

APOLLO

Precedus

User's Guide



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Welcome ...

Welcome to a new era of navigation. Once again, II Morrow Inc. has set new standards in features and ease of use for the general aviation public. The *Precedus* is unequalled in providing the features, level of performance, and reliability that aviation users require. The *Precedus* does indeed set a precedent that will be the standard that all other navigation instruments will be compared to. You can be confident in knowing that you are the owner of the state-of-the-art in handheld navigation. Our products are built to last and to allow for upgrading as your needs change in the future.

Thank you again for choosing II Morrow to supply solutions to your navigation needs.

About This Manual

Please take a few moments to review the various sections of this manual. Even if you are an experienced user of GPS navigation, be sure to read the Introduction to Precedus and Getting Started the First Time. These two sections provide the rules for successful use of the *Precedus*. The rest of the manual contains important information that you can refer to as you need more detail on specific procedures or features.

- Introduction to GPS Navigation** A brief introduction into the fundamentals of GPS navigation. (Page 1)
- Operation Basics** Learn the rules for using your *Precedus*. (Page 3)
- Getting Started the First Time** Set your “Seed Position,” learn about your GPS Status, and how to set a Destination Waypoint. (Page 11)
- Navigation Basics** Learn the basics of navigating with the *Precedus*. (Page 19)
- Function Reference** A detailed encyclopedia of the functions available in the *Precedus*. The functions are described in the order that they appear in the Main Menu. (Page 39)
- Waypoint Database** A description of the components of your database. Examples of the information available are shown. Using the waypoints in the database are described in the other parts of the manual. (Page 66)
- Tutorial** A step-by-step tutorial for using many of the features allows you to “fly” with the *Precedus* in the Simulator mode so you can become familiar with its use in the comfort of your home or office. (Page 69)
- Trouble-shooting** Help! What to do when nothing works right. Take a look at this section before giving up. If your problem isn’t solved by using this section, give our Customer Assistance people a call. We won’t let you down. (Page 84)
- Glossary of Navigation Terms** An explanation of terms used in this manual. (Page 87)
- Display and Battery Care** How to take care of your *Precedus*. (Page 91 & 92)



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History of Revisions

July 1995	Original Release
August 1995	Revision 01
April 1996 software)	Revision 02 (Version 5.0
February 1997 software)	Revision 04 (Version 5/6.1

Ordering Information

To receive additional copies of this Precedus GPS User's Guide, order part #560-0110-04. The Precedus Quick Reference Guide is part #560-0115-01.

Important Notice

The Global Positioning System (GPS) is operated by the United States Department of Defense which is solely responsible for the accuracy, daily operation, and maintenance of the satellite constellation. System accuracy is affected by the Department of Defense's Selective Availability (SA) and the Dilution of Precision (DOP) attributed to poor satellite geometry.

This product is not intended for use as a sole source of navigation information. Exclusive reliance on this device in any navigation application is discouraged.

FCC Notice

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Changes or modifications to this equipment not expressly approved by II Morrow Inc. could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

DOC Notice

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus as set out in the radio interference regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le présent appareil numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de classe B prescrites dans le règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique édicté par le ministère des communications du Canada.

Aviation Applications

The Precedus handheld GPS receiver is intended for use as a navigation aid. In aviation applications, the receiver should be used to complement certified navigation instruments already installed in the aircraft. This device is not intended for use as a primary or sole source of navigation information in aviation applications. Never fly the aircraft without other available means of navigation. For maximum safety and to minimize distraction in the cockpit, place the receiver in an easily visible location, within convenient view of other avionics.

This device emits a small amount of electromagnetic energy. Do not place the receiver closer than 250 mm (approx. 10") to the wet compass in the cockpit.

Due to implementation of Selective Availability by the United States Department of Defense (DoD), all GPS receivers may suffer degradation of position accuracy. The DoD has stated that 95% of the time accuracy will not be degraded more than 100 m and 99.9% of the time accuracy will not be degraded more than 300 m.

The following guidance has been issued by the FAA, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office and Seattle Aircraft Evaluation Group on December 12, 1994. It is relevant to the use of portable GPS navigation systems in aircraft:

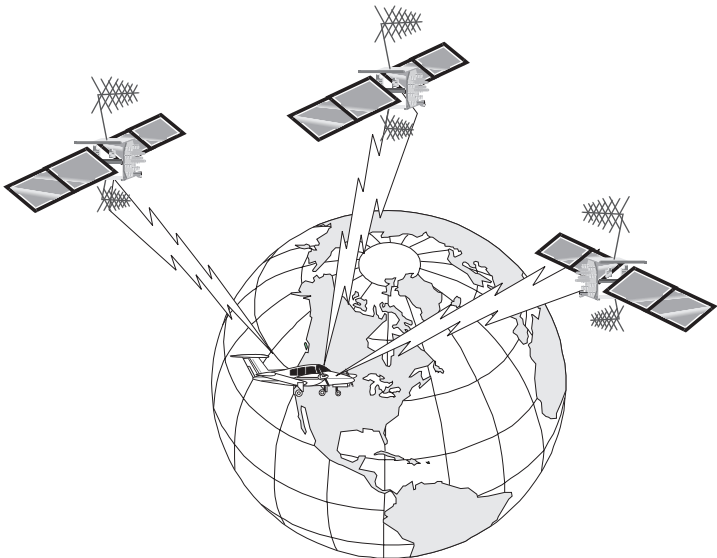
The information contained in FAA Flight Standards Notice No. 8310.171, dated October 19, 1992, is still applicable. The use of portable GPS receivers in aircraft falls under FAR 91.21 for Portable Electronic Devices for operations conducted under FAR part 91 Operating Rules Only. It is the responsibility of the aircraft operator to ensure that the device does not interfere with other systems in the aircraft. The GPS system must not be used for primary navigation and can only be used for comparison purposes during flight(s).

Introduction to GPS Navigation

GPS Overview The Global Positioning System (GPS) is a constellation of 24 satellites in six orbit lanes 10,898 nautical miles above the earth at an inclination angle of about 55 degrees from the equator. Each satellite orbits the earth twice in 24 hours.

The GPS was developed and the satellites launched by the U.S. Department of Defense with the original intent of supplying highly accurate position fix information for military applications. In recent years, commercial applications for the information provided by this system have steadily increased in the civilian sector. Some of the more popular civilian uses of the system include surveying and position fix data recording for civil engineering applications, and a broad range of marine, aviation, and terrestrial navigation applications.

While orbiting the earth, each GPS satellite transmits complex streams of data containing the operational status and orbital location of all the satellites in the system. The *Precedus*TM receives this data stream and processes the information to determine which satellites are “visible” to the receiver’s antenna. With this determination made, the receiver chooses satellites to calculate a position fix. Using information transmitted from three or more satellites, the





unit can calculate latitude and longitude (usually abbreviated Lat/Lon); with four or more satellites, GPS altitude can also be calculated.

GPS System Accuracy

The GPS allows a high degree of position fix accuracy. The system can produce a position fix accurate to within less than one meter. Due to concern for national security, the U.S. Department of Defense introduces constant errors to the transmitted satellite data to degrade the accuracy of the system. Called Selective Availability, this practice limits GPS position fix accuracy to about 100 meters, although the relative position of the satellites to one another, their elevation above the horizon, and other factors can also affect accuracy of the position fix. Under optimal conditions, accuracy can improve to within 10 meters. GPS position fix accuracy is not affected by atmospheric conditions.

GPS altitude is based on a mathematical model of the sphere of the earth. Including intentional degradation, GPS altitude may differ from barometric altitude by several hundred feet.





Summary



Unlike navigation aids providing a position fix with data from land-based sources, the *Precedus*TM can provide an accurate position fix over land or sea anywhere in the world. The unit includes an extensive database of useful waypoint information and allows you to create up to 1,000 “customized” waypoints of your own. With the power of this navigation device in the cockpit, you can easily navigate with unsurpassed accuracy.

Operation Basics

This section introduces you to the *Precedus* and describes its controls and operating functions.


Controls


Menu/Pwr  This button turns the unit ON and OFF, and also allows you to select features from the Main Menu. Turn the unit ON by pressing the  button once. Turn the power OFF by pressing the  button and holding it down for two seconds. Press  while viewing the Main Menu to adjust the display backlight.

Enter  Press the  button to accept the selected or highlighted information.

Arrow keys The arrow buttons allow you to move the “cursor” to highlight information that you want to select.



New Waypoint  Use the New Waypoint function to create your own **waypoints** and store them in the *Precedus*'s memory. You can create and name up to 1,000 of your own waypoints. A **Waypoint** is a place you navigate from and to. A **Waypoint** can be based upon your present position, or you can enter latitude and longitude coordinates (abbreviated as Lat/Lon) to define the waypoint location.

Info  Use this function to get information about any waypoint in the *Precedus*'s built-in database, including those you have created.

Available information includes:

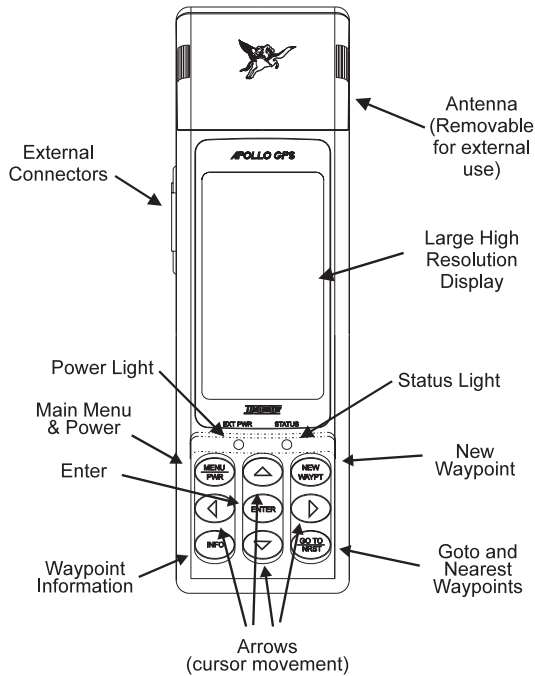
- Waypoint identifier and type (Airport, VOR, NDB, Intersection, or User)
- Bearing and distance to the waypoint from your current position
- Lat/Lon coordinates of the waypoint
- For airports, the elevation, fuel availability and type, radio communication frequencies, runway details, and more
- Sunrise/Sunset calculator

GOTO and Nearest

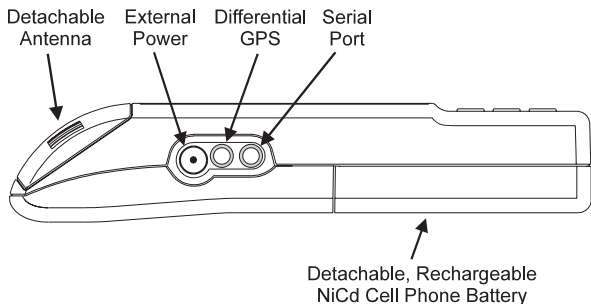


The GOTO and Nearest functions operate together. Press this button once for the GOTO function or twice for the Nearest Waypoint function. Use the GOTO function to assign a destination waypoint from the Precedus's built-in database or one that you personally create. The Nearest function, always available when you use the GOTO function, provides a list of 30 waypoints of each type nearest to your present position. These two functions allow you to quickly and easily create a flight plan, or change it while navigating.

Front View



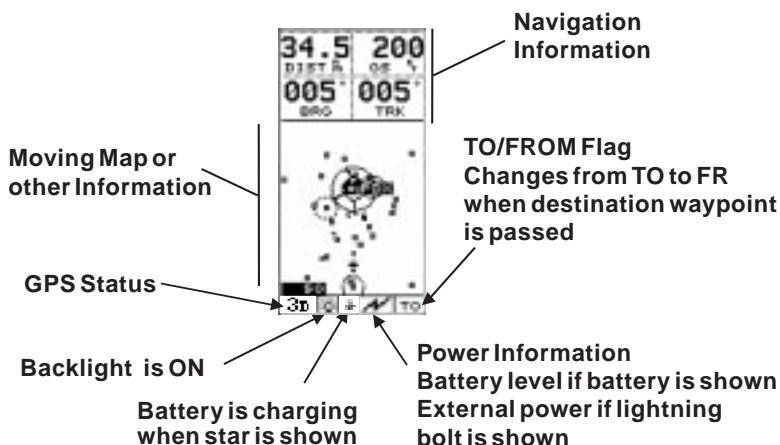
Side View













Display Information The display shows information for each operating function. Information typically includes navigation progress, waypoint information, satellite tracking status, menu options and selections.



Helpful Instructions on the The Precedus shows you what to do for most functions. Helpful instructions will appear in a “pop-up” box on the display and advises you on which button to press for options.

Navigation Display Sample



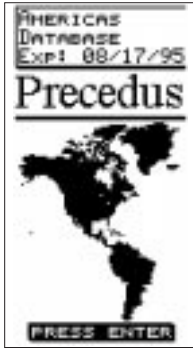
Display Backlight & Contrast Display contrast and the display backlight are adjustable to best suit viewing conditions. See “Screen/Light” in the Function Reference Section for details on adjusting the screen. Choose the Screen/Light selection from the Main Menu. Press the  or  buttons to choose OFF, LO, MED, or HI intensity for the backlight. Press  or  to reach the Contrast setting. Press the  or  buttons to choose the desired contrast level. Press  to save your choices and exit this function. You can also quickly change the backlight or display contrast from the Main Menu display. Press  again to adjust the backlight. Press the   buttons to adjust the display contrast.


Display Screens

Information you view on the display while using the *Precedus* shows one page or “screen” at a time. Many of the operating functions can show more than one screen of information. When more than one screen of information is available, either the vertical arrow symbol or an instruction line shows on the display to inform you that more information awaits your view. Follow the instruction, or if the vertical arrow symbol shows on the display, press  or  to view this additional information.

Information screens available while using each operating function are introduced here. The Function Reference section contains additional details about each operating function.

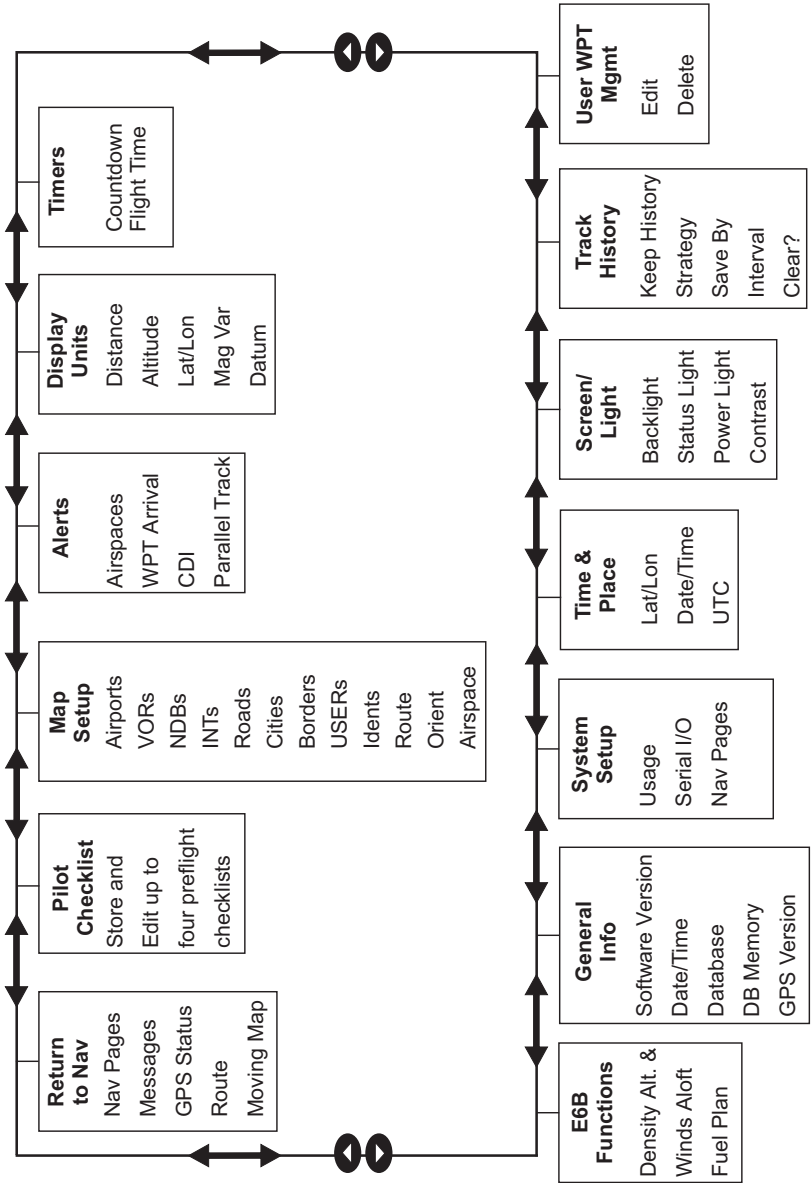
Startup Screen



The startup screen shows on the display for several seconds after you switch on the *Precedus*. While this screen shows on the display, the unit performs internal diagnostics, begins tracking available GPS satellites, and activates the navigation function. The database type and expiration date is also shown during startup. Press , or wait a few seconds, and this screen will be replaced by navigation information.

