



Internet Telephony PBX System

IPX-1900

User's manual

Version 1.0.

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The is a class B device, In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

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Revision

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Chapter 1 Introduction

Overview

PLANET IPX-1900 IP PBX telephony systems are designed and optimized for the small business in daily communications. The IPX-1900 are able to accept 300 user registrations, and easy to install and manage a fully working system with the convenience and cost advantages. The PLANET IPX-1900 is also designed to operate on a variety of VoIP applications; it provides centralized call control, auto-attendant, voice conferencing, and PSTN access, digital and IP-based communications. Based on state-of-the-art embedded technology, the IPX-1900 provides a solid, uniform platform for voice communications as well as data network communications. The IPX-1900 offers a seamlessly integrated solution for the up-to-date telecommunication needs. The future IP PBX telephony system offers all of the essential features of telephony which is required by small business/enterprise users for their telecommunication/data needs.

Being more flexible, the IPX-1900 integrates up to 4 calls via the IPX-19FO (2*FXO) / IPX-19FS (2*FXS) / IPX-19SL (1FXO+1FXS) module to become a feature-rich PBX system that supports seamless communications between existing PSTN calls, analog, IP phones and SIP-based endpoints.

The IP PBX is the feature-rich SIP based IP PBX telephony system that integrates NAT functions to make it perfect for small business usage. The IP PBX integrates traditional PBX system functions and provides many advanced functions including voice mail to email, web management etc. Designed to run on a variety of VoIP applications, the IP PBX provide IP-based communications, voice conferencing, and call detailed record (CDR), centralized Auto-Attendant (AA), and Interactive Voice Responses (IVR). The IP PBX utilizes standard PSTN/GSM lines via the interfaces of FXO/GSM gateway to become a feature-rich IP PBX telephony system that supports seamless communications among existing local calls, SIP-based endpoints including low cost of long distance service, telephone number portability and one network for both voice and data.

With the IP PBX, standard SIP phones can be easily integrated in your office. Users may integrate PLANET IP Phone VIP-254T series, VIP-255PT/ 350PT/ 550PT, the VIP-156/ 157/ 158/ 161W of ATA (analog telephone adapter) series, the VIP-191/ 192 of Wi-Fi Phone, and Gateway series VIP-281/ 281GS/ 480 to build up the VoIP network deployment in minutes. Allowing distributed IP technology to meet traditional voice services with proactive managed interface, the IP PBX for enterprises in the daily business processes can make people more productive, more intelligent tasks and more customer satisfaction.

IP PBX Features

 PBX Features Automated Attendant (AA) Interactive Voice Responses (IVR) Voicemail support (VM) Call Detailed Record (CDR) User Management via Web Browsers Display 300 Registered User's Status: Unregistered / Registered / On-Call Multiple Service Providers Lines / SIP Accounts (30) Simultaneous Trunk Links: 30 concurrent trunk calls SIP Trunk / Gateway Trunk / FXO Trunk Management Two-stage / One-stage call to Trunk by Trunk Group Configuration Build in 2 / 4 FXO PSTN trunk (Modular) By adding external FXO analog gateway to use Terminal trunk Line By adding external GSM VoIP gateway to use GSM trunk line Built-in SIP Proxy Server Following RFC-3261 Support password authentication using MD5 digest and RFC2833 for DTMF Relay

Call Features

Call Forward Immediate Call Forward on Busy Call Forward on No Answer Call Pickup / Call Park Call / Pickup Group Caller ID / T.38 FoIP Music on Hold / Music on Transfer Call Transfer / Call Hold / Call Waiting Three-way conference with feature phones

Router Features

DHCP Server for LAN Users Packet / URL Filter Virtual Server / DMZ/ Port Trigger Static Route NAT/Bridge mode UPnP

Package Content

The contents of your product should contain the following items: Internet Telephony PBX system unit Power Adapter Quick Installation Guide User's Manual CD RJ-45 Cable RS-232 Cable Rack mount brackets

Physical Details

The following figure illustrates the front/rear panel of IP PBX.

Front Panel Indicators

PLANET							Internet Telephony PBX Syste	m
IPX-1900	PWR	sys O	0	0 3	N2	0	WAN \bullet LNK \bigcirc	

Figure 1-1. Front Panel of IPX-1900

Front Panel LED	State	Descriptions
DWD	On	PBX Power ON
	Off	PBX Power OFF
eve	On	System is booting
010	Flashing	System is ready
	On	LAN is connected successfully
LAN	Flashing	Data is transmitting
	Off	Ethernet not connected to PC
	On	PBX network connection established
WAN	Flashing	Data traffic on cable network
	Off	Waiting for network connection
	On	Port is busy
FXO/FXS Port	Flashing	Ring indication. (FXS only)
	Off	Port is not enabled.

Table1-1. Front Panel description of IP PBX

Rear Panel Indicators



Figure 1-2. Rear Panel of IPX-1900

1	12V DC	12V DC Power input outlet
2	Reset	The reset button, when pressed, resets the IP PBX without the need to unplug the power cord.

3	WAN	The WAN port supports auto negotiating Fast Ethernet 10/100Base-TX networks. This port allows your IP PBX to be connected to an Internet Access device, e.g. router, cable modem, ADSL modem, through a CAT.5 twisted pair Ethernet cable.
4	LAN	The LAN port allows your PC or Switch/Hub to be connected to the IP PBX through a CAT.5 twisted pair Ethernet cable.
_	Slost A/B	 2 external slosts with compliance FXO/FXS module. FXO module is connects to PBX or CO line with RJ-11(Write) analog line. FXO port was connected to the extension port of a PBX or directly connected to a PSTN line of carrier FXS module is connects to Phone with RJ-11 (Black) analog line. FXS port was connected to your telephone sets, FAX, or Trunk Line of PBX.
5	FXS Port (Modular IPX-19FS)	Connect to Phone with RJ-11 (Black) analog line. FXS port was connected to your telephone sets, FAX, or Trunk Line of PBX.
	FXO Port (Modular IPX-19FO)	Connect to PBX or CO line with RJ-11(Write) analog line. FXO port was connected to the extension port of a PBX or directly connected to a PSTN line of carrier
	Note : IPX-19SL	2-Port PBX Life Line Module IPX-1900 (1FXO, 1FXS)

Table 1-2. Rear Panel description of IP PBX

Chapter 2 Preparations & Installation

Physical Installation Requirement

This chapter illustrates basic installation of IP PBX

- Network cables. Use standard 10/100Base-TX network (UTP) cables with RJ45 connectors.
- TCP/IP protocol must be installed on all PCs.

For Internet Access, an Internet Access account with an ISP, and either of a DSL or Cable modem (for WAN port usage)

Administration Interface

PLANET IP PBX provides GUI (Web based, Graphical User Interface) for machine management and administration.

Web configuration access:

To start IP PBX web configuration, you must have the web browsers installed on computer for management

• Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0.0 or higher with Java support

Default LAN interface IP address of IP PBX is **192.168.0.1**. You may now open your web browser, and insert **192.168.0.1** in the address bar of your web browser to logon IP PBX web configuration page.

IP PBX will prompt for logon username/password, please enter: *admin / 123* to continue machine administration.



Figure 2-1. Input prompt



In order to connect machine for administration, please locate your PC in the same network segment (192.168.0.x) of IP PBX. If you're not familiar with TCP/IP, please refer to related chapter on user's manual CD or consult your network administrator for proper network configurations.

Network Interface quick configurations

Wizard is a tool to quickly setup IP PBX.

After pass the authentication, please click Wizard for quick IPX PBX setup.

For most users, Internet access is the primary application. The IP PBX supports the WAN interface for Internet access and remote access. The following sections will explain more details of WAN Port Internet access and broadband access setup. When you click "Wizard Setup "the following setup page will be show.



Figure 2-2. Wizard-Operating Mode settings

Step1. Wan Type

WAN Setting

Static - IP	If you are a leased line user with a fixed IP address, fill out the following items with the information provided by your ISP.
DHCP – Cable Modem	This function will be automatically configured when plugged into the cable modem. If there is a Domain Name Server (DNS) that you would input to use.
PPPoE - ADSL	Some ISP's provide DSL-based service and use PPPoE to establish communication link with end-users. If you are connected to the Internet through a DSL line, check with your ISP to see if they use PPPoE. If they do, you need to select this item.

Table 2-1. WAN description of IP PBX

Step2. NAT Setting

LAN IP Setting	
LAN IP Address	Private IP address for connecting to a local private network.
	(Default: 192.168.0.1)
Subnet Mask	Subnet mask for the local private network (Default:
	255.255.255.0)
DHCP Server	Enable to open LAN port DHCP server
Assigned DHCP IP Address	DHCP server range from start IP to end IP
DHCP IP Lease Time	Client to ask DHCP server refresh time, range from 60 to
	86400 seconds

Table 2-2. LAN IP description of IP PBX



Figure 2-3. Wizard-NAT settings

Step4. IPPBX Setup

The IP PBX allows multiple ITSP providers / User Extensions registration by simply fill-in the required information in the provided table.

	Step 3.1PBX Wizard 9	Getup		
tep1.WAN Type	Add Service Provide	Service Provider Max is 30		
tep3.INAT Setup	Caller Id	UserName Password	Proxy	Port Action
				Insert Chan
Infomation				
Network Setup	Add User Extension	S Extension Max is 300		
Management	User Extension	Password	Caller Id	Action
Save & Logout				Insert Change
	5001	123	5001	Edit Delete
	5002	123	5002	Edit Delete
	5003	123	5003	Edit Delete
	5071	123	5071	Edit Delete
	5072	123	5072	Edit Delete
-		123	5073	Edit Delete
20	5073		5091	Edit Delete
P	5073	123		
P	5073	123	5092	Edit Delete

Figure 2-4. Wizard-IP PBX settings

Service Provider:

Caller ID	Service provider name
Username	Input Provider name
Password	Input Provider password
Host	Input Providers server address
Port	Providers server port

Table 2-3. Service provider description

User Extensions:

User Extension	Input Extension number
Password	Input Extension password
Caller Id	Input Extension caller id

Table 2-4. User extension description

After completing the wizard setup, click "**Submit**" button, The IP PBX will save configuration and reboot IP PBX automatically, after 50 seconds, you can re-load setting page again.

	SIP2.0 IPX-1900 Internet Telephony PBX System Leading-edge IP PBX Solution
» Wizard	Wizard Setup
» IP PBX Setup	Setup is completed .
» Infomation	System is rebooting now, please wait for 34 sec
» Network Setup	
» Management	
» Save & Logout	
P	

Figure 2-5. Wizard-Rebooting

VNote

Please consult your ISP personnel to obtain proper PPPoE/IP address related information, and input carefully. If Internet connection cannot be established, please check the physical connection or contact the ISP service staff for support information.

RS-232 Console Port Configuration

RS-232 port (DB-9pin Female connector), Configure the COM Port Properties as following:

Bits per second: 57600, Flow control: None

- 1. Connect Gateway RS-232 port to PC COM Port.
- 2. Power on gateway.
- 3. Open Terminal Program (ie. Windows XP Hyper Terminal)

 $[Start] \rightarrow [Program file] \rightarrow [Accessories] \rightarrow [communications] \rightarrow [Hyper Terminal]$

	Para	_				
G	Accessories	۲	e,	Communications	Ģ	Fax 🕨
	Adobe	۶		Calculator	2	HyperTerminal
۲	Adobe Acrobat 4.0	۶	3	Paint	Q	Internet Connection Wizard
e	Internet Explorer		2	Notepad	á	NetMeeting
W	Microsoft Word			¥	2	Network and Dial-up Connections
63	Outlook Express		T		6	Phone Dialer
6	Terminal Services Client	۲			Į,	HyperTerminal

Figure 2-6. Windows Hyper Terminal Path

4. Create new connection. Select "COM" port that connect PC to gateway

e os os e			
	Connection Description	1	
	New Connection		
	Enter a name and choose an icon for the connection. Name:		
	Connection Test		
	N 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
	Cir. Cancel		

Figure 2-7. Hyper Terminal Screen

- 5. Make connection(Bits Pre second: 57600 Flow contact: None)
- 6. Input "Enter" and Show Welcome display.
- 7. Login, input the Password to login.(Password as the same as Access, default is admin)
- Setting Gateway Configure like telnet mode (Setting Table following as Telnet Setting table)

Chapter 3 IP PBX Setup

SIP Basic Setting

SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) is a request-response protocol, dealing with requests from clients and responses from servers. Participants are identified by SIP URLs. Requests can be sent through any transport protocol. SIP determines the end system to be used for the session, the communication media and media parameters, and the called party's desire to engage in the communication. Once these are assured, SIP establishes call parameters at either end of the communication, and handles call transfer and termination.

