4. Ethernet

LED Condition	Description
Solid Green	The Ethernet link is available and idle.
Green/Yellow Blinking	Network traffic is detected.
Off	The Ethernet link is unavailable.

• **PHONE** - Indicates the status of the phone port (RJ-11).

TABLE 5. Phone

LED Condition	Description
Solid Green	The port is open and idle.
Blinking Green	The port is open, and data is being transmitted or received. When data is being continuously transferred, this LED will blink approximately 2 times per second.
Blinking Red	Data errors will cause periodic red blinks. Persistent red blinks may imply a configuration problem (incorrect baud rate, parity settings, etc.)
Yellow	Port is closed.
Solid Red	Port hardware has failed.
Off	Power is off.

CHAPTER 4

Configuration Settings and Commands

The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway can be configured to handle a variety of devices which need to connect to an RJ-11 port.



If you're using a Raven-E with the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway, for configuration options for your Raven-E, refer to the modems's user guide. All user guides are available on the AirLink website: http://www.airlink.com/support.

Web-based Interface



Note: Screen shots in this guide are using Microsoft Internet Explorer, but you can use any web browser to configure the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway.

The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway employs a web-based user interface. To access the web interface, you will need to know the IP Address given to your Raven-E by the cellular carrier (or the modem domain name if you have configured IP Manager settings for the modem). Type the IP address (or modem domain name) into the Address bar of your web browser followed by "**:9080**" (see the example below).



Since many cellular carriers block the standard web browser ports (80 and 8080), the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway uses **9080** by default as a port for the web-based interface.

FIGURE 1. Web Browser: Enter the Location

File	Edit	View	Favo	orites	Tools	Hel	P					
G	Back	- 0) -	×	2	6	Search	Favorites	0	8· 3	w -	

The web interface for the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway, by default, has no security. If you made changes to the security configuration ("Security Settings" on page 29), you will be prompted for a user name and password before the web-based interface will open.

The menu selections for the configuration interface are on the left side of the window.



FIGURE 2. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway Web Browser-based Interface

Service Configuration

Most of the Service Configuration menu options deal with the RJ-11 port.

Welcome

The Welcome screen is the first page displayed when you connect to the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway. Current settings and status are shown in a table.

	Device Server Information
Model	NDS/2110 (1 Port, RJ-11)
Part Number	65-800753-4-00
Serial Number	518089
Firmware Revision	02C.28 (built Nov 13 2006 19:07:13 UTC), HPI-8173
Configuration Database	Version 23
Ethernet Address	00:80:44:0D:0C:8B
IP Address	166.213.236.221 (Source: BOOTP/DHCP)
IP Netmask	255.255.255.0 (Source: BOOTP/DHCP)
IPv6 Addresses	fe80::280:44ff:fe0d:c8b (Link Local)
DHCP/BOOTP Server	192.168.13.31
DHCP Hostname	NDS2110-0D0C8B
DHCP Renewal Time	in 1 minute, 30 seconds
DHCP Rebind Time	in 2 minutes, 30 seconds
DHCP Expire Time	in 3 minutes, 30 seconds
Current System Time	Wed, 22 Nov 2006 16:03:42 UTC
System Up Time	6 minutes, 43 seconds

FIGURE 3. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Welcome - Device Server Information



- Ethernet Address: MAC Address of the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway.
- **IP** Address: The current IP Address of the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway and how the IP address was assigned (in the example, a Raven-E in Public Mode used DHCP to give the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway the IP addressed assigned by the cellular network).
- **IP Netmask:** The current subnetmask of the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway and how the device obtained it.

Serial Settings

The Serial Settings page allows you to specify the baud rate, protocol, character size, parity, stop bits, and flow control behavior for the RJ-11 port (Phone).



Note: For most configurations, the default settings (shown in the screen shots) are best. Change these parameters only if you know the device you will be connecting to the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway requires special settings.

FIGURE 4. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Serial Settings

Serial Settings for Phone
Line Parameters
Electrical Interface DTE
 Modem Baud Rate and Protocol (NOTE: this setting may be <u>overridden</u>) FastConnect 1200/2400 (American/Bell212A)
 Data Framing (NOTE: these settings may be <u>overridden</u>) Asynchronous O SDLC
Databits Parity Stopbits 7 Even 1
Inactivity Timeout (0 to disable) Seconds
Flow Control XON/XOFF
 Modem Signal Loopbacks ⁽²⁾ Connect DTR and DCD Connect DTR and DSR Connect RTS and CTS
NOTE: These changes will take effect immediately, resetting any service that may be running on the port. Most of these settings are overridden by NativeCOM. Save Changes

- Enabling flow control enables it on both input and output.
- The inactivity time-out shuts down the service on the port if there is no input or output in the specified time-out period.



- With Modem Signal Loopbacks, the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway eliminates the use of specialized cables required to change signal types and directions by performing the loopback of signal types to other signal types internally.
- NativeCOM, (or any RFC-2217 Telnet client with COM-PORT-OPTION support) overrides the baud rate, size, parity, stop bits and flow control parameters.