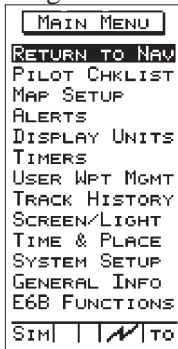
This process takes only a few seconds, providing that a seed position and current time have been entered.

Precedus Function Summary



Main Menu

The Main Menu function contains options that control many ways the *Precedus* operates and lets you customize the navigation function to suit your preference.





Press the **MENU PWR** button to display the main menu. Highlight the selection from the list by pressing the **▲** or **▼** buttons. Press **ENTER** to go to the selected function.

The main menu contains these options:

- Return to Nav - Returns the unit from the menu to the navigation function.
- Pilot Chklist - Provides storage and viewing of up to four preflight checklists
- Map Setups - Contains control settings for information shown on moving map screens (navigation function) includes airspace type, distance buffer, and time buffer.
- Alerts - Controls alert messages for airspace entry, waypoint arrival, course deviation indication and alert message, and creates a parallel course that is offset by a selected distance from your chosen course.
- Display Units - Contains control settings for navigation units of measure, control settings for magnetic variation in course headings, and map datum.
- Timers - Controls built-in timers for countdown and flight time.
- User Wpt Mgmt - Controls editing or deletion of waypoints you have entered in the *Precedus*'s memory.
- Track History - Controls navigation "track point" storage in memory and whether points show on moving map navigation screens (in the Navigation function).

- **Screen/Light** -
Control settings for display backlight and contrast, status light programming, and power light programming.
- **Time and Place** -
Contains seed position and current time settings including UTC differential.
- **System Setup** -
Controls operation mode, power saver option, either of the two serial ports for interface with external devices, and the number of NAV pages shown.
- **General Info** -
Enables showing of unit serial number, current hardware and software versions, and available databases.
- **E6B Functions** -
Perform calculations of important information related to temperature, wind, and barometric pressure.

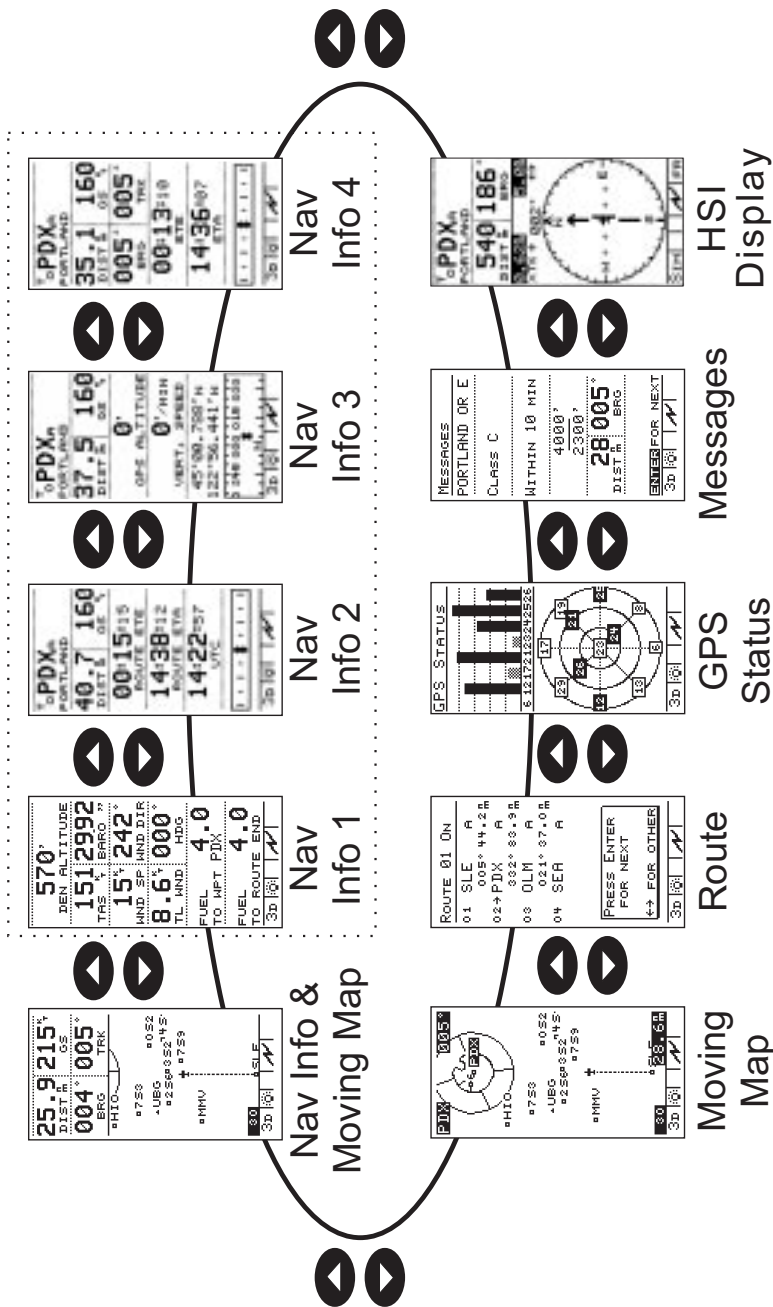
Using the menu function does not interrupt navigation. The Reference section describes how to use each main menu option.

Navigation Function The *Precedus* has several screens available while you use the navigation function. Each screen contains useful information. You may also customize your screens. You can “scroll” or page through the other available screens by pressing the  or  buttons.

This function starts automatically when the unit is switched on and stays active. You will use this function most often while flying. The navigation function provides information about:

- Your current position and navigation progress to a destination
- GPS satellite signals
- Routes, or trips with multiple legs
- Events or conditions important to trip navigation

NAV Function Summary



Getting Started the First Time


This section explains how to get started using the *Precedus*. Information in this section explains how to startup the unit, check signals from the GPS satellites, enter a seed position, assign a destination waypoint, and detach your antenna.

This section shows you how to start the *Precedus* and check for proper operation. It is necessary to enter a seed position and the current time the first time you turn the unit on.

- Charge the battery before using the *Precedus*
- Power on
- Enter a seed position (your dealer may have already completed this step for you)
- Enter the current time
- Check satellite signal strength
- Enter a “GOTO” waypoint
- Begin navigating

Power Up



To switch the unit on, press . The startup screen and database information shows on the display for several seconds and then will go into the Navigation function.

Seed Position

The first time the *Precedus* is switched on, it must locate satellites in the sky to acquire signals before determining a position fix in a complex process involving lengthy mathematical operations. Without a seed position and the current time and date, this process can take 10 minutes or more to complete. Enter a Seed Position to allow the receiver to quickly locate and track available satellites.

Note



The seed position and current time only needs to be entered the first time the receiver is switched on. This information is stored in memory and need not be entered again. If you move about three hundred miles without the Precedus turned on and tracking its position, reenter the seed position.

Entering a Seed Position



1. Press **MENU/PWR** to reach the main menu. Press the **▲** or **▼** button to highlight the “Time & Place” function. Press **ENTER** to go to the “Time and Place” function.



2. Set the latitude and longitude coordinates near to your current position. Use the **▼** **▲** buttons to change values. The **◀** **▶** buttons move the highlight on the screen to select the next value to change.



3. Set the current date. Use the **▼** **▲** buttons to change values. The **◀** **▶** buttons move the highlight on the screen to select the next value to change.



4. Set local time. (Or enter UTC time and skip step 5 below.) Use the arrow buttons to select and set local time (LOC). Press **ENTER** to save the information.

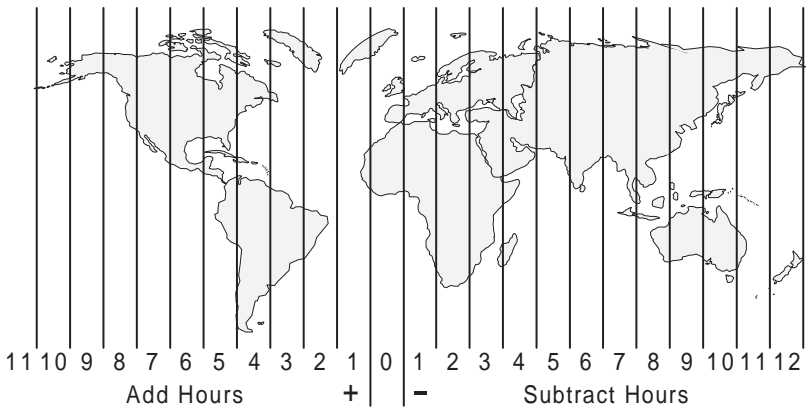
You may also enter current UTC time and skip entry of UTC differential in step 5. It is not necessary to enter seconds - they cannot be set.



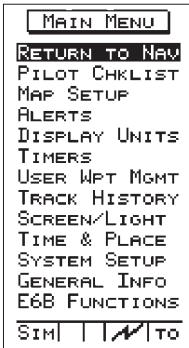
5. Set the difference between local time and UTC time. Press **ENTER** to save the information.

Use the illustration on the next page to determine the UTC differential for your area. Enter this value as the difference between local and UTC time (UTC DIFF).

As an example, the UTC DIFF value in Seattle, Washington would be +08:00 (or +07:00 during daylight savings time).



Subtract 1 hour during summer for Daylight Savings Time (where DST applies)



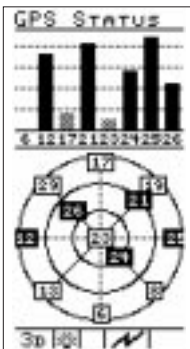
6. Press **ENTER** once again. The values you set are now entered into memory and the main menu will be displayed.

The unit shows the GPS signal strength screen in the Navigation function.



Checking GPS Signal Strength


While the *Precedus* acquires signal information from satellites, the bars representing signal strength show grey in color. This process takes place quickly. When the unit has acquired a signal and begins tracking a satellite, the bar will change to black.

The GPS signal strength screen is located in the Navigation function. Make it a habit to check this screen to make sure that the unit is properly tracking visible satellites before you fly.



In this example, the GPS Status screen shows that eight satellites are available, seven satellites are being tracked, and five signals (dark boxes) are acquired and usable for navigation. The *Precedus* requires signals from at least four satellites to calculate a 3D position fix (Lat/Lon and GPS altitude).

Checking Each Satellite Press the   buttons to view information about the visible satellites.



The image shows a 'GPS STATUS' screen with a bar chart at the top and a data table below. Callouts point to various elements:

- Signal strength of tracked satellites:** Points to the bar chart at the top of the screen.
- Tracking Status (0-8):** Points to the 'TRK' column in the data table.
- Satellite Elevation (Vertical angle from the horizon):** Points to the 'ELV' column in the data table.
- Satellite Azimuth (Bearing relative from North):** Points to the 'AZM' column in the data table.
- Precision Dilution of Precision (DOP) or merit value of position fix accuracy based on current conditions: 3 is good, greater than 7 is poor:** Points to the 'DOP' column in the data table.
- Technical GPS diagnostic value. No useful information for the user.** Points to the 'SBS' column in the data table.
- 3D Fix (including GPS altitude) being calculated:** Points to the '3DF' column in the data table.
- Number of satellites available in the system:** Points to the 'SVS' row in the data table.
- 12 Satellites visible in sky from current position:** Points to the 'VIS' row in the data table.
- Signal Strength (0 - 255):** Points to the 'SST' column in the data table.
- ID numbers of tracked satellites (statistics are for the highlighted satellite):** Points to the 'ID' column in the data table.

ID	PRN	ELV	AZM	DOP	SBS	3DF	SST
01	01603	7	10	1.0	0	1	100
02	04552	10	10	1.0	0	1	100
03	15002	10	10	1.0	0	1	100
04	19092	10	10	1.0	0	1	100
05	23027	10	10	1.0	0	1	100
06	27086	10	10	1.0	0	1	100
07	31007	10	10	1.0	0	1	100
08	35070	10	10	1.0	0	1	100
09	39027	10	10	1.0	0	1	100
10	43008	10	10	1.0	0	1	100
11	47008	10	10	1.0	0	1	100
12	51019	10	10	1.0	0	1	100
TOT: 04 H20: 04							
SVS: 12 DOP: 1.4							
SBS: 03 * 1.4							

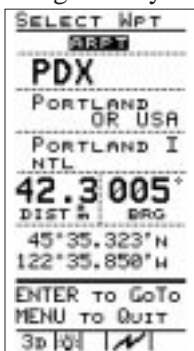
Important!



The GPS antenna must be able to “see” each satellite it is tracking. If a satellite is “shaded” by the wing or fuselage during a turn, it may temporarily lose track of that satellite. If this happens, or if the geometry of the satellites available is poor, the unit may temporarily calculate a “2D Fix” and altitude information will not be available.

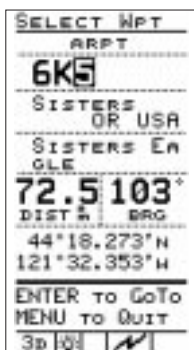
Entering a Destination Waypoint





With a seed position and the current time and date set, the *Precedus* is ready to begin navigating a trip. Prepare for trip navigation by entering a destination waypoint.







1. Press the  button.

The GOTO Nearest Waypoint function screen is displayed with the distance and bearing from your present position to the indicated waypoint.



2. Select a destination waypoint. Use the   buttons to change the highlighted character in the waypoint identifier. The   buttons move the highlight on the screen to select the next character to change.





Note

Waypoints are stored in the unit's built-in database. By moving the highlight with the   buttons to ARPT and pressing the   buttons, you can change the type of destination waypoint to select: airport, NDB, VOR, INT, or USER (user created). For instance, with ARPT indicated as the type of destination waypoint, only airports show on the display as you select identifier characters.






Hint


For airport waypoints, press the   buttons to move the highlight on the screen down to the second line containing the city name. You can select characters in this line, too. The   buttons scroll through waypoint names that most closely match the characters you select.



3. You can also scroll through each waypoint in the database. With the highlight over the first character of either the waypoint identifier OR city name, press the  button once. A highlighted vertical arrow symbol will appear to the left of the first character.

Use the   buttons to scroll through each waypoint in the *Precedus's* built-in database.

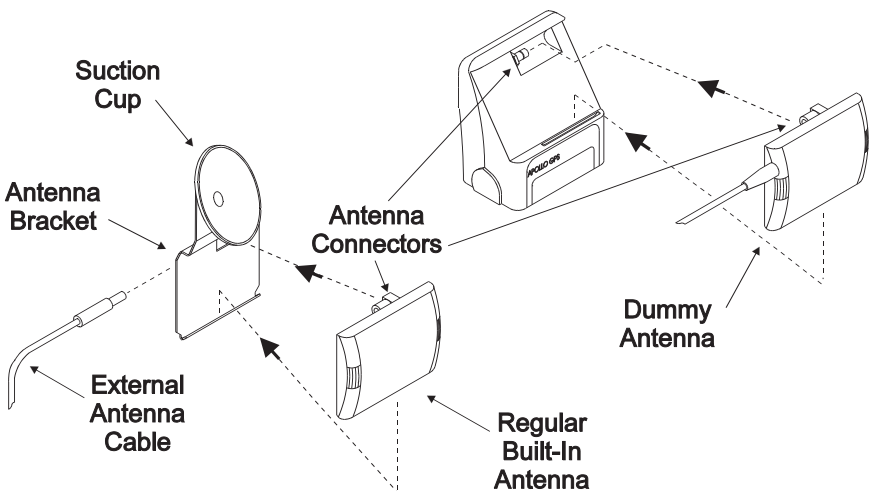


4. Make sure correct waypoint is selected. Press the  button to enter your information.

The selected waypoint is now set as the destination. The display shows the navigation screen in use before the GOTO function was started in step 1.

External Antenna The built-in regular antenna for the *Precedus* may be removed and used as an external antenna. A dummy antenna is inserted into the *Precedus* to replace the built-in antenna. A six-foot cable is provided to connect to the regular antenna.

1. Detach the built-in antenna by sliding it to the right and pulling it away from the *Precedus*.
2. Replace the built-in antenna with the dummy antenna, the one with the cable attached to it.
3. Attach the dummy antenna by inserting the tab at the base of the antenna into the notch above the display. Then, push the top of the antenna down into the cavity and slide the antenna to the left as you align the antenna connectors.
4. Hold the antenna bracket in front of you with the open part of the suction cup facing up. Insert the tab at the base of the regular antenna into the lip of the bracket, align the connector with the opening in the bracket, and then press the antenna firmly into place.
5. Insert the gold-plated connector at the end of the cable into the gold-plated connector on the regular antenna.
6. Apply the suction cup and antenna bracket to the windshield.