SIP Configuration

IP PBX Setup

•	SIP Configuration		•	SIP Codecs	
:	UDP Port to bind to	5060		Codec Priority 1 Codec Priority 2	ulaw 💌
(Allow guest calls	V		Codec Priority 3	ilbc 💌
	Allow Transfers	v		Codec Priority 4	gsm 💌
1	Overlap dialing support	v		Codec Priority 5	g723 💌
	Enable DNS SRV lookups (on outbound calls)			Codec Priority 6	g726 💌
	Min Registration/Subscription Time	900		Codec Priority 7	g729 🔽
	Max Registration/Subscription Time	3600			
	Default Incoming/Outgoing Registration Time	360	•	Outbound SIP Registrations	
	Min Roundtrip Time (T1 Time)	200			
	Language	English 👻		Register TimeOut	30
1	Enable Relaxed DTMF			Register Attempts	65535
	Server UserAgent	PBX			
	DTMF Mode	rfc2833 💌	•	NAT Support	
				Extern IP	
				Extern Refresh	10
				Local Network Address	
				NAT mode	yes 🔽
				Allow RTP Reinvite	nonat 💌
					Submit Reset

Figure 3-1. SIP configuration settings

UDP Port to bind to	This is SIP Local Port 5060, if you have any specific reason for			
	change this port.			
Domain	IP PBX Server's IP address.			
Allow guest calls	Enable/Disable guest calls. Default is <i>Enable</i> . Default is all IP.			
Overlap dialing support	Enable/Disable overlaps dialing support. Default is <i>Enable</i> .			
Allow Transfers	Enable Call Transfers.			
Enable DNS SRV lookups				
(on outbound calls)	Enable DNS SRV lookups on calls			

Max Registration Time	Maximum duration of incoming registration/subscriptions we allow. Default <i>3600 seconds.</i>					
Min Registration Time	Minimum duration of registrations/subscriptions. Default 60 seconds					
Default Incoming/Outgoing Registration Time	Default duration (in seconds) of incoming / outgoing registration.					
Min RoundtripTime (T1 Time)	Minimum roundtrip time for messages to monitored hosts, Defaults to <i>200 m</i> s					
Language	Set default language for all users.					
Enable Relaxed DTMF	Use relaxed DTMF detection. Default is Disable.					
Server UserAgent	Enable you to change the trunk User agent string, Default is PBX.					
DTMF Mode	Set default DTMF mode for sending DTMF. Default: rfc2833.					
	Table 3-1. SIP configuration description					

SIP Codecs

The Codec is used to compress the voice signal into data packets. Each Codec has different bandwidth requirement. There are 7 kinds of codec. To determine the priority, selects one codec algorithm from the pull-down menus individually.

SIP Codecs	
Codec Priority 1	ulaw 💌
Codec Priority 2	alaw 💌
Codec Priority 3	gsm 💌
Codec Priority 4	ilbc 🛛 💌
Codec Priority 5	g726 ⊻
Codec Priority 6	g729 💌
Codec Priority 7	g723 💌

Figure 3-2. SIP codecs settings

Outbound SIP Registrations

Outbound SIP Registratio	ns
Register TimeOut	30
Register Attempts	65535

Figure 3-3. Outbound SIP Registrations settings

Register TimeOut	Retry registration calls at every 'x' seconds (default 20).		
Register Attempts	Number of registration attempts before we give up; 0 = continue forever.		

Table 3-2. Outbound DIP registration description

NAT Support

The *externip*, *externhost* and *localnet* settings are used if you use IP PBX behind a NAT device to communicate with services on the outside.

NAT Support	
Extern IP	
Extern Refresh	10
Local Network Address	
NAT mode	yes 💌
Allow RTP Reinvite	nonat 💌

Figure 3-4. NAT support settings

Address that we're going to p	out in outbound SIP messages if we're
behind a NAT.	
Alternatively you can specify an DNS queries periodically. environments! Use externip inste	n external host, and IP PBX will perform Not recommended for production ead.
How often to refresh externhost in the field below.	if used. You may specify a local network
localnet=192.168.0.0/255.255.0. networks localnet=11.0.0.0/255.0.0.0 localnet=171.16.0.0/12 localnet=168.254.0.0/255.255.0.	.0; All RFC 1918 addresses are local ; Also RFC1918 ; Another RFC1918 with CIDR notation .0; Zero conf local network
	Address that we're going to p behind a NAT. Alternatively you can specify an DNS queries periodically. environments! Use externip inst How often to refresh externhost in the field below. localnet=192.168.0.0/255.255.0 networks localnet=171.16.0.0/12 localnet=168.254.0.0/255.255.0

Table 3-3. NAT support description

User Extensions Setup

Extension List

IP PBX Setup

• User Extensions Setting

Add New User Extensions

Add Batch

Extensions List	Extension Max is 300		
User Extension	Password	Caller Id	Action
100	100	100	Advance Delete
101	101	101	Advance Delete
102	102	102	Advance Delete

Figure 3-5. User extension settings

Advance	Click	Advance	to edit an extension other setting.	
Delete	Click	Delete	to delete an extension.	



Advance Setup

	User Extension	102
	Password	102
	Caller Id	102
•	Call group / Pickup group	select
	Call Group	□1 □2 □3 □4 □5 □6 □7 □8 □9 □10
	Pickup Group	□ 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ 5 □ 6 □ 7 □ 8 □ 9 □ 10
•	Call forward option	
	DND (Forward to Voicemail)	
	Call Forward Always	
	Call Forward on Busy	
	Call Forward on No Answer	IF Time 20 Sec
•	Voice mail	
	Voicemail	Enable
	Voicemail name	
	Voicemail password	
	E-mail address	
		Send voice to mail
		Delete voicemail after send

Figure 3-6. Extension advance settings

User Extension	Input Extension number
Password	Input Extension password
Caller Id	Input Extension caller id
Table 3-5.	Extension advance description

- Call group / Pickup group select :

Call Group	An Extension can set single/multiple call group(s) 1-10 id	
Pickup Group	An Extension can set single/multiple Pickup group(s) 1-10 id	
	Table 3-6. Call / Pickup group description	

- Call forward option :	
DND(Forward to Voice mail)	Enable / Disable forward to voice mail.
Call forward always	Input forward always number
Call forward on busy	Input forward on busy number
Call forward no answer	Input forward no answer number
If time out "XXX" sec	This is the maximum number allowed no answer time out used

Table 3-7. Call forward description

- Voice mail :

E-Mail address Input Voice mail name Send voice to mail Enable / Disable send voice mail Delete voice mail after send Save / Delete voice mail	ice to mail after send
E-Mail address Input Voice mail name Send voice to mail Enable / Disable send voice	ice to mail
E-Mail address Input Voice mail name	
Voice mail select Enable / Disable voice m	ail function

Table 3-8. Voice mail description

Trunk Management – SIP Trunk

Services Providers Setting allows IP PBX register to different SIP systems and ITSP Services (SIP Trunk).

On the "**Providers List**", you can press "**Add**" to add a new service provider or press "**Advance**" to edit the information of specific Service Provider or press "**Delete**" to delete the specified service provider information. **Maximum 10 registrations on Server Provider list**

Server Providers Setting

Add New Service Provid	ders Add				
Providers List	Service Provide	r Max is 30			
Caller Id	UserName	Password	Ргоху	Port	Action
0949103031	0949103031	0949103031	ITSP.SIP.Trunk	5060	Advance Delete
0949103032	0949103032	0949103032	ITSP.SIP.Trunk	5060	Advance Delete
0949103033	0949103033	0949103033	ITSP.SIP.Trunk	5060	Advance Delete
0949103034	0949103034	0949103034	ITSP.SIP.Trunk	5060	Advance Delete

Figure 3-7. Server Providers Setting

Add New Service Providers

Step 1. Press "Add" button to add an new service provider information.



Figure 3-8. Add new service providers

Step 2. Fill in the required information in Service Provider Advance Setup page.

Service Provider Advance	Setup
Caller id	
User name	
Password	
Register server address	
Port	
Outbound server address	
Port	
 On duty / Off duty voice s Enable Incoming call attendant 	select
Dial_300_Ring_Sales_team Dial_400_Ring_RD_Team Dial_500_Ring_Group_1_RR Dial_600_Ring_Group_2_Randon Dial_9_to_Ring_Operator	Submit Reset

Figure 3-9. Service provider advance setup

Caller id	The caller ID will be sent between the callee and caller and will
	be displayed on SIP device LCD panel for identification.
User name	User name for authentication
Password	User password for authentication
Registrar Server Address	Assigns the SIP Register Server's IP address / Domain name

Registrar Server Port	Port number of SIP Register Server. Assigns a value from 1024 to 65535, the common default SIP port is 5060.		
Outbound Proxy Address	Outbound Proxy server's IP address / Domain name. Assign a server's IP / Domain name which is in charge of call-out service.		
Outbound Proxy Port	Port number of Outbound Proxy Server. Assign a number from 1024 to 65535, the common default SIP port setting is 5060.		
On duty / Off duty voice select	When the service provider registered to PBX, incoming calls will hear On / Off duty voice, default settings are <i>"Enable"</i> . (For how to record On/Off duty voice please refer " <u>Record</u> <u>Voice Menu</u> ").		
Incoming call attendant	 Choose a pre-set hunt groups, default is "blank". There are 3 types of combination setup. 1. If On duty/ Off duty voice is "Enabled", after caller hear the voice menu one time, the call will be transferred to the pre-defined group for call attendant. 2. If On duty/ Off duty voice is "Disabled", caller will not hear the voice menu, the call will be directly transferred to the pre-defined group for call attendant. 3. If On duty/Off duty voice is "Enabled" and no group is pre-defined, voice menu will repeat itself until incoming caller respond to it. (For how to make hunt group please refer "Hunt Group_Setting") 		
Table 3-9.	Service provider advance setup description		

Trunk Management – FXO Trunk

FXO (Foreign Exchange Office) **Trunk Setting**, can be Connected to PBX or CO line with RJ-11 analog line. FXO port can be connected to the extension port of a PBX or directly connected to a PSTN line of carrier

• FXO List		
Port Num	Call id	Action
1	100	Advance
2	200	Advance
3	300	Advance
4	400	Advance

Figure 3-10. FXO Trunk setting

Press "Advance" to Edit an FXO Prot as below

FXO List		
Port Num	Callid	Action
1	100	Advance
2	200	Advance

Figure 3-11. FXO Trunk list



Figure 3-12. FXO Advance setting

Port Num	Analog Port Number (System Define)
Caller id	The caller ID will be sent between the callee and caller and will be
	displayed on SIP device LCD panel for identification.
	Any calls originating from the registered ITSP to IP PBX will go into the
DID	auto-attendant or direct to the selected user or hunting group.

Table 3-13. Trunk Management - FXO Trunk setup description

Trunk Management – Gateway Trunk

Gateway Trunk Setting allows IP PBX makes VoIP calls to external Gateway by peer-to-peer mode. If the FXO ports of external Gateway have connected with PSTN lines, the user can make outgoing PSTN calls via external Gateway by this function.



Figure 3-13. Gateway Trunk setting

IP	Destination IP Address is the IP address of the destination
	Gateway that owns this phone number.
Port	Port is port of the destination Gateway use. (Default is 5060)
	Table 3-11. Gateway Trunk setting description

Trunk Management – Trunk Group

Trunk Group is defines the leading digit of the call out dialing number through SIP / FXO / Gateway Trunks of the same type between two given points. The IP PBX will in according to the leading digit to determine to use which SIP or Gateway Trunks for outgoing route.

Group Name List Trunk Group Max is 10	
Group Name List Trunk Group Max is 10	
Group Name Group Number Number Action	

Figure 3-14. Trunk Group setting - 1

Press "more" to show the Service Provider Number under the group.

Group Name List	Trunk Group Max	is 10		
Group Name	Group Number	Number		Action
External-A	0	proxy0949103031,pr	more	Edit Delete
External-B	85	proxy0949103033,pr	more	Edit Delete

Figure 3-15. Trunk Group setting - 2



Figure 3-16. Trunk Group more information

Add New Trunk Group

Step 1. Press "Add" button to add an new Group Name information.

Add New Grop Na	ime	Add	

Figure 3-17. Add an new Group Name

Step 2. Fill in the required information in Trunk Group Setup page.