Port Services

By default, the RJ-11 port is configured to accept incoming TCP connections from TCP/telnet clients with outgoing service based on phone numbers dialed by the attached device (Modem Service). You may configure the ports to initiate outgoing raw TCP or telnet connections to remote servers. In addition, the modem emulation feature may be enabled to allow a serial port to mimic a modem interface.

- When using the modem service on the port, the phone number will be translated to a host/port pair then a TCP connection will be established to the remote host.
- When using outgoing connections on the port, the settings configured on the **Serial Settings** page will be applied to the port, and a TCP connection will be established to the remote host.
- Once connected, data received on the port is sent to the remote server over the network connection and data received on the network connection is sent out the port.

FIGURE 5. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Port Services

Port Service Settings for Phone

Service Type

- No Outgoing Service
- Disable all outgoing services. The port can only be accessed by incoming network connections.
 Modem Service
 - Outgoing network connections are established based on phone numbers dialed by the attached device. Incoming network connections "ring" the attached device.
- Outgoing Network Connection
 Outgoing network connections are established based on the presence of modern signals.
- Outgoing Telnet Connection
 Outgoing telnet connections are established based on the presence of modern signals.

NOTE: Incoming network connections are accepted on TCP 8002.

Modem Service Options

Source TCP port for outgoing network connections



After applying your changes, be sure to <u>configure the required protocols</u> for each remote peer to which you will be connecting.

Save Changes

• No Outgoing Service: Disables outgoing port services on the specified port. Incoming connections are still allowed. All port services options will reset to defaults.



- **Modem Service:** Enables modem emulation on both the incoming and outgoing network connections. The target peer (specified in the Phone Number Translation table and configured in the Protocol Settings page) determines the type of outgoing connection that will be made.
- Outgoing Network Connection: Enables an outgoing connection to the specified host.
- Outgoing Telnet Connection: Enables an outgoing telnet connection to the specified host.
- **Modem Service Options:** When Modem Service is selected, you may also configure the Source TCP Port. In most cases, the value used for the source port is arbitrary and you can leave this field set to 0 for "any". However, if your server or firewall has specific requirements you may specify an explicit source port number in the Source TCP Port field. If this port is not available when the TCP service starts up, an error will occur and the TCP service will reset and try again.

Phone Number Translation

This table can be used to translate phone numbers into IP addresses or Hostnames. If the attached device dials one of the specified telephone numbers, the corresponding IP address and port are used to make the TCP connection. Note that all non-numeric characters except the "," (comma) in the phone number are ignored.

When modem emulation is enabled, the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway can detect the phone number from ATD commands. Although the IP address of the remote host can be embedded directly into the ATD command, certain devices can't always be easily configured to do this.

Phone Number	IP Address/Hostname	TCP Port	Protocol Settings	Delete
Default Translation	default.eairlink.com	5003	Edit Protocol Settings	
18005551212	192.168.13.100	5004	Define Protocol Settings	
5551212				*
Entries with asterisk	s have been automatically recorded f	rom recent dial	attempts. These er	tries

FIGURE 6. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Phone Number Translation

The Default Translation entry is used if the dialed phone number is not found in the list. (The dial backup number is not used in the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway.) The phone number table has a number of features to ease initial configuration. When an attached device dials a number that is not in the table, the device server creates a dummy entry in the table. This entry will consist of just the phone number. Until you fill in the remainder of the entry (IP Address/Hostname and Port) and save it, this entry will not be used.



Once you have created and saved an entry in the table, a link to the associated entry on the Protocol Settings page appears on the right. If the protocol is not yet defined, this link, "Define protocol", will create a new entry on the Protocol Settings page, otherwise the link will be "Edit protocol".

The translation table screen allows you to add up to 5 new entries at a time. A total of 64 entries may be configured including the default entry.

In the example above, if the attached device dials 18005551212, the port will be connected to the host at 192.168.13.100 on TCP port 5004. This host is not yet defined, so it will use the default TCP protocol. If the attached device dials any other number, the port will be connected to default.eairlink.com:5003, whose protocol is defined. And the terminal has actually dialed 555-1212, generating an automatic, but not yet saved, entry.

Network Translation

The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway is capable of accepting incoming TCP connections and redirecting them to remote TCP hosts. This functionality is called network translation and behaves much like a TCP "pipe" between two systems. The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway also uses Network Translation to allow connections to the web-base interface on a port other than the http protocol defined port of 80 which is frequently blocked by cellular carriers.

Incoming TCP Port	Outgoing IP Address/Hostname	Outgoing TCP Port	Outgoing TCP Source Port (0 for any)	Protocol Settings	Delete
9080	127.0.0.1	80	0	Define Protocol Settings	
			0		
			0		
			0		
			0		
			0		

FIGURE 7. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Network Translation

It is also possible to modify the network protocol traveling through the TCP pipe by using the **Pro-tocol Settings** page to define the remote host's protocol requirements. The most common use for this functionality is to add SSL encryption to an incoming TCP connection prior to sending it along to the remote host.

The **Network Translation** table is used to define network mappings for TCP pipes. You must first specify the incoming TCP port to which your device or application will connect. Then, you must specify the outgoing hostname and destination TCP port for the TCP pipe.