Navigation Basics



This section explores the navigation function and describes the powerful features it contains. When you become comfortable operating the unit, you may wish to “fly” the *Precedus* using the built-in simulator. Follow the instructions in the Tutorial section.

About the Navigation Function

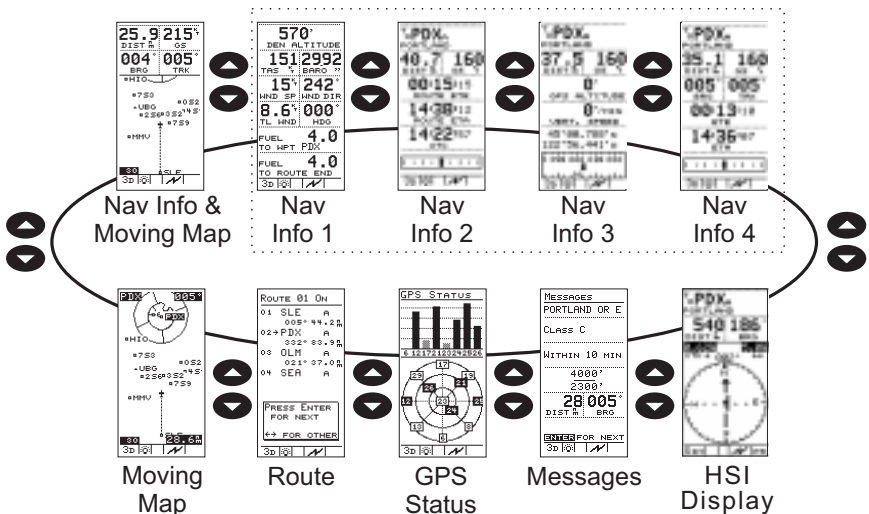
The navigation function is always active. When you use other functions, the navigation function continues to run “in the background” calculating your present position, navigating your programmed route (if active), and alerting you to events or conditions important to navigation. When you finish using other functions and return to the navigation function, the last navigation screen used is displayed.

About the Navigation Function Screens

While you navigate, the *Precedus* gives you information in the Navigation function screens. Screens provided are: zero to four Navigation information screens (number is selected by the user in the System Setup function), HSI Display, messages, GPS status, route waypoints, navigation information and moving map, and moving map alone. The navigation information screens are user-programmable.

The   buttons “scroll” or page forward or backward through the screens. This section describes each screen.

NAV Function Summary



GPS Status The GPS Status screen contains information about signals received from visible satellites in the sky.

The GPS information screen tells you:

- The type of position fix currently calculated by the unit:
0D: no signals available

2D: the position fix is calculated based on signals from only three satellites and GPS altitude is not available

3D: the position fix is calculated based on signals from four or more satellites, and GPS altitude is available
- The total number of operational GPS satellites in orbit
- The number of satellites visible in the sky from your position and their status
- The Dilution of Precision (DOP) value for the position fix provided by the satellite constellation - a high value (6 or greater) indicates poor position reliability, while a value of 3 or less indicates good position reliability

In addition, individual satellite information is available by pressing the   buttons, as follows:

- The strength of the received signal from each satellite
- The satellite azimuth and elevation from the current position
- The GPS receiver's current track status for each visible satellite

Messages The *Precedus* helps you navigate by informing you of important events or conditions while you fly. When an important event or condition occurs, an alert message shows on the display to inform you. When you see one of these alerts on the display, follow the instruction shown to clear it. Clearing the alert removes it from the display. The screen shown before the alert appeared returns to the display. Alerts may show on the display anytime the unit is operating.

Custom Navigation Screens

You can customize the Navigation Information pages by selecting the information shown in each of the windows.







1. In the Navigation function, press and hold the **ENTER** button to highlight the top information window.



2. Press the   buttons to move the highlight to the desired window.


















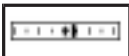

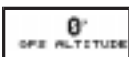

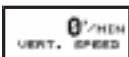

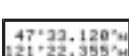





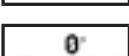



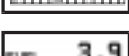

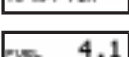


3. Press the   buttons to choose the desired navigation information. There are thirty-four different navigation information choices available.

4. Press **ENTER** to save this choice, or press the   buttons to select another window to change.

A listing of the available navigation screens is given on the next page.



Navigation Information Choices

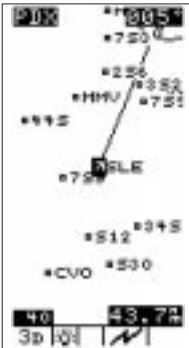
	1. Distance to Current Destination WPT		18. Estimated Time Enroute
	2. Distance to Route Destination WPT		19. Route Estimated Time Enroute
	3. Ground Speed		20. Estimated Time of Arrival
	4. Bearing		21. Route Estimated Time of Arrival
	5. Track Angle		22. Flight Time
	6. Desired Track		23. Countdown Timer
	7. Cross Track Error		24. Universal Time Coordinate
	8. Magnetic Variation		25. Graphic Course Deviation Indicator
	9. Barometric Pressure (E6B)		26. GPS Altitude
	10. True Air Temperature (E6B)		27. Vertical Speed
	11. Total Air Temperature (E6B)		28. Present Position Lat/Lon
	12. Calculated Air Speed (E6B)		29. Destination Waypoint
	13. True Air Speed (E6B)		30. Indicated Altitude
	14. Heading (E6B)		31. Density Altitude (E6B)
	15. Wind Direction (E6B)		32. Graphic Compass Bearing
	16. Wind Speed (E6B)		33. Fuel To Waypoint
	17. Head Wind (E6B)		34. Fuel To Route End
	or Tail Wind (E6B)		35. Blank



Moving Map Screen

The following information shows in highlighted boxes at each corner of the display:

- The destination waypoint
- Bearing to the destination waypoint
- Map scale
- Range to the destination waypoint

The moving map screens represent graphic views of your navigation progress. Your present position is indicated by the airplane symbol near the center of the display. Note that the display orientation may be changed so that the top of the map may be North, Desired Track, or Track. The Map Setup option, described in the Function Reference section, explains how to change the orientation.



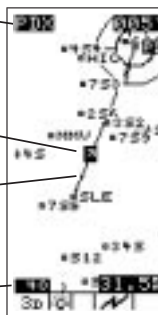
You can change the scale by pressing the   buttons. The scale may be changed from 0.1 nm to 250 nm or set to auto for each waypoint type. In this case, the distance from the airplane icon to the top of the screen is 40 miles.

Destination Waypoint

Aircraft Present Position

Route

Map Scale







Bearing to Destination Waypoint

Nearby Waypoints

Distance to Destination Waypoint

Panning the Moving Map

Press the  button while viewing the moving map. The screen displays “PAN” in the upper left corner and the “airplane” changes to a crosshair. Press the  button again to display Pan and Zoom options. Press the  or  buttons to select “Quit,” “Zoom,” or “Pan.” With



“Pan” selected, press **ENTER** to start the Pan feature. Move the crosshair with the arrow keys.



When the crosshair touches the edge of the map, the map will redraw to continue panning in the desired direction.

GOTO a Waypoint in Pan Mode



Move the cross hair with the arrow keys. When the crosshair touches the symbol that marks a waypoint and the waypoint name is reversed, press **INFO** to view information about the waypoint. Press **GO TO NRST** to set the highlighted waypoint as the destination waypoint. Then press **ENTER**.

Creating a Waypoint in Pan Mode



Move the crosshair with the arrow keys to any place on the moving map. Press **NEW WAYPT** to create a new waypoint for the crosshair location. Name the waypoint as shown in Creating User Waypoints.

You can quickly GOTO a new waypoint by moving the crosshair to the location. Then press **NEW WAYPT**, **GO TO NRST**, and **ENTER** to navigate to your new waypoint.

Zooming In While using the Panning feature, you can change the viewing scale of the map

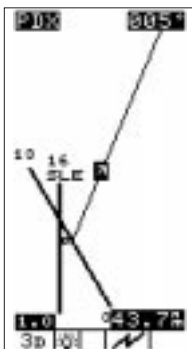


While using the Panning feature press **ENTER** to display the Pan Zoom options.

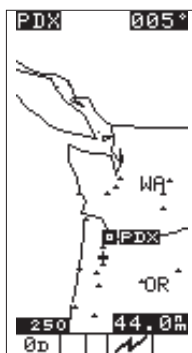
Press the **▲** or **▼** buttons to select “Quit,” “Zoom,” or “Pan.” With Zoom highlighted, press **ENTER** to start the Zoom feature.

Press the **◀** or **▶** buttons to select the Zoom scale.

You can also access the Zoom feature from the moving map by pressing the **◀** or **▶** buttons to change the map scale



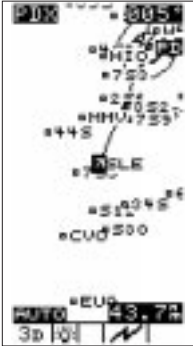
Zooming in changes the view to enlarge map detail, as if the airplane symbol was flying at a lower altitude over the map surface. Zooming in close to airport waypoints enables you to see your orientation in relation to available runways.



Zooming out allows a view of greater distance around the airplane symbol, as if the airplane was flying higher over the map. As you zoom in or out, the map scale changes to show the new distance represented between the airplane symbol and the top border of the display. When the scale is large enough, the moving map shows the political boundaries for states, provinces, and countries.



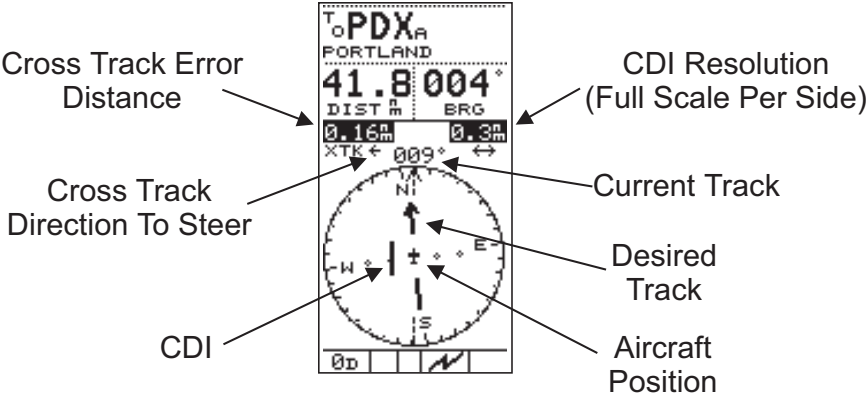
Auto Zoom



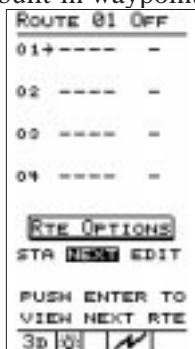
The auto zoom feature changes the moving map scale automatically, adjusting the map scale to zoom in and closer as you near the destination waypoint. This feature adjusts the map scale to zoom out as your distance from a waypoint of origin increases.

Enable Auto Zoom by pressing the ◀▶ buttons until “AUTO” shows as the map scale. Using auto zoom frees you from manually adjusting the map scale as you view the moving map screens.

HSI Display In the NAV mode, an HSI display is available to show your track, cross track error, and desired track. Press the ◀▶ buttons to adjust the CDI resolution.



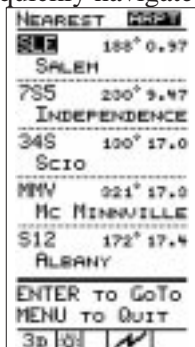
The Route Screen The *Precedus* can store up to 20 reversible trip plans or “routes” in memory. Each route can consist of up to 30 waypoints using either those you create or those from the built-in waypoint database.



The route screen shows the status (ON or OFF) and up to four waypoints of each route, as well as the desired track and distance between consecutive waypoints. Only one route may be active, or ON, at any time while you navigate. When the route screen is displayed, review each route by pressing **ENTER** when NEXT is highlighted. The procedure to set up routes is explained later in this section.

Searching for Nearest Waypoints

An important feature of the *Precedus* is its ability to locate waypoints closest to your position as you fly. Should you have to land the aircraft quickly, you can use this feature to locate a nearby waypoint, assign it as a destination, and quickly navigate to it.



While navigating, press the **GO TO NRST** button twice to activate the nearest function and search for waypoints closest to your present position.

The nearest function screen shows up to 30 nearest waypoints in order of distance from your present position. The waypoint type, bearing to the waypoint, and range to the waypoint also shows.

Press the **DOWN** button to move the arrow cursor down the list to select a destination. Press **INFO** to view waypoint information. Press **GO TO NRST** and then the **ENTER** button to assign your chosen waypoint as a destination. The display returns to the navigation function automatically.



You can also return to the navigation function without assigning a new destination waypoint from the list by pressing the **MENU PWR** button.

Important

You can control the types of waypoints that show on the display as the result of a search for nearest waypoints. The “MAP SETUP” menu function allows you to choose whether or not to display airports, VORs, NDBs, and intersections as searched waypoints and on the moving map screens. Before you fly, make sure to check this option and confirm that the waypoint types you wish to show will appear on the display after a search and while using the moving map screens.



Creating User Waypoints

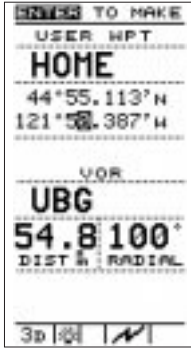
The Precedus allows you to create up to 1,000 of your own waypoints, each with a 6-character name you choose. As you navigate, you may wish to create waypoints at locations that are important to you, or waypoints to which you plan to return. You can use your present position or enter either lat/lon coordinates or radial and distance position relative to another waypoint for the waypoint’s location.








Use the new waypoint function to create waypoints. Press the **NEW WAYPT** button and the current position coordinates are assigned to the next user waypoint number. The new waypoint function screen allows you to enter a waypoint name of your choice, or you can use the default waypoint name that the unit assigns as a number.



Press the **←** **→** buttons to move the highlight to the desired character in the waypoint name. Press the **↑** **↓** buttons to change it. Once you have entered the desired waypoint name, you can assign it to the new waypoint in place of the automatically assigned number by pressing the **ENTER** button.



If you want a different location for your new waypoint, use the   buttons to move the highlight and the   buttons to change the waypoint Lat/Lon or radial and distance coordinates. When you are finished, press  to enter the new waypoint into memory.

You can also create new waypoints in the Pan mode as detailed on page 24.





You can always edit or delete waypoints you have created. The menu function “User Waypoint Management” function allows you to perform these tasks. The use of this option is described in the Function Reference section.

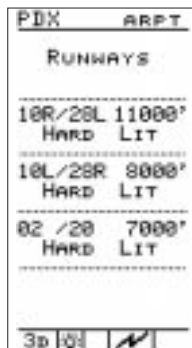
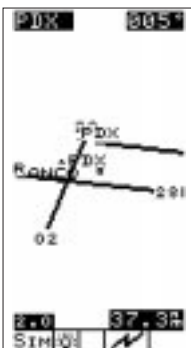
Getting
Waypoint
Information

Use the information (INFO) function anytime to get information on waypoints in the *Precedus*'s memory, including waypoints you have created. A listing of available information is included in the Waypoint Database section.

Destination
Waypoint
Information



Press the  button to activate the waypoint information function. The waypoint information screen shows on the display with information about the current destination waypoint. Press the   buttons to scroll through additional screens of information about the waypoint. Press  again to return to the Navigation function.



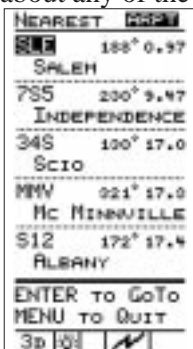
Information About Other Waypoints You can also get information about any other waypoint in memory by using the GOTO function together with the waypoint information function.



Press the **GO TO NRST** button as if you were assigning a destination waypoint. Use the **▲ ▼ ◀ ▶** buttons to select the waypoint name. When the desired waypoint name shows on the display, press the **INFO** button to get information about the waypoint.

Press the **INFO** button again to return to the previous page.

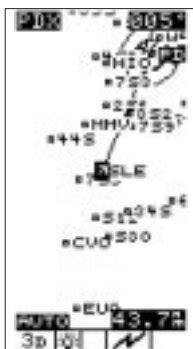
Information About Nearest Waypoints The waypoint information function also works with the nearest function. This allows you to quickly get information about any of the waypoints nearest to your present position.



Press the **GO TO NRST** button twice to search for nearest waypoints. When the list of these waypoints shows on the display, press the **▼** button to move the arrow cursor down to the desired waypoint. Press the **INFO** button to get information about the waypoint.

Press **INFO** again to return to the previous display.