Trunk Group	
Group Name	
Number	
Trunk Group	All Trunks
	<<< pre>proxy288929 proxy0395413 172.16.0.10:5060 >>>
Submit	

Figure 3-18. Trunk Group Setup

Group Name	The Trunk Group name
Number	If the leading digits are match with this number, IP PBX will delete this number and send out the following digits.
All Trunk	It will show all the available SIP Trunks and Gateway Trunks for selection.
Trunk Group	Choose the trunk at All Trunk box and press the second button to move the activated trunk to Trunk Group box.
	Table 3-12. Trunk Group setting description

Scenario Sample

IP PBX has created two different SIP trunks and one Gateway trunk for outgoing trunks.

Group Name List	Trunk Group Max is	10	
Group Name	Group Number	Number	Action
SIP_Trunk_1	81	proxy288929	Edit Delete
SIP_Trunk_2	82	proxy0395413	Edit Delete
FXO_Gateway	0	172.16.0.10:5060	Edit Delete

Figure 3-19. Trunk Group sample setting

One-Stage Call:

- 1. If user dials **81**123456, this call will hunt **SIP_Trunk_1** and send 123456 to call out.
- 2. If user dials 82234567, this call will hunt SIP_Trunk_2 and send 234567 to call out.
- 3. If user dials 0345678, this call will hunt FXO_Gateway and send 345678 to call out.

Two-Stage Call:

- 1. If user dials **81** and hear the dial tone, then dial 123456. This call will hunt **SIP_Trunk_1** and send 123456 to call out.
- 2. If user dials **82** and hear the dial tone, then dial 234567. This call will hunt **SIP_Trunk_2** and send 234567 to call out.
- 3. If user dials **0** and hear the dial tone, then dial 345678. This call will hunt **FXO_Gateway** and send 345678 to call out.

Trunk Management – Dialing Rules

When want to make VoIP calls through the above SIP Trunk or Gateway Trunk, the user can use the "**Dialing Rules**" function to simplify the dialing number.

Dialing Rules

Max Rule is 100

Phone NO. Delete Length Prefix NO. Action

Insert Change

In the "Dialing Rules" settings: Maximum Entries: **100 records**

Figure 3-20. Dialing Rules settings

	Phone Number. is the leading digit of the call out dialing number.		
	Phone NO Pattern: " N " single digit from 2 to 9.		
Phone NO	"z" single digit from 1 to 9.		
	"X" single digit from 0 to 9.		
	"." unlimited length of digit.		
Delete Longth	Delete Length is the number of digits that will be stripped from		
Delete Length	beginning of the dialed number.		
	Prefix NO is the digits that will be added to the beginning of the		
Prefix NO	dialed number.		

Table 3-13. Dialing Rules description

Scenario Sample

Example I: Phone Pattern

Max Rule is 100			
Phone NO.	Delete Length	Prefix NO.	Action
			Insert Change
1N	0		Edit Delete
2Z	0		Edit Delete
ЗX	0		Edit Delete
4[1,2,8-9]	0		Edit Delete
5.	0		Edit Delete

Figure 3-21. Dialing Rules list - 1

1. 1N (N: single digit from 2~9, excl. 0 and 1)

In this example, when the caller (User/IP-Phone) dial the number range from "12 to 19", iPBX / WiPBX will send the call to SIP Proxy Server

2. 2Z (Z: single digit from 1~9, excl. 0)

In this example, when the caller (User/IP-Phone) dial the number range from "21 to 29", iPBX / WiPBX will send the call to SIP Proxy Server

3. 3X (X: single digit from 0~9)

In this example, when the caller (User/IP-Phone) dial the number range from "30 to 39", iPBX / WiPBX will send the call to SIP Proxy Server

4. 4[1,2,8-9]

In this example, when the caller (User/IP-Phone) dial the number "41, 42, 48 or 49", iPBX / WiPBX will send the call to SIP Proxy Server

5. 5. (dot)

In this example, when the caller (User/IP-Phone dial the any length of number with "5" as it beginning digit number, iPBX / WiPBX will send the call to SIP Proxy Server

Example II: Speed Dial to Registered server.

Max Rule is 100							
Phone NO.	Delete Length	Prefix NO.	Action				
			Insert Change				
555	3	0943123123	Edit Delete				
0943123123	0		Edit Delete				
43123123	0	09	Edit Delete				

Figure 3-22. Dialing Rules list - 2

1. When User / IP-Phone call "555", iPBX will automatically dial "0943123123" to SIP Proxy Server.

2. When User / IP-Phone call "0943123123", iPBX will automatically dial "0943123123" to SIP Proxy Server.

3. When User / IP-Phone call "43123123", iPBX will automatically dial "0943123123" to SIP Proxy Server.

How to setting call out by SIP trunk / FXO (PSTN)trunk / Gateway trunk ?

Step 1. Create SIP Trunk or Gateway Trunk

- 1.1 For example create 4 SIP Trunk accounts to register ITSP.
- Server Providers Setting

Add New Service Provid	ders Add				
Providers List	Service Provide	r Max is 10			
Caller Id	UserName	Password	Ргоху	Port	Action
0949103031	0949103031	0949103031	ITSP.SIP.Trunk	5060	Advance Delete
0949103032	0949103032	0949103032	ITSP.SIP.Trunk	5060	Advance Delete
0949103033	0949103033	0949103033	ITSP.SIP.Trunk	5060	Advance Delete
0949103034	0949103034	0949103034	ITSP.SIP.Trunk	5060	Advance Delete

Figure 3-23. SIP provider list

1.2 For example create 4 Gateway Trunk IP Address and Port

Add Gateway trunk	Gateway trunk Max is 1	.0	
IF	,	Port	Action
			Insert Change
192.168	8.1.80	5060	Edit Delete
192.168	8.1.81	5060	Edit Delete
192.168	8.1.82	5060	Edit Delete
192.168	8.1.83	5060	Edit Delete

Figure 3-24. Gateway trunk list

Step 2. Create SIP Trunk Group Number or Gateway Trunk Group Number

2.1 Group number "001" means you want Group these 4 SIP Trunk (SIP_Trunk_1)

» Wizard	IP PBX Setup	
» IP PBX Setup	Truck Oracia	
SIP Basic Setting	• Trunk Group	
Exetension Management Trunk Management SIP Trunk Gateway Trunk Trunk Group FXO Setup Dialing Pules	Group Name Number Trunk Group	SIP_Trunk_1 001 All Trunks proxy0949103031 proxy0949103032 proxy0949103033
Attendant Extension Time Rules		proxy0949103034 >>> 192.168.1.80:5060 192.168.1.81:5060 192.168.1.82:5060
	Submit	



2.2 Group number "002" means you want Group these 4 Gateway Trunks (GW_Trunk_A)

» Wizard	• Trunk Group	
» IP PBX Setup	Group Name	GW trunk A
SIP Basic Setting		
Exetension Management	Number	002
Trunk Management	Trunk Group	All Trunks
SIP Trunk		proxy0949103032
Gateway Trunk		proxy0949103033
Trunk Group		192.168.1.80:5060
FXO Setup		>>> 192.168.1.81:5060
Dialing Rules		192.168.1.82:5060 192.168.1.83:5060
Attendant Extension	Submit	
Time Dulee		

Figure 3-26 IP PBX Trunk group – 2

Group number "003" means you want Group these 4 FXO (PSTN) Trunk (PSTN_Trunk_C)



Figure 3-27 IP PBX Trunk group - 3

Step 3. Start to call by SIP trunk / FXO (PSTN) Trunk / Gateway trunk

(—)One-Stage call by SIP trunk

Example : Call out and hunt "SIP_Trunk_1 "SIP Trunk

Pickup the IPPHONE

Dial "001xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

This call will hunt "SIP_Trunk_1" SIP Trunk 1 – 4 to call out

(二)Two-Stage call by SIP trunk

Example : Call out and hunt "SIP_Trunk_1 "SIP Trunk

Pickup the IPPHONE

Dial "001"

Hear "Dial tone"

Dial your number "xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

This call will hunt "SIP_Trunk_1" SIP Trunk 1 – 4 to call out

 (Ξ) One-Stage call by Gateway trunk

Example : Call out and hunt "GW_Trunk_A "Gateway Trunk

Pickup the IPPHON

Attendant Management

Attendant Number in IP PBX system helps you to configure internal dial plan for extension setup. It can allow more calls to be handled by IVR from Gateway's FXO, and FXS port. Attendant Extension Provide 10 sets of IVR.



Figure 3-28. Attendant extension settings

The IP PBX will handle incoming Caller ID and show to remote / local registered IP-Phone.



If your Gateway can bypass Mobile/Analog Phone number, The IP PBX will handle incoming caller ID and show to remote / local registered IP-Phone.

> Sample:



Figure 3-29. Auto-attendant sample

Attendant Message

The Attendant Message on the IPBX systems, it is can auto-answer attendant message setting on the attendant time, IPBX message can play voice to SIP Trunk and Gateway's FXO, and FXS port.

IP PBX Setup		
Attendant Message		
Message	Service Digit	Action
onduty		Advance
offduty		Advance
custom1		Advance
custom2		Advance
custom3		Advance

Figure 3-30. Auto-attendant message

Attendant Message Advance Setting :

Attendant Message Advance	
G.711 (.gsm)	Browse
Service Number	
Ext/Hunt Group 5001 💌	

Figure 3-31. Auto-attendant message advance setting

G.11(.gsm)	You can upload gsm format voice file to IPBX.
Service Number	Associate a dial number with a call group voice instruction to instruct incoming calls
Ext/Hunt Group	Specificity the call group hunting.

Table 3-14. Attendant Messages setup description

Attendant Time

Defined **Attendant Time on the IPBX systems**, it is can answer attendant message to match on the attendant time.

IP P	BX Setup					
• <u>A</u>	ttendant Tim	ie				
	Time	Weekdays	Month	Data	Message	Action
	08:30-17:30	Mon-Fri	Jan-Dec	1-31	onduty	Edit Reset
	00:00-23:59	Mon-Sun	Jan-Dec	1-31	offduty	Edit Reset
						Edit Reset
						Edit Reset
_						Edit Reset

Figure 3-32. Auto-attendant time list

Attendant Time Advance Setting :

IP PBX Setup						
Attendant T	ime					
Time Setting	Start Time	08 💙 :	30 🗸			
Day Setting	End Time	17 💙 :	30 🗸			
Month Setting	Start Day Start Month	Mon 💌	End Day End Month	Fri 🗸		
Date Setting	Start Date	1 💌	End Date	31 🗸		
Message Auto Attendant	choise Service meth	Onduty nod Always p	✔ Dlay attendant m	essage 💌	Ext/Hunt group	5001 💌
				Submit		

Figure 3-33. Auto-attendant time setting

Day Setting	Defined Start Day / End Day.
Time Setting	Defined Start Time / End Time.
Month Setting:	Defined Start Month / End Month .
Date Setting	Defined Start Date / End Date.
Message	Select play voice message.
	Defined the Auto Attendant Service Method.
Auto Attendant Service Method	a). Always play attendant messages
	b). Always goto EXT/HuntGroup
	c). User try error goto EXT/HuntGroup

Table 3-15. Attendant Time setup description

Record Auto Attendant

Allow you to record On / Off duty voice menu over a register ip-phone.

•	Record Voice Menu		
	Record voice	*9	Ex:*9
	Play voice	*10	Ex:*10
	Default voice	*11	Ex:*11
	Password	1234	
		Submit Re	set
	Answer Extension		
	On - Off Duty	Record Play	Default

Figure 3-34. Record voice menu settings

Pick up your register IP-Phone handset and press "function key + password " to enter into voice menu guide.

Record voice	Record your voice menu , Default is *9
Play voice	Play your record voice menu ,Default is *10
Default voice	To set default voice menu, Default is *11
Password	This is record / default voice password , Default is 1234
	Table 3-16. Record voice menu description

Answer Extension enable you to record the customized voice menu remotely from a registered IP-Phone.

Answer extension	Call from registered IP-Phone to record the voice menu.
------------------	---

Table 3-17. Answer extension description

Upload Voice File

This page allows transfer music on hold file or PBX Voice Files from your PC to IPBX.

IP PBX Setup	
Upload Music Onhold voice file	
Browse Upload Please upload .gsm file or .wav file(8KHz, 16bit, Mono, 15kb/sec)	

Figure 3-35. On-hold voice uploads

Click *Browse* and select your file, then click *upload* to finish.