You can also specify the source TCP port for the outgoing TCP connection. Usually, this should be set to 0 to allow automatic selection of the source port. However, if you have a firewall that



imposes limits on source TCP ports then you may need to set this to something specific. Note that if you specify something other than 0, you will be limited to only 1 TCP pipe at-a-time for any given destination port.

Protocol Settings

For each host (peer) you will make an outgoing connection to, you need to specify the protocol options used for that host. For each host, select the Host from the "Edit settings for a different peer" selection box. Select "Add a new peer definition" link to add a new host.



rotocol Sett	ings
Select peer to e	dit:
Add a new peer	
TCP Peers]	
Any other hostnan	ne/TCP port
Dialed Peers]	
Any other phone r	umber
Save Changes	

The hosts are identified by their IP address or Hostname and TCP port. You may also specify wild cards. Specific host names and/or port numbers take precedence over the wild cards. An asterisk for the IP address/hostname (for instance "*:443") means any other host when connecting on port 443. An asterisk for the port number (for instance "host.peer.com:*") refers to any other port on that host. And a double asterisk ("*:*") refers to all other hosts.

Network Configuration

The Network Configuration group configures settings for the RJ-45 Ethernet port.

Network Settings

The Network Settings page allows you to set the IP address, the IP netmask, and the TCP keepalive settings.

Every IP address contains two pieces of information: the network number and the host number. A network number is assigned to each local area network and is shared by all the network devices on that network. Each network device, or "host", is assigned a unique host number. The IP netmask defines which portion of an IP address contains the network number, and which portion contains the host number. The default netmask depends on the "class" of the IP address that you are using.



In one type of configuration, the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway has been designed to work in conjunction with an AirLink Raven-E. The IP address for the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway and the IP address for the Raven-E need to be on the same network. If you need to set a specific IP address for the Raven-E and the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway, you will need to use Private Mode for the Raven-E. Setting Private Mode is covered in the Raven-E User Guide.

FIGURE 9. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Network Interface Settings

	0.0.0.0
_	
•	IPv4 Netmask (Current: 255.255.255.0, Source: BOOTP/DHCP) 0.0.0.0
•	Ethernet MTU (Maximum Transmit Unit)
	1450
	You must <u>reboot</u> for these changes to take effect. Save IP Address/Netmask
;P	Save IP Address/Netmask

TCP keep-alive is a standard feature of TCP/IP that can be configured to automatically monitor the state of TCP connections. If one end of an idle TCP connection is severed (like by a network or power failure), it is possible for the other end to remain open indefinitely. If a network host fails while it has an open TCP connection to one of the device server's serial ports, that serial port might remain unavailable until it is manually reset.

The optional TCP keep-alive feature sends special "keep-alive" packets to the remote TCP host in order to detect the situation where the remote host fails. If a failure is detected, the TCP connection is reset to allow other hosts to access the serial port.

To enable TCP keep-alives on serial-related network connections, enter the total time (in seconds) that you will allow TCP connections to remain idle before resetting them. The first keep-alive packet will be sent after the connection has been idle for half of this total time. After that, four more TCP keep-alive packets will be sent at regular intervals until a TCP response is received from the remote host. If no response is received before the total keep-alive time runs out, the TCP connection will be reset.



Caution: Enabling TCP keep-alives will increase the amount of network traffic on your network. Unless you have a specific need for this feature, it is best to leave it disabled. If you do enable it, it is best to make the keep-alive time-out larger to reduce network traffic.



DNS Settings

The DNS Settings page allows you to specify a DNS name for your unit, specify the addresses of DNS servers to resolve names, and to pre-define some host names. The DNS name and servers can also be derived from a DHCP server.

FIGURE 10. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: DNS Settings

NS Settings		
fault DNS Domain Name	(Currently: [None])	
NS SERVERS		
IS Servers Obtained from 9.183.48.10 9.183.48.11	n DHCP	
IS Server IP Address Ad	dress	Delete
tatic Hosts	Address	Delete

If the device server is configured to use DHCP, it will try to get DNS configuration information from the DHCP server. You may also manually set up static DNS entries on this page. Having DNS configured allows you to specify names in place of IP addresses in your configuration.

The DNS Domain Name is used as the default domain for any names you specify. For instance, if you specify the name "foo" in the ping command and the domain name "company.com" in the DNS Domain Name above, the ping command will do a DNS lookup on the name "foo.com-pany.com".



The DNS Server IP Addresses are used to specify the addresses of one or more machines that can be used to resolve names to IP addresses.

The Static Hosts entries are used to define local host name to IP address mappings.

IP Routing

The IP Routing page lets you configure network routes for accessing remote networks.

FIGURE 11. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: IP Routing

	Destination Address	Destination Netmask	Gateway Address	Delete
		Net (255.255.255.0)		
ŀ		O Host (255.255.255) Custom:		

If the device server is configured to use DHCP, it will try to get IP configuration information from the DHCP server. You may also manually set up static routes on this page.

Each IP route consists of a destination IP address, a netmask, and a gateway IP address. Depending on the netmask, the destination IP can specify one of two route types:

- Host route: This is a route to a specific IP host. The netmask is always 255.255.255.255.
- Network route: This is a route to an IP network. The netmask defines which portion of the destination IP address contains the network number.