Scanning Waypoints for Information



You can “scan” waypoints on the moving map screens to get information quickly. With a moving map screen showing on the display, press **ENTER** several times.

Notice that the highlight moves from the destination waypoint to a different waypoint on the screen each time you press this button. When the highlight has moved to the desired waypoint, press the button to get **INFO** information about that waypoint.

Navigating Multiple Flight Plans

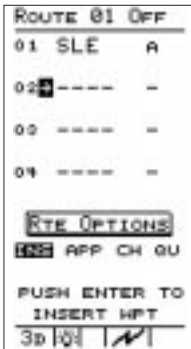
The ability of the Precedus to store multiple leg flight plans is very useful. Once you set up a route, you can navigate the plan in forward or reverse. You can also edit a route you have created, or select any waypoint from a route and navigate directly to it, skipping other waypoints and legs of the trip. You can select waypoints by type, identifier, or name.






Creating a Route



Select “EDIT” from the route screen to begin creating route number 01. Then select “INSERT” to insert waypoints into the route.



Prepare to insert waypoints into your route beginning with the waypoint of origin. Then you can insert other waypoints in the order you will travel to them, working toward the destination waypoint.



Use the     buttons to select and change the waypoint identifier and type for the first waypoint. When the desired waypoint shows on the first line of the display, press . The arrow cursor moves to the second line for insertion of waypoint number 02. Repeat the process you used to insert the first waypoint into the route.

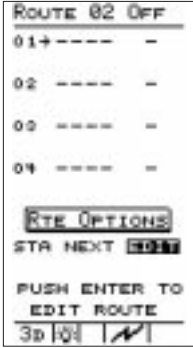


As you add waypoints, the route screen shows the bearing and distance between each waypoint.

While editing a route, move the cursor to any waypoint and press  to view information about that waypoint. Press  again to return to route editing.



When you finish inserting waypoints into the route, select “DONE” with the buttons and press the button then in the same way select “QUIT” to complete route editing. Remember, you can always change, add, or delete route waypoints later.



When you finish with the first route, you can immediately create another. The screen shows route 02, empty and ready for insertion of waypoints. To create a new route, select “EDIT” and proceed as with creation of route 01.

Changing a Route Waypoint



You can change any waypoint along a route. Select the route to change from the route screen. If you have several routes created, press the button while “NEXT” is highlighted to page through the routes. When the correct route shows on the display, select “EDIT” as if creating a route.



Press the buttons to select a waypoint to change. When the cursor arrow points to the desired waypoint, select “CHANGE” to change it.

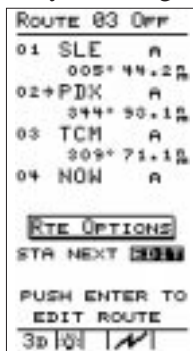
Change the waypoint as desired. Repeat for other waypoints to change.



Each time a change is made, “DONE” is highlighted. When waypoints are changed as desired, press **ENTER** to complete route editing.

Adding a Route Waypoint

You can add waypoints to any route. Add waypoints to a route by inserting them into the route at the proper location.

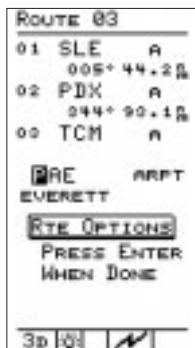


Select the route from the route screen that you want to insert waypoints. Then, select “EDIT” as if creating a route.



Press the **▼** button to move the cursor arrow to the waypoint where you wish to insert the new waypoint.

Select “INSERT” with the **◀ ▶** buttons and press **ENTER** to insert a waypoint into the route.



Select a waypoint with the arrow buttons. When desired waypoints are inserted into the route, press **ENTER** for “DONE,” select “QUIT,” and press **ENTER** again to complete route editing.



Deleting Route Waypoints

To delete waypoints from a route, scroll through the route screen pages to select the route that you wish to delete waypoints. Then, select "EDIT" as if creating a route.



Use the buttons to move the marker arrow to the waypoint you wish to delete. Select "DELETE" to delete the waypoint from the route and press the button.



When desired waypoints are deleted from the route, select "QUIT" with the buttons and press to complete route editing.



Deleting waypoints from routes will not remove them from the waypoint database.

Note





Starting a Route




When you are ready to navigate a route, it must be started. Only one route can be started, or active at any time.





Select the route you wish to start from the route menu. Use the buttons to select "START" and press . Select "NORMAL" with the buttons and press to start the route.

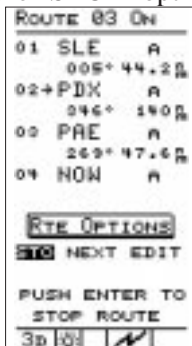
Only one route can be “started” or active at any time. You can navigate the route in either direction, depending on your present position. If your present position is at the last waypoint in the route, you could use this last waypoint as the point of origin by selecting “REVERSE.”




After a route is started (route “ON”), you can view other routes or edit them. From any route screen, you can quickly return to the active route by pressing the   buttons to select “NEXT” and then pressing the  button. With “NEXT” highlighted press  to page through the routes that you have stored.

Fixed Map To use a fixed point as the center reference on the display, first select the desired reference point. You can select any point on or off the current display using any of the available methods. With the waypoint selected press  and then press  twice to bring up the Info Map. The selected point will remain centered on the map and the plane icon will move in relation to that point. Press  again to return to NAV.

Stopping or Holding a Route While flying a route, you may wish to deviate from your intended flight plan. You may later resume travel on this route. You can “HOLD” the route to do this. A route on “HOLD” can be resumed later from the current leg. The route is still active, but leg sequencing is stopped while you deviate from the planned course of travel.

You may wish to abandon an active route to navigate a different route or to travel to waypoints not in the route. Press the  button, select a new waypoint, and press . If the new waypoint is not in the active route, the route will be stopped. If you wish just to stop the route, use the “STOP” option.



Stop or hold the active route by selecting “STOP” or “HOLD” from the route menu with the   buttons and then press .

You can also select “QUIT” to avoid any action and return to the active route screen.



Resuming a Route



Select “START,” press **ENTER** and then select “RESUME” with the **◀** **▶** buttons and press **ENTER** to resume a route on hold.

Route “Direct To”

While navigating a route, you may wish to bypass one or more waypoints and proceed directly to a destination waypoint. The route “Direct To” feature allows you to do this.



Select the active route from the route menu. Then, select “EDIT” with the **◀** **▶** buttons and press **ENTER**.

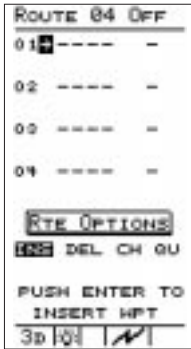
Press the **▲** **▼** buttons to move the marker arrow to the waypoint you want to navigate to. Then, press the **GO TO NRST** button. The waypoint information screen will be displayed. Press **ENTER** to enter the waypoint as the destination.







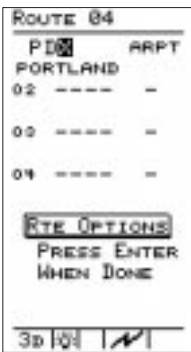
The route screen shows “Direct” status to the waypoint.


You can now navigate directly to the desired destination waypoint, bypassing previous waypoints in the route.

Creating an Approach Route The *Precedus* allows you to setup an approach route using the established approach waypoints.






1. Select “EDIT” from the Route Options with the   buttons and press  . Then, select “INS” and press  .



2. Use the arrow buttons to select the desired airport designator and then press  .



3. For the next waypoint on the route, select “APP” from the Route Options with the   buttons. Press  .

Note

The cursor must be below the desired airport and at the last entry for your flight plan. Inserting an approach automatically removes the airport identifier and inserts the approach waypoints.





4. Select the desired approach waypoint group with the buttons and then press to insert the approach route.



5. Select “QUIT” with the buttons and press . The approach route is now set. The route will show the bearing and distance between each waypoint.



6. When you are ready to navigate your approach route, select “START” with the buttons and press . Select “NORMAL” and press to activate your route.

Note



The Approach Monitor feature is for pilot information only. Your Precedus may not be used as the primary navigation device for an IFR approach.

Function Reference

This section provides detailed information on the functions you can select from the Main Menu. The Main Menu gives you access to functions that modify the operation of your Precedus and the way navigation information is displayed. The menu options allow you to customize the to best suit your navigation requirements. A list of menu option default settings (those in effect when the unit is first switched on) for each option is included at the back of this section. Option settings are stored in memory and remain in effect until you change the settings again.

Note



Navigation is not interrupted while you use the other functions.

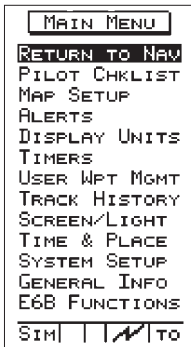
The menu function makes these options available:





- Return to Nav - (Page 40)
Returns the unit from the menu to the navigation function.
- Pilot Checklist - (Page 42)
Provides storage, editing, and display of up to four preflight checklists.
- Map Setups - (Page 45)
Contains control settings for information shown on moving map screens (navigation function), airspaces, road data, and city and user waypoints.
- Alerts - (Page 49)
Controls alert messages for airspace entry, waypoint arrival, course deviation indication and alert message, and creates a parallel course that is offset by a selected distance from your chosen course.
- Display Units - (Page 50)
Contains control settings for navigation units of measure, control settings for magnetic variation in course headings, and map datum.
- Timers - (Page 54)
Controls built-in timers for countdown and flight time.
- User Wpt Mgmt - (Page 55)
Controls editing or deletion of waypoints you have entered in the *Precedus*'s memory.
- Track History - (Page 55)
Controls navigation "track point" storage in memory and whether points show on moving map navigation screens (Navigation function).

- **Screen/Light - (Page 57)**
Control settings for display backlight and contrast, status light programming, and power light programming.
- **Time and Place - (Page 58)**
Contains seed position and current time settings including UTC differential.
- **System Setup - (Page 58)**
Controls operation mode, either of the two serial ports for interface with external devices, and the number of NAV pages shown.
- **General Info - (Page 61)**
Enables showing of unit serial number, current hardware and software versions, and current databases.
- **E6B Functions - (Page 62)**
Perform calculations of important information related to temperature, wind, and barometric pressure.





The Main Menu

The main menu displays the functions available.



Press the  button. When the main menu shows on the display, select the desired option by pressing the   buttons to move the arrow cursor up or down the list of functions. With the desired option selected, press the  button to activate it.

Changing Menu Option Settings



Changing settings on any menu option screen is done in the same way. Use the   buttons to move the highlight on the screen to the option item you wish to change. Then use the   buttons to change the setting.

Return to Nav

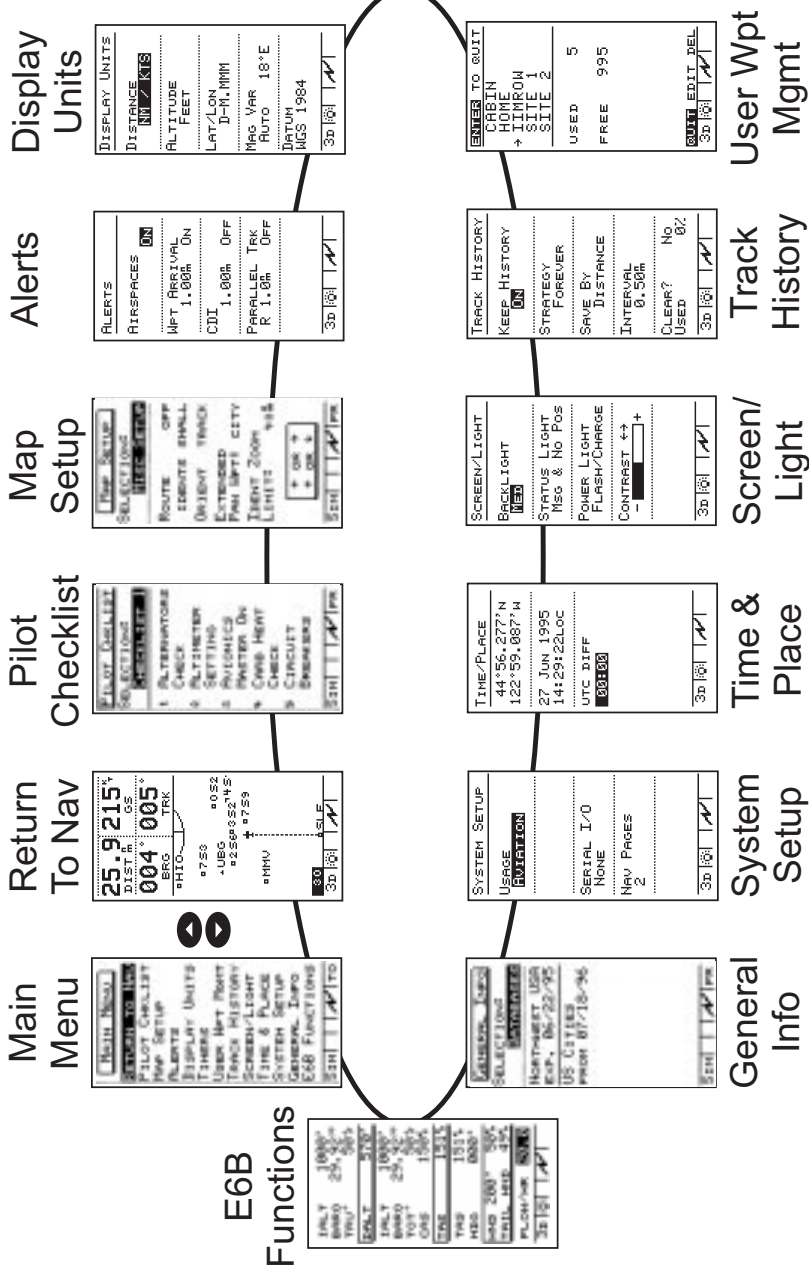
Use this option to leave the menu function and return to the Navigation screen last viewed.

Note



“RETURN TO NAV” is automatically selected when you press . If you accidentally select the wrong menu option or if you decide to abandon making changes, press the  button again to return to the main menu.

Main Menu Function Summary



E6B Functions

EMPTY	1000'
BARO	29.92
TRU	005
↓	
SCALE	30.0
EMPTY	1000'
BARO	29.92
TRU	005
CRS	1000'
CODE	1011
TRG	1011
RES	1000'
BARO	30
TRU	005
FLCH-HR	000
3d	1011

MAIN MENU	SELECTED TO [X]
PILOT CHECKLIST	
MAP SETUP	
ALERTS	
DISPLAY UNITS	
TIMER	
TRACK HISTORY	
SCREEN/LIGHT	
SYSTEM SETUP	
SCREEN/LIGHT	
TRACK HISTORY	
USER WPT MGMT	
E6B FUNCTIONS	
3d	1011

25.9215	OS
DIST R	004°005'
TRK	
↓	
RHO-TRK	
*753	
*052	
*UBG	
*250°32'4"	
*753	
*HRV	
ASLE	
3d	1011

PILOT CHECKLIST	SELECTED TO [X]
ALTERNATORS	
CHECK	
ALTIMETER	
SETTINGS	
PWR MPT CITY	
*CARG HEAVY	
CHECK	
CIRCUIT	
EMERGENCY	
3d	1011

MAP SETUP	SELECTED TO [X]
ROUTE	
OFF	
EMERGE SMALL	
ORIENT TRACK	
EXTENDED	
PWR MPT CITY	
*CARG HEAVY	
CHECK	
CIRCUIT	
EMERGENCY	
3d	1011

ALERTS	SELECTED TO [X]
AIRSPACES	
ON	
MPT ARRIVAL	
1.000' ON	
CUT	
1.000' OFF	
PARALLEL TRK	
R 1.000' OFF	
3d	1011

DISPLAY UNITS	SELECTED TO [X]
DISTANCE	
N/4/13	
FEET	
ALTITUDE	
D-M,MM	
MAG VAR	
18°E	
AUTO	
DRTM	
MGS 1984	
3d	1011

TIMERS	SELECTED TO [X]
COUNTERDOWN	
(00:00:00)	
STOPPED	
↓	
FLIGHT TIME	
(00:00:00)	
EGGIN AT	
00:00	
EXIT	
3d	1011

GENERAL INFO	SELECTED TO [X]
SYSTEM SETUP	
SCREEN/LIGHT	
TRACK HISTORY	
USER WPT MGMT	
E6B FUNCTIONS	
3d	1011

SYSTEM SETUP	SELECTED TO [X]
URSGE	
OPERATION	
SERIAL I/O	
NONE	
NAV PAGES	
2	
3d	1011

TIME/PLACE	SELECTED TO [X]
44°56.277'N	
122°59.087'W	
27 JUN 1995	
14:29:22LOC	
UTC DIFF	
00000	
3d	1011

SCREEN/LIGHT	SELECTED TO [X]
BACKLIGHT	
MEM	
STATUS LIGHT	
MSG & No Pos	
PUSH LIGHT	
FLUSH/CHARGE	
CONTRAST	
← +	
3d	1011

TRACK HISTORY	SELECTED TO [X]
KEEP HISTORY	
ON	
STRATEGY	
FOREVER	
SAVE BY	
DISTANCE	
INTERVAL	
0.500'	
CLEAR?	
No	
0%	
3d	1011

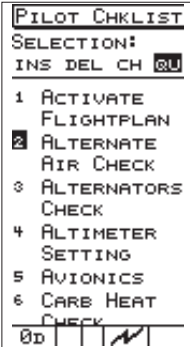
USER WPT MGMT	SELECTED TO [X]
ENTER TO QUIT	
CABIN	
HUMID	
SITE 1	
SITE 2	
USED	
5	
FREE	
995	
QUIT EDIT DEL	
3d	1011

Pilot Checklist

The preflight checkout is one of the most important parts of your flight. To help with your workload and increase your safety, the Precedus includes a menu item to store up to four Pilot Checklists. There is a predefined list of items that you can select for viewing on each checklist.