 Upload PBX voi 	ce file
Answer Extension Sound File	Play
	Browse Upload Please upload .gsm file or .g729 file

Figure 3-36. Answer extension voice upload

Answer extension Call from registered IP-Phone to record the voice menu.	
Sound File	Select G.711 Voice file, then click <i>play</i> to your registered device.
	Table 3-18. Voice upload setup description

Call Parking

Build a calling rule for IP Phone to park the calls during the phone conversation.

IP PBX Setup

Call Parking

Extension to Dial for Parking Calls	700	
What extension to park calls on	701-720	Ex:100-150
Number of seconds a call can be parked for	30	
Submit	(Reset)	

Figure 3-37. Call parking settings

Extension to Dial for Parking Calls	Set an extension number to dial when need to park the call. Default number is <i>700</i> .
What extension to park calls on	Set the Extension range for call parking retrieving. (<i>Example</i> : '701-720').
Number of seconds a call can be parked for	Set allowed parking time for the parking call. Default is 30/sec.
Pickup Extension	Set up a number for IP Phone to retrieve back the call. Default is *8.
Timeout for answer on attended transfer	Set a timeout value for answer the transferred call. Default is 30 Sec.

Table 3-20. Call parking description

Gereral Setting

IP Phone or sip device extension connected IP PBX, extension have call forward / transfer and pickup / voice key ...

Call Forward Key



Figure 3-38. Call forward key settings

	Disable: Dial the "*6" disable call forward no answer function
	Enable: Dial the "*5 + number " enable call forward no answer function
	Disable: Dial the "* 4 " disable call forward busy function
Call forward Busy	Enable: Dial the "*3 + number " enable call forward busy function
•	Disable: Dial the " * 2" disable call forward always function
Call forward always	Enable: Dial the "*1 + number " enable call forward always function

Table 3-21. Call forward description

Transfer Feature

Transfer Feature		
Attendant Transfer	#1	(default:#1)
Blind Transfer	#2	(default:#2)
Transfer Digit Timeout	30	(default:30)

Figure 3-39. Transfer feature settings

Attendant Transfer	When you attendant transfer fail, you can definition other transfer number
Blind Transfer	Blind Transfer , When Ex: Ext 100 call Ext 200, Ext 200 blind transfer to Ext 300 , Ignore the Ext.300 status, the Ext.200 will immediately on-hook
Transfer Digit time out	Set (Attendant/blind) transfer digit time out sec

Table 3-22 Transfer feature description

Pickup Key



Figure 3-25. Pickup key settings

Pickup Extension	Set call pickup (Default is *8)	

Table 3-40. Pickip description

Voice Mail

Voice Mail

Max Time of A Voice Mail	20 💌 Secon	ds(5~20)
Max Number of Messages Per Folder	3 Second	5
Dial Voice Mail Number	*12	(default:*12)
Dial My Voice Mail Number	*13	(default:*13)

Figure 3-26. Voice mail settings

Max time of a voice mail	Set a voice mail max time
Max number of messages per folder	Max number of voice mail per folder
Dial voice mail number	Dial " *12 " into voice mail guide
Dial my voice mail number	Dial " *13 + Ext number " into voice mail guide


SMTP Setting

SMTP is a relatively simple, text-based protocol, where one or more recipients of a message are specified. Input the valid account number, the extension setting voice mail will be been in used.

•	SMTP Setting	
	SMTP Server IP / Address	
	SMTP Autheticated User Name	
	SMTP Autheticated Password	
	From Email	

Figure 3-41. SMTP settings

SMTP server IP / Address	Input server IP / Address		
SMTP Authentication user name	Input SMTP Authentication user name		
SMTP Authentication password	Input SMTP Authentication password		
From Email	Input your Email, if server to check your email address.		
Table 3-24. SMTP description			

Hunt Group Setting

This setting will allow the caller to choose the specific extension group to answer the phone (e.g. Press 9 for Operator). Every incoming call (from Service Provider or Attendant Extension) will first hear the pre-recorded On / Off Duty Voice for call group options for caller to select.

Users can also setup multiple groups to manage the incoming calls.

 Hunt Group Se 	etting
-----------------------------------	--------

Add New Gropu Name	Add		
Group Name List			
Group Name	Extension Number		Action
Dial_300_Ring_Sales_team	301,30	more	Edit Delete
Dial_400_Ring_RD_Team	400,40	more	Edit Delete
Dial_500_Ring_Group_1_Round	500,50	more	Edit Delete
Dial_9_to_Ring_Operator	100,20	more	Edit Delete
Dial_600_Ring_Group_2_Randon	100,10	more	Edit Delete

Figure 3-42. Hunt Group settings

Press "Add" to add a new Hunt Group;

Press "Edit" to the edit a specified hunt group;

Press "Delete" to delete a specified hunt group;

Press "more" to show the extension number under the group.

Group Name List			
Group Name	Extension Number		Action
Dial_300_Ring_Sales_team	301,30	more	Edit Delete
Dial 400 Rinn RD Team	4nn.4n Figure 3-43. Hun	t Group list	Edit Delete
	Microsoft Internet Ex	cplorer X	
	301,302,303	3,304	
	OK		



Add New Hunt Group

Step 1. Press "Add" button to add a new Group Name information.

|--|

Figure 3-43. Add an new Group Name

Step 2. Fill in the required information in Hunt Group Setup page.

•	Hunt Group				
	Group Name				
	Hunt Mode		Round Robin 💌		
	Incoming Call Dial Number				
	Ring (Group/Extension) Tir	neout	30		sec(default:30)
	Ring Group		All Extension	/Use	rs
		<<<	100 101 102 103 104 105 106		•
	Submit				

Figure 3-44. Hunt Group setup

Group Name	Input your group name
	There are 3 modes available: Round Robin / Ring All / Random Mode
Hunt Mode	 Round Robin: Take turns ringing each available Extension / Users Ring All: Ring all Extension/Users, until any one Extension / Users answer the call. Random: Ring random group inside Extension / Users
Incoming Call Dial Number	Associate a dial number with a call group voice instruction to instruct incoming calls (e.g. If "20" is associated with Group

	A, when the caller dial "20", all extensions under Group A will
	ning). Default incoming call diar number is <i>empty</i> .
Ring (Group/Extension)	Setup a timeframe to control the call group hunting timeout.
Timeout	Default setting is <i>30 sec</i> .

Table 3-25. Hunt Group description

To add extension/users to Ring group

Step 1.Select your extension





Step 2. Press to add extension/users to ring group.





> To delete Ring Group inside extension/users

Step 1. Select the extensions



Figure 3-47. Delete Extension/User

Step 2. Press to delete extension/users to ring group.

Ring Group	All Extension/Users
103 108 102 109 4622 4409	468 469 470 101 106 441 4423

Figure 3-48. Delete Extension/User

Chapter 4 Network Setup

WAN & LAN Setup

WAN (Wide Area Network) is a network connection connecting one or more LANs together over some distance. For example, the means of connecting two office buildings separated by several kilometers would be referred to as a WAN connection. The size of a WAN and the number of distinct LANs connected to a WAN is not limited by any definition. Therefore, the Internet may be called a WAN.

WAN Settings are settings that are used to connect to your ISP (Internet Service Provider). The WAN settings are provided to you by your ISP and often times referred to as "public settings". Please select the appropriate option for your specific ISP.

For most users, Internet access is the primary application. IP PBX supports the WAN interface for internet access and remote access. The following sections will explain more details of WAN Port Internet access and broadband access setup. When you click "WAN & LAN Setup", the following setup page will be shown. Three methods are available for Internet Access.

NAT / Bridge Mode	NAT 💌	
WAN Port IP Assignment	Static IP ○ DH	ICP O PPPoE
Host Name	SIP . IPPB	x
WAN Port MAC	Original MAC (0)	0:30:4F:FD:54:0F)
	O Manual Setting	00:30:4F:88:81:18
IP Address	172.16.0.1	
Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0	
Default Gateway	172.16,0.254]
мти	1500	bytes
MRU	1500	bytes
Primary DNS Server	168.95.1.1	
Secondary DNS Server	168.95.192.1	=
Ping from WAN	Allowed	
LAN Setting		
LAN IP Address	192.168.0.1]
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
DNS Proxy	Enable	

Figure 4-1. Network settings

Static IP

If you are a leased line user with a fixed IP address, enter in the IP address, subnet mask, gateway address, and DNS (domain name server) address(es) provided to you by your ISP. Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four IP octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The Router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format. *Example: 168.95.1.2*

Network Settings		
• WAN Setting		
NAT / Bridge Mode WAN Port IP Assignment Host Name WAN Port MAC	NAT SIP Original MAC (00	CP O PPPoE X D:30:4F:FD:54:0F)
IP Address	Manual Setting	00:30:4F:88:81:18
Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0	
Default Gateway	172.16.0.254	

Figure 4-2. WAN-Static IP settings

Check with your ISP provider.
Check with your ISP provider.
Check with your ISP provider.

Table 4-1. WAN-Static IP description

> DHCP

Note

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), Dynamic IP (Get WAN IP Address automatically). If you are connected to the Internet through a Cable modem line, then a dynamic IP will be assigned.

WAN port gets the IP Address, Subnet Mask and default gateway IP address automatically, if DHCP client is successful.

WAN Setting		
NAT / Bridge Mode		
WAN POR IP Assignment	Static IP O DF	ICP O PPPoE
Host Name	- IPP6	×
WAN Port MAC	Original MAC (0	0:30:4F:4F:00:00)
	O Manual Setting	00:30:4F:88:81:18
мти	1500	bytes
MRU	1500	bytes
Set DNS server	O Manually 💿 Au	utomatically
Ping from WAN	Allowed	

Figure 4-3. WAN-DHCP settings

> PPPoE

Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE). Some ISPs provide DSL-based services and use PPPoE to establish communication link with end-users. If you are connected to the Internet through a DSL line, check with your ISP to see if they use PPPoE. If they do, you need to make sure the following items, PPPoE User name: Enter username provided by your ISP. PPPoE Password: Enter password provided by your ISP.

WAN Setting		
NAT / Bridge Mode	NAT 🔽	
WAN Port IP Assignmen	t 🔿 Static IP 🔿 DH	ICP PPPoE
Host Name	SIP . IPPB	X
WAN Port MAC	Original MAC (0	0:30:4F:4F:00:00)
	O Manual Setting	00:30:4F:88:81:18
PPPoE Username	PPPOE_USERNAME	
PPPoE Password	**********	
Connect Type	Keep Alive	
Max Idle Time	600	seconds. (default:600)
MTU	1492	bytes
MRU	1492	bytes
Set DNS server	O Manually 💿 Au	utomatically
Ping from WAN	Allowed	

Figure 4-4. WAN-PPPoE settings

Host Name

The Host Name field is optional but may be required by some Internet Service Providers. The default host name is the model number of the device. It is a computer that is connected to a TCP/IP network, including the Internet. Each host has a unique IP address. Assign the domain name or IP address of your host computer. When the host operating system is set up it is given a name. This name may reflect the prime use of the computer. For example, a host computer that converts host names to IP addresses using DNS may be called <u>cvs.IP-PBX.com</u> and a host computer that is a web server may be

called <u>www.IP-PBX.com</u>. When we need to find the host name from an IP address we send a request to the host using its IP address. The host will respond with its host name.

WAN Port MAC

The MAC (Media Access Control) Address field is required by some Internet Service Providers (ISP). The default MAC address is set to the MAC address of the WAN interface in the device. It is only necessary to fill the field if required by your ISP.

The WAN port allows your voice gateway to be connected to an Internet Access Device, e.g. router, cable modem, ADSL modem, through a CAT.5 twisted pair Ethernet Cable. MAC addresses are uniquely set by the network adapter manufacturer and are sometimes called "physical addresses" for this reason. MAC assigns a unique number to each IP network adapter called the MAC address. The MAC address is commonly written as a sequence of 12 hexadecimal digits as follows: **00:3f:4f:88:81:18**. The first six hexadecimal digits of the address correspond to a manufacturer's unique identifier, while the last six digits correspond to the device's serial number.

Some Internet service providers track the MAC address of a home router for security purposes. Many routers support a process called cloning that allows the MAC address to be simulated so that it matches one the service provider is expecting. This allows end-user to change their router (and their real MAC address) without having to notify the provider. For example, you could allow packets which have your name server's IP on them, but come from another MAC address (one way of spoofing packets).