The current routing table is also displayed on this page for your reference.

Time Settings

The Time Settings page allows you to configure NTP or HTTP time-servers to get the system time from. If you are using SSL for peer verification, the device server must obtain a valid time from an external time-server to verify the peer.

Time is used in the system and other logs. Having the correct time can help to troubleshoot problems or simply to track occurrences of particular events.

The current time is expressed in UTC (Coordinated Universal Time).



FIGURE 12. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Time Settings

Current System Time

The current system time is: Wed, 22 Nov 2006 17:25:52 UTC.

If this time is not correct, please verify that the time settings below are correct and that at least one of the configured time servers is accessible.

Network Time Protocol (NTP) Settings

	Delete
org	
rs from DHCF	>
	org rs from DHCF

HTTP Time Settings

When the device server boots, it will attempt to get the time from any web servers listed here, and set the system time accordingly.

Save HTTP Time Settings

If the device server is configured to use DHCP, it will try to get NTP server information from the DHCP server. You may also manually set up the addresses on this page. The NTP service uses UDP port 123. If your device server is behind a firewall you may need to allow accesses to this port through the firewall. Adding or changing the NTP server will trigger the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway to get the time again.

The HTTP server you specify need not be a designated time server – just a reliable server. The device server derives the system time from the HTTP header the server returns. Adding an HTTP server will not automatically trigger getting the time. You must reboot for this to take effect.

Security Settings

The security settings page includes settings for the System Password and Network Isolation.



FIGURE 13. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Security Settings

Change System Password
Current Password
New Password
(15 characters maximum)
New Password (again)
NOTE: You will need this password to access the browser. The username is always admin.
Change Password
Network Isolation Configuration
Enabled Services
Web Server (user interface, host utilities)
System Log (TCP 9096 interface, also available via Web Server interface)
LPD (printer service)
SNTP (time service)
SDP (discover service)
Raw TCP Port Services
Telnet TCP Port Services
Check All Uncheck All
WARNING: Disabling the Web Server service may prevent any further configuration!
If you disable the Web Server service, you will no longer be able to directly access the NDS/2000 via your web browser. If you still want to access the NDS/2000, you will need to configure a <u>Remote Management server</u> before disabling the Web Server.
Alternately, you can regain access to the web configuration interface by using the hardware reset button to restore the default configuration. Note that this will discard all your configuration settings.
Any changes you make here will take effect after the next reboot.
Save Changes

• **System Password:** The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway's administrative functions can be protected by a system password.

By default, no system password is configured. Once a password is set, your web browser will prompt you for the system password whenever you try to access sensitive configuration pages. The browser will ask for a username and password. The username is always "admin". The password will be what you configured.

• Network Isolation Configuration: By default, all network services are enabled. However, for security, any or all listening services may be disabled. Unselect any services that you wish to disable. These changes will not take effect until the next reboot.



Online Update

You may configure your device server to make a connection to an update server and obtain updated software or configuration information from the server or send information to the server.

FIGURE 14. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Online Update -top half of the page P

Online Update Configuration
Server Configuration
Hostname/Path ((Example: " <my_host>/cgi-bin/myscript.cgi")</my_host>
Server Authentication Information (optional) Username Password
Auto Update Settings
Perform update at startup.
Update frequency 0 days (0 to disable)
Update time 00:00:00 UTC (HH:MM:SS - use 24-hour time format) Note: The device server will reboot when an update is performed. Choose the update time carefully. The update time is not adjusted for daylight savings time.

To configure updates, first, select the update server to use and the SSL parameters for connecting to it. You may specify both the server name and the path for obtaining the updates. If the server requires HTTP authentication from the device server, specify the username and password to use.

You can schedule the updates to happen periodically, or on every startup, or only when manually selected. The automatic update capability can be used along with Network Isolation to provide a way for the device server to "call out" to get updates if all the incoming connections are disabled.

FIGURE 15. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Online Update - middle of the page

Se	nd Information To Server						
	Product Data (PDA)						
	Configuration Database (BDNL)						
	Configuration Database (text)						
System Log							
	Informational Fields						
	Configuration Database (URL-encoded)						
lter	ms To Update						
	Firmware						
	File System						
	Configuration Database						

Host RJ-11 IP Gateway User Guide, version



You can configure which items to send to the server or update from the server.

Items to send:

- Product Data manufacturing configuration data, error records
- Configuration Database current settings on the unit
- System Log trace activity

Items to Upload:

- Operating Software the software running in the unit
- File System SSL certificates
- Current Configuration current settings on the unit

FIGURE 16. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Online Update - bottom of the page

Note: Data is transferred with no encryption or security!	
Test Configuration Performs a test transfer with the server. Nothing is updated.	
Update Now The device server will reboot if something is updated.	
Save Changes	

- Test Configuration check to make sure the settings are right and the server is available. This will contact the server and go through the communication necessary to send and receive the files without actually doing so.
- Update Now contacts the server and sends and updates the files now.
- Save Changes save changes for later.

Status and Logs

The status and log pages display system and operation information.

Troubleshooting

Significant events will be displayed for review. For a more complete report of events, see the system log.