Highlight “PILOT CHECKLIST” in the Main Menu and press **ENTER**. Use the **◀** or **▶** buttons to select the desired Checklist (1 to 4).



Press the **▲** **▼** buttons to move through the Checklist and highlight individual items.

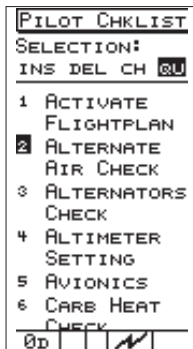
Creating a New Checklist



While viewing the desired Checklist, press the **▼** button to move the highlight to the first item on the Checklist. With “INS” (insert) highlighted, press **ENTER**. Select the desired item with the **◀** or **▶** buttons and press **ENTER**.



Now, for the next item. With “INS” highlighted, press **ENTER**. Select the desired item with the **←** or **→** buttons and press **ENTER**.



Continue until you are finished selecting items and then use the **←** or **→** buttons to highlight “QU” (Quit) and press **ENTER**.

Edit an Existing Checklist



While viewing the desired Checklist, press the **▲** or **▼** buttons to move the highlight to the item on the checklist.

With the **←** or **→** buttons, move the highlight to “INS,” “DEL” (Delete), or “CH” (Change) and press **ENTER**.

If you selected “INS” or “CH”, select the desired item with the **▲** **▼** buttons and press **ENTER**. Continue until you are finished selecting items and then press the **←** or **→** buttons to highlight “QU” and press **ENTER**.

Pilot Checklist Options The following list shows the options available for you to select from for the Pilot Checklist function

1. Activate Flightplan
2. Alternate Air Check
3. Alternators Check
4. Alternators On
5. Alternators Off
6. Altimeter Setting
7. Avionics
8. Avionics Master On
9. Avionics Master Off
10. Carb Heat Check
11. Canopy Closed
12. Circuit Breakers
13. Compass
14. Compass System Free
15. Compass System Slave
16. Contact Approach
17. Contact Clearance Delivery
18. Contact Departure
19. Contact Ground
20. Contact Tower
21. Cowl Flaps Close
22. Cowl Flaps Open
23. Cowl Flaps Set
24. DG Setting
25. Doors
26. Engine Prime
27. Flaps Down
28. Flaps Up
29. Flaps Set
30. Fuel Pumps Check
31. Fuel Pumps Off
32. Fuel Pumps On
33. Fuel Quantity
34. Fuel Selectors Set
35. Gear Up
36. Gear Down
37. Generators Check
38. Generators On
39. Generators Off
40. HSI Course
41. HSI Heading
42. Instruments Check
43. Landing Lights
44. Mag Check
45. Mags Off
46. Mags On
47. Master Switch Off
48. Master Switch On
49. Mixture Set
50. Nav Systems (VOR) Check
51. Navigation Lights
52. Navigation Set
53. Oil Pressure
54. Passenger Briefing
55. Props Pitch Setting
56. Radios Set
57. Rotating Beacon
58. Seat Belts
59. Seats Locked
60. Speed Brake Set
61. Strobe Lights
62. Takeoff Trim
63. Trim Set
64. Windows Closed

Map Setups This option controls the type of waypoints that show on the moving map screens, the size of the text, whether or not a Route Path or Airspaces are shown, and the orientation of the moving map. The pages available in Map Setup include Misc Setup, Aviation Wpts, Airspaces, Road Data, City Wpts, and User Wpts.

Misc Setup



Highlight “MAP SETUP” in the Main Menu and press **ENTER**. Use the **◀** **▶** buttons to select the desired Map Setup page. If you do not have a particular database loaded, the setup page for that database will not be shown.

In MiscSetup, press the **▲** **▼** buttons to highlight “Route Off/On.” Press the **◀** or **▶** button to select “On” or “Off.” With Route turned On, a line representing your intended flight path shows on the moving map screens to aid you in navigating to your destination.

Press **▼** to highlight “Route Idents.” Press **◀** or **▶** to select “Off, Small, Medium, or Large.” This sets the size that text will appear on the map displays.




Press **▼** to highlight “Orient.” Press **◀** or **▶** to select “Track, DTK (Desired Track), or North” for the top of the screen on the moving maps.









In MiscSetup, press the **▲** **▼** buttons to highlight “Extended Pan Wpt.” Press the **◀** or **▶** button to select the type of waypoint that will be displayed in Pan mode when the Zoom scale displays an area outside of the currently viewable waypoints. Waypoint types available are: None, Int, Arpt, VOR, NDB, and City. Normally, the nearest 30 waypoints of each type are shown.





Aviation
Waypoints



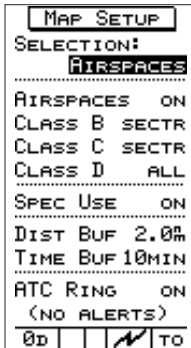
Press  to highlight “Ident Zoom Limit.” Press  or  to select the distance from your position that waypoint identifiers will be displayed. Set the units (nm, mi, or km) in the DISPLAY UNITS menu item in the Main Menu.




Press  to highlight “All Wpts.” Press  or  to select “ON” or “OFF.” With this option you choose to display Aviation waypoints on the moving maps.

Press  to highlight the waypoint type Zoom distance. Waypoint types are Airport, VOR, Intersection, and NDB. Press  or  to select the Zoom distance; that is distance from your position that waypoints will be displayed. Selections are from OFF to 250 nm.

Press  to highlight the “Idents” size. Press  or  to select “Off, Small, Medium, or Large” for each waypoint type. Press  to save the selected choices

Airspaces






In Map Setup, select “Airspaces.” Press  to highlight Class B, C, or D Airspaces. Press  or  to select Sector, Outer, or Off for each selection. Grouping is slightly different in the International Database.

Press  to highlight “Spec Use.” Press  or  to select ON or OFF.

Press  to highlight the Distance Buffer value. Press  or  to select the value.

The distance buffer is the distance from the airspace border where you will be alerted. This distance can be shown in

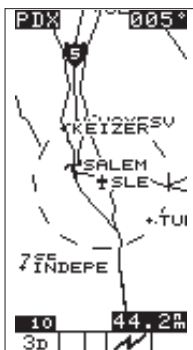
the unit of measure you choose using the “DISPLAY UNITS” setting described later in this section.

Press  to highlight the Time Buffer value. Press  or  to select the value.

The Time Buffer contains the travel time (based upon current track and speed) from the airspace border where you will be alerted.

Press  to save the selected choices

ATC Ring






When ATC Ring is set to ON, a ring five nautical miles in radius is drawn around any airport that has a control tower frequency.

No alerts are provided for nearing the ATC ring; **it is only a visual marker** on the map screens for your convenience

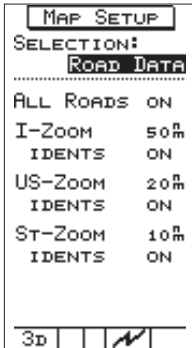
User Wpts



Press  to highlight the desired item. Press  or  to select the desired choice.

Press  to save the selected choices.

Road Data

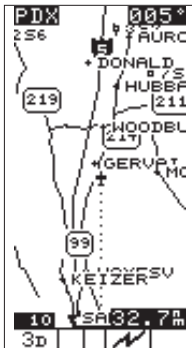





The Road database allows you to show interstate, U.S., and state highways on the map pages of your Precedus.


All Roads - Choose ON or OFF. Choose ON to display roads and road names on the map pages. Choose OFF to not display road information.

Zoom - Choose the distance from your position that a particular road type will be shown. If you choose OFF, that particular road type will not be shown on the map pages.

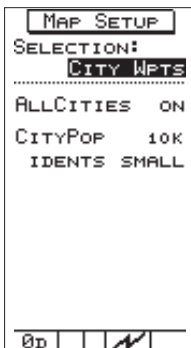
Idents - Choose ON or OFF. Choose ON to display the road identifiers for the selected Road type. Choose OFF to no display the identifier; the road will still be drawn.



Press  to highlight the desired item. Press  or  to select the desired choice.

Press  to save the selected choices.

City Wpts



The City database in Map Setup allows you to show the location and name of cities on the map pages of your Precedus.

All Cities - Choose ON or OFF. Choose ON to display the cities and city names on the map pages. Choose OFF to not display city information. City location is shown as a “+” on the map.

City Zoom - Choose the population threshold for the cities that will be shown. If you choose OFF, cities will not be shown on the map pages.

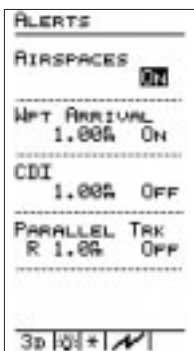
Idents - Choose OFF, SMALL, MEDIUM or LARGE. Choose OFF to






not show the city name; a “+” will still show the location. SMALL, MEDIUM and LARGE determine type size for the city name.

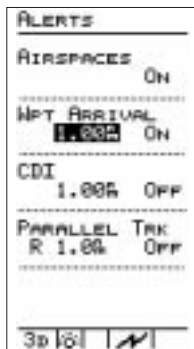
Press  to highlight the desired item. Press  or  to select the desired choice.








Press  to save the selected choices.

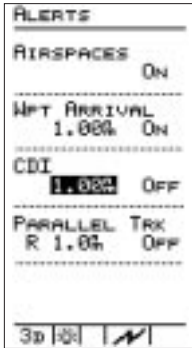
Alerts This option controls whether or not and when the Precedus should alert you if you approach special use airspace or arrival at a destination. You can also set up your CDI resolution or Parallel Track distance, as well as alerts for these features.










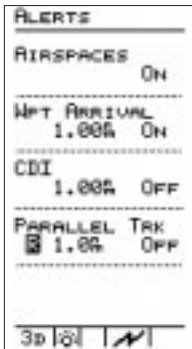
Highlight “ALERTS” in the Main Menu and press . Use the   buttons to select AIRSPACES. Press  or  to select “ON” or “OFF.” When Airspaces are “ON,” an alert message will appear in the Navigation function when you enter a special use airspace.










Press  or  to highlight the number value for WPT ARRIVAL. Press  or  to select the radius distance around the destination waypoint where the Precedus alerts you. This distance can be shown in the unit of measure you choose using the “DISPLAY UNITS” setting described later in this section. Press  to highlight the ON/OFF option. Press  or  to select “YES” or “NO.” If you choose “YES” for the alert message, the arrival alert will show on the display to advise you of arrival at your destination waypoint.



Press  or  to highlight the number value for CDI. Press  or  to select the distance off your course where the *Precedus* alerts you. The number you select is the distance from the center to the left or right side of the CDI scale in the NAV function. Press  to highlight the ON/OFF option. Press  or  to select “YES” or “NO.” If you choose “YES” for the alert message, the course deviation alert will show on the display advising you when course deviation exceeds the CDI scale maximum value left or right.



Press  or  to highlight the direction for Parallel Track. Press  or  to select L/R (Left or Right of your current course). Now press  to highlight the distance. Press  or  to select the distance value. This function allows you to set a course to a destination that is parallel to your original course and offset by a distance you select. The *Precedus* alerts you when you exceed this distance.






Display Units




This option controls the way navigation units of measure show on the display. The units of measure you select show consistently throughout all screens in all operating functions. You also can set the Magnetic Variation and Map Datum.




Units of measure for each navigation parameter:

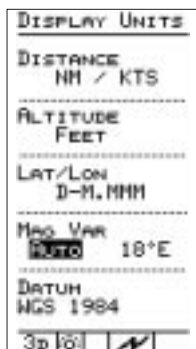
- Distance - nm/kts (nautical miles/knots); sm/mph (statute miles/miles per hour); km/kph (kilometers/kilometers per hour)
- Altitude- feet; meters
- Lat/Lon - d-m.mmm; d-m-s.s (where d=degrees, m=minutes, s=seconds of latitude or longitude), and UTM









In the Main Menu press,  or  to highlight “DISPLAY UNITS” and press . Press  or  to select the Distance unit type.

Press the  button to highlight the Altitude value and then press  or  to select the desired type.

Press the  button to highlight Lat/Lon and then press  or  to select the desired type.



Press the  button to highlight Mag Var and then press  or  to select Automatic, Manual, or True North. If you selected Manual, press the  button to highlight the degrees value. Press  or  to set the degrees and direction value.

To disable magnetic variation, select “TRUE.” All course headings will be referenced to true north.

Note

The Precedus automatically sets magnetic variation to 0 degrees when you fly above 70 degrees north or south latitude. It is not necessary to disable automatic magnetic variation as you travel north or south to high latitude regions.



Press the  button to highlight the Map Datum Type and then press  or  to select the desired Map Datum.

The following list shows the GPS map datums contained within the *Precedus*. Each map datum represents a mathematical model of the earth used for the purpose of establishing precision in charting various areas of the earth. Since each datum relies on a different mathematical model, inconsistencies exist in defining the location of charted points between datums. For this reason, it is important to verify that you have selected the correct map datum for the area where you navigate and the chart you use.

Note






WGS-1984 is the default datum until you change it.

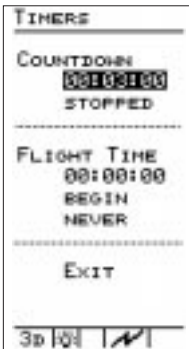
Datum Name	Ellipsoid (Model)
ARC 1950	Clarke 1880
ARC 1960	Clarke 1880
Australian Geodetic 1966	Australian National
Australian Geodetic 1984	Australian National
Bogota Observatory	International
Campo Inchauspe	International
Cape	Clarke 1880
Carthage	Clarke 1880
Chatham 1971	International
Chua Astro	International
Corrego-Allegre	International
European 1950 West Europe	International
European 1950 Cyprus	International
European 1950 Egypt	International
European 1950 Iran	International







Datum Name	Ellipsoid (Model)
European 1950 Sicily	International
European 1979	International
Gandajika Base	International
Geodetic Datum 1949	International
Hjorsey 1955	International
Indian (Thailand/Vietnam)	Everest
Indian (Bangladesh/India/Nepal)	Everest
Ireland 1965	Airy Modified
Kertau 1948	Everest Modified
Liberia 1964	Clarke 1880
Luzon	Clarke 1866
Massawa	Bessel 1841
Merchich	Clarke 1880
Minna	Clarke 1880
Nahrwan	Clarke 1880
North American 1927 Conus	Clarke 1866
North American 1927 Alaska	Clarke 1866
North American 1927 Canada	Clarke 1866
North American 1927 Cntrl. Amer.	Clarke 1866
North American 1963	GRS-80
Old Egyptian	Helmert 1906
Old Hawaiian	Clarke 1866
Oman	Clarke 1880
Ordered Survey Great Britain 1936	Airy
Pitcairn Astro 1967	International
Quatar National	International
Qurmoq	International
Schwarzeck	Bessel 1841
South America 1969	S. America 1969
Timbalai	Everest
Tokyo	Bessel 1841
Zanderij	International
WGS-1972	WGS-72
WGS-1984	WGS-84

Timers The *Precedus* includes timers for countdown and flight time. Use this option to count elapsed time for as long as 60 minutes. The timers can run “in the background” while you navigate and will not interfere with unit operation.

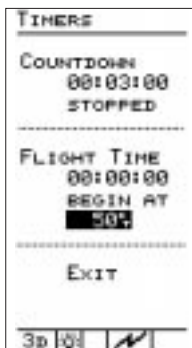






In the Main Menu, press  or  to highlight “TIMERS” and press .



Press  or  to highlight the Countdown time value. Press  or  to select the desired time. Press  to highlight “START?” and press  to begin countdown from the total time shown.

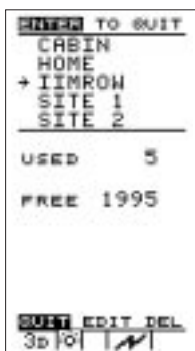
As the countdown progresses, the screen shows “RUNNING.” During the time you can stop the countdown, but will reset to the starting value when restarted. An alert message shows on the display when the countdown time has expired.