Figure 4-5. WAN port MAC settings

MTU and MRU

MTU stands for Maximum Transmission Unit, the largest physical packet size, measured in bytes that a network can transmit. Any messages larger than the MTU are divided into smaller packets before being sent.

MRU stands for Maximum Receiving Unit. The largest physical packet size, measured in bytes that a network can receive. Any messages larger than the MRU are divided into smaller packets before being received.

The key is to be deciding how big your bandwidth pipe is and select the best MTU for your configuration. For example, you have a 33.6 modem, you use a MTU and MRU of 576, and if you have a larger pipe you may want to try 1500.

MTU	1500	bytes
MRU	1500	bytes

Figure 4-6. MTU and MRU settings

VNote

For Static IP, both MTU and MRU are set to 1500 bytes as default value. For DHCP, both MTU and MRU are set to 1500 bytes as default value. For PPPoE, both MTU and MRU are set to 1492 bytes as default value.

DNS Server

DNS stands for Domain Name System. Every Internet host must have a unique IP address; also they may have a user-friendly, easy to remember name such as <u>www.ippbx.com</u>. The DNS server converts the user-friendly name into its equivalent IP address. The original DNS specifications require that each domain name is served by at least 2 DNS servers for redundancy. When you run your DNS, web, and mail servers all on the same MAChine - if this MAChine goes down, it doesn't really matter that the backup DNS server still works.

The recommended practice is to configure the primary and secondary DNS servers on separate MAChines, on separate Internet connections, and in separate geographic locations.

Primary DNS Server	168.95.1.1
Secondary DNS Server	168.95.192.1

Figure 4-7. DNS server settings

Primary DNS Server	Sets the IP address of the primary DNS server.
Secondary DNS Server	Sets the IP address of the secondary DNS server.

Table 4-2. DNS server description

Ping From WAN

Ping is a basic Internet program that lets you verify that a particular IP address exists and can accept requests. Ping is used diagnostically to ensure that a host computer you are trying to reach is actually operating.

The default setting is allowed user can ping the host computer from remote site. If you disallow, the host computer doesn't response any user who issues Ping IP address command from any remote sites.

Ping from WAN Allowed

Figure 4-8. Ping from wan settings

LAN Setting

These are the IP settings of the LAN (Local Area Network) interface for the device. These settings may be referred to as "private settings". You may change the LAN IP address if needed. The LAN IP address is private to your internal network and cannot be seen on the Internet. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1 with a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0.

LAN is a network of computers or other devices that are in relatively close range of each other. For example, devices in a home or office building would be considered part of a local area network.

LAN Setting	
LAN IP Address	192.168.0.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0 💌
DNS Proxy	Enable

Figure 4-9. LAN settings

LAN IP Address	Assign	the	IP	address	of	LAN	server,	default	is
	192.168	8.0.1							
Select a s		a subi	net r	nask from	the	pull-d	own men	u, defaul	t is
Subliet Mask	255.255	5.255	.0						

Table 4-3. LAN description

> DNS Proxy

A proxy server is a computer network service that allows clients to make indirect network connections to other network services. The default setting is Enable the DNS proxy server.

DNS Pro	oxy	
---------	-----	--

Figure 4-10. DNS proxy settings

Enable

DHCP

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. The DHCP server gives out IP addresses when a device is starting up and request an IP address to be logged on to the network. The device must be set as a DHCP client to "Obtain the IP address automatically". By default, the DHCP Server is enabled in the unit. The DHCP address pool contains the range of the IP address that will automatically be assigned to the clients on the network.

DHCP client computers connected to the unit will have their information displayed in the DHCP Client List table. The table will show the Type, Host Name, IP Address, MAC Address, Description, and

Expired Time of the DHCP lease for each client computer. DHCP Server is a useful tool that automates the assignment of IP addresses to numbers of computers in your network. The server maintains a pool of IP addresses that you use to create scopes. (A DHCP scope is a collection of IP addresses and TCP/IP configuration parameters that are available for DHCP clients to lease.) Then, the server automatically allocates these IP addresses and related TCP/IP configuration settings to DHCP-enabled clients in the network. The DHCP Server leases the IP addresses to clients for a period that you specify when you create a scope. A lease becomes inactive when it expires. Through the DHCP Server, you can reserve specific IP addresses permanently for hardware devices that must have a static IP address (e.g., a DNS Server).

An advantage of using DHCP is that the service assigns addresses dynamically. The DHCP Server returns addresses that are no longer in use to the IP addresses pool so that the server can reallocate them to other machines in the network. If you disable this DHCP, you would have to manually configure IP for new computers, keep track of IP addresses so that you could reassign addresses that clients aren't using, and reconfigure computers that you move from one subnet to another. The DHCP Static MAP table lists all MAC and IP address which are active now.

MAC			Insert Change
MAC		Description	Action
DHCP Static M	Иар	Description	Action
DHCP IP Lease Ti	End IP : 192.168	.0. 250 seconds (60864000)	
Assigned DHCP I	P Address Start IP: 192.168	3.0. 100	
Drick Server	Enable		
DHCD Server			

Figure 4-11. DHCP server settings

When you enable the DHCP server, you are able to enter:

Assigned DHCP IP Address	Enter the starting IP address for the DHCP server's IP assignment and the ending IP address for the DHCP server's IP assignment.
DHCP IP Lease Time	Assign the length of time for the IP lease, default setting is 86400 seconds.

Table 4-4. DHCP server description

Static Route

Static routes are special routes that the network administrator manually enters into the router configuration for local network management. You could build an entire network based on static routes. The problem with doing this is that when a network failure occurs, the static route will not change without you performing the change. This could be IP-PBX if the failure occurs when the administrator is not available.

The route table allows the user to configure and define all the static routes supported by the router.

Network Settings

Static Route

Enable	Туре	Target	Netmask	Gateway	Action
	Net 💌		255.255.255.0		Insert Change

Enable	Enable/Disable the static route.
Туре	Indicates the type of route as follows, Host for local connection and Net for network connection.
Target	Defines the base IP address (Network Number) that will be compared with the destination IP address (after an AND with NetMask) to see if this is the target route.
NetMask	The subnet mask that will be AND'd with the destination IP address and then compared with the Target to see if this is the target route.
Gateway	The IP address of the next hop router that will be used to route traffic for this route. If this route is local (defines the locally connected hosts and Type = Host) then this IP address MUST be the IP address of the router.
Action	Insert a new Static Router entry or update a specified entry.
	Table 4-5. Static route description

NAT

NAT (Network Address Translation) serves three purposes:

- 1. Provides security by hiding internal IP addresses. Acts like firewall.
- 2. Enables a company to access internal IP addresses. Internal IP addresses that are only available within the company will not conflict with public IP.
- 3. Allows a company to combine multiple ISDN connections into a single internet connection.

Network Settings				
NAT Setting Network Address Translation IPSec Pass Through PPTP Pass Through L2TP Pass Through SIP ALG NetMeeting ALG DMZ	 Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable Submit 	eset		
Virtual Server Mapper Enable WAN Port	Ping Protocol	LAN IP	LAN Port	Action
		8. 		Insert Change
• Port Trigger				
Enable Trigger Port	t Trigger Type	Public Port	Public Type	Action
	ТСР 💌		TCP 💌	Insert Change

Figure 4-13. NAT settings

> NAT Setting

Network Address Translation	🗹 Enable
IPSec Pass Through	Enable
PPTP Pass Through	🗹 Enable
L2TP Pass Through	🗹 Enable
SIP ALG	Enable
NetMeeting ALG	🗹 Enable
DMZ	🗹 Enable
DMZ LAN IP	192.168.0.11

Figure 4-14. NAT settings

Network Address Translation	Enable/Disable NAT.
IPSec Pass Through	IPsec (Internet Protocol Security) is a framework for a set of protocols for security at the network or packet processing layer of network communication. Enable/Disable this framework verification.
PPTP Pass Through	PPTP (Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol) is a protocol that allows corporations to extend their own corporate network through private "tunnels" over the public Internet. Enable/Disable this protocol verification.

L2TP (The Layer 2 Tunnel Protocol) is an emerging Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) standard that combines the best features of two existing tunneling protocols: Cisco's Layer 2 Forwarding (L2F) and Microsoft's Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP). L2TP is an extension to the Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP), which is an important component for VPNs. VPNs allow users and telecommuters to connect to their corporate intranets or extranets. Enable/Disable this function.

SIP, the Session Initiation Protocol, is a signaling protocol for InternetSIP ALGconferencing, telephony, presence, events notification and instant
messaging. Enable/Disable this protocol verification.

In computer networks, a DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) is a computer host or small network inserted as a "neutral zone" between a company's private network and the outside public network. It prevents outside users from getting direct access to a server that has company dIP-PBX. Think of DMZ as the front yard of your house. It belongs to you and you may put some things there, but you would put anything valuable inside the house where it can be properly secured. Setting up a DMZ is very easy. If you have multiple computer s, you can choose to simply place one of the computers between the Internet connection and the firewall.

DMZ IP LANIf you have a computer that cannot run Internet applications properly from
behind the device, then you can allow the computer to have unrestricted
Internet access. Enter the IP address of that computer as a DMZ host with
unrestricted Internet access. Adding a client to the DMZ may expose that
computer to a variety of security risks; so only use this option as a last
resort.

Table 4-6. NAT description

Virtual Server Mapping

The device can be configured as a virtual server so that remote users accessing services such as Web or FTP services via the public (WAN) IP address can be automatically redirected to local servers in the LAN network. Depending on the requested service (TCP/UDP port number), the device redirects the external service request to the appropriate server within the LAN network. You will only need to input the LAN IP address of the computer running the service and enable it.

A Virtual Server is defined as a service port, and all requests to this port will be redirected to the computer specified by the server IP.

Virtual Server Mapping

Enable	WAN Port	Protocol	LAN IP	LAN Port	Action
	80	TCP 💌	192.168.0.17	80	Insert Change

Figure 4-15. Virtual server mapping settings

Enable	Enable/Disable the virtual server mapping, default setting is Disable.
WAN Port	The port number on the WAN side that will be used to access the virtual service. Enter the WAN Port number, e.g. enter 80 to represent the Web (http server), or enter 25 to represent SMTP (email server). Note: You can <i>specify maximum 32 WAN Ports</i> .
Protocol	The protocol used for the virtual service. Select a protocol type is TCP or UDP.
LAN IP	The server computer in the LAN network that will be providing the virtual services. Enter the IP address of LAN.
LAN Port	The port number of the service used by the Private IP computer. Enter the LAN port number.
Action	Insert a new WAN port or update a specified WAN port.
	Table 4-7. Virtual server mapping description

Port Trigger

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications have difficulties working through NAT (Network Address Translation). If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, specify the port normally associated with an application in the "Trigger Port" field, select the protocol type as TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) or UDP (User DIP-PBXgram Protocol), then enter the public ports associated with the trigger port to open them for inbound traffic.

Port Trigger

Enable	Trigger Port	Trigger Type	Public Port	Public Type	Action
	40	TCP 💌	40	TCP 💌	Insert Change

Figure 4-16. Port trigger settings

Enable	Enable/Disable the port trigger, default setting is Disable.
Trigger Port	This is the port used to trigger the application. It can be either a single
554	port or a range of ports.

Trigger Type	This is the protocol used to trigger the special application.
Public Port	This is the port number on the WAN side that will be used to access the application. You may define a single port or a range of ports. You can use a comma to add multiple ports or port ranges.
Public Type	This is the protocol used for the special application.
Action	Insert a new Port Trigger or update a specified Port Trigger.
	Table 4-8. Port trigger description

Packet Filter

Controlling access to a network by analyzing the incoming packets and letting they pass or halting them based on the IP addresses of the source. (This function can be useful for residential screening as well for parental screening or other)

Network Settings

Packet I WAN 🔽	Filter Enable						
Enable	Source IP	Dest. Port	Protocol	Block	Day	Time	Action
			ТСР 🔽 А	lways		00:00 💌 ~ 00:00 💌	Insert Change
LAN 🗹	Enable						
LAN 🗹 Enable	Enable Source IP	Dest. Port	Protocol	Block	Day	Time	Action
LAN 🗹 Enable	Enable Source IP	Dest. Port	Protocol	Block	Day	Time	Action Insert Change
LAN 🗹 Enable	Enable Source IP	Dest. Port	Protocol	Block Ilways	Day	Time 00:00 ▼ ~ 00:00 ▼	Action Insert Change

Enable	MAC Address	Block	Day	Time	Action
		Always		00:00 🔽 ~ 00:00 🔽	Insert Change

Figure 4-17. Packet filter settings

WAN \triangleright

The WAN IP port packet filter function, control a network IP port, default setting is <i>Enable</i> .
Enable/Disable the Internet to WAN IP source port rules, default setting is <i>Disable</i> .
This is the filter WAN IP address. Example: 209.131.36.158
This is the port used for source IP service.
This Protocol Used for the source IP service. Select either TCP or UDP.

