

POST THESE SAFETY RULES FOR REFERENCE.



SAFETY RULES FOR MITER SAWS



⚠ WARNING Failure to follow these rules may result in serious injury.

- DO NOT OPERATE THIS MACHINE** until it is completely assembled and installed according to the instructions. A machine incorrectly assembled can cause serious injury.
- OBTAIN ADVICE** from your supervisor, instructor, or another qualified person if you are not thoroughly familiar with the operation of this machine. Knowledge is safety.
- FOLLOW ALL WIRING CODES** and recommended electrical connections to prevent shock or electrocution.
- DO NOT OPERATE ON ANYTHING OTHER THAN THE DESIGNATED VOLTAGE** for the saw.
- SECURE THE MACHINE TO A STABLE SUPPORTING SURFACE.** Vibration can possibly cause the machine to slide, walk, or tip over, causing serious injury.
- USE ONLY CROSSCUT SAW BLADES.** Use only zero-degree or negative hook angles when using carbide-tipped blades. Do not use blades with deep gullets. These can deflect and contact the guard, and can cause damage to the machine and/or serious injury.
- USE ONLY BLADES OF THE CORRECT SIZE AND TYPE** specified for this tool to prevent damage to the machine and/or serious injury.
- MAKE CERTAIN BLADE ROTATES IN CORRECT DIRECTION** and that the teeth at the bottom of the blade point to the rear of the saw.
- USE BLADE GUARD AT ALL TIMES.** Don't spray any lubricants or cleaners (particularly spray or aerosol) in the vicinity of the plastic guard. The polycarbonate material used in the guard is subject to attack by certain chemicals.
- USE A SHARP BLADE.** Check the blade to see if it runs true and is free from vibration. A dull blade or a vibrating blade can cause damage to the machine and/or serious injury.
- DON'T WEDGE ANYTHING AGAINST THE FAN** to hold the motor shaft.
- DON'T USE ABRASIVE WHEELS.** The excessive heat and abrasive particles generated by them will damage the saw.
- INSPECT BLADE FOR CRACKS** or other damage prior to operation. A cracked or damaged blade can come apart and pieces can be thrown at high speeds, causing serious injury. Replace cracked or damaged blades immediately.
- CLEAN THE BLADE AND BLADE FLANGES** prior to operation. Cleaning the blade and flanges allows you to check for any damage to the blade or flanges. A cracked or damaged blade or flange can come apart and pieces can be thrown at high speeds, causing serious injury.
- ALWAYS USE THE KERF PLATE AND REPLACE THIS PLATE WHEN DAMAGED.** Small chip accumulation under the saw may interfere with the saw blade or may cause instability of workpiece when cutting.
- USE ONLY BLADE FLANGES** specified for this tool to prevent damage to the machine and/or serious injury.
- CLEAR THE AREA OF FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS** and/or gas prior to operation. Sparks can occur that would ignite the liquids and cause a fire or an explosion.
- CLEAN THE MOTOR AIR SLOTS** of chips and sawdust. Clogged motor air slots can cause the machine to overheat, damaging the machine and possibly causing a short which could cause serious injury.
- TIGHTEN THE TABLE CLAMP HANDLE** and any other clamps prior to operation. Loose clamps can cause parts or the workpiece to be thrown at high speeds.
- NEVER START THE TOOL** with the blade against the workpiece. The workpiece can be thrown, causing serious injury.
- KEEP ARMS, HANDS, AND FINGERS** away from the blade to prevent severe cuts. Clamp all workpieces that would cause your hand to be in the "Table Hazard Zone" (within the red lines).
- DON'T PLACE HANDS IN THE BLADE AREA** when the saw is connected to a power source.
- DON'T REACH UNDERNEATH THE SAW** unless it is unplugged or turned off. The saw blade is exposed on the underside of the saw.
- ALLOW THE MOTOR TO COME TO FULL SPEED** prior to starting cut. Starting the cut too soon can cause damage to the machine or blade and/or serious injury.
- NEVER REACH AROUND** or behind the saw blade. A moving blade can cause serious injury.
- NEVER CUT FERROUS METALS** or masonry. Either of these can cause the carbide tips to fly off the blade at high speeds causing serious injury.
- NEVER CUT SMALL PIECES.** Cutting small pieces can cause your hand to move into the blade, resulting in serious injury.
- NEVER LOCK THE SWITCH** in the "ON" position. Setting up the next cut could cause your hand to move into the blade, resulting in severe injury.
- NEVER APPLY LUBRICANT** to a running blade. Applying lubricant could cause your hand to move into the blade, resulting in serious injury.
- DO NOT PERFORM FREE-HAND OPERATIONS.** Hold the work firmly against the fence and table. Free-hand operations on a miter saw could cause the workpiece to be thrown at high speeds, causing serious injury. Use clamps to hold the work when possible.
- CUTTINGHEAD MUST RETURN QUICKLY TO THE FULL UP POSITION.** Failure to do so will not allow the lower guard to operate properly and may result in personal injury.
- TURN OFF THE MACHINE** and allow the blade to come to a complete stop prior to cleaning the blade area or removing debris in the path of the blade. A moving blade can cause serious injury.
- PROPERLY SUPPORT LONG OR WIDE WORK-PIECES.** Loss of control of the workpiece can cause injury.
- NEVER PERFORM LAYOUT, ASSEMBLY, OR SET-UP WORK** on the table/work area when the machine is running. A sudden slip could cause a hand to move into the blade. Severe injury can result.
- DON'T ALLOW ANYONE** to stand behind the saw.
- TURN THE MACHINE "OFF",** disconnect the machine from the power source, and clean the table/work area before leaving the machine. **LOCK THE SWITCH IN THE "OFF" POSITION** to prevent unauthorized use. Someone else might accidentally start the machine and cause injury to themselves.
- BEFORE OPERATING THE SAW,** check and securely lock the bevel, miter, and sliding fence adjustments.
- ADDITIONAL INFORMATION** regarding the safe and proper operation of power tools (i.e. a safety video) is available from the Power Tool Institute, 1300 Sumner Avenue, Cleveland, OH 44115-2851 (www.powertoolinstitute.com). Information is also available from the National Safety Council, 1121 Spring Lake Drive, Itasca, IL 60143-3201. Please refer to the American National Standards Institute ANSI O1.1 Safety Requirements for Woodworking Machines and the U.S. Department of Labor regulations.