Press  or  to highlight “BEGIN AT” for the Flight Time timer. Use the   buttons to select NOW, NEVER, POWER UP, or a speed between 5 and 200 kt as the starting point for the Flight Time counter. For instance, you may want to select a speed at which you are actually preparing for take-off to start your Flight Time counter.

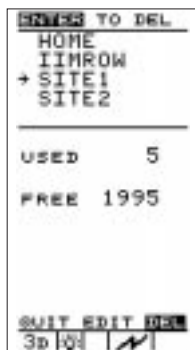
User
Waypoint
Management






This option allows you to edit or delete waypoints you have created (user waypoints).






To edit a waypoint, press the  or  buttons to highlight the desired waypoint. Press the  button to select “EDIT” and then press .

Move the highlight to the desired character with the  or  buttons. Change the values with the  or  buttons. When you finish making changes, press  to save the changes in memory.










To delete waypoints you no longer need, move the arrow cursor with the  or  buttons to the waypoint you wish to delete. Move the highlight at the bottom of the screen with the  or  buttons to “DEL” and press . The waypoint is removed from memory.

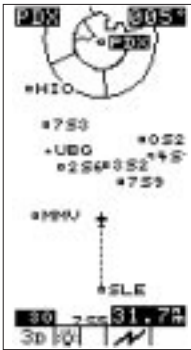
When you are finished, select “QUIT” with the  or  buttons and press  to return to the main menu.

Track
History

The Track History function allows you to store a record of navigation progress in memory. The stored record consists of a series of track points, each containing your position at the time the point was stored. You can choose whether or not to store track points, how often to store them, and manage the storage process. You can store up to 2,000 track points.






In the Main Menu press,  or  to highlight “TRACK HISTORY” and press . Press  or  to highlight the ON/OFF setting for “KEEP HISTORY.” Press  or  to choose ON or OFF.






When track history is “ON,” points are stored in memory. Your track history displays on the moving map screens as a series of dots showing your flight path. Each dot indicates a stored point. When track history is “OFF,” no track points are stored or shown on the moving map screens.



Now press  to reach “KEEP HISTORY.” Press  or  to choose the storage strategy. Select “FOREVER” to continuously store points, starting again and writing over existing points when memory becomes full, or select “UNTIL FULL” to stop storing points when memory becomes full.

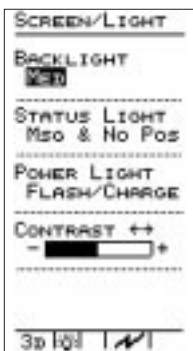




Now press  to reach “SAVE BY.” Press  or  to choose the method. Each storage method has the appropriate interval for the track points. Saving by “DISTANCE” allows you to select a distance interval. Saving points by “TIME” allows you to select the minutes and seconds interval for each track point.

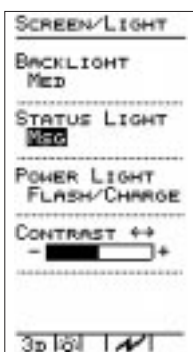
“USED” shows you the percentage of memory space used for track point storage. If you wish to empty the memory of track points, select “CLEAR?” and choose “YES.”




Press  when you have completed your choices.

Screen/ Light This function controls the backlight, Status Light, Power Light, and display contrast.

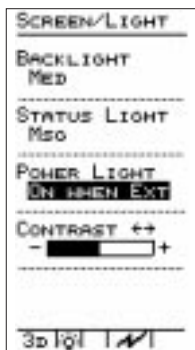





1. In the Screen/Light function, press the   buttons to select a Backlight intensity level of OFF, LOW, MED, or HIGH. A light bulb icon will appear at the bottom of the display when the backlight is turned on.



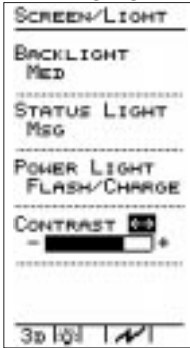
2. Press  to reach the STATUS LIGHT selection. The selected choice gives the conditions when the status light on the front of the *Precedus* will light. Press the   buttons to choose your status light options.




- OFF - Status light will stay off
- MSG - Status light will turn on when a message is active
- NO POS - Status light will turn on when the GPS signal is lost
- MSG & NO POS - Status light will turn on when either a message is active or the GPS signal is lost



Press  to reach the POWER LIGHT selection. Press the   buttons to select OFF, ON WHEN EXT, or FLASH/CHARGE.

- OFF - Power light will stay off
- On When Ext - Power light will turn on when external power is supplied
- Flash/Charge - Power light will flash when the battery is charging










Press  to reach the “CONTRAST” selection. Adjust the display contrast by pressing the   buttons. As you make adjustments, the horizontal bar shows the current contrast level. “-” indicates lower contrast, while “+” indicates higher contrast. The contrast setting you select is stored in memory and remains in effect until you change it.

Time and Place

Use this function to enter your present position and set UTC and local times. It is necessary to enter the time and place the first time the *Precedus* is switched on; this is called the “Seed Position.” Time and place information you enter is stored in memory and need not be entered again. However, it is necessary to enter this information again if the unit is switched off and moved a distance of several hundred miles



In the Main Menu press,  or  to highlight “TIME & PLACE” and press . The Lat/Lon position will be highlighted. Press the   buttons to highlight each character to change and press the   buttons to select the desired value. Repeat this operation for all necessary values.

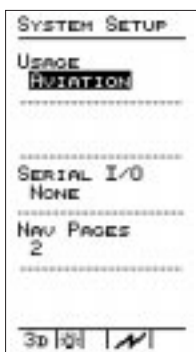
System Setup






This function sets the *Precedus* operation mode (USAGE), Serial I/O, and the number of NAV Information pages available in the NAV function.

There are six operating modes (USAGE) available in the *Precedus*.

- Aviation
- Hiking
- Land Mobile
- Marine
- Survey
- Simulator

Each mode is optimized for the given activity. Generally you will use either the “AVIATION” or “SIMULATOR” operation mode. Select “SIMULATOR” only when you wish to use the built-in simulator to practice navigating with the unit.



In the Main Menu press,  or  to highlight “SYSTEM SETUP” and press . Press the   buttons to select the desired USAGE.

If you choose the simulator mode, you can select the ground speed you “fly” the *Precedus*. All operating functions are available while you use the simulator. After simulator use, the unit returns automatically to the “AVIATION” operation mode the next time you switch on the power.

The *Precedus* is equipped with a serial data port for communication with external serial devices. This option controls the function of each port. Your choices include:

- None
- NMEA 183-1.5
- NMEA 183-2.0
- Moving Map
- DGPS 1200B




Using this option with appropriate electrical connections, you can:

- Connect the *Precedus* to your personal computer to manage waypoints you create*
- Send serial data to an external moving map display

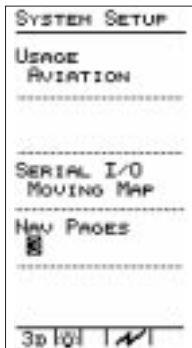
- Send serial data matching the NMEA formats to any serial device in the cockpit capable of accepting it
- Disable the serial data port




**See your II Morrow dealer or contact the factory for information about the optional Precedus/PC Interface Kit. Consult kit documentation for instructions on proper serial port settings.*




Press  to highlight the “SERIAL I/O” function. Press the   buttons to select your choice.

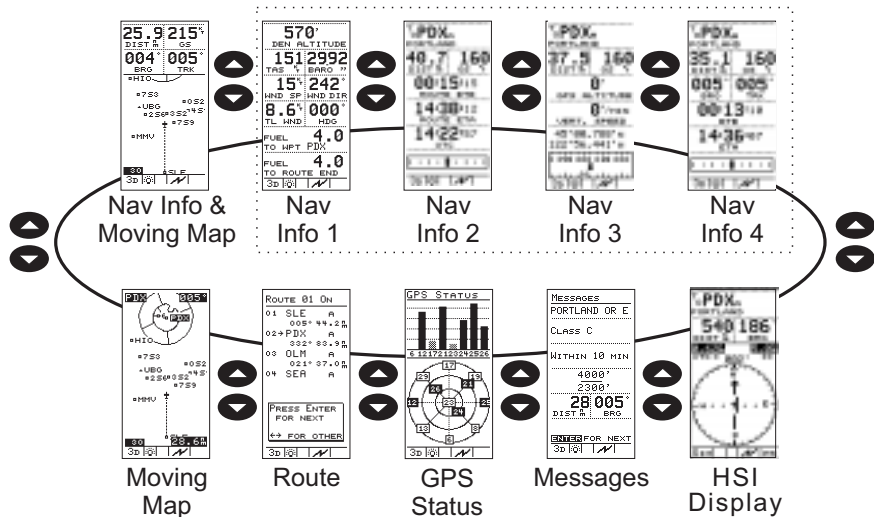
The *Precedus* allows you to customize not only the content of the Navigation function pages, but also the number of information pages. These pages are the displays of navigation information, such as ground speed, altitude, CDI, distance to a waypoint, etc. The default value is two pages. You may select from zero to four pages. If you choose RESET, two pages will be selected and any modifications to your NAV Information pages will be removed.



Press  to highlight the “NAV PAGES” function. Press the   buttons to select your choice.

Press  when you have completed your System Setup choices.

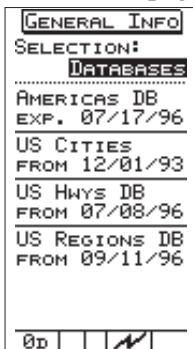
NAV Function Summary



General Info

The General Info function tells you about the Databases that you have stored in the Precedus and other system information. In General Info, press or to access the available pages.

Databases



The Databases page shows the databases currently available in your Precedus and their date. You may have up to four databases loaded into your Precedus at a given time.



System Info

GENERAL INFO	
SELECTION:	SYSTEM

S/W VER	6.1
OCT 30	1996
07:29:42	

DB MEMORY	4.0M

GPS VERSION	9.3

0D	

The System Info page shows your *Precedus* software version and date, database type, amount of memory in the database, and the GPS version. This information is for reference only and should be used whenever you contact a factory service representative. You cannot change any information on this page.

E6B Functions

Perform calculations of important information related to wind, temperature, and barometric pressure. The calculated results will be shown both on the E6B function page and in the Navigation pages. The E6B Calculator uses your actual ground speed, track, and magnetic variation for its calculations.

Density Altitude

IALT	1000'
BARO	29.92"
TRU*	68°

DAIT	1770'
IALT	1000'
BARO	29.92"
TOT*	65°
CAS	150%

TAS	154%
TAS	154%
HDG	005°

WIND 005°	48%
HEAD WIND	49%

FLOW/HR	20.0

0D	





Highlight Indicated Altitude value (IALT) using , change the value using or . Use the altitude indicated on your aircraft instruments. Change the units (feet or meters) in the DISPLAY UNITS menu.







Highlight the Barometer (BARO) value using , change the value using or . Highlight the symbol to the right of the value and use to select either inches ("") or millibars (mb).








Highlight the True Temperature (TRU) value using , change the value using or . Press to highlight the measurement unit and press or to select either Fahrenheit (F) or Celsius (C). The DAIT value will update as you change values.




True Air Speed






IALT	1000'
BARO	29.92"
TRU*	68%
DALT	1770'
IALT	1000'
BARO	29.92"
TOT*	69%
CAS	150%
TAS	154%
TAS	154%
HDG	005°
WND 005°	49%
HEAD WND	49%
FLOW/HR	20.0
0D	/





Highlight Indicated Altitude value (IALT) using   , change the value using  or  . Use the altitude indicated on your aircraft instruments. Change the units (feet or meters) in the DISPLAY UNITS menu.

Highlight the Barometer (BARO) value using   , change the value using  or  . Highlight the symbol to the right of the value and use   to select either inches (“) or millibars (mb).

Highlight the Total Outside Temperature (TOT) value using   , change the value using  or  . Typically, the TOT and TRU values will be the same until your speed exceeds 250 kts. Press  to highlight the measurement unit and press  or  to select Fahrenheit (F) or Celsius (C). The DALT value will update as you change values.

Press  to highlight the Calibrated Air Speed (CAS) value. This is the air speed indicated on your instrument panel. Use  or  to change the value. True air speed will be shown in the box below and will update the TAS value in the next section.

Use   to highlight the TAS value, change the value using  or  .  value can be calculated in the previous section or can be entered in this section from your aircraft instruments.

Use   to highlight the Heading value, change the value using  or  . The Heading value is the direction that you are actually traveling.

Wind Direction/Speed and Head Wind Speed

IALT	1000'
BARO	29.92"
TRU*	68%
DALT	1770'
IALT	1000'
BARO	29.92"
TOT*	69%
CAS	150%
TAS	154%
TAS	154%
HDG	007°
WND 011°	50%
HEAD WND	49%
FLOW/HR	20.0
0D	/



The Wind Direction and Speed is shown on the top line of this box. The Head Wind component describes the amount of wind directly affecting your forward progress.

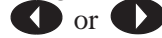
Fuel Flow

I ALT	1000'
BARO	29.92"
TRU ^o	68%
DALT	1770'
I ALT	1000'
BARO	29.92"
TOT ^o	68%
CAS	150%
TAS	154%
TAS	154%
HDG	005 ^o
WND 005 ^o	3.0%
HEAD WND	4.0%
FLOW/HR	18.8
3D	

Highlight the Flow/Hr value using



Change the displayed value using



Change the displayed value using or . Press the key once for each increment of the tenths value. Hold the key to change the whole number value. Values entered here will be used on the fuel flow screens in NAV mode.

Default Settings

The Precedus is shipped from the factory with menu options set as shown here. Note that where a range exists for a setting, the upper and lower boundaries are shown with the default setting shown as **bold**. **These menu option settings are stored in memory and remain in effect until you change them.**

Option	Description	Default	Alert
Operation	Usage:	Aviation	N/A
Mode	Map Datum	WGS 1984	N/A
Time & Place	Lat/Lon:	Enter seed	N/A
	Date:	position,	
	Loc:	current time,	
	UTC Diff:	and UTC diff. at power up.	
Screen	Backlight:	OFF	N/A
Controls	Contrast	0 - 50 -100%	
Map Setup	ARPTS:	ON	N/A
	VORS:	ON	
	NDBS:	OFF	
	INTS:	OFF	
	USERS:	OFF	
	Idents:	Small	
	Route:	OFF	
	Orient:	TRACK	
Airspaces:	ON		

Option	Description	Default	Alert
Track History	Track History:	ON	N/A
	Strategy:	FOREVER	
	Save By:	DIST - TIME	
	Interval:	.1 - .50 - 10 nm	
	Used:	0 -100%	
	Clear?	NO	
Arrival Alerts	Alert Message:	YES	YES
	Distance:	.1 - 1 - 9.9 nm	
Airspace Alerts	Alert Message	YES	
	Dist. Buffer:	0 - 2 - 100 nm	
	Time Buffer:	0 - 10 - 20 min	
CDI Scale	Alert Message:	NO	NO
	CDI Scale:	.1 - 1 - 9.9 nm	
Magnetic Variation	Option:	AUTOMATIC	N/A
	Setting:	(Computed)	
Countdown Time	Total Time:	(User programmable 1 sec. to 60 min.	When time expires
Display Units	Distance:	NM/KTS	N/A
	Altitude:	FEET	
	Lat/Lon	D-M.MMM	
Serial Outputs	I/O	NONE	N/A
User Waypoint Management	No default settings	N/A	N/A
System Info	No default settings	N/A	N/A



Waypoint Database

Database Structure The *Precedus* provides an extensive built-in database of waypoint information to aid the navigator. Waypoints in the database are divided into 5 categories. This structure allows you to easily select a waypoint as a destination, search for waypoint information, search for nearest waypoints, or display waypoints on moving map screens.

The waypoint types are:

- Airports (ARPTs)
- Non-directional beacons (NDBs)
- Very high frequency omniranges (VORs)
- Enroute intersections (INTs)
- User created (USERS)

Available Waypoint Information The following information is available for each waypoint type. Use the waypoint INFO function to get this information as the Introduction describes in “Waypoint Information.”