Block	Wan IP Port Block time setting. Select Always or By Schedule.
Day	Block Day setting, select a All / Mon-Sat./ Mon-Fri./Mon./ Tues./ Wed./Thu./Fri./Sat./Sun.
Time	Block Time setting, select time range is 00:00 to 23:59.
	Table 4-9. Packet filter-WAN description

> LAN

LAN Enable/Disable	Internet to LAN filter function, default setting is <i>Enable</i> . A prohibitive rule set should only allow the necessary Internet/DMZ services to LAN (Local Area Network) clients.
Enable	Enable/Disable the WAN IP source port rules, default setting is <i>Disable</i> .
Source IP	This is the filter source IP address to LAN.
Dest. Port	This is the port used for source IP.
Protocol	This Protocol Used for the WAN Filter service. Select either TCP or UDP.
Day	Block Day setting, select All / Mon-Sat./ Mon-Fri./Mon./ Tues./ Wed./Thu./Fri./Sat./Sun.
Time	Block Time setting, select time range is 00:00 to 23:59
	Table 4-10. Packet filter-LAN description

> MAC

MAC Enable/Disable	Form internet MAC filter function, default setting is <i>Enable.</i>
Block	Wan IP Port Block time Setting. Select Always or By
	Schedule.
Dav	Block Day setting, select a All / Mon-Sat./ Mon-Fri./Mon./
	Tues./ Wed./Thu./Fri./Sat./Sun.
Time	Block Time setting, select time range is 00:00 to 23:59
	Table 4-11. Packet filter-MAC description

URL Filter

URL filter allows you to block sites based on a black list and white list. Sites matching the black list but not matching the white list will be automatically blocked and closed.

URL Filter			
Enable			
Enable	Client IP	URL Filter String	Action
			Insert Change

Figure 4-18. URL filter settings

Enable	Enable/Disable the URL filter function, default setting is Disable.
Enable	Enable/Disable Block URL to the Clinet IP, default setting is
	Disable
Client IP	This is the Clinet IP is LAN address. Example:
	192.168.0.100
URL Filter String	This is the filter URL. <i>Example</i> : "http://www.yahoo.com/"
	Table 4-12. URL filter description

Security

Intrusion Detection has powerful management and analysis tools that let your IT administrator see what's going on in your network. Such as whose surfing the Web, and gives you the tools to block access to inappropriate Web sites.

Malicious code (also called vandals) is a new breed of Internet threat that cannot be efficiently controlled by conventional antivirus software alone. In contrast to viruses that require a user to execute a program in order to cause damage, vandals are auto-executable applications



Figure 4-19. Security settings

Intrusion	Detection	Enable / Disable , network / internet security protection.
Drop	Malicious	Enable / Disable , Detect and drop malicious application
Packet		layer traffic.

Table 4-13. Security description

UPnP

UPnP provides support for communication between control points and devices. The network media, the TCP/IP protocol suite and HTTP provide basic network connectivity and addressing needed. On top of these open, standard, Internet based protocols, UPnP defines a set of HTTP servers to handle discovery, description, control, events, and presentation.



Figure 4-20. UPnP settings

UPNP Internet Gate Enable/Disable UPNP Service to working, default Device setting is *Disable*.

Table 4-18. UPnP description

DDNS

The DDNS (Dynamic DNS) service allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static hostname, allowing your computer to be more easily accessed from various locations on the Internet. Without DDNS, the users should use the WAN IP to reach internal server. It is inconvenient for the users if this IP is dynamic. With DDNS supported, you apply a DNS name (e.g., <u>www.IPPBX.com</u>) for your server (e.g., Web server) from a DDNS server. The outside users can always access the web server using the www.IP-PBX.com regardless of the WAN IP.

When you want your internal server to be accessed by using DNS name rather than using the dynamic IP address, you can use the DDNS service. The DDNS server allows to alias a dynamic IP address to a static hostname.

Unlike DNS that only works with static IP addresses, DDNS works with dynamic IP addresses, such as those assigned by an ISP or other DHCP server. DDNS is popular with home networkers, who typically receive dynamic, frequently-changing IP addresses from their service provider.

DDNS is a method of keeping a domain name linked to a changing (dynamic) IP address. With most Cable and DSL connections, you are assigned a dynamic IP address and that address is used only for the duration of that specific connection. With the IP-PBX, you can setup your DDNS service and the IP-PBX will automatically update your DDNS server every time it receives a different IP address.

Network Settings

• DDNS Setting

DDNS	Enable
DDNS Server Type	DynDns.org
DDNS Username	
DDNS Password	
Confirmed Password	
Hostname to register	
DDNS Interval Registration	Enable
	Submit Reset

Figure 4-21. DDNS settings

Enable	Enable/Disable the DDNS service, default setting is Disable.
DDNS Server Type	The IP-PBX support two types of DDNS, DynDns.org or No-IP.com
DDNS Username	The username which you register in DynDns.org or No-IP.com website.
DDNS Password	The password which you register in DynDns.org or No-IP.com website.
Confirmed Password	Confirm the password which you typing.
Hostname to register	The hostname which you register in DynDns.org or No-IP.com website

Table 4-14. DDNS description

SNMP

The simple network management protocol (SNMP) forms part of the internet protocol suite as defined by the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). SNMP is used by network management systems to monitor network-attached devices for conditions that warrant administrative attention. It consists of a set of standards for network management, including an Application Layer protocol, a IP-PBXbase schema, and a set of IP-PBX objects.

SNMP	Enable	
SNMP Read Community	public	(default:public)
SNMP Write Community	private	(default:private)
SNMP Trap Host		
SNMP Trap Community	public	(default:public)

Figure 4-22. SNMP settings

Enable	Enable/Disable the SNMP service, default setting is Disable.
	(Support SNMP version 1 or SNMP version 2c).
SNMP Read Community	SNMP Read Community string so that EPICenter can
,	retrieve information.(default :public)
	Specifies the name of the SNMP write community to which
SNMP Write Community	the printer device that this actual destination represents
	belongs.(Default:private)
SNMD Tran Host	Defines an SNMP trap host to which AppCelera will send
Sivier Trap Host	trap messages. (Default address is empty)
	The SNMP trap community name. The community name
SNMP Trap Community	functions as a password for sending trap notifications to the
	target SNMP manager. (Default: public).

Table 4-15. SNMP description

Chapter 5 Management

Admin Account

The administrator account can access the management interface through the web browser.

Addition Account	
Administrator Name	admin
Administrator Password	*****
Confirm Password	*****
Remote administration	✓ Enable
Http port for remote	8080
Remete administration only from IR	0.0.0.0

Figure 5-1. Management settings

	Assign a name to represent the administrator account. Maximum 16
Administrator Name	characters. Legal characters can be the upper letter "A" to "Z", lower
	letter "a" to "z", digit number "0" to "9" and an underscore sign; "_".
	Assign an administrator password. Maximum 16 characters and
Administrator	minimum 6 characters with mix of digits and letters characters. Legal
Password	characters can be the upper letter "A" to "Z", lower letter "a" to "z",
	digit number "0" to "9" and an underscore sign"_".
	Enter the administrator password again. Remote Administrator
Confirm Password	allows the device to be configured through the WAN port from the
	Internet using a web browser. A username and password is still
	required to access the browser-based management interface.
Pomoto Administration	Enable/Disable to access from remote site. Default setting is
Remote Administration	"Disable".
Litte part for romate	If you allowed the access from the remote site, assign the http port
http port for remote	used to access the IP-PBX. Default port number is "8080".
	Internet IP address of the computer that has access to the IP-PBX.
Demote educivicturation	Assign the legal IP address.
Remote administration	Example: http://x.x.x.x8080 where as x.x.x.x is the WAN IP
only from IP	address and 8080 is the port used for the Web-Management
	interface.

Table 5-1. Management description

VNote

- The administrator name and password are <u>case-sensitive</u>
- and the "blank" character is an *illegal character* Only the administrator account has the ability to change account password.

Date & Time

Manual Time Setting

Management

• Date/Time	
Date Time Set By	Manual Time Setting C NTP Time Server
Time Zone	(GMT+08:00) Beijing, Singapore, Taipei 💌
Daylight Saving	
Date Value Setting	Year: 2007 V Month: 08 V Day: 16 V
Time Value Setting	Hour: 17 V Minute: 27 V Second: 27 V
	Submit

Figure 5-2. Date/Time-Manual time settings

/.

Table 5-2. Date/Time-Manual time description

> NTP Time Server

Management

•	Date/Time		
	Date Time Set By	C Manual Time Setting	g 💿 NTP Time Server
	Time Zone	(GMT+08:00) Beijing, S	Singapore, Taipei 💌
	Daylight Saving		
	NTP Update Interval	24	hours (11000, default:24)
	NTP Server 1	pool.ntp.org	
	NTP Server 2		
		Submit	

Figure 5-3. Date/Time-NTP time settings

NTP Time Server	Protocol used to help match your system clock with an accurate
	time source. For example atomic clock or a server.

Time Zone	Choose your time zone, Default is (GMT+8:00) Beijing,			
	Singapore, Taipei.			
	Enable / Disable. Default is Disabling, time during which clocks			
Daylight Saving	are set one hour ahead of local standard time; widely adopted			
	during summer to provide extra daylight in the evenings.			
NTD Lindoto Intonvol	Default is 24 hours; This is used to select the frequency of. NTP			
NTP Opdate interval	updates.			
NTP Server 1	Default is "pool.ntp.org", NTP Server address.			
NTP Server 2	Default is empty.			
	Table 5-3. Date/Time-NTP time description			

Ping Test

This useful diagnostic utility can be used to check if a computer is on the Internet. It sends ping packets and listens for replies from the specific host. Enter in a host name or the IP address that you want to ping (Packet Internet Groper) and click Ping. *Example:* www.yahoo.com or 209.131.36.158

Ding Destingtion		
F	igure 5-4. Ping tes	at settings
PING	Destination	Ping
• PINC	G Test	
Manage	ement	

Table 5-4. Ping test description

Save & Restore

All settings can be saving to a local file. Pervious device configuration can also be restored by upload a local file back to the device.

Manage	ment
• Save/	Restore Setting
Save	Save device current configuration to local file Save
Restore	Upload a local file to restore as device configuration:
	Browse Restore

Figure 5-5. Save/Restore settings

Factory Default

This function is used to restore all the parameters back to factory default setting. You can use the Save/Restore Setting to check the factory default configuration, after you click on the Set button.

Management
Factory Default Setting
Set device configuration to Factory default setting:
Figure 5-6. Factory default settings

Firmware Update

You can upgrade the firmware of the device using this tool. Make sure that the firmware you want to use is saved on the local hard drive of your computer. Click on Browse to search the local hard drive for the firmware to be used for the update. Upgrading the firmware will not change any of your system settings but it is recommended that you save your system settings before doing a firmware upgrade.

Firmware Update	
Firmware File	Browse Upload
Figure 5-7. Firmw	are update settings

Firmware Name Select that you want to upgrade Firmware version.

Table 5-5. Firmware update description

Chapter 6 Information

System Information

System Information page indicates the current setup-status of the device, it includes LAN, WAN, (Status and MAC Address), Host Name / System Date time / Machines Life time and system firmware information. The information and options on this page will vary according to your WAN setting (Static IP, DHCP, or PPPoE).

-If your WAN connection is set up for *Dynamic IP address*, the page will display "Release" and "Renew" buttons. Use "Release" to disconnect from your ISP and use "Renew" to connect to your ISP.

-If your WAN connection is set up for *PPPoE*, the page will display "Connect" and "Disconnect" buttons. Use "Disconnect" to drop the PPPoE connection and use "Connect" to establish the PPPoE connection

System Information				
System				
Firmware Version Host Name	IPX - 1.1.1 IP.PBX			
Date & Time Life Time Mode	Tue Jan 2 04:35:41 CST 2007 04:35:42 up 20:35, load average: 0.05, 0.02, 0.00 NAT			
WAN WAN Type	Static IP			
IP Address Subnet Mask Default Gateway	172.16.0.1 255.255.0.0 172.16.0.254			
MTU DNS 1 (Primary) DNS 2 (Secondary)	1500 168.95.1.1 168.95.192.1			
LAN IP Address	192.168.1.1			
Subnet Mask DHCP Server Function	255.255.255.0 Enabled			
Physical MAC WAN	00:0F:FD:50:00:00			
LAN	00:0F:FD:50:00:01			

Figure 6-1. System Information

PBX Extension Status

This page displays the information of Extension/Users Registration status.