FIGURE 17. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting (Fri, 12 Jan 2007 00:43:15 UTC)

This page summarizes the significant events that occurred during recent protocol transactions. Transaction results are listed here starting with the most recent transaction first.

More detailed information about system activity can be found in the System Log.

Transaction #64 on incoming TCP port 9080

Start time = Fri, 12 Jan 2007 00:43:15 UTC. [+000.000s] An incoming network connection was received on TCP port 9080 from 64.163.70. *C2:3853. [+000.014s] An outgoing network connection to 127.0.0.1:80 was successfully established. [The transaction is still in progress...]

Transaction #63 on incoming TCP port 9080

Start time = Fri, 12 Jan 2007 00:42:39 UTC. [+000.000s] An incoming network connection was received on TCP port 9080 from 64.163.70.002:3850.

System Log

By default, the device server stores informational and error messages in the system log. You can also configure the device server to record debug trace data in this system log buffer (See "Log Files and Settings" on page 35.). The log file is displayed with color-coding to make it easier to spot specific entries.

You can save the System Log to a file to review separately. You can also clear the log, but there is no confirmation on clearing the stored log file.

FIGURE 18. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: System Log

<pre>[System boot time was Wed, 22 Nov 2006 15:56:59 UTC] [Timestamp format is "[D]HBHNB183.vusece>" UTC, D is days since boot time] [Timestamp granularity is 1000.0 kH2 (ticks are 100 H2)] [NB0/21310 - 02C.28 (built Nov 13 2006 19:07:13 UTC) - 00:80:44:0D:0C:88]</pre>	
[HPI: HemoryHin = 16730 words, StackHin = 662 words]	
[LogBask 0x00001(1E/0x0000000)]	
(0)15:56:59.059404 (WARNING) (00) The configuration database was missing Peer serial entries (2 add	- 11-
(0)15:56:59.059488 [WARNING] (00) The configuration database was missing Peer modem entries (2 adde-	
(0)15:56:59.055:57 (WANING) (00) The configuration database was missing Peer max connect entries (
(0) 15:55:55.05:55:43 (WANING) (0) The configuration database was missing Peer timeout entries (2 ad	
(0) 15:56:59.05570 [WANNING] (00) The configuration database was missing Peer dial out entries (2 as	
	aaea).
(0)15:56:59.059704 [INFO] (00) Config is OK	
(0) 15:56:59.062019 [INFO] (00) System time has been updated (1080777600 seconds).	
(0)15:56:59.062100 [INFO] (06) Initializing transaction logging (supporting 100 events).	
(0) 15:56:59.065039 [INFO] (07) LED/Fort Manager started.	
(0) 15:56:59.066587 [INFO] (08) Watchdog service started.	
(0) 15:56:59.067264 [INFO] (06) TCP KeepAlive set to 60 seconds.	
(0) 15:56:59.067422 [INFO] (06) Setting system IP address to 0.0.0.0.	
(0) 15:56:59.067458 [INFO] (06) Setting system IP netmask to 255.0.0.0.	
(0)15:57:00.094173 [INFO] (06) Added route to 0.0.0.0	
(0) 15:57:00.094254 [INFO] (06) Via gateway 255.255.255.255.	
(0) 15:57:01.101463 [INFO] (OA) TCP/IP started.	
(0) 15:57:01.123808 [INFO] (0C) The system will try to adopt an IP address.	

Port Status

The current status of the RJ-11 port is displayed.





Port	DCD	RTS	cts	DTR	DSR	RI	State	Serial Parameters	Opens	Input	Output		Framing Errors			On Hook	Modern Attempts	Modern Connects
Phone					DSR		Open Connected TTY is DTE Threads waiting: 0	2400-7E1 RTS/CTS Hardware is RS232 DTE MS 0x89760054	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
							Moden; Vai	ting for call/T	CP 8002	-								

The DCD, RTS, CTS, DTR, DSR, and RI columns indicate the status of the modem signals for the RJ-11 (phone) port. If the modem signal is present (either asserted if it is an outgoing signal, or detected if it is an incoming signal) its name will appear in the corresponding column.

The State column indicates whether the port is open, closed, waiting for DCD, or experiencing any notable conditions (such as flow control). The Serial Parameters column indicates the current settings for the port.



Note: The Serial Parameters column reflect the actual, real-time serial settings in use by the port. The settings that are specified via the serial configuration pages are applied each time the port is opened. If the port is closed, the serial parameters reported by Port Status may not necessarily match the settings you configured until the port is re-opened. Furthermore, some clients (like NativeCOM) can override the configured settings.

The Input, Output, Parity Errors, Framing Errors, and Overrun Errors columns are tallies of activity on the port. Under each port row is a field indicating the current TCP connection status on the port.

The display will update automatically every few seconds. You can stop the automatic update by selecting "Stop" from your browser. To restart the updating, select "Refresh" or "Reload" from your browser.

OS and Network Information

The OS Information shows the current state of system and application tasks as well as memory usage information.

The Network Information displays the status of network services and current connections. The TCP Sockets section shows current connections and TCP listeners. The UDP Listeners section shows UDP ports that are active.

The Network Interfaces displays the status of the currently active interfaces on the unit. This is similar to the "ipconfig" command on a Windows machine or the "ifconfig" command on a Unix machine. The current routing table is displayed as well.