ARPT Waypoint Information

- Bearing and distance from present position
- Airport type
- Airport elevation
- Fuel availability by type
- Runway length(s) and surface type
- Radio communication frequencies (an asterisk at the frequency indicates part-time availability)
- Lat/Lon coordinates
- Navigation beacon light
- IFR capability
- Landing fee

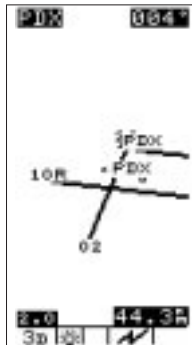
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">NMV</td><td style="text-align: center;">ARPT</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">MC MINNVILLE</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">MC MINNVILLE</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">OR USA</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">AVIONS/JET</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">PUBLIC</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">ELEV 159'</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">BEACON IFR</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">18.0</td><td style="text-align: center;">323°</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">DIST R</td><td style="text-align: center;">BRG</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">45°11.667'N</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">123°08.157'W</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">3d</td><td style="text-align: center;"> 10 A </td></tr> </table>	NMV	ARPT	MC MINNVILLE		MC MINNVILLE		OR USA		AVIONS/JET		PUBLIC		ELEV 159'		BEACON IFR		18.0	323°	DIST R	BRG	45°11.667'N		123°08.157'W		3d	10 A	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">NMV</td><td style="text-align: center;">323°</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">NMV</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">04</td><td style="text-align: center;">35</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">18.0</td><td style="text-align: center;">18.0</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">3d</td><td style="text-align: center;"> 10 A </td></tr> </table>	NMV	323°	NMV		04	35	18.0	18.0	3d	10 A	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">NMV</td><td style="text-align: center;">ARPT</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">RUNWAYS</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">04 /22</td><td style="text-align: center;">5420'</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">HARD</td><td style="text-align: center;">LIT</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">17 /35</td><td style="text-align: center;">4660'</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">HARD</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">3d</td><td style="text-align: center;"> 10 A </td></tr> </table>	NMV	ARPT	RUNWAYS		04 /22	5420'	HARD	LIT	17 /35	4660'	HARD		3d	10 A	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">NMV</td><td style="text-align: center;">ARPT</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">FREQUENCIES</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">UNICOM 123.00</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">PCL</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">CTAF 123.00</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">PCL</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">CLEAR 118.35</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">3d</td><td style="text-align: center;"> 10 A </td></tr> </table>	NMV	ARPT	FREQUENCIES		UNICOM 123.00		PCL		CTAF 123.00		PCL		CLEAR 118.35		3d	10 A
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- Bearing and distance from present position
- Operating frequency
- Lat/Lon coordinates
- DME available
- Class (high/low/terminal)
- Weather broadcasts

```

PDX      VOR
PORTLAND
111.80 MHZ
OR USA
LOW
DME

-----
44.3004°
DIST A | BRG
-----
45°35.621'N
122°36.377'H
30 10 1 1
    
```



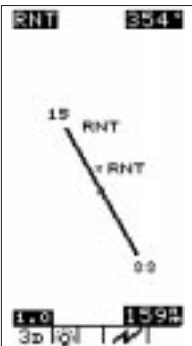
NDB Waypoint Information

- Bearing and distance from present position
- Operating frequency
- Lat/Lon coordinates
- DME available
- Class (high/low/terminal)

```

RNT      NDB
RENTON
353 KHZ
WA USA
TERMINAL

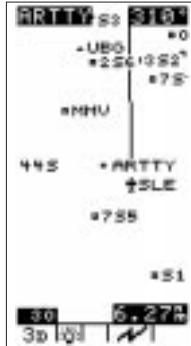
-----
159354°
DIST A | BRG
-----
47°29.726'N
122°12.883'H
30 10 1 1
    
```





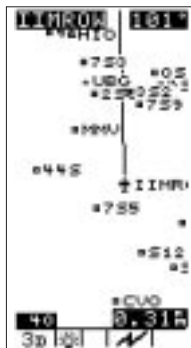
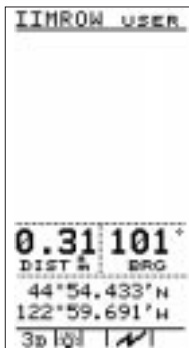
INT Waypoint Information

- Country
- Bearing and distance from present position
- Bearing from present position
- Lat/lon coordinates



USER Waypoint Information

- Bearing and distance from present position
- Distance from present position
- Lat/Lon coordinates



Tutorial

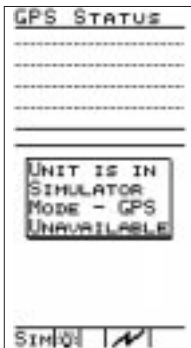
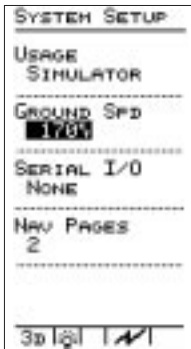
This section gives a tutorial on using the built-in simulator to practice “flying” the *Precedus*. Use this tutorial at your own pace to become familiar with using the unit.













During the tutorial, you will use many of the *Precedus*’s features as you would during an actual trip. All operating functions are available while you use the simulator. Each will work the same way when you actually navigate later.

Get comfortable and take some time to follow the instructions in this section to “fly” with the *Precedus*. As you navigate with the simulator, feel free to experiment with the features as much as you like. The instructions here should serve only as a general guide. The goal of this tutorial is to help you become comfortable using the *Precedus*.

When you finish using the simulator, switch the unit off. The next time you switch it on, simulator mode will be automatically canceled and the unit will be set to aviation mode for actual navigation.

Starting the Simulator



1. Press  to turn on the *Precedus*.
2. Press the  key again to reach the main menu.
3. Press the   buttons to select “SYSTEM SETUP.” Press  to select the option.
4. Press the   buttons to select Simulator mode.
5. To set your Ground Speed, press the   buttons to highlight the Ground Speed value and change it with the   buttons. Press  to save your settings and continue.
6. A message in the Navigation function warns you that GPS data is not available and that positions are simulated.

Preparing for the Trip Before you navigate a trip, determine whether you will fly direct to a waypoint, or navigate a route of several waypoints. This tutorial presents instructions to set up either kind of trip. It may be helpful to first navigate direct to a destination before setting up a route to travel.

Originating the Trip The Precedus's simulator uses your present position as the point of origin for the trip unless you have already used the unit to navigate a route. If this is the case, refer to the tutorial section entitled "Navigating a Route" later in this section, or deactivate your route and continue. These exercises assume your present position is the point of origin for the trip.

Assigning a Direct Waypoint



```

SELECT WPT
-----
ARPT
SLE
-----
SALEM OR USA
-----
Mc HARY
-----
ELEV 210'
AUGAS/JET
23.8 185
DIST 5 BRO
44°54.573'N
123°00.150'W
SIM: [ ] | [ ]
    
```

1. Press the  button.

```


SELECT WPT
-----
ARPT
PAE
-----
EVERETT WA USA
-----
SNOWHISH CO
-----
ELEV 606'
AUGAS/JET
180 351
DIST 5 BRO
47°54.459'N
122°16.895'W
SIM: [ ] | [ ]
    
```

2. Press   buttons to select the first character of the destination waypoint name.

3. Press the  button to move the highlight to the next character of your destination waypoint name.

```

SELECT WPT
-----
ARPT
PDX
-----
PORTLAND OR USA
-----
PORTLAND I NTL
-----
ELEV 27'
AUGAS/JET
25.0 005
DIST 5 BRO
45°35.323'N
122°35.850'W
SIM: [ ] | [ ]
    
```

4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 to select the last character of the destination waypoint name and the waypoint type. Press the  button to assign the waypoint as the destination.

Navigating the Trip



In the Navigation function, your track shows directly on course with no deviation from the bearing to the destination. The Lat/Lon coordinates change to reflect your present position to the nearest hundredth of a minute. The bearing/distance/ground speed show your selected ground speed and estimated time enroute on the trip.

Note

No GPS altitude value shows on the display when you are in Simulator mode.



Looking Around



While viewing the Moving Map, press the ◀ ▶ buttons to zoom in and out and see waypoints around you. The map scale shows in the lower left corner of the display and indicates the represented distance between the airplane symbol and the top of the display. For example, if you are 30 nm from your destination and the map scale is set to 30 nm, you should be able to see the destination on the display. If, at the same map scale setting, your destination was 40 nm distant, you would not be able to see it on the display unless you selected a larger map scale.

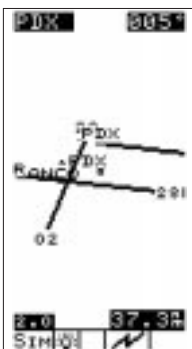


While viewing the moving map screen, press the ◀ ▶ buttons to change the map scale to “AUTO” to enable the auto zoom feature. Auto zoom shows your destination on the screen and keeps it in view as you navigate your course. The map scale changes automatically to a smaller scale as you approach the destination.

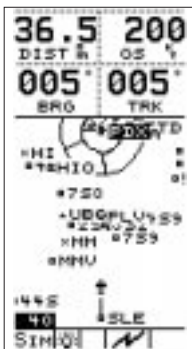
Getting
Waypoint
Information

PDX	ARPT
PORTLAND INTL	
PORTLAND	
OR USA	
AVGAS/JET	
PUBLIC	
ELEV	27'
BEACON	IFR
38.3 005⁺	
DIST 5: BRO	
45°35.323'N	
122°35.850'W	
SIM:01	/

While you are enroute, you may want to get information about your destination waypoint. You can check for fuel availability, runway lengths and surface, communication frequencies, and more. With the moving map screen displayed, press the **INFO** button to get information about the destination waypoint.

PDX	005
	
200	37.3R
SIM:01	/

Press the **▼** **▲** buttons to view additional pages of information. Press the **INFO** button again to return to the moving map screen.

36.5	200
DIST 5: OS 5	
005 005⁺	
BRO TRK	
	
144S	SLE
SIM:01	/

You can also get information about other waypoints on the screen as you navigate, whether or not the waypoint names are displayed. Select a map scale that presents at least several waypoints around you, or use auto zoom. Press the **ENTER** button several times and watch the highlight move from waypoint to waypoint on the screen.

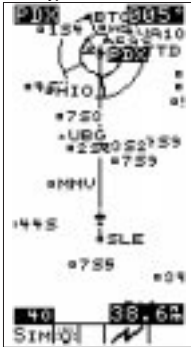
SLE	ARPT
MC HARY	
SALEM	
OR USA	
AVGAS/JET	
PUBLIC	
ELEV	210'
BEACON	IFR
6.95 186⁺	
DIST 5: BRO	
44°54.573'N	
123°00.150'W	
SIM:01	/

Information about the highlighted waypoint is available when you press the **INFO** button.

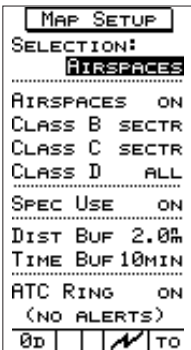
Hint

You can get information about any waypoint in the Precedus's built-in database. Follow the steps in "Assigning a Direct Waypoint" earlier. With the desired waypoint name showing on the display, press the **INFO** button. Waypoint information shows on the screen, without the waypoint being assigned as a destination. Press **INFO** again to return to the previous function.

Checking Alert Settings



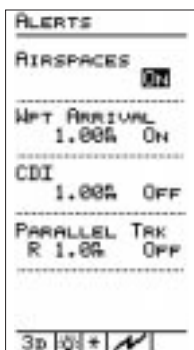
Looking ahead at the destination, the screen shows an airspace around it.



The airspace shows because the Map Setup menu option has the "AIRSPACES" item set to "ON."

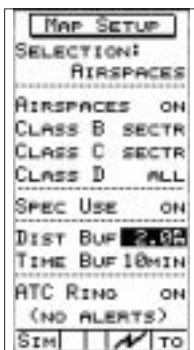


You can also select an alert message to show on the display when you approach the airspace.



Select the AIRSPACE ALERTS function on the Main Menu. The “AIRSPACES” choice should be set to “ON.”

The *Precedus* can also alert you with a message on the display as you approach your destination. Set the WPT ARRIVAL selection to “ON.” Set the distance from the destination where you wish to be alerted.



Select the Airspaces screen under the MAP SETUP function on the Main Menu. Select the TYPE of airspaces, set the distance buffer to the desired distance from the airspace where you wish to be alerted, and the Time Buffer item to the desired travel time (at your present speed) from the airspace where you wish to be alerted. Press **ENTER** to return to the main menu.

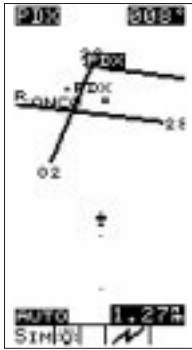
Approaching the Destination



With the destination approaching, the airspace alert message shows on the display at the time or distance from the airspace (whichever occurs first) selected earlier. Press **ENTER** to acknowledge the alert.



As you approach the destination, the arrival alert message also shows on the display at the distance from the destination you selected. Press **ENTER** to acknowledge the alert.



Scroll through the navigation screens to check your progress and decreasing range to the destination. When you are within several miles of the destination, adjust your ground speed to slow your rate of travel to approximately 30 knots. See “Setting the Ground Speed” earlier in this tutorial. Use the moving map screen to view your arrival at the destination. Set the map scale to auto zoom. At this slower rate of travel, you can clearly see the approaching destination. As you approach, you can see the runway configuration.

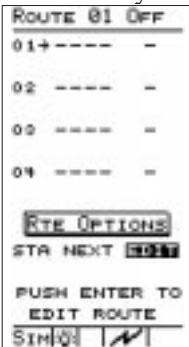
Note






The simulator will not “land,” but shows a “fly-by” and continues travel at the current heading and ground speed until you enter another destination. When you do this, the heading changes and the unit navigates to the new destination. You can stop travel at any time by adjusting ground speed to 0.



Setting Up a Route

The *Precedus* can store up to 20 routes or multiple leg trips of up to 30 waypoints each. After you create a route, you can edit it to add or change waypoints anytime. You can also delete waypoints from existing routes. See pages 29-36 in the **Navigation Basics** section for Route editing details. You can navigate any route you choose, but only one route can be active at any time.







1. Display the route screen in the navigation function by pressing the  buttons. From the route screen, select “EDIT” with the  buttons. From the route screen, select “EDIT” with the   buttons and press  .

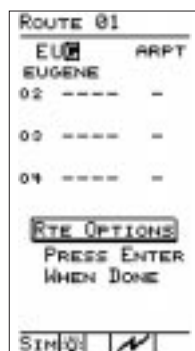




- Use the   buttons to select “INSERT” to begin inserting waypoints. Press  .

You can select waypoints to insert based on type, identifier, or name.






- The arrow cursor points to the first line in the route for the first waypoint. Press the   buttons to choose the waypoint type (ARPT, VOR, NDB, INT, or User) and then the first character of the waypoint. Press the   buttons to select the desired character.



- Press the   buttons to move the highlight to the next character of the name. Repeat steps 3 and 4 to select the last character of the waypoint name and the waypoint type.

Hint

With the highlight on the first character of the waypoint name, press  and then the   buttons to search the database of waypoints one by one if necessary to find the waypoint you desire. You will need to do this if more than one waypoint share a common name. The vertical



arrow symbol appears to the left of the waypoint name.



- Press **ENTER** to insert the waypoint in the route. The waypoint is inserted and the arrow cursor points to the second line in the route. Repeat steps 2 through 4 above to enter additional waypoints. When you finish inserting waypoints in the route, select “QUIT” with the **←** buttons and press **ENTER**. The route is ready to navigate once it is started.

Starting a Route

With the route you just created showing on the screen, select “START” with the **←** **→** buttons and press **ENTER**. The arrow marker points to line 02, indicating the “TO” waypoint. Waypoint EUG on line 01 is the point of origin.

You can navigate any route you choose, but only one route can be “Started” or active at any time. You can navigate the route in either direction, depending on your present position. For example, if your present position is at the last waypoint in the route, you could use this last waypoint as the point of origin by selecting “REVERSE.”

With “NORMAL” selected, press **ENTER**. The route screen shows on the display with the bearing and range to the waypoint at the right side of the screen.








Route Navigating a Route Set the ground speed to a realistic rate of travel. During route navigation, the arrow marker on the route screen points to the current “TO” waypoint. Scroll through the navigation screens to check your progress on the route.



As you approach the first destination waypoint, the arrival alert screen shows on the display to indicate your proximity to the waypoint. When you arrive at the first waypoint, the simulator changes course automatically to begin the second leg of the trip. The arrow marker on the route screen points to the new “TO” waypoint. Continue navigating the route.

Route “Direct To” While navigating a route, you may find it necessary to alter your trip and proceed “Direct To” a waypoint elsewhere in the list. You can navigate directly to any waypoint in the route, either those behind or those ahead of you.



From the route screen, choose the active route. Select “EDIT” with the   buttons and press . Use the   buttons to move the arrow cursor to the waypoint (or leg) you want. Press . Select the desired waypoint and press  to assign the waypoint as the “Direct To” destination. The route screen shows the assigned waypoint “Direct To” status. You can assign any waypoint in the route a “Direct To” status at any time. Navigation continues to the “Direct To” waypoint.

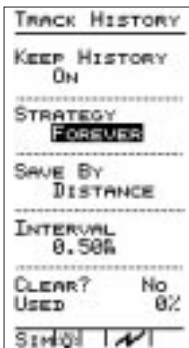
Track History




The *Precedus* can store a record of your trip navigation progress in memory. The record consists of a series of track points, each containing your position at the time the point was stored. You can store up to 2,000 track points. Track point storage can be activated or deactivated any time you navigate. Track History cannot be viewed with the *Precedus*. you will need to use the Waypoint Manager software; contact the factory Technical Service Department.



1. Select the Track History option from the main menu. The Track History screen shows on the display.





Press the   buttons to turn “ON” the Track History feature.



3. Press the  button to highlight the strategy type. Select a storage strategy by pressing the   buttons.

Select either “FOREVER” or “UNTIL FULL.” The “FOREVER” setting records track points indefinitely, recording over existing track points when memory becomes full. The “UNTIL FULL” setting stops recording points when memory fills to capacity.



4. Press the  button to highlight the storage method. Select a storage method with the   buttons. Choose either “DISTANCE” or “TIME. Press .

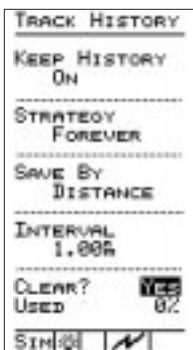
The “DISTANCE” setting records points at the distance interval you select. Similarly, the “TIME” setting records points at the interval of time you select.



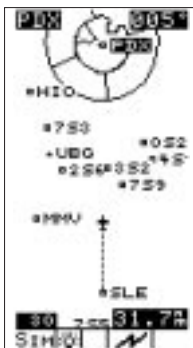
5. Select a storage interval for the method you selected. If you selected Distance, the “INTERVAL” will be in nm, sm, or km. If you selected Time, the “INTERVAL” will be in hours and minutes. With the track point history screen items properly set, press **ENTER** to begin recording.

Note

After you begin recording track points and go about navigating, you can always refer to the Track Point History screen to check how much memory space has been used. Check the “USED” item on the screen to see the percentage of track point storage memory currently used.



6. You can move the highlight to the “CLEAR?” item to empty the track point history memory anytime. Select “YES” and press **ENTER** to delete all track points. Deleted track points are not recoverable.

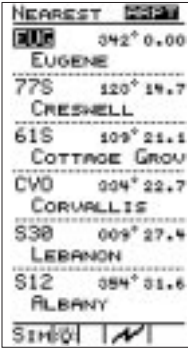


Check the moving map screen in the Navigation function as you navigate the route. With track points being recorded, small dots appear behind the airplane symbol as you travel. Each dot represents a stored track point.



Navigating to a Nearest Waypoint

The *Precedus* can help you select and navigate to waypoints near your present position. This feature could be valuable if you had to land the aircraft quickly. For the purpose of this tutorial, imagine that the weather conditions were becoming worse and you wish to land immediately.



1. Press **GO TO NEAREST** twice to display up to 30 closest waypoints around you.







2. Press the **DOWN** button to move down the list to select a waypoint. Press the **LEFT** **RIGHT** buttons to view the airport, VOR, NDB, INT, or USER waypoint categories. Press **INFO** to examine details about the waypoint that the arrow points to.







3. Press **GO TO NEAREST** to choose the waypoint as the destination. You will now fly “DIRECT” to your chosen “NEAREST” waypoint.

Conclusion This tutorial has explored many of the *Precedus*'s features. If you feel comfortable using the unit, switch it off and then back on to cancel the simulator. The unit is ready for actual navigation. If you need more time to become comfortable operating the *Precedus*, repeat this tutorial. Navigate to different destinations, add new routes, and take your time exploring the way the unit works. The way you move the highlight around the screen and select option items is consistent throughout all items on the main menu.

Remember:

- The   buttons move the highlight
- The   buttons change highlighted settings

While you navigate, remember:

- The   buttons change navigation screens
- The   buttons move the highlight on the GPS signal screen and route screen, and changes the map scale on moving map screens

Troubleshooting

This section contains information to troubleshoot the *Precedus* when improper operation is observed. The following table lists possible problems you could encounter while operating the unit. Examine the possible causes of the problem and take the action listed to correct the trouble. If you cannot correct the problem, contact your dealer. If your dealer is unavailable, contact the II Morrow factory at the address and phone number listed.

Contacting the Factory If efforts to resolve the problem fail, contact your dealer or the factory weekdays from 8:00 A.M. until 5:00 P.M. Pacific time for technical assistance. The II Morrow technical service staff will gladly assist you.

II Morrow Inc.
Technical Service Department
2345 Turner Road S.E.
Salem, OR 97302 U.S.A.

U.S.A. Toll Free 800-525-6726
Canada Toll Free 800-654-3415
FAX (503) 364-2138
International (503) 391-3411

Problem	Possible Cause	Action
Unit does not power on	If using battery: Dead battery	Recharge battery
	If using AC power supply: bad power supply	Check operation with battery or a known good power supply
No GPS signal reception	Obstructed signal path	Move aircraft out of hangar or away from buildings to provide an unobstructed view of the sky for the antenna
	Incorrect seed position, time, or UTC differential entered	Check these settings, if necessary
	Unit in simulator mode	Select “Aviation” mode in the “Usage” function in System Setup
	If using an external antenna: faulty external antenna, wiring, or connections	Contact your dealer to check the antenna and other wiring
Display too dark or too light — characters hard to see	Change in viewing angle or ambient light conditions	Adjust display backlight or contrast
Search for nearest waypoints reveals too few or wrong types of waypoints	Incorrect selection of waypoint types to show after search	Check “Map Setup” function and verify that the desired waypoint type to search is “ON”

Problem	Possible Cause	Action
Wrong types of waypoints show on moving map screens	Incorrect selection of waypoint types to show on moving map screens	See action above - the waypoint types you set to "NO" do not show on the moving map screen or after Nearest Waypoint searches
Position fix seems inaccurate	Incorrect Map Datum selected	Check Map Datum selection in System Setup to verify correct map datum
Wrong bearing and track values	Incorrect magnetic variation entered	Check Magnetic Var option -select "Automatic" or enter correct value
Airspace boundaries missing from moving map	Airspace display on moving map screens set to "OFF"	Check "Map Setup" and set "Airspaces" to "ON"
Line representing route path on moving map is missing	Route path display on moving map screens is set to "OFF"	Check the "Map Setup" function and verify that "Route" is set to "ON"

Glossary of Navigation Terms

- A** **Altitude (GPS ALT):** Altitude, as calculated by the *Precedus*, based upon a mathematical model of the earth's surface curvature. A substantial difference between this altitude value and altitude referenced to sea level may exist.
- Automatic Terminal Information Service (ATIS):**
Recorded information about weather and other conditions at an airport, periodically updated when conditions change.
- Azimuth:** Bearing, as measured clockwise from true or magnetic north.
- B** **Bearing (BRG):** The direction to any point, usually measured in degrees relative to true or magnetic north.
- C** **Constellation:** A group of stars or objects, such as GPS satellites, in the heavens.
- Coordinates:** Values for latitude and longitude that describe a geographical point on the surface of the earth.
- Course:** The planned direction of travel in a horizontal plane.
- Course Deviation:** A measurement of distance left or right from the desired course of travel.
- Course Deviation Indicator (CDI):** A graphic indicator of course deviation typically shown as a graduated horizontal bar with an icon indicating the deviation distance left or right of course.
- Common Traffic Advisory Frequency (CTAF)**
- D** **Database:** A collection of data structured in such a way as to allow quick and convenient access to any particular record or records. The *Precedus* contains a built-in database of waypoints and waypoint information. Users may add waypoints to this database.
- Degree:** 1/360th of a circle.

Desired Track (DTK): The desired course of navigation between a point of origin and a destination waypoint.

Dilution of Precision (DOP): A merit value for the calculated position based on the geometrical configuration of the satellites used; 3 is considered good, greater than 7 is considered poor. Also called Precision Dilution of Precision or PDOP.

Distance: A measure of interval in space. Also referred to as range.

Distance Measuring Equipment (DME)

Drift: Displacement from the intended course of travel.

E Elevation: The angle of a GPS satellite above the horizon.

Estimated Time of Arrival (ETA)

Estimated Time Enroute (ETE)

F Fix: A geographical location determined by either visual reference or by electronic navigation aids.

G Global Positioning System (GPS): Also known as NAVSTAR. A constellation of satellites launched by the U.S. Department of Defense into six orbit lanes (four satellites per plane) at an altitude of 10,898 nm above the earth.

Ground (GRND): Ground communication frequency

Ground Speed (GS): Speed of travel across the ground. In aviation, the relation between ground speed and air speed is affected by the prevailing winds.

I Icon: A symbol shown on the display depicting present position. The icon is shown as a symbol of an airplane on the *Precedus*'s moving map screens.

Identifier: A name, typically abbreviated, assigned to a waypoint. The identifier may consist of numbers and alpha characters, up to six in length. For example, the airport identifier for Los Angeles International Airport is LAX.

Instrument Flight Rules (IFR)

Intersection (INT): A point defined by any combination of courses, radials, or bearings of two or more navigational aids.

K **Knot (kt):** A unit of speed equal to one nautical mile per hour.

L **Latitude (Lat):** Any line circling the earth parallel to the equator, measured in degrees, minutes, and seconds north and south of the equator.

Longitude (Lon): Any line from the north to the south pole, measured in degrees, minutes, and seconds of a circle, east or west of the Prime Meridian (Greenwich, England).

M **Magnetic North:** The region, some distance from the geographic north pole where the earth's magnetic lines concentrate. A magnetic compass points to the magnetic north.

Magnetic Variation (Mag Var): The angle between the magnetic and true north. At various points on the earth it is different due to local magnetic disturbances. It is shown on charts as isogonic lines marked with degrees of variation, either east or west. These degrees must be added to or subtracted from the true course to get the magnetic course. (Easterly variations are deducted, and westerly variations are added.) The *Precedus* automatically sets magnetic variation to 0 degrees at positions above 70 degrees north or south latitude.

Map Datum: A mathematical model of the earth used for the purpose of creating navigation charts and maps. The *Precedus* contains the set of datums listed in Appendix B.

Meter (m): A metric distance measurement equal to 39.37 inches.

Minute: 1/60th of a degree.

N **Nautical Mile (nm):** A distance measurement equal to 6,076 feet, or 1.15 statute mile. One nautical mile is also equal to one minute of latitude.

Non-Directional Beacon (NDB): A low frequency/medium frequency navigation aid sending non-directional signals that can be used for navigation.

R Radial: Any of the 360 magnetic courses from a VOR or similar navigational aid, beginning at the navigational aid and proceeding outward in a straight line.

Range (RNG): The distance from the present position to a destination waypoint.

S Second: 1/60th of a minute of a degree.

Seed Position: A latitude and longitude position fix approximately equal to the current position that the *Precedus* uses to determine the location of available satellites from which signals may be received.

Selective Availability (SA): The degradation of accuracy of GPS position fix data by the United States Department of Defense for civilian use.

Statute Mile: A distance measurement equal to 5,280 feet or 0.87 of a nautical mile.

T Three-dimensional (3D) Position Fix: A position fix defined by latitude, longitude, and altitude.

TOT: Total Outside Temperature. Also called indicated air temperature, this is the total temperature of the outside air temperature (TRU) and the heating effect of the aircraft moving through the air. The heating effect is usually negligible for most piston aircraft.

Track (TRK): The imaginary line that the flight path of an airplane makes over the earth.

TRU: True outside air temperature.

True North: Geographic north, at the earth's north pole.

Tower (TWR): Airport tower communication frequency

U UNICOM: The radio frequencies assigned to aeronautical advisory stations for communication with aircraft. Unicoms

may provide such airport information as active runway, wind direction and velocity and other conditions of importance to pilots.

Universal Coordinated Time (UTC): Greenwich Mean Time, or the time at the Prime Meridian in Greenwich, England. Also referred to as Zulu time.

UTC Differential: The difference in time between that at the present position and UTC.

Universal Transverse Mercator Map Projection System (UTM): Also known as Military Grid Coordinates, the UTM grid consists of 60 north-south/east-west zones, each six degrees wide in longitude.

V Very High Frequency Omnidirectional Range (VOR): A navigational aid that transmits signals such that a receiver can indicate its current radial or bearing from the transmitter.

W Waypoint: A navigation fix used in area navigation and defined by latitude and longitude coordinates.

Display Care and Cleaning

Your new *Precedus* GPS has a hard coating that has been applied to the display screen. Despite this coating, care must be taken when cleaning the display screen. To remove stains, smudges, fingerprints, and so forth, we recommend these cleaning methods (if the first method fails to remove the problem, try the next method):

- Wipe with a clean, dry, non-abrasive fabric (for example, cotton or Handi-wipes). Do NOT use paper products, such as paper towels or facial tissues.
- Blow on the area to condense moisture on the display and then wipe the area with the clean fabric
- Moisten a clean fabric with a small amount of water and wipe the display area
- Apply a small amount of glass cleaner (without ammonia) to the fabric and wipe the area
- Apply a small amount of isopropyl alcohol and wipe the area (this is the last resort)

Note

Use a clean fabric with each cleaning method to avoid other contaminates. Do not use paper products.

Battery Care

Charging the Battery The *Precedus* comes with a high quality rechargeable NiCd battery. This battery is not charged and needs to be charged two to three times to reach full capacity before its first use. A built-in battery charger will charge the battery when the unit is connected to external power.

Charge the battery by connecting the *Precedus* to external power using either the AC adapter or the cigarette plug. Leave the unit plugged in for a minimum of eight hours. The *Precedus* will automatically stop charging and maintain the full charge.

Battery Memory The battery may lose some of its capacity if the battery is only partially discharged and then charged again. This loss of capacity is called the *memory effect* and can be reversed by discharging the battery completely before charging it again. Leave the *Precedus* on until the battery is completely discharged and then charge the battery to recondition it. A special battery charger/reconditioner available for the *Precedus* will accomplish this automatically.

Desktop Charger A desktop battery charger/reconditioner is available for the *Precedus* and will quick-charge the battery in approximately one hour. The desktop charger has a built-in reconditioner that will remove the memory effect from your battery.



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Precedus Features

- User adjustable character size on the Moving Map
- Customizable Navigation pages
- Extensive built-in database including:
 - Public-Use airports, VORs, NDBs, Intersections, runway diagrams, waypoint information, and U.S./Canada GPS overlay approach waypoints
 - Segmented special use airspace (U.S. Class B and C; MOAs; Restricted, Prohibited, Warning, Alert, Caution, Danger, and Training area; International Class B and D, CTAs and TMAs.
 - Frequencies for approach, tower, ground, ATIS, UNICOM, CTAF, etc.
 - Automatic Approach Monitor; displays GPS overlay approach waypoints
 - Runway centerline extensions
 - Airport City Search
- 1,000 User-programmable waypoints
- Countdown Timer
- GOTO (Direct-to-Waypoint) function
- Nearest Waypoint Search by Navaid type (airport, VOR, NDB, INT, User)
- Selectable modes optimized for your use:
 - Aviation
 - Simulator
 - Land Mobile
 - Hiking
 - Survey
- E6B Calculator functions for: calculated and true airspeed, true air temp, density altitude, indicated altitude, barometric pressure, heading, head wind, wind direction, and wind speed
- Graphic display of GPS satellite location and signal quality
- Parallel Track
- Remote waypoint search
- Differential GPS input
- Automatic and manual magnetic variation
- Internal/External antenna
- Interfaces
 - NMEA 0183
 - RS-232 compatible with aviation moving maps and radar
 - PC (up/downloading database, user waypoints, and routes
 - RTCM SC-104 (differential GPS)

and more...

Technical Specifications

Display: 80 x 160 pixel (12,800) LCD with electroluminescent backlighting

Viewing area: 1.57 x 2.93 inches

Size: 2.2 inches w x 7.5 inches h x 1.5 inches deep

Weight: 17 ounces

Power: Internal, rechargeable 6.2 volt battery (standard P110 NEC-type cell phone)

Battery Life: 4 hours typical

External: 10-32 VDC

Environmental:

Operating Temperature - -10° C to +60° C

Storage Temperature - -40° C to +70° C

Humidity - 50°C at 95%

Altitude - 40,000 feet

GPS Performance:

GPS Receiver: 8-Channel parallel

Frequency: 1575.42 MHz L1 C/A code

Horizontal Accuracy: 15 meters RMS (100 meters 2 DRMS w/SA

DGPS Accuracy: 1-5 meters typical

Vertical Accuracy: 156 meters 2DRMS w/SA

Velocity: 600 knots

Time to first fix: 20 seconds

Reacquisition: 2.5 seconds

Position Update: 1 second

Standard Accessories

Rechargeable battery

A/C adapter

Yoke Mount

Antenna Extension Cable

User Guide

Quick Reference Guide

Leather case

Optional Accessories

Ballistic nylon carrying case

High capacity rechargeable battery

Desktop battery charger and conditioner

Serial Interface/Waypoint Manager software

Specifications subject to change without notice.

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II MORROW

VISIONARY THINKING TODAY



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