• Extension Status

🔘 Register OK! 📝 Talk on the Telephone ! 💥 Register Unknown!					
Num	Status	Num	Status	Num	Status
106		105		104	
103		102		101	
464	*	463	*	462	*
461	*	460	*	459	*
458	*	457	*	456	*
455		454		450	

Figure 6-2. Extension Status

Register OK	SIP device is connected to IPPBX
Talk on the telephon	The connection from/to the other end of SIP device is ^e established.
Register Unknown	Sip device is not connected to IPPBX
Ta	able 6-1. Extension Status description

PBX Trunk Status

This page displays the information of Service Provider Registration status.

 Service 	Prov	vider Stat	us				
	0	Register O	K!	Register	Unknown!		
		Num	Status	Num	Status	Num	Status
	0395	413	×	288929	0		

Figure 6-3. Service Provider Status

O Register OK	SIP Trunk is registered
Register Unknown	SIP Trunk is not registered

Table 6-2. Service Provider Status description

Call Detail Record

Call Detail Record (CDR) contains the call history of the extensions when calls was made or received. Recorded information include: Source Number, Destination Number, Start Time, Answer Time, End Time, Duration Time and Status.

- Call Detail Record
 - << [1] >>

Source No	Destination No	Start Time	Answer Time	End Time	Duraction Time	Status
200	100	2007-11-28 14:23:51	2007-11-28 14:23:51	2007-11-28 14:24:16	25	ANSWERED
100	out	2007-11-28 14:24:41	2007-11-28 14:24:42	2007-11-28 14:24:47	6	ANSWERED
2010	s	2007-11-28 14:24:42	2007-11-28 14:24:42	2007-11-28 14:24:47	5	ANSWERED
100	out	2007-11-28 14:24:52	2007-11-28 14:24:57	2007-11-28 14:24:58	6	ANSWERED
431	100	2007-11-28 14:29:06	2007-11-28 14:29:07	2007-11-28 14:29:11	5	ANSWERED
431	100	2007-11-28 14:30:12	2007-11-28 14:30:14	2007-11-28 14:30:26	14	ANSWERED

Figure 6-4. Call Detail Record

Press << to go to the Next page; Press >>> to go to the Previous page

Source No	Caller's ID
Destination No	ID of destination extension / user
Start Time	The date/time when the call initiated
Answer Time	The date/time when the call answered
End Time	The date/time when the call terminated
Duration Time	Duration of the call, in seconds, from Start Time to End Time.
Status	4 status available (1) Answered; (2) No Answer; (3) Busy; (4) Failed.

Table 6-3. Call Detail Record description

VNote

IPPBX / WIPPBX have save Maximum 500 Records to the memory. If you press Reset bottom or reboot the system, the record will be erased.

Appendix A

How to use Call Parking function

The followings are the Call Park function settings, and all of VoIP devices (ATA, GW and IP Phone) were registered with Wi-Fi IP PBX.

- > Extension to Dial for Parking Calls: 700
- > Extensions to park calls on :701-720



Figure A-1. Call Parking sample scenario

- 1. Ext.100 and Ext.300 are talking.
- 2. Ext.300 press Transfer button and dial "**700#**" to carry out the Call Parking function, and the voice guide will tell Ext.300 a retrieve number (ex:701) to set parking call (At this moment, the remote extension will hear the holding music.)
- 3. Ext.200 dial retrieve number (ex:701) to pick up call.
- 4. Ext.100 are talking with Ext.200

Appendix B

How to use Call Pick-up function

The followings are the Call Pickup function settings, and all of VoIP devices (ATA, GW and IP Phone) were registered with IP PBX.

Pickup Extension: *8



Figure B-1. Call Pickup sample scenario

- 1. Ext.300 call to Ext.100, and Ext.100 is ringing.
- 2. Ext.200 dial "*8#" to pickup the call for Ext.100, and Ext.200 is talking with Ext.300.

Record Sound Sample

This sample for how to record sound, as gsm format file for ipbx series use.

- A) Visit to www.nch.com.au sound home-page, to download Wavepad v3.05 (for windows) sound tools install your pc.
- B) In this screen, create a *new file*, Input *8000Hz* and select *mono (Single)* channel then press ok to finish.

🖶 WavePad Master's Edil	tion			
<u>File Edit Effects Control</u>	<u>T</u> ools <u>B</u> ookmark <u>V</u> iew	<u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp		
🖶 🍯 📙	S A	🍖 🖪 -	ê X	💿 📵 📗
New File Open File Save Fi	ie Undo Redo	Cut Copy	Paste Delete	Load CD Burn CD Bo
×	— ₩ ₩ ₩ <mark>-</mark>	₩₩~図)		\$P\$ \$P\$ \$\$\$\$ \$P\$ \$P\$ \$P\$ \$P\$ \$P\$ \$P\$ \$P
Files 🛞				
Create a new file				
Open an existing file	New File		2 1	(
Load tracks from CD	I NEW THE			
Save file as	<u>S</u> ample Ra	ate: 8000	•	
Tools	Channels:	• <u>M</u> a	ono (Single)	
Patek processor	-	O Ste	e <u>r</u> eo (Dual)	
Datch processor		Canaal		
Region (\$)				
				Inc
		Start	0:00:00.00	Sel Length 0:00:00.00
		End	0:00:00.00	File Length 0:00:00.00
Download more software from	www.nch.com.au/software >:	> click here <<		

C) Press F5 Select your recording sound device and record channel or recording volume level.

Record Control	? ×
Eile Info	<u>R</u> ecording:
Name: Untitled 1	Devi <u>c</u> e: Realtek AC97 Audio 💌
Playback	Input Windows Record Mixer
Device: Realtek AC97 Audio	Vojume: Open Windows Record Mixer
Volume:	Advanced Record Options
🔴 🕨 🖓 🔳 🕅	

D) Press

Start recording

E) Save the current file as WAV or gsm format to finish.

Save Audio File	As					? 🔀
Save in:	🗀 IPBX_Temp		~	3 🦻	ب 🔝 👏	
My Recent Documents						
Desktop						
My Documents						
My Computer						
	File name:	agent-pass			~	Save
My Network	Save as type:	GSM (*.gsm)			*	Cancel

- Convert Wav to G729 format Example
- A) Visit to <u>www.voiceage.com</u> home-page, to download Open G729 encoder sound tools uncompress to your pc.
- B) Convert WAV format file to g729 format file.

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
磁碟區序號: 3880-E618
C:\G729encoder 的目錄
2008/05/16 11:00 <dir> .</dir>
2008/05/16 11:00 <dir></dir>
2001/10/02 15:43 3,192 va_g729.h
2001/10/15 19:34 96,396 va_g729.lib
2004/07/16 10:51 250,018 va_g729pdf
2004/07/19 15:21 5,700 va_g729_decoder.c
2004/07/19 15:20 73,728 va_g729_decoder.exe
2004/07/19 15:21 5,248 va_g729_encoder.c
2004/07/19 15:20 81,920 va_g729_encoder.exe
7 個檔案 516,202 位元組
2 個目錄 7,469,117,440 位元組可用
C:\G729encoder>va_g729_encoder.exe offduty.vav offduty.g729

G729 floating-point Encoder Encode frame 860
0.2 seconds
C:\G729encoder>

Appendix D

Record Voice Guide Process

IPX-1900 provides **Record Voice Menu by Phone** function. Please register your VoIP devices to Wi-Fi IP PBX at first, and then check the Record voice code from "**IP PBX Setup -> record Voice Menu**" page.

Record Voice Menu	1	
Record voice	*9	Ex:*9
Play voice	*10	Ex:*10
Default voice	*11	Ex:*11
Password	1234	
	Submit	

Figure C-1. Record voice menu settings

VoIP devices dial ***9** to entry the Record Voice Menu, then refer to the following record processes to record the Voice Menu.



Figure C-2. Voice record processes

Voice Communication Samples

The chapter shows you the concept and command to help you configure your IP PBX System through sample configuration. And provide several ways to make calls to desired destination in IP PBX. In this section, we'll lead you step by step to establish your first voice communication via web browsers operations.

IP Phone register to IPX-1900

In the following samples, we'll introduce IP Phone register to IP PBX applications.



Figure D-1. Topology of instruction example

Machine Configuration:

STEP 1:

Browse to "IP PBX Setup → User Extensions Setup" configuration menu.



Figure D-3. User extension setting of IP PBX

STEP 2:

Click the "Add" button to	create extension	account ext.100 a	and ext.101.
---------------------------	------------------	-------------------	--------------

User Extension	100
Password	123
Caller Id	100
Call group / Pickup gro	pup select
Call Group	
Pickup Group	
Call forward option	
Call Forward Always	
Call Forward on Busy	
Call Forward on No Answer	IF Time 20 St
Voice mail	
Voicemail	Enable

Figure D-4. Add extension setting of IP PBX

STEP 3:

Please log in VIP-254T_B and browser to "SIP setting \rightarrow Domain Service" configuration menu. Insert the account/password information then save and reboot machine. The sample configuration screen is shown below:

Service Domain Settings

You could set information of service domains in this page.

Realm 1 (Default)	
Active:	⊙ On O Off
Display Name:	101 Data match with Figure D-3.
Line Number:	101 IP PBX's extension settings
Register Name:	101
Register Password:	
Domain Server:	192.168.0.1 of IP PBX
Proxy Server:	192.168.0.1
Outbound Proxy:	

Figure D-5. Web page of VIP-154T

STEP 4:

Repeat the same configuration steps on VIP-254T-A, and check the machine registration status, make sure the registrations are completed.

STEP 5:

After both of devices have registered to IP PBX successfully, it could browse to "Information -> PBX Extension Status" page to show the registration status:

Infoma	tion					
• Exte	nsion Status					
	A puilture	Talk on	11 - T -lh		2. 322	
	Kegister U	I dik Un	the relepho	one ! 📜 Kegi	ster Unknov	vn!
	Num	Status	Num	Status	ster Unknov Num	vn! Status

Figure D-8. Extension status

> Test the Scenario:

- 1. VIP-254T_B pick up the telephone
- 2. Dial the number: 100 shall be able to connect to the VIP-254T_A
- 3. Then the VIP-254_A should ring. Please repeat the same dialing steps on VIP-254_B to establish the first voice communication from VIP-254T_A

IP Phone make off-Net calls via Gateway

In the following samples, we'll introduce VIP-154T and VIP-192 makes off-Net Calls (PSTN calls) via VIP-480FO applications.





Machine Configuration:

STEP 1:

Please refer to the first sample and let VIP-154T and VIP-192 register to IP PBX.

STEP 2:

Please log in IP PBX via web browser and browse to "**IP PBX Setup** → **User Extensions Setup**" configuration menu to add four accounts for VIP-480FO using.

User Extensions Setti	ng		
Add New User Extensions	Add		
Extensions List Ex	tension Max is 300		
User Extension	Password	Caller Id	Action
100	123	100	Advance Delete
101	123	101	Advance Delete
200	123	200	Advance Delete
201	123	201	Advance Delete
202	123	202	Advance Delete
203	123	203	Advance Delete

Figure D-10. Add accounts for VIP-480FO

STEP 3:

Browse to "**IP PBX Setup** \rightarrow **Attendant Extension**" configuration menu. Assign an attendant number which inexistence extension in Extension List and the sample configuration screen is shown below:

Attendant Extension Number 1	555
Attendant Extension Number 2	
Attendant Extension Number 3	
Attendant Extension Number 4	
Attendant Extension Number 5	
Attendant Extension Number 6	
Attendant Extension Number 7	
Attendant Extension Number 8	
Attendant Extension Number 9	
Attendant Extension Number 10	

Figure D-11. Assign an attendant number

Pressing the "Submit" button for activate the configuration.
STEP 4:

Browse to "IP PBX Setup \rightarrow Trunk Management \rightarrow Gateway Trunk" configuration menu. Fill in the IP address of VIP-480FO for connecting with VIP-480FO by peer-to-peer mode, and press the "Insert" button for activate the configuration.