Log Files and Settings

This page has two parts, Enabling Logging (Log settings) and Emailing Debug information.

By default, the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway stores informational and warning messages in the system log. You can also configure the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway to save trace data in this system log buffer.

FIGURE 20. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Log Settings

Enable Logging Facilities	
Port Tracing Ports to Trace: Phone	
Port Events to Trace: Serial Events (data, modem signals, serial e TTY Events (low-level driver events)	rrors, etc.)
 System Tracing Service Events (high-level protocol events: Pressure of the service events) Network Events (network data tracing) 	eer Protocols, Teinet, LPD, etc.)
 Additional Log File Generation (these options up <u>Network Capture</u> (email it): Capture all network <u>Protocol Analyzer</u>. <u>modem.wav</u> (email it): Records modem neg modem negotiation is stored. 	ork traffic for use with the Wireshark Network
 Additional Tracing (these should usually be dis HTTP DHCP SDP 	abled)
Apply Changes	

Tracing is generally used for troubleshooting problems. For port tracing, you must select both the port (phone) and the events that you want to trace.

You can also select additional log file generation, either a log file for the Ethereal Network Protocol Analyzer or a WAV file for later analysis. Selecting "modem.wav" will record the latest modem negotiation from the RJ-11 port (from the time it dials until it completes negotiation).

For the additional log file generation, you will need to specify an email address for the recipient as well as your own email information.


FIGURE 21. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Emailing Debug Information

Emailing Debug Information
These settings are used to send various types of debug information via email.
Email Address of Recipient
SMTP Mail Server Information Hostname/IP Address
Username (optional) Password (optional)
Save Settings Send Email (be sure to save the above settings first)

The SMTP Server Information is the SMTP (mail host) you will be using to send the debug information. You can usually find the SMTP settings in the email client you use. Not all email hosts will allow relaying through their host.

Commands

The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway has some built in commands available.

Ping

You can use the Ping command to test a network connection.

```
FIGURE 22. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Ping
```

Ping an IP Address/Hostname		
IP Address/Hostname to Ping		
Number of Pings 10		
Ping		

Enter the IP address to Ping or a Hostname and the Number of Pings then press the Ping button. The command will display the results as follows:

Sending 10 PINGs to 209.75.217.6... Response from 209.75.217.6: icmp_seq=0, time=10.0 ms Response from 209.75.217.6: icmp_seq=1, time=10.0 ms Response from 209.75.217.6: icmp_seq=2, time=10.0 ms Response from 209.75.217.6: icmp_seq=3, time=10.0 ms Response from 209.75.217.6: icmp_seq=4, time=10.0 ms Response from 209.75.217.6: icmp_seq=5, time=10.0 ms



Response from 209.75.217.6: icmp_seq=6, time=10.0 ms Response from 209.75.217.6: icmp_seq=7, time=10.0 ms Response from 209.75.217.6: icmp_seq=8, time=10.0 ms Response from 209.75.217.6: icmp_seq=9, time=10.0 ms 10 packet(s) transmitted, 10 packet(s) received, 0% packet loss.

Not all hosts accept ICMP pings even if they are present on the network. However, the ping command can serve two functions: 1) to test your general network settings – IP address, network mask, gateway and DNS server and 2) whether the device server can reach a given host. Simply resolving a name to an IP address effectively tests the first function.



Note: Some cellular carriers block ICMP pings on their cellular network.

Reset/Reboot

The Reset/Reboot page lets you reset the phone (RJ-11) port or the entire Host RJ-11 IP Gateway.

FIGURE 23. Host RJ-11 IP Gateway: Reset/Reboot

Reset Port(s)
Phone Reset Port(s)
Reboot the Device Server
Press the button below to reboot the device server:
Reboot

You can reset the phone port by selecting the port and pressing the Reset Port(s) button. This will kill whatever service was on the port and reset it back to the current configuration settings.

You may reboot the entire device by pressing the Reboot button. This is the equivalent of power cycling the unit.

APPENDIX A

Specifications

Physical Dimensions

- 6.6 inches x 2.5 inches x 1.2 inches (168 mm x 64 mm x 30 mm)
- 4.8 ounces (136 grams)
- External 110 to 240 VAC power supply: +7VDC to +36VDC 300mA at 12V (3.6W)



Connections

• Supports generic (raw) TCP/IP access to phone port without requiring special protocols or processing



Caution: The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway's RJ-11 phone port should never be connected into the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN). This device is designed to emulate the PSTN for other devices.

The Host RJ-11 IP Gateway may sustain damage not covered by warranty if it is connected to the Public Switched Telephone Network.

Phone and Modem standards

- Bell 212A
- ITU-T V.22
- ITU-T V.22bis
- V.22 FastConnect (Hypercom)

Environmental

- Operating temperature range: -30 to 70°C
- Storage temperature range: -30 to 70°C
- Humidity range: 10% to 90% non-condensing



Optional Mounting Bracket

The mounting bracket is designed to "snap" on to the back of the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway for easy installation.







APPENDIX B

AT Commands

In addition to the web-based interface, you can use some typed AT Commands with the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway. To enter AT commands, you need to be connected to the device via telnet or by using the RJ-11 port as you would a standard analog modem.

All AT command strings, with the exception of the break sequence ("+++") and the repeat command ("A/"), must be terminated with the command line termination character, defined in S3 (default is CR). All characters before 'AT' are ignored. Unsupported commands are ignored and generate an "OK" result code. Multiple commands may be combined on a single line, however the AT command string is currently limited to 40 characters.

Command	Function	Response
/	Repeat last command	Varies
		Note: Command executes upon "/" character, CR not needed.
<blank></blank>	Attention	OK(0)
А	Answer	OK(0), NO CARRIER(3)
D	Dial	CONNECT(1), NO CARRIER(3)
		If suffixed with ";" character, will return to com- mand mode upon connection.
En	Echo Mode	OK(0)
	0=Turn command echo off 1=Turn command echo on (default)	
Hn	Hang-up or Terminate connection.	OK(0)
	Optional argument has no function	
In	Information	Varies
	0=Serial Port Speed 3= Model and Version	Actual value equals current port speed NDS/5102 (2 Port, RJ-45) v01A
0	Return to data mode from command mode	
Qn	Result Codes	
	0=Enable result codes (default) 1=Supress result codes	OK(0) <blank></blank>

Example: AT&FE0V0



Command	Function	Response
Sn=mm	Set register to specified value (page 42)	OK(0)
Sn?	Return current value formatted as 3 digit decimal	Varies
Vn	Result Code Format	
	0=Numerical result codes	0
	1=Verbose result codes (default)	OK
Xn	Result Code Format	OK(0)
	0="CONNECT" upon entering online data state 1-4="CONNECT <text>" upon enter- ing online data state</text>	
Zn	Load factory default settings	OK(0)
&Cn	DCD Control	OK(0)
	0=DCD always on 1=DCD follows connection status	
&Dn	DTR Control	OK(0)
	0=ignore 1=loss of DTR switches to command mode and leaves connection open 2=loss of DTR switches to command mode and closes connection (default)	
&F	Load factory default settings	OK(0)
&Fn		Equivalent to ATZ without dropping the con- nection. This command does not affect the flash configuration for the port.
&V	Display S-register values	Example:
&V0		E0 Q1 V0 &C1 &D2 S00:002 S02:043 S03:013 S04:010 S05:008
&V1	Status	Returns reason for the last disconnect:
		TERMINATION REASONDTR LOSS TERMINATION REASONCARRIER LOSS
&W	Write current configuration to flash	OK(0)
&W1		
&Xnnn	Change baud rate.	OK(0)
	nnn Baud	
	3 300	
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	48 4,800	
	96 9,600	
	14 14,400	
&X	Any other & command is ignored	OK(0)



Command	Function	Response
%X	Any % command is ignored	OK(0)
+X	Any + command is ignored	OK(0)
\$Xn	Any \$ command is ignored including 0 or more digits after the command.	OK(0)

S-Registers

S Registers are 1 byte, volatile registers used to store configuration data. They are reset to the default state whenever modem emulation is enabled, or the ATZ/AT&F command is received. They can be saved to flash memory with the AT&W command. When the port is opened, the saved parameters are applied to the port.

Register	Contents	Default
S 0	Automatic Answer(# of RING's)	0 (disabled)
S1	Number of RING's Received	0
S3	Command Line Termination Character	CR(13)
S4	Response Formatting Character	LF(10)
S5	Command Line Editing Character	BS(08)
S12	Guard time on either side of the +++ sequence to break into command mode. Specified in 50ths of a second.	50

Response Codes

Result Code (ATV1)	Numeric (ATV0)	Reason
OK	0	Command Successful
CONNECT	1	Connection Established
RING	2	Incoming connection awaiting answer
NO CARRIER	3	Connection Terminated
ERROR	4	Error in AT command string
CONNECT 1200	5	Connected – Serial Port Speed is 1200 baud
NO DIALTONE	6	Not Used
BUSY	7	Not Used
NO ANSWER	8	Not Used
CONNECT 2400	10	Connected – Serial Port Speed is 2400 baud
CONNECT 4800	11	Connected – Serial Port Speed is 4800 baud
CONNECT 9600	12	Connected – Serial Port Speed is 9600 baud
CONNECT 14400	13	Connected – Serial Port Speed is 14400 baud



Modem Signal Behavior

The RJ-11 IP Gateway is not a modem (DCE), but is a terminal (DTE) device. It is designed to be connected to another DTE device via RJ-11 cable. The RI (Ring Indicator) signal does not have a corresponding outgoing signal so it is not supported.

Specifically, the DTR, DSR and DCD signals should be crossed with the device as follows:

Device	RJ-11 IP Gateway
DCD,DSR	DTR
DTR	DCD,DSR

To emulate a modem properly, the Host RJ-11 IP Gateway does the following:

Mode	Modem DCD Settings	Behavior
Command/Data	Always on (&C0)	DTR is asserted
Command/Data	Follow connection (&C1)	DTR is asserted only when TCP/IP connection is present and has been accepted via ATA or auto- answer. DTR is de-asserted when connection is lost

The device server monitors its DCD signal in order to detect changes in the device's DTR signal. The following behaviors occur on loss of DCD only.

Mode	Modem DTR Settings	Response to loss of DCD
Offline	AT&D0	Ignore
Offline	AT&D1	Ignore
Offline	AT&D2	Ignore
Online	AT&D0	Ignore
Online	AT&D1	Drop to command mode, preserving connection
Online	AT&D2	Drop to command mode, terminating any connec- tion

Phone Numbers

The "phone number" used in an outgoing connection for an "ATD" command may be a real phone number that is translated to an IP/port pair (see Phone Number Translation) or it consists of an IP address and optional port number. All leading non-numeric characters (such as the T or P dial modifiers) are ignored. A number of formats are accepted for the "IP" phone number.

Format	Example	Notes
Dotted decimal	a.b.c.d or 192.168.1.1	Numbers are from 0 to 255
Comma decimal	a,b,c,d or 192,168,1,1	For programs that don't allow dots in phone num- bers



Format	Example	Notes
Fixed format	aaabbbcccddd or	digits with loading zeroes
	192168001001	
Optional port number	:xxxxx	Decimal TCP port number from 065535

- If no phone number (IP address) is specified, the Destination IP Address configured for the port is used.
- If no port number is specified, the Destination TCP Port configured for the port is used.
- The source port for the TCP connection follows the Source TCP Port configured for the port.

Port Settings

Most of the serial port settings (like baud rate) are controlled by the configured port settings on the device server. Modem emulation does not support changing these from AT commands.

APPENDIX C

Warranty Terms and Conditions

The following terms and conditions ("Warranty Terms") govern the warranty services offered to you ("Customer") by AIRLINK COMMUNICATIONS, INC. ("AirLink"), located at 3159 Corporate Place, Hayward, CA 94545, in connection with the sale and licensing of AirLink software and hardware.

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AirLink warrants that the AirLink software ("Software") licensed hereunder will perform in substantial conformance to the applicable AirLink software specifications during the warranty period. The warranty period is ninety (90) days from the date of delivery of the Software to Customer. Air-Link's sole obligation with respect to this express warranty shall be, at AirLink's option, to refund the license fee paid by Customer for any defective Software or to replace the Software with Software that substantially conforms to AirLink's applicable software specifications.

One Year Standard Equipment Warranty

For a period of one year from delivery, AirLink warrants that the hardware products ("Hardware") will meet AirLink's standard specifications and will be free from defects in materials and workmanship.

Remedy

If under normal use the Software and/or Hardware (collectively, the "Products") prove to have any such defect and the Customer notifies AirLink of such defect within the warranty period, AirLink, at its option, will either repair or replace the same without charge. The warranty does not apply if the serial number label or any warranty voiding label has been removed or if the Product has been subjected to physical abuse, improper installation, or modification not authorized by AirLink, or if the Product was used in a manner for which it was not intended. Products will be accepted for repair or replacement upon written authorization and in accordance with instructions of AirLink. Customer will obtain a Return Material Authorization ("RMA") number from AirLink's Customer Support, fill out an RMA submission form, and enclose it with the product. Transportation expenses associated with returning such Products to AirLink will be borne by Customer. AirLink will pay the costs of return transportation of the repaired or replaced Products. Please contact AirLink's support group via email at support@airlink.com or telephone at 510-781-9760 to obtain an RMA number. Products deemed by AirLink to be DOA (dead on arrival) may be returned to AirLink for repair, at AirLink's expense, using the standard RMA procedures.



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be affected or impaired thereby. The laws of the State of California shall govern these Warranty Terms. These Warranty Terms constitute the entire agreement between the parties hereto pertaining to the subject matter hereof, and any and all written or oral agreements heretofore existing between the parties hereto are expressly canceled and/or superseded. These Warranty Terms shall prevail notwithstanding any variance with terms and conditions of any purchase order. Any modifications of these Warranty Terms must be in writing and signed by a duly authorized officer of both parties hereto.

APPENDIX D

AirLink Technical Support

If you encounter problems with operation of your Host RJ-11 IP Gateway or Raven-E (as applicable), AirLink's support staff can help.

AirLink Support Web Site

The AirLink web site is updated frequently with Setup Wizards, Utilities, How-To Guides, and other documentation: http://www.airlink.com/support.

AirLink Documentation and Guides

- Modem User Guides These guides are specific to your modem type, cellular provider, and cellular technology and contain comprehensive information about the operation of the modem and its features.
- Modem Quick Start guides These guides are also specific to the modem type, cellular provider, and cellular technology and are a step by step guide to activating the modem using the Setup Wizard or other steps as applicable.
- Utility Guides These guides focus on the features of one of the AirLink modem utilities: Wireless Ace, AceView, AceNet, Modem Doctor, etc.
- Application Notes and How-To Guides These guides detail configuring the modem to work with a specific feature set or how the modem can be set up to work with a specific 3rd party (non-AirLink) device.
- Data Sheets and White Papers These are technology based information documents.

Contacting Technical Support

For support assistance please email support@airlink.com or call 510-781-9760 Monday through Friday 5 AM to 5 PM Pacific Time (8 AM to 8 PM Eastern Time). Support is not available weekends or holidays.