•	Gateway Trunk Setting			
	Add Gateway trunk Gate	way trunk Max is 10		
	IP	Port	Action	
	192.168.0.12	5060	Insert Change	

Figure D-12. Add a Gateway trunk for connecting with VIP-480FO

STEP 5:

Browse to "**IP PBX Setup** → **Trunk Management** → **Trunk Group**" configuration menu. Add a Trunk Group for making off-Net calls via VIP-480FO.

•	Trunk Group Setti	ng		
	Add New Grop Name	Add		
	Group Name List	Trunk Group Max is	5 10	
	Group Name	Group Number	Number	Action
	VIP-480FO	0	192.168.0.12:5060	Edit Delete

Figure D-13. Add Trunk Group number for grabbing the FXO ports of VIP-480FO

STEP 6:

Please log in VIP-480FO via web browser and browse to "Advance Setup \rightarrow VoIP Setup \rightarrow VoIP Basic" configuration menu. Insert the account/password information and set up the hunting function. The sample configuration screen is shown below:

	Port Number / Password Setting(MAX 20 digit) :						
No.	Number	Reg	Account	Password	Register Status	Reason	
1	200		200		Success	ОК	
2	201		201		Success	ОК	
3	202		202		Success	OK	
4	203		203		Success	ОК	

Figure D-14. Set up the number of FXO ports of VIP-480FO

SIP Hunting Table :				
No.	Hunting Member			
1	✓ Port 1 ✓ Port 2 ✓ Port 3 ✓ Port 4			
2	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4			
3	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4			
4	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4			

Figure D-15. Set up the Hunting Member of FXO ports

	SIP Proxy Setting :			
Domain/Realm	192.168.0.1			
SIP Proxy Server	192.168.0.1/5060			
	use net2phone			
Register Interval(seconds)	900			
SIP Authentication	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable			
Outbound Proxy Server	0.0.0.00			

Figure D-16. Set up the Proxy Server IP address for register to IPX-1900

STEP 7:

Browse to "**Dialing Plan**" configuration menu. Add an Incoming Dial Plan (no.1x) for redirect the PSTN outgoing calls to FXO ports.

ncoming Dial Plan: (maximun 50 entries, maximun length of prefix digits is 16 digit, maximun length of number is 20 digit):							
Item	Incoming no.	Length of Number	Delete Length	Prefix no.	Destination telephone port	Operation	
1	1x	2 ~ 20	0	None	1		
		~				ADD	
	DELETE Inbo	und Dial Plan	From	1 To			

Figure D-17. Add an incoming dial plan

STEP 8:

Browse to "**Port Status**" configuration menu. Fill in the auto attendant number **555** to all of ports. (Where 555 is the auto-attendant number of IP PBX)

Hotline Delay	💿 Disable 🔘 Enable
Hotline Delay Time(Max. 20 sec)	3 sec
Port 1 number	555
Port 2 numb e r	555
Port 3 number	555
Port 4 number	555

Figure D-18. Hot Line to auto-attendant of IPX-1900

STEP 8:

After all of devices have registered to IP PBX successfully, the **Extension Status** page will show the registration status:

C Register (DKI	on the Teleph	one ! 😭 R	legister Unknov	vn!
Num	Status	Num	Status	Num	Status
203	O 2	:02	0	201	0
200		.01		100	

Figure D-19. Extension status page with Phone and Gateway registered

Test the Scenario:

- 1. VIP-154T pick up the telephone
- Dial the number: 0 will hear the dial tone, and dial the number: 12345678. This call will hunt the FXO port of VIP-480FO and shall be able connect to the User A.
- 3. Then the telephone of User A will ringing, User A can pick up the handset and talk with VIP-154T.
- 4. Both VIP-154T and User A hang up the calls.
- 5. User A pick up the telephone and dial the number: 23456789 should be able to connect to the Auto Attendant System of IP PBX.
- The User A will hear the prompts, and dial the extension number: 100 shall be able connect to the VIP-192.
- 7. Then the VIP-192 should ringing, and it to pick up the call then talk with User A.

IP Phone make external SIP Proxy calls via SIP Trunk

In the following samples, we'll introduce VIP-154T and VIP-192 makes SIP Proxy calls via SIP Trunk applications.



Figure D-20. Installation example with FWD SIP Prxoy

Machine Configuration:

STEP 1:

Please refer to the first sample and let VIP-254T and VIP-255PT register to IP PBX.

STEP 2:

Browse to "IP PBX Setup \rightarrow Trunk Management \rightarrow SIP Trunk" configuration menu. Add a new Service Provider account for registering to FWD SIP Proxy.

•	Server Providers Se	etting				
	Add New Service Provider	rs Add				
	Providers List	Service Provider	Max is 10			
	Caller Id	UserName	Password	Ргоху	Port	Action
	25003000	25003000	123	fwd.pulver.com	5060	Advance Delete

Figure D-21. Add a Service Provider account

STEP 3:

Browse to "**IP PBX Setup** → **Trunk Management** → **Trunk Group**" configuration menu. Add a Trunk Group for making external SIP Proxy calls.

•	Trunk Group	Setting			
	Add New Grop Nar	me Add			
	Group Name I	List Trunk Group	o Max is 10		
	Group Name	e Group Num	nber Number	Action	
	FWD	9	proxy2500300	0 Edit Delete	e

Figure D-22. Add Trunk Group number

STEP 4:

After the SIP Trunk has registered to FWD SIP Proxy successfully, the **Service Provider Status** page will show the registration status:

• Serv	vice Prov	vider St	tatus				
	Register OK!		r 0K!	Register Unknown!			
		Num	Status	Num	Status	Num	Status
	2500	3000					

Figure D-23. Service Provider status page

Test the Scenario:

- 1. VIP-154T pick up the telephone
- 2. Dial the number: **9** will hear the dial tone, and dial the number: 25003999. This call shall be able connect to the User B.
- 3. Then the softphone of User B will ringing, User B can answer the call and talk with VIP-154T.
- 4. Both VIP-154T and User B hang up the calls.
- 5. User B pick up and dial the number: 25003000 should be able to connect to the Auto Attendant System of IP PBX.
- The User B will hear the prompts, and dial the extension number: 100 shall be able connect to the VIP-254T.
- 7. Then the VIP-254T should ringing, and it to pick up the call then talk with User B.

Appendix F

IPX-1900 Series Specifications

Product Internet Telephony PBX System	
Model	IPX-1900
Hardware	۱
	1 RJ-45 (10/100Base-TX, Auto-Sensing/Switching)
Standards and Protocol	1 RJ-45 (10/100Base-1X, Auto-Sensing/Switching)
Call control	SIP 2.0 (RFC3261) , SDP (RFC 2327), Symmetric RTP
Registration	Max. 300 nodes / SIP IP phones/ ATA / FXO gateways
Calls	Max. 60 concurrent calls
Voice CODEC Support	G.723, G.726, G.729, G.711, GSM, iLBC
	DTMF detection and generation
Voice Processing	In-Band and Out-of-Band (RFC 2833), (SIP INFO)
	Supports password authentication using MD5 digest
	Auto Attendant (AA)
	Interactive Voice Response (IVR)
	Records IVR via IP Phone
	Voicemail Support (VM)
	Voicemail Send to E-mail
	Call Detailed Record (CDR)
PBX features	User Management via Web Browsers
	Web Firmware Upgrade
	Backup and Restore Configuration file
	Call/Pickup Group
	Displays 300 Registered User's Status: Unregistered / Registered / On-Call
	Displays 60 Registered Trunk's Status: Unregistered / Registered
	Fax Support using G.711 Pass-Through or T.38**
	Caller ID
	Call Group
	Call Hold
	Call Waiting
	Call Transfer
	Call Forward (Always, Busy, No Answer)
Call features	Call Pickup
	Call Park
	Call Resume
	Music on Hold
	Three-way conference with feature phones (VIP-254T series, VIP-255PT,
	351PT and ATA series: VIP-156/ 157/ 158 / 161W)

Internet Sharing		
Protocol	TCP/IP, UDP/RTP/RTCP, HTTP, ICMP, ARP, NAT, DHCP, PPPoE, DNS	
Advanced Eurotian	NAT/Bridge mode, DHCP server, Static Route, DMZ, Virtual Server, Port	
Advanced Function	Trigger, Packet / URL Filter, UPnP, DDNS, SNMP, Ping test	
Network and Configuration		
Connection Type	Static IP, PPPoE, DHCP	
Management	HTTP Web Browser	
	System: 1, PWR	
LED Indications	WAN: 1, LNK/ACT	
	LAN: 4, LNK/ACT	
	Line: 4, In-Use/Ringing	
Environment		
Dimension (W x D x H)	340 x 159 x 40 mm	
Operating Temperature	0~40 degree C, 0~90% humidity	
Power Requirement	12V DC	
EMC/EMI	CE, FCC Class B	
Remark: T.38 support is dependent on fax machine, SIP provider and network / transport resilience		

Appendix G

IPX-1900 Module Card Specifications

IPX-19FO Card Technical Specifications

Signaling	Loop Start / DTMF
No. of channels	2
Interface Connectors	2 RJ-11 2-pin modular jacks
AC Impedance Selection	600 Ω /900 Ω / Global Impedance / Sixteen Impedance for selection.
Receive Frequency	Low –3 dBFS Corner, FILT = 0 , 5 Hz
Response	Low –3 dBFS Corner, FILT = 1, 200 Hz
Return Loss	\geq 25 dB , 300–3.4 kHz, all ac terminations
digital gain/attenuation adjustment	–16.5 to 13.5 dB
Tranhybrid Balance	≥ 20 dB, 300–3.4 kHz, all ac
-	terminations
Polarity Reversal Detection	Support Battery Reversal Detection

IPX-19FS Card Technical Specifications

Signaling	Loop Start / DTMF
No. of channels	2
Interface Connectors	2 RJ-11 2-pin modular jacks
Line Impedance	600 Ω 900 Ω
Return Loss	Min 30db, 200 Hz to 3.4 kHz
Gain/Attenuation	Digital Programmable from mute~6db
Metallic to Longitudinal Balance	Min. 40 db, 200 Hz to 3.4 kHz
DC Loop Current Accuracy	29mA nominal
Ring Voltage	44Vrms Nominal
Ringing Tone	16.667Hz, 20Hz /30Hz / 40Hz/ 50Hz / 60Hz
REN	5
Pulse metering	12k/16k hz

Note: The IPX-19SL module card signaling same as IPX-19FO/FS specifications.

FXO Port Pin Assignments

The FXO Telephony Interface has 2 RJ-11C/W modular jacks. The following diagram and table show the assignments of the pin for the R-J11 port.

RJ-11pin	Signal
1	
2	Tip
3	Ring
4	



FXS Port Pin Assignments

The FXS Telephony Interface has 4 RJ-11C/W modular jacks. The following diagram and table show the assignments of the pin for the RJ-11 port.

RJ-11 pin	Signal
1	Not connected
2	Tip
3	Ring
4	Not connected





EC Declaration of Conformity

For the following equipment:

*Type of Product : Internet Telephony PBX system *Model Number : IPX-1900

* Produced by:
Manufacturer's Name : Planet Technology Corp.
Manufacturer's Address: 11F, No 96, Min Chuan Road Hsin Tien, Taipei, Taiwan, R. O.C.

is herewith confirmed to comply with the requirements set out in the Council Directive on the Approximation of the Laws of the Member States relating to 1999/5/EC R&TTE. For the evaluation regarding the R&TTE, the following standards were applied:

Emission EN 55022: 1998+A1: 2000+A2: 20	003 EN 55024: 1998+A1: 2001+A2: 2003
EN 61000-3-2: 2000+A2: 2005	IEC 61000-4-2 Edition 1.2: 2001-04
EN 61000-3-3: 1995 + A1: 2001	IEC 61000-4-3: 2002+A1: 2002
	IEC 61000-4-4: 2004
	IEC 61000-4-5 Edition 1.1: 2001-04
	IEC 61000-4-6 Edition 2.1: 2004-11
	IEC 61000-4-8 Edition 1.1: 2001-03
	IEC 61000-4-11 Second Edition: 2004-03

AS/NZS CISPR 22: 2004

Responsible for marking this declaration if the:

☑ Manufacturer □ Authorized representative established within the EU

Authorized representative established within the EU (if applicable):

Company Name: Planet Technology Corp.

Company Address: 11F, No.96, Min Chuan Road, Hsin Tien, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C

Person responsible for making this declaration

Name, Surname Jonas Yang

Position / Title : Product Manager

<u>Taiwan</u> Place July 07, 2008 Date

Legal Signature

PLANET